THE ASSYRIAN DICTIONARY

OF THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

. EDITORIAL BOARD

JOHN A. BRINKMAN, MIGUEL CIVIL, IGNACE J. GELB, A. LEO OPPENHEIM†, ERICA REINER



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Foreword

Sections of the basic manuscript of this volume were prepared by Maureen Gallery, Brigitte Groneberg (University of Tübingen), Hermann Hunger (University of Vienna), and Burkhart Kienast (University of Freiburg).

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Chicago, Illinois February, 1979 ERICA REINER

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The following compilation brings up to date the list of abbreviations given in volumes A Parts 1 and 2, B, D, E, G, H, I/J, K, L, M, N, S, and Z and includes the titles previously cited according to the lists of abbreviations in Archiv für Orientforschung, W. von Soden, Grundriß der akkadischen Grammatik, and Zeitschrift für Assyriologie. Complete bibliographical references will be given in a later volume. The list also includes the titles of the lexical series as prepared for publication by B. Landsberger, or under his supervision, or in collaboration with him.

A	lexical series á $A = n\hat{a}qu$, pub. MSL 14	Ai.	lexical series ki.ki.kal.bi.šè = ana ittišu, pub. MSL 1
A	tablets in the collections of the Oriental Institute, University of Chicago	AIPHOS	Annuaire de l'Institut de Philo- logie et d'Histoire Orientales et Slaves (Brussels)
A-tablet	lexical text, see MSL 13 10ff.	Aistleitner	J. Aistleitner, Wörterbuch der
AAA	Annals of Archaeology and Anthro- pology	Wörterbuch AJA	Ugaritischen Sprache American Journal of Archaeology
AAAS	Annales Archéologiques Arabes Syriennes	AJSL	American Journal of Semitic Lan- guages and Literatures
AASF	Annales Academiae Scientiarum Fennicae	AKA	E. A. W. Budge and L. W. King, The Annals of the Kings of
AASOR	The Annual of the American Schools of Oriental Research	Ali Sumerian	Assyria F. A. Ali, Sumerian Letters: Two
AB	Assyriologische Bibliothek	Letters	Collections from the Old Baby-
ABAW	Abhandlungen der Bayerischen	41 D	lonian Schools
A L.D.	Akademie der Wissenschaften	Alp Beamten-	S. Alp, Untersuchungen zu den
AbB	Altbabylonische Briefe in Um- schrift und Übersetzung	namen	Beamtennamen im hethitischen Festzeremoniell
Abel-Winckler	L. Abel and H. Winckler, Keil- schrifttexte zum Gebrauch bei Vorlesungen	Altmann, ed., Biblical and Other Studies	A. Altmann, ed., Biblical and Other Studies (= Philip W. Lown In- stitute of Advanced Judaic Stud-
ABIM	A. al-Zeebari, Altbabylonische Briefe des Iraq-Museums		ies, Brandeis University, Studies and Texts: Vol. 1)
ABL	R. F. Harper, Assyrian and Baby- lonian Letters	AMI	Archäologische Mitteilungen aus Iran
ABoT	Ankara Arkeoloji Müzesinde Boğazköy Tabletleri	AMSUH	Abhandlungen aus dem mathematischen Seminar der Universität
AbS-T	field numbers of Pre-Sar. tablets	A BATTI	Hamburg
ACh	excavated at Tell Abū Şalābīkh C. Virolleaud, L'Astrologie chaldé-	AMT	R. C. Thompson, Assyrian Medical Texts
AOII	enne	An	lexical series $An = Anum$
Acta Or.	Acta Orientalia	Anatolian	Anatolian Studies Presented to
Actes du 8 ^e Congrès	Actes du 8 ^e Congrès International des Orientalistes, Section Sémi-	Studies Güterbock	Hans Gustav Güterbock
International		AnBi	Analecta Biblica
ADD	C. H. W. Johns, Assyrian Deeds and Documents	Andrae Festungs-	W. Andrae, Die Festungswerke von Assur (= WVDOG 23)
AfK	Archiv für Keilschriftforschung	werke	
AfO	Archiv für Orientforschung	Andrae	W. Andrae, Die Stelenreihen in
AGM	Archiv für Geschichte der Medizin	Stelenreihen	Assur (= WVDOG 24)
AHDO AHw.	Archives d'histoire du droit oriental W. von Soden, Akkadisches Hand- wörterbuch	ANES	Journal of the Ancient Near Eastern Society of Columbia University

	_ ,	g. up	
Angim	epic Angim dimma, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein (line nos. in		Hirbi of Mama to King Warshama of Kanish
	parentheses according to Cooper	Balkan	K. Balkan, Observations on the
AnOr	Angim) Analecta Orientalia	Observations	Chronological Problems of the Kārum Kaniš
AnSt	Anatolian Studies	Balkan	K. Balkan, Eine Schenkungsur-
Antagal	lexical series antagal = $\delta aq\hat{u}$	Schenkungs-	kunde aus der althethitischen
AO	tablets in the collections of the	urkunde	Zeit, gefunden in İnandik 1966
	Musée du Louvre	Barton	G. A. Barton, Haverford Library
AOAT	Alter Orient und Altes Testament	Haverford	Collection of Cuneiform Tablets or
AÖAW	Anzeiger der Österreichischen Akademie der Wissenschaften		Documents from the Temple Archives of Telloh
AOB	Altorientalische Bibliothek	Barton MBI	G. A. Barton, Miscellaneous Baby-
AoF	Altorientalische Forschungen		lonian Inscriptions
AOS	American Oriental Series	Barton RISA	G. A. Barton, The Royal Inscrip-
AOTU	Altorientalische Texte und Unter-		tions of Sumer and Akkad
4 70 4 777	suchungen	BASOR	Bulletin of the American Schools
APAW	Abhandlungen der Preußischen	D 4.1	of Oriental Research
A	Akademie der Wissenschaften	Bauer Asb.	T. Bauer, Das Inschriftenwerk As-
Arkeologya	Türk Tarih, Arkeologya ve Ethno-	D	surbanipals
Dergisi	grafya Dergisi	Bauer	J. Bauer, Altsumerische Wirt-
ARM	Archives royales de Mari (1-10 =	Lagasch	schaftstexte aus Lagasch (= Stu- dia Pohl 9)
	TCL 22-31; 14, 18, 19 = Textes cunéiformes de Mari 1-3)	Baumgartner	Hebräische Wortforschung, Fest-
ARMT	Archives royales de Mari (texts in	AV	schrift zum 80. Geburtstag von
ALUMII	transliteration and translation)	11.1	Walter Baumgartner (= VT
Aro Glossar	J. Aro, Glossar zu den mittel-		Supp. 16)
	babylonischen Briefen (= StOr 22)	BBK	Berliner Beiträge zur Keilschrift-
Aro Gramm.	J. Aro, Studien zur mittelbaby-		forschung
	lonischen Grammatik (= StOr 20)	BBR	H. Zimmern, Beiträge zur Kenntnis
Aro Infinitiv	J. Aro, Die akkadischen Infinitiv-		der babylonischen Religion
	konstruktionen (= StOr 26)	\mathbf{BBSt} .	L. W. King, Babylonian Boundary
Aro Kleider-	J. Aro, Mittelbabylonische Kleider-		Stones
texte	texte der Hilprecht-Sammlung	BE	Babylonian Expedition of the Uni-
	Jena (= BSAW 115/2)		versity of Pennsylvania, Series A:
ArOr	Archiv Orientální	Dallatan	Cuneiform Texts
ARU	J. Kohler and A. Ungnad, Assy-	Belleten	Türk Tarih Kurumu, Belleten
AS	rische Rechtsurkunden	Bergmann Lugale	E. Bergmann, Lugale (in MS.)
ASAW	Assyriological Studies (Chicago) Abhandlungen der Sächsischen	Bezold Cat.	C. Bezold, Catalogue of the Cunei-
ADAW	Akademie der Wissenschaften	Dezoia cav.	form Tablets in the Kouyunjik
ASGW	Abhandlungen der Sächsischen Ge-		Collection of the British Museum
110011	sellschaft der Wissenschaften	Bezold Cat.	L. W. King, Catalogue of the
ASKT	P. Haupt, Akkadische und sume-	Supp.	Cuneiform Tablets of the British
	rische Keilschrifttexte	••	Museum. Supplement
ASSF	Acta Societatis Scientiarum Fen-	Bezold Glossar	C. Bezold, Babylonisch-assyrisches
	nicae		Glossar
Assur	field numbers of tablets excavated	BHT	S. Smith, Babylonian Historical
	at Assur		Texts
Augapfel	J. Augapfel, Babylonische Rechts-	BiAr	The Biblical Archaeologist
	urkunden aus der Regierungszeit	Bib.	Biblica
A 1 A 1	Artaxerxes I. und Darius II.	Biggs Al-Hiba	R. D. Biggs, Inscriptions from Al-
Aynard Asb.	JM. Aynard, Le Prisme du Louvre		Hiba-Lagash: The First and Sec-
DA .	AO 19.939	Rigga Šaziga	ond Seasons R. D. Riggs & St. Chr. Angient
BA Bab	Beiträge zur Assyriologie	Biggs Šaziga	R. D. Biggs, §A.zi.ga: Ancient Mesopotamian Potency Incan-
Bab. Bagh. Mitt.	Babyloniaca Baghdader Mitteilungen		tations (= TCS 2)
	. K. Balkan, Kassitenstudien (= AOS	Bilgiç Appel-	E. Bilgiç, Die einheimischen Appel-
Stud.	37)	lativa der	lativa der kappadokischen Texte
	K. Balkan, Letter of King Anum-	kapp. Texte	· · ·
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BIN	Babylonian Inscriptions in the Collection of J. B. Nies	BRM	Babylonian Records in the Library of J. Pierpont Morgan
BiOr	Bibliotheca Orientalis	Brockelmann	C. Brockelmann, Lexicon syria-
Birot Tablet-	M. Birot, Tablettes économiques et	Lex. Syr. ²	cum, 2nd ed.
tes	administratives d'époque babylo- nienne ancienne conservées au	BSAW	Berichte der Sächsischen Akade- mie der Wissenschaften
*	Musée d'Art et d'Histoire de	BSGW	Berichte der Sächsischen Gesell-
	Genève	2.0	schaft der Wissenschaften
BM	tablets in the collections of the	BSL	Bulletin de la Société de Linguis-
DMATT	British Museum	DOOAG	tique de Paris
ВМАН	Bulletin des Musées Royaux d'Art et d'Histoire	BSOAS	Bulletin of the School of Oriental and African Studies
BMFA	Bulletin of the Museum of Fine Arts	Bu.	tablets in the collections of the British Museum
BMMA	Bulletin of the Metropolitan Mu-	CAD	The Assyrian Dictionary of the
	seum of Art		Oriental Institute of the Uni-
BMQ	The British Museum Quarterly		versity of Chicago
BMS	L. W. King, Babylonian Magic and	Cagni Erra Camb.	L. Cagni, L'epopea di Erra
Bo.	Sorcery field numbers of tablets excavated	Camb.	J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von Cambyses
Во.	at Boghazkeui	Cassin An-	E. Cassin, Anthroponymie et An-
Böhl Chres-	F. M. T. Böhl, Akkadian Chres-	throponymie	thropologie de Nuzi
tomathy	tomathy	CBM	tablets in the collections of the
Böhl Leiden Coll.	F. M. T. Böhl, Mededeelingen uit de Leidsche Verzameling van		University Museum of the University of Pennsylvania, Phila-
Con.	Spijkerschrift-Inscripties		delphia (= CBS)
Boissier Choix	A. Boissier, Choix de textes relatifs	CBS	tablets in the collections of the
	à la divination assyro-babylo-		University Museum of the Uni-
D : : D4	nienne		versity of Pennsylvania, Phila-
Boissier DA	A. Boissier, Documents assyriens relatifs aux présages	CCT	delphia Cuneiform Texts from Cappadocian
Böllenrücher	J. Böllenrücher, Gebete und Hym-	001	Tablets
Nergal	nen an Nergal (= LSS 1/6)	CH	R. F. Harper, The Code of Ham-
BOR	Babylonian and Oriental Record	C1 .	murabi
Borger	R. Borger, Einleitung in die assyri-	Chantre	E. Chantre, Recherches archéologiques dans l'Asie occidentale.
Einleitung Borger Esarh	schen Königsinschriften R. Borger, Die Inschriften Asar-		Mission en Cappadoce 1893-94
Dorger Daum.	haddons, Königs von Assyrien	Chiera STA	E. Chiera, Selected Temple Ac-
	(= AfO Beiheft 9)		counts from Telloh, Yokha and
Borger HKL	R. Borger, Handbuch der Keil-		Drehem, Cuneiform Tablets in the
Boson	schriftliteratur G. Boson, Tavolette cuneiformi	Christian	Library of Princeton University Festschrift für Prof. Dr. Viktor
Tavolette	sumere	Festschrift	Christian
BoSt	Boghazköi-Studien	Çiğ-Kizilyay	M. Çiğ and H. Kizilyay, Neusumeri-
\mathbf{BoTU}	Die Boghazköi-Texte in Umschrift	NRVN	sche Rechts- und Verwaltungs-
Boudou Liste	(= WVDOG 41-42) A. Boudou, Liste de noms géo-	Çiğ-Kizilyay-	urkunden aus Nippur M. Çiğ, H. Kizilyay (Bozkurt),
Doudou Liste	graphiques (= Or. 36-38)	Kraus Nippur	
Boyer Contri-		FF	Rechtsurkunden aus Nippur
bution	juridique de la 1 ^{re} dynastie	Çiğ-Kizilyay-	M. Çiğ, H. Kizilyay, A. Salonen,
D1	babylonienne	Salonen	Die Puzriš-Dagan-Texte (= AASF
von Branden- stein Heth.	C. G. von Brandenstein, Hethiti- sche Götter nach Bildbeschrei-	Puzriš-Dagan Texte	- D 92)
Götter	bungen in Keilschrifttexten (=	Clay PN	A. T. Clay, Personal Names from
	MVAG 46/2)	v	Cuneiform Inscriptions of the Cas-
Brinkman	J. A. Brinkman, Materials and	C	site Period (= YOR 1)
MSKH Brinkman	Studies for Kassite History J. A. Brinkman, A Political His-	Cocquerillat Palmeraies	D. Cocquerillat, Palmeraies et cultures de l'Eanna d'Uruk (559-520)
PKB	tory of Post-Kassite Babylonia,		H. F. X. de Clercq, Collection de
	1158-722 B.C. (= AnOr 43)		Clercq. Catalogue

	1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	og. apittoat 110	0.00000000
Combe Sin	E. Combe, Histoire du culte de Sin	Dietrich	M. Dietrich, Die Aramäer Süd-
	en Babylonie et en Assyrie	Aramäer	babyloniens in der Sargoniden-
Contenau	G. Contenau, Contribution à		zeit (= AOAT 7)
Contribution	l'histoire économique d'Um-	van Dijk	J. van Dijk, Sumerische Götter-
	ma	Götterlieder	lieder
Contenau	G. Contenau, Umma sous la	van Dijk	J. van Dijk, La Sagesse Suméro-
Umma	Dynastie d'Ur	La Sagesse	Accadienne
Cooper Angim	J. Cooper, The Return of Ninurta to Nippur (= AnOr 52)	Diri	lexical series diri dir siāku = (w) atru
Copenhagen	tablets in the collections of the	Divination	J. Nougayrol, ed., La divination
. 0	National Museum, Copenhagen	Divinación	en mésopotamie ancienne et dans
Corpus of	E. Porada, Corpus of Ancient Near	DI #	les régions voisines
Ancient Near		DLZ	Deutsche Literaturzeitung
Eastern	Collections	DP	M. Allotte de la Fuÿe, Documents
Seals	A 1/ 1 7 1 1 (20.3)	70 1 1	présargoniques
CRAI	Académie des Inscriptions et Belles	Dream-book	A. L. Oppenheim, The Inter-
~	Lettres. Comptes rendus		pretation of Dreams in the Ancient
Craig AAT	J. A. Craig, Astrological-Astro-		Near East (= Transactions of the
	nomical Texts		American Philosophical Society,
Craig ABRT	J. A. Craig, Assyrian and Babylo-		Vol. 46/3)
	nian Religious Texts		G. van Driel, The Cult of Aššur
Cros Tello	G. Cros, Mission française de	of Aššur	
	Chaldée. Nouvelles fouilles de Tello	D.T.	tablets in the collections of the
CRRA	Compte rendu, Rencontre Assyrio-		British Museum
	logique Internationale	Ea	lexical series ea $A = n\hat{a}qu$, pub.
\mathbf{CT}	Cuneiform Texts from Babylonian		MSL 14
	Tablets	EA	J. A. Knudtzon, Die El-Amarna-
CTN	Cuneiform Texts from Nimrud		Tafeln (= VAB 2); EA 359-79:
Cyr.	J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von		Rainey EA
	Cyrus	Eames Coll.	A. L. Oppenheim, Catalogue of the
DAFI	Cahiers de la Délégation Archéolo-		Cuneiform Tablets of the Wilber-
	gique Française en Iran		force Eames Babylonian Col-
Dalley	S. Dalley, A catalogue of the Ak-		lection in the New York Public
Edinburgh	kadian cuneiform tablets in the		Library (= AOS 32)
	collections of the Royal Scottish	Eames Col-	tablets in the Wilberforce Eames
	Museum, Edinburgh	lection	Babylonian Collection in the New
Dalman	G. H. Dalman, Aramäisch-neu-		York Public Library
Aram. Wb.	hebräisches Wörterbuch zu Tar-	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Glossar zu den neu-
	gum, Talmud und Midrasch	Glossar	babylonischen Briefen (= SBAW
Dar.	J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von		1953/1)
	Darius	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Die akkadische Ge-
David AV	J. A. Ankum, R. Feenstra,	Hand-	betsserie "Handerhebung" (=
	W. F. Leemans, eds., Symbolae	erhebung	VIO 20)
	iuridicae et historicae Martino	Ebeling KMI	E. Ebeling, Keilschrifttexte medi-
	David dedicatae. Tomus alter:	J	zinischen Inhalts
	Iura Orientis antiqui	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Neubabylonische Briefe
Deimel Fara	A. Deimel, Die Inschriften von Fara	Neubab.	(= ABAW NF 30)
	(= WVDOG 40, 43, 45)	Briefe	,
Delaporte	L. J. Delaporte, Catalogue des	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Neubabylonische Briefe
Catalogue	cylindres orientaux de la	Neubab.	aus Uruk
Bibliothèque	Bibliothèque Nationale	Briefe aus Ur	uk
Nationale	•	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Parfümrezepte und
Delaporte	L. J. Delaporte, Catalogue des	Parfümrez.	kultische Texte aus Assur (also
Cata-	cylindres Musée du Louvre		pub. in Or. NS 17-19)
logue	•	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Stiftungen und Vor-
Louvre		Stiftungen	schriften für assyrische Tempel
Delitzsch AL	F. Delitzsch, Assyrische Lese-	0	(= VIO 23)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	stücke, 3rd ed.	Ebeling	E. Ebeling, Bruchstücke einer
Delitzsch	F. Delitzsch, Assyrisches Hand-	Wagenpferde	
HWB	wörterbuch	.	sammlung für die Akklimati-

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	sierung und Trainierung von	FF	Forschungen und Fortschritte
	Wagenpferden (= VIO 7)	Figulla Cat.	H. H. Figulla, Catalogue of the
Edzard Tell	D. O. Edzard, Altbabylonische		Babylonian Tablets in the British
ed-Dēr	Rechts- und Wirtschaftsurkunden		Museum
73.1	aus Tell ed-Dēr (= ABAW NF 72)	Finet	A. Finet, L'Accadien des lettres de
Edzard	D. O. Edzard, Die "Zweite Zwi-	L'Accadien	Mari
Zwischenzeit	schenzeit" Babyloniens	Finkelstein	Essays on the Ancient Near East
Eilers	W. Eilers, Iranische Beamten-	Mem. Vol.	in Memory of Jacob Joel Finkel-
Beamten-	namen in der keilschriftlichen	Fish Catalogue	stein
namen	Uberlieferung (= Abhandlungen	rish Catalogue	T. Fish, Catalogue of Sumerian
	für die Kunde des Morgenlandes 25/5)		Tablets in the John Rylands Library
Eilers	W. Eilers, Gesellschaftsformen im	Fish Letters	T. Fish, Letters of the First Baby-
Gesellschafts-		TISH LICUCIS	lonian Dynasty in the John
formen	arosas y romisonem recente		Rylands Library, Manchester
Emesal Voc.	lexical series dimmer = dingir	FLP	tablets in the collections of the
	= <i>ilu</i> , pub. MSL 4 3-44		Free Library of Philadelphia
En. el.	Enūma eliš	Fränkel	S. Fränkel, Die aramäischen
Erimhuš	lexical series erimhuš = anantu	Fremdw.	Fremdwörter im Arabischen
Erimhuš Bogh.	Boghazkeui version of Erimhuš	Frankena	R. Frankena, Tākultu, De sacrale
Eshnunna	see Goetze LE	Tākultu	Maaltijd in het assyrische Ritueel
Code		Freydank	H. Freydank, Spätbabylonische
Evetts App.	B. T. A. Evetts, Inscriptions of	Wirtschafts-	Wirtschaftstexte aus Uruk
D 44 D M	Evil-Merodach Appendix	texte	75 771 1 1 77 1 1 10
Evetts EvM.	B. T. A. Evetts, Inscriptions of	Friedrich	R. von Kienle, ed., Festschrift
Danassa I ab	Evil-Merodach	Festschrift	Johannes Friedrich
Evetts Lab.	B. T. A. Evetts, Inscriptions of	Friedrich	J. Friedrich, Die hethitischen Ge-
Evetts Ner.	B. T. A. Evetts, Inscriptions of	Gesetze	setze (= Documenta et monu-
EVEUS Net.	Neriglissar	Friedrich	menta orientis antiqui 7) J. Friedrich, Hethitisches Wörter-
Explicit Malku	synonym list $malku = \delta arru$, ex-	Heth. Wb.	buch
mpiloto interna	plicit version (Tablets I-II pub.	Friedrich	J. Friedrich, Staatsverträge des
	A. D. Kilmer, JAOS 83 421 ff.)	Staatsver-	Hatti-Reiches in hethitischer
Fales Censi-	F. M. Fales, Censimenti e catasti	träge	Sprache (= MVAG 34/1)
menti	di epoca neo-assira	FuB	Forschungen und Berichte
Falkenstein	A. Falkenstein, Archaische Texte	Gadd Early	C. J. Gadd, The Early Dynasties of
ATU	aus Uruk	Dynasties	Sumer and Akkad
Falkenstein	A. Falkenstein, Das Sumerische	Gadd Ideas	C. J. Gadd, Ideas of Divine Rule
Das Sume-	(= Handbuch der Orientalistik,		in the Ancient East
rische	Erste Abteilung, Zweiter Band,	Gadd	C. J. Gadd, Teachers and Students
	Erster und Zweiter Abschnitt,	Teachers	in the Oldest Schools
17) n 11 n n n n A n i n	Lieferung I)	Gandert	A. von Müller, ed., Gandert Fest-
Falkenstein Gerichts-	A. Falkenstein, Die neusumerischen	Festschrift	schrift (= Berliner Beiträge zur
urkunden	Gerichtsurkunden (= ABAW NF 39, 40, 44)	Garelli Gilg.	Vor- und Frühgeschichte 2) P. Garelli, Gilgameš et sa légende.
Falkenstein	A. Falkenstein, Sumerische Götter-	Garein Gilg.	Études recueillies par Paul
Götterlieder	lieder		Garelli à l'occasion de la VII°
Falkenstein	A. Falkenstein, Grammatik der		Rencontre Assyriologique Inter-
Grammatik	Sprache Gudeas von Lagaš (=		nationale (Paris, 1958)
	AnOr 28 and 29)	Garelli Les	P. Garelli, Les Assyriens en Cap-
Falkenstein	A. Falkenstein, Die Haupttypen	Assyriens	padoce
Haupttypen	der sumerischen Beschwörung	Gaster AV	Occident and Orient (Studies in
	(= LSS NF 1)		Honour of M. Gaster)
Falkenstein	A. Falkenstein, Topographie von	Gautier	J. E. Gautier, Archives d'une
Topographie		T- 133	
	Uruk	Dilbat	famille de Dilbat
Farber Ištar	Uruk W. Farber, Beschwörungsrituale	Dilbat GCCI	R. P. Dougherty, Goucher College
Farber Ištar und Dumuzi	Uruk W. Farber, Beschwörungsrituale an Ištar und Dumuzi	GCCI	R. P. Dougherty, Goucher College Cuneiform Inscriptions
Farber Ištar und Dumuzi Festschrift	Uruk W. Farber, Beschwörungsrituale an Ištar und Dumuzi Festschrift für Wilhelm Eilers: Ein		R. P. Dougherty, Goucher College Cuneiform InscriptionsI. J. Gelb, Old Akkadian Inscrip-
Farber Ištar und Dumuzi	Uruk W. Farber, Beschwörungsrituale an Ištar und Dumuzi	GCCI	R. P. Dougherty, Goucher College Cuneiform Inscriptions

Genouillac Kich Genouillac	 H. de Genouillac, Premières re- cherches archéologiques à Kich H. de Genouillac, La trouvaille de 	Grayson Chronicles Guest Notes	A. K. Grayson, Assyrian and Baby- lonian Chronicles (= TCS 5) E. Guest, Notes on Plants and
Trouvaille Gesenius ¹⁷	Dréhem W. Gesenius, Hebräisches und aramäisches Handwörterbuch.	on Plants Guest	Plant Products with their Colloquial Names in 'Iraq E. Guest, Notes on Trees and
GGA	17th ed. Göttingische Gelehrte Anzeigen	Notes on Trees	Shrubs for Lower Iraq
Gibson-Biggs Seals	M. Gibson and R. D. Biggs, eds., Seals and Sealing in the Ancient Near East	Güterbock Siegel Hallo Royal	H. G. Güterbock, Siegel aus Bo- ğazköy (= AfO Beiheft 5 and 7) W. W. Hallo, Early Mesopotamian
Gilg.	Gilgāmeš epic, cited from Thompson Gilg. (M. = Meissner Fragment,	Titles Hartmann	Royal Titles (= AOS 43) H. Hartmann, Die Musik der su-
	OB Version of Tablet X, P. = Pennsylvania Tablet, OB Version	Musik Haupt	merischen Kultur P. Haupt, Das babylonische Nim-
Gilg. O. I.	of Tablet II, Y. = Yale Tablet, OB Version of Tablet III) OB Gilg. fragment from Ishchali	Nimrodepos Haverford Symposium	rodepos E. Grant, ed., The Haverford Symposium on Archaeology and
, ing. 0. 1.	pub. by T. Bauer, JNES 16 254 ff.	Hecker	the Bible K. Hecker, Die Keilschrifttexte der
Goetze Ḥattušiliš	A. Goetze, Hattušiliš. Der Bericht über seine Thronbesteigung nebst	Giessen Hecker	Universitätsbibliothek Giessen K. Hecker, Grammatik der Kül-
Goetze	den Paralleltexten (= MVAG 29/3) A. Goetze, Kizzuwatna and the	Grammatik Heimpel	tepe-Texte (= AnOr 44) W. Heimpel, Tierbilder in der
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Goetze LE Goetze Neue	A. Goetze, The Laws of Eshnunna (= AASOR 31) A. Goetze, Neue Bruchstücke	Hewett An-	E. Herzfeld, Altpersische In- schriften D. D. Brand and F. E. Harvey,
Bruchstücke	zum großen Text des Hattusilis und den Paralleltexten (= MVAG 34/2)	niversary Vol.	eds., So Live the Works of Men: Seventieth Anniversary Volume Honoring Edgar Lee Hewett
Goldziher Memorial	Gedächtnisschrift Goldziher I	Hg.	lexical series HAR.gud = imrû = ballu, pub. MSL 5-11
Volume Golénischeff	V. S. Golénischeff, Vingt-quatre	HG	J. Kohler et al., Hammurabi's Gesetz
Gordon AV	tablettes cappadociennes Orient and Occident: Essays Presented to Cyrus H. Gordon	Hh.	lexical series HAR.ra = hubullu (Hh. I-IV pub. Landsberger, MSL 5; Hh. V-VII pub. Landsberger,
Gordon	(= AOAT 22) C. H. Gordon, Ugaritic Handbook		MSL 6; Hh. VIII-XII pub. Lands- berger, MSL 7; Hh. XIII-XIV,
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Gordon Smith College	C. H. Gordon, Smith College Tablets (= Smith College Studies in History, Vol. 38)		Hh. XVI, XVII, XIX pub. Lands- berger-Reiner, MSL 10; Hh. XX-XXIV pub. Landsberger-
Gordon Sumerian Proverbs	E. I. Gordon, Sumerian Proverbs	Hilprecht AV	Reiner, MSL 11) Hilprecht Anniversary Volume. Studies in Assyriology and Ar-
Grant Bus.	F. Gössmann, Das Era-Epos E. Grant, Babylonian Business		chaeology Dedicated to Hermann V. Hilprecht
Doc. Grant Smith College	Documents of the Classical Period E. Grant, Cuneiform Documents in the Smith College Library	Hilprecht Deluge Story	H. V. Hilprecht, The Earliest Version of the Babylonian Deluge Story and the Temple Library of
Gray Šamaš	C. D. Gray, The Samas Religious Texts	Hinke Kudurru	Nippur W. J. Hinke, Selected Babylonian
Grayson ARI	A. K. Grayson, Assyrian Royal Inscriptions	···	Kudurru Inscriptions, No. 5, pp. 21-27
Grayson BHLT	A. K. Grayson, Babylonian Historical-Literary Texts (= TSTS 3)	Hinz AFF	W. Hinz, Altiranische Funde und Forschungen

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Hirsch	H. Hirsch, Untersuchungen zur alt-	Istanbul	tablets in the collections of the Ar-
Unter-	assyrischen Religion (= AfO Bei-		chaeological Museum of Istanbul
suchungen	heft 13/14)	ITT	Inventaire des tablettes de Tello
Hoffner	H. A. Hoffner, Alimenta Hethae-	Izbu Comm.	commentary to the series šumma
Alimenta	orum (= AOS 55)	1000 00111111	izbu, cited from MS. of B. Lands-
Holma	H. Holma, Kleine Beiträge zum		berger, pub. Leichty Izbu pp.
Kl. Beitr.	assyrischen Lexikon (= AASF		211-233
III. Delui.	B 7/2)	Izi	lexical series izi = <i>išātu</i> , pub.
Holma	H. Holma, Die Namen der Kör-	121	Civil, MSL 13 154-226
Körperteile		Ini Domb	Boghazkeui version of Izi, pub.
Korpertene	perteile im Assyrisch-babylo-	Izi Bogh.	
Holma Omon	nischen (= AASF B 7)	TA	Civil, MSL 13 132-147
Holma Omen	H. Holma, Omen Texts from Baby-	JA Jacobson	Journal asiatique
Texts	lonian Tablets in the British	Jacobsen	T. Jacobsen, Cuneiform Texts in the
77 1	Museum	Copenhagen	National Museum, Copenhagen
Holma	H. Holma, Die assyrisch-babylo-	Jankowska	N. B. Jankowska, Klinopisnye
Quttulu	nischen Personennamen der Form	KTK	teksty iz Kjul'-Tepe v sobrani-
	Quttulu (= AASF B 13/2)	****	iakh SSSR
Holma	H. Holma, Weitere Beiträge zum	JAOS	Journal of the American Oriental
$\mathbf{Weitere}$	assyrischen Lexikon (= AASF B		Society
Beitr.	15/1)	Jastrow Dict.	M. Jastrow, A Dictionary of the
Hrozny	F. Hrozný, Code hittite provenant		Targumim
Code	de l'Asie Mineure	JBL	Journal of Biblical Literature
Hittite		JCS	Journal of Cuneiform Studies
Hrozny	F. Hrozný, Das Getreide im alten	JEA	Journal of Egyptian Archaeology
Getreide	Babylonien (= SAWW 173/1)	JEN	Joint Expedition with the Iraq
Hrozny	F. Hrozný, Inscriptions cunéiformes		Museum at Nuzi
Kultepe	du Kultépé (= ICK 1) (= Monogr.	JENu	Joint Expedition with the Iraq
	ArOr 14)		Museum at Nuzi, unpub.
Hrozny	F. Hrozný, Die Keilschrifttexte von	JEOL	Jaarbericht van het Vooraziatisch-
Ta'annek	Ta'annek, in Sellin Ta'annek		Egyptisch Genootschap "Ex
HS	tablets in the Hilprecht collection,		Oriente Lux"
	Jena	JESHO	Journal of the Economic and
HSM	tablets in the collections of the		Social History of the Orient
	Harvard Semitic Museum	Jestin NTSŠ	R. Jestin, Nouvelles tablettes
HSS	Harvard Semitic Series		sumériennes de Šuruppak
HUCA	Hebrew Union College Annual	Jestin	R. Jestin, Tablettes sumériennes de
Hunger	H. Hunger, Babylonische und as-	Šuruppak	Šuruppak
Kolophone	syrische Kolophone (= AOAT 2)	JJP	Journal of Juristic Papyrology
Hunger Uruk	H. Hunger, Spätbabylonische Tex-	JKF	Jahrbuch für kleinasiatische For-
Ü	te aus Uruk		schung
Hussey	M. I. Hussey, Sumerian Tablets in	JNES	Journal of Near Eastern Studies
Sumerian	the Harvard Semitic Museum	Johns Dooms-	
Tablets	(= HSS 3 and 4)	day Book	Doomsday Book
IB	tablets in the collections of the	Jones-Snyder	T. B. Jones and J. Snyder, Sume-
	Pontificio Istituto Biblico, Rome		rian Economic Texts from the
IBoT	Istanbul Arkeoloji Müzelerinde Bu-		Third Ur Dynasty
2201	lunan Boğazköy Tabletleri	JPOS	Journal of the Palestine Oriental
ICK	Inscriptions cunéiformes du Kul-		Society
	tépé	JQR	Jewish Quarterly Review
Idu	lexical series $A = idu$	JRAS	Journal of the Royal Asiatic So-
IEJ	Israel Exploration Journal	0.11.20	ciety
ĬF	Indogermanische Forschungen	JSOR	Journal of the Society of Oriental
Igituh	lexical series igituh = tāmartu.		Research
-8	Igituh short version pub. Lands-	JSS	Journal of Semitic Studies
	berger-Gurney, AfO 18 81 ff.	JTVI	Journal of the Transactions of the
ILN	Illustrated London News	V A T A	Victoria Institute
IM	tablets in the collections of the Iraq	K.	tablets in the Kouyunjik collection
T14T	Museum, Baghdad	41.	of the British Museum
Imgidda to	see Erimhuš	Kagal	lexical series kagal = abullu, pub.
Erimhuš	See Minning	170801	Civil, MSL 13 227-261
III IIIIIII			Cital Market Av and C MVI

${\it Provisional~List~of~Bibliographical~Abbreviations}$

KAH	Keilschrifttexte aus Assur histori- schen Inhalts	Koschaker Bürgschafts-	P. Koschaker, Babylonisch-assyrisches Bürgschaftsrecht
KAJ	Keilschrifttexte aus Assur juristi- schen Inhalts	recht Koschaker	P. Koschaker, Über einige griechi-
Kang SACT	S. Kang, Sumerian and Akkadian Cuneiform Texts in the Collection of the World History Museum of	Griech. Rechtsurk.	sche Rechtsurkunden aus den öst- lichen Randgebieten des Hellenis- mus (= ASAW 42/1)
KAR	the University of Illinois Keilschrifttexte aus Assur religi- ösen Inhalts	Koschaker NRUA	P. Koschaker, Neue keilschriftliche Rechtsurkunden aus der El- Amarna-Zeit (= ASAW 39/5)
KAV	Keilschrifttexte aus Assur ver- schiedenen Inhalts	Kramer AV	Kramer Anniversary Volume (= AOAT 25)
KB	Keilinschriftliche Bibliothek	Kramer	S. N. Kramer, Lamentation over
KBo	Keilschrifttexte aus Boghazköi	Lamentation	the Destruction of Ur (= AS 12)
Kent Old	R. G. Kent, Old Persian	Kramer	S. N. Kramer, Sumerian Literary
Persian	(= AOS 33)	SLTN	Texts from Nippur (= AASOR 23)
Ker Porter	R. Ker Porter, Travels in Georgia,	Kramer Two	S. N. Kramer, Two Elegies on a
Travels	Persia, Armenia, Ancient Babylo-	Elegies	Pushkin Museum Tablet
	nia, etc	Kraus AbB 1	F. R. Kraus, Briefe aus dem British
Kh.	tablets from Khafadje in the col-		Museum
	lections of the Oriental Institute,	Kraus Edikt	F. R. Kraus, Ein Edikt des Königs
	University of Chicago		Ammi-Şaduqa von Babylon (=
Kienast	B. Kienast, Die altassyrischen		Studia et documenta ad iura
ATHE	Texte des Orientalischen Semi-		orientis antiqui pertinentia 5)
	nars der Universität Heidelberg	Kraus Texte	F. R. Kraus, Texte zur babyloni-
	und der Sammlung Erlenmeyer		schen Physiognomatik (= AfO
Kienast	B. Kienast, Die altbabylonischen		Beiheft 3)
Kisurra	Briefe und Urkunden aus Kisurra	Kraus Vieh-	F. R. Kraus, Staatliche Viehhal-
King Chron.	L. W. King, Chronicles Concerning	haltung	tung im altbabylonischen Lande
Ü	Early Babylonian Kings	C	Larsa
King Early	L. W. King, A History of Sumer	Krecher	J. Krecher, Sumerische Kultlyrik
History	and Akkad: An Account of the	Kultlyrik	
History	and Akkad: An Account of the	Kultlyrik KT Blanckertz	•
	and Akkad: An Account of the Early Races of Babylonia		J. Lewy, Die Kültepetexte der
King History	and Akkad: An Account of the		J. Lewy, Die Kültepetexte der Sammlung Blanckertz
	and Akkad: An Account of the Early Races of Babylonia L. W. King, A History of Babylon	KT Blanckertz	J. Lewy, Die Kültepetexte der
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Jacobsen	Georgica (in MS.)	Limet	H. Limet, L'anthroponymie su-
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Menologies Langdon SBP	gies S. Langdon, Sumerian and Babylo-	Limet Textes Sumériens	H. Limet, Textes sumériens de la III ^e dynastie d'Ur (= Documents
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Lanu	lexical series alam = $l\bar{a}nu$	LKA	E. Ebeling, Literarische Keil-
Lautner	J. G. Lautner, Altbabylonische		schrifttexte aus Assur
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Layard	A. H. Layard, Discoveries among	Löw Flora	I. Löw, Die Flora der Juden
Discoveries	the Ruins of Nineveh and Baby-	LSS	Leipziger semitistische Studien
LB	tablet numbers in the de Liagre Böhl Collection	LTBA	Die lexikalischen Tafelserien der Babylonier und Assyrer in den Berliner Museen
LBAT	Late Babylonian Astronomical and Related Texts, copied by T. G.	Lu	lexical series $1ú = \delta a$, pub. Civil, MSL 12 87-147
	Pinches and J. N. Strassmaier, prepared for publication by A. J.	Lugale	epic Lugale u melambi nergal, cited from MS. of A. Falkenstein
	Sachs, with the cooperation of J. Schaumberger	Lyon Sar.	D. G. Lyon, Keilschrifttexte Sargon's
Leander	P. A. Leander, Über die sumeri- schen Lehnwörter im Assyrischen	MAD	Materials for the Assyrian Dictionary
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MAH	tablets in the collection of the Musée d'Art et d'Histoire, Geneva	MRS MSL	Mission de Ras Shamra Materialien zum sumerischen Lexi-
Malku	synonym list malku = šarru (Malku I pub. A. D. Kilmer, JAOS 83 421 ff.;	MSL	kon; Materials for the Sumerian Lexicon
	Malku II pub. W. von Soden, ZA 43 235 ff.)	MSP	J. J. M. de Morgan, Mission scientifique en Perse
MAOG	Mitteilungen der Altorientalischen Gesellschaft	Mullo Weir Lexicon	C. J. Mullo Weir, A Lexicon of Accadian Prayers
Maqlu Matouš	G. Meier, Maqlû (= AfO Beiheft 2) L. Matouš, Inscriptions cunéifor-	MVAG	Mitteilungen der Vorderasiatisch- Aegyptischen Gesellschaft
	mes du Kultépé, Vol. 2 (= ICK 2) W. R. Mayer, Untersuchungen zur	MVN	Materiali per il vocabolario neo- sumerico
beschwörun- gen	Formensprache der babylonischen "Gebetsbeschwörungen" (= Stu- dia Pohl: Series Maior 5)	N	tablets in the collections of the University Museum of the Univer- sity of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia
MCS MCT	Manchester Cuneiform Studies O. Neugebauer and A. Sachs,	Nabnitu	lexical series $SIG_7+ALAM = nabn\overline{i}tu$, pub. MSL 16
	Mathematical Cuneiform Texts (= AOS 29)	NBC	tablets in the Babylonian Collec- tion, Yale University Library
MDOG	Mitteilungen der Deutschen Orient- Gesellschaft	NBGT	Neobabylonian Grammatical Texts, pub. MSL 4 129-178
MDP Meissner BAP	Mémoires de la Délégation en Perse B. Meissner, Beiträge zum alt-	Nbk.	J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von Nabuchodonosor
Meissner BAW	babylonischen Privatrecht B. Meissner, Beiträge zum assyri-	Nbn.	J. N. Strassmaier, Inschriften von Nabonidus
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Meissner Supp	syrien B. Meissner, Supplement zu den assyrischen Wörterbüchern	Neugebauer ACT Ni	O. Neugebauer, Astronomical Cuneiform Texts
Meissner-Rost Senn.	B. Meissner and P. Rost, Die Bau- inschriften Sanheribs	141	tablets excavated at Nippur, in the collections of the Archaeological Museum of Istanbul
	Mélanges syriens offerts à M. René Dussaud	Nies UDT Nigga	J. B. Nies, Ur Dynasty Tablets lexical series nigga = makkūru,
Meloni Saggi	Gerardo Meloni, Saggi di filologia semitica	Nikolski	pub. Civil, MSL 13 91-124 M. V. Nikolski, Dokumenty kho-
Mendelsohn Slavery	I. Mendelsohn, Slavery in the Ancient Near East	Nötscher	ziaistvennoi otchetnosti F. Nötscher, Ellil in Sumer und
MEOL	Mededelingen en Verhandelingen van het Vooraziatisch-Egyptisch	Ellil NPN	Akkad I. J. Gelb, P. M. Purves, and A. A.
Met. Museum	Genootschap "Ex Oriente Lux" tablets in the collections of the	141 14	MacRae, Nuzi Personal Names (= OIP 57)
MIO	Metropolitan Museum of Art, N.Y. Mitteilungen des Instituts für	NT	field numbers of tablets excavated at Nippur by the Oriental Insti-
	Orientforschung	01 1 1	tute and other institutions
MJ MKT	Museum Journal O. Neugebauer, Mathematische	Oberhuber Florenz	K. Oberhuber, Sumerische und akkadische Keilschriftdenkmäler
	Keilschrifttexte		des Archäologischen Museums
MLC	tablets in the collections of the J. Pierpont Morgan Library	Oberhuber	zu Florenz K. Oberhuber, Innsbrucker Keil-
MM	tablets in the collections of the Monserrat Museum	IKT OBGT	schrifttexte Old Babylonian Grammatical Texts,
Moldenke	A. B. Moldenke, Babylonian Con-	Obor	pub. MSL 4 47-128
	tract Tablets in the Metropolitan Museum of Art	OB Lu	Old Babylonian version of Lu, pub. MSL 12 151-219
Moore Michigan	E. W. Moore, Neo-Babylonian	OBT Tell Rimah	S. Dalley, C. B. F. Walker, J. D.
Michigan Coll.	Documents in the University of Michigan Collection		Hawkins, Old Babylonian Texts from Tell Rimah
Moran Temple Lists	W. L. Moran, Sumero-Akkadian Temple Lists (in MS.)	OECT OIC	Oxford Editions of Cuneiform Texts Oriental Institute Communications

OIP	Oriental Institute Publications	Pinches	T. G. Pinches, The Babylonian
OLZ	Orientalistische Literaturzeitung	Berens Coll.	Tablets of the Berens Collection
Oppenheim	L. F. Hartman and A. L. Oppen-	Pinches Peek	T. G. Pinches, Inscribed Babylonian
Beer	heim, On Beer and Brewing Tech- niques in Ancient Mesopotamia		Tablets in the possession of Sir Henry Peek
	(= JAOS Supp. 10)	Postgate NA	J. N. Postgate, Fifty Neo-Assyrian
Oppenheim	A. L. Oppenheim, Glass and Glass-	Leg. Docs.	Legal Documents
Glass Oppenheim	making in Ancient Mesopotamia L. Oppenheim, Untersuchungen	Postgate Palace	J. N. Postgate, The Governor's Palace Archive (= CTN 2)
Mietrecht	zum babylonischen Mietrecht	Archive	I didde internet ('Oliv 2)
	(= WZKM Beiheft 2)	Postgate	J. N. Postgate, Neo-Assyrian Royal
	J. Oppert et J. Ménant, Documents	Royal Grants	Grants and Decrees (= Studia
Doc. jur. Or.	juridiques de l'Assyrie Orientalia	Postgate	Pohl: Series Maior 1) J. N. Postgate, Taxation and
Oriental Law	Essays on Oriental Laws of Suc-	Taxation	Conscription in the Assyrian Em-
of Succession			pire (= Studia Pohl: Series
ОТ	iura orientis antiqui pertinentia 9) Old Testament	Practical	Maior 3) lexical text, pub. B. Landsberger
Otten AV	Festschrift Heinrich Otten	Vocabulary	and O. Gurney, AfO 18 328ff.
Owen Lewis	D. Owen, The John Frederick	Assur	·
Coll.	Lewis Collection (= MVN 3)	Pritchard	J. B. Pritchard, ed., Ancient Near
Pallis Akîtu	S. A. Pallis, The Babylonian Akîtu Festival	ANET	Eastern Texts Relating to the Old Testament, 2nd and 3rd ed.
PAPS	Proceedings of the American Philo-	Proto-Diri	see Diri
	sophical Society	Proto-Ea	see Ea; pub. MSL 2 35-94 and MSL
Parpola LAS	S. Parpola, Letters of Assyrian Scholars (= AOAT 5)	Proto-Izi	14 87-144 lexical series, pub. Civil, MSL 13
Parrot	A. Parrot, Documents et Monu-	F1000-121	7-59
Documents	ments (= Mission archéologique	Proto-Kagal	lexical series, pub. Civil, MSL 13
DDG	de Mari II, Le palais, tome 3)	D . T	63-88
PBS	Publications of the Babylonian Section, University Museum, Uni-	Proto-Lu PRSM	lexical series, pub. MSL 12 25-84 Proceedings of the Royal Society
	versity of Pennsylvania	11000	of Medicine
PEF	Quarterly Statement of the Pal-	PRT	E. Klauber, Politisch-religiöse
Peiser	estine Exploration Fund F. E. Peiser, Urkunden aus der	PSBA	Texte aus der Sargonidenzeit Proceedings of the Society of
Urkunden	Zeit der 3. babylonischen Dyna-	FSDA	Biblical Archaeology
	stie	R	H. C. Rawlinson, The Cuneiform
Peiser	F. E. Peiser, Babylonische Ver-	D.A	Inscriptions of Western Asia
Verträge PEQ	träge des Berliner Museums Palestine Exploration Quarterly	RA	Revue d'assyriologie et d'archéolo-
Perry Sin	i diesome napioration quarterly		gie orientale
	E. G. Perry, Hymnen und Gebete	RAcc.	gie orientale F. Thureau-Dangin, Rituels ac-
	an Sin (= LSS 2/4)		F. Thureau-Dangin, Rituels accadiens
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Rép. géogr.	Répertoire géographique des tex- tes cunéiformes	Salonen Hausgeräte	A. Salonen, Die Hausgeräte der alten Mesopotamier (= AASF 139
RÉS	Revue des études sémitiques		and 144)
Reschid	F. Reschid, Archiv des Nūršamaš	Salonen	A. Salonen, Hippologica Accadica
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Nūršamaš	aus der altbabylonischen Zeit	Salonen	A. Salonen, Die Landfahrzeuge des
RHA	Revue hittite et asianique	Landfahr-	alten Mesopotamien (= AASF 72)
RHR	Revue de l'histoire des religions	zeuge	
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Ries Boden-	G. Ries, Die neubabylonischen	Salonen Türen	A. Salonen, Die Türen des alten
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Riftin	A. P. Riftin, Staro-Vavilonskie	Waffen	Mesopotamier (= StOr 33)
	iuridicheskie i administrativnye	Salonen	A. Salonen, Die Wasserfahrzeuge
	dokumenty v sobraniiakh SSSR	Wasser-	in Babylonien (= StOr 8)
RLA	Reallexikon der Assyriologie	fahrzeuge	
RLV	Reallexikon der Vorgeschichte	San Nicolò	M. San Nicolò, Beiträge zu einer
Rm.	tablets in the collections of the	Prosopo-	Prosopographie neubabylonischer
	British Museum	graphie	Beamten der Zivil- und Tempel-
ROM	tablets in the collections of the		verwaltung (= SBAW 1941 2/2)
	Royal Ontario Museum, Toronto	San Nicolò-	M. San Nicolò and A. Ungnad,
Römer	W. H. Ph. Römer, Frauenbriefe	Ungnad NRV	
Frauenbriefe	über Religion, Politik und Pri-		Verwaltungsurkunden
D.	vatleben in Mari (= AOAT 12)	Saporetti	C. Saporetti, Onomastica Medio-
Römer	W. H. Ph. Römer, Sumerische	Onomastica	Assira (= Studia Pohl 6)
Königs-	'Königshymnen' der Isin-Zeit	SAWW	Sitzungsberichte der Akademie der
hymnen	D D 4 D' IZ 'I 1 '64 4 M'	$\mathbf{S}^{\mathfrak{b}}$	Wissenschaften, Wien
Rost	P. Rost, Die Keilschrifttexte Tig-	8	lexical series Syllabary B, pub.
Tigl. III	lat-Pilesers III field numbers of tablets excavated	SBAW	MSL 3 96-128 and 132-153
RS	neid numbers of tablets excavated	SDA W	Sitzungsberichte der Bayerischen
	at Dag Shampa		Akadomia dar Wissenschaften
RSO	at Ras Shamra Rivista dagli studi orientali	SRH	Akademie der Wissenschaften
RSO RT	Rivista degli studi orientali	SBH	G. A. Reisner, Sumerisch-babylo-
RSO RT	Rivista degli studi orientali Recueil de travaux relatifs à la	SBH	G. A. Reisner, Sumerisch-babylo- nische Hymnen nach Thontafeln
	Rivista degli studi orientali Recueil de travaux relatifs à la philologie et à l'archéologie égyp-		G. A. Reisner, Sumerisch-babylo- nische Hymnen nach Thontafeln griechischer Zeit
RT	Rivista degli studi orientali Recueil de travaux relatifs à la philologie et à l'archéologie égyp- tiennes et assyriennes	SBH Scheil Sippar	 G. A. Reisner, Sumerisch-babylo- nische Hymnen nach Thontafeln griechischer Zeit V. Scheil, Une saison de fouilles à
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Silben-	lexical series	~~~	Sterndienst in Babel
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Smith Idrimi	S. Smith, The Statue of Idri-mi	'	akkadischen Wörter
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	versity, Cambridge		II, Section Sémitique (1) (1885),
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	schen Akademie der Wissen-	Strassmaier	
		Cultifica	J. N. Strassmaier, Texte althabylo-
	schaften	Warka	nischer Verträge aus Warka, Ver-
von Soden	schaften W. von Soden, Grundriß der akka-		
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GAG	W. von Soden, Grundriß der akka- dischen Grammatik (= AnOr 33)		nischer Verträge aus Warka, Verhandlungen des Fünften Internationalen Orientalisten-Congresses (1881), Beilage M. Streck, Assurbanipal (=
GAG von Soden Syllabar	W. von Soden, Grundriß der akkadischen Grammatik (= AnOr 33) W. von Soden, Das akkadische Syllabar (= AnOr 27; 2nd ed. = AnOr 42)	Warka	nischer Verträge aus Warka, Verhandlungen des Fünften Interna- tionalen Orientalisten-Congresses (1881), Beilage
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Studies	Studies Presented to A. Leo	Thompson	R. C. Thompson, A Dictionary of
Oppenheim	Oppenheim	DAC	Assyrian Chemistry and Geology
Studies	Studies in Old Testament Prophecy	Thompson	R. C. Thompson, The Prisms of Es-
Robinson	Presented to T. H. Robinson	Esarh.	arhaddon and of Ashurbanipal
STVC	E. Chiera, Sumerian Texts of	Thompson	R. C. Thompson, The Epic of
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Sultantepe	field numbers of tablets excavated	Thompson	R. C. Thompson, The Reports of
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Sumerological Studies Jacobsen	Sumerological Studies in Honor of Thorkild Jacobsen (= AS 20)	Thureau- Dangin Til-Barsib	F. Thureau-Dangin, M. Dunand et al., Til-Barsib
Sumeroloji	Ankara Üniversitesi Dil ve Tarih-	TIM	Texts in the Iraq Museum
Araștirmalari		TLB	Tabulae Cuneiformes a F. M. Th. de Liagre Böhl collectae
Šurpu	E. Reiner, Surpu (= Af0 Beiheft 11)	TMB	F. Thureau-Dangin, Textes mathé-
Symb.		IMD	
Koschaker	Symbolae P. Koschaker dedicatae	Tn Fnic	matiques babyloniens Tukulti-Ninurta Epic, pub. AAA
Koschaker	(= Studia et documenta ad iura	TnEpic	
Crombala a Dish	orientis antiqui pertinentia 2)		20, pls. 101ff., and Archaeologia 79 pl. 49; transliteration in Ebeling,
Symbolae Don	l Symbolae Biblicae et Mesopotami-		MAOG 12/2, column numbers
	cae Francisco Mario Theodoro de		
\mathbf{SZ}	Liagre Böhl Dedicatae		according to W. G. Lambert, AfO 18 38 ff.
Szlechter	Zeitschrift der Savigny-Stiftung	Torczyner	H. Torczyner, Altbabylonische
Tablettes	E. Szlechter, Tablettes juridiques	Tempel-	Tempelrechnungen
Szlechter	de la 1 ^{re} Dynastie de Babylone	rechnungen	rempeneemungen
TJA	E. Szlechter, Tablettes juridiques et administratives de la III°	TSBA	Transactions of the Society of
101	Dynastie d'Ur et de la I ^{re} Dyna-	IDDA	Biblical Archaeology
	stie de Babylone	TSTS	Toronto Semitic Texts and Studies
Т	tablets in the collections of the	TuL	E. Ebeling, Tod und Leben nach
1	Staatliche Museen, Berlin	rub	den Vorstellungen der Babylonier
Tablet Funck	one of several tablets in private	TuM	Texte und Materialien der Frau
	possession (mentioned as F. 1, 2,		Professor Hilprecht Collection of
	3, Delitzsch HWB xiii), cited from		Babylonian Antiquities im Eigen-
	unpublished copies of Delitzsch;		tum der Universität Jena
	F. 2 pub. AfO 21 pl. 9-10	Turner	S. M. Katre, ed., Sir Ralph Turner
Tallovist APN	K. Tallqvist, Assyrian Personal	Jubilee Vol.	Jubilee Volume
1	Names (= ASSF 43/1)	UCP	University of California Publica-
Tallqvist	K. Tallqvist, Akkadische Götter-		tions in Semitic Philology
Götter-	epitheta (= StOr 7)	UE	Ur Excavations
epitheta	• , ,	UET	Ur Excavations, Texts
Tallqvist	K. Tallqvist, Die assyrische Be-	UF	Ugarit-Forschungen
Maqlu	schwörungsserie Maqlû (= ASSF	Ugumu	lexical series, pub. MSL 9 51-65
•	20/6)	Ugumu Bil.	lexical series, pub. MSL 9 67-73
Tallqvist NBN	K. Tallqvist, Neubabylonisches	UM	tablets in the collections of the
	Namenbuch $(= ASSF 32/2)$		University Museum of the Univer-
TCL	Textes cunéiformes du Louvre		sity of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia
TCS	Texts from Cuneiform Sources	UMB	University Museum Bulletin
Tell Asmar	tablets excavated at Tell Asmar, in	Unger Babylor	E. Unger, Babylon, die heilige
	the collections of the Oriental		Stadt
	Institute, University of Chicago	Unger Bel-	E. Unger, Die Stele des Bel-harran-
Tell Halaf	J. Friedrich et al., Die Inschriften	harran-beli-	beli-ussur
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Th.	tablets in the collections of the	Unger Mem.	In Memoriam Eckhard Unger. Bei-
	British Museum	Vol.	träge zu Geschichte, Kultur und
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Thompson	R. C. Thompson, On the Chemistry	stele	III. aus Saba'a und Semiramis
Chem.	of the Ancient Assyrians	Ungnad NRV	A. Ungnad, Neubabylonische
Thompson	R. C. Thompson, A Dictionary of	Glossar	Rechts- und Verwaltungsurkun-
DAB	Assyrian Botany		den. Glossar

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Uruanna	pharmaceutical series uruanna: maštakal	Weitemeyer	M. Weitemeyer, Some Aspects of the Hiring of Workers in the Sip-
UVB VAB	Vorläufiger Bericht über die Ausgrabungen in Uruk-Warka (Berlin 1930-) Vorderasiatische Bibliothek	Wenger AV	par Region at the Time of Ham- murabi Festschrift für Leopold Wenger, 2. Band, Münchener Beiträge zur
VAS	Vorderasiatische Schriftdenkmäler		Papyrusforschung und Antiken
VAT	tablets in the collections of the		Rechtsgeschichte, 35. Heft
	Staatliche Museen, Berlin	Westenholz	A. Westenholz, Old Sumerian and
VBoT	A. Götze, Verstreute Boghazköi-	OSP	Old Akkadian Texts in Philadel-
WINT	Texte	Wilcke	phia Chiefly from Nippur
VDI Veenhof Old	Vestnik Drevneĭ Istorii K. R. Veenhof, Aspects of Old	Kollationen	C. Wilcke, Kollationen zu den su- merischen literarischen Texten
Assyrian Trade	Assyrian Trade and Its Termi- nology	Ronadionen	aus Nippur in der Hilprecht- Sammlung Jena (= ASAW 65/4)
VIO	Veröffentlichungen des Instituts	Wilcke	C. Wilcke, Das Lugalbandaepos
110	für Orientforschung, Berlin	Lugal-	o. Whole, Due Dagaroundaepos
Virolleaud	C. Virolleaud, Comptabilité chal-	banda	
Comptabilité	déenne (époque de la dynastie dite seconde d'Our)	Winckler AOF	H. Winckler, Altorientalische Forschungen
Virolleaud	C. Virolleaud, La légende phéni-	Winckler	H. Winckler, Sammlung von Keil-
Danel	cienne de Danel	Sammlung	schrifttexten
Virolleaud Fragments	C. Virolleaud, Fragments de textes divinatoires assyriens du Musée	Winckler Sar.	H. Winckler, Die Keilschrifttexte Sargons
Fragments	Britannique	Winnett AV	J. Wevers and D. Redford, eds.,
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l'opposition	sition en Mésopotamie. Colloque	Wiseman	World (= TSTS 2) D. J. Wiseman, The Alalakh
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Bisitun	Babylonian Version (= Corpus	Treaties	of Esarhaddon (= Iraq 20 Part 1)
	Inscriptionum Iranicarum I/I/ II/1)	WO Woolley	Die Welt des Orients Carchemish, Report on the Ex-
VT	Vetus Testamentum	Carchemish	cavations at Djerabis on behalf
W.	field numbers of tablets excavated		of the British Museum
	at Warka	WVDOG	Wissenschaftliche Veröffentlichun-
	H. Waetzold, Untersuchungen zur		gen der Deutschen Orient-Gesell-
tilindustrie	neusumerischen Textilindustrie	XX777 T	schaft
Walther Gerichts-	A. Walther, Das altbabylonische Gerichtswesen (= LSS 6/4-6)	WZJ	Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der Friedrich - Schiller - Universität Jena
wesen Ward Seals	W. H. Ward, The Seal Cylinders of	WZKM	Wiener Zeitschrift für die Kunde
	Western Asia		des Morgenlandes
Warka	field numbers of tablets excavated at Warka	YBC	tablets in the Babylonian Collection, Yale University Library
Watelin Kish	Oxford University Joint Expedition	Ylvisaker	S. C. Ylvisaker, Zur babylonischen
W WOOM THIS	to Mesopotamia, Excavations at	Grammatik	und assyrischen Grammatik (=
	Kish: III (1925-1927) by L. C.		LSS 5/6)
	Watelin	YOR	Yale Oriental Series, Researches
Waterman	L. Waterman, Business Documents	YOS	Yale Oriental Series, Babylonian
Bus. Doc.	of the Hammurapi Period (also	ZA	Texts Zeitschrift für Assyriologie
Weidner	pub. in AJSL 29 and 30) E. Weidner, Handbuch der babylo-	ZAW	Zeitschrift für die alttestamentliche
Handbuch	nischen Astronomie		Wissenschaft
Weidner Tn.	E. Weidner, Die Inschriften Tukul-	ZDMG	Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgen-
Weissbach	ti-Ninurtas I. (= AfO Beiheft 12) F. H. Weissbach, Babylonische	ZDPV	ländischen Gesellschaft Zeitschrift des Deutschen Palä-
Misc.	Miscellen (= WVDOG 4)		stina-Vereins

ZE	Zeitschrift für Ethnologie	Zimmern	H. Zimmern, Zum babylonischen
Zimmern	H. Zimmern, Akkadische Fremd-	Neujahrsfest	Neujahrsfest (BSGW Philhist.
Fremdw.	wörter, 2nd ed.		Kl. 58/3); zweiter Beitrag (ibid.
Zimmern	H. Zimmern, Ištar und Şaltu, ein		70/5)
Ištar und	altakkadisches Lied (BSGW Phil	ZK	Zeitschrift für Keilschriftforschung
Şaltu	hist. Kl. 68/1)	ZS	Zeitschrift für Semitistik

Other Abbreviations

abbr. abbreviated, abbreviation Gilg. Gilgāmeš accusative acc. Gk. Greek Achaem. Achaemenid gloss. glossary addition(al) add. ĞN geographical name adj. adjective gramm. grammatical (texts) adm. administrative (texts) group voc. group vocabulary Adn. Adad-nīrārī Heb. Hebrew adv. adverb hemer. hemerology Akk. Akkadian hist. historical (texts) Šumma ālu Alu Hitt. Hittite apod. apodosis Hurr. Hurrian app. appendix IE Indo-European Aram. Aramaic imp. imperative Asb. Assurbanipal incantation (texts) inc. Asn. Aššur-nāşir-apli II incl. including Ass. Assyrian indeclinable indecl. astrol. astrological (texts) inf. infinitive astron. astronomical (texts) inscr. inscription Avestan Av. interi. interjection Babyl. Babylonian interr. interrogative bil. bilingual (texts) intrans. intransitive Bogh. Boghazkeui inv. inventory business bus. Izbu Šumma izbu Camb. Cambyses lament. lamentation chem. chemical (texts) LB Late Babylonian chron. chronicle legal (texts) leg. col. column let. letter collation, collated coll. lex. lexical (texts) comm. commentary (texts) literally, literary (texts) lit. coni. conjunction log. logogram, logographic Ludlul corr. corresponding Ludlul bel nemeqi Cyrus Cyr. lw. loan word Dar. Darius MA Middle Assyrian dat. dative masc. masculine dem. demonstrative math. mathematical (texts) denom. denominative MB Middle Babylonian det. determinative med. medical (texts) diagn. diagnostic (texts) meteor. meteorology, meteorological discussion disc. (texts) DN divine name MN month name doc. document meaning mng. dupl. duplicate n. note EA El-Amarna NA Neo-Assyrian econ. economic (texts) NB Neo-Babylonian ed. edition Nbk. Nebuchadnezzar II ED Early Dynastic Nbn. Nabonidus Elam. Elamite Ner. Neriglissar Esarh Esarhaddon NF Neue Folge esp. especially nom. nominative Etana myth Etana NS New Series, Nova Series etym. etymology, etymological num. numeral ext. extispicy 0A Old Assyrian fact. factitive OAkk. Old Akkadian fem. feminine OB Old Babylonian fig. figure obv. obverse occurrence, occurs fragm. fragment(ary) ററേ genitive, general Old Pers. gen. Old Persian geogr. geographical opposite (of) (to) opp.

Other Abbreviations

Sem. Semitic orig. original(ly) Senn. Sennacherib page p. Palmyr. Palmyrene Shalm. Shalmaneser participle singular part. sing. pharm. pharmaceutical (texts) Skt. Sanskrit phon. phonetic status constructus stat. const. physiogn. physiognomic (omens) str. strophe pl. plural, plate Sum. Sumerian pl. tantum plurale tantum supp. supplement PΝ personal name syll. syllabically syn. synonym(ous) preposition prep. present pres. Syr. Syriac Tiglathpileser Pre-Sar. Pre-Sargonic Tigl. Tukulti-Ninurta I Tn. pret. preterit pron. pronoun, pronominal trans. transitive translat. translation prot. protasis published translit. transliteration pub. reverse Ugar. Ugaritie r. redupl. reduplicated, reduplication uncert. uncertain unkn. unknown ref. reference rel. religious (texts) unpub. unpublished rit. ritual (texts) v. verb RN royal name var. variant RSRas Shamra wr. written WSem. West Semitic substantive 8. number not transliterated Sar. Sargon II X SB Standard Babylonian illegible sign in Akk. \boldsymbol{x} Sel. Seleucid x illegible sign in Sum.

THE ASSYRIAN DICTIONARY VOLUME 13

Q

qabaltiu (qabassiu, fem. qabassītu) adj.; middle; MA, NA; wr. syll. and MURUB₄ with phon. complement; cf. qablu A.

next to the tēh palge qa-ba-al-ti-e middle canal JCS 7 123 No. 5:12 (MA); katarru ina muhhi igāri ša abūsāte qa-ba-sa-a-te it-ta-mar (see abūsu mng. 2b) ABL 367 r. 4, also, wr. qab-sat ADD 981 r. 8; nā: mirī ša abulli qab-si-te . . . ittuqutu the towers of the middle gate fell down Iraq 4 186 r. 10; protective genii ina IGI KÁ (wr. E) MURUB₄-ti in front of the middle gate Iraq 17 134 (pl. 33) No. 16:19, ef. ina IGI KÁ qa-ba-si-te ibid. 15; nērubu qa-basi-u ša tarbaşi ša bīt Adad the middle entrance to the courtyard of the Adad temple ABL 1243:6, cf. ina URU.MIN gaba-si-i ina $r\bar{e}$ š Arba'il ADD 742:10; 4 $m\bar{u}$ š $eb\bar{e}$ qa-ba-su-te four middle seats ADD 860 i 16; [in]a(?) SUHUŠ $qab-si-t\acute{u}$ (in broken context) ADD 936 iii 11, see Postgate Taxation 318; an[a...] qa-ba-sa-ti ša £.GA[L(?)...]van Driel Cult of Aššur 128 iv 26 (all NA).

qabaltu (qabassu, qabsu) s.; middle, center; from OB on; NA qabassu, qabsu, stat. const. qabalti, qablat, NA qab(as)si; wr. syll. and MURUB₄ mostly with phon. complement ($\S A-ti$ Scheil Tn. II 31); cf. qablu A.

ša-ab šAB = qa-ab-la-ta-an Diri V 74; ú-gu UGU = qab-lat qaq-qa-di Diri III 146.

a) in lit. and hist.: attanaggiš kīma hābilim qá-ba-al-tu ṣērim (see hābilu A) Gilg. M. ii 11 (OB), cf. eṭla šaggāšā ša qá-bal-ti ṣēri the wild man from the midst of the desert Gilg. I iv 7; ina qa-a-ab-la-at tâmti nūnī abār I caught fish in the middle of

the sea EA 356:50 (Adapa); qēma tanaddi u sirqa ina MURUB₄-ti₄ tanaddi you make a flour (offering) and a scatter offering in the middle ZA 45 208 v 6 (Bogh. rit.); akukūtu ša gab-lat šamê u erşeti terât (see akukūtu mng. 1) KAR 57 i 9, dupl. Farber Ištar und Dumuzi pl. 8:43, see ibid. p. 130; Ištar ina qa-ab-la-at a-li-i uhabbu (difficult, see hâbu A mng. 2b) JAOS 38 82:4 (MB ext.); ina qab-lat āli ūra tašabbit in the middle of the city you sweep a roof clean Or. NS 36 19 r. 10 (namburbi); ša . . . gigunê qa-balti āli u'abbituma (the river) which had destroyed the temples inside the city OIP 2 99:46, cf. ibid. 105 v 86 (Senn.); ekallu šanītu ina MURUB₄-ti āli ina ki-i(text -TA)-di āli another palace either inside or outside the city AKA 248 v 40 (Asn.); (camels were bought cheap) ina qa-bal-ti mātija in the very middle of my land Streek Asb. 76 ix 48; ina Murub₄-ti ekalli hatti ramanišu imgussuma in the middle of (his) palace fear befell him Lie Sar. 54:9, cf. Rost Tigl. III p. 16:97; note, wr. ina šà-ti KUR GN Scheil Tn. II 31.

- b) in EA, Nuzi: kuppātu buildings ina qa-bá-la-at eqlēti ša PN JEN 213:17, Wr. ina MURUB4-at JEN 231:7, MURUB4 JEN 587:7, qab-la-a-at JEN 268:10, qab-la-at JEN 323:13; 1 muballittu...ù nakû ša uqnû ina qá-ab-«uš»-la-tù-uš-šu one container for aromatics and a lapis lazuli nakû vessel in the middle of it EA 14 ii 9, cf. ibid. i 62 (list of gifts from Egypt).
- c) in NA: Mannaja ina qa-ab-si mātišu iktala the Mannean has held back (the horses) inside his land ABL 165 r. 5; ana šērudi akî qa-ab-si mātišu lušētiquniššu

qabāru qabbiru

ABL 1058 r. 8; lu ina harrāni lu ina qab-si māti either on the road or in the middle of the land Wiseman Treaties 199; ālāni . . . ga-ba-si mudabiri šunu the towns (into which we brought the pack animals) are in the middle of the desert Iraq 25 79 No. 70 r. 13; dūru . . . ina qab-si āli ittuqut the wall fell down in the middle of the city (opposite: EDIN $\bar{a}li$) Iraq 4 186:14, cf. qab-si āli ABL 175 r. 4, but wr. qa-bal-ti āli Ebeling Stiftungen 4:6; ina muhhi ša ina qab-si GN ašmûni as regards what I heard in the center of Calah ABL 211 r. 9, also ABL 766:8, 1042:8, ADD 102:4, 742:12, Iraq 25 96 BT.124:12, Thompson Rep. 217 r. 6, K.8016:13 (Asb.), cited Bauer Asb. 2 70 n. 1, wr. qa-ab-siADD 812:5 and 8, K.15309:3 (courtesy S. Parpola), Postgate Palace Archive 156:3, cf. ina qab-si bīt Aššur ABL 555:10; ina qa-ab-si ekalli ina pan šarri errab (the crown prince) will enter into the presence of the king inside the palace ABL 356 r. 3, see Parpola LAS No. 45.

d) in MB, NB: fD Qá-ab-la-at URU PBS 1/2 63:9 (MB let.); abattu . . . ultu qa-bal-ti āli išānimma (see abattu B usage a-2') BIN 1 32:16; ina qa-bal-ta āli GCCI 2 103:5; [x+]3 kirāti ina qa-bal-ti āli x palm groves inside the city AnOr 9 2:61, also VAS 1 35:12 (kudurru); eqelšunu ša MURUB4-tum āli BIN 1 101:8; GN ālu ša MURUB4-tú Purattu GN, a town which is in the middle of the Euphrates Grayson Chronicles No. 3:33, cf. GN ša ina MURUB4-tú fD marrat GN, which is in the middle of the sea ibid. No. 6:20 (all NB).

In AfO 8 22 v 13 read [K]I.BAL-tu-šú-nu, i.e., nabalkattušunu.

qabāru see qebēru.

qabassiu see qabaltiu.

qabassu see qabaltu.

*qabātu see $ab\bar{a}tu$ A discussion section. qabā'u see $qab\hat{u}$ A and v. qabbatu see qappatu.

qabbātu s.; (a prophetess); Mari*; cf. qabû v.

1 SAL qa-ba-[t]um ša $Da[gan] \dots k\bar{l}am$ $iqb\hat{e}m$ ARM 10 80:6.

Moran, Biblica 50 53; Renger, ZA 59 218ff.

qabbā'u s.; (an official); OB; cf. $qab\hat{u}$ v. ga.ab.dug₄.dug₄ = qa-ba- \hat{u} Izi V 127; [1] \hat{u} . KA.dug₄. $[dug_4]$ = [qa-ab-ba-u] Nabnitu IV 70.

ana sābîm u nuḥatimmim . . . ša u[pt]az= zarū...[ša LÚ gá-ab]-ba-HU-ú ana ekallim ubbalam u <ana> sābîm u nuḥatimmim ša ihalliqu pihatam ekallam ippalu for any tavern-keeper or cookshop operator who goes into hiding (and) whom (afterwards) the q brings to the palace, and for any tavern-keeper or cookshop operator who runs away, they are responsible to the palace Studies Landsberger 212:38; 1 rakbam $q\acute{a}-ab-ba-a[m]$ attard[am] $k\bar{i}ma$ issangūni[kk]unūš[im] aštapiram ša Lú $q\acute{a}-ab-ba-\acute{u}$ u[ka]llamu and rakbim . . . pi[qdama] I have sent a rakbu and a q., as soon as they have reached you, hand over to the rakbu the slaves whom the q. will point out (and let him bring them to Babylon) LIH 89:14 and 17, cf. LÚ $q\acute{a}$ $ab-ba-\dot{u}-u[m]$ $k\bar{\imath}am$ i\$pura[m]ana şibût ekallim ajītim balum SANGA.MEŠ DI.KUD.MEŠ Ú.TÚL.MEŠ ŠÀ.TAM.MEŠ $ar{e}rib$ bītim gudapsî u lú gá-ab-ba-hi-i bīt PN tepti[a] for what palace business did you open the House-of-the-Daughter-of-Šulgi without (the authorization of) the chief administrators, the judges, the herd overseers, the temple administrators, the erib $b\bar{\imath}ti$'s, the $gudaps\hat{u}$ priests, and the q.-s? LIH 83:32, cf. (in same context) [LÚ] $q\acute{a}$ ab-ba- μ U-u ibid. 14 (both letters of Abi-ešuh).

Goetze, Studies Landsberger 215.

qabbiru s.; (person associated with funerary rites); lex.*; cf. qebēru.

bar.šu.gál = šu, á.bi.gál = šu, qa-ab-bi-ru (preceded by išippu) Lu IV 48 ff., cf. a.bi.gal, ty.dinanna OB Proto-Lu 253 f., see MSL 12 70.

qabhu

qablītu

qabhu s.; (a container); NA.*

qa-ab-hu UD.KA.BAR (preceded by $\delta \bar{a}hu$) Practical Vocabulary Assur 452.

1 qa-ab-hu URUDU Postgate Palace Archive 155 iii 11 (see photograph ibid. pl. 91a).

qābiānu s.; speaker of a particular utterance; OA(?), NA; cf. qabû v.

šumma qa-bi-a-nu ša abutu annītu iqbâkkanuni turammāšuni (you swear) that you will not let the speaker go free who said such words to you (inciting rebellion) Wiseman Treaties 347.

Formed like $n\bar{a}din\bar{a}nu$, $m\bar{a}hir\bar{a}nu$, etc., $q\bar{a}bi\bar{a}nu$ identifies the speaker of the utterance just cited. It is uncertain whether the OA personal name A- $\hat{s}\hat{u}r$ - $q\hat{a}$ - bi_4 -a-ma Tum 1 4a:5 and 6 is to be interpreted as $A\hat{s}\hat{s}ur$ - $q\bar{a}bi\bar{a}n$ -ma (so Hirsch Untersuchungen p. 9), or as $A\hat{s}\hat{s}ur$ -qabiam-ma O- $A\hat{s}$ sur-It-Has-Been-Said-to-Me.

**qābiš (AHw. 886b) In Iraq 15 153 ND 3474:11f. the copy is inaccurate (text unavailable for collation); an adverb such as šūpiš or the like is expected.

qabītu in la qabītu s.; not to be spoken; SB*; ef. qabû v.

lú dug₄.dug₄.ga nu.me.a im.ri.a.šè mu. un.šub.ba : *ša la qá-bi-tum el aḥi inaddû* who lays malign charges against (his) brother Lambert BWL 119:9 f.

nullâtu = la qa-bi-tú LTBA 2 2:408 and dupl. 3 vi 4; nullâtu, magrītu, taš-ši-tum = la qa-bi-[tum] An IX 103 ff.; INIM.NU.GAR.RA // la qa-b[i-tú //] nullâtu Šurpu p. 51:44.

la naṭūtu ēpuš la šalimtu ina pīja iššakin la qa(var. qá)-bi-ta ušanni I did improper things, untoward words were in my mouth, I repeated what was not to be said JNES 15 142:54, cf. [la n]aṭūta ēpuš la šalimtu aqbi [la qa-bi-t]a ušanni la šalimtu ina pīja iššakin KAR 39 r. 23, see Lambert, JNES 33 280:126; note (ša) ana anna ulla iqbû ana ulla anna iqbû who said "no"

for "yes," said "yes" for "no" Šurpu II 6, with comm.: $m\bar{a}$ ana qa-bi-ti la qa-bi-tu iqtabi $[m\bar{a}$ ana l]a qa-b[i-ti] qa-bi-tu iqtabi Šurpu p. 51:41 f.

qābītu s.; one who commands; NA*; cf. qabû v.

anāku šī qa-bi-tu ēpissu I (Ištar) am she who commands, she who acts Langdon Tammuz pl. 2 ii 18 (oracles).

qabla adv.; in the middle; OA, OB; cf. qablu A.

1 GUD ša warka 1 GUD ša qá-ab-la alpī kilallēn lutukma examine both oxen, an ox for the rear and an ox for the middle (of the team) RA 30 99:7 (OB let.); mannum i-qá-áb-lá-ma lishurši BIN 4 47:13 (OA).

qablānu adv.; in the midst; OAkk.*; cf. qablu A.

AM in qab_x(DA)-lá-ni Tibar šaduim šûma ušamqissu he personally killed an aurochs in the inmost region of the Tibar mountain (and made a statue of it) RA 8 200 i 10 (Narām-Sin), see Sollberger, RA 64 173.

Formation parallel to $el\bar{e}nu(m)$, $\&apl\bar{a}=nu(m)$, etc.

qablītu s.; 1. middle part, inner part, 2. middle watch of the night, 3. interval between the second and the fifth strings of a harp, 4. (a container), 5. (a garment), 6. (an object), 7. (uncert. mng.); from OA, OB on; stat. const. qabliat (OB), qablēt (Mari), qablīt, pl. qabliātu, qablātu; wr. syll. and MURUB₄ with phon. complements; cf. qablu A.

[en].nu.un.[murub₄] = [q] \dot{a} -ab-[li]-tum Proto-Izi I Bil. iv 21; en.nun.murub₄.ba = qab-li-tum (between barārītu and šaturru) Antagal C 34, also (in same context) Igituh short version 119, Igituh I 419, Lu Excerpt II 89; ab.sín. murub₄.ba = $q\dot{a}$ -ab-l[i-tum] Kagal F 80.

1. middle part, inner part – a) of the body: ištu qa-ab-li-ti-š[u adi ša]pliš ul

qablītu qablītu

ibašši from his middle on down there was nothing (left of the child's body) ARM 643:14.

- b) of parts of the body: summa umşatum ina qá-ab-li-a-at qātišu ša [imittim/šu=mēlim GAR] if there is a mole in the middle of his right/left hand YOS 10 54 r. 4f. (OB physiogn.); ana idi ša MURUB₄-ti GÍD.DA-ma (that means) that (his lips) are long toward the direction of the middle (?) (explanation of šapat şibāri šakin) Kraus Texte 12c iii 9.
- c) of the exta: šumma kak imittim ina qá-[ab-l]i-a-at martim šakinma if the right "weapon-mark" is situated in the middle of the gall bladder YOS 10 46 i 4, also ibid. i 16, ii 4, 7, (with qablītu in the apod., see mng. 2) ibid. i 29, also ina qá-ab-li-a-at amūtim ibid. ii 50, cf. šumma TI.BI šumēlim ina qá-ab-li-at martim šakimma RA 27 142:29 and 36; $\S umma \land \S (= \S \bar{e}pum) \ q[a]-ab-li-[at]$ martim kašdat YOS 10 44:22: šumma ubā= num ina qá-ab-li-ti-i-šu ekmet "finger" (of the liver) is stunted in its(!) middle YOS 10 33 iii 52, cf. ana qá-ab-li-at ubānim ibid. v 6; šumma ina MURUB₄-at naplastim . . . kakkum šakinma if there is a "weapon-mark" in the middle (parallel: $r\bar{e}$ and i δdu) of the naplastu YOS 10 15:1, 7, also 15, šumma ina Murub₄-at naplasti imittim šīlum nadi RA 44 43 (= pl. 3):4, 14, 20f., parallel, wr. $q\acute{a}$ -ab-li-at YOS 10 17:50, 54, and 69; *šumma* (naplastum) ina qá-ab-li-a-ti-ša ipţur (parallel: išissa) RA 44 42 (= pl. 2):40; *šumma* zi . . . *ina* qá-ab-li-ti-ša adi išdiša sīqat if the rib is narrow from its middle to its bottom YOS 1045:56f., also ibid. 71 and 73, 31f., šumma zi appaša u išissa tisbutma qá-ab-li-<a>tu-ša bēša if the tip and the base of the rib are attached, but its middle parts are apart ibid. 59 (all OB ext.); šumma ullānu (GAB) qab-li-ti patir if from the first the ... of the middle part is split(?) CT 28 45 r. 2; šumma murub₄-tum išissa uššur if the bottom of the middle part is loose(?) (parallel: *elītu*) PRT 21 r. 15, also r. 10, 20

- r. 8, cf. ibid. 12 r. 14, 16 r. 16 ff., 26 r. 14, Knudtzon Gebete 116 r. 20; MURUB₄.MEŠ sarrātu birētu niphāti the middle parts signify lies, the central areas, inconclusive (omens) CT 20 44 i 52 (all SB ext.).
- d) of oil and incense used in divination: šumma KU . . . imittašu u šumēššu šalimma qá-ab-la-tu-[š]u ķepā if the right and the left of the incense is intact, but its middle part is broken up Or. NS 32 383:8 (OB incense omens); ana qá-ab-li-a-at šamnim mê ina nadîka when you pour water into the middle of the oil CT 5 6:59f.; šumma ištu qá-ab-li-a-at ummatim šulmum ipturamma if a bubble separates from the center part of the oil mass ibid. 57, cf. ibid. 56, and passim in this text; šumma ina qá-ab-li-at šamnim tatturū 2 YOS 10 57:5f. (all OB oil omens).
- e) of topographical entities, etc.: šum: ma ina murub₄ nīri kakkabum sāmum šakin«ma» ina murub₄-at ālim išātum innappah if there is a red star in the middle of the "yoke," a fire will be kindled in the middle of the city (between ina ahiat ālim and ina libbi ālim) 42 iv 33 f. (OB ext.); $a \check{s} r \bar{a} n u m \ q a - a b - l e - e t$ mātim u Hanû kalušu ašrānumma pahir the middle part of the country is there and in that very place all the Haneans are gathered ARM 1 37:34; x land qá-ab-li-a-at [. . .] YOS 8 91:2; ana buz= zu'im ina qá-ab-li-[a]-at gagîm tattad: nanni you have exposed me to pressure in the midst of the gagû Kraus AbB 1 138:26; ina qa-ab-le-et būlim (in broken ARM 6 27:10; *šumma* DINGIR context) GAL ina qab-la-ti-šú [...] (parallel: ina tāmartišu, ina la minâ[tišu]) K.2123 ii 9' (Jupiter omens); see also (referring to a furrow) Kagal F 80, in lex. section; qáab-li-tum(text -DAM) ana še'im ú [SAG] ana šamnim inneppeš the center part (of the field) should be worked for barley, and the upper part for oil Kienast Kisurra 178:40.

qablītu qablītu

f) of a chariot: GIŠ.GIGIR šû ina qa-ab-li-ti-šu iššebir this chariot (that the king gave me) broke in the middle ARM 5 66:10.

- g) of a journey: assurri alpum sû ina qa-ab-le-et girrim ihâs I am afraid this ox will become sick in the middle of the journey ARM 14 5:15, also ibid. 6:21, cf. RA 66 128:21 (Mari let.).
- h) of the zone in which the moon moves: $3 \text{ KAS GIN-}ma \text{ MURUB}_4\text{-}t\acute{u}$ (the moon) moves three $b\bar{e}ru$ and (reaches) the middle (i.e., nodal) zone JCS 21 201:1, and passim in this text; 2,24 MURUB₄-ti qaqqar kisari 2,24 (from the) middle zone is the area of the change (of differences) (referring to the latitude of the moon) Neugebauer ACT 200 i 20, cf. $libb\mathring{u}$ ša MURUB₄- $t\mathring{u}$ takaššad until you reach the middle zone ibid. 21, cf. [kisi]r MURUB₄ ibid. 33.
- 2. middle watch of the night: ina qaab-li-tim ša mūšim [idbu]bamma he talked to me in the middle watch of the night ARM 10 91 r. 5; ina qá-ab-li-tim nakram tasakkip you will overthrow the enemy in the middle watch YOS 10 46 i 32 (OB ext.); [ina] qab-li-ti šittašu uqatti during the middle watch he ended his sleep Gilg. V iii 8; this dream ša ina barārti gab-li-ti šāt ur[ri ibbabla] which was brought to me during the evening watch, the middle watch, or the morning watch Dream-book 340 K.8583:12, also ibid. 5, for other refs. see barārītu usage b; if a ghost ina EN. NUN.MURUB₄.BA *ištanassi* keeps crying out during the middle watch CT 38 26:37 (SB Alu); if fire breaks out in a house ina EN.NUN.MURUB₄.BA KAR 212 iii 47; if his illness keeps attacking him EN.NUN.MURUB₄.BA Labat TDP 160:32, cf. ibid. 104 iii 24, ina UD.7.KAM adi EN.NUN. MURUB₄.BA ibid. 166:98; two shooting stars ina EN.NUN.MURUB₄.BA . . . işşarru flashed in the middle watch Thompson Rep. 202 r. 2; namtallî qá-ab-li-tim eclipse

during the middle watch YOS 10 17:50, RA 44 43:6, also KAR 366 r. 3, Wr. MURUB₄-ti ACh Sin 3:18; ina EN.NUN.MURUB₄ Sin attalâ ištakan the moon underwent an eclipse during the middle watch 137:7 (NB), cf. (the sun) [attalâ] ina EN. NU.UN.MURUB₄.BA GAR-an KUB 4 64:10ff., cf. also ACh Sin 25:19, 54, 71, Labat Calendrier § 72:1: $Sin \dots ina MURUB_4(\text{text } i-\delta \hat{a})-ti$. . . attalâ la išakkanu will the moon not undergo an eclipse during the middle watch? AfO 11 361:12 (tamītu); if Jupiter ina EN.NUN.MURUB₄.BA . . . nibṭam iddi (see nibţu) ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 57:8; NUN.AN.USÁN MURUB4-te NU ŠE the evening and the middle watch are unfavorable KAR 177 iii 38 (hemer.).

- 3. interval between the second and the fifth strings of a harp: summa sammûm isart[umma] qá-ab-li-ta-am <la zakûtam> talpu[t] if the harp is (tuned in) the isartu mode, and you play the unclear qablītu interval Iraq 30 230 right col. 14, see Kümmel, Or. NS 39 256; [irātu] ša MURUB4-te—irtu songs (to be played) in the qablītu tuning KAR 158 viii 51; SA MURUB4-tu Studies Landsberger 266:5 and 19, cf. SA titur MURUB4-tum ibid. 6 (MB), wr. kab-li-te (in Hurrian texts) Ugaritica 5 463 RS 15.30+:5 and 473 RS 19.164c:8.
- 4. (a container, OA only): $q\acute{a}-\acute{a}b-li$ tám sí(or sí)-ra-am u itauram . . . šēbilam send me a q., a, and a ladle CCT 4 19b:14, also ibid. 7; $b\bar{\imath}tka\ u\ q\acute{a}-\acute{a}b-li-a-t\grave{u}-k\grave{a}$ šassurma your house and your q.-s are well guarded KTS 3c:18; 2 MA.NA ana igr[i] $q\acute{a}-\acute{a}b-li-a-t\acute{i}-k\grave{a}$... addin I paid two minas as rent for your q.-s TCL 20 107:13, cf. ibid. 25; qá-áb-li-tám uhhuztam ... $q\acute{a}-\acute{a}b-li-t\acute{a}m$ šēsiani redeem the q., the mounted q. (taken as pledge) kowska KTK 19:27 and 31 (= Golénischeff 20), cf. (in broken context) TCL 19 49:32; as= šabīšu gá-áb-li-a-tum ša kaspim 90:9, also $q\acute{a}-\acute{a}b-li-a-tum \ \emph{s}a \ wer \ \emph{im}$ ibid. 11; mu-ri-i qá-áb-li-tim mammana ula ibši

qablītu qablu A

there was nobody who would bring the q. I 502:24, cited Matouš, ArOr 42 171 s.v. qablītum, for other occs. with arû see arû A mng. 1b-2'; $4 q\acute{a}-\acute{a}b-li-a-\lceil tum\rceil$ ša 1 MA.NA.TA 3 ša ½ MA.NA.TA 2 ša 10 gfn.TA [ištēniš] 9 four q.-s (weighing?) one mina each, three (weighing) one-half mina each, two ten shekels each, all together nine TuM 1 16f:1, cf. 2 $q\acute{a}$ - $\acute{a}b$ -li-a- $tum ša <math>\frac{1}{2}$ MA.NA.TA unpub. OA text cited Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 197 n. 316; one millstone u 6 qá-áb-li-a-tim u 2 zamalātim KTS 47c:18; qá-áb-li-tám ... liddinakkuššima ana bīt ubrini din let him give you a q, and give it to our guest house Hecker Giessen 44:19; lu tuppū . . . lu tahsisātum ša atta tukalluni lu gá-

- 5. (a garment): $1 q\acute{a}$ -ab-li-tu ša šipātim one q. made of wool VAS 9 221:5 (OB); 1 TÚG MURUB_4 -tum (in list of garments for gods) Cyr. 241:4, 10, 18; 1-en TÚG MURUB₄-t[um . . .] YOS 1 37:18 (NB kudurru).
- 6. (an object): 1 qá-ab-li-it irti one q. for the breast CT 48 41 r. 3, cf. 2 qa-ab-la-tum ša irtim UCP 10 110 No. 35:10; 3 GÍN [x] qá-ab-li-a-tum three shekels for x q.-s (expense account) CT 45 21:17; 1 qá-ab-li-tu[m] (in list of household objects) PBS 8/2 191:5; ^fPN kar-ba-sà hapiat qá-ab-li-it-sà šebret (see karpatu mng. 1b) CT 48 49:3; [x GIŠ] ni-ru ša qá-ab-li-tum BE 6/2 137:19 (all OB); URUDU.MEŠ . . . ša imassûni GIŠ qab-li-tú ina panīšu . . . attaharšuma ABL 867 r. 8 (NA).
- 7. (uncert. mng.): if between partners one wants to sell his share and the other wants to buy (it) qá-ab-li(var. -NE)-it šanîm umalla he may match any outsider's offer Goetze LE § 38 A iii 24, B iii 9, cf. as for the ox I mentioned to you, I rented a field but eqlum eli aḥija kabit KA-ab-li-it šanîm lumalli the field is beyond my capacity (to work), let me match the outsider's offer (for it) CT 29 9b:12 (OB).

Ad mng. 3: Kümmel, Or. NS 39 252ff.; Güterbock, RA 64 45ff. Ad mng. 4: Garelli, RA 58 127f.

qabliu see qablû.

qablu A s.; 1. middle, center, middle part, 2. hips, loins, waist, 3. trunk (of a date palm), 4. belt, 5. nīd qabli (a mode of tuning); from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and MURUB₄; cf. qabaltiu, qabaltu, qabla, qablānu, qablītu, qablû.

mu-ru Murub₄ = qab-lum S^b II 86, cf. A III/3:216; mu-ur Murub₄ = qab-lum Ea III 174; ib fb = qab-lum S^b II 157; i-ib fb = qab-lu Idu I 101; ur úr = qab-lum A VII/2:133; ša-ab šab = qab-lu, qa-ab-la-ta-an Diri V 73a-74.

kuš.murub₄.e.sír = $q\acute{a}$ -ab-lu Hh. XI 129; kuš.murub₄.[nig] = [qa-bal MIN (= kalbati)], kuš.murub₄.h [ar.nig] = [MIN si-mir MIN] ibid. 212 f.; [udu.í] b.gig = šá qab-lu (var. qa-ba-[al- $s\acute{u}$]) mah-ha (error for marsu) Hh. XIII 42.

 $murub_4$. mè.ka gub.ba.mu.[dè]: ina qábal tāḥazi ina uzuz[zija] when I stand in the midst of battle SBH p. 105 No. 56:25 f.; for another bil. ref. see mng. 1 f.

gidim.hul íb.bi mu.un.na.te : etemmu lemnu ana qab-li-sú ittehi the evil spirit approached his hips CT 17 9 viii 9f., also 4R 29 No. 2:9f.; for other bil. refs. with íb see mngs. 1c, 2a.

šab.kur.ra.ke_x(KID) gù ù.ba.ni.in.[dé]: ina qá-bal šadî ašassi I shout in the midst of the mountains ASKT p. 127:43f.

ši-ib-bu, ha-an-ṣa-tú, sa-gu-u = qab-[lum] Malku VIII 150 ff.; in $q\acute{a}$ -bal = iš-t[u \bar{u} m] Malku III 90.

MURUB₄ # # # # # # AO 3555 r. 25 (comm.); # # # # VIII/2:245).

 $u_4.da = ina \ q\acute{a}-bal \ NBGT \ I \ 319; \ u_4.ta = i-na \ q\acute{a}-bal \ NBGT \ II \ 26, \ IX \ 281.$

1. middle, center, middle part — a) of localities, cities, buildings, groups of people — 1' of localities (mountain, sea, river): travel expenses ištu qá-áb-li šaduim . . . adi GN from the midst of the mountain as far as GN CCT 6 40b:1 (OA); GN ša MURUB4 KUR Kašijari GN, which lies in the middle of the Kašiari mountains AKA 135 iii 16 (Tigl. I), cf. GN ša qabal šadî AfO 20 90:38 (Senn.); kî ša ana Bābili īterba MURUB4 ša mātāti iktabas (see kabāsu mng. 2a) ABL 588:12 (NB let.), cf. šumma attunu . . . kî MURUB4 (var.

qa-bal) māti ašbāka[nuni] Wiseman Treaties 181; the king knows kî GN ina MURUB₄ māt Akkadî šû that Ur is in the middle ABL 1241:18, see Dietrich of Babylonia Aramäer 200:20; GN ša ina MURUB₄ GN₂ Rost Tigl. III p. 32:184; nakru [ina] MURUB₄ mātika nāra iherri the enemy will dig a canal in the middle of your country CT 30 20 Rm. 273+ :22 (SB ext.); GN ša MURUB4 Puratte Sapirata which lies in the middle of the Euphrates AfO 18 351:41 (Tigl. I), also (with sali) Scheil Tn. II 66, also ibid. 68f., AKA 350 iii 16 (Asn.); if water ina MURUB4 nāri ittanahhis always recedes in the middle of the river CT 39 16:47, cf. ibid. 49 and 20:135 (SB Alu); ana mēni kî elippe ina MURUB₄ nāre nadâki why are you adrift in the middle of a river like a boat? BA 2 634:1 (NA lit.); nāhira . . . ina qa-bal tâmti $lu\ ad\bar{u}k\ (\text{see }n\bar{a}hiru\ \text{mng.}\ 1)\ \text{AfO}\ 18\ 344:25$ (Tigl. I); tāḥaza dannu ina MURUB₄ tâmdi lu ēpuš I fought a heavy battle in the middle of the sea 3R 8 ii 77, ina elippēti arkab adi murub₄ tâmdi allik riding in boats I went to the middle of the sea WO 1 464:33 (both Shalm. III); GN ša MURUB4 tâmti AKA 373 iii 87 (Asn.), cf. Borger Esarh. 86 § 57:7; šar Dilmun ša mālak 30 bēr ina MURUB₄ tâmti... narbaşu šitkunuma the king of Dilmun whose lair is situated at a distance of thirty beru in the middle of the sea Lyon Sar. 14:35, also ibid. 28, and passim in Sar.; ina MURUB4 tâmti rūqiš far away in the middle of the sea (they heard of my deeds) Winckler Sar. pl. 35:148; mat Jatnana MURUB₄ tâmti Borger Esarh. 60 v 72; $\bar{a}\dot{s}ib$ MURUB₄ $t\hat{a}mti$ (RN) who lives in the middle of the sea Streck Asb. 16 ii 50; šar: rāni ša ahi tâmti murub₄ tâmti u nābali kings from the seashore, from the middle of the sea, and from the mainland ibid. 8 i 69; Jamnaja ša MURUB₄ tâmti . . . kīma nūni abārma I caught the Ionians from the middle of the sea like fish Winckler Sar. pl. 57:15, Lyon Sar. 4:21, and passim in Sar.; ana rūqte qa-bal (var. MURUB₄) tâmti innabit he fled far away to the middle of the sea OIP 2 29 ii 40, cf. ibid. 71:35, 35 iii 65

(Senn.), Borger Esarh. 48 ii 72, cf. also qab-li ta-an-ti (in broken context) Iraq 25 76 (pl. 13) No. 69:12 (NA let.); qab-lu-uš tâmatu ni-su-[...] AfO 19 56:42 (SB prayer).

of cities: [ša] ... ina qa-bal āli ištaknuni (a building) which was situated in the middle of the city AOB 1 42 No. 3:18 (Aššur-uballit I); ina MURUB4 ālišu ušezziz I had (my royal stela) erected in the middle of his city WO 1 470:45 (Shalm. III); DINGIR.IMIN.BI ša MURUB₄ āli Frankena Tākultu 124:117; šumma sērū itgurūtu ina Murub₄ āli izzaqpuma CT 39 33:46, for other refs. see zaqāpu A mng. 5a; MURUB₄ āli illammi TCL 6 4 r. 11; šumma uppū ina MURUB₄ āli puttû CT 39 32:25, CT 38 7:10 (all SB Alu); $b\bar{\imath}tu$ ep&u . . . &aqa-bal $\bar{a}li$ plot with house inside the city KAJ 174:3, É l ANŠE ina MURUB₄ āli ADD 425:10; $ekal \text{ MURUB}_4 \ \bar{a}li \text{ ADD 953 i 16};$ PN šakinti ša uru murub₄ uru ADD 232:7, also ADD 242:7, and passim; $k\hat{\imath}$ šir $k\bar{u}$ ana maşşartu ša qab-lu āli iddekû if the širku's are summoned for service inside the city BIN 1 169:21 (NB let.); rent for a house ina kāri Sippar u MURUB₄ āli Nbn. 234:9, also 201:1; a field ša ina Uruk ina MURUB₄ āli TCL 12 32:6; kaspu ana uţţati u suluppī ina Murub, āli idinma YOS 3 69:17 (all NB); MURUB₄ āli ša Ninua (the palace) in the center of Nineveh OIP 2 128:36 (Senn.), chained with a dog ušan= şiršu KÁ.GAL MURUB₄ Ninua Streck Asb. 66 viii 13, cf. ibid. 80 ix 109, see also abullu mng. 1b; note in OAkk.: qáb-li Agade Sumer 32 72 iii 3.

3' of buildings: RN ina qa-bal ekallišu qātī lu ikšussu I captured RN in the center of his palace KAH 2 83:12, cf. ina MURUB4 ekallišu ušērissu ibid. 84:57 (both Adn. II); (a stela) ina MURUB4 ekallišu ušazziz I erected in the center of his palace AKA 288 i 98 (Asn.), cf. šumma zarīqu ina qa-bal ekalli šip[ra] ana epāše AfO 17 288:111 (MA harem edicts); šumma amēlu ina MURUB4 bītišu būrta ipte if a man opens a well in the middle of his house KAR 407 ii 10 (Alu

catalog); if fungus appears ina MURUB4 bīt amēli CT 38 19:19; šumma parakku ina MURUB₄ bīt amēli šakin CT 40 3:54; ina lumun şēri ša . . . ana murub₄ bītija imquta in case of evil portended by a snake which fell into the middle of my house KAR 388:5, also 6 (all SB Alu); ina MURUB₄ bīti . . . tetemmir you bury (the figurines) in the center of the house KAR 298:20, also ibid. r. 12, cf. r. 27, ina MURUB4 tarbaşi ibid. r. 5; [...] ina MURUB4 É tušettaq you pass [the censer] along in the center of the house Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 10:4 (NA rit.); qa-bal $b\bar{\imath}ti$ (in description of a plot) AfO 20 121 VAT 8923:1 (MA); šumma mê tarbaşi ana Murub4 tarbaşi iškun if he directs the water in a corral to the middle of the corral CT 38 13:99.

- 4' of other localities: ina MURUB₄ ugārimma ABL 910 r. 6 (NA), cf. ina qa-bal māna[hāti] Gilg. VI 77; ina MURUB₄ karāsiša (in broken context) Rost Tigl. III p. 80:24; ina MURUB₄ sūqi CT 38 18 K.4076:3.
- 5' of groups of people: ša ina MURUB₄ ummānišu ihliq (RN) who perished in the midst of his troops TCL 6 3 r. 28, cf. ina MURUB₄ nakrikunu Wiseman Treaties 614; if a snake ana MURUB₄ puḥri imqut falls into the middle of an assembly CT 38 33:14, cf. ana MURUB₄ muti u aššati imqut ibid. 13, KAR 386:27f. (both SB Alu); [...] ša zikaru u sin[niš] ina MURUB₄ tušakmas: sunūte (quote from a rit.) ABL 12 r. 4 (NA).
- b) of the sky, of constellations: šumma ašqulālu ištu šamê ina MURUB4 šamê šuqallul (see ašqulālu mng. 1) CT 39 32:24 (SB Alu); kakkab Marduk... ina MURUB4 šamê GUB-ma Nēberu when the star of Marduk stands in the middle of the sky (it is called) Nēberu Thompson Rep. 94 r. 1; if a star flashes from west to east and ina MURUB4 šamê irbi sets in the middle of the sky K.8280:13, and passim; šumma Sin ina IGI.LÁ-šú MURUB4 šamê ikšud ACh Sin 3:16; šumma Adad ina MURUB4 MUL is lê rigimšu iddi if it thunders in the middle

of the Jaw of the Bull (i.e., the Hyades) ABL 1426 r. 1, cf. Thompson Rep. 254:5, 7, ina MURUB₄ šamê ACh Adad 19:52, and passim in ACh Adad 12-15; if Jupiter [ana M]URUB4 MUL.GÍR.TAB iktašad reaches the middle of Scorpius (between the head and the tail of Scorpius) BM 46236:20; šumma bibbu ina MURUBA MUL.MUL izziz if a planet stands in the middle of the Pleiades (preceded by ina šà MUL.MUL) 1554 r. 5, dupl. ZA 52 250:83, also 244:40; MURUB₄ MUL.KU₆ Hunger Uruk 95:8, cf. ibid. 2, 10; šumma bibbu ina MURUB₄ tīb šāri i-r[u-ub] if a planet sets(?) in the middle of the direction in which the wind blows Thompson Rep. 235:11, cf. UL.UDU.IDIM ina MURUB₄ ZI IM TU [...] K.6134:6, also K.6449:11, etc.

- c) of the body and parts of the body 1' of the body: ithēma bēlu qab-lu-uš Tiāwati ibarri the lord (Marduk) approached to inspect Tiāmat's interior En. el. IV 65.
- 2' of parts of the human body: *šumma* amēlu murub₄ muhhišu u sag.ki.meš-šú TAG. TAG-šú if the middle of a man's skull and his forehead are affected AMT 54,2 r. 1 (subscript), cf. Labat TDP 18:13, KAR 22 r. 14; KI.TA muhhišu u MURUB₄ muhhišu tapaššašma you salve the base and the middle of his skull AMT 103 ii 22, also AMT 104 iii 37; šumma amēlu MURUB₄ qaqqadišu uzaggassu if the middle of a man's head hurts him CT 23 50 r. 5; šumma šārat [MU]RUB4 qaqqadišu qurrudat if the hair of the middle of his head is thinning Kraus Texte 3b iii 20; if a mole MURUB₄ qaqqadi šakin lies on the left, variant: in the middle of the head ibid. 36 i 3, cf. ina zitti MURUB₄ KA on the dividing line in the middle of the nose ibid. ii 3, cf. also ibid 12b iii 12; if a mole lies ina qá-ba-al qāti awīlim YOS 10 55 r. 4f., cf. MURUB₄ qātiša ša šumēli Labat síg sal.la sal.šu.gi ina TDP 212:8; MURUB₄ KA-*šú tašakkan* Küchler Beitr. pl. 11 iii 48, 9 ii 53; MURUB4 naglabēšu uhammassu

(if) the middle of his shoulders gives him burning pains AMT 45,6:9.

- 3' of parts of the animal body: iṣṣūru šā MURUB₄ gulgullišu peṣūma a bird the center of whose skull is white CT 40 49:29 (SB Alu); a black goat íb.gaba.bi [...] x.e: šá qab-la [...]-hu CT 17 9:23f.
- d) of parts of the exta 1' in the dual: §umma martum . . . qá-ab-la-a-§a nasha if the middle of the gall bladder is "torn out" YOS 10 31 v 22, vi 19, cf. ibid. iii 2, 51, iv 20; §umma naplastum qá-ab-la-§a pašţa ibid. 17:65; [kak] imittim . . . [q]á-ab-la-§u pal§a ibid. 46 iii 56 (all OB); §umma MURUB4 manzāzi pašţa PRT 16 r. 14, KAR 423 i 48, and passim.
- in the sing.: summa martum ina qá-ab-li-ša tarkat if the gall bladder is dark in the middle YOS 10 31 xii 42, cf. ibid. v 32, xii 15, xiii 23 (OB); šumma martu ina MURUB₄-šá eliš dakšat if the gall bladder is severed in its center part above TCL 6 šumma murub₄ marti šāra mali CT 30 15 K.3841:20; šumma šulmu ina MURUB₄ marti šakin KAR 423 ii 50; šumma ina MURUB₄ marti DI-hu nadīma TCL 6 2 r. 1, cf. TCL 6 4:3, CT 30 36 K.10435:13, and passim in SB ext.; ina MURUB₄ mazzāzim YOS 10 63:13 (OB); šumma ina MURUB₄ manzāzi kakku iprik Boissier DA 17 iv 32, see Boissier Choix 210 n. 538; šumma MURUB4 manzāzi paţir CT 20 44 i 63, šumma ina MURUB₄ šumēl manzāzi kakku šakinma CT 31 19:17, and passim in SB ext.; [summa danān]u ina qá-ab-li-šu pališ if the danānu is pierced through its center RA 38 81 r. 5, also (said of the tallu) YOS 10 42 iii 27 (both OB); šumma MURUB₄ danāni kabis KAR 423 ii 30; šumma MURUB₄ padāni kabis ibid. 5, šumma MURUB₄ padāni pašit CT 20 11 K.6724:24, and passim referring to pa: šumma ubānum ina gá-ab-li-i-ša harrat YOS 10 33 ii 55, also iii 6 (OB); šumma ina MURUB, nīri šēpu šaknat if there is a "foot-mark" in the middle of the "voke"
- KAR 454 r. 10, cf. KAR 151:19, 23, 28, CT 28 49 K.3760 r. 3ff.; šumma amūtu...ina MURUB₄šá martu šaknat CT 30 9:12 (all SB); [šumma ... iš]-tu(?) MURUB₄ ruggi šēpu itbēma RA 44 16:5; šumma ina MURUB₄ qerbī MI+IB.HI nadi if there is a in the middle of the intestines RA 65 74:66ff. (both OB); šumma ina MURUB4 hašî ša imitti šīlu nadi if there is a hole in the middle of the right lung KAR 151 r. 16; *šumma* ina murub₄ şēr imitti ubāni kakku šakinma if there is a "weapon-mark" in the middle of the right "back" of the "finger" (of the lung) CT 31 20 r. 15, also BRM 4 12:42, CT 31 16:13, VAB 4 268 ii 29 (Nbn.); note ina $MURUB_4-\check{s}\acute{u}$ KAR (= ekim) (with explanation) KAR ekēmu e[tēru . . .] ina mešlišu ețir $k\bar{\imath}ma$ iq $[b\hat{u}]$ CT 31 44 r.(!) i 10 (all SB).
- of objects: GIŠ.KAK.MEŠ mê ina MURUB₄-šá lu amhassi (see mahāsu mng. 1f-1') Gilg. XI 63; ana qab-li ša eriqqi AfO 20 94:98 (Senn.); if there is a hole ina MURUB₄ erši in the middle of a bed CT ittamir ka suhuš u 40 20:21 (SB Alu); MURUB₄ hurāsa tuhhaza (see ittamir) TCL 6 49:8 (rit.), cf. (a rhyton?) MURUB₄-šu KÙ.GI şabit HSS 14 105:25 (= RA 36 155), cf. ibid. 31; 1 kilīl pugutti $q\acute{a}$ -ba-al- $\acute{s}u$ [...] PBS 13 80:10 (MB inv.); 1 maninnu . . . ša murub₄-šu uqnî šadî hurāşa uhhuz (see maninnu) EA 19:81, also EA 22 ii 7, EA 25 i 40, and passim said of precious objects in these two texts; you tie 14 knots (in the string) NA₄.AD.BAR ina MURUB4 tarakkas you tie a basalt bead in the middle Köcher BAM 237 i 23, cf. UD.SAR ina MURUB₄ tašakkak ibid. 194 iv 1.
- f) of time spans, events: mu.e.ne murub₄.bi.ta a.Ru mu murub₄.bi.t [a...]: Mu ina qab-li-šá i-ma-qut ina MURUB₄ M[U...] the year will.... in its middle, in the middle of the year [...] K.2241:21 and 23 (bil. astrol.); mušahlū ūmu mušērid anqullu ana erseti qab-lu ūme (see anqullu usage a) Lambert BWL 136:178 (hymn to Šamaš); ina MURUB₄ ūmi at midday ACh Šamaš 19:5, Adad 6:8, 23:3;

ina qa-bal műši attašamma I sat down in the middle of the night EA 29:85 and 57 (let. of Tušratta); I lit torches for you ina qa-bal mušīti in the middle of the night AfO 14 142:41 (bit mesiri); they did battle ina qa-bal mūši Ugaritica 5 20 r. 6 (let.); $[in]a \ q\acute{a}-ba-al \ er\bar{e}\check{s}im \ [an]a \ GN \ [t]al=$ lakanim will you (pl.) come to Babylon in the middle of seeding time? LIH 105:17, see Frankena, AbB 2 78, cf. ina qá-ba-al **ŠE.KIN.KUD** TIM 2 152:32 (both OB letters); i-qá-áb-li harrānim ula igabbi he must not say (as follows) during the business trip CCT 1 10a:5, cf. i-qá-ba-al harrānim TCL 21 265:6 (both OA); I destroyed them ina MURUB4 girrimma during the campaign Rost Tigl. III p. 30:172; ina MURUB₄ tidūkimma in the midst of the fight Rost Tigl. III p. 12:65, cf. Grayson Chronicles No. 21:5, I captured them alive ina MURUB4 tam: *hāri* in the midst of battle OIP 2 32 iii 5, 46 vi 18, and passim in Senn., also Streck Asb. 74 ix 21, 88 x 90, etc., cf. $ni\check{s}\bar{e}$ RN ultuMURUB₄ tamhāri innabtunimma people of Tammaritu fled from the midst of battle AfO 8 198:30 (Asb.).

- g) other occ.: (uncert.) šumma šamnum qá-ab-li-šu id-ku(text -lu)-uš-ma CT 5 6:71 (OB), see Pettinato Ölwahrsagung 2 24.
- hips, loins, waist -a) of human beings or gods - 1' in gen.: see Diri V, in lex. section; mur₇.gú ti.ti íb háš. gal sa.sal lú.bi.ke_x(KID) u.me.ni. ùr.ùr: būdi pāndi qab-li šapūla šašalli ša amēli šuātu mušše'ma rub the shoulders, chest, hips, groin, (and) back of that man AfO 23 43 Section IV 9f. (fire inc.); Enkidu fell into the pit made by the bull of heaven adi qab-li-šu up to his waist Gilg. VI 130; $k[ur s \bar{i}(?)]$ and $qa-ab-li-\check{s}u-nu$ $li[\check{s}kunu]$ ARM 1 28:32; $[q]\acute{a}-ab-li-\check{s}a$ $\bar{\imath}tezih$ ikarrabshe girded her loins to speak the blessing Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 62 I 286; qulmā ina MURUB₄-šú tasannip you bind an axe to his hips LKA 120:10 (namburbi); (stones) inaMURUB₄-šú tarakkas you tie to her hips RA 18 164:4 (rit.), AMT 62,3:20, and passim;

ina Murub₄.Meš.Mu šipātušunu raksa around my hips their (the sheep's) wool is tied KAR 236 r. 17, see Biggs Šaziga p. 30; you make 14 knots in the cord SAL ina MURUB₄-šá GAR-an and the woman puts it on her hips RA 18 22 ii 13; if the newborn babies MURUB₄-šú-nu la ibaššâ have no waists Leichty Izbu II 43, cf. (Siamese twins) ina MURUB₄-šú-nu ištēnma ibid. 31; 7 pa-an-ti-ša 7 $q\acute{a}$ -ab-li-ša HS 1879:15 (courtesy W. von Soden); šerrum šû [ina q]aab-li-šu nakisma (the body of) that baby was severed at the waist ARM 6 43:9; edlu lippeti MURUB₄-šá let her locked hips be opened (in childbirth) Köcher BAM 248 ii 50; *işşabat* MURUB₄ GIŠ(?).KUN(?) gišša issabat šer'ānī (the disease) seized the hips, the loins, the thigh, it seized the arteries Studies Landsberger 285:3 (MA inc.), cf. isbat . . . qab-la rapaštu u šašalli Köcher BAM 124 iv 19, also STT 136 iv 12, CT 23 11:38 and parallel 4:17, Wr. MURUB₄.MEŠ STT 273 i 6, cf. $isbat\ qa-ab-li\ \hat{u}\ [\ldots]$ KBo 1 18 i 5 (inc.); ēmid ardata MURUB₄-šá iddi (the demon) came close to the girl and struck(?) her hips AfO 17 358:12; ib.mu gig.ga: qab-la-a-a marşa my hips are aching (in broken context) KAR 375 iv 51 f.; he must not cross an irrigated field, or murus Muruba Gál-šú an illness of the loins will befall him Iraq 21 50:35, also 52:40 (hemer.); $qa-ab-la-\check{s}u$ $is-s\acute{i}-q\acute{u}$ his (the messenger's) hips became ARM 1 21:8; in transferred mng.: qa-balšu imqussuma (for hattu imqussuma?) lib= bašu sabitma itarrura išdāšu his hips "fell," his heart was seized (by fear), his legs trembled Borger Esarh. 102 II i 2.

2' in med.: šumma amēlu MURUB₄. MEŠ-šú ikkalašu if a man's hips hurt him JNES 33 336:1, 337:30 (med. comm.), also Labat TDP 106 iii 36ff., AMT 43,6:1, 52,6:6, am=mātušu MURUB₄-šú u šēpāšu ištēniš ikkalušu his forearms, his waist, and his feet all hurt him Labat TDP 88:17; MURUB₄. MEŠ-šú GIG his hips are ailing AMT 63,1:4; šumma muruş MURUB₄ maruşma if he

suffers from a disease of the loins Labat TDP 162:54, cf. MURUB₄.MEŠ-šú... TAG. GA.MEŠ-šú AMT 60,1 ii 22; šumma marşu... MURUB₄-šu ul iša[hhi]ta Labat Suse 11 v 7; šumma... MURUB₄.ME-šú fL.ME Labat TDP 124 iii 25; ištu uppi ahišu adi MURUB₄-šú from his clavicle to his waist ibid. 88:14, cf. iš[tu qaq] qadišu adi MURUB₄-šú ibid. 28:86ff.; ana šer'ān MURUB₄ lub=buki (see labāku mng. 2b) AMT 69,8:15, cf. ibid. 11; medications for MURUB₄.MEŠ ašţāte STT 92 iii 28, also MURUB₄.MEŠ GIG.MEŠ ibid. 29ff.

3' qabla rakāsu to gird, to equip: ina huṣan qatnu Murub4.Meš-šú rakis he is girt with a narrow belt UVB 15 40 r. 4, also 5 and 7 (NB rit.); kî ša šarru en-iá Murub4.Meš-šú irakkasuma when the king, my lord, girds himself Landsberger Brief 8:15 (NB); UD.22.Kam qa-ab-li ir-rakka-sa on the 22nd day (the king) will be girt ABL 379:14 (NA); for idiomatic use see rakāsu, for rikis qabli "equipment, outfit" see riksu, note the writing ri-kis qab-ri Nbn. 344:17.

4' qabla paţāru to loosen one's clothing, to undress: šû ipţur MURUB4-šú... iḥta=maṣ TÚG [...] Gilg. X iv 9; 2-šú ina libbi šatti qab-li ša Marduk ip-pa-ţa-ra twice a year Marduk's garments are removed ABL 951 r. 2 (NA); for idiomatic use see paţāru.

5' clothing for the hips: misarrum ana qá-ab-li-ia hamiš ubānātim arik the girdle for my waist is five fingers too long TCL 17 62:27 (OB let.), cf. miserru ana MURUB4-šú BMS 53:17, also STT 251:11; X GADA. SA.GA.DÙ ša qá-ab-li-šu YOS 5 222:8 (OB); ittabal šibbu aban alādi ša MURUB4.MEŠ-šá he took away the girdle of birth stones from her hips CT 15 46:54, cf. ibid. 55 and 47 r. 41 (SB Descent of Ištar); NA4.GUG.MEŠ malâ MURUB4.MEŠ-a-a my hips are full of carnelians KAR 71 r. 19; išram a-qá-áb-li-a šāmamma buy a belt for my hips VAT 9237:13 (OA); šakuttam(?) ana qá-áb-

li-kà naš'unikkum they bring you jewelry for your hips HUCA 39 32 L 29-573 case 10 (OA); l fB.LÁ ša qa-ab-li ultēbil (see nēbeḥu A) Ugaritica 5 48:16; sāga MURUB4-šu irakkusu they will tie a sāgu cloth around his hips AfO 17 288:107 (MA harem edicts).

- b) of animals: šumma izbu 2-ma...ina MURUB4-ŠÚ DIB.DIB if there are two malformed animals and they are joined at the hips Leichty Izbu VI 16; MURUB₄-šú qatin (var. MURUB₄.MEŠ-šú gatnu) (if a sheep's) hips are narrow CT 31 30:4, CT 28 14 K.9166:4 (behavior of sacrificial lamb), var. from CT 30 48 K.8044:4; if the king ana pan sīsî lu ana murub, sīsî lu ana egir sīsî imput falls under the front of the horse or the middle of the horse or the rear of the horse CT 40 35:18 (SB Alu); 1 UDU qáb-la-su marşama itbuhu they slaughtered one sheep whose loins were diseased MAD 1 178:3 (OAkk.).
- c) of figurines: the heart of a sheep ina MURUB4 ša salmi tašakkan you put on the hip of the figurine ZA 45 42:9 (NA rit.); miser erî ina MURUB4-šú-nu (figurines) with copper belts at their waists KAR 298:30, and passim in this text, cf. (with esēru) ibid. 27, etc.; ina qa-ab-l[i-ši-na] miṣru ša uqnî kūri (figurines of ducks) with of blue glass on their middles AfO 18 304 ii 30 (MA inv.); [ina e]ri gišim=mari qab-li-šú-nu [raks]u their hips are girt with date palm fronds RAcc. 133:209; ištu MURUB4-šá adi kantappiša ka[lbat] (see kantappu) MIO 1 74:16 (SB).
- 3. trunk (of a date palm): šumma gišimmaru ina MURUB₄-šá tarâti nadât if a date palm has base fronds on its trunk CT 41 16:7, also 8 (SB Alu).
- 4. belt: kunukkušu PN ina «GA» qááb-li-šu ipturma iddinam PN took his seal from his belt and gave it to me CCT 5 9b:27; ina qá-áb-l[i-šu] lirkusma let him tie in his belt (two minas of silver, etc.)

KTS 10:35 (both OA); $patr\bar{i}$... Ša MURUB₄. MEŠ-šú-nu ēkim I took away the swords from their belts OIP 2 46 vi 15 (Senn.), cf. patar parzilli MURUB₄-šu MVAG 21 82 r. 3 (Kedorlaomer text); patar parzilli ša ultu MURUB₄-šú issuhu the iron dagger which he had drawn from his belt TCL 12 117:6, also 3; 6 patra ša qab-lu ibid. 114:4 (both NB); MURUB₄ hurāṣi ša PN LÚ.ŠID ADD 806 r. 13, cf. (in broken context) ADD 868:1, 897:13, MURUB₄ URUDU ADD 868:5.

5. $n\bar{i}d$ qabli (a mode of tuning): see $n\bar{i}du$ mng. 7.

Ad mng. 2a-3': Oppenheim, Or. NS 14 239 ff.; Landsberger Brief n. 145.

qablu A in ša qabli s.; (a piece of apparel covering the hips or to wear around the waist); wr. syll. and ša MURUB₄; RS, MA, NB.

TÚG $\delta\acute{a}$ MURUB₄ Practical Vocabulary Assur 277.

- a) made of cloth: 1 TÚG šá qab-lu kî 1 kaspu one ša qabli garment worth one (shekel of) silver BBSt. No. 7 i 24 (NB); 1 TÚG ša MURUB₄ . . . ultēbil MRS 12 7:8; TÚG šá qab-lu TCL 9 117:9, cf. 1-en šá qab-lu ibid. 11 (NB), TÚG šá MURUB₄ Nbk. 183:7, Camb. 321:13, AfO 17 274:43 (MA harem edicts).
- **b)** made of precious metal: 2 tapal ša $q\acute{a}b$ -li $\mathring{\kappa}\mathring{v}$.GI MRS 6 183 RS 16.146+ :8.

qablu B s. masc. and fem.; 1. battle, warfare, 2. catastrophe, quarrel; from OB on; pl. qablū and qablūtu; wr. syll. and MURUB₄ (ŠEN.ŠEN LIH 60 i b 17, Hammurapi, (MÈ û) ŠEN.ŠEN CH xliii 93, xliv 2); cf. muqtablu, qubbulu B.

 $\S[e-e]n$ $\S E N = q\acute{a}-ab-lum$ MSL 2 133 vii 58 (Proto-Ea), cf. $\S e-en$ $\S E N = qa-ab-lu(text -ru)$ Ea II 319; $[\S e]-en$ $\S E N = qab-lum$ S^b I 227; $[\S e-en]$ $\S E N = qab-lu$, $\S a \S mu$ S^a Voc. AF 3; $[\S e]n$. $[\S e]n = [q\acute{a}-a]b-lu-[um]$, $[\S e]n$. $\S en$

K 28f.; ki.šen.šen = $[a-\delta ar \ qa]-ab-li$, $[a-\delta ar \ t]a-la-zi$ Kagal C 163 f.

gu-a-na má. SiG_7 +kaskal = qab-lum S^b II 287; qab-lum má+kaskal = [qab-lum] A VIII/4:80; [sa-bad] [gá \times sig $_7$] = min (= [qab-lu]) A IV/4:176; sa-ad gá \times U, min (= sa-ad) gá \times Bad, sa-bad gá \times sig $_7$ = qab-lum Ea IV 265 ff.; ú-la gá \times U = qab-lum Ea IV 241.

AMA. dINANNA a. da. mèn me-en. na [giš]. bi. za šu(text su).tag.ga.gin_x(GIM) šen.šen.na ús. sa.ab : ilat tēsēti kīma mēlultu passī redê qab-lu goddess of discord, let the battle proceed like a game played with pawns RA 12 74:7f.; [dim. me.i]r maḥ.a mè šen.šen.na ti.na ba. gu[b.ba]: [...] x ilī ša ina qab-lim u ta-ḥa-zi dapniš iz[zazzu] [...] of the gods who aggressively takes a stand in warfare BA 10/1 98 No. 19:6f.; [... mu.l]u mè šen.šen.na giš.tukul mu. un.sìg.sìg nir.gá[l]: [... s] ir-tú ša ina qab-lim u ta-ha-zi tam-hu-us kak-ku e-te[l-let] K.8482:12 f. (courtesy W. G. Lambert); [...].a šen. šen.na gaba.nu.ru.gú : [ina ta-ha]-zi qa-bal-šú ezziš ul im-mah-har his attack in war, being fierce, cannot be withstood BA 10/1 43 No. 25:11f.; dGIŠ.BAR huš.a šen.šen.na mu.[...]: dGirru ezzu ša qa-bal-šú x [...] 4R 24 No. 1:54f.; [mè.š]en.šen.na [ma.r]a.an.sum: šEN.ŠEN ѝ мѐ iddikkum (Ištar) gave you battle and combat LIH 60 i 17 (= CT 21 40, Hammurapi); [dMu. ul].líl mè šen.šen.ta mu.un.na.da.ku[...]: ana dmin ina qab-li u ta-ha-zi me e ma da [x] [...] SBH p. 108 No. 56:39f., cf. ki mè šen. šen.na: ašar qab-li u ta-ha-zi 4R 12 r. 39f.; ki.a šen.šen.na ba.an.ak.a.a.ni : ana erșeti qab-lu īpušu (parallel: ana šamê tāḥazi iššû) Studies Albright 344:10; šen.šen.[na . . .] : qab-la id-[ka]-[a] OECT 6 pl. 25 Rm. 2,151:2f.

gašan.mèn šab.šab.ba gù ù.ba.ni.in. [dé] : bēlēku ina qab-lu ašassīma I am the Lady, I am giving the battle cry ASKT p. 127:41 f.

 $[\check{s}\acute{a}-\acute{a}\check{s}-mu]=q\acute{a}-ab-lum$ An VIII 27; $\check{s}\acute{a}-\acute{a}\check{s}-mu=qab-lu$ (between synonyms for $t\bar{a}hazu$ and saltu) Malku III 5; ap-luh-tum=qab-lum CT 18 10 iii 50; dir-dir-ru, $\check{s}\acute{a}-\acute{a}\check{s}-mu$, a-na-an-tu, $tu-qu-un-t\acute{u}$, $te-\check{s}u-u$, $\check{a}\check{s}-ga-gu$, $\check{a}\check{s}-gu-gu$, $sah-ma\check{s}-t\acute{u}$, ip-pi-ru, a-dam-mu-u, tam-ha-ru, $ka-\check{s}u-\check{s}u$, $a-\check{s}i-t\acute{u}$, $\check{s}\acute{a}-ga-\check{a}\check{s}-t\acute{u}$, te-gu-u, dab-du-u, $a-nun-t\acute{u}$, mit-hu-su, ta-ha-zu=qab-lu LTBA 2 1 iv 40-58, dupl. 2:106-124.

1. battle, warfare — a) in gen. — 1' in hist.: ana uzzi MURUB₄-ia išhutuma ana šēpija iknušu fearing the fierceness of my battle, they submitted to me Weidner Tn. 3 No. 1 iii 9; RN ša la agrūšu ig-raan-ni ana qab-li RN, against whom I did not start hostilities, started a fight with

qablu B qablu B

me Bauer Asb. 2 87:28, restoration from Borger, AfO 17 346, cf. [hitt]u $iht\bar{i}ma$ ig-ra-an-ni ana [epēš] qab-li Lie Sar. 19, also māmīt ilāni rabûti ētiqma ana murub₄ u mè ig-ra-ni KAH 2 84:50 (Adn. II); ša matima ina šarrāni kullat nākirī la ishuru la išnû qa-bal-šú mamman (I) whose battle none among all the enemy kings ever sought a second time Borger Esarh. 103:27; (Assurnașirpal) edû gapšu ša la iššannanu MURUB₄-§u the strong tide whose onslaught cannot be rivaled AKA 223:15; šarru . . . sāpinu qa-bal targīgī the king who overwhelms the attack of the evildoers AKA 52 iii 34 (Tigl. I); RN . . . šarru dannu le u MURUB₄ Weidner Tn. 14 No. 6:16, 21 No. 12:24, cf. KAH 2 84:16 (Adn. II), AKA 183 r. 2, 265 i 34, 385:130 (all Asn.); ušumgal qa-ab-li AOB 1 134:6 (Shalm. I); $q\acute{a}-ab-lum$ libtari ina mātišu may battle be constant in his country RA 33 52 iii 20 (Jahdunlim).

2' in lit. -a' in gen.: anna mithurum: ma ša garrādī urram gá-ab-lam Ak-ka-de utarra now is the meeting of the warriors face to face, tomorrow Akkad will resume the battle RA 45 172:18 (OB), cf. (in fragm. context) qab-la VAS 12 193:3, 6, 19 (šar tamhāri); qá-ab-lum irūşa ana bābija that battle has come right up to my gate Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 48 I 110, also 46:81, 83; $q\acute{a}$ -ab-lum ina libb[i] $m\~{a}tim$ [...] fighting will [flare up] in the country YOS 10 11 ii 1 (OB ext.), cf. [...]-lu qá-ab-li šallassu ileqqe ibid. 35:2; kullat dadmī qá-ab-la-ka im-ru-ur-ma (see marāru B) CT 15 4 ii 6 (OB lit.); irammum qá-ab-lum the battle resounds RA 46 94:13 (OB Epic of Zu), cf. qab-lu-um-ma aj inūh šukun lītka ibid. 36 r. i 8 and 38 r. i 31 (SB recension), dupl. STT 21:105 and 127; Ištar bēlet tēšê de-ka-su ana MURUB₄ LKA 63 r. 7 (MA lit.), cf. ibid. obv. 10, RA 46 28:3, parallel RA 46 90:54 (OB Epic of Zu), also Streck Asb. 14 ii 25, all cited dekû mng. 2b-2'; ina tīb qa-ab-li at the onslaught of the battle AfO 7 281 r. 5 (Tn.-Epic); Adad dāpinu aj ine' qa-bal-ka heroic Adad, your onslaught shall not turn

back CT 15 39 ii 35, cf. (said of Sara) ibid. 40 iii 9; muttabbilu sibittam qá-ab-li (Ningirsu) who leads the seven battles at once RA 46 90:38 and 40 (OB Epic of Zu), cf. ibid. 30:30, cf. also muttabbila qab-la anunte RA 51 108:14 (SB recension); šarrū ītanaddaru qa-bal-k[a]the kings fear your battle Tn.-Epic "ii" 11, cf. ibid. "iii" 19; tattakpiš $m\bar{a}tam \ q\acute{a}-ba-al-\check{s}u$ his battle the land BiOr 30 361:35 (OB lit.), cf. qa-bal-ka šu-ru-mat gimir mātitān K.3887:16, cited Lambert, BiOr 30 363; adi zuharrātu ēnāja MURUB₄-ka it-\langle ta\rangle -na-ta-la \(\) \(\) \(\) agalta utt\(\) \(\) until my eyes view your battle (and) find carnage (only) Tn.-Epic "iv" 18; i-sar $rag(?, \text{ text } -rum) \ Enlil \ qa-ab-la-at \ aj\bar{a}b\bar{\imath}$ Enlil disperses (?) the enemy's attack ibid. "ii" 26, cf. ukīn elišunu namungat MURUB4 ibid. 28; qa-bal-ka \bar{e} taddi do not evade battle ibid. "iii" 31; kāpid ana qa-ab-li planning battle ibid. "iv" 21, cf. ušarri MURUB4 ibid. "ii" 33, cf. LKA 62:5, etc., cited kapādu mng. 1a-1', cf. epuš qab-lam BiOr 28 14 ii 14; hašhāša akû šá lamûšu qab-lu the distressed, the weak, surrounded by battle STT 70:4, see Lambert, RA 53 132, cf. lamû gab-lu ana mūtu šūlukuma those who were exposed to death in the midst of battle (pronounced your name) JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 3 r. 1 (SB); ša ina q[ab]-lu la $[i]mt\bar{u}tu$ imât ina šipți he who did not die in battle will die from pestilence Cagni Erra IV 76; $k\bar{\imath}ma\ qab$ - $li\ eli\ n[iš\bar{e}\ ib]\bar{a}$ 'u [. . .] Gilg. XI 110, cf. [kīma qá-ab-l] i eli nišī ibā' kašūšu the might (of the flood) swept over the people like an attack Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 94 III iii 12, parallel 124 U r. 19; libli ^dGIŠ.BAR *linūh qab-lum* may the fire die down, may the battle abate CT 23 11:33, cf. gá-ab-la-tim ubelli I put an end to wars CH xl 32; išātumma išātu [i]šāt mehû išāt gab-li fire, fire, the fire of the storm, the fire of the battle (came out from the depth of the forest) AfO 23 40:6, 41:19, parallel LKU 59:8; ina tëšê qa-bal (var. MURUB₄) mūt[i] in mortal combat Lambert BWL 136:185 (hymn to Šamaš); Marduk Qingu gašrūtka az-zak-ru(-)[...] mi-ri-šú qa-bal mu-ka

qablu B qablu B

ni-ba-a ul [...] O Marduk, your strength is Qingu, which I named (?) [...], ... the battle (?) of your name [has] no one to name (?) (it) (uncert.) K. 2523 r. 6 and 8.

b' referring to gods: Istar musarrihat MURUB4.MES-te Istar, who proudly does battle AKA 29 i 14 (Tigl. I), cf. sa mēlulsa qab-lum Craig ABRT 1 55 i 4; DN . . . sa kakkašu la immahharu qa-bal-su dannu Zababa, whose weapon cannot be withstood, whose battle is mighty VAB 4 186 iii 87 (Nbk.), cf. RA 11 113 ii 18 (Nbn.); MUL. KAK.SI.SÁ . . . musālil qab-li (vars. qab-rim, MURUB4) (see alālu B mng. 2a) STT 215 i 65, vars. from KAR 76:14, KAR 88 fragm. 3 obv. (!) i 10; for other refs. see maḥāru mngs. 3a-1', 13c.

b) beside tāhazu-l' in hist: šānina ina murub₄ u māḥira ina mè la išâku I (the king) do not have an equal in battle or a rival in combat AKA 34 i 57, cf. (ša) munīha ina murub₄ šānina ina mè la išû AKA 63 iv 48 (both Tigl. I); the king ša ... ina qab-li u ta-ha-zi la ēmuru who met none in war and munihhubattle who could subdue him Lyon Sar. 2:8, 21:19, and passim in Sar.; ulammiduinni epēš murub, u mè dikût ananti they taught me to wage war and battle, to set the fighting in motion Streck Asb. 210:13; ana epēš murub, u ta-ha-zi (var. mè) lu izzizunimma in order to wage war and battle they took their stand against me AKA 76 v 85 (Tigl. I), cf. Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5:39; ana epēš murub₄ u ta-ha-zi iškuna panīšu he started to make war and do battle 1R 29 i 44 (Šamši-Adad V); pithallūšu mādūti ana epēš murub, u mè ana irtija idkâ WO 1 460:67, cf. ana epēš MURUB₄ u mè ana irtija itbûni WO 1 466:63, WO 2 414 iii 1, and passim in Shalm. III, also 1R 31 iv 40 (Šamši-Adad V), Lie Sar. 53, Winckler Sar. pl. 31 No. 65:25, AKA 303 ii 25, 351 iii 17, 356 iii 35 (all Asn.); [...] x $ep\bar{e}\check{s}$ MURUB₄ uмè dāiqu ibbalkituni [my troops?] climbed over the siege wall to do battle Borger Esarh. 104 ii 8, cf. (in broken context)

ADD 650:21 (Aššur-etel-ilāni), see Postgate Royal Grants No. 13; Ištar was favorably inclined toward me epēš murub₄ u mè libbaša ub-la-ma and she was keen on waging war AKA 267 i 38 (Asn.); $\bar{e}ma$ MURUB₄ uMÈ.MEŠ ašar uşammaru şumrāt [lib]bija $lu \ \acute{u} - \langle \acute{s}\acute{a} \rangle - ak - \acute{s}i - da - ni$ wherever in battle or war I strive (for victory), may he (Ninurta) help me to attain my heart's desire AKA 211:26 (Asn.), cf. kak MURUB₄ u mè mullâ qātuššu entrust him with weapons of warfare LKA 31 r. 17, see AfO 13 211:39; ina MURUB₄ u ta-ha-zi šalmiš littarrûni may they guide me safely in battle and in war AKA 103 viii 29 (Tigl. I); ina qab-lu u ta-ḥa-zi idāja itashurma kullat nākirīja lumīš kulbābiš in war and battle take your stand at my side so that I may squash all my enemies like (addressing Ištar) Borger Esarh. 76:19; [MUR]UB4 u MÈ tušarrânnima you have started war and battle against me ibid. 104 i 32; ina šašme murub₄ u ta-ha-zu di'u šibți lipit Irra mūtāni (may the gods listen to your prayer) in battle, attack, and combat, during (epidemics of) di'udisease, plague, and pestilence, the affliction of Irra Unger Bel-harran-beli-ussur 27; ēm ga-ab-li u ta-ha-zi kakkīšu lušebbiru in every battle and fight may they (the gods) break his weapons Weidner Tn. 29 No. 16:139, and see 4R 12, in lex. section; note ašar mè u šen.šen kakkašu lišbir may she (Ištar) shatter his weapons on the field of battle and fight CH xliv 2; Istar ... ina murub₄ u mè idāšu aj illik may Ištar not help him in war and battle CT 36 7 ii 27 (Kurigalzu I), cf. Nabonidus ša . . . Nergal . . . ina qá-ab-lu u ta-ḥa-zi il-li-ki $id\bar{a}$ šu VAB 4 234 i 21 (Nbn.); \bar{e} maga-ab-li u ta-ha-zi lu rēṣī tukultija Marduk attama you, Marduk, be my support in every battle and war VAB 4 84 No. 5 ii 23 (Nbk.); balu qab-li u ta-ha-zi ušēribaš gereb GN ālišu (Marduk) let him enter his city of Babylon without a battle or attack 5R 35:17 (Cyr.); note beside kakku and tāhazu: GIŠ.TUKUL MURUB₄ (var. qab-la)

u MÈ (var. ta-ḥa-za) ittija lu ēpušu they made war, battle, and assault against me AKA 50 iii 21 (Tigl. I), cf. GIŠ.TUKUL MURUB4 u MÈ itti ṣābē... ša RN ippušû PRT 128 r. 7, Knudtzon Gebete 68 r. 13, 153 r. 9; ana epēš GIŠ.TUKUL.MEŠ MURUB4 u ta-ḥa-zi (var. MÈ) AKA 53 iii 49, cf. 67 iv 86 (Tigl. I), Knudtzon Gebete 4:5, 48:8, 70 r. 8, lu ina epēš GIŠ.TUKUL MURUB4 u MÈ Knudtzon Gebete 1:7, 12:8, 17:5, 150 r. 10, PRT 1:8, 10:6, etc., see also kakku mng. 2b, cf. ana epēš MURUB4 GIŠ.TUKUL.MEŠ u MÈ Streck Asb. 8 i 79, also 168 r. 25.

- in lit. and omens: anumna tisia tuqumtam ta-ha-za i niblula qá-ab-la-am now call for arms, let us mingle in war and battle Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 46 I 62; [ta]-ha-zi amirma qab-lu(var. -lum) kul=lum he (Enkidu) is used to battle and experienced in (the art of) warfare Gilg. III i 8; mēlili qab-lu mē[lili] MÈ Lambert Love Lyrics 104:16; nakru ina MÈ MURUB₄ (var. Mè $s\bar{e}ri$) $igerr[\hat{a}nni]$ CT 28 46 K.8100:15, var. from ibid. 48:3, cf. (in broken context) ana MURUB₄ u MÈ DÙ CT 30 20 Rm. 570 r. ii 2 (both SB ext.); adi šarrūtišu MÈ u qab-lum ul ipparrasu during his reign battle and war will not cease BiOr 28 14 iv 7; ina šašmi qab-li mè dannu u $al\bar{a}k$ [$s\bar{e}ri$...] in war, strife, mighty battle, and campaigning JAOS 88 127 ii b 24.
- c) beside other terms for battle: qa-ab-lu u ippiru isinnani fighting and struggle are our festivals Tn.-Epic "ii" 4, cf. (in broken context) qab-li u tu-q[u-un-ti] Lambert BWL 184 K.8199:2.
- d) qualifying a preceding noun 1' alone: dNun.nir = MIN (= dNin-urta) ša qab-li CT 25 11:28, cf. Nergal = Marduk ša qab-lu CT 24 50 BM 47406:4; Ištar bēlet MURUB4 ēpišat ananti Craig ABRT 1 81:17 (tamītu), bēlet qab-li Šurpu VIII 22, bēlet qab-la-[al-[ti] KAR 38:12, see Or. NS 39 124; Irnina uršān MURUB4 AKA 19:5 (Aššurrēš-iši I); (Ištar) gērāt qab-li KAR 57 ii 16; (Adad) EN qab-la-ti Ebeling Handerhebung

98:23; šaššar tuqmātim patar qá-ab-li ēsid tuqumtim amandēn tamhārim . . . dBIL.GI ezzum ša qá-ba-al-šu nēret the saw of the fights, the dagger of the battles, the reaper in the fight, the amandēnu of the close fighting, O fierce Girru whose battle is deadly JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 8 v 16 and 20 (OB lit.).

- 2' beside synonyms: (Ištar) bēlet mè \hat{u} šen. šen lady of warfare CH xliii 93, bēlat murub₄ u mè cf. (Ištar) 456 i 7 (Shalm. III), also AKA 188 r. 29 (Asn.), also EN (var. belet) MURUB4 MÈ Wiseman Treaties 453, belet MURUB₄ u MÈ KAH 2 84:97 (Adn. II), and passim in Asn., Shalm. III, and Esarh.; (Ištar) ilat MURUB4 u ta-ha-zi Borger Esarh. 75:4, note dIš-tar MURUB4 be-lat ta-ha-zi BA 5 651 No. 15:25 (hymn of Asb.), also Streck Asb. 190:15; (Ninurta) bel MURUB₄ u MÈ WO 2 28 i 4 (Shalm. III), (Nergal) bēl qab-li u ta-ha-zi BBSt. No. 9 ii 4, (Ninazu) be-lum qab-lu u mè Or. NS 36 118:52 (hymn to Gula); mannummi [bell $q\dot{a}$]-ab-lim mannum[mi bēl ta-h]a-zi who wants to go to battle, who wants to leave for war? Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 50 I 128f.
- e) qualifying a preceding adj.: the horse na'id qab-li glorious in battle Lambert BWL 177:24, cf. 180:13, parallel Gilg. VI 53, cf. (the king) na'id qab-li (var. MURUB₄) u MÈ OIP 2 136:21, var. from 144:7 (Senn.); ālik panīšunu mudût qab-li their leaders, expert in battle TCL 3 175 (Sar.); muddû qab-li ša-áš-me ta-ḥa-zi (king) experienced in all kinds of warfare Borger Esarh. 103:10, cf. mundaḥṣī ēpiš MURUB₄ u ta-ḥa-zi ibid. 106 iii 14; šarru le-'u-ú MURUB₄ u MÈ ibid. 8 § 5:1.
- 2. catastrophe, quarrel a) catastrophe: ana hulluq nišija qab-la aqbīma (how could I have ordered such evil in the assembly of the gods) how could I have ordered (such a) catastrophe (referring to the flood) to destroy my people? Gilg. XI 121, ittarak mehû abūbu qab-la (emend possibly to ik-la, cf. line 131, cited kalû v.

qablu C qablû

mng. 5a) Gilg. XI 129; têrētiška ušabši qáa[b-la] at your decree I set the catastrophe in motion Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 104 III viii 12.

b) quarrel: ina qab-lu ašmû I heard during a quarrel (uncert.) CT 22 114:8 (NB let.).

For RA 38 31 (= 5R 48 vi) 8, see gerû.

qablu C s.; grove(?); NA; wr. syll. (also with det. GIŠ) and GIŠ.MURUB4.

1 qab-lu giš şarbi[ti] one poplar grove(?) Johns Doomsday Book 2 iii 12, also 20:10, cf. (of other trees) ibid. 1 ii 43, 8 viii 4, wr. giš qab-lu ibid. 5 viii 19; maşşar qabli grove watchman ibid. 1 ii 39; qušūrē dam: qūte [ina] GIŠ.MURUB₄.MEŠ nuramma we will leave good (quality) logs in the groves ABL 484 r. 10, cf. ina GIŠ.MURUB₄.MEŠ . . . gušūrē . . . inakkisu ABL 507 r. 5; kirû gab-lu šuātu zarpu lagiu this orchard and grove are bought and taken ADD 444:16; A.ŠÀ qab-lu ša allān a grove of oak trees ADD 444:6; 1 qab-lu ša GN ABL 574:6 and passim in this text, also ADD 778:7 ff.; kirê GIŠ.MURUB₄.MEŠ ADD 751:3; tēhi qab-li adjacent to a grove ADD 360:4.

Fales Censimenti 19.

qablû (qabliu, fem. qablītu) adj.; 1. mid, middle, median, mean, 2. of medium quality; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and MURUB₄ mostly with phon. complement; cf. qablu A.

giš.erín = gi-iš-ri-in-nu, giš.erín.gab = qab-lu-u, giš.erín.lub.bi = MIN Hh. VI 108ff.; [bi]-e BI = at-ta šu-a-ti ma-ru-[ú] MURUB₄-ú S³ Voc. F 9f.; [síg.bal.bal] = hab-sá-na-a-ti = qa-ba-l[a-ti] Hg. C II 2, in MSL 10 139; [gud. murub₄.ba] = [q]ab-lu-u Hh. XIII 289; umbin. murub₄.mu = u-ba-ni [qá-ab-li]-[tum] Ugumu Bil. Section D 25, in MSL 9 69.

SI DUR # e-lu-u MURUB₄-ú AfO 24 79:10, cf. DUR # MURUB₄-ú ibid. 1 (gramm. comm.); ub = ana-ku šu-ús-hur-tum ma-li-tú MURUB₄-tú NBGT I 85, also, wr. MURUB₄.TA passim in NBGT I and II.

1. mid, middle, median, mean -a) in spatial descriptions: [Sin u Nergal in] as:

şaru erşeti qab-li-tú Sin and Nergal will guard the middle world Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 118 r. ii 3 and 10, cf. issuru ersetu gab-li-tú ibid. 120 r. ii 33; šamû MURUB₄-ti NA₄.SAG.GIL.MUD &a Igigi the middle heaven, of saggilmud stone, is (that) of the Igigu gods KAR 307:31, cf. ibid. 35, wr. MURUB₄-tum AfO 19 110 iv 21, see Landsberger, JCS 21 154; in nārim gáb-lí-tim at the river in between (I defeated them) AfO 20 63 xxiii 16, 67 xxv 56 (Rimuš); x land ina ugārim MURUB₄ (var. $q\acute{a}$ -ab-li-im) CT 47 58a:5 (OB leg.), var. from ibid. 58:5 (tablet), cf. ina GN ugārim qáb-li-i ša nadīt Šamaš ibid. 62a:2 (case), cf. ibid. 8, Wr. MURUB₄ ibid. 62:7 (tablet); $p\bar{u}tu$ MURUB₄-tim the middle side (between pūtu elītu and pūtu šaplītu, describing a building plot for a palace) OIP 2 100:50, also 102:77, pūtu qab-li-tum šanītu ibid. 78 (Senn.); ultu bābi ša PN adi mutīrti qa-ab-li-i-ti maşşartu ša PN2 (see mutīrtu mng. 1) BE 14 129:3, also, wr. $q\hat{a}$ -[ab]la-ti PBS 1/2 44:4 (both MB); ultu mušan= nītu qab-li-tum ša PN from the middle dam belonging to PN TCL 13 223:6 (NB), cf. irritum qa-ab-li-tum (for context see irritu mng. 2) ARM 61:17 and 24; see also qutanu A; bābu qa-ab-li-ú u igāra . . . ēpuš I built the middle gate and the wall AOB 1 98:7 (Adn. I); ana maknakim qá-áb-lim to the inner sealed room CCT 4 7c:16 (OA); you bring three tables paššūra MURUB₄-a ana Šamaš u Adad the center table for Šamaš and Adad (followed by the right and left tables) BBR No. 1-20:103, also 112; ana pan riksi MURUB₄-i BBR No. 26 v 77; šiddu elû iltānu da aškuttu qab-li-tum VDI 54/4 (1955) 164 No. 2:15 (NB); 13 tallum qá-ablu-ú-um illiakkum 13 will result for you as the middle dividing line MCT 45 B 16, cf. tallam qá-ab-li-a-am ibid. 17 and r. 7, tallī qá-ab-lu-ú kî maşi how long is my middle dividing line? MCT 44 B 3; for "middle" oxen, i.e., oxen yoked in the middle of a team of six, see Hh. XIII 289, in lex. section, and see alpu mng. 1b-1'; idī gud. Ab murub₄ 3 še. gur ana bēlišu inaddin he will pay three gur of barley

qablû qabru

to its owner as rent for a middle ox (in the team) CH § 243:89.

- b) referring to the middle finger or toe: šumma zuqāqīpu ubāna MURUB₄ ša šēp im[itti...] if a scorpion [stings] the middle toe of his right foot CT 38 37 K. 11746:6f., also ibid. K.3070+:23 and 28 (SB Alu); see also Ugumu, in lex. section.
- c) referring to parts of the exta -1'to the middle lobe of the sheep's lung: šumma ubān hašîm qá-ab-li-tum ibbalkitma if the middle "finger" of the lung is displaced YOS 10 5:2; ubān hašîm qá-ab-litum išdāša šumēlam paţra ibid. 8:17 and 34 (OB ext. report), also RA 38 85:13, ARM 5 65:34, Wr. ŠU.SI HAR MURUB₄ JCS 11 98 No. 6:11, Finkelstein Mem. Vol. 201:11 (OB), BE 14 4:8 (MB), KBo 9 56:6 and 9; *šumma ubān* hašî murub₄ imitta u šumēla 3.ta.am patrat if the middle "finger" of the lung is split in three on the right and left KAR 151 r. 26, also KAR 153 obv. (!) 19ff., and passim in these texts, also CT 20 45 ii 13; šumma ubān hašî murub₄ išissu uššur base of the middle "finger" of the lung is loose VAB 4 266 ii 17 (Nbn.), PRT 130:5, 138:12; omitting hašû: šumma şēr imitti ubāni şēr šumēl ubāni şēr ubāni MURUB4 pațir CT 20 45 ii 8, and passim, see șēru A mng. 1b; ina şērim qá-ab-li-i ša ubānim on the middle ridge of the "finger" RA 38 86 r. 15 (OB ext. prayer), cf. YOS 10 7:4 (OB ext. report).
- 2' other occs.: šumma padānu 3-ma MURUB₄-ú kuri if there are three "paths" and the middle one is short CT 20 19 K.10459 ii 10, 25 K.11826:6, KAR 451:6, also TCL 6 5 r. 6; šumma piţir šumēli 3-ma MURUB₄-ú şeher if there are three loose parts on the left side and the middle one is small CT 20 43 i 38, also (with rabi) 39f.; (abullu) šanītu ina muḥḥi EDIN MURUB₄ šaknat KAR 426:6.
- d) referring to time: MURUB₄-tim the middle (extispicy) (between 1G1-ti first

and $\delta \acute{a}$ -lul-ti third) PRT 4 r. 10; for the middle watch of the night see $qabl\bar{\imath}tu$ s.

- e) referring to grammatical infixes: see S^a Voc., AfO 24, NBGT, in lex. section, cf. nigin murub₄.bi: šushurta qab-\(\lambda \)i>-ta (among gramm. terms) ZA 64 142:16.
- f) mean value: $x \text{ MURUB}_4-\acute{u} x$, the mean (value) Neugebauer ACT p. 486b (astron. procedure texts).
- 2. of medium quality—a) said of textiles: 1 TÚG $kut\bar{a}nam$ $q\acute{a}-\acute{a}b$ -li-am ana PN... $na\acute{s}$ $akkin\bar{a}ti$ CCT 3 31:4, 50 $kut\bar{a}n\bar{u}$ $q\acute{a}-\acute{a}b$ -li- \acute{u} -tum CCT 2 46a:8, also CCT 6 45b:10, TCL 19 69:16, BIN 6 131:4; 2 TÚG $q\acute{a}$ - $\acute{a}b$ -li- \acute{u} -tum OIP 27 11:2, also Chantre 10:3, 14 r. 3, CCT 2 25:24, AnOr 6 pl. 4 No. 13:10; $[ku]t\bar{a}nu$ $q\acute{a}$ - $\acute{a}b$ -li-um BIN 6 64:19 (all OA); see also (referring to wool) Hg. C II 2, in lex. section.
- b) other occs.: 12 KAŠ qáb-lí-um DUG RTC 111:2 (OAkk.); x ŠIM qá-ab-lí-um unpub. OAkk., cited MAD 3 224; 184 mašīļu ina uttati qab-li-tum 184 measures of medium-quality barley BIN 2 124:3, cf. 65 mašī⟨hi⟩ ka-⟨re⟩-e qab-lu-ú Camb. 441:3; 1 qab-lu-ú ša 5 ina 1 ammati arki one (beam) of medium quality which is five cubits long VAS 6 148:3 (all NB); see also (said of scales) Hh. VI 109, in lex. section, cf. [...] GIŠ.ERÍN.GAB UD.KA.BAR UET 5 119:18 (OB).

Ad mng. 2: Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 196f.

qabru s.; grave; OB, SB; wr. syll. and URUGAL(AB×GAL); cf. qebēru.

AB×GAL $q^{4-ab-rum}$ (text -lum), AB×GAL $e^{r-se-tum}$ Proto-Izi I 386; AB×GAL e^{gal} , AB×KI. ki = qa-ab-ru Nabnitu XXIII 210f.; ú-ru-gal AB×GAL = qab-ru Sb II 190; [ú-ru-gal] [URU×X] = er-se-tum, $q\acute{a}-ab-rum$ A VI/4:32f.; ú-ru-gal AB×EŠ = [q] ab-ru(text -lu), MIN AB×GAL = [MIN] Ea IV 161f.; [ú-ru-gal] [AB×EŠ], [AB×GAL] = qab-rum(text -lum) A IV/3:104f.; [i-ri-gal] [AB×GAL] = [qa-ab-ru] Emesal Voc. II 5; si. gi. AB×GAL = pa-te-e qab-r(i) Antagal VIII 1.

 $\dot{\mathbf{u}} \quad \mathbf{U} = qaq - qa - rum, \ zi - \parallel qab - rum, \ bi - tum \quad \mathbf{A}$

II/4:30 ff.

qabru qabû A

dingir.dib.dib.bi.e.ne urugal.la.[ta] im.ta.è.a.[meš]: ilū kamûti ištu qab-rim ittaşûni the captive gods have emerged from the grave CT 17 37:1f., cf. ibid. Sm. 291:9f.; ab.urugal. [ta nam. $\langle mu.un.da.ku_4.ku_4.de\rangle$]: [ina ap]ti qab-rim min (= la terrubšu) you shall not enter it (the house) through the opening of a grave ASKT p. 92-93:28, see AOAT 1 10:173; gul.gul.[la] (var. MI.MI) nim.gír.gin, (GIM) gír.gír.re.e.ne (var. mu.un.gir.gir.re.e.ne) gul.gul.[la] (var. MI.MI.ga) šà urugal.ta hé.ni.íb.kéš.re. e.de: ša ina ikleti kīma birgi ittanabrigu ina ikleti (var. adds ina) qereb qab-rim(var. -li) liklûšu let them shut up in the darkness of the grave (the demons) who flash through the darkness like lightning CT 1736:84ff., restoration and vars. from dupl. KAR 46: 17-20 and ZA 30 189: 17-20; dn am. tar udug.gal urugal.la kur nu.gi4.gi4. ke_x(KID): ^dMIN utukku rabû ša qab-ri erşeti la târi Namtar, great utukku demon of the grave, the land of no return STT 173:1f.; udug.edin.na udug.hur.sag.gá udug.a.ab.ba urugal.la.ke, : utuk sēri utuk šadī utuk tâmti utuk qab-ri(var. -rim) - utukku demon of the steppe, utukku demon of the mountain, utukku demon of the sea, utukku demon of the grave ASKT p. 82-83:3, see AOAT 1 3:3; urugal.la.šè ká.a mu. $ni.in.[x].[x]: ina \ qab-rim(var. -ri) \ babu \ ipt\hat{u}$ UET 6/2 they opened the door in the grave 392:12, dupl. CT 16 9:9f., Akk. cited with comm. as: ina qab-ri bābi iptû mā ina erseti bābi iptetû LKA 82:12; e.ne.da nu.m[e].a lú.urugal.è. dè níg.kú n[u.um].pà.da.e.ne : ša ina bališu ana āridu qab-ri la uktall[amu] taklīmu (Šamaš) without whom those who descend into the grave are not given a funerary offering UVB 15 36:13. $[U \ / \ \acute{u}-ba]-nu \ / \ U \ / \ qa-ab-ru$ Hunger Uruk 27:12; ni-iq me-e / a-rad qá-ab-[ri] Craig AAT 90 K.2892:20 (coll. W. G. Lambert); ki-mu-ut SIPA $pe-te-e \ q\acute{a}-ab-\langle ri \rangle$ ibid. r. 1.

a) in gen.: balum [qa]-ab-ri-šu [ina pani p]ilšim iqqabbir he will be buried at the breach without a (proper) grave Goetze LE § 60:36, see Landsberger, David AV 102; šūziba napištī ina dannate eṭra ina qab-rim(!) (you gods) spare my life from oppression, save (me) from the grave! PBS 1/2 106:30, see ArOr 17/1 178; Marduk ina qab-ri bulluṭa ile'i Ṣarpānītu ina karāšê eṭēra amrat Marduk is able to restore life (to one) in the grave, Ṣarpānītu knows how to save (one) from annihilation Lambert BWL 58:35 (Ludlul IV); [ša ū]ridu qab-ri atūra ana kā.du[Tu.È]

I who went down to the grave have returned to the Gate-of-the-Sunrise ibid. 60:78; Nergal Enlil erseti ina qab-ri lik=lāka STT 215 i 62, restored from unpub. dupl. (courtesy I. L. Finkel); SI.GI URUGAL K.2903+r. 9, with comm. SI.GI URUGAL pe-te-e qab-rim áš-šú mūtāni ACh Ištar 7:25.

- b) in magic: ša eper šēpēja ina qabri(var. -rim) ušnīlū (the adversaries) who placed in a grave dust (on which) my feet (have stepped) RA 26 40:19, var. from dupl. KAR 80:30, cf. salmānija ina qabrim ušnīlu LKA 144:13, parallel KAR 92 r. 27, mê napištija ina qabrim ušnīlu Maqlu I 108, also ina qabrim itmiru mūa ibid. II 184, see AfO 21 73.
- c) as abode of gods of death and of demons: en urugal.ke_x: $b\bar{e}l$ qab-ri (Nergal) the lord of the grave ArOr 21 388:53 and 55; ^dGìR.UNU.GAL = Nergal ša qa-ab-ri CT 24 41:66 (list of gods); (the evil demons) [...]-šú ana qab-rim(var. -ri) Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 136:164, see also CT 17, STT 173, ASKT p. 82-83:3, in lex. section.
- d) in the name of a plant: see gabru in imdi gabri.

The several variant spellings qablu(m) in lex. and bil. texts may point to an avoidance of this word, due to some taboo.

qabru see qebru.

qabsīdu see qapsīdu.

qabsu see qabaltu.

qabû A $(qab\bar{a}^2u)$ s.; 1. speech, statement, 2. address (to a god), 3. promise, 4. prognosis, prognostication, 5. order, say, permission(?), guarantee; from OB on; wr. syll. and $DUG_4.GA$; cf. $qab\hat{u}$ v.

inim.dug₄.ga.ni = qa-ba- δu , inim.dug₄.ga.ni in.sum = \min iddin, inim.dug₄.ga.ni ba.an.sum = \min ittadin, inim.dug₄.ga.ni in.gar = \min $i\delta kun$ Ai. III ii 58 ff.

^dUtu dug₄.ga gu.la níg nu.kúr.ru [...]: ^dUTU *ša rabīš qa-bu-šú la uttak[karu*] Šamaš, whose qabû A qabû A

solemnly (given) order cannot be changed 5R 50 ii 19f., see Borger, JCS 217:54.

A # \$i-i \$ap-lu-û # \$á-ni\$ qa-ba-a ti x [...] (in an explanation of parts of the name ${}^{d}Na$ -na-a) BM 62741:13 (comm. to god list, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

- 1. speech, statement a) in epic poetry following direct speech: išmûma anniam qá-ba-ša (the gods) heard this speech of hers Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 60 I 244, cf. Gilg. Y. vi 285, EA 357:85 (Nergal and Ereš-kigal), RA 45 90:34 and 41 (OB Epic of Zu), Cagni Erra I 100, also išmēma Enkidu annā qa-bi-e Ištar Gilg. VI 160; note in a non-lit. text: išmēma šarru rabû annā qa-ba-šu ša RN MRS 9 49 RS 17.340:15.
- b) in other lit.: $q\bar{u}lamma$ šemi qa-ba-a-a Cagni Erra I 106, V 17, cf. Lambert BWL 72:26 (Theodicy); [...] Nergal annâ $qa-ba-a-\check{s}\check{u}$ Nergal [made?] the following speech ZA 43 17:58 (SB), cf. imtagar $q\acute{a}-ba-\check{s}a$ Gilg. P. ii 24 (OB); $q\acute{a}-b\acute{e}-e$ $q\acute{a}-bu-\acute{u}-um-ma$ ul eniakkim what I said stands, it does not change for you JCS 15 6 i 3 (OB lit.); puḥriššun etel $q\acute{a}-bu-\acute{u}-\check{s}a$ šūtur (see etellu usage d-1) RA 22 171:1 (OB hymn).
- c) in other texts: the assembly of Eanna qa-bu-ú ša 'PN išmûma heard the deposition of 'PN YOS 6 154:12 (NB); agā qa-bu-ú ša akanna taq-ba-' umma YOS 3 48:6 (NB let.), qa-bu-um an-nu-um (in obscure context) Kraus, AbB 5 229:17.
- 2. address (to a god): ana nīš qātija qūlamma šime qa-ba-a-a listen to my prayer, hear my address! Köcher BAM 332 i 10; [an]a epēš pīšu qūla ana nīš qātišu izizza mugra unninnīšu šimā qa-ba-a-šú Or. NS 36 128:191 (hymn to Gula), cf. izizzanimma šimā qa-ba-a-a KAR 26:33, BMS 12:59, and passim; qa-bu-ú ù NU ŠE.GA itti ili ana amēli šakin the god has in store for the man addressing (the god) but not being heard KAR 427 r. 20 (SB ext.), cf. DUG4.GA u GIŠ.TUK šakin[šu] AMT 38,4 ii 14, qa-bu-ú u la še-mu-ú iddalpanni BMS 11:3, 27:14; qa-ba-a šemā šukna jāši

BMS 22:65, cf. also šuknamma qa-ba-a u magā[ra] BMS 13:8, cf. Or. NS 39 113:19; for other refs. (also in the nuance of mng. 5) see magāru mng. 4a and 4b; note the personal name DINGIR-Magir-qá-bu-ša YOS 13 65:2 (OB).

- promise: -a) with $\delta ak\bar{a}nu$: ana δu -zu-zi- δu $q\acute{a}$ -ba-am $i\delta$ -ku-un he (the guarantor) promised to produce him YOS 12 169:7, also TCL 1 192:5, wr. qá-baa-am YOS 13 28:17, cf. x silver δa PN $u \text{ PN}_2 q\acute{a}-ba-am i \acute{s}-ku-nu \text{ YOS } 12 \text{ } 77:17,$ also YOS 13 329:5, kaspam ša aššumija qába-a-am taškunu TCL 18 152:21, awīlum ša qa-ba-am aškunušum Sumer 14 45 No. 21:6 (Harmal let.), cf. YOS 2 51:14 and 29; [ana] ab-bu bi-tim $aqb\bar{t}ma$ ab-bu $\langle bi \rangle$ ti-im qá-ba-am ištaknu PBS 7 38:10; note: silver ša aššum PN PN, gá-ba-šu iš-ku-nu YOS 12 306:5; in Sum. formulation: dug₄. ga.ni bí.in.gar PBS 8/1 101 iii 18, and see Ai, in lex. section; ana 1 GÁN eqlim waššur[im] bēlī ana mamman qa-ba-am la išakkan my lord must not make a promise to anyone to release even one iku of land ARMT 13 125 r. 9'; the cultivators and the canal diggers qa-ba-am iš-kunu-nim ummami . . . ina qā-bé-e-šu-nu . . . tēmam maḥar bēlija aškunma gave me a promise saving (the work is not much), and upon their promise I informed my lord ARM 3 5:15; see also $q\bar{\imath}bu$ mng. 2.
- b) with nadānu: qá-ba-šu liddinma (in broken context) TIM 2 88:2, cf. inim. dug₄.[ga.ni ba].an.sum.mu.uš Çiğ-Kizilyay-Kraus Nippur 16 r. 2, see Kraus, JCS 3 140; see also nadānu mng. 2 (qabû).
- c) other occs.: qa-bu-u enû la nadānu Šurpu VIII 71, cf. ibid. III 55, cf. also ibid. 39; DUG₄.GA u enû šakinšu AMT 96,3:8, dupl. KAR 42:11, see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi p. 64.
- 4. prognosis, prognostication (variant of qibû, q.v.): may I learn your (the gods') decision qa-ba-a luškun that I may make a prognosis STT 73:116, see JNES 19 35; ana nakri qá-ba-a tašakkan you

qabû A qabû A

may make a prognostication concerning the enemy Leichty Izbu XI 1, cf. būl māt nakri tuṣaḥharma qá-ba-a-am(var. omits -am) išakkanku ibid. 2, qa-ba-a išakkanu MCT 140 V 8 (ext.).

5. order, say, permission(?), guarantee - a) in gen.: ša $p\bar{i}ka$ u qa-bi-ka $l\bar{i}p[u\dot{s}]$ let him act according to your orders ARM 1 73:57; damiq inūma qa-bé-e tusarraru is it good that you contest my orders? Sumer 14 28 No. 10:23 (OB Harmal let.); kīma játi gá-bé-e as if it were upon my orders Kraus AbB 1 95:9; of gods: ina qa-bi-ka-ma (var. qibītukka) ūtallada tenēšēti at your say men are born PBS 1/1 17:12, var. from KAR 68:17, cf. ina qá-bé-e Nanâ JCS 15 3 i 15 (OB lit.), šarrum lu dāri ina gá-bé-e-ki MIO 12 49:14 (OB lit.), cf. ina qa-bi-e Samaš CT 51 195:3 (bīt rimki); in personal names: Ina-qá-bé-e-DN-ablut I-Got-Well-at-the-Word-of-Nabû YOS 13 456:10; I-na-qábi-ša-ab-lu-ut A 32118:15 (OB), cf. TCL 11 224:26; $Sanig-q\acute{a}-b\acute{e}-e^{-d}UTU$ YOS 13 171:7, and passim; of the king: [tup]pi annêm [in]a qa-bi-e šarrim ušābilakkim I am sending you (fem.) this letter of mine at the king's behest ARM 10 176:23, cf. ina $q\acute{a}$ - $b\acute{e}$ -ešarrim ašpurakkum ARM 18 25:18, 26:26, and passim; ina qa-bé-e šar mēšari Hinke Kudurru ii 22; note: the king will conquer his enemies māssu ina DUG4.GA-šú uššab CT 4 6 Bu. 88-5-12,11 r. 15 (hemer.); mātu ana gá-bé-e šarriša uššab the land will obey the orders of its king Leichty Izbu VI 17, cf. mātu ana gá(var. ga)-bé-e šarriša igâl ibid. VIII 92; ana qa-bé-e $l\bar{\imath}pu$ š (obscure) Hunger Kolophone 260:2.

b) ana (rarely ina) qabê-1' in letters: bēl pāḥatim [ša] ana qa-bi-šu šurīpam... [i]šappaku arḥiš likšudamma let an official on whose authorization they can store the ice arrive here at once ARM 291 r. 8'; amtam šuāti ana qá-bé-e awīlim PN ušēṣi he rented out that slave girl upon the order(?) of the honorable PN TCL 18 102:25; āna qá-bé-e mannim PN ina mānaḥtišu ušēlīšu (see mānaḥtu mng. 2b-1') TCL

1 42:19, cf. ana qá-bi mannim ABIM 14:24, cf. also CT 29 22:12; ina qá-bé-e awīlim ašpurakkum I am writing you at the behest of the gentleman Kraus AbB 1 42:5, cf. YOS 2 54:6, TCL 7 54:11, TCL 18 103:11, CT 52 161:6; my lord has ordered (iqbīma) the distribution of the irregular troops ina qá-bi bēlija az-zu-Az-zu-nu-ši-im in accordance with my lord's order I have distributed them YOS 2 92:15; ina qábé-e-ia illikam he came at my behest cf. šukutti şuhārtim Kraus AbB 1 70:8, šâti ina qa-bi-ia uḥammişu (that) they stripped that woman of her jewelry at my orders (I know nothing about that) ARM 10 114:19, ina qa-bi-šu waradka īsiru CRRA 18 61:18 (Mari let.); ammīnim ina qa-bé-e PN tamkāram ubazzaļu why do they pester the merchant at PN's say? OBT Tell Rimah 165:2; şubātum ša wardim ša ina qá-bé-e bēlija uterru VAS 16 66 r. 8.

in field leases: itti PN bel eglim a-na qá-bi-e PN₂ PN₃ tupšar ERÍN ana er: $r\bar{e}s\bar{u}tim \ldots us\bar{e}si$ PN₃, the scribe, rented (a field) from PN, owner of the field, on the guarantee (?) of PN2 Szlechter TJA 68 UMM H 2:8, also VAS 7 130:9, Meissner BAP 74:17, CT 2 32:7, also, with ina qá-bi-e PBS 8/2 229:6; $[\dot{s}\bar{u}]s\hat{u}t$ PN [ana] $q\dot{a}-bi-e$ PN [itti] PN PN2 iššakkum u PN3 ana errēšūtim ana biltim . . . ušēşû leased (field) of PN, on PN's guarantee(?), PN₂, the tenant farmer, and PN, rented from PN for cultivation against rent payment YOS 13 332:2; eglum mala m[as]û a-na qá-bi-e PN u PN, itti PN u PN, PN, ana biltim ... ušēsi Szlechter TJA 61 FM 10:2; (a field of PN's) a-na qá-bi-e PN, iššakkim PN, mu'ir sāb bāb ekallim PN₄ šāpir GN u PN₂ iššakkum ... ušēsû PN₃, personnel manager for the palace, PN4, governor of GN, and PN2, the tenant farmer, rented at the q. of PN₂, the tenant farmer YOS 13 330:4.

3' in other leg. and adm.: ša PN a-na $q\acute{a}$ -bi-e PN₂ eli PN₃ u PN₄ iš \acute{u} $q\bar{a}$ ti PN₃ u PN₄ nashatma PN₃ and PN₄ are quit of responsibility for (the x silver) which they owe

qabû A qabû B

to PN with the guarantee(?) of PN₂ (PN₃ will hand over the silver within five days to the bearer of his (PN's?) tablet) VAS 7 138:3; 12 ERÍN be'rum ša gāt PN ša ana amirtišunu a-na qá-bi-e PN isbatu twelve men (belonging to the) elite troops under the authority of PN, who took possession (of fields) of their choosing upon the authorization (?) of PN CT 45 52:29; (silver) itti PN abi şābim ana qá-bi-e PN, ilqe YOS 13 337:4, cf. ibid. 59:4, 218:5, 225:3, 226:3, Szlechter TJA 42 UMM H 32:4, 41 UMM G 4:4, 25 UMM H 12:4, Meissner BAP 4:6, BE 6/1 103:4, BE 6/2 116:4, PBS 8/2 238:4, Edzard Tell ed-Der 31:2, VAS 7 119:4; PN TUR. [x] DAH PN₂ TUR.[x] Uri a-na qá-bi-e PN₃ u PN₄ bakru PN₅ UGULA EN.NU HUB.BU PN, the , auxiliary (replacement for) PN₂, a of Ur, under the authority(?) of PN₃ and PN₄, (of?) PN₅, overseer of the huppû watch Grant Smith College 271:3, also ibid. 10; 2 eli[ppātum] ša PN u PN, malāhī a-na $q\acute{a}$ -bi-e PN₃ UKU (?).UŠ PN₄ . . . [$\bar{i}gur$] PN4 rented two boats belonging to PN and PN₂, the boatmen, upon the authorization(?) of PN₃, the soldier(?) BE 6/1 110:5; barley and chick peas ša PN abi sābim a-na qá-bi-e PN, DUMU.É.DUB.BA.A ana PN₃ EGIR ana UD.10.KAM innadnu of PN's, the official in charge of personnel, were given for ten days to PN₃, the EGIR, upon the authorization (?) of PN2, the accountant YOS 13 66:3; (silver) ša PN abi sābim ana gá-bi-e PN, ana PN, iddinu which PN, official in charge of personnel, gave to PN, on the authorization(?) of PN2 ibid. 428:4; x land, holdings of PN and PN₂, deceased rakbû soldiers a-na qá-bi URU(?) TCL 11 145:4, cf. fields ša a-na $q\acute{a}$ -bi-e $\kappa u x x[...]$ PN $u \ \tilde{s}\bar{i}b\bar{u}t \ \bar{a}lim \ i\tilde{s}\tilde{s}atru$ ibid. 155:17; (a. house plot) § $a \dots ana PN u PN_2 ahi$ §uPN₃ i-na qá-bi dajānī iddinu which PN₃ at the order(?) of the judges gave to PN and PN₂, his brother UET 5 252:21, a-na qá-[bi dajā]nī u [...]-tim ana PN u PN₂ PN₃ ukin PN₃ confirmed (x land) for PN and PN₂ on the orders (?) of the judges (?) and [...] ibid. case 17a; PN declared to

PN₂ and the $k\bar{a}ru$ that those tablets were lost [i]-[n]a qá-bi-e PN, u kār Sippar tup: pam anniam uballituma at the orders (?) of PN2 and the kāru of Sippar they put this tablet into effect CT 47 63:62; i-na $q\acute{a}$ -bi-e §arrim [ina MU] . . . [itti] PN . . . PN₂ ina šewīr kaspiša išām PN₂ bought from PN (etc.) with her ring money (x field which their (the sellers') father PN had received from the palace in year x) with the permission (?) of the king in (the named) year BE 6/1 61:10; PN kaparrum ša ana dah rēdî innadnu i-na qá-bi-e šarrim ana PN₂ u PN₃ ana kaparrim tūr PN, the shepherd, who was assigned as an auxiliary soldier, was returned to PN, and PN₃ to (serve as) shepherd on orders(?) of the king CT 8 32b:5; itti PN a-na qábi-e PN₂ rabiānim PN₃ PN₄ PN₅ PN₆ PN₇ PN₈ šībūt GN PN, išām PN, bought (x fallow land) from PN with the permission(?) of PN₂, the mayor, PN₃, PN₄, PN₅, PN₆, PN₇, and PN₈, the elders of GN MAOG 4 291:6, cf. with i-na $q\acute{a}$ -bi-e(in broken context) TLB 1 141:4.

- c) ša qabê: šá qá-bi-šú = šá qa-b[i-šú] Izbu Comm. W 377k; ša qa-bi dutu PN līpuš CT 33 39:13, cf. ša qa-bi-e bēlija lūpuš (end of letter) ARM 3 11:41, also ibid. 70 r. 11'; mamman ša qá-bé-e-ia ul īpuš TLB 4 11:4; šá qa-bi-e ana Marduk epuš (O lamp) do for Marduk what was ordered KAR 58:3, cf. ilu u šarru ša qa-bi-e-a [līpušu] KAR 59 r. 11 and dupls., also PBS 1/1 17 r. 25.
- d) kīma qabê: šūširāku gabba kīma qa-bi šarri bēlija I have prepared everything in accordance with my lord's order EA 144:21, cf. [kīm]a qa-bi-ka EA 193:22, and passim in EA.

Ad mng. 5: Edzard Tell ed-Dêr p. 68f.; Pomponio, AION Supp. 14 (to AION 38/1) p. 31f.

qabû B s.; (a container); OB Elam, NB.

5 qa-bu-ú qadu naruqqišunu five q.-s including their sacks MDP 23 309:9 (list

qabû qabû

of household utensils); 2 ša qa-bu-e (in broken context) Nbn. 558:12 (list of objects).

See also kabûtu.

qabû $(qab\bar{a}^{2}u)$ v.; 1. to say, tell, speak, to report, to recite, to pronounce, utter, declare (with direct object), to object, to ask (p. 23), 2. to say in a written document, to list, enumerate (p. 31), 3. to make a statement, a deposition, to declare publicly, in court (p. 32), 4. to give an order, to decree, to enjoin (p. 34), to promise (p. 38), 6. to permit 5. (p. 39), 7. to name, call (p. 39), 8. to designate, indicate, show (p. 39), 9. I/3 to say repeatedly (iterative to mngs. 1, 3, and 4) (p. 40), 10. II to say, speak (p. 41), 11. III to have someone say, decree, make a declaration, take an oath, recite, confess(?), to have orders issued (causative to mngs. 1, 3, and 4) (p. 41), IV to be said, decreed, recited, ordered (passive to mngs. 1, 3, and 4) (p. 41); from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; I iqbi - iqabbi - qabi (EA qabiti, qibeti), 1/2, 1/3, 11, 111, 111/2, 1V, 1V/3 (at-ta-na-aq-bi YOS 6 183:17, NB), notethe WSem. passive juqba/u, juqabu EA 83:16, 19, 108:20, for WSem. forms in EA see VAB 2 1443 ff., Rainey EA glossary s.v.; Wr. syll. (i-iq-bu-ku-nu-ši-im CT 29 2b:8 (OB),i-iq-bi-ma BBSt. No. 8 Add. col. B 4 (NB), i-iq*tí-bi* ABL 515 r. 7, *iq-ti-pi* CT 53 97 r. 2 (both NA), ti-iq-bi-a-am TCL 17 28:6, ša ti-KAbi- \acute{u} Walters Water for Larsa No. 43:9 (both OB), in NA, NB, and occasionally earlier in the pret. and perfect with epenthetic vowel, e.g., ta-qa-tab-bi ABL 1277 r. 4, li-qibi ABL 190:15, la-qa-bi ABL 633 r. 9, a-qabu-u-ni Iraq 21 168 No. 57:10, i-qi-bu-niABL 311 r. 8 beside pres. i-qa-bu-ni ibid. r. 7, or with doubling of the first consonant in the present, e.g., iq-qab-bi ABL 370 r. 9, $aq-qa-bu-\acute{u}$ BIN 1 5:16, taq-qab-buDar. 128:5, etc.) and DUG₄(.GA) (rarely E, MU K.10756:1, see mng. 1h-1); cf. iqbīnu, iqbu, naqbītu, qabbātu, qabbā'u, qābiānu,

qabītu in la qabītu, qābītu, qabû A s., qibītu, qību.

^{du-u}KA = qa-bu-ú hamtu, e = min marû NBGT II 9f.; $[du-\dot{u}][KA] = [qa-bu-\dot{u}], da-ag[K]A, e$ [K]A = M[IN], e KA = [KA.KA.SI.GA(?)], gu-u KA =MIN (= $qab\hat{u}$) Ea III 69-71a, cf. [du- \dot{u}] [KA] = qa-bu-u A III/2:133, [du-ug(?)] [KA] = qa-bu-u'ibid. 141, [da-ag(?)] [KA] = qa-bu-u ibid. 146, [e(?)] [KA] = MIN ibid. 148, [...] [KA] = [qab]u-u' ibid. 150; gu-u KA = [q]a-bu-u (var. qi-bu-u) Idu II 383; $dug_4 \cdot \lceil ga \rceil = \lceil qa-bu-\acute{u}\rceil$ Igituh short version 85; $[d]ug_4 = qa-bu-\acute{u}$ Lanu A 163; dug_4 , di (text KI), e, me = [qa-bu-u] Nabnitu IV 64 ff.; bi.en.dug₄, ba.ab.dug₄ = iq-bi Hh. II 57 and 59; $nu.bi.en.dug_4$, $nu.ba.ab.dug_4 =$ ul min ibid. 58 and 60; $[\dot{u}]$. [na.a]. $[dug_4]$ = qí-bi-šum Proto-Izi Bil. I Section D iv 3; mu. un.ni.dug₄ = qi-bi- δu , \dot{u} .mu.un.ni.dug₄ = qibi-šum-ma Antagal C 29 f., cf. Lu Excerpt II 84.

e E = qa-bu-u S^b II 243; i = qa-bu-u Izi V 8; me ME = $q\acute{a}$ -bu-u-um MSL 14 91 71:4 (Proto-Aa), cf. MSL 9 126:53 (Proto-Aa); [me] = [qa]-bu-u Izi E 8; di-i di = $q\acute{a}$ -bu-u-um MSL 2 148 ii 22 (Proto-Ea), also Ea IV 90, A IV/2:133′; [bi]-e Bi = qa-bu-u ma-ru-u S^a Voc. F 8′; bi-i Bi = $q\acute{a}$ -bu-u A V/1:139; bi-e Bi = qa-bu-u ibid. 152; zu-u zu = $[q\acute{a}]$ -u-u MSL 2 132 vii 44 (Proto-Ea); du-ut-tu tuk.tuk = qa-u-u Diri I 320, also Proto-Diri 50b; tuk = $q\acute{a}$ -u-u-u MSL 14 139:11 (Proto-Aa).

inim.dug₄.ga, inim.di.di, inim.KA^{du}.KA^{du}, inim.bi.bi (var. inim. bi BA. bi BA) = MIN (= amatu) qa-bu-u(var. -ú) Nabnitu IV 32 ff.; i.lu.dug₄.ga = qu-bu-u qa-bu-u Izi V 47; u₄.na.me.kam = ma-tum qá-bu-u ZA 9 160 i 34 (group voc.).

lú.níg.kúr.di = $q\acute{a}$ -bi-i δa -ni-i-im OB Lu A 119, also B iv 8; lú.kúr.ka.e = $q\acute{a}$ -bi δa -ni-tim Imgidda to Erimhuš B 7, also [q]a-ab $\delta \acute{a}$ -ni-tiú Erimhuš II 2 and (with Hitt. equivalent \mathring{b} a-an-da-a-an k[u-iš memiškizi]) Erimhuš Bogh. B 2 and 6, (with Hitt. equivalent \mathring{U} -UL \mathring{b} a-an-da-a-an ku-iš me-mi-iš-[ki-zi]) Erimhuš Bogh. A iv 38; gal. gal. di = $q\acute{a}$ -ab nar-bi, MIN δil -la-[ti] Izi H 260f.

ki.a.ra.dug₄.ga ì.gin.en.dè.en: ašar aqbu-kum ta-li-i[k] OBGT XIX 12, in MSL 5 196; mu.zu bí.dug₄ nam.maḥ.zu bí.dug₄: šumka azkur narbīka aq-[bi] I called your name, I proclaimed your greatness 4R 29 No. 1 r. 13f.; níg nam.hé.a bí.in.dug₄.ga.a.ni: mimma annā ša iq-bu-šu all this that he said to him Angim IV 41 (= 192); èm.bí.dug₄.ga.zu ba.e. dir.dir: el ša taq-bu-u tūtatter (see atāru lex. section) KAR 375 ii 25f. and parallels, and passim; èn tar.mu.u₈ ga.a.mu.ra.ab.dug₄ dug₄.g[a ga.mu.ra.ab.gi₄.g]i₄: šālannima lu-uq-bi-ka qí-ba-am-ma lūpulka ask me and I will tell you, speak and I will answer you ZA 64 140:9

qabû 1a

(Examenstext A), cf. ibid. 8; a.bi mu.un.dug₄ a.bi dug₄.ga.ab: [a-h]u-lap-šu qi-bi-i [a-h]u-lap-šu qi-bi-i K.10156:6ff. (courtesy I. L. Finkel); gal.zu ud.èš.ku₄.ku₄ mi.ni.in.zu li.bi(var. bí).in.dug₄.ga: $mud\hat{u}$ ša e-ni $er\bar{e}b$ $b\bar{t}i$ $id\bar{u}ma$ la i-qa-ab-bu- \hat{u} the expert who knows the art of entering the temple and does not tell it (to others) BiOr 30 164 i 23 f., cf. ibid. 25 f.

é.zu hun.gá hu.mu.r[a.ab.bé]: bītka nūh liq-bi-ka KAR 106:5 f., also ibid. 7 ff., Iraq 32 53 ff. passim, and passim, see nāhu lex. section; may the lock of the heavens silim.ma hu.mu.ra. ab.bé: šulma liq-bu-kum greet you (Šamaš) Abel-Winckler p. 59:3 f., cf. silim.ma mu.un. na.ab.bé: šulma i-qab-bi Angim II 20 (= 79); lú.lulì.me.a mu.un.na.ab.bé.e: ša sarrat-mi i-qab-bu-ni those who say: She is a liar ASKT p. 127:53 f.; èm šu na.ab.ti.ga.zé.en ugu. mà àm.ma.a[1] im.me.ne.bé: minma la teleqqia elijama imaqqutu ta-aq-ta-bi-i you said: Do not take anything, it is my job RA 24 36:11, Sum. from Dialogue 5:95 (courtesy M. Civil), and passim with Sum. corr. -bé.

ul.la mu.lu im.me: ulla mannu i-qab-bi who would say no? TCL 6 51:7f. cf. (in broken context) LKU 14:11ff.; na₄.kišib.a.ni íb.ta.an. zé.er bí.in.e.eš: kanīkšu pussusa iq-bu-ú (see kanīku lex. section) Ai. VI iv 27, cf. ibid. 23.

e.ne.èm gašan.an.na.ke_x(KID) di.da.ra: ana awat Ištar iq-bu-ú ASKT p. 120 r. 3f., cf. nagar lú.kin.gi₄.a ab.ša₆ di.di: nangāru ša šipra dummuqa i-qab-bu-ú (var. ile'û) Lugale XII 43; [níg].ak.mu ga.an.dug₄ níg.ak.a.mu nu.di: ina epišti lu-uq-bi epištī ul ša qa-bé-e (see epištu lex. section) 4R 27 No. 3:40 f.

ta.a gù mu.un.da.ab.tuk.àm: mala ta-qabbi-i whatever you say SBH p. 104 No. 55 obv.(!) 16ff., cf. ki.ta àm.tuk.a: šapliš i-qab-bi-ma SBH p. 149 No. 2:41f., nu.mu.ra.an.tuk.a: ul i-qab-bi ibid. 118ff.; me.e é.mu é.mu nu.me.en a.gin_x(GIM) in.na.an.dé (var. in.na.dug₄): anāku ana bītija ul bītī attu kî aq-bu-u PSBA 17 pl. 2 after p. 64 K.41 iii 11f., var. from CT 15 25:25f.; ga.ri.ib.zu.zu: lu-uq-bi-ki TuM NF 3 25:13, see Wilcke, AfO 23 85.

igi.mu.ta inim.gar sigs.ga hé.en.dug4.ga: ana panija egirri damiqti liq-qa-bi CT 16 8:280 f.; [níg š]à.ta ì.gá.gá inim šu.dul.ta al.di.dug4 (var. inim šu.dù.dù al.ri.ri): mimma ša ina libbi <i>baššû a-ma-tum rab-bi-iš iq-qab-bu-u (var. amat rabīš i-qa-bu) 5R 50 i 23 f., see Borger, ZA 61 85 ad JCS 21 3:12; ka.kù.maḥ.zu ḥa.ma.ab.bé: ina pīka ellu sīri liq-qa-bi BIN 2 22:128 f.; nam.šub..na.an.gi4.gi4.hé.pàd: ina šipti... la târšu liq-qa-bi CT 16 46:174 ff.; u4.da kalam.ma na4.ka.gi.na ti.la di.di: UD-ma ina māti šadānu balţu i(var. iq)-qab-bi today in the land it is called "the living šadānu

stone" Lugale XI 50; ta.a gù mu.un.da.ab. tuk.àm: $m\bar{i}nu$ iq-qa-bi-ki SBH p. 104 obv.(!) 8f., see ibid. p. 155, cf. dè.en.na.an.tuk.e: liq-qa-bi- $\bar{k}um$ 4R 21 No. 2:30f., dè.ra.an.tuk.a: liq-qa-bi-ka SBH p. 29 No. 13:12ff.

 e^-nu -u' = qa-bu-[u'] An VII 230e; δu -pu-u = qa-bu-u Malku IV 108; An-bu-u (possibly error for qa-bu-u) = qa-a-lum ibid. 95.

E $/\!\!/ qa$ -bu-u Hunger Uruk 49:37; [A $/\!\!/ q$] a-bu-u (in an explanation of parts of the name dNa -na-a) BM 62741:14 (comm. to god list, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

to say, tell, speak, to report, to recite, to pronounce, utter, declare (with direct object), to object, to ask -a) to say, tell, speak -1' in gen.: gana [lu]uq-bi-ka [... lu]šannīka come, I will tell you, [...] I will relate for you Lambert BWL 70:1 (Theodicy), cf. zabbu liq-ba-kim-ma šabrû lišannâki (see zabbu) LKA 29d ii 2, also gá.[na] ga.mu.ra.ab.dug₄: gana lu-uq-bi-kúm-ma ZA 64 140:3 (Examenstext A); if the sick man mimmū i-qabbu-ú imaššu forgets what he says Labat TDP 182:49, cf. ša ig-bu-u imašši AMT 63,5 iv 4; if the baby mimma ša īmuru i-qab-bi Labat TDP 230:113, cf. mala lib= bašu sabtu ana Sin liq-bi AMT 90,1 ii 3; mīnam ni-qá-bi₄ what can we say? CCT 1 45:34 and 39 (OA), minam ni-iq-bi-kum CT 33 20:8, cf. $an\bar{a}ku \ m\bar{i}nam \ a-q\acute{a}-ab-[bi]$ TCL 18 85:13 (both OB letters), also ABL 3 r. 3, wr. aq-qa-ab-bi ABL 1149 r. 12 (both NA); umma PN ahukama awatam annītam ana la qa-bi-e-em-ma u inanna lu-uq-bi-ma u libbī lunappiš thus says PN, your brother: This matter is not to be told, but now I will tell it and ease my mind ARM 5 20:4, cf. ana awīlim ana gá-bé-e-em-ma ul ag-bi umma anākuma CT 6 34a:17 (OB let.); ša tuwa'iranni šunnâm dabābam gá-ba-am u turram ula ele'i the orders you gave me, I cannot even repeat the words or say again what you said Iraq 25 184:32 (OB lit.); iq-bé-ek-ki-im-[ma] ana awâtišu taqūli he spoke to you (fem.) and you listened to OBT Tell Rimah 20:16; his words harimti i-qab-bu-ú išemmâ uznāšu and he (Enkidu) listens to what the prostitute qabû la qabû 1b

says Gilg. I iv 32, cf. liq-ba-nik-kim-ma la $tašemm\bar{e}šin\bar{a}ti$. . . lu-uq(var.-qu) -baki(var. -kim)-ma šiminni jāti Maglu I 57 a-qab-bi šiminni ajâši broken) KAR 73 r. 10; šarru mala i-qabbu-u [itti ili] kališ magir whatever the king says will be favorably received by the god KAR 178 v 11 and dupl. 179 iii 15 (hemer.), and passim with magāru; de'iq adanniš bīt šarru $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$ iq-bu-u-ni ABL 3:10, cf. ABL 19 r. 4, note, wr. bīt šarru iq-qab-bu-u-ni ABL 634 r. 3; ša šarru bēlī iq-bu-u-ni kî ša ili gamrat ABL 3 r. 6; išalluka mīnam ta-qab-bi i-qab-bu-ka kî tušettiq if they ask you (what the sign means), what will you say? If they tell you (to avert its consequences), how will you avert (them)? JNES 33 200:51f. (Diviner's Manual), see also ZA 64 140:9 (Examenstext A), cited lex. section, cf. ibid. 8; assana'al memēni la i-qabbi-a šummu mēti šummu balţa I keep asking but no one can say whether he is dead or alive ABL 144 r. 2; ana PN šālšu liq-ba-ak-ka ask PN, he should tell you ABL 6 r. 9 (both NA); mannum šumka qí-bia-am jâšim what is your name? Tell me Gilg. M. iv 5 (OB); if, unbeknownst to him, a snake perches on a man iq-bu-šum-ma iglutma and when they tell him, he gives a start KAR 384(!) (p. 342) r. 28 (SB Alu); qí-bi-a-am-ma ša terrišanni luddikku tell me and I will give you what you wish of me Bab. 12 pl. 12 vi 7 (OB Etana); Qíbi-a-ši-im-ma-ti-ik-la Speak(pl.)-to-Her (the goddess)-and-Have-Confidence (personal name) CT 48 33:6, cf. Qí-bi-šumma-ti-kal VAS 16 143:5 and 20, and passim in OB, see Stamm Namengebung 205; qí-ba-a ibrī qí-ba-a ibrī urti erşeti ša tāmuru qíba-a ul a-qab-ba-ku ibrī ul a-qab-ba-ku (see *ibru* usage b) Gilg. XII 87ff.; note that (ina/ana) pani replaces the dative when addressing a person of higher status: inūma qa-bi ana pa-ni šarri EA 119:18 (let. of Rib-Addi), gabbi ša aq-ta-bi ana pa-ni belija EA 161:55 (let. of Aziru), and passim in EA, ana šarri rabî [...] ana pa-ni-šu anāku aq-b[i] KUB 3 84 r. 3, ina pa-an šarri ni-qa-bi mā pa-an bēl pāḥeti pa-an Lú qurbūti ni-iq-tí-bi mā la immagur ABL 206 r. 7 ff., ina pa-ni tupšar ekalli qi-bi-' ABL 220 r. 5, pa-an rab mugi aq-tí-bi ABL 843:13, cf. also Iraq 20 187 No. 41:10, and passim in NA, see also BRM 2 33:14, 56:19, cited mng. 1g.

2' ina pî qabû: kî ša šarru bēlī ina pi-i-šú iq-ba-an-ni ABL 453 r. 5, cf. ina pi-i-šu i-qab-bi umma ABL 738+1111:10 (= ABL 1111 "r." 3), ina pi-ia aq-bu-ú ABL 301:11 (all NB).

b) with the words spoken quoted-1' direct speech quoted: whoever δu -tur i- $q\acute{a}$ -ab-[bi]- \grave{u} orders: (Erase his name and) write my name (on the stela) JAOS 88 57 6N-T658 iii 5 (OB copy), cf. AfO 20 77 i 23, wr. *i-qá-pi-ù* PBS 5 36 r. "ii" 3 (all OAkk. royal); x barley $l\bar{u}bil$ $t\acute{a}q$ -bi you said: I will bring Limet Documents 47:10 (OAkk.); tibēmi şī qì-bi-šu tell him: Get up and leave! CT 15 3 i 6 (OB lit.), cf. $[qaqqa]ru \ teb\overline{i} \ liq-bi-k[i]$ KAR 69 r. 18, see Biggs Šaziga 77; DN silim liqbīka may DN say to you: Be reconciled (to him) BMS 16:9 + 42:23, also PBS 1/1 12:37; you rub (the patient) ana šà Dùg-ab DUG4.GA and say: It is good for the heart Küchler Beitr. pl. 1 i 15; šumma amīlu imrasma an= nanna mê imtala iq-ta-[bu-ú] if a man falls ill and they say: So-and-so is full of water Ebeling KMI 55:16, cf. imtūt iqta-bu-ú ibid. 15, mudūšu NU GIG-ma i-qabbi Labat TDP 72:24; if the sick man libbī $qaqqad\bar{i}$ DUG₄.GA ibid. 170:10, $libb\bar{i}$ kurii-qab-bi ibid. 214:17; kal mātija kî habil iq-bu-ni all my country said: What a pity! Lambert BWL 46:116 (Ludlul II), cf. la tapallah iq-ba-a ibid. 50:35 (Ludlul III); muhur Istar you say: Accept (the of-DUG₄.GA-ma fering), Ištar Or. NS 40 141:46 (namburbi), cf. marşa šūzibi DUG4.GA LKA 69:10, and passim in rit.; ša... ana ēpišti epšima ana sāḥirti suḥrimi iq-bu-ú (see ēpištu) UET 6/2 410 r. 4, see Gurney, Iraq 22 224, also AfO 18 289:7f., STT 76:9f., BBR No. 16 r. 11f., and parallels, cf. ana kasî kussīšuma iq-bu-u qabû 1b qabû 1c

Šurpu II 31; é.a ga.ba.gub nam.ba. ab.bé.en: ina bīti luzziz la ta-qab-bi you (demon) must not say: I will occupy the house CT 16 29:86f. et seqq.; šumma . . . lanīkkime iq-ti-bi-a-áš-še (see nâku mng. la) KAV 1 ii 16 (Ass. Code § 12); whoever anna [m]īna i-qa-bu-ú says: What is this good for? AKA 253 v 98, also 172 r. 19 (Asn.), cf. AKA 251 v 83; the man will become rich and ēkiam luškun i-qab-bi will say: Where shall I store it? CT 39 33:61, cf. mannummē kî jâtima i-qab-be KAR 382:11 (both SB Alu), also Kraus Texte 38a:6; ul ta $a \S(!) - p[u] - ra \ la \ ta - q \acute{a} - bi$ you must not say: You did not write me VAS 16 133:16, also Kraus, AbB 5 36:9, YOS 2 4:16, VAS 16 177:36, TCL 18 96:20, 143 r. 14; anniam amši $ul\ i-q\acute{a}-bi$ CT 45 18:26, etc., see $ma \mathring{s} \mathring{u}$ A mng. 1a-1'; ša bīta ēpušu ganūnīma i-qab-bi (see ganūnu mng. 2a) Cagni Erra IV 99; \acute{u} -ul i-di-mi la ta- $q\grave{a}$ -ba-am do not say: I did not know A XII/57:21 (Susa let., courtesy J. Bottéro); kīma atta . . . la taḥâš $q\acute{a}$ -bi-im CT 29 23:15 (OB let.); and $pillud\acute{e}$ \$\bar{i}r\bar{u}ti \ i-qab-bi \ ma-\si [\div . \div] \] to the holy rites he says: Enough! [...] BHT pl. 9 v 15 (Nbn. Verse Account); jānu taq-bi you said: There are none AnSt 7 128:10 (let. of Gilg.), see also jānu, ahulap, anna, u'a.

2' indirect speech cited: [Anum u] rham la alākam iq-b[i] Anu said that he need not go RA 46 90:24 (OB Epic of Zu), also CT 15 40 iii 6 (SB); the wicked Elamite accepted his presents but urhašuma la alāka iq-bi-šu told him that he was not to proceed (to Elam) Lie Sar. 369; man=numma iq-bi amār šamšišu ina libbi manni ibbaši etēq sūqišu who would have said that he would see the sun (again), who would have thought that he would (again) walk the streets of his (city)? Lambert BWL 58:31 (Ludlul IV).

3' with a dependent clause introduced by $k\bar{\imath}ma$ as object: $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $\bar{a}lam$ la $wašb\bar{a}ta$ aq-bi I said that you did not reside in the town CT 52 42:14; $k\bar{\imath}ma$ ana $b\bar{\imath}t\bar{a}t$ Kašš \hat{i} \hat{i} tebru . . . iq-bu-nim-ma PBS 7 94:11, and passim in OB letters.

4' other occs.: annītam [ana bē]lija aq-bi this (i.e., the preceding) I said to my lord Aro, WZJ 8 573 HS 115:37 (MB let.), cf. annītam SAL ù DUMU ma-ru-ša annītam iq-bu-nim ARM 1058:20, and passim, annītam iq-bi CT 45 86:23 (OB), annītam šarrum iq-bi-ma Wiseman Alalakh 7:24 (OB), kî annīta PN iq-bu-ú Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 9:17, etc., see annû usage c-2'.

c) to speak about something, to mention - 1' with the topic introduced by aššum, ša, ina (ana) muhhi: PN . . . aššum mārišu ana šarrim ig-bi-i-ma PN spoke to the king concerning his son TCL 10 62:5, cf. aššum eqlim u bītim ana PN qábi-e-em RA 12 194:4, and passim in this text (OB); aššum mārtika ša ta-aq-bi-a-em as for my daughter about whom you spoke to me Laessøe Shemshara Tablets 63 SH 874:30; aššum 10 gín kaspim ša aq-bu-kum kaspum šû rēška likīl as for the ten shekels of silver about which I spoke to you, that silver should be ready for you CT 29 7b:6, and passim in OB letters; δa NITA \hat{u} SAL la i-qá-ab-bi-a-am-ma he must not speak to me about marital relations (?) RA 69 122:7, cf. ibid. 21 (OB leg.); ina muhhi batussi ša bēlī iq-bu-ni as for the young girl about whom my lord spoke ABL 15:6, ina muhhi nēpeše . . . ša šarru bēlī ig-buu-ni ABL 118:7, see Parpola LAS No. 223, cf. ABL 1426:2, AJSL 29 16 No. 14:2 (all NA), and passim in ABL, cf. also YOS 3 6:8, TCL 9 74 r. 5, and passim in NB letters; kakkabu ša ana šarri bēlija aq-bu ma'diš unnut the star that I mentioned to the king, my lord, is very faint Thompson Rep. 181 r. 4 (NB); PN ana PN, iq-ta-bi umma kaspa ša ina gātē PN, tāmuru mimma ana muhhi la ta-qab-bi PN₂ i-qab-ba-a umma kaspa tērimma ana quppu usuk PN said to PN2 as follows, "Say nothing about the silver that you saw in the possession of PN3," but PN2 did say to me (i.e., PN₃), "Put the silver back qabû 1d qabû 1e

in the cash box" YOS 6 235:7, 9, and 10, see Renger, JAOS 91 502; atta ana PN ana muḥḥi qi-bi speak to PN about (this) CT 22 74:23, also BIN 1 44:32 (NB), cf. [ina muḥ]ḥi ša taq-bu-u-[ni] ABL 1244:1 (NA); (various implements) ša 'PN taq-bu-u umma RA 14 158:12 (NB), cf. TCL 12 106:7, and passim in NB; Gilgāmeš ša i-qá-ab-bu-u lūmur (I) Gilgāmeš, want to see him (i.e., Humbaba) about whom they tell (stories) Gilg. Y. v 181 (OB); ummān-manda ša taq-bu-u (Marduk said to me) The Manda troops whom you mentioned VAB 4 220 i 26 (Nbn.).

- 2' šuma qabû to mention (someone's) name: mamman ša šumī la damqiš i-qa-ab-bu-û whoever mentions my name unfavorably ARM 10 49 r. 6', cf. who is Abdi-Aširta u [i]-qa-bu šumšu ina pani šarri that one utters his name in the presence of the king? EA 85:65 (let. of Rib-Addi); šunka ana šarri a-kab-bi HSS 14 21:24.
- 3' referring to a saying: anāku ananakam kīma i-qá-bi-ú-ni iṣṣēr NINDA-kà a-zu-áb here I am, sweating, as they say, over your daily bread CCT 6 11a:38 (OA).
- ina (also ana, itti) libbi (or surri) d) to say to oneself, to ponder: u kīam ana (var. ina) libbika tag-ta-bi qurādu Irra and you, warrior Irra, said to yourself as follows (parallel: u tātama ana libbika IV 113) Cagni Erra IV 114, cf. ibid. I 16, AnSt 5 102ff.:79 and 124 (Cuthean Legend), VAB 4 238 ii 28 (Nbn.); ana li-ibbi-ka-a $k\bar{i}am$ ta-aq-bi TLB 4 33:20 (OB let.); mindēma ta-qab-bi i-na libbika umma ABL 1411:13 (NB); i-qab-bi [ina lib-b]i- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ Lambert BWL 215:8 (fable); the sorceress ša iq-bu-ú amat lemuttija ina libbiša who pondered evil against me in her heart Maglu III 89, note kīam ina surrišu ig-bi $m\bar{a}$ ZA 43 19:74 (SB lit.); $k\bar{i}am$ iq-bi ittilibbišu Streck Asb. 44 v 25; if a man awa: tam KI lib-bi i-qab-[bi] KUB 37 207:10(physiogn.).

- e) introducing direct speech 1' in the formula used in epic poetry: DN pāšu īpušma i-qab-bi ana DN... amat izakkar STT 28 iv 46, and, wr. DUG₄.GA, passim in this text, also Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 118 ii 14, 122:13, etc., for other refs. see epēšu mng. 2c (pû usage c'), and see Sonnek, ZA 46 226 f.; note also Sin [pal-a-šu DÚ-ma i-qab-bi ana Enlil [...] AMT 84,4 ii 8.
- 2' with amatu: $\bar{\imath}$ pulšuma Ea amatu i-qab-bi-šu Ea answered him, saying (this) word En. el. VI 11, cf. $er\hat{u}$... amatu i-qab-bi Bab. 12 pl. 6:24 (Etana), amat i-qab-bi-š \hat{u} MVAG 21 86:25 (Kedorlaomer text).
- 3' in hist. and lit.: the enemy ina puḥrišunu iq-bu-u umma annû šarrani in their assembled might said: This one is our king Borger Esarh. 44 i 77, cf. iq-bu-u ikrubu šû [šarrani?] Craig ABRT 1 29:11.
- 4' in letters and leg. -a' followed by umma, mā, muk, nuk: miššu ša ta-aq-bi₄-ú ana PN u PN2 umma attama what is (the meaning of) this, that you spoke to PN and PN2 as follows CCT 2 6:4, cf. annakam PN $iq-bi_4-a-am$ umma $\delta \bar{u}tma$ KTS 6:34, inūmi tūşû bāb abullimma aq-bi₄-a-kum umma anākuma when you left, I spoke to you even at the gate entrance as follows ICK 1 95:5, cf. ina uṣā'išu ana PN iq-bi₄ umma šūtma CCT 4 6c:17; IGI $aw\bar{\imath}l\bar{\imath}$. . . qi-bi-a- $\check{s}um$ umma attunumaRA 59 150 MAH 10823+ :33, cf. \bar{e} iq-bi₄ umma *šūtma* he should not say as follows VAT 13509:3, cited MVAG 35/3 75 note c, \bar{e} ta-aqbi4 umma attama CCT 5 22c:3, la ta-aqbi₄-a(?)-am umma attama did you not speak to me (saying) as follows? CCT 5 also la ta-qá-bi₄ umma attama Kienast ATHE 27:15, and passim in OA; la ta-qa-bi-i umma attima do not say (to yourself) as follows Kraus AbB 1 134:22; pīqat nappāļu i-qá-ab-bu-ku-um umma šu: numa TCL 7 50:8; aššumika hamšīšu aq-[bi-ma] umma anākuma I spoke on your behalf five times, saying TCL 18 94:13,

qabû le qabû le

 $i-q\acute{a}-ab-bi-a-am\ umma\ \check{s}\hat{u}ma\ \text{TCL}\ 18\ 77:20,$ and passim in OB; PN iq-ba-a um-ma-a Aro, WZJ 8 568 HS 110:19, cf. iq-ta-ba-aš-šu umma-a PBS 1/2 28:12, a-qab-bi-i um-ma-aEA 19:49 (let. of Tušratta), and passim in MB; $m\bar{a}hisu \ldots i-qab-ba-a \ umma$ (report follows) CT 27 45 K.749:7 (Izbu report); u*iq-ta-bu-niš-šú um-ma* ABL 282 r. 10, cf. ina muhhi ša taq-bu-ú umma ABL 400:6, ana ahāmeš i-qab-bu-ú umma ABL 520 r. 2, mindēma ta-qab-ba-a umma ABL 403:19, also 1114:20, ana šarri bēlija la i-qab-bi umma ABL 988 r. 4, šarru iq-ta-ba-a umma ABL 925:5, mindēma šarru bēlā i-qab-bi umma ABL 281 r. 3, 459:12, 1136 r. 5, and passim in NB; šarru bēlā la i-qab-bi umma ABL 774:21, also Thompson Rep. 124 r. 2, and passim in NB letters in ABL; in later NB: agā'i gabbi ša aq-bak-ka umma CT 22 39:6, cf. agâ ša a-gab-bak-ku-nu-šú umma YOS 3 33:26, nišē i-qab-bu-ni umma CT 22 87:13, wr. iq-qab-bu-u ibid. 53:12; and PN qibi umma ibid. 39:17, 105:39; ša tag-bi-anna-ši umma what you said to us, as follows YOS 3 121:7, cf. ša $b\bar{e}lu\ iq-bu-[u]$ umma ibid. 173:22; minâ ta-qab-bi umma why do you say as follows ibid. 169:11; la i-qab-ba-a₄ umma he must not say as follows ibid. 92:26, cf. la ta-qab-ba-' umma PN ul išpurannāšu ibid. 188:17, and passim; PN iq-ti-bi-a $m\bar{a}$ KAV 104:14 (MA let.), cf. laq-bak-ka mā Craig ABRT 1 26:14 (NA oracles), iq-ti-bi-u $m\bar{a}$ Iraq 20 191 No. 42:8, ABL 424:9, iq-ti-bi(-ia) ABL 656 r. 17 and passim, i-qí-tí-bu-ni-šú ABL 515:9; issurri šarru bēlī i-qab-bi mā ABL 45:9, also ABL 92 r. 9, 191:13, 252:7 and 11, 433 r. 7, 740 r. 9, Iraq 20 195 No. 44:13, Iraq 25 71 No. 65:19, and passim in NA, wr. [i]q-qa-bi ABL 46 r. 7; for other refs. from RS, MA, and NA see $m\bar{a}$ mng. 3, for NA see also muk usages a and c, nuk; note the oracles: ragintu ina puhri . . . taq-ţi-ba-áš-šú mā ABL 437 r. 2 (NA); Bel iq-ta-bi umma . . . [mātu] gabbi ana gātišu amanni Bēl pronounced the following (oracle): I will deliver the entire land into his (the king's) hands ABL 1237 r. 23 (NB); in the future ša illâm:

ma i-qab-bu-ú um-ma-a kaspu ul nadin whoever comes with a claim and says as follows: The silver was not handed over BBSt. No. 9 iv a 26, cf. ibid. i 32, and passim in NB kudurrus and leg.; note in contracts of all types except loans, styled as dialogues: PN ina hūd libbišu ana PN, kīam iq-bi umma . . . ištēn sīsû . . . ibī innamma of his own free will PN spoke as follows to PN₂: (Since you are by adoption a coowner of my family property) please give me a horse (and other equipment for performance of military service obligations incumbent on the property) UCP 9 275:2, see Cardascia Murašû 180f. and Ebeling ZA 50 209f.; PN ina hūd libbišu ana PN₂ $[k\bar{i}]am\ ig-bi\ umma\ {
m fd}\ \dots\ b\bar{i}\ innamma\ {
m PN}$ of his own free will spoke as follows to PN₂: Please give me the (Badiatu) Canal (and adjoining lands, along with seed) BE 9 29:2, and passim (followed by PN₂ išmēšuma) in NB leases, especially in the Murašû archive, see Ries Bodenpachtformulare 5 ff.; PN u PN, ša ana ahāmeš iq-bu-u umma x zēru ... nīpuš BE 10 55:2, also PN ana pan PN2 illikma kâmu iq-bi umma ^fPN₃ . . . bī innamma lu aššatī šî RA 25 81 No. 23:3, and passim, Wr. $E-\acute{u}$ TuM 2-3 204:3; see Petschow, JCS 19 103-120.

b' preceded by kīam, kīnanna, akanna: kīam qí-bi-šu umma attama say to him thus Kraus AbB 1 79:26, cf. ana PN ki-am qi-bi Sumer 23 162:30; $midde\ k\bar{\imath}am\ ta-q\acute{a}$ ab-bi umma attama perhaps you will say thus Kraus AbB 1 37:8, cf. kīam ta-aq-bi-⟨a⟩-ni-im umma attunuma ibid. 81:8, kīam iq-bi-a-am umma šûma OECT 3 10:5, CT 52 93:16, and passim in OB letters; note kiam iqbi umma . . . iq-bi BE 6/2 49:14 and 19 (OB leg.), also OECT 8 11:3 and 6; ke-em iq-bišum ummami ARM 10 73:11, cf. ibid. 48:9, but ki-a-am aq-bi-kum ibid. 31:6; PN ana šarri kīam iq-bi BBSt. No. 3 iv 21 (MB), cf. Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 11:8; my enekīam iq-bu-u-ni umma (proverb follows) Borger Esarh. 58 v 22; kīam iq-bia-am Kraus AbB 1 80:22, kīam qí-bí-šu-nuqabû 1f qabû 1g

ši-im TCL 18 91:19, cf. šarrum... kīam iq-bi(text -bu)-šu-n[u-š]i-im-ma OECT 3 33:15, see Kraus, AbB 4 111, and passim at the end of a reported communication, see kīam mng. la-l' and 2'; RN šarru kīam i-qab-bi VAB 3 9 § 2:1, and passim in Dar. Behistun; exceptionally preceding kīam: [x]-KUR āli ana ālittišu i-qab-bi kīam Cagni Erra IV 88; kî annî qi-ba-áš-šú mā Iraq 20 183 No. 39:36, and passim in NA letters, see annû usage m; for Nuzi see kīnanna usage c-l'; for MB, Bogh., RS, EA, and rarely in NB, see akanna A usage a.

c' other occs.: enma PN ana PN₂ è-qábi CT 50 71:8 (OAkk.); $daj\bar{a}n\bar{u}$ [ana] PN iq-ta-bu-u [. . . ana] PN₂ $il\bar{a}ni\ i\bar{s}\bar{i}$ -[mi] the judges said to PN: Take an oath to PN. JEN 669:57; dajānū ana PN iq-ta-bu-ú tup= paka u šībūtika ibašši kīmē eqlu annû attūka the judges said to PN: Do you have a record or witnesses that this field is yours? JEN 654:27, and passim in Nuzi; PN ... ana RN ... iq-be-i PN₂ $m\bar{a}ratka$... ana aššūtu bi-nam-ma lu aššatī šî PN said to Neriglissar: Give me your daughter, let her be my wife Evetts Ner. 13:3; RN šarru i-qab-bi (beside more frequent $k\bar{\imath}am$ iqabbi, see mng. 1e-4b) VAB 3 85 § 2:13 (Dar. Pg), and passim in Achaem. royal, but i-qab-bi RN $\check{s}arru$ $rab\hat{u}$ ibid. 127:1 (Artaxerxes II).

f) in the introductory formulas of letana PN qi-bi-ma Sollberger Correspondence 371-373, also umma PN(-ma) ana PN₂ qi-bi-ma ibid. 369-370, see Kraus, JEOL 24 81 ff.; ana šiprī ša ālim u kārim Kaniš qí-bi-ma [umm]a kārum Waḥšušana şaḥer rabima Jankowska KTK 3:2, cf. ana PN qi bi_4 -ma HUCA 39 7 L29-556:1, and passim in OA, also in the formulation with sender preceding recipient when sender is of higher status than recipient: ummaPN-ma ana PN₂ qi-bi₄-ma (in answer to someone's letter) ibid. 22 L29-567:3, and passim; occasionally repeated in the body of the letter when singling out one of the addressees, e.g., Jankowska KTK 19:33 (= Go-

lénischeff 20), TCL 20 108:11, KTS 21a:22 and 27, and passim; note u[mma kāru]m Kanišma ana kār kārma ali PN takaššadani qí-bi-ma BIN 6 8:6 (all OA); ana belija qí-bí-ma umma PN-ma CT 52 125:2, and passim in OB, see balātu v. mng. 6a-3', also OBT Tell Rimah 20 ff., ARM 18 1 ff., and PN qi-bi-ma umma PN₂ A XII/26:1, also umma SUKKAL.MAHma ana PN u šībūti ša PN, qí-bí-ma A XI/14:3 (both courtesy J. Bottéro), and passim in OB, see Salonen Grußformeln 20, 51 ff., rarely wr. qí-bi-ma, e.g., CT 52 132:2; rarely in the body of the letter turning to another person than the addressee: ana PN qí-bí-ma umma PN₂ (the sender)-ma VAS 16 7:11, also PBS 7 15:16; note qi-bi (at the end of a letter) BIN 7 17:17, OBT Tell Rimah 34:18; in MB: PBS 13 58:9, Aro, WZJ 8 568 HS 111:1, etc., (at the end of a long introduction) RT 19 60 No. 356:11, BE 17 24:9; in MA: wr. qi-bi-ma KAJ 316:2, and passim; in Bogh.: $umma \text{ RN} \dots ana \text{ RN}_2 \dots qi - [bi - ma] \text{ KBo } 1$ 10:2, cf. ibid. 29:2, and passim, also as Akkadogram in Hitt., also EA 41:3, and passim in the royal correspondence of EA, also ana RN... qi-bi-ma umma RN₂-ma EA 28:3, and passim; also in the formulation: Rib-Addi iq-bi ana bēlišu EA 74:1, and passim, note Rib-Addi qí-bí-[ma] ana šarri bēlija EA 126:1; in RS: umma RN ana RN₂ . . . qí-bi-ma MRS 9 194 RS 17.385:4, cf. Ugaritica 5 22:4, etc., but ana šarri be lija qí-bí-ma umma PN aradkama Ugaritica 5 20:1, also ibid. 24:2, etc.; in Nuzi: ana PN qí-bí-ma umma PN₂ma HSS 9 6:2, HSS 14 12:2, etc.; rare in NA, NB: ana PN qí-bi-ma umma šarrumma ABL 914:1, cf. 924:2, 1112:2 (all NB), 1282:2 (NA); in lit.: AnSt 7 128:1 (let. of Gilg.), also (broken) AMT 52,1:1.

g) to report: (the people questioned) $k\hat{\imath}$ PN . . . ana aḥḥūti ana PN₂ la qerbu . . . ana šarri iq-bu-ni-ma reported to the king that PN was not in a brotherhood relationship with PN₂ BBSt. No. 3 i 31 (MB); mār šipri ḥanţu ana Ninua illikamma iq-ba-a jâti an express messenger came to Nineveh and reported to me (the military situa-

qabû 1h qabû 1h

tion) Streck Asb. 14 ii 27, for parallels with ušannâ see šanû v., cf. zamar itūrunimma jâti iq-bu-nu they returned at once and reported to me VAB 4 256 i 37 (Nbn.); mīni ša tašammâni ana bēlikunu ta-qab-bi-a you will tell your lord whatever you hear Iraq 34 22:12 (NA let.), cf. ibid. 31, cf. ABL 1239 r. 17 (text of the adû oath); if you (pl.) ana Aššur-bān-apli...la tallakanini la ta-qabdo not go and report (plots ba-a-niagainst him) to (the crown prince) PN Wiseman Treaties 158, and passim in this text, note ina pan replacing ana ibid. 271 and 280, cf. šumma qīpūtu annûtu la iq-ţib[i]-ú $h\bar{i}ta$ inaššiu AfO 17 276:51 (MA harem edicts), cf. also illaka ana šarri i-qa-ab-bi KAV 1 vii 13 (Ass. Code § 47); luprusma ana šarri bēlija lu-uq-bi I will check it and report to the king, my lord Thompson Rep. 210 r. 4 (NB); ina ūmu gabbi ša PN . . . $seb\hat{u}$ DU.MEŠ u i-qab-bu.MEŠ PN, u PN, . . . ina pan man-am gabbi ša PN . . . sebû umma whenever PN wishes, PN2 and PN3 will come forward and make a report in front of anyone PN wishes, saying BRM 2 33:14, cf. ūmu mala PN šuātu şebû PN2 [illak u] i-qab-bi ina pani ahšadarabannu umma ibid. 56:19; adi muhhi PN ana tupšarrē ša šarri i-qab-bu-ma tuppi apiltu ikannaku (see apiltu A usage b) Evetts Ev.-M. 19:15, cf. ana Lú.Dub.sar.meš ša šarri i-qabbu- \acute{u} ibid. 22:15 (all NB).

h) referring to an explanation given (possibly by the teacher) about ominous phenomena and their interpretation — 1' ana . . . qabi (iqabbi, etc.): KUR.DÙ.A.BI a-na KUR.URI.KI qa-bi — KUR.DÙ.A.BI (in the cited apodosis) is said with reference to Akkad ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 64 K.2281+ ii 3; MU (= aššum?) dLi_9 - si_4 MUL.GfR.TAB qa-bi ACh Ištar 25:29, cf. [. . . dLi_9 - $s]i_4$ a-na GfR.TAB MU K.10756:1, cf. also, wr. i-qab-bi ACh Ištar 25:53, 59f., 65, 67f., 74, and 76, wr. qa-a-bi Thompson Rep. 236G 6; [maškat] tum ana £.ŠE q[a-bi] A VIII/1 Comm. 14; ana ša eqla \bar{i} ru \check{s} uni qa-bi (the omen) refers to the one who cultivates a field ABL

74 r. 10, see Parpola LAS No. 38; ana mūtāni (see *mūtānu* usage b) Rep. 232:3, also K.800:13, note ana BAD.MEŠ DUB(?) Hunger Uruk 90:6; dumqu ša Su: bartu u Akkadi i-qab-bi-šú Thompson Rep. 268:10 (= ABL 1006, NB), see Landsberger Brief n. 67; ša ana dumqi DUG₄.GA-ú (followed by explanation, see *şulultu* A mng. 2) TCL 6 6 ii 12, also ibid. r. ii 18, CT 31 38 ii 11, also 10 r. (!) i 4, cf. ana ahīti qa-bi ibid. 39 i 17; ana BAR-ti DUG₄- \acute{u} Boissier DA 45:14, cf. ibid. 17, also CT 20 21 81-2-4,397:9f.; ša ana sig, u hul dug,-ú igi.meš-šá ana imitti šaknama SIG5 ana šumēli šaknama ahītu they say it (the preceding protasis) with reference to both good and bad: if its (the sibtu's) front parts lie toward the right, it is good, if toward the left, it is bad Boissier DA 11 i 17, cf. [ša ana SI]G5 u hul dug₄-ú-ma (var. iq-bu-ú) ittašunu SUM-nu CT 20 25 K.9667 ii 16, var. from 29 K.4092:3; note ša ana SIG, iq-bu-ú ana IGI-ka šībūšu Boissier DA 18 iii 15 and 25, ša ana aḥīti dug₄-ú ana igi-ka manzāzu $ah\hat{u}$ ibid. 19, also, wr. [i]q-bu-u CT 20 24 82-3-23,23 i 9; note in the perfect: šarūrūšu maqtu šanīš MI [ina lib]bišu la ibši ana maqāt [ša] rūrū iq-ti-bi ABL 1134:14, see Parpola LAS No. 109.

ša igbû: mimma ša sig, 3-ma nu SIG5 mimma ša NU SIG5 3-ma SIG5 ina šalši kúr-ir ša ig-bu-ú what was favorable is not favorable at the third time, what was unfavorable is favorable at the third time, it changes at the third (examination of the exta), as they said Boissier DA 13 i 44, cf. tapaqqissi ša iq-bu-ú têretka šalimti laptat if you repeat it, as they said, your favorable omen will be unfavorable TCL 6 5 r. 29; ša iq-bu-ú (var. (followed by explanation of the cited protasis) CT 31 49 r. 22, var. from ibid. 18 K.7588 obv.(!) 13; ša iq-bu-ú laputtû nāgiru (explaining laputtû in the apod. by citing from a synonym list) CT 31 11 i 12; tību hattu šá ig-bu-ú (var. DUG4-ú) tīb nakri hatti nakri imaqquta GIM iq-bu-ú

qabû li qabû lj

(var. DUG₄-u) CT 31 9 iv (!) 25 f., vars. from dupl. K.2092 iv 4 and 6, see Nougayrol, RA 68 65, cf. ša iq-bu-ú mesû zukkû šanīš ub[bubu] (referring to mesû in the apod.) CT 31 11 iii(!) 19, also (with similar lexical equations) ibid. 12, 21, 39 i 19, (introducing the apod.) ibid. 38 i 10, (introducing an explanation) CT 20 25 K.9667 ii 23 and dupls., (in broken or difficult context) CT 20 18 Sm. 1520 r. 4, CT 30 19 iii 9, 38 K.9084 ii 16, wr. $\delta a = -\acute{u}$ Hunger Uruk 27:15 and 17, 32 r. 12, 90 r. 4, JNES 33 331:5, ending the explanation with $k\bar{i}ma$ MIN (= $iqb\hat{u}$) CT 31 39 i 30 f.; note ša iq-bu-u-ma ittašunu sumnu Boissier DA 16 iv 27, 248:2, also, ending the explanation with GIM DUG₄- \acute{u} ibid. 12 i 20 f., dupl. CT 30 25:18 f.; $\delta a iq - bu - u$. . . GIM iq-bu-ú kar ekēmu kar etēru halāqu CT 51 156:13f. and dupl. CT 30 22 i 14f. (all SB ext.); note δa qa-bu-u Thompson Rep. 268:6, ša iq-bu-u-ni ibid. 43 r. 2.

3' kīma iqbû, kî qabû: mut-tab-bil um: māni ālik pani ummāni gim dug₄-[ú] (var. GIM MIN) CT 31 10 K.2086+:10, dupl. CT 30 37 K.9815:10, var. from AMT 71,3:7, cf. CT 20 21 83-1-18,433:8, CT 28 48 K.182+ r. 6, CT 31 44 i 2, (in broken context) ibid. 10 iii 1, 17 K.7588 note GIM $2-\check{s}\check{u}$ $iq-b[u-\check{u}]$ (var. DUG_4-u) ibid. 13, var. from AMT 71,3:11, see also CT 30 22 i 15, CT 31 9 iv (!) 25 f., 39 i 31, Boissier DA 11 i 21; cited mng. 1h-2', and (in broken context) Boissier DA 46:19, K.6991:5 (astrol.); aššu maš.maš-ú-tu ki-i qa-bu-ú Hunger Uruk 47:11, cf. LKA 72 r. 6f.; assum DN ki DUG₄-u CT 13 32 r. 6, wr. ki-i DUG₄. GA(-u) ibid. 5, r. 5, GIM DUG_4-u ibid. r. 13 (En. el. comm.).

i) to recite a prayer, an incantation — 1' naming the prayer recited or to be recited: DN a.ra.zu dè.ra.ab.bé: DN te-es-li-tú liq-bi-ka SBH p. 133 No. III 14f., also ibid. p. 29 No. 13:18f., p. 58 No. 30:50f., r. 1f., KAR 26:34, RAcc. 109 r. 7f., a.ra.zu ga.an.na.ab.bé: tas-li-tum lu-uq-bi Langdon BL 176:1f., siskur.ra hé.en.na.ab.bé: tas-li-tum liq-bu-ú CT 16 36:10f., etc., see taslītu; siskur dè.ra.ab.bé: ik-ri-bi liq-bu-šú Studies Albright 346:17,

cf. $\S UD_x(KA \times \S U)$ BI DUG_4 .GA RAcc. 129:4, 135:250; for other refs. see ikribu lex. section and mng. 1a; KI. $\S \acute{u}$.BI.IM $\S a$ $m \acute{e}$ $na \S \acute{e}$ DUG_4 .GA-ma RAcc. 32 iv 23; see also $naqb \~{t} tu$.

2' other occs.: 3-šú anniam DUG₄.GA KUB 37 61 r. 6, ef. annīta ta-qab-bi-ma KAR 178 r. vi 40, also KUB 4 17:2, and passim preceding or following the cited text, also istu an-nam taq-ta-bu-ú after you have recited BiOr 30 178:9, cf. BMS 12:115, $DUG_4.[GA]-\acute{u}$ PBS 12/1 7 r. 6 (coll.), E-u RAcc. 145:447; 3-šú DUG₄.GA-ma CT 39 27:11, and passim; $3-\dot{s}\dot{u}$ kam DUG₄.GA LKA 123 r.(!) i 11, and passim in inc., also $\check{s}ang\hat{u}$. . . $akia\ i$ -[q]a- $bi\ MVAG\ 41/3\ 8\ i\ 28$, 12 ii 29 (MA rit.), ila tullal u HAR.GIM DUG₄. GA 4R 25 iii 3, cf. CT 23 1:12, and passim; note LÚ.NAR pētū ikleti izammur takabbas raggu i-qa-ab-bi (see kabāsu mng. 2b-1') BBR No. 60:23, also (the hymn) 3-šú iman= $nu \ u \ arkišu \ k\bar{\imath}am \ 3-\check{s}\acute{u} \ i-qab-b[i]$ KAR 60 r. 2, see RAcc. 22; note: the incantation DN [DN₂] u DN₃ iq-bu-nim-ma Köcher BAM 438 r. 6, and passim at the end of incs.; for liginna qabû see s.v.

j) to pronounce, utter, declare (with direct object, arranged alphabetically): for alāla qabû see alāla lex. section; [šum= $ma\ a$]-wa- $\lceil at(?)\rceil$ RN i-qa-ab-bu- $\$um\ u\$e\$\$\$\hat{u}$ if he divulges any (confidential) matter that RN tells him JCS 12 124:45 (OB Alalakh), see Draffkorn Kilmer, JCS 13 95; işşuru awat ša qa-ba šarru bēlija ana jâši EA 294:13; u qa-bi-ti ina qāti PN awatu I have reported this matter through PN EA 263:20; mār šipri ša illi= kuma amat šarri ig-ba-áš-šú the messenger who came relayed to him the royal order ABL 1259 r. 11 (NB); amat libbija aq-bi-iš VAB 4 280 vii 44 (Nbn.); ina muhhi abite ša šarru bēlī iq-bu-u-ni mā ABL 6 r. 8, cf. ABL 18:6, r. 3, 179:5, 464 r. 10, 687 r. 13, Iraq 17 127 No. 12:3, and passim with amatu, see s.v. lex. section, mngs. la-e, 4a-3', 4b-1'c', 4d; see also atartu A mng. 2, RAcc. 78 r. 12 cited balāţu s. mng.

qabû 1k qabû 2a

1b-1'; ír im.me: bikīti i-qab-bi RA 33 see also banītu, banītu in la banītu; dabābu paniu ša a-qa-ba-kan-ni 4R 61 vi 8, cf. dibbija ša aq-qa-ba-kan-ni ibid. i 17 (NA). and see $dab\bar{a}bu$ s. mng. 2b: obscure: damiqti AB.GUD.HI.A qá-bi-a-at the good condition (?) of the cattle has been declared(?) TLB 4 42:10 (OB let.); PN da-na- $s\acute{u}$ i- $q\acute{a}$ -bi₄-šu-ma ICK 2 145:11 (coll. M. T. Larsen), and see dannātu; dibbī annûte *iq-ti-bu-ni* ABL 444 r. 7, cf. ABL 131 r. 12 (both NA); dīnam kīma simdat šarrim i ni-iqbi-šu-nu-ši-im let us give them a verdict in accordance with the royal decree JCS 23 29 No. 1:32, cf. Kraus AbB 1 120:13, [ass]um ... dīnam kīma şimdatim qá-bé-e-em CT 52 135:3, cf. ibid. 5, 10; $d\bar{i}nam \ q\hat{i}-b\hat{i}-a-\delta u$ nu-ši-im-ma TCL 17 21:21, cf. TCL 1 41:16 (all OB); $d\bar{i}na$ ina URU Akkad li-iq-b[u-u]ABL 746:10 (NB); for dulpu see s.v.; see also ikkillu usage c, inimmû A, karşu usage b, kazbūtu, kīnātu; la šalimta aqta-bi I spoke insincere things KAR 45 r. 9, cf. KAR 39 r. 22, cf. ana la šināti gábé-e TIM 2 158 r. 12 (OB let.); see also le= muttu usage a, magirtu, magrītu usage a, mērehtu A, nazgūtu, nikiltu mng. 2; nīš šarrim PN ana akkâša qí-pa-aš-šu-nu-ti-mi $umma PN_2-ma [...] li-iq-pa-mi$ (the judges said to PN₂) "Let PN swear an oath to you," - PN₂ said, "Let him swear" JEN 362:20; anākû purussâm . . . a-qa-ab-bi-e-ku-nu- $\delta i - \langle im \rangle$ should I be the one to tell you how to proceed (with the offerings)? ARM 14 12 r. 8'; see also qibītu, qubbû s. usage b, sirhu mng. 1b, šillatu; šulanšunu ana šarri a-qab-bi I will report on their health to the king ABL 1 r. 7 (NA); for šulma qabû "to pronounce a greeting," see s.v.; see also tuššu, tābtu, tapiltu; tēmam an: niam iq-bu-ku-nu-ši-im ul iq-bu-ku-nu-šiim did they or did they not give you (pl.) this report? ABIM 16:16f., and passim in this text, and see tēmu; see also un= $n\bar{\imath}nu$.

k) to object: $\check{s}umma\ mimma\ i-q\acute{a}-bi_4$ and $hur\bar{a}sim\ p\bar{\imath}ka\ din$ if he objects, promise

gold ICK 1 89:11, cf. šumma mimma i-qá-bi₄-a-kum CCT 3 34a:27, and passim in OA; mātum mimma la i-qa-bé-kum the country must not bring you objections Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 79 SH 812:52; RN ana PN-ma ina urkīt ūmī mimma ul iq-ka-ab-bi RN will not raise any objections to (his son) PN in the future Wiseman Alalakh 86:17 (OB); note without mimma: šumma i-qá-bi₄ ana hurāṣim pākunu dina CCT 4 12a:22, cf. mā awīlum i-qá-[bi] BIN 6 101:8, also ibid. 67:19 (all OA).

- l) to ask: summa libbaki ana sāpirija lu-uq-bi-ma l GìR.SIG6.GA lillikakkim if you (fem.) wish, I will ask my supervisor that a girseqû go to you VAS 16 18:16; (ša> ta-aq-bi-a-am ul amgurka I could not oblige you with what you asked of me ibid. 28:5 (both OB letters); mārē Bābili . . . erēb Bābili iq-bu-nim-ma ušālisu kabtatī the Babylonians bade me enter Babylon and thus gladdened my heart Winckler Sar. pl. 10 No. 22:298 and dupls.; in personal names: Aq-bi-DINGIR YOS 6 221:15, wr. A-qa-bi-DINGIR Nbk. 393:4, BE 9 109:1, and passim, abbr. A-qa-bu-ia Nbn. 542:2; Mīnu-laq-bi ADD 761:2, Kî-la-aq-bi ADD App. 1 xi 13.
- 2. to say in a written document, to list, enumerate -a) with the source indicated: la kî annê ina libbi adê qa-bi is it not written thus in the loyalty oath? ABL 656 r. 19 (NA); $tuppi \times anniki \dots ša$... eqlu ... uppu laqi qa-bi-ú-ni tablet concerning x tin in which it is said that the field (pledged) is considered transferred (after the due date) KAJ 142:9 (MA); ina libbi NAM.BÚR.BI-šú qa-bi it is said in the pertinent apotropaic ritual ABL 370:10 (NA); see also arû A mng. 2, lišānu mng. 3, şâtu mng. 2a; ina ERIM.HUŠ qa-bi (see libbu mng. 4a-2 b') Leichty Izbu p. 232 ROM 991:4; ina libbi attalî annê ša MN iqti-bi ABL 46 r. 9 (NA); ša ina tuppi qa-biú-ni-ma ana bītāte ilāni . . . errab what is listed in the tablet goes into the temples (of GN) MVAG 41/3 16 iii 39 (MA); (the

qabû 2b qabû 3a

appurtenances) ša ina libbi dulli qa-bu-u-ni which are enumerated in the ritual ABL 21:8 (NA).

- b) without indication of the source: akî annie qa-bi ABL 405:8, r. 11, 647:17, see Parpola LAS No. 67; should the king ask akê qa-bi ABL 74:22 (all NA); qātāšu la ella ana muḥḥi qa-bi it is said about (him): his hands are impure Hunger Uruk 47:5; libbû šipri DUG₄.GA AfO 24 83:6 (comm.); ša qa-bu-u-ni ammeu mā as that one has said (proverb follows) ABL 652 r. 9 (NA).
- 3. to make a statement, a deposition, to declare publicly, in court -a) with legal implications -1' in gen. -a' in OA: mahar annêmma $qi-bi_4-ni-a-ti$ declare to us before these two (men) CCT 1 47b:17; PN entrusted a donkey without load to PN₂ IGI PN₃ PN $[b]iltam [x]-ta-iula iq-bi_4$ PN did not declare before PN₃ (that)... the (donkey) load (entire text) ICK 1 163:9.

b' in OB: šumma mussa ezēbša iq-tabi if her husband declares publicly that he divorces her CH § 141:46, also 53; kīma x kaspam . . . ilqû mahar dajānī iq-bi-ma PBS 1/2 9:23, cf. šībūssunu mahar dajānī ana pani PN iq-bu-ú-ma TCL 1 157:45, and see šībūtu; under oath: ša-a-ma-nu-ma ina mahar ilim kasap išqulu i-qá-ab-bi-ma the buyer declares before the god the (amount of the) silver that he paid CH § 281:92, cf. mahar ilim i-qá-ab-bu-ma Kraus Edikt § 5':39, also CH § 9:37, cf. ina mahar Ninurta šībūtušu iq-ta-bu-ú AbB 5 28:15, ana pani dGUD DUMU dUTU i-qa-bi KAV 1 vii 16 (Ass. Code § 47); ina nīš ilim lu-uq-bi-ma TIM 2 82:10 (OB let.); the witnesses ina ká dnin.mar.ki . . . iq-bu-úma Jean Tell Sifr 58:28, cf. Walters Water for Larsa 96:12.

c' in Elam: 'PN . . . 'PN₂ . . . ana PN₃ hassa u PN₄ kiparu ina pî ka-a iq-ba-a umma sinama 'PN and 'PN₂ (midwives) declared thus orally to PN₃, the hassa official, and PN₄, the kiparu official MDP

23 288:5, cf. maḥrišunu iq-bí MDP 28 424:21.

- d' in MA: kî a'īlu ša aššassu ana epāše i-qa-ab-bi-ú-ni nāikāna eppušu they will treat the adulterer just as the husband declares he will treat his wife KAV 1 ii 34 (Ass. Code § 14).
- lišānšunu ša PN ša PN, in Nuzi: $u \not sa [PN_3] iq-ta-bu-ni$ statement that PN, PN₂, and PN₃ made (statement follows) JEN 457:3, cf. 467:35, HSS 9 18:30, also (with ana pani šībūti before witnesses) JEN 608:4, and passim, (with ana pani dajānī before the judges) JEN 663:26, 666:13, and passim, also kīam iq-ta-bi TCL 9 19:3, wr. iq-ta-a-bi JEN 591:12, kīnanna iq-ta-bi HSS 19 97:29, and passim; annûti šībūti ša PN ša ina pani dajānī ig-bu-ú these are PN's witnesses who declared before the judges (as follows) JENu 768:37, cf. JEN 650:7, also PN . . . ana panīni iq-ta-bi PN declared before us (witnesses) HSS 9 108:28.
- f' in NB: ^fPN . . . ana dajānē ša RN fPN made the (following) taq-bi umma deposition before the judges of Nabonidus Nbn. 13:2, also Nbn. 356:2, 720:2, TCL 12 122:2; ⟨mu⟩kinnē ša ina panīšunu PN ana PN₂ iq-bu-ú umma (these are) the witnesses before whom PN made the (following) declaration to PN₂ Nbn. 69:5, cf. VAS 6 253:2, and passim, see mukinnu mng. 1b-2', also qīpānu u mār banî ša ina panīšunu PN iq-bi umma YOS 7 30:11, ef. ibid. 107:4, PN ... ina puḥri iq-ba-áš-šú-nu-tu umma YOS 6 78:14, PN ina puhri . . . taq-bi umma ibid. 154:5, cf. (the two accused) ina puhri iq-bu-ú eli ramnišunu ukinnu umma confessed in the assembly, saying see also maš'altu mng. 1; mahar rabûti u dajānī ikšudunimma ana PN qīpi Esagil iq-bu-ú umma TCL 12 120:18; note the exceptional use of IV/3 for I/3: PN sašta ša alpi kî īpuš qāt sibitti ina qātišu kî aşbata kî ābuku at-ta-na-aq-bi (for agtanabbi) that PN stole the ox, that I caught him red-handed, that I brought

qabû 3a qabû 3a

him here – I testify to all this YOS 6 183:17.

uttering a legally binding phrase with the formulaic phrase cited - a' with the formulaic phrase in the negative in OB: if the adopted son ul abī atta ul ummī atti iq-ta-bi says (to his adoptive parents): You are not my father, you are not my mother CH § 192:7, cf. § 282:99, BIN 2 75:24, CT 8 22b:9, YOS 8 149:12 and 17, BE 6/1 17:12 and 15, Ai. VII iii 25, 30, TIM 4 15:13, also with i-qa-bi-ma ibid. 50:16; šumma PN...ul aššatī-mi atti i-qaab-bi BRM 4 52:8, cf. ibid. 13, also Meissner BAP 90:14 and 20, TCL 1 61:12, CT 8 7b:15 and 19, Riftin 1:8, Wr. NU DAM.A.NI iq-tabi-i (var. ula aššatī atti BA.NA.AN.DUG₄) YOS 14 344:8, var. from case; if the slave girl ul bēltī atti iq-ta-bu CT 8 22b:9; if fPN $[ul\ a-p]il-ti\ i-q\acute{a}-ab-bi-ma$ CT 47 65a:34; in Sum. formulation: ad.da.mu nu.me. en ... ba.na.an.dug₄.meš Genouillac Kich 1 B 17:5, 11, 15, also BE 6/2 4:20, and passim, dumu.me nu.me.en ba.na. an.dug₄.uš RA 26 106:25, ba.an.na. dug₄(.eš) YOS 8 152:17 and 24, BE 6/2 24:17 and 25, Jean Tell Sifr 97:14' and 20', and passim, wr. ba.an.du.ú UET 5 96:15 and 19; tukum.bi ... nu ama.mu ì.bi.a BIN7 163:23: tukum.bi PN...nu. DUMU. uš.mu nu.me.en in.na.ab.bé 45 101:23.

2" in Elam: ša ul mārtu atti i-qa-ab-bu-ú MDP 23 285:19; awīlum ana awīli[m] ul aḥī atta i-qa-bu-ma 10 MA.NA kaspam išaqqal MDP 28 425:24; mamma ... ša ul nadin i-qa-ab-[bu] whoever (among the heirs) says: It (the field) is not given MDP 22 138:19, also 137:16, MDP 23 284:22, 287:5, MDP 24 379:12, 381:12, 382:17; ša nēmelam PN ul ikkal i-qa-ab-bu-ú whoever would say: PN has no share in the profit MDP 28 426:19; ša ul zīzāku ul mesāku ... i-qa-ab-bu-ú-ma MDP 18 241:7, and passim, see mesû v. mng. 3b.

3" in kudurrus: whoever in the future eqlu ul niditti šarri-mi i-qa-bu-ú says:

The field is not a royal grant BE 1/2 149 ii 8, also BBSt. No. 7 ii 7, MDP 6 pl. 10 iv 21, and passim, ša... bītāti šuātu ul nadnuma kaspu ul maḥir i-qab-bu-ú VAS 1 70 ii 4, also 1R 70 ii 18, and passim, note with qabû both preceding and following the quote: ša iššakkinuma i-qa-bu-ú eqlu ul mašiḥ u kunukku ul kaniki i-qa-bu-ú BBSt. No. 8 iii 16f., VAS 1 35 r. 45 and 47, note ša... anāku la idi i-qab-bu-ú VAS 1 36 vi 1.

4" in MB, NB: if the adopted daughter ul ummī i-qá-ab-bi-ma says: She is not my mother BE 14 40:19, cf. ibid. 17 (MB); whoever raises a claim umma bīt šutumma šuātu ul nadinma kaspu ul maḥir i-qab-bu-u (will repay the silver twelvefold) BE 8 3:29, and passim, Wr. i-qá-bu-ú AnOr 8 8 r. 29, and passim, Wr. DUG₄.GA-ú TCL 12 19:27; ša illâmma . . . i-qa-bu-ú umma bītu šuātu ul nadinma kas-pa ul maḥir Dar. 245:25, and passim.

5" in MA: šumma PN la aš-[š]a-ti-mi i-qa-áb-bi x kaspa ì.Lá.E u šumma 'PN2 la mu-ti-mi ta-qa-áb-bi x [kaspa] tašaqqal TIM 4 45:11 and 14, cf. [šumma 'PN] ... [ul ummī] atti ana 'PN2 i-qa-bi KAJ 3 r. 3; šumma PN la ammigirmi i-qa-bi (see magāru mng. 10b) KAJ 57:18 and 21; šumma ittekir la idēma i-qa-ab-bi KAV 1 iii 66 (Ass. Code § 24).

b' with the formulaic phrase in the positive: u₄. kúr. šè GIŠ.SAR.mu nu.ub. bi.àm mu DN ù RN in. pàd he took an oath by DN and RN that he will not say in the future: It is my orchard YOS 14 263:10, also OECT 8 3:13, and passim, also é.mu nu.ub.bi.a TCL 10 6:10, 7A:9, var. la i-qá-bu ibid. 7B:11 (case), wr. nu.ub. bi.è.a ibid. 32:16, nu.u[b.b]i.è ibid. 130:13, tukum.bi é.mu na.ab.bi.a if he says, "The (sold) house is mine"

qabû 3b qabû 4a

(he pays x silver) BIN 7 106:16; a.šà. mu(!) nu.un.na.ab.bi.àm Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 29:12, GIŠ.SAR. (mu) nu.na.ab.bi.a VAS 13 98a:15 (case), but nu.dug₄.dug₄.ga ibid. 98:14 (tablet); rarely in Akk. formulation: U₄.KÚR.ŠÈ U₄.NU.ME.AK ARAD la-a i-qá-bu-ma ni-iš DNDN₂ ù RN IN.PÀD.MEŠ (manumission of a slave) BIN 2 76:11, also RA 70 47:18 (all OB); aplūša PN u PN₂ eqlum nuttum i-qa-bu-ú-ma if the heirs of PN and PN₂ say: The field is ours MDP 23 200:47, cf. ibid. 49.

c' other occs.: whoever salmī-me i-qápi- \acute{u} declares: It is my statue AfO 20 64 xxiv 33 (Rimuš), also ibid. 55 xviii 33, wr. $i-q\acute{a}$ bi-ù ibid. 77 i 15 (Narām-Sin); šumma awīlum mimmūšu la haliqma mimmė haliq iq-ta-bi if a man whose property was not lost declares: Some property of mine was lost CH § 126:12, cf. § 9:12 and 17, restored from Ni. 2553+, cited Borger Babylonisch-Assyrische Lesestücke p. 24, cf. [...] halaq-me iq-bi AfO 12 52 r. 6 (Ass. Code Text M); if a man wishes to disinherit his son and ana dajānī mārī anassah iq-ta-bi declares before the judges: I will disinherit my son CH § 168:14, cf. šumma...abum...mārūa iq-ta-bi if the father declares: They are my sons CH § 170:45, cf. § 171:65; mā aššitī šīt i-qa-ab-bi he declares: She is my wife KAV 1 vi 4 (Ass. Code § 41); if a wife tahhazanni iq-ta-bi says (to her husband): You will not have me as wife any longer CH § 142:62, and passim; kaspam ula nilge ula $i-q\acute{a}-ab-bu-\acute{u}$ they must not say: We did not take the silver CT 2 37:20 (OB); PN contested the field bāb eqlija šû iq-bi-ma MDP 6 pl. 9 ii 18 (MB kudurru).

- b) in lit.: nam.mah.zú dug₄.ga: narbīki lu-uq-bi I will proclaim your greatness KAR 73 r. 25f., cf. BMS 27:24, also 12:93, and passim in the final doxology of prayers, see narbû lex. section; liq-bu-ú litta'idu lidlula dalūlīšu En. el. VII 24.
- 4. to give an order, to decree, to enjoin
 a) said of gods 1' in gen.: Aššur

bēlu māhāza ērišannima epēš atmanišu igba-a Aššur, the lord, requested a sanctuary from me and enjoined me to build an abode for him Weidner Tn. 28 No. 16:90, 31 No. 17:42, also AKA 96 vii 75, cf. $ep\bar{e}\check{s}$ $\bar{a}li$. . . iq-bu-u-ni Lyon Sar. 9:55; the gods who mişir mātišunu ruppuša iq-bi-ú-ni commanded me to extend the boundary of their land AKA 34 i 49, cf. ana GN . . . ana alāki iq-ba-a ibid. 52 iii 40 (Tigl. I), 225:27 (Asn.), WO 4 32 v 4 (Shalm. III), cf. also ultu DN . . . iq-bu-u-ni alāku Borger Esarh. 98 r. 36, also Streck Asb. 196:22, 5R 35:15 (Cyr.), and passim; see also bu'uru mng. la; $Marduk \dots aśabśu iq-bi$ Borger Esarh. 15 Ep. 10:9, cf. Aššur . . . liq-ba-a ašābšun may DN decree that they (the palaces) be inhabited Winckler Sar. pl. 25 No. 54:72, cf. iq-ba-a sapāh [mātišu] also Piepkorn Asb. 102 iv 16, also Streck Asb. 204 v 38; I, Assurbanipal ša . . . iq-bu-u epēš šar= rūtišu for whom (the gods) decreed that he exercise the kingship Streck Asb. 290:18, and passim; to rebuild the temple tower of Babylon Marduk bēlu jāši iq-bí-a VAB 4 60 i 41 (Nabopolassar), cf. epēšu iq-bi-ù (parallel: edēšum ittabi ii 14) ibid. 142 ii 16, also ibid. 110 iii 36 (Nbk.); $ab\bar{u}bu$ ša $ta-q\acute{a}$ ab-b[i-a-ni-in-ni] the flood that you (pl.) order me (to bring about) Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 84 II vii 44 (OB); ana hulluq nišīja qabla aq-bi-ma (see qablu B mng. 2a) Gilg. XI 121; DN DN₂ . . . liq-bi-u š $arr\bar{a}ni$. . . ina libbi ziqnišunu KUŠ.DA.E.SIR-ka lu= šakkilu may DN, DN2 decree that (all) kings wipe your shoes with their beards Iraq 20 182 No. 39:29 (NA let.), coll. Postgate, Iraq 35 22; aššu nišī dadmē ša taq-bu-u gamālšin as for the inhabitants of the world whom you told (me) to spare Cagni Erra I 107; you, Marduk ta-qab-bi nêssu decree his healing AfO 19 65 iii 16, also JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 2:19 (SB lit.); halpû linihki Ea bel nagbi ta-ni-ih-ki liq(!)-bi (var. ta-ni-hu liq-bi-ki) may frost extinguish you (fire), may Ea, lord of springs, order your calming down AfO 23 41:23 (inc.); note with ina pî: when my lord Ea ina KA-šu ellim

qabû 4a qabû 4b

iq-bi-a-am-ma gave me an order personally (lit. with his holy mouth) AfO 12 365:11 (Takil-iliššu of Malgium), cf. PBS 7 133 i 22 (Hammurapi), CT 37 1 i 23 (Samsuiluna), cf. also ina KA-šu kabtim li-iq-bi may (Enlil) with his weighty word decree (his ruin) CH xlii 80 (epilogue), also AKA 253 v 101 (Asn.); iq-bi ina sīt pi-i-šú VAS 1 37 i 31 (NB kudurru); note the idiom ilu lu la i-qa-bi heaven forbid (for context see ilu mng. 1 f) AfO 17 270:13 (MA harem edicts).

- in dreams, through divination, oracles: $k\bar{\imath}ma \dots b\bar{\imath}r\hat{\imath}m \dots$ and la asêm iq-bu- \acute{u} - $\acute{s}i$ -im-ma (see $b\bar{a}r\hat{u}$ usage a-1) PBS 7 125:17 (OB let.); Šamaš and Adad gave me a favorable answer ana napāh šamši ... iq-bu-u petâšu and ordered that it (the gate) face east OIP 2 145:15 (Senn.), cf. ibid. 137:30, cf. Samaš ina annišu kēni iq-ba-a [. . .] Streck Asb. 180:20; $t\hat{e}r\bar{e}ti$. . . iq-bu-ni erēb bīt mumme Borger Esarh. 83 r. 24, cf. ša taq-ba-a ibid. 82 r. 18, also (referring to a dream) VAB 4 218 i 24 (Nbn.); $A \check{s}\check{s}ur \ ina \ \check{s}utti \ . \ . \ iq-ti-b[a-\acute{a}\check{s}-\check{s}\check{u}] \ ABL$ 923:7, see Parpola LAS No. 117, cf. ABL 1021:16; see also bīru A usage b; Jupiter through reaching its hypsoma in MN ig-ba-a epēše commanded the building (of the temple) Borger Esarh. 18 Ep. 14 ii 44; ša kunnu palēja gí-ba-ma naplisa ahāmeš decree (Sin and Šamaš) that my reign be long-lasting by looking at one another (i.e., being in opposition) PBS 1/2 106 r. 22; mimma ša ilu ana ahija i-qá-bu-u šupra write me what the god (you ask) says to (you) my brother ABL 901 r. 11 (NB).
- 3' uttering blessings and curses: Ninurta . . . arāk ūmēja liq-bi šum'ud šanātija littazkar AKA 211:25 (Asn.), cf. kunnu palēja liq-bu-ú dūra dāra Lyon Sar. 19:102; i-bi arāku ūmēja qi-bi littūtī VAB 4 88 No. 7 ii 29 (Nbk.), cf. Iraq 24 95:40 (Shalm. III); qi-bi-ma ina qibītiki ilu zenû lislim STC 2 pl. 82:85, cf. qi-ba-a-ma ina qibītikunu x x x šá-ni-na PBS 1/2 106:25; [q]i-bi-ma bēlu rabû Marduk āmirī damiqtī ligbi Limet Sceaux Cassites 7.9:1 (from photo-

graph); qí-ba-ma annanna . . . liblut CT 23 1:7; with object specified (alphabetically arranged): Ea ba-la-at-ka li-iq-bi KAR 158 i 3, and passim in this text at the end of song groups; Belet Ninā ummu ālittija urruka šarrūtu . . . Bēlet Arba-ili bānītija taq-ba-a TI.LA dārâte DN, the mother who bore me, decreed a long reign, DN2, my creator, long-lasting life OECT 6 pl. 11 K.1290 r. 16 (prayer of Asb.), see von Soden, AfO 25 47; for other refs. see balātu s. mng. 1b-1'; the gods who had fled is: sahrunimma i-qab-bu-u banītī returned (to Babylon) and were blessing me AnSt 8 62 iii 13 (Nbn.), and see banītu mng. 2; DN qa-bu-u $damq\bar{a}ti$ RAcc. 130:26, $q\acute{a}$ -baa-ti damgātija VAB 4 164 B vi 7, and passim, and see damiqtu mng. 1a-1', dumqu mng. 4a; rīminnima Ištar qí-bi(var. -bí)-i naḥāšī BMS 8:3, var. from KAR 250:18; note in the blessing formulas of letters: DN u DN₂ $t\bar{u}b$ libbi u tūb šīri ša šarri bēlija li-iq-bu-ú ABL 852:7, and passim in similar phrases in ABL, šulum u balātu ša abija lig-bu-ú YOS 3 130:4, and passim in NB, see Salonen Grußformeln 99-103; note in curses: whoever changes this agreement Anu u Ištar u adê ša RN ha: lāgšu lig-bu-ú (see adû B usage b) AnOr and passim, cf. Ištar u Nanâ 8 14:33, HA.A-ka liq-ba-a₄ TCL 12 36:20, and passim in NB leg.; for la balāssu liqbû see balātu s. mng. 2a-3'; see also lemuttu usage a.

- 4' in personal names: Taq-bi-līšir BE 10 60:18, TCL 12 16:3, 68:19; Iq-bi-DINGIR TCL 5 pl. 31 6041:9 (OAkk.), and see MAD 3 224, also, wr. Iq-bi-DINGIR Postgate Palace Archive 17:45, 120:13, 19, Ninurta-E ibid. 18:15, Nabû-iq-bi ibid. 103:11, and passim in NA; see also adi conj. usage a-1'; DN-iq-bi UET 4 87:10, 154:11, Wr. E ibid. 134:3 (NB), Qi-bi-Aššur AfO 23 79:4, wr. Qi-bi-Aššur cited AfO 13 114, etc., see Saporetti Onomastica 2 147 s.v. qabā'u; obscure: Aššur-şa-bat-su-E Aššur-Commanded-His-... TCL 9 57:3 and 8 (NA).
- b) said of kings: x eqlam šarrum nada-(na)-am iq-bi-a-am the king in-

qabû 4b qabû 4d

structed me to give (him) x land OECT 3 36:10, and passim, cf. belni . . . nadanamma ipiršunu la šūsâm iq-bi TCL 7 17:16, and passim in OB; šarru rākissunu rakāsa . . . iq-ba-ak-ku the king ordered you to make the treaty with them Aro, WZJ 8 570 HS 112:31 (MB let.); the footmen bīt šarru i-qab-bu-ú-ni iddunu pass (firewood) as the king orders MVAG 41/3 62 ii 16 (MA rit.); ji-iq-bi šarru ana nadāni ana arad [kittišu] the king gave orders to give (donkeys) to his loyal servant EA 94:74 (let. of Rib-Addi); if RN amâte ša aq-bu-ú la eppuš does not execute the orders I gave him MRS 9 55 RS 17.334:18; kî ša šarru . . . iq-ba-a ētepuš CT 22 248:5 (MB let.); $d\bar{u}r\check{s}u$. . . ana napāli aq-ba-šúm-ma I ordered him to tear down his wall AKA 81 vi 28 (Tigl. I); ana Bābili iq-ţa-bi alāka WO 4 32 v 4 (Shalm. III), cf. Unger Reliefstele 13, 19, Lie Sar. 273, and passim in Sar., Senn., Asb., also qereb... Bābili aq-ti-bi alāku OIP 2 50:16; simak Šamaš . . . šubnû aqbi-ma Lyon Sar. 7:43, cf. epēssu aq-bi ibid. 8:49, also Borger Esarh. 19 ii 2, JAOS 88 126 ib 15; ša tâmti ana šadî ša šadî ana tâmti ašābšunu aq-bi I ordered that the seashore dwellers settle in the mountains, the mountain dwellers on the seashore Borger Esarh. 58 v 20, cf. uššuršun aq-bi OIP 2 70:26 (Senn.), rēmu aršīšunūti balāt napištišunu aq-bi Streck Asb. 40 iv 95; I did not destroy Babylon ul aq-ta-bi sapāhšu I did not order that it be dispersed RAcc. 144:424; šarru bēlini li-iq-bi bītāte lukalli: munâši let the king, our lord, give orders that they designate storerooms for us ABL 86 r. 3 (NA); mīnu ša šarru bēlī i-gabbu-u-ni lišpuruni ABL 21 r. 4, also 1056 r. 11, cf. ABL 132 r. 11, 311 r. 7, cf. mīnu ša šarru i-qab-bu-niwhat is it that the king orders? ABL 50 r. 10, also 56 r. 9, 122:11, 136 r. 4, 1378 r. 13, and passim at the end of letters, note mīnu ša šarru i-qab-bu-u-ni liq-bi ABL 246 r. 16f.; kî ša šarru bēlī i-qabu-u-ni ina pitte nēpuš ABL 149 r. 13, cf. ABL 241 r. 12, 315:17, 966 r. 3 and 7, (with immat) ABL 384 r. 4, (with kî maşi) ABL 1126:6

(all NA), kî ša šarru iq-bu-ú ABL 516:14 (NB); šummu šarru bēlī i-qab-bi if the king says the word ABL 18:14, cf. ABL 74:21, 252 r. 17, cf. kajamānu šarru bēlī i-qab-bi-ia mā ABL 391:8 (all NA), cf. also šumma šarru bēlī i-qab-bi ABL 168:20 (NA), 371 r. 11, 389 r. 2 (NB); ša anāku a-qab-ba-áš-ši-na-a-tu ippuša' libbû ša anāku şebâka what I order them (to do), they execute as I wish VAB 3 89 § 4:24 (Dar.).

- c) said of judges, officials: the judges $\delta ib\bar{u} ... t\bar{e}mam... turram iq-bu-\acute{u}$ ordered that the witnesses report back (to the assembly) PBS 5 100 ii 8, cf. DI.KUD $ez\bar{e}b\delta a$ iq-bu BE 6/1 59:7, ana arna $em\bar{e}di\delta u$ iq-bu- \acute{u} -ma CT 2 47:28, DI.KUD.MEŠ tuppam ... hepiam iq-bu- \acute{u} CT 8 43a:11, also $daj\bar{a}n\bar{u}$ i- $q\acute{a}$ -ab-bu-ni-a- δi -im-ma amtam nutâr if the judges order us to, we will return the slave girl TLB 4 2:22 (all OB); the king has sent you his commissioner u δa i-qab-pa-ku $\delta im a \delta \delta u$ $dam q i \delta dan ni \delta and follow very carefully what he orders you (to do) RA 19 105:9 (EA).$
- d) other occs.: ša i-qa-ab-bu-ú immag: gar whatever he says will be agreed upon MDP 14 49 i 21 (MB dream omens), cf. ašar ta-qá-ab-bu-ú tammaggar CT 2 48:15 (OB let.), see also magāru mng. 1b, 3a; uš: *šuršu i-gab-bi* (someone) will order his release Dream-book 313 r. ii x+7, cf. nasāru $qa-bi-\check{s}\acute{u}$ ibid. 316:y+4; $k\bar{\imath}ma\ ta-q\acute{a}-ab-bi-i$ linnepuš let it be done as you (fem.) order Kraus AbB 1 70:20, also ibid. 7:26, mimma ša ta-qá-bu līpušu BIN 7 21:19, cf. also En. el. V 116, kî ša a-qab-ba-ki epši Lambert Love Lyrics 118 col. B 27, cf. Bab. 12 pl. 8:5f. (Etana); note the aposiopesis: ašta: prakkum ša ta-qá-ab-bu-ú I am writing you herewith, (I will do) whatever you order OECT 3 60:23, also ana PA MAR.TU aštapram ša PA MAR.TU i-gá-ab-bu TCL 17 30:21, also [ša t] a- $q\acute{a}$ -ab-bu- \acute{u} (all ends of letters) PBS 7 62:40 (all OB); aššu šipru šášu ša tag-bu-ú epēša Cagni Erra I 131, also 149, cf. šipra ša i-qa-bi-ú-ni-šu-ni eppaš KAJ 99:12 (MA), and see šipru; qí-

qabû 4d qabû 4e

ban-na-an-na-ši-ma nīpuš YOS 7 70:10 (NB); adi eriqqātim la i-qá-bi-ma eriqqātim la nušeššar if he does not give orders concerning the wagons, we will not make the wagons ready TCL 19 3:17; (he said) mimma la ta-qá-bi-a-am ù 10 ma.na la ta-qá-bi-am do not give me any orders, do not tell me (to pay him) ten minas BIN 4 28:8f.; ša TUR GAL pahhurim . . . ana tupšarrim i-qá- bi_4 -u-ma . . . upahhar they will order the scribe to convene the assembly and he will convene it JSOR 11 102 No. 19:5, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State p. 285 n. 2; kaspam 1 GÍN ša kīm[a] ta-qá-bi₄-a-ni ina tuppikunu luptanimma annakam anāku laddin record (pl.) in your tablet, and I myself will pay here, every single shekel of silver (spent on sending me the tablet) according to your own statement CCT 5 2b:17; šīmam ša i-qá-bi-aku-nu-tí-ni šāmama TCL 19 54:14, cf. mala PN $\delta \bar{i} mam \ i - q \acute{a} - b i_4 - \acute{u}$ Or. NS 36 396 n. 2c:32, $sahirtam \, \check{s}a \, x \, x \, ag-bi-a-ku-ni \, \, \text{TCL} \, 20 \, 120 : 10$ (all OA); qí-bí-ma aššābum ina bītim līsi TCL 18 134:11, cf. kīma rabūtika qí-bi-ma sēnam . . . literru VAS 16 157:23, also ibid. 29, 191:19, and passim in OB; see also amīlūtu mng. 3b; qí-bi u lu tuwaššaruna unūtušu give orders that they release his equipment ZA 63 71:11 (Kāmid el-Lōz); PN ana nagārim u epēšim ig-bí-šum-ma PN told him (the joint owner of the party wall) to rebuild it completely UET 5 236:7 (OB); atta ana rapāsi iq-bu-ka-mi u dimtaka ana napāli iq-bu-k[a] they ordered you to be flogged and ordered that your manor be torn down AASOR 16 3:33f. (Nuzi); (the wool?) ša ana mahāsi bēlī iq-ba-a that my lord ordered me to weave BE 17 34:15 (MB let.); qí-bi-ma . . . lušēbiluni orders that they send (wax from Eanna) YOS 3 62:26 (NB let.), qí-i-bi-ma qanāti liq(e)lupu' (see $qal\bar{a}pu$ mng. 1a) CT 22 217:26 (NB let.), and passim in NB with following optative; note qi-bi-ma lūrubma say the word (addressing the doorkeeper) so that I may enter STT 38:26 and 120 (Poor Man of Nippur), see AnSt 6 150ff.; with inf. object

or (when $qab\hat{u}$ is in the stative) subject: a soldier ša ana harrān šarrim alākšu $q\acute{a}$ -bu- \acute{u} who is ordered to do royal service CH § 26:1: the silver and PN turram agbi-ši VAS 16 1:23; târam aq-bi-a-ku-um-ma ul tatūram ibid. 52:5; pūhti eqlim šuāti nadānam bēlī ig-ta-bi TLB 4 74:29; aššum kaspim . . . ša šuddunam u 1 Túg šâmam aq-bu-kum as for the silver that I ordered you to collect and to buy a garment with TIM 2 93:9, and passim in OB, cf. PN $p\bar{u}h$ şābim . . . nadānum gá-bi-i-šum OECT 3 61:16, also PN ša qá-bu-šum ibid. 31; šumma waşâm iq-ta-bu-ni-ik-ku-ši-im şē if they order you to leave, leave! Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 32 SH 920:13; ina qātim kul: lašunu ag-bi ARM 18:7; ša bēlī...napāla iq-ba-a (see napālu A mng. 2b-2') BE 17 35:7 (MB let.).

(in the stative) to be ordained, decreed, authorized, under an obligation: ina milki ša ilī qa-bi-ma it has been ordained through the decision of the gods Gilg. P. iv 35 (OB), cf. ina ilī qa-bat BMS 11:14; nāri Hubur eb-bi-ri qa-bu-ú ultu ulla it has been decreed from the beginning that (mankind) must cross the Hubur river (to the nether world) Lambert BWL 70:17 (Theodicy); šumma mūtānu šumma lemuttu DUG4.GA-su CT 39 45:27 (SB Alu), note with ina pî: ina pī Šamaš $u A dad \dots qa-bi-i k\bar{u}n$ IM 67692:312 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), and passim, see kânu A mng. 4b-1'; kaspam ištu Kāniš šēbulam gá-bi-a-ak I am under instructions to transport the silver from GN Hecker Giessen 35:11, cf. TCL 14 23:37, x copper lagā'am gá-bi-a-kum BIN 6 28:16; $hur\bar{a}$ sam . . . apālam $q\acute{a}$ -bi- \acute{u} TCL 19 83:15; aššumi x kaspim ša PN ana PN, šagālam gá-bi₄-ú tašpuranim vou (pl.) wrote me concerning the x silver that PN was instructed to pay to PN₂ CCT 5 6b:23, also RA 59 169 MAH 19607:6, ICK 1 38b:10, also šagālam $q\acute{a}$ - bi_4 -a- $t\acute{i}$ RA 60 143:26, wr. $q\acute{a}$ - $\acute{a}b$ -a-ti BIN 6 205:9, and passim in OA, see Landsberger, ZA 38 278, J. Lewy, MVAG 33

qabû 5a qabû 5a

No. 202 note a; tuppam ša x URUDU ša ina GN ina suhuppim laqā'am qa-bi₄-a-tí-ni tablet concerning x copper that you have been authorized to take from the depot in GN CCT 2 31:25; atypical: if you go back on the settled agreement u anāku ana awâtim gamrātim ša ana abika tùwa-ra-am-mi lá qá-bi₄-a-ku-ni atuwarma then I too will go back on the settled agreement that I was not supposed (?) to go back on toward your father CCT 3 tuppa dannata PN ana PN, ana tadāni qa-bi PN (the seller) was ordered to hand over the binding agreement to PN₂ (the buyer) KAJ 132:11 (MA); ša hittašuni ana muāte qa-bu-u-ni (the king has pardoned) the one who had committed a crime and been ordered to die ABL 2:22 (NA); the king ša epēš salmi šuātu ga-bušum-ma šudgulu panuššu (see dagālu mng. 5c) BBSt. No. 36 iv 6 (NB).

5. to promise -a) in gen.: 30 mana šaptam ta-aq-bi-a-ma you (pl.) promised me thirty minas of wool TCL 4 44:8, cf. ibid. 15; x kaspam ša bāb abullim ta-aqbi-a-ni šēbilam send me the x silver that you promised me in the gate office ibid. 13:23, cf. $kaspam ša aq-bi-[\hat{u}]-ni...ušeb=$ balakkum KTS 32b:21, cf. also BIN 6 197:5, CCT 3 15:15; KÙ.BABBAR 1 GÍN ša $q\acute{a}$ -baim aq-bi I promised every possible shekel of silver ibid. 7f.; awilātim [nis]batma ... 5 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR iq- bi_4 -a-nim we seized the (two) women and they promised us five minas of silver CCT 5 8b:20; in I/3: 7 TÚG.TA ta-aq-ta-bi-a-am TCL 20 90:29 (all OA); šumma ina kittim ahī atta še'am ša ta-aq-bu-ú arhiš idinma if you are in truth my brother, promptly deliver the barley that you promised AJSL 32 277:11, cf. kaspam ša ta-aq-bi-a-am šūbi= lam CT 33 25a:6, also BiOr 10 14:5, cf. 1 GUD ... ša ana abija aq-bu- \acute{u} ibid. r. 9; $tupp\bar{i}$ PN kīma aq-bu-kum uštābilakkum herewith I am sending you by PN('s hand) my letter, as I promised you VAS 16 123:8; x kaspam ta-aq-bi Sumer 14 40 No. 17:8, cf. BIN

723:5 (all OB letters), 2 MA.NA kaspam ajāšim iq- $b\acute{e}$ -em-ma ARM 14 17:10; $\check{s}e$ -a-im $\check{s}a$ PN ig-bu-ú PN, ul iddin the barley that PN promised, PN2 did not deliver ZA 55 134:4 (Shemshara let.); all the rest of the (gold) articles ša abuka ana šūbuli ig-bu-ú that your father (Amenophis III) had promised to send EA 27:42 (let. of Tušratta), cf. ibid. 49; the judges said 1 ANSE ša ta-aq-bu $[x \ l] a(?)$ tuttêr you did not return the donkey that you promised (to return) JAOS 55 pl. 3 No. 2:23 (Nuzi), cf. x barley ana nadāni iq-ta-bi UCP 9 410:12; ina ITI ša ka-bu-ú anandin šumma ina ITI <śa> qa-bu-ú lubāra ana PN la anandin I will repay in the month which was promised, if I do not repay the clothing in the month promised (I will pay an additional set of clothing) HSS 5 36:11f., cf. ibid. 34:7; *šumma ina ūmi qa-bu-ú* še.meš la inandinu HSS 19 126:11 and 26, cf. ina $\bar{u}mi$ ša qa-bu-u AASOR 16 95:10, RA 23 101 No. 18:14 (all Nuzi); amīlu ša nudunnû ana mārtišu iq-bu-ma lu tuppi išturušu a man who promised a dowry to his daughter or gave her a written document (about it) SPAW 1889 828 (pl. 7) iii 24 (NB laws); ālāni... ušātirma eli ša abu bānija iq-bu-u addinšu I gave him (Šamaš-šum-ukīn) more cities (fields, etc.) than my father had promised Streck Asb. 28 iii 77; bīta ša šarru iq-bu-ú liddinuni let them give me the house that the king promised ABL 1261 r. 3 (NB), cf. šumma taq-ta-bi-ma idin Lambert BWL 104:150, also i-qab-bu-su-ma (var. i-qabbi-ma) la inandinušu AMT 96,7:8, var. from KAR 26:7; note ina libbišu u pi-i-šu iqbu-u la iddinu (who) promised sincerely and then did not give Surpu II 74; x field ša PN . . . ana PN₂ iq-bu-u Nbn. 760:4, cf. ibid. 17, Camb. 214:4; adi kî ša aqbu-u-ni eppašuni addanakkanni until I (Ninlil) do and give you what I promised Craig ABRT 1 26:3 (NA oracles), cf. I (Ištar) $m\bar{t}t\bar{u}tu$ RN . . . $k\hat{i}$ ša aq-bu-ueppuš Streck Asb. 24 iii 7; [aq]-bi-ma ēni I made a promise but I took it back JNES 33 280:124, and passim in rel.; in personal names: ${}^{md}Nin.\check{s}ubur.dug_4.nu.$ bal.bal = ${}^{md}Pap$ -sukkal- $\check{s}\acute{a}$ -iq-bu-ul-i-ni 5R 44 ii - iii 51, see Lambert, JCS 11 13; for other occs. and personal names see $en\hat{u}$ v. mng. 1e-2'.

b) with inf. objects: clothing allowance ša PN ana PN₂ nadānam ig-bu-ú that PN promised to give to PN2 TCL 10 104:9, cf. ibid. 108:9 (OB); note: ERÍN.HI.A ana libbi ālim šūrubum ul qá-bi nothing was said about allowing the men to enter the city (they should spend the night outside the walls) Bagh. Mitt. 256 i 16; PN x ŠE *ana jāši* iq-bi ana nadāni u še.meš PN ul iddinmi PN promised to give me x barley (as the purchase price for the fields) but he did not deliver it JEN 383:17, cf. RA 23 156 No. 55:16, and passim in Nuzi; sakāp Urarti . . . aq-bi-šu-nu-ti-ma irhisu libbu I promised them the overthrow of GN and thus gave them comfort TCL 3 61 (Sar.).

- 6. to permit: my slave girl ran away and ina bīti ša PN ana ašābi iq-ta-bu-uš they permitted her to stay in PN's household HSS 9 9:7 (Nuzi); [e]pēš šarrūtišu aq-bi-ma I allowed (him, the defeated king) to exercise his kingship Lie Sar. 183; the temple ša . . . Šamaš . . . ana manama šarri maḥrim la imguruma la iq-bi-ù epēšu which Šamaš did not deign to permit any former king to rebuild VAB 4 100 No. 12 ii 5 (Nbk.).
- 7. to name, call: $n\bar{a}hira \, \delta a \, s\bar{s}\hat{u} \, \delta a$ tâmti i-qa-bu-ú-šu-ni a whale, which they call "horse of the sea" AfO 18 344:25 (Tigl. I); (the building) ša altammu ša $I \check{s} tar i - qa - bi - \check{u} - \check{s} u - ni$ AOB 1 90:19 (Adn. I), GN ša GN₂ DUG₄.GA-šú-ni Layard 17:6 (Tigl. III), and passim, wr. i-qab-bu-šu-ú-ni Rost Tigl. III p. 30:175, and passim in Asn., Shalm. III, Sar.; erşet bāb mahīri ša E-ú erşet É DN BRM 2 54:2, cf., wr. *i-qab-bu-ú* VAS 15 27:4 (both NB); MU.MEŠ abul DN u abul $DN_2 \dots aq$ -bi-ma I gave (the preceding) names to the DN Gate and the DN₂ Gate Lyon Sar. 11:70, cf. dalat birri ša i-qa-bu-

u-ni (see birru) ZA 51 140:68 (NA); ${}^{d}Ti$. mú.a hé.ri.in.e.še : *Ištar-kakkabī liq*bu-ki let them call you DN TCL 651 r. 13f., cf. Damkianna . . . i-qab-bu-u-ni JNES 33 225:11, and passim in this text, cf. also Lamaštu i-qab-bu-ši 4R Add. p. 10 to pl. 56 i 35, also ibid. 34 f., 37; DN la iq-bu-nik-ka DN, la ilsûka do they not call you DN? Do they not address you as DN₂? Pallis Akîtu pl. 10 r. 17 and 20; Ú.BU Ú pa-ti i-qab-bu-niš*šu-nu* they call them the BU plant and the-plant ABL 1370 r. 12, see Parpola LAS No. 247 r. 17; UD.4.KAM u₄-mu GIBIL ni-qab-ba- $a\check{s}$ - $\check{s}\check{u}$ ABL 354:15, see Parpola LAS No. 46; UD.17.KAM ša tērubti DUG₄.GA-ú LKA 73:2, cf. ibid. 3, 12, note ša ina pī nišī $DUG_4.GA-u$ ibid. 15; e-li-a §a UGU §arri i-qab-b[i-u](see eliu s.) KAR 140 r. 8, see Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 39; pindû peşû ša $gar\bar{a}bu\ i-qab-bu-[x]$ (see $gar\bar{a}bu$ mng. 1) AMT 84,4 iii 9; I installed an officer of mine over Kummuhu turtānu bīt šumēli aq-bi-šu-ma and named him vice-turtānu (lit. turtānu of the left) Lie Sar. p. 72:10, cf. ša muḥḥi bābi i-qab-bu-niš-šú (see bābu in ša muhhi bābi) ABL 277 r. 7; note with ana: when I send one thousand men ana $10 \ l\bar{\imath}mi \ i$ -qa-ab-bu-u they call it ten thousand ARM 2 23 r. 20', cf. ibid. r. 19', ana 10 MA.NA kaspam šâtu i-qa-ab-b[u-u] ARM 6 44:9.

8. to designate, indicate, show -a) in gen.: mimma ša ibbītimma ušēsianni . . . li-iq-bi₄-a-ku-um-ma she should indicate to you everything that she removed from the house CCT 5 49b:11; unfortunately our father died awassu la iq-bi4 without making his final disposition CCT 2 33:4 (both OA); I will send you the silver u lu ana mamman ša ta-qá-bu-ú lušqul or I will pay it to whomever you designate Kraus AbB 1 124:28; ašar ihliqū li-iq-bikum-ma (ask PN) he should indicate to you where they were lost ibid. 122:27; ašar i-qa-ab-bu-ú kaspam luddin 3c:12, cf. ašar abī i-qá-ab-bu-ú luddin CT 29 20:18 (all OB), mali ša i-qa-bu anad=

qabû 8b qabû 9

din MDP 22 165:5; [as] ar i-qab-bu-ú iqab= birušu ADD 647 r. 22, see Postgate Royal Grants No. 9:55; ina pī nārātim ša aq-bukum šiknī šukunma make -s at the mouth of the canals that I have indicated to you OECT 3 2:12, also ibid. 7; ēm Samaš $i-q\acute{a}-bi-n\acute{e}-\check{s}i-im$ nillak VAS 16 8:18; $\check{s}\bar{\imath}b\bar{\imath}$ ša i-gá-ab-bu-kum ana mahrija turdam send me the witnesses that he designates to you LIH 2:13; hatītum šâti ša ibbašû ana panim li-iq-bi he should indicate straightforwardly the damage that occurred Bagh. Mitt. 2 58 iii 15 (all OB letters); x egla ina āli ša i-qa-bi-ú-ni-šu-ni essid (in lieu of interest) he will reap x land in the city that they will designate to him KAJ 50:12 (MA), cf. mannu ša šarru . . . [i]-qab-bu-u-ni lizziz whichever (of the courtiers) the king designates should do service ABL 17 r. 15 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 174. also mannu ša ummi šarri bēlī i-qab-bu-u-ni quppu lipte ABL 368 r. 10, and passim with following optative, see also maşi, kî conj. usage d; uttatu mala PN i-qab-bu-ú PN₂ ana PN₃ iddan Dar. 358:12; ūmu ša atta ta-qab-ba-a anāku ana PN . . . lūbuka on the day you ask, I will produce PN VAS 6 185:6 (NB), cf. ibid. 11; $ann\bar{i}$ ahtû . . . liqbu-nim-ma anāku luttaşra let them (the gods) inform me what sin I have committed so that I can guard myself (from sin) CT 34 9:39.

- b) to indicate a value 1' in math.: ina ištēn kalakkim 9 kalakkū ša iq-bu-ú (see kalakku mng. 1c) MCT 75 Ja:7, and passim in this text; 55 tammar šá DUG4.GA-ma [...] ... utērma iq-bi šá [...] ibid. 140 W 11f., cf. ibid. 8, aššum ... iq-bu-ú TMB 113 No. 213:15, also ibid. 115 No. 215:6; BAL iškarim qí-bi indicate the ratio of the task TMB 44 No. 16:3; naphar Uš liiq-bu-ni-kum-ma let them give you the sum of the sides Sumer 6 135 edge 2, see von Soden, Sumer 8 50.
- 2' in astron.: ana šť E-bi predict (the result) as the time between moonset and sunrise of the morning before full

moon Neugebauer ACT 201:13, and passim, see index s.v. $qeb\hat{u}$, cf. $\delta\acute{a}$ E- \acute{u} ibid. 200 ii 8.

- c) (in omen texts) to identify a fact, a situation: šulmu nabalkut DUG4.GA you may identify (the described configuration) as "the šulmu is upside down" TCL 6 6 ii 21, also ibid. iii 2, cf. šid imitti lapit DUG_4-bi (var. ta-qab-bi) CT 31 49 K.6720+ obv. (!) 20, var. from 18 K.7588 obv. (!) 11, cf. arkat ta-qab-bi ibid. 49:29, wr. DUG_4 -bi ibid. 18 K.7588 obv. (!) 21; šumma z£ 15-at ana igi-ka na ... 15 zé gar.meš-ma zé 15-at ta-qab-bi if you want to find out what "the gall bladder is on the right" means, (if) the manzāzu (and other marks) lie on the right side of the gall bladder, you may say "the gall bladder is on the right" CT 28 46:6, cf. CT 30 22 K.6268 i 3 and 5, dupl. CT 51 156:2 and 4, cf. Boissier DA 16 iv 29, 31, 248:6, šalmat ta-qab-bi TCL 6 5 r. 35, 38, wr. DUG4.GA ibid. 25, cf. also (in broken context) CT 30 27 K.6907 r. 9, 38 K.9084 i 17, 21, CT 31 21 K.12845 i 2f.; ana . . . [mim= ma ma]la teppušu ta-qab-bi (followed by qibâ tašakkan, see qibu mng. 4) KAR 151 r. 51 (all SB ext.); ŠE.IR.ZI naši ta-qab-bi you may say "it has a brilliance" K.3636:14, also K.3124:3, [q]ulipta umtaššir ta-qa[bbi] K.9750:13, ina UD.NÁ.A ^dŠul-pa-è NU GÁL DUG4.GA ACh Ištar 28:9 (all astrol.); note in letters: issurri ummâni . . . i-qabi-i-u Kur Amurrû Kur Hattû ABL 629:20; as for what the king said ana ma-a-ti ta-qab-bi-ia when will you interpret (the omen cited)? ABL 37 r. 12 (both NA).
- 9. I/3 to say repeatedly (iterative to mngs. 1, 3, and 4): wudi kīma ištiššu adi hamšišu ana bēlini ni-iq-ta-bi-ma know that we have spoken to our lord not once but five times ABIM 26:21; aqta-na-ab-bi-ku-um-ma ul tamaggaranni I keep asking you but you will not agree Fish Letters 14:23, cf. ibid. 7; mīnum ša kīam ta-aq-ta-na-bu biriāku what is (the meaning of) this, that you keep saying: I am hungry Kraus, AbB 5 258:3, cf. kīam ta-aq-ta-na-ab-bi-ma ibid. 6, also AfO 23

qabû 10 qabû 12a

66:31, TCL 18 135:16, 19, wr. iq-ta-na-ambu-ni TIM 2 16:38 (all OB letters), cf. \hat{su} $k\bar{\imath}am\ iq$ -ta-na- $[bi]\ umma\ \check{s}\hat{u}[ma]\ MDP\ 18$ [a]q-ta-ab-bi-ma \dot{u} [...] broken context) ARM 1 118 r. 30'; if the sick man ikkī kuri iq-ta-nab-bi keeps saying: I am short of breath Labat TDP 168:8, cf. immati ammar immati ammar DUG₄.GA.MEŠ Kraus Texte 57a i 9, cf. also CT 39 44:14 (SB Alu), Köcher BAM 146:24; $Nab\hat{u}$ iq-ta-nab-bi $m\bar{a}$ Craig ABRT 1 5:13 (NA), see Streck Asb. 344; tanitti qarrādūtija iqta-nab-ba-a ahulap he kept proclaiming the fame of my valor (as he asked for) mercy Borger Esarh. 103 i 7; ša iq-ta-naab-bi-a-ni-ik-[ki-im] what the women say to you again and again JCS 15 8 iii 6 (OB lit.); ūmušamma liq-tab-ba dumuqka let him decree good fortune for you every day STT 340:29, cf. BBSt. No. 9 i 43, also kakdâ $t\bar{a}bi\check{s}\ lig-tab-b[a...]$ Craig ABRT 1 31 r. 13; note the emphatic nuance: PN-ma kas: pam kīma ittaddinu iq-ta-ab-bi-ma apil PN declared emphatically (?) that he had handed over the silver and that he had paid Wiseman Alalakh 8:17 (OB); see also mng. 5a.

- 10. II to say, speak: u attunu la-a du-qa-ab-[ba-a] KUB 3 47 r. 7 (let. from Egypt); for other refs. see $qubb\hat{u}$ v.; \hat{u} -GA-ab-ba- $a\hat{s}$ - $\hat{s}um$ Kraus AbB 1 49:6, see Kraus, RA 65 109, is obscure and probably does not represent $qab\hat{u}$.
- 11. III to have someone say, decree, make a declaration, take an oath, recite, confess (?), to have orders issued (causative to mngs. 1, 3, and 4) a) to have someone say, decree: Enlil it-pé-ša/ra \acute{u} -ša-aq-bi pí-i-[ia] it was Enlil who made me (lit. my wise (?) mouth) decree (the destruction of mankind) Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 94 III iii 39, cf. \acute{u} -ša-aq-bi (in broken context) PBS 1/1 2:79a (both OB).
- b) to have someone make a declaration, take an oath: āšipu ina ūmi ulluluni a'īla ú-ša-aq-ba u šūt iqabbi mā māmīta

- ... la ipaššarakunu on the day when they make the purification the exorcist will have the man make a declaration, and he will say: No one will release you (pl.) from the oath (sworn) KAV 1 vii 24 (Ass. Code § 47); šum ilāni ina MUL.KAK.SI.SÁ ul-taq-bi-iš he made him take an oath by Sirius GCCI 2 395:24 (NB).
- c) to have someone recite: 3-šú tu-šaq-ba-šú-ma you have him recite (the incantation) three times Köcher BAM 487 iii 6, also AMT 104 iii 3, cf. LKU 34:5, kīam tu-šaq-ba-šú KAR 72:19, 7-šú tu-šaq-ba-šú-ma AMT 90,1 ii 2, also 87,2:8, kīma annām tuš-taq-bu-šú AMT 89,3 ii 6, also KAR 234 r. 10; see also liginnu, naqbītu.
- d) to make someone confess (?): the slave girl whom he (or: they) beat without her owner's permission \hat{u} \hat{u} - $\hat{s}a$ -aq-bu- $\hat{s}i$ and caused her to confess (?) Kraus AbB 1 18:30, cf. hattam ina muhhisa inaddi \hat{u} \hat{u} - $\hat{s}a$ -aq-ba-a- $\hat{s}i$ ibid. 24.
- e) to have orders issued: $s\bar{\imath}hu$ bartu ana muhhiRN...eppušu ušeppaša i-qa-bi-i \acute{u} -š \acute{a} -[qa-b]a-[a] idabbub ušadbaba will he rebel or foment rebellion against RN, order it or cause someone to order it, plot (it) or cause someone to plot (it)? Knudtzon Gebete 116:9, also 115:8, 122:6; $s\bar{\imath}s\hat{e}$ ana $b\bar{a}de$ lu-š \acute{a} -aq-bi I will have orders issued concerning (or: designate) the horses in the evening ABL 373 r. 11 (NA).
- 12. IV to be said, decreed, recited, ordered (passive to mngs. 1, 3, and 4) a) to be said, told, mentioned: x kaspum i-qi-bi₄ x silver was mentioned Hecker Giessen 31:7, kasp[um] ša na-aq-bu-im i-qi-bi miššu pá ma-lá kaspum ibbarikunu i-qi-bi-ú la tašpu[ram] all the silver to be mentioned was mentioned, why did you not write me precisely (lit. mouth) how much silver was mentioned between you two? BIN 4 79:10f. (both OA); aššum mīnim annītum iq-qá-ab-bi why should this be said (again)? Bagh. Mitt. 2 59 iv 7, cf. ana anniātim ša iq-qá-bu-ú ibid. 58 iii 24,

qabû 12b qabuttu

cf. also ibid. 40, 59 iv 27, 32 (OB let.), cf. iqqa-bi-šum-ma (in broken context) TCL 1 20:19; awatum šî ina la idimma iq-qábi-a-ak-kum (see idu B) Fish Letters 13:19; note awatum kīam iq-qá-bi umma matter was presented thus CT 52 4:11; ša ... amassu la (all OB letters); Enlil ta-qab-bu-ú 2-šú whose word is not spoken twice AnSt 8 60 ii 22, cf. 64 iii 39 a.za.lu.lu ha.ma.an.tuk.a [dum]u.dAsal.lú.hi.me.en: tenēšētu liq-qa-ba-a [mā]r Marduk anāku let mankind be told that I am the son of Marduk Lambert, Studies Albright 345:20; ga.ti na. an.ab.bé.en : bulut aj iq-q[a-bi] let it not be said (to DN): Live (long)! Lambert BWL 262:9; tapiltašu DUG4.GA slighting remarks will be made about him Kraus Texte 60:5, see ZA 43 88; $puruss\hat{u} iq-qa-ba-a$ (in broken context) Grayson Chronicles No. 19:22; obscure: ana LÚ.NA.ME ul iq-qabbi Boissier DA 12 i 25 (SB ext. with comm.); see also ahulap, qubû.

- b) to be pronounced, proclaimed, decreed: $[d\bar{\imath}nu]m$ ina GN li-iq-qá-bi-šum let the verdict be pronounced for him in Babylon CT 52 135:12; lizzakir liq-qa-a-bi šumšu ina māti let his name be mentioned and proclaimed in the land En. el. VII 50; ḥa.ma.ab.béár.ri.mu: liq-qa-ba-a $tan\bar{a}d\bar{a}t\bar{u}a$ let my praise be proclaimed Delitzsch AL³ 136 r. 5f., also SBH p. 99 No. 53:50 f.
- c) to be recited: annû ša ina parak sihir nāri iq-qab-bu-u this is what is recited at the dais on the river bend(?) Pallis Akîtu pl. 8:14, cf. ibid. 4, 25, r. 28.
- d) to be ordered, commanded -1' by gods: $ina \ p\bar{i} \ il\bar{i} \dots iq-qa-bi \ šal\bar{a}l \ niš\bar{e}ka$ the capture of your people was decreed by the gods Borger Esarh. 105 ii 35, cf. $pat\bar{a}r$ $i'iltija \ liq-qa-bi$ Ebeling Handerhebung 142:10.
- 2' by authorities a' with inf.: eqlum turrum it-ta-aq-bi the restitution of the field was ordered TLB 4 91 r. 8, cf. LIH 85:18, see Frankena, AbB 2 67; a fire signal

ana našêm iq-qa-bi RA 35 183b:13 (Mari let.), cf. CT 29 40:3, aššum pūḥ eqlija . . . x A.ŠÀ . . . apālija iq-qá-bi-ku-nu-ši-im-ma TCL 7 77:8 (all OB).

b' other occs.: ina pī šarri bēlija liqqa-bi-ma...la addallah let it be ordered personally by the king, my lord, that I not be bothered ABL 283 r. 6, also 793 r. 7 (both NB); ša...la padūssu iq-qá-ab-bu-ú who was ordered not to be put in fetters Bagh. Mitt. 2 78:20 (OB); ša lapanīja iq-qa[b-b]a-áš-šu-nu-tu (they do) whatever has been ordered by me ZA 44 163:12 (Dar. Se), also VAB 3 89:10 (Dar.).

Ad mng. 1f: Salonen Grußformeln p. 20 (OB), 51f. (Mari), 54 (Elam), 55 (OA), 57f. (MB), 62 (EA), 71 (RS), 76 (MA), 79ff. (NA, NB). Ad mng. 1h: Schott, ZA 43 136 n. 4.

qabû see kabû A and qabuttu.

qâbu (or $q\hat{a}pu$) v.(?); (mng. unkn.); lex.* e E = qa-a-bu, qa-bu-u S^b II 242 f.

Possibly an erroneous variant for $qab\hat{u}$.

qâbu see qâpu B.

qabūru see qubūru.

qabuttu $(qab\hat{u})$ s.; corral, fold; NA, NB; wr. sometimes with det. £.

- a) in NA: 120 ANSE.ME ša qir-si ina libbi 1 qa-butu(ZAG) 356 ma'assu naphar 476 ANSE.MES ina libbi 2 qa-butu 120 draft asses in one corral, 356 (in) stalls (?), in all 476 asses in two corrals Iraq 23 28 f. ND 2451:4 and 6, also ibid. 25, r. 4', 9', 11', 13', see Postgate Taxation 376 ff.
- b) in NB 1' qabuttu a' referring to sheep and goats: one ewe (and) one goat ša qa-bu-ut-tum ša PN nāqidu ša DN belonging to the fold of PN, shepherd of Nabû TCL 13 132:2, also YOS 7 132:2, 140:3, 13, cf. PN nāqidu ša DN ša sēnu qa-bu-ut makkūr DN ina panīšu īkulu u iḥliq YOS 7 146:2, (sheep and goats) qa-bu-ut PN ZA 4 144 No. 15:7, YOS 6 217:4; sheep and

qabuttu qabūtu A

goats ša PN ultu qa-bu-ut-tum ša PN, ībuku that PN (the shepherd) took from PN2's fold YOS 7 7 ii 63, also TCL 13 147:3, cf. qa-bu-ut-tum ša şēnu ša DN YOS 7 7 ii 51, and passim in this text, see San Nicolò, ArOr 5 61ff.; sheep and goats, grand total 114 ZI.MEŠ qa-bu-ut PN 82-7-14,6:11; 207 ewes muššerētu . . . ana ga-bu-ut-tum ana pani PN YOS 7 145:8, see San Nicolò, Or. NS 20 145: sheep and goats ana qa-bu-ut-tum ana PN inandinu they will deliver to the fold to PN YOS 6 155:23, cf. ibid. 209:6 and YOS 7 145:8, cf. also Nbn. 296:6, wr. qa-bu-tú Nbn. 312:7; UDU.NITÁ ša DN ša ga-bu-ut-ti 5 šu-nu YOS 6 231:6; 28 lambs ina gabu-tú ša PN ana NÍG.GA mahir GCCI 2 132:2; obscure: naphar 36 șēni ina rēhu ša PN ana muhhi qa-bu-ut-ti-šú nimmar YOS 6 220:5; (silver) and 2 SìLA [x] x qabu-ut-tum Cyr. 206:9; (x wool) PN HA.A qa-bu-ut- $\check{s}\check{u}$ Camb. 107:16; note beside $ur\hat{u}$ "stable": sheep ina libbi 2 puḥāl ana urû 67 ana qa-bu-ut-ti ina pan PN YOS 6 142:9.

b' referring to cattle: two cows ša qa-bu-ut-tum ša ÅB.GUD.HI.A ša DN TCL 13 125:6, cf. YOS 7 158:6, 149:5; x ṣēnu x [ÁB. GAL.MEŠ ša] qa-bu-ut-ti ša DN YOS 6 26:4; 3 ÁB.GUD.HI.A ša ina qa-bu-ut-tum ša DN ibid. 131:9; (a cow) ana qa-bu-ut-tum ina pan PN rē'û 82-7-14,948:5, cf. also [ana] qa-bu-ut-tum Moore Michigan Coll. 48:6; (cattle) naphar 9-ta zi.MEŠ ina libbi [1] ina É ú-ru-ú 8 GUD.X [... £?] qa-bu-ut-tum ina pan PN 82-7-14,533:16.

- c' referring to ducks: 50 UZ.TUR. MUŠEN ummātu amirtu ša ina pan rē'ê ša qa-bu-tú ina būt karê fifty mother ducks, inspected, which are at the disposal of the shepherds of the fold in the storehouse Camb. 239:2, cf. x ducks ina qa-bu-ut-tum ša PN YOS 6 141:5 and 19.
- **d'** other occ.: silver ana šá nu-úru šá É qa-bu-ut-tum «tum» sum.nu 82-7-14,663:10.
- 2' $qab\hat{u}$: (oath by the shepherds) $k\hat{i} \dots 200$ $kal\bar{u}mu$ ultu qa-bi-e-ni ni-ib-

⟨ba⟩-kam-ma ana sattukki ša DN ninandinu that we will bring two hundred lambs from our fold and deliver them for the regular offerings to DN YOS 7 160:8; 140 sheep ana urû ... 274 parrat ana gabi-e nadna YOS 7 8:21, cf. ibid. 74:25, see San Nicolò, Or. NS 20 144; ducks ina paspasi qa-bi-e ša ina pan PN Camb. 194:2, cf. (fodder) 2-ta mi-[šil] qa-bi-e ša paspasi Camb. 421:2, see Landsberger, WO 3 253 n. 35; note: (x dates) šá É ga-bu-ut-tum PN AnOr 9 9 ii 21, but x dates LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ šá qa-bi-e Dar. 72:14; for the possibility of reading $\acute{ extbf{e}}$. MUŠEN-ti as $qab\hat{u}ti$ see Landsberger, WO 3 254.

Postgate Taxation 210 n. 3.

qabuttu see qabūtu A.

qabūtu A (qabuttu) s.; (a bowl); SB, NA, NB; NA pl. qabuāti; wr. mostly qabutu(zAG) in NA.

- a) materials: qa-bu-a-te kù.gi gold bowls (mentioned as tribute along with other valuables) WO 2 140 text B (Shalm. III), cf. (in similar context) qa-bu-a-ti KÙ.BABBAR Winckler Sar. pl. 45 K.1671:37, see TCL 3 p. 78, and parallel TCL 3 361; 1-et qa-bu-tú ša mê qātē 1 ma.na kù.babbar šugultaša one bowl for washing the hands, one mina of silver in weight ABL 438 r. 5 (NA); 2 qa-butu KÙ.BABBAR ADD 941 ii 5; 2 qa-bu-a-te urudu 1 min ša É $ram\bar{a}[k]i$ Postgate Palace Archive 155 iii 15f.; 27 shekels of silver KI.LÁ 1-et qa-bu-tú ešrû ša ^fPN . . . ana DN taddin qa-bu-tú [...] ina bīt qāti [...] the weight of one bowl, the tithe that fPN gave to DN, the bowl [...] in the storehouse Nbn. 1043:2 and 6; 3 kāsu siparri qa-bu-ut-tum siparri (as dowry) TuM 2-3 1:11, also Peiser Verträge 121:12.
- b) use 1' in econ.: DUG qa-butu KAŠ ti-i-ti DUG qa-\(\forall butu\)\rightarrow andah\(\forall e\) beg qa-butu supurgilli one bowl of fig(?) beer, one bowl of andah\(\forall u\) vegetables, one bowl of supurgillu ADD 1011 r. 6ff., also (with

qabūtu B qadādu

added sirdi) ADD 1003 r. 8f., ADD 1010 r. 7ff., wr. qa-bu-tu ADD 1003:14f., and passim in ADD, see Salonen Hausgeräte 2 120f.; 4 qa-butu bīt rimki ADD 964:11; ni-sip qa-bu-ut-tum šikari tābi ina pan PN a bowl of fine beer at the disposal of PN TuM 2-3 235:1 (NB); $\frac{1}{40}$ of a shekel ana naptu ana PN šá 2(?) qa-bu-tú nadin Evetts Ner. 41:4.

2' in rit. and med.: DUG qa-butu ša țiddi tašakkan ina libbi dug qa-butu şalam tiddi tašakkan you set out a bowl made of clay (and) put a clay figurine in the bowl LKA 115:5f., see RA 48 130; DUG qabu-tu hašhūrē irakkusu . . . imarrugu they prepare a bowl of apples (and) crush (them) ZA 45 44:29 (NA rit.); DUG qa-butu šamni dug qa-butu dišpi a bowl of oil, a bowl of honey BBR No. 67:9, cf. DUG qa-butu ša šamni dug qa-butu ša dišpi BBR No. 68:14, cf. also 1 qa-butu suluppī AMT 98,2:12; birti MUL.A.EDIN birti dNat= tullu maḥrû 6-su qa-bu-tú GAR-at between the constellation Erua and the "First Yoke" the sixth q.-bowl is placed van Driel Cult of Aššur 90 vii 24, cf. 5-su DUG qa-buu-tu GAR-at ibid. 21, also 7(?)- $t\acute{u}$ qa- $\langle bu$ tu> ana gammuri GAR ibid. 26, 11(?)-tú qa-bu-a-ti ibid. 28.

c) other occs.: naphar 15 DUG qa-bu-tú (referring to 15 plants, including dates) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 v 34 (pharm. inv.), also vi 13, (referring to a variety of materia medica, including fats and liquids) ibid. vi 2.

qabūtu B s.; (mng. unkn.); NA.

PN PN₂ PN₃ PN₄ PN₅ PN₆ PN₇ naphar 7 ša $b\bar{\imath}t$ šakni 5 qa-bu-ti-š \acute{u} -nu Tell Halaf No. 24:9.

Possibly participle of $qab\hat{u}$ v.

qadadāniš (qidadāniš) adv.; bowed, hunched; SB; cf. qadādu.

é.kur.ta e.lum gam.gam.ma.ni im.ta.ab.è : ištu Ekur kabtu qa-da-da-niš i[ttasi] the honored one has left the Ekur bowed 4R 24 No. 2:11f.

qibīma bēl amatija qí-da-da-niš lurdēma x-[x] say the word, that I may pursue my adversary while he is bowed LKA 146:17; ittanall[ak...] qa-da-da-niš kamât ālišu Rm. 2,164+79-7-8,56 ii 13 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn).

qadādu v.; 1. to bow, to bend down (intrans.), to incline, 2. to bow (trans.), 3. quddudu to bend, to prostrate, 4. III (with appu) to cause to bow down; OAkk., OB, Bogh., EA, SB, NA; I iqdud — iqadədad — qadid, I/2 (iqtudda KAR 130:13), I/3 (iqtanaddud), II, II/2, III; cf. qadaədāniš, qaddiš, qaddu, qiddatam, qiddatu, qiddu.

[gu-rum] $GAM = q\acute{a}-da-du-um$ MSL 2 139:14 (Proto-Ea); gu-ur $GAM = kan\bar{a}\check{s}u, kan\bar{a}nu, [q]a-TA-du, k[i]ppatu$ Idu II 268; $GAM = qa-da-du, g\acute{u}.GAM, g\acute{u}.gar, g\acute{u}.g\acute{a}.g\acute{a}, g\acute{u}.KU^{\check{s}e}.gar, g\acute{u}.ki.\check{s}\grave{e}.g\acute{a}.g\acute{a}, g\acute{u}.ki.\check{s}\grave{e}.l\acute{a} = MIN \check{s}\acute{a}$ Lứ Nabnitu XXII 91-99; \grave{u} UD = $q\acute{a}-da-du$ // $-\check{s}\acute{u}$ A III/3:21.

gú.ki.šè.gá.gá = $q\hat{u}$ -[ud-du-du-um] OBGT XI iii 11; GAM.ma.mu = qu-di-da-an-ni Erimhuš I 288; ma-an-gu-ru (pronunciation) ma.an.*gúr = \hat{u} - $q\hat{a}$ -ad(!)-d[i-da], \hat{u} -kan-ni-* δa Izi H 172 f.

me.ri.mu mu.da ú.ba.ab.te.en en.na an. GAM.e.en: \$\silon \tilde{e} \tilde{e} is-su ishulma a-di aq-du-du his thorn pierced my feet until I (had to) bow down RA 33 104:32 (SB lament.); gú.zu ki.ma.al nu. gi_4.gi_4: ki-\tilde{s} ad-ka ina qa-da-da ul u\tilde{s} tamarras your neck will not become debilitated in bending low SBH p. 53 No. 26 r. 22; lú.u_x(GI\tilde{g} GAL).lu pap. \tilde{h} al.la.\tilde{s} \tilde{e} ab.igi.in.bar gi\tilde{s}.kud.kud.da. gin_x(GIM) gú ki.a im.mi.in.GAM: ana am\tilde{e} lu muttalliku ippalisma k\tilde{i} ma is\tilde{s} i naksi \tilde{s} \tilde{e} bri ki\tilde{s} \tilde{a} su liq-da-du-ud (var. [liq-du]-ud) it (the evil eye) looked upon the suffering man, so that he bent his neck like a cut (and) broken tree CT 17 33:9f. (SB inc.), restoration and var. from STT 179:17f.

im.mu.un.gam.ma im.mu.un.til.la : šá úqa-ad-di-da-an-ni ú-qa-at-ti-an-ni 4R 21* No. 2:14 f.

1. to bow, to bend down (intrans.), to incline — a) said of human beings: [kīam DUG₄.GA]-ma ina qaqqari liq-[du]-dam-ma . . . ina šamni tapaššassi she recites (this), then she should bend down to the ground, and you anoint her with oil KAR 223:14 (rit.); [...] iq-tu-ud-da (in broken con-

qadādu qadaruttu

text, Sum. broken) KAR 130:13; see also Nabnitu, RA 33, in lex. section; $\S umma$ gi $\S immaru$ GAM.GAM-ud if a date palm constantly bends down CT 41 16:5, with comm. GAM.GAM-ud = iq-ta-na-du-ud ibid. 29 r. 7.

- b) said of buildings: ina la adannišu ša būti šuāti rēšāšu iq-du-du uttabbika mūlāšu the top of that temple sagged prematurely, its upper parts crumbled VAB 4 254 i 22 (Nbn.).
- 2. to bow (trans.) a) in gen.: ardu $\S a iq-du-du$ $ki\S assu$ the devotee who bent his neck (may his life be prolonged) Or. NS 36 128:195 (SB hymn to Gula), see also CT 17 33:9f., in lex. section; qa-di-id kal $malk\bar{\imath}$ the one who humbles all princes AKA 223:11 (Asn.).
- b) in idiomatic use -1' with appu to bow, prostrate oneself in dejection or humility: $iqb\hat{u}nim \ ap-pi \ aq-du-ud \ hup\bar{e}$ tuppīja ina bītišu algeamma upon being informed, and in consternation, I collected the pieces of my tablets from his house Studies Landsberger 234:40 (= Kraus, AbB 7 153), cf. anūmīšuma ap-pí aq-du-ud PN amhurma thereupon I was (greatly) worried (but again) I approached PN CT 6 8:27 (both OB letters); KA-šú liq-du-ud ina qaqqari lippalsih let him prostrate himself, let him squat on the ground (for kišāda qadādu in the parallels, see mng. 2a) AMT 90,1 ii 13, see TuL p. 72; $r\bar{e}$ \bar{a} $\bar{s}a$ ap-pašu qá-di-is-su kaparrū «ana» kališunu sap: dušu the face of her (the cow's) herdsman was downcast, all the shepherds were mourning with him Köcher BAM 248 iii 22; KA-šú i-qad-da-ad (apod.) CT 51 124:23 (physiogn.), cf. [appa(?)]- $\delta u i-ka-ad-da-a[d]$ (in a rit.) KUB 4 35:5.
- 2' with lētu: qàd-da lētāšu gu-ud-du-du panū[šu] its cheeks are sunken, sunken is its face (describing the igirû bird) KAR 125:17 and r. 11, for parallel STT 341:4 see mng. 3b.

- 3. quddudu to bend, to prostrate a) in gen.: in UD.1 \hat{u} - $q\acute{a}$ - $d\grave{i}$ -id and $s\~ep\~e\~su$ in one day he (Inšusinak) made (the cities) fall prostrate at his (the king's) feet MDP 14 13 v 6 (OAkk. royal from Elam); he seized her by the hair and \acute{u} - $q\acute{e}$ -ed-di-da- $á\~s$ - $s\~i$ -im-ma $i\~stu$ $kuss\~i$ pulled her down from the throne EA 357:78 (Nergal and Ereškigal); see also 4R 21, in lex. section; (not receiving a reply to my prayers) $k\~ima$ $s\~ibi$ uq-ta(var. -ta)-ad-di-da-an-ni has bent me like an old man BMS 11:6 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 72.
- b) in idiomatic use with appu or lētu: ana panīja PN u PN₂ ibakkia u lētāšina qū-ud-du-da PN and PN₂ cried before me, their cheeks sagging (and they said) TCL 18 123:6 (OB let.); ammēni akla lētāka qud-d[u-du panūka] why are your cheeks (so) emaciated, your face downcast? Gilg. X iii 2, restored from Thompson Gilg. pl. 42 BM 34193:8, cf. qù-ud-du-ud appašu panūšu [...] CT 15 46 r. 1 (Descent of Ištar), cf. also qud(!)-du-du appašu (referring to the igirû bird) STT 341:4, for parallel KAR 125:17 and r. 11 see mng. 2b-2'.
- 4. III (with appu) to cause to bow down: KA-šú tu-šaq-da-su you have him (the sick man) bow down AMT 90,1 ii 3, see TuL p. 71, also, wr. tu-šaq-da-as-s[u] Boissier DA 42:15 (= Köcher BAM 464).

For YOS 10 33 iv 9 see $kat\bar{a}tu$ mng. 1 and discussion section.

qadāpu v.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*; I *iqad=dip.

a-qa-ad-di-pa BM 39586 ii 1' and 3', a-qàd-dip ibid. 2' (list of gramm.? forms, courtesy C. B. F. Walker).

qadaruttu s.; (mng. unkn.); NA.*

[... t] a $kis\bar{u}ni$ qa-da-ru-ut-t[u...] ru [...] ZA 60 125:9' (cultic comm.).

Perhaps cognate with qadurtu. Compare also the Akkadogram LÚ.MEŠ KAT-TA-RU-UT-TI Bo. 2438 iv 8 (unpub., courtesy

qadāšu qadāšu

H. G. Güterbock), corresponding to LÚ.MEŠ GAD.TAR "temple personnel" in the parallel text KUB 25 27 iii 14, cf. lú.gada. tar = $n\hat{u}$ 'u, cited $n\hat{u}$ 'u adj. lex. section.

qadāšu v.; 1. (stative only) to be free of claims (?) (RS only), 2. quddušu to clean, 3. quddušu to make ritually clean, to purify, 4. quddušu to consecrate, dedicate, 5. II/2 to purify oneself; OAkk., OB Alalakh, RS, SB; I (only stative qadiš attested), II, II/2; cf. qadištu s., *qads šūtu s., qašdatu, qašdu, qašdūtu, qaššatu, quddušu.

[ta-am] UD = $[q]a-da-\delta u$ A III/3:56; ù UD = $q\acute{a}-da-du$ // - $\delta \acute{u}$ ibid. 21.

UD $h\acute{e}.$ ni.in.gar = \acute{u} -qa-ad-di- $s\acute{u}$ he purified him (so that he could swear an oath) Ai. VI i 41.

- 1. (stative only) to be free of claims (?) (RS only): £ // ku-na-hi ša Ištar u qa-dì-iš ana [Ištar?] u şamit [ana (x)] Ištar the kunahi building belongs to Ištar and is free of claims for [Ištar?] and is transferred to Ištar Ugaritica 55:22; for a similar extension of the mng. "pure, holy," see ellu adj. mng. 3.
- 2. quddušu to clean: qù-du-si-iš GIŠ.NI in order to clean (in difficult context) Gelb OAIC 47:11.
- 3. quddušu to make ritually clean, to purify a) persons: see Ai., in lex. section; kî burāši lu qud-du-šá(var. -šat)-[ta] may you be as pure as juniper KAR 43:29, dupl. 63:27, see MAOG 5/3 16.
- b) buildings and divine images: the Euphrates receded from Sippar ana quud-duš bēlūtišunu mê irēqu ana sâbu the waters were too far off to draw for the purification of their (i.e., Šamaš's and Aja's) divine images VAB 4 64 i 15 (Nabopolassar); I rebuilt the temple of Bunene tēbibtišu ú-qa-ad-diš-ma (and) purified (it) in a ritual act ibid. 232 i 32 (Nbn.).
- c) appurtenances for a rit.: $p\bar{a}\$u$ hurā\$i . . . tu-qad-dá\$ you purify the golden ax BBR No. 46:3, cf. LKA 84:3, see

- Tul p. 144; ina ud.3. KAM ana Ki. GAR tal= lakma ša tu-qad-di-šu(var. -šú) ina marri tidda ša tu-qad-di-šu takarriş on the third day you go to the potter's clay, (from) that which you have purified you take with the shovel clay that you have purified BiOr 30 178:33, cf. ina UD.1.KAM KI.GAR tu-qad-di- $\tilde{s}u$ ibid. 13; $ina \ \tilde{s}\bar{e}ri \ldots ana$ $kullati \ tallakma \ kullata \ tuqat[tar] \dots kul=$ lata tu-[qad-dáš] (see kullatu B) AAA 22 48 iii 8f., also BBR No. 52:2, Or. NS 39 143:19 (namburbi), also 4R 56 ii 23, 4R 55 No. 1 r. 34 (Lamaštu), Köcher BAM 212:40, Wr. ú-qa-dáš ibid. 234:23, also UD.3.KAM KI. (GAR) (var. KI.GAR) tu-qad-dáš KAR 234:6 and dupl., see Or. NS 24 256, and note $\lceil qud \rceil - du - \delta a - ki$ kullatu you, potter's clay, have been made ritually clean KAR 134 r. 18, 227 i 17, see TuL p. 99 and 125, cf. also KI [t]u-qad-daάš Or. NS 40 150:27, Hunger Uruk 9:26, ħīpi eššu (i.e., [tu])-qad-dáš 4R 25 ii 29.
- 4. quddušu to consecrate, dedicate: ālam uhalliqma ana ilī šunūti ú-qá-dì-is-sú he destroyed the city and dedicated it to those gods Sumer 34 125:21 (OAkk.); one sheep «DIŠ» inūma DN ú-qa-ad-di-iš he consecrated at the time of (the festival of) DN Wiseman Alalakh 346:5 (OB); ú-qad-di-šu unazzimu iklû (because) he consecrated (something to the gods, but) complained and withheld (it) Šurpu II 76; ú-qa-diš-ku DN šamê šalaltišunu I consecrated to you, DN, the three heavens AfO 14 142:43 (bīt mēsiri); qud-du-šat ana ilī (in broken context) Lambert BWL 183:6.
- 5. II/2 to purify oneself: [ina UD] ŠE.GA tuq-ta-ad-da-aš you purify yourself on a favorable day BBR No. 58:2, see Or. NS 36 279, also BBR No. 1-20:29, KAR 22:2, see TuL p. 75 and Or. NS 36 34:3, cf. amēlu šuātu uq-ta-ad-da-a[š] LKA 126:3, see RA 48 134; erēna burāša kibrīta uq-ta-ad-da-aš he purifies himself with cedar, juniper, and sulphur (preceded by irammuk) Or. NS 42 509 r. 25, cf. gallābūssu ippuš uq-ta-a[d(?)-daš] LKA 119:4; UD.3.KAM LUGAL uq-ta-ad-da-áš Or. NS 39 132:8,

qad/tā'um qadi

[LU]GAL u NUN uq-ta-ad-da-šú RA 21 131 r. 4; ina UD ŠE.GA liq-ta-diš he should purify himself on a favorable day Or. NS 36 21 Sm. 1513:3, also, wr. liq-te-diš BMS 30:20 and STT 63:13, cf. Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 227:15 f.

qad/tā'um (AHw. 891b) see katû B.

qaddāniš see qaddiš.

qaddiš (qaddāniš) adv.; bowed, hunched; OB, SB; cf. qadādu.

Their broad shoulders became narrow qa-da-niš i[ttan] allaka $niš\bar{u}$ ina $s\bar{u}qi$ people walked hunched in the street Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 112 vi 6 (SB version), cf. $[q\acute{a}]$ -ad-di-iš illaka i[na $s\bar{u}qi]$ ibid. 78 II iv 16 (OB), cf. also (the bewitched man) $q\acute{a}$ -ad-di-iš [...] AMT 86,1 ii 16.

qaddu adj.; bent; lex.*; cf. qadādu.

gú = qa-ad-du, kapşu Izi F 37 f.; gi š. gi š immar. GAM. ma = qa-ad-du (var. $q\acute{a}d$ -du) Hh. III 348, see MSL 9 163.

The reading [á. GAM.ma] = $\begin{bmatrix} i-du \end{bmatrix}$ $q\acute{a}$ -ad-du- \acute{u} -tum cited CAD I/J s.v. idu is uncertain, see MSL 13 57 n. to ii 19'.

**qadduru (AHw. 891b) ADD 964 r. 9 is probably to be emended to qa-lu (parallel: dannu r. 7), see qallu adj. mng. 3a.

qadi (qadima) prep.; with, together with, including; OA.

a) qadi: ina bīt abija qá-dí a-ma-[tim] takkal u tašatti you are eating and drinking in my father's house in the company of slave girls CCT 4 38c:4; 245 textiles qá-dì ša kaṣṣārē ša šēp PN including those of the transporters, shipped by PN Kienast ATHE 62:5; x silver qá-dí ša maškī including that for the hides TCL 4 27:19; qá-dí PN u ša kīma PN, awitī lagmur I want to settle my affair together with PN and with PN,'s representatives CCT 5 4a:11; of the silver paid for the textiles, part

is available, part is not ú qá-dí laššu'im kaspam šalšātišunu gātātišunu ilgeu they have collected their one-third shares in the profit including those from the (silver) not yet available Hecker Giessen 34:41; for other examples see adi B usage b-2'; with pronominal suffixes: ana GN lu ana GN, ašar harrāššuni ištišu iraddēši ù qádí-šu-ma ana GN, utarrašši he may take her (his Anatolian wife) along to Burušhattum and Hattum but he must bring her back with him to Kaniš I 490:8, cited J. Lewy, HUCA 27 6; unfortunately I got stuck in GN for eight months u ša kaspim 20 ma.na luqūtum qá-dí-a-ma kaşşud and merchandise worth no less than twenty minas of silver got stuck with me VAT 9232:18, cited MVAG 35/3 p. 65 note a; mimma našperātija gá-dí-ku-nu-ma PN lištamme PN should read all my reports carefully together with you Hecker Giessen 50:17; immimma PN ēzibu gá-tám gá-dí-ni-ma talagge (I said) From all that PN left behind, you may take a share on equal terms with us (but he, high-handedly, took half of it) CCT 1 13b:20.

b) qadima: one mina of gold of PN's šipkāt PN, gá-dí-ma naruggišu investment by PN₂ together with his (PN's) business capital ICK 1 105:4; ašar pazzurtim subātī damqūtim gá-dí-ma subātikunu epša try, if possible, to smuggle some good-quality textiles (of mine) together with your own textiles Contenau Trente Tablettes Cappadociennes 17:15, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 319; PN mimma kaspim ula ilqe qá-dí-ma PN, u PN, iše'īšu u PN aggātišu iše'īšu PN (one of three guarantors) has not collected any of the silver (he advanced), he will sue him (the debtor) together with PN2 and PN₃ or he may sue him for his share only JCS 14 9 No. 5:13; when you enter GN qádí-ma têrtika šāḥizma ša kima kuāti gātī liddiu add to your order the instruction (lit. instruct together with your order) that your representatives deposit my

qadi qadištu

paēni u nīnu hubul abini nušabba today we will pay off our father's debt jointly with our colleagues Jankowska KTK 18:4'; qá-dí-ma aḥhīka u atta šiamātim šitakkana join your colleagues in regularly depositing purchased goods BIN 6 187:4'.

For qadum in this meaning see adi B usage b-1'.

qadi see adi.

qadiltu see qadištu.

qadilû (kadilû) s.; (a garment); lex.*; ef. gadalû.

[túg].a[n.t]a.dul = tak-ti-mu = qa(var. ka)-di-lu-u Hg. D III 425, Hg. C II r. 15, var. from Hg. B I 22, in MSL 10 138-41.

qadima see qadi.

qadissu see qadištu.

qadištu s.; (qadiltu, qadissu); (a woman of special status); OA, OB, Mari, MB, MA, SB, NA; pl. qašdātu; wr. syll. and NU.GIG; cf. qadāšu.

nin.dingir.ra = en-[tum], ug-bab-tum, nu.gig = qa-diš-tum, nu.bar = kul-ma-ši-tum Lu Excerpt I 194 ff.; [nu.gig] (and three more broken equivalents) = qa-diš-tu, [nu.gig.an.na] = [MIN] ^dA-nim Lu IV 31 ff.; sal+me^{na-di-tum}, sal+me^{qā-di-iš-tum}, sal+me^{ba-tu-ul-tum} OB Proto-Lu 263 ff.; sag.kud = nu.gig, sag.kud.da.a = nu.gig an.na Studies Landsberger 36:19 f.; kud.da = nu.gig, kud.da.a = nu.gig an.na ibid. 26 f. (Silbenvokabular from RS).

egir.bi.ta.àm nu.gig.àm sila.ta ba.an. da.íl.la: ar-ka-nu qá-di-iš-tum ina su-qí-im it-taši afterward he took a q. in from the street Ai.
VII iii 7; nu.gig.ga.bi dumu.sila.àm mi.ni.
in.ri: qá-di-iš-t[a ši-i] ma-ru s[u-qi iš-ši]-ma this q. took in a child from the street ibid. 11; nu.
gig šà.gig nu.gig bar.ra nu.gig An.na nu.
hun.gá: qa-diš-tú ša libba marṣat [...] ištarīt
dA-nim l[a...] ASKT p. 82-83:12, see Borger,
AOAT 1 4; [ama nu.gig.g]e ama nu.bar.re:
[um-mu qa]-diš-tum um-mu kul-ma-ši-[tum...]
K.10641:11'f., Sum. restored from PBS 10/4 5:13.

šá-mu-u \dot{p} -tum = qa-diš-tum (between $nad\bar{\imath}tu$ and $\bar{e}ntu$) Malku I 133.

a) in OB, Mari: *§umma abum nadītam* NU.GIG u lu kulmašītam ana ilim iššīma if a father dedicates (his daughter as) a nadītu, a q., or a kulmašītu CH § 181:61, cf. PN MU.NI.IM PN₂ AD.DA.NI ana Adad ilišu ana NU.GIG i-ši-iš Grant Smith Coll. 260:4: tukumbi ad.da ti.la dumu. sal.a.ni.ir nin.dingir lukur ù nu. gig hé.a ibila.gin_x(GIM).nam é ì. tuš.e.dè during the father's lifetime, his daughter, even if she is an *ugbabtu*, a $nad\bar{\imath}tu$, or a q., has the status of an heir, she may live in the house AJA 52 439 xv 48 (Lipit-Ištar Code § 22); PN NU. GIG (receiving a slave girl instead of real estate from her parents) VAS 8 70:5 (case) and 69:5 (tablet), cf. (receiving a share of inheritance from her father) BE 6/2 85:17; a builtup lot of one SAR HA.LA PN NU.GIG CT 6 42b:5; (household furnishings) numât PN NU.GIG CT 4 40b:18; the judges investigated their case and PN NU.GIG . . . arnam īmiduši u tuppi la ragāmim anniam ušēzibuši ruled against PN, the q. (in a lawsuit concerning a house) and had her make out this release of claims TCL 1 157:48, cf. ibid. 13, 20, 24; bīt PN NU.GIG Riftin 30:10; PN NU.GIG (renting a house) PBS 8/2 218:4; PN . . . aššat PN₂ DUMU.NI ana PN, NU.GIG ana šūnugim iddimma PN, PN₂'s wife, gave her son to PN₃, the q., for suckling VAS 7 10:3, ef. qa-di-iš-taam lūmurma lišēnigšu CT 52 130 r. 9; after PN approached the judges about her fee for nursing dajānū nu.gig.meš issûma the judges summoned the q.-women (and then she received her fee for nursing) VAS 7 37:16; PN . . . [it]ti PN₂ u PN₃ NU. GIG AMA.A.NI PN4 . . . ana aššūtim īhussi PN₄ took PN as wife from PN₂ and (from) PN₃, the q., her mother VAS 8 92:4, cf. YOS 14 121:3, cf. also PN NU.GIG DAM.A. NI YOS 8 125:7; $t\bar{e}m$ $q\acute{a}-d[i-i]\check{s}-tim$ $\check{s}upram$ send me news about the q. TCL 18 100:31; SAL.NU.GIG panī mārāt PN [šināti] iş-baat-ma(text -UD) ina gagîm ana [...] the q. took the lead in front of those daughters of PN and [...] in the $gag\hat{u}$ for [...] PBS

qadištu qadištu

7 125:25 (both letters); (barley) namharti PN NU.GIG u DUMU.MEŠ GÁ.DUB.BA received by the q. PN and the scribes JCS 2 94 No. 21:28, cf. NU.GIG (in ration lists) VAS 7 183 i 18, ii 4, and passim in this text, 186 i 19, Riftin 131:4; ì.GIŠ ana qá-di-iš-tim addin I gave oil to the q. Fish Letters 8:12; PN PN₂ mārassa ana PN₃ NU.GIG DN ... ana mārtiša iddiššim PN has given up PN₂, her daughter, to PN₃, the q. of Adad, for adoption TCL 1 146:3; PN NU.GIG AN. NA PN, the q. of Anu BIN 7 163:2, cf. SAL qa-di-iš-tum ša An-[nu]-ni-Itim] SAL DUMU Si-im-a-al ARM 10 59 r. 3.

- b) in OA, MA, NA 1' in leg. and letters: ina mātim geme šanītam la ehhaz ina Ālim qá-dí-iš-tám ehhaz he may not marry another second-rank wife in Anatolia, (but) he may marry a q. in the City (Assur) ICK 13:6, cf. ša PN ašši[tišu] qá-dí-iš-tim (in broken context) BIN 6 222:9 (both OA); qa-di-il-tu ša mutu ahzušini ina ribēte paşşunatma ša mutu la ahzušini ina ribēte qaqqassa pattu a q. who is married is veiled in public, one who is unmarried is bare-headed in public KAV 1 v 61 (Ass. Code § 40); SAL sabsūtu u SAL qa-di-il-tu (in broken context) AfO 17 268:11 (MA harem edicts).
- in rit.: [ina?] ūme Adad i-ša-tuqu-ni NU.GIG.MEŠ ušessûni on the day when they Adad, they let the q.women come out KAR 154:1 (MA rit.), cf. NU.GIG.MEŠ ana bīt hamri illaka ibid. 13, NU.GIG.MEŠ inha inaddia inha ipaššara SANGA ša tēlilte ullal NU.GIG.MEŠ DINGIR the q.-women recite(?) the inhu song(?), they finish(?) the *inhu* song, the šangû priest performs the purification, (and) the q.-women lift up the god ibid. 9f., cf. ibid. 4f., 7f., cf. SANGA NU.GIG.MEŠ ana bīt Adad iturruni dumāgī ša NU.GIG. [MEŠ] ipatturu the šangû priest (and) the q.-women return to the Adad temple and they remove the q-women's jewels ibid. r. 6, cf. also r. 5, 14; in obscure context: SAL qa-diš-tú tu-na-saḥ-ši Ebeling Par-

fümrez. pl. 17 r. ii 5, see Or. NS 22 43 (NA rit.); SAL qa-di-su memmēni [ib] ašši teppaš the q.-woman will certainly also do something (referring to a ritual) ABL 1126:13 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 187.

- c) in MB: Šumu-libši dumu fQá-di-il-ti PBS 2/2 122:22.
- d) in lit.: $\delta a[b]s\bar{u}tum$ in a $b\bar{t}t$ $q\acute{a}-di$ iš-ti lihdu let the midwife rejoice in the house of the q. (where the pregnant woman gives birth) Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 62 I 290; qa-diš-tu mārat Ani the daughter of Anu is a q. 4R 58 iii 37 (SB Lamaštu), cf. qa-diš-tu(var. -tum) epithet of Ištar) LKA 37:6, see JNES 33 qa-dil-tum (in broken context) SEM 117 ii 8 and 11 (MB lit.); eninna atmûka itti širkī ša PN NIN.DINGIR.RA.MEŠ ga-ašda-a-ti [u ku]lmašâti I discussed you (i.e., your case) with the oblates of Gilgāmeš, with the ugbabtu, q., and kulmašītu women Gilg. III iv 20; māmīt SAL+ME u SAL.NU.GIG māmīt dKù-bi NIN.DINGIR.RA oath of the $nad\bar{\imath}tu$ woman and the q., oath of the fetus (and) the entu priestess Šurpu III 116, cf. (adding kulmašītu) VIII 69, cf. ku-bi sal.me.meš u nu.gig.[meš] CT 51 142:27; SAL.NU.GIG (vars. qa-di\u00e3-tum, ga-diš-tu) nadītu ištarītu kulmašītu (in enumeration of evil-doers) Maqlu III 44, parallel KAR 226 ii 6, cf. kišpī ša SAL qadiš-ti KAR 240:7; TUR.MEŠ tirhi ša ēnēti TUR.MEŠ terinnāti ša ga-aš-da-a-ti (see ēntu usage b) Maqlu VI 39, also ibid. 29, cf. (I carry) iş pišri ša nadâte giš.še.ù.ku $\delta a qa-a\delta-da-ti$ Speleers Recueil 312:8; I carry against you (sorceress) pitiltu pitiltu ša SAL.NU.GIG.MEŠ terinnatu MIN ša še'am malâti Maqlu V 54; šumma ina āli NU. GIG.[MEŠ MIN (= ma^3da)] CT 38 5:115 var. (SB Alu), dupl. (broken) CT 51 146 r. 11.
- e) in rit.: SAL.NU.GIG.MEŠ ša ina mê te-lil-te x-[x]-ka-nu the q.-women who [...] with water for purification (preceded by NIN.DINGIR.RA.MEŠ, nadāte) KAR 321:7, cf. [NI]N.DINGIR.RA.MEŠ [...

qadišu qadu

qa]-áš-da-a-ti K.12058:2f. (courtesy W. G. Lambert); qa-di-iš-t[u] $m\hat{e}$ iz[zariq]ma[...] the q-woman has sprinkled water and [...] (in preparation for a festival) Lambert BWL 160:7 (MA fable).

According to OB references, the qadištu could own property; she could marry (YOS 8 125) and have children (VAS 8 92). She also served as wet-nurse. She is often designated as a votary of Adad and (in Mari) of Annunītu. There is no evidence of her being a prostitute. She is mentioned beside the midwife (AfO 17 268:11), and in Sum. texts seems to play a role in fertility and childbirth.

For a male counterpart in RS, corresponding to Ugar. qds (see von Soden, UF 2 329), cf. LÚ.NU.GIG MRS 12 93:26.

In Ugaritica 5 11 No. 7:14 read PN DUMU $\langle Bin(=DUMU) \rangle$ -qa-diš-ti (witness) as syllabic rendering of the Ugar. name bn.qdšt, see Gröndahl Die Personennamen der Texte aus Ugarit 407. In AGH (= Ebeling Handerhebung) 128:13 read år-da-a-ti.

Renger, ZA 58 179-184 (also for Sum. refs.). For etym. and Sum. refs. see Edzard, ZA 55 104 f.; Harris Ancient Sippar 328 ff.

qadišu adj. (?); (mng. uncert.); EA.*

May the king know inūma ilāni Gubla qa-di(!)-šu u mur-su-ú magal that the gods of Byblos are angry(?) and (that therefore) there is a serious epidemic EA 137:32.

Meaning suggested by the context. The word is either an adjective in predicate state or a WSem. verb in the preterite.

qadma adv.; before (?); OAkk.*; cf. qudmu.

Sheep qá-ad-ma PN li-ir-da he should lead before (?) PN Owen Lewis Coll. 101:16 (let.).

Formation parallel to mahra, arka, etc.

qadmiš adv.; in olden times; SB*; cf. qudmu.

ša qá-ad-mi-iš izkuruši abu dādiša [Anu] (the name) which her beloved father Anu gave her in olden times AfK 1 21 ii 3 (SB lit.).

qadmu s.; god; OB, SB.

qu-ud-mu tar, qa-ad-mu tar = d tar A III/5:184 f.

qa-ad-mu = i-[lu] CT 25 18 iv 9.

ip-pan qá-a[d-mi] in front of the gods Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 98 v 47, see von Soden, Or. NS 38 432; šarri qád-mi dNarru bānū apât[i] the king of the gods, Narru (i.e., Enlil), who created mankind Lambert BWL 88:276 (Theodicy); ina maḥar qád-mi ša addamuṣu minā u'attar how do I profit from having bowed down to the gods? ibid. 86:251; ša gabrā ikšud[u] ištariš ūtaq[qi] ulliš qàd-mi-šu s[upp]û šakinma he who overcame a rival heeded his goddess, his prayer was put before his god AfO 19 51:103.

For Borger Einleitung 9 ii 4 see qudmu usage b.

qadmu see qudmu.

qadšuttu see *qadšūtu.

qadšūtu (qadšuttu) s.; status of priest; RS; cf. qadāšu.

From this day on RN has given a tax exemption to PN and his sons and has given him the status of chariot driver ina qa-ad-šu-ut-ti iššīma he has elevated him from the status of priest MRS 6 140 RS 16.132:7, see von Soden, UF 2 329f.

In BA 5 546:81 (= SBH 106 No. 56) the Akk. corr. to Sum. gašan.an.na is Eš₄. DAR-ti, with an imperfect ligature of the first two signs, for parallels see *ištarītu* lex. section and mng. 1.

qadu conj.; because, since; Mari.*

apālumma ul ippalanni . . . qa-du la īpulanni ana sēr bēlija aštapram he does not answer me at all, since he has not

qadu *qadû B

answered me I am writing to my lord ARM 14 13:35; LÚ Bābili ul imgurma [q]a-du LÚ Bābili la imgurušu . . . itbêmma the ruler of GN did not agree, and because the ruler of GN did not agree with him, he left ARM 4 26:21; qa-du-um alākka ana ṣēr abika luppu[t]u ṣābam . . . lūzizbakkumma anāku . . . luttallak since your going to your father has been delayed, I will leave you the troops and I will go myself ARM 2 39:46.

For other refs. see adi conj. usage a-2'. Refs. to the prep. qadu are cited sub adi A and B prep.

qadu see adi.

qadû A s.; owl; OB, SB; wr. syll. and URU.HUL.A.MUŠEN; cf. işşūr qādê, qadû A v.

[mušen.zib mušen] = [qa-du-u], uru.hul.a mušen = min Hh. XVIII 169f., in MSL 8/2 124,restored from [mušen.zí]b mušen mu-ši-zi-pa (pronunciation) = qa-du-iu, [mušen.hul].a MUŠEN mu-uš-hu-la (pronunciation) = qa-du-ú MSL 8/2 159:12'f. (MB forerunner from Bogh. to Hh. XVIII); uru.hul.a μ Mušen = qa-du-u = ak(var. a)-ku-ú Hg. D 337, also Hg. C I 11, var. from Hg. B IV 293, in MSL 8/2 170f. and 176; u₈.a MUŠEN = hu-u-[a] = qa-du-u, u.ku.ku.ba.u.sMUŠEN = it-til [i-mut] = \hat{l} MIN], lal.la.ri MUŠEN = (blank) = MIN Hg. B IV 229-231, in MSL 8/2 166; $u_8.[a \ \text{MUŠEN}] = [hu-u-a] = [qa-du-u] \ \text{Hg.}$ D III 266, in MSL 8/2 175; ù.ku.k[u.ba.ú]š MUŠEN = it-til i-mut = qa-du-u, lal.la.ru MUŠEN = (blank) = MIN Hg. D III 328f., in MSL 8/2 175; [...].MUŠEN = qa-du-u Practical Vocabulary Assur 969.

1.UDU reš-ti: ka-bar-te(var. -ti) qa-d[i-i] Köcher Pflanzenkunde 28 i 15, var. from dupl. CT 37 26 i 3.

[l]i-ir-bi-si qa-du-Iúl let the owl nest (in broken context) RA 62 126:32 (Gilg.); qa-du-ú Mušen işşūr Ea tukku-tukku ištanassi the owl, the bird of Ea, cries tukku-tukku KAR 125:9; if in a house [qa-d]u-ú issi (also išgum) CT 38 31 r. 10f., for refs. with qadû "to cry like an owl," see qadû A v.; māmīt atūdu qa-du-u dallalu the oath by wild ram, owl, (or) frog Šurpu III 68, cf. ina HUL URU.HUL.A.MUŠEN

CT 41 24 iii 6 (namburbi); šumma kīma qádi-i Mušen CT 38 pl. 21:84, cf. DIŠ URU. #U[L.A.MUŠEN...] with gloss $qa-d[u-\hat{u}]$ CT 41 6:19, cf. DIŠ $qa-d[u-\hat{u}]$ ibid. 21, DIŠ $[q]a-du-\hat{u}$ ibid. 7:37 (all SB Alu, in broken contexts); ÚŠ $qa-du-\hat{u}$ Mušen owl blood (used as medication) BRM 4 32:8, cf. ÚŠ.MEŠ qa-di-[i] Köcher Pflanzenkunde 28 i 11, also ÚŠ Mušen qa-di-i TCL 6 34 i 6, cited $iss\bar{u}r$ $q\bar{u}d\hat{e}$.

The word is an onomatopoeic designation from which a verb $qad\hat{u}$ "to hoot" is derived; $qad\hat{u}$ is not a participle of this verb (correct $iss\bar{u}r\ q\bar{a}d\hat{e}$ CAD I/J 208 accordingly). See also essebu disc. section.

qadû B s.; (a type of bread); MB.*

 $\frac{1}{2}$ SÌLA NINDA qa-du-u one-half sila (of barley?) for q. bread BE 14 152:25, also ibid. 15.

Compare the NA refs. to NINDA qadūtu, cited qadūtu mng. 4.

qadû A v.; to hoot; Mari, SB; I iqaddi; ef. işşūr qādê, qadû A s.

This city will be abandoned ina libbišu qa-du- \acute{u} i-qad-du- \acute{u} in its midst owls will hoot TCL 6 1 r. 2, CT 30 9:14, cf. [... iš] assi ina ribīt āli i-qa-ad-di qa-du-u [...] Bauer Asb. 2 78:18; [k] $\~{i}$ ma qa-di-im edišš $\~{i}$ ša la i-qa-ad(text -al)-[d $\~{i}$] she must not cry like an owl in her loneliness Syria 19 125:25 (Mari let., translit. only).

For UET 4 208:5 see quddû.

qadû B ($k\hat{a}du$) v.; to pay attention; lex.*; I, II.

li.ib.kar (var. [li]b.A.gar) = pu-ku-u, li.ib. kar.kar (var. [li].ib.A.gar.gar) = ku-ud-du-u, li.ib.kar.ri.a (var. [li]b.A.gar.ri.a) = qa-du-ú Erimhuš Bogh. A iii 6ff.

The Bogh. spelling pu-ku-u for puqqu shows that qa-du-ú and ku-ud-du-u stand for kâdu and kuddu; therefore this verb belongs with the refs. cited sub kuddu

qâdu qadūtu

v.; $k\hat{a}du$ thus seems to be attested for that verb as well as kuddu.

qâdu ($qi\bar{a}du$) v.; 1. to set afire, to light, to kindle, 2. to burn, burn down, 3. IV to be kindled; OB, SB; I $iq\bar{u}d - iq\hat{a}d - q\bar{e}d$ (Streck Asb. 266 iii 10), part. $q\bar{a}id$, IV; wr. syll. and LA; cf. maqaddu, $q\bar{u}d\bar{a}tu$.

[lá] = qa-a-du Nabnitu XXIII 85.

gi.izi.lá maš.tab.ba úš.bi u.me.ni.lá: gi-zil-le-e $ki\text{-}\langle lal\rangle\text{-}la\text{-}an$ ina $da\text{-}me\text{-}s\acute{u}$ qu-ud-ma light both torches (dipped) in its (the sacrificial kid's) blood RA 28 140 Sm. 922:12f., cf. [...] u.me.ni.è: [...] da-mi ta-qad-ma CT 17 9:34f.; [dNE.NUN.lá = qa]-[i]-da-at $nu\text{-}\acute{u}\text{-}ru$ ru-bi-e (with comm.) Lá # qa-a-du [...] BM 62741:16 (comm. to god list, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

qa-a-du, $qa-mu-\acute{u}=\acute{s}\acute{a}-ra-pu$ An IX 14f.; qa-mu-u, $qa-a-\acute{s}u$ (var. $qi-a-\acute{s}\acute{u}$), qa-a-du, $q\acute{e}-a-du=\acute{s}\acute{a}-r[a-pu]$ LTBA 2 2:147-150, dupl. ibid. 3 iii 1-4, var. from CT 18 24 K.4219 ii 6.

- 1. to set afire, to light, to kindle—a) to set afire (in hist.): 115 ālāni ša limītiša kīma abri a-qu-ud-ma quturšun kīma ašamšāti pan šamê ušaktim I set fire to 115 villages around it as if they were brushwood and filled the sky with their smoke so that it looked like a dust storm TCL 3 182 and 268, cf. bīt Ḥaldia ilišu abriš a-qu-ud-ma ibid. 279, also ebūra . . . abriš a-qu-ud-ma ibid. 275, [. . . ša] kīma dipāri a-qu-du-ma Levine Stelae 38:53 (all Sar.).
- b) to light, to kindle: abrī nuppuhu dipārī qé-e-du (from the quay of Assur to the quay of Babylon) piles of brushwood were set afire, torches lit (for illumination) Streck Asb. 266 iii 10; ina išāt kibrīti i-qa-dam-ma he lights (torches) with sulphur fire RAcc. 119:30, cf. gizillā (ina) išāt kibrīti ta-qad-ma Surpu I 5, also 4R 55 No. 2:17, see ArOr 17/1 187, AfO 18 297:9, cf. (in same context) wr. LÁ-ma PBS 10/2 18 r. 37, KAR 26 obv. (!) 22 and dupls.; gizillā i-qa-da-ma BRM 4 6:16; I prepare a reed pile išāta a-qad-ma I kindle a fire (and set the house on fire) Revue

Sémitique 9 159 K.9287 ii 24, see TuL p. 17:23, cf. [išā] tu ša i-qa-du-ni Pallis Akîtu pl. 5:3 (= CT 15 44); nūr TA gizillî i-qád-du-ú-ma ana bīt ilānišunu inašši (the priests) light the lamp from the torch and they (text: he) take (it) to the temples of their gods RAcc. 120:15, cf. ana ZALÁG ta-qa[d] Dreambook 343 r. x+16, cf. nūra ta-qad ibid. 339:x+10.

- 2. to burn, burn down: šar-ri tu-uddi-\(i\) Samsuiluna zi-bi(text -bu)-ki li-q\(\delta\)ud let the king you have chosen (?), RN, burn food offerings for you VAS 10 215 r. 6 (OB lit.); erēnu ša ina panīšunu i-quud-du šihhat šēri ilī lemnūti the cedar wood that they burn in front of them (refers to) the wasting away of the evil gods KAR 307 r. 24; luqmūma lulūšma luqud-ma [a]na pan bēl dabābija ludgul I will burn (the house), ..., set afire (or) give way to my prosecutor Lambert BWL 144:34; bišli bišli qí-di-e qí-di-e Maqlu III 192 (catch line) = IV 1; in transferred mng.: qa-e-da-at erhūssu tuhammat la šēmî his aggressiveness sets afire, it burns the disobedient AfO 18 48 F 11 (Tn.-Epic).
- **3.** IV to be kindled (said of fire): $i\bar{s}\bar{a}tu$ iq-qa-di a fire was kindled ACh Supp. 2 Sin 23:32.

For KAR 66:17 see $q\hat{a}\delta u$.

qadum see adi B.

qadurtu s.; (mng. unkn.); NA.*

UZU.KA.NE . . . ina pan Bēl ikarraruni šá qa-du-ur-te šú-u [. . .] they place the roast meat before Bēl [. . .] ZA 52 226:10, also ZA 51 138:50 and ibid. 154:26 (cultic comm.).

See also qadaruttu.

qaduttu see qadūtu.

qadūtu (qaduttu) s.; 1. mud, sediment, 2. beer dregs, 3. (a morbid substance in the eye), 4. (a type of bread used for offerings); OB, MB, SB, NA; NA pl. qaduāti; wr. syll. and IM.GÚ.

qadūtu qadūtu

im.gú = qa-du-tum (vars. qa-du-tú, qa-du-ut-tum), im.gú.din.na = min δi -ka-ri, im.gú.en.na = min δi -ka-ni, im.gú.a.ab.ba = min tam-tim, im.gú.íd.da = min na-a-ri Hh. XI 322 ff.; im.gú.en.na = qa-du-u(mistake for -ut?) δi -ka-ni = δik -nu δa fd, im.sa har.m[i.kur.ra] = [q]it-mu = $[nA_4$ ga-bi-i], im.gú.kaš.din.na = qa-du-ut δi -ka-ri = δur - δum -mu δa kaš.sag, im.gú = qa-du-tum = ti-du Hg. A II 134 ff., and correct accordingly MSL 7 113 f.

- 1. mud, sediment -a) in gen.: $p\acute{u}$. kur.ra.ke_x(KID) im.gú.nu im.mi. MIR.[MIR]: ina būrti šadî qa-du-tú amhuh in a mountain well I stirred up mud ASKT p. 127:35f.; šumma nāru kīma mê būrti im. gć [...] if a river, like the water from a well, [is full of?] sediment CT 39 14:21 (SB Alu); šumma nāru <mûšu> kīma IM.GÚ ittanadlahu if <the water in> a river is always roiled as if (with) sediment ibid. 15, cf. šumma nāru kīma im. Gú mi ibid. 14, (with BABBAR) ibid. 13; šumma mê šamê *kīma* ім. gú if the rain is like mud ACh Adad 31:55; šumma IM.GÚ māta ishup if mud covers the land Labat Calendrier p. 232:22, ACh Samaš 14:4, ACh Sin 35:4, 8, 12, and passim in this text, for IM.GÚ.A as Sumerogram in a Hitt. parallel see H. Berman, Anatolian Studies Güterbock 58f.; aššum qá-du-tim ša tašpuram qá-du-tam uštābi: lakkum concerning the q. that you wrote about, I am sending the q. along to you ABIM 27:5f. (OB let.).
- b) used for plastering walls: u eliš ti-da-am qa-du-tam isirrušu and above (the parts smeared with bitumen) they will plaster (the igu structure) with q.-clay ARMT 13 27:9 (Mari let.); if a house ESIR ESIR.UD.DU.A SIG4.AL.ÙR.RA IM.BABBAR IM.GÚ kapir is coated with refined or crude bitumen, baked bricks, gypsum, (or) mud plaster CT 40 2:47, dupl. CT 38 17:92 (SB Alu); sippi bāb bīt amēli IM.GÚ [...] arkišu billatu ... ina muḥḥi IM.GÚ tašaḥḥat [...] K.9873:3 and 5 (rit.), cited Bezold Cat. 1045, cf. IM.GÚ tašaḥhat KAR 90:2; qá-du-tam u gaṣṣa elišu tašakkan you place mud and gypsum on it (the

fungus-covered wall) Or. NS 40 141:27, cf. MUN ŠIM.LI IM.BABBAR IM.GÚ tuballal elišu tesêr you mix salt, juniper, gypsum, (and) mud (and) smear (it) on (the fungus) ibid. 142 r. 5 (SB namburbi); kadu-ut £.SIG₄ . . . tasâk (for a potion) KUB 37 2:24, dupl. KUB 4 55:3 (med.).

- c) in med. -1' $qad\bar{u}tu$: IM.GÚ ša $s\bar{e}ta$ $ka\bar{s}dat$ $taha\bar{s}\bar{s}al$ (for a poultice) AMT 78,7:7, and passim in med., see $s\bar{e}tu$ mng. 1 f; IM.GÚ KI.A ^dfD (for an enema) Köcher BAM 104:66.
- 2' IM.GÚ.EN.NA (= qadūt šikani) river sediment: ½ SìLA IM.GÚ.EN.NA (among other medications) Küchler Beitr. pl. 6 i 4, also Köcher BAM 104:11, 398:35, CT 23 50:10, RA 53 14 r. 11, AMT 7,3:2, and passim in AMT.
- **3'** IM.GÚ.NÍG.NÍGIN.NA in CT 23 46:31, AMT 5,5 ii 11, 23,8:4, 40,5 iii 11, 43,2:7 and 9, 44,1 ii 6 is of uncertain reading; see discussion sub *adattu*.
- 2. beer dregs: see im.gú.KAŠ.DIN.na = qadūt šikari, in lex. section; x sìLA qádu-ut KAŠ (among medicinal substances)
 PBS 2/2 107:31 (MB); sūnuki damqa qa[du]-t[um li]šeh[hi] UET 6 394:16 (Gilg.),
 see Landsberger, RA 62 124.
- 3. (a morbid substance in the eye): šum = ma īnāšu IM.GÚ m[alâ...] if his eyes are full of "mud" Labat TDP 48 C ii 4, also 2f., 46 B i 8, 152 r. 6.
- 4. (a type of bread used for offerings, MA, NA only): x §E.GIG.ME§ ana NINDA qa-du-a-ti... LÚ.NINDA.ME§ ina§§iu the bakers take x wheat for the q.-bread Postgate Royal Grants No. 42-44:11 and 28; 2 sìla NINDA qa-du-tú (beside NINDA midri, etc., in a royal offering to A§§ur) ADD 760 r. 2, cf. ADD 1004:12, r. 2, 1006 r. 4, 1011:7, 1012 r. 5, 1013 r. 7 and 11, 1015:6, 1018:9, 1019:7, r. 13, 1021 r. 4, 1030:11 and r. 8, also x sìla qa-du-tú ADD 1005 r. 10, 1010 r. 14, 1015 r. 9, and passim in ADD; 2 NINDA qa-du-a-tu §a 1 sìla.T[A.ÀM] VAT 10550 ii 20 (MA), and passim in this text.

qāḫilatu qajipānu

qāḥilatu (or *qāʾilatu*) s.; (mng. unkn.); OB (Chagar Bazar).

3 BÁN SAL. TUR qa-hi-la-tum DUMU. SAL Sà-bi-i-im Loretz Chagar Bazar No. 44:72, cf. 3 BÁN SAL. TUR qa-hi-la-tum ša Sà-bi-i-im ibid. No. 41:71 (lists of rations), see AOAT 1 219, 226, also A 974, cited Iraq 7 55.

Either a (WSem.) personal name or a profession.

qā'ilatu see qāhilatu.

qajalu adj.; 1. taciturn, 2. pious, 3. attentive, eager; OB, SB; cf. qâlu A v.

- 1. taciturn: $q\acute{a}$ -ia-al he is taciturn (opposite ha-bu-ur he is noisy) AfO 18 63 i 15 (OB physiogn.).
- 2. pious: altanassi ilīma (DINGIR.MEŠ-ma) kališ qa-a-a-al as one who is very pious I invoke the gods continuously PSBA 17 139:8 (acrostic); qa-a-a-lu (in broken context, parallel to enqu and bābil pani) Lambert BWL 207:6, cf. qa-a-a-la-tu (var. qa-a-a-la-a-ti) iše'ā miḥṣa ibid. 11; in difficult context: [...] x qa-a-a-lu šinipat lilli ibid. 144:33.
- 3. attentive, eager: LUGAL ek-ke-mu: qa-a-a-lu 2R 47 i 12 (unidentified comm.); $q\bar{a}t$ qa-a-a-li hand of q. (name of a demon?) Labat Suse 11 v 18.

qajapu adj.; sagging; SB; cf. qâpu B v.

igārūšu qá-a-a-pu-tim adki eperī qerbīšu assuh I removed its (the temple's) sagging walls, I brought out the debris from inside it VAB 4 264 i 29, cf. eperīšu qa-a-a-pu-ti (var. -tu) adkā RA 11 112 ii 30, var. from CT 36 23:31 (all Nbn.).

qajašu adj.; generous; SB; cf. qâšu v.

qa-a-a-a's (in broken context) Lambert BWL 80:196 (Theodicy), with comm. qa-a-s'a' na-a-a-a.

qajātu (gajātu, ka'ātu, kajātu) s.; (a parched grain and a food made from it); OB, MB, Nuzi, NB, Akkadogram in Hitt.(?).

sa.a = ga-a-a-tu Nigga Bil. B 246.

x še ana arsāni x še ana qa-a-ti-im x barley for (making) groats, x barley for q. Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 159:8; x SÌLA ŠE ana idī qāliātim min ša qá-a-tim x barley as wages for the women who parch grain, ditto for the ones who prepare q. ibid. 135 r. 9; aššum qa-a-ia-tim ša še'im NE-[x]concerning the q. (made) of parched barley OBT Tell Rimah 123:9; qa-ia-tim (in broken context) TIM 9 51:8 (= Sumer 13 115, OB beer recipe); (barley) ana qa-a-ta ša hašādu ša Bēlet-Sippar for q, for the wedding ceremony of DN 82-7-14,1165:4, cf. qa-a-a-tú (beside abahšinnu) Moldenke 2 62:2 (both NB); as Akkadogram in Hitt. (uncert.): (tribute of gold, copper, and) 3 BÁN GA-IA-TUM KBo 12 38:13 and 15.

For other refs. from OB, MB, Nuzi, and NB texts see *gajātu* and *ka'ātu*.

qajipānu s.; 1. creditor, lender, 2. deputy; OB, MB, MA; cf. qâpu A v.

- 1. creditor: [Lứ qá]-jí-pa-nu-um ana bīt [Lứ Akkadî u] Lứ Amurrî [ša iqīpušum] ul išassi i[šassīma] imā[t] (because the king has issued a mīšaru decree) a creditor may not dun the household of any Akkadian or Amorite to whom he has extended credit, should he dun, he will die RA 63 49:55 (= Kraus Edikt p. 28:23), cf. [... K] Ù.BABBAR lušēlu mamma qa-jí-pa-nu x [...] AfO 12 51 text K 7 (Ass. Code).
- 2. deputy: ahua ana pan qá-a-a-pa-ni mamma la umaššar my brother must not entrust to any deputy officer (the gold that my brother sends) EA 7:67, cf. ibid. 70 (let. of Burna-Buriaš).

qajipānūtu qalālu

qajipānūtu s.; condition of lender; OB, SB; cf. qâpu A v.

qá-ji-pa-nu-tam ippuš he will become a creditor AfO 18 63:8 (OB physiogn.), qa-a-a-pa-n[u]-tam ippuš Kraus Texte 50:40, also K.3953 iii 16, cited Oppenheim, AfO 18 63 n. 8.

qajipu adj.; (person) giving credit; lex.*; cf. qâpu A v.

ga.ab.gi.na = qa-a-a-pu Izi V 108.

qalālu v.; 1. to become thin, weak, light, 2. to lose importance, to become discredited, 3. qullulu to make an inferiorquality product, to reduce, to diminish, 4. qullulu to discredit, 5. II/2 (also II/3) to be discredited, ridiculed (passive to mng. 4); from OA, OB on; I iqlil—iqallil—qalil, II, II/2, II/3; wr. syll. and LAL; cf. muqallilu, qallalu, qallatu A, *qallilu, qalliš, qallu adj., qallu A s., qalluttu, qulālū, qullulu adj.

 NE^{pi} ·lá = qa-la-lum Antagal G 130; pe.el.lá dugud = $q\acute{a}$ -la-lum $kab \bar{a}tum$ Imgidda to Erimhuš B 9'; $SAL = q\acute{a}$ -la-lum (also = $rap \bar{a} \bar{s}um$) MSL 14 126:821 and 824 (Proto-Aa).

pe.el dugud (var. pu.la.ad.gu.ud) ^dInnin za.a.kam: qa-la-lu ù ka-ba-tum kûmma Ištar (see kabātu lex. section) TIM 9 24:2ff., and dupl., see Sjöberg, ZA 65 194:159.

é kúr.re šu.pi.il.[dug_4.ga].mu:[£] ša nakri ú-qal-li-lu-šú SBH p. 60 No. 31:27f.; ní. zu a.gin_x(GIM) mu.un.pe.el: ramanki kî tu-qal-li-li how could you debase yourself? PSBA 17 pl. after p. 64 K.41 iii 18f.; [su]huš.a.ni.šè in.bu_5.bu_5.a.gin_x bí.in.sal: išdīša kīma išdi pê ú-qal-lil he (Enlil) made her position as flimsy as a foundation of chaff Lambert BWL 267:9.

 $\lceil qul \rceil$ -lu-lu = na-qa-r[u] Malku VIII 81; tu-qal-lal 5R 45 K.253 iv 25 (gramm.).

1. to become thin, weak, light -a) in concrete sense (said of brews, flesh,

woods, etc.): have them assign him three men to mix the wine karānum šû la i-gáli-il u tiqītam PN la irašši that wine must not become weak and PN must have no grounds for complaint ARMT 13 142:42; šumma TA bīt amēli karpat ţābāti ig-lil if in a man's house a jug of vinegar becomes weak CT 40 4:95 (SB Alu); libittum $[la] i-q\acute{a}-li-il(?)$ Sumer 23 163:52 (OB let.): alpum . . . mādiš ikbirma ihāš . . . assurri ... imaqqutma šīršu i-qá-li-il the ox has become extremely fat and is ill, (my lord should give orders that it be slaughtered) lest it fall dead and its flesh spoil ARM 14 5:9, cf. 6:22; GIŠ.HI.A-ša [la] i- $q\acute{a}$ -li-lu its (the forest's) trees must not thin out Kraus, AbB 5 79:6; $hubullak \langle nu \rangle iq - ti - li - i[l_5]$ (the burden of) your debt has (indeed) become lighter CCT 5 8a:36 (OA).

- b) to become agile, light: nešmûšu i-gal-lil his hearing will become unobstructed (referring to uznāšu kabta) AMT 35,2 ii 10, dupl. Köcher BAM 3 iii 51, also (in broken context) i-qàl-li-la-šú AMT 49,2 r. ii 4; if the tendons in a man's legs are slack and he cannot walk (you make a compress and) sa.gir .meš-šú ipaššiha (var. ipaššahuma) GìR^{II}-šú i-qa(var. -qal)li-la the tendons in his legs will relax and his legs will be able to move easily Köcher BAM 122 r. 10, vars. from dupl. AMT 68,1 r. 11; qātāšu šēpāšu i-qal-li-la qātāšu šē: pāšu i-qal-li-\langle la \delta \delt hands and feet will become light (explanation:) his hands and feet will become light: this is with reference to impoverishment KAR 52:5f. (Alu Comm.); note in idiomatic use: anyone who hears of it can report it to the enemy lemnum u ajābum birkāšu i-qal-li-la and the evil enemy will act swiftly Bagh. Mitt. 2 59 iv 31 (OB let.).
- 2. to lose importance, to become discredited a) in gen.: [ul amda]hhaş lēt şābi kidinnu [... ul] aškun qa-lal-šú-nu I (the king) did not strike the cheek of the privileged citizens nor did I bring

qalālu qalālu

about their humiliation RAcc. 144:427; šarru itti kabtūtišu «qal» i-qal-lil king will become discredited through the connivance(?) of his noblemen RA 34 7:32 (Nuzi earthquake omens), also ACh Sin 35:11, cf. šarru itti kabtūtišu i-qal-lil . . . šumma i-qal-lil pišeršu rību šû (as regards the omen saying) "The king will become discredited through the connivance (?) of his noblemen," if (the omen says) "He will become discredited," it refers to an earthquake ABL 355:10 and r. 3, see Parpola LAS No. 35; šarru i-qal-lil Labat Calendrier § 84:11, also ACh Supp. 33:31, šar kiššati i-[qal]-lil CT 38 6:156, also ACh Ištar 6:11; šarru ina libbi mātišu i-qal-lil Labat Calendrier § 101:4, also rubû ina mātišu i-qal-lil RA 34 5:5 (Nuzi earthquake omens), also (same omen) rubû ina Kur-šú (translit. māt nakri) i-qal-[lil] Thompson Rep. 265 A r. 5; $rub\hat{u} \, \hat{s}\hat{u} \, i$ -qallil CT 40 36:44 (Alu), kabtūtu i-gal-li-lu Leichty Izbu XXI 18; NÍG. TUK i-qal-lil lapnu idammiq the wealthy man will lose status, the poor man will do well Dream-book kabtu lal-lil muškēnu mešrâ 327 i 79: irašši ibid. 322 i 27, cf. muškēnū māti kaluša i-qal-li-lu Leichty Izbu XXI 16; [bel] amatišu i-qal-lil CT 28 25:23 (physiogn.); bel biti i-qal-lil CT 40 33 r. 7 (Alu), dupl. TCL 6 8 r. 4; amēlu šû i-gal-lil KAR 384 r. 5, also Kraus Texte 57a iv 9f., qa-lal amēli ibid. 36 i 16; a-wa-at awīlim i-qá-al-li-il the man's word will be held of no account YOS 10 47:8 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb): ina dīnim i-qal-lil he will lose standing in court Dream-book 324 K.2018A ii 18; šarru ikabbit mātu i-qàl-lil Labat Calendrier § 100:4; šībūt māti nakru ilegge mātu ugu na-ši-šá i-qa-lil an enemy will carry off the elders of the land, the land will more than its Leichty Izbu V 95; uncert.: agan= nêti adî ha-ţu-ti-šú . . . agannêti adî qala-li-šú these women, including the men who sin against him (?), these women, including his (?) (for similar contrast see qallu adj. mng. 2a) Lambert Love Lyrics 108 i 15 and dupl. K.19639 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

- b) with qaqqadu: belī atta ina annītim qaqqadī kubbitma ina birīt aḥhēja ka-aqqá-di la i-qá-al-li-il please, my lord, treat me with due honor in this matter so that I will not lose face among my colleagues CT 2 48:26 (OB let.), cf. appu[ttum qa-qad[i(?)] [ana] la damiqtim [la i-qa]-al-li-il Sumer 14 50 No. 25:12 (Harmal let.); ul tīdê kīma awīlum ša bi-ta-nu-šu la taklu [qá]qá-su ina ekallišu qá-al-lu u šû ši-tu do you not know that a man who is not trusted in(?) his own house is held in contempt in the (lit. his) palace, and himself is of little account? OBT Tell Rimah āšib āli lu rubû ul išebbi akla šumsuk ina pī nišīšuma qa-lil [qa]q-qad-su (var. sag.du-su) a city dweller, even if he be a prince, will not be sated with food, he will be maligned by his own people and held in contempt Cagni Erra I 53; SAG.DU šarri i-qal-lil ki.min mātu ihaddû the king will become despised, alternatively: the land will be joyous ACh Samas 4:13, also Supp. 2 Šamaš 32:22; qa-lal SAG. D[U] Kraus Texte 36 iv 12, cf. qa-la-al SAG LÚ MDP 14 p. 49 i 5 (MB dream omens), SAG.DUsu i-qal-lil Kraus Texte 56 r. iv 21; ša ēpiš namûti qa-lil qaq-qad-su (see namûtu A) Lambert BWL 100:30, cf. qa-lal sag.du-su (in broken context) ibid. 102:94; note in metonymic use: aššum gaggad a-waa-tim ša la riksi qá-al-l[u-ma(?)] since a transaction without a contract is of little value Kraus, AbB 5 171:11.
- 3. qullulu to make an inferior-quality product, to reduce, to diminish a) to make an inferior-quality product: subāt awīlê šattam ana šattim idammiqu atti subātī šattam ana šattim tu-qá-al-la-li ina subātija qu-ul-lu-lim u šu-us-sí-<im>taštarî (other) people's clothes get better from year to year, but you let my clothes get shabbier year after year, you have prospered through letting my clothes get shabby and from letting them out(?) (at the seams?) TCL 18 111:12 and 14, cf. ibid. 18; [awīltam] ša šikaram udammaqu atar:

qalālu qalālu

râkkum awīltam itrâmma 10 billatam ugda-li-il (he said) "I will send you a woman who makes good beer," he sent a woman but she prepared ten (lumps of) weak billatu JCS 9 105 111:x+6 (both OB letters); emārīa tù-qá-lá-lá-ni-ma libbī tušamraṣani you (pl.) are letting my donkeys become weak(?) (by overloading them) and you thus make me angry TCL 4 16:19 (OA).

- b) to reduce, to diminish: $m\bar{\imath}lum\ il=lakma\ eb\bar{\imath}r\ m\bar{\imath}ti\ \acute{u}-qal-lal-ma$ high waters will come and reduce the land's harvest K.6174 r. 5 (astrol.), cf. BURU₅.HI.A ZI-ma EBUR LÍL \acute{u} -qal-lal Labat Calendrier § 89:13; KÙ.GI . . . uq-ta-li-lu-ni they have reduced(?) the (amount of) gold ABL 1378 r. 5 (NA).
- 4. qullulu to discredit -a) with a person as object: $1\frac{1}{2}$ gín. TA $si-i[b-t\acute{a}m]$ ana 1 ma-na-im la ašammeuka u ašappa: ramma ú-qá-lu-lu-kà (by god!) I will not oblige you by reducing the standard interest of one and a half shekels per mina (of silver), but I will inform (them) and they will discredit you BIN 6 74:38, see Kienast ATHE p. 35, cf. kaspam [8] ēbilam la ašapparamma ikkārim la ú-qá-lu-lu-kà CCT 4 32a:19, also nišapparma ina kārim nu- $q\acute{a}$ - $l\acute{a}$ -al- $s\acute{u}$ BIN 6 187:12, ina $k\bar{a}$ rim nuqá-lá-al-kà TCL 14 41:23; adi hamšišu an= nakam ramaššu ana gá-lu-li-im izziz BIN 6 58:23, $\check{s}umi\ abija\ [l\acute{a}]\ \acute{u}-q\acute{a}-l\acute{a}-al$ ibid. 91:8, cf. $\delta um\delta u t\hat{u}-q[\acute{a}-li-li]$ ibid. 199:5, etemme $[b\bar{\imath}t \ ab]ini \ lu \ \acute{u}-q\acute{a}-li-il_5-ma$ ibid. 59:9, miššu ša amtum tallikuma ú-qá-lilu- δu why is it that the second-rank wife departed and they have discredited him? KTS 13b:10 (all OA); note in II/3: kaspam 1 gín lalgēma latbēma lattallak ú lu-ug-tali-li I will take every single shekel of silver and leave, even if he keeps ridiculing me ICK 1 183:7 (OA); ušarrirši am= magrâtim qú-ul-lu-li-im taršiātim (see magrītu usage b) VAS 10 214 vii 9 (OB Agušaja); errēšum ú-qá-al-li-la-an-ni-ma ana maḥar rabiānim u šībūt ālim allik the

tenant farmer treated me with disrespect. so I approached the mayor and the city elders JCS 23 29 No. 1:12, cf. la ú-gá-al-lalu-ni-a-ti CT 52 88 r. 15, cf. also ibid. 179:3: ana şēr annîm epēšim magal qù-ul-lu-la-a-ku in addition to this (odious) deed, I have been greatly maligned YOS 2 40:24; ina *īnim la tu-qá-la-la-ni* (in obscure context) PBS 12/1 22:21; without object: illik ú-qáal-li-il-ma umma YOS 2 50:14, cf. PN ēm illakuma ú-qá-al-la-al CT 4 27d:16 (all OB); RN ana qù-lu-li-šu ana māt Aššur ittadin RN gave back (the door of silver and gold which RN₂ had received from Assyria) to Assyria to put him (RN₂) to shame KB₀ 1 inūma sig-ia // ia-qí-el-li-ni u 3:10; DUGUD / iú-ka-bi-id ahhūja sihrūtu (see kabātu mng. 5) EA 245:39; whichever of the sons brings a lawsuit against the ša ú-ga-al-li-il 'PN ummašunu whoever treats PN, their mother, with disrespect (parallel: mannummê ina libbišunu ša ukabbit 'PN ummašunu whichever of them treats 'PN, their mother, with respect) Syria 18 249:19 (RS leg.); u šarra $enn\hat{a}$ tu-qa-[l]i-[i]l (in broken context) MRS 9 136 RS 16.270:27; ina minê ú-gal-lilki-ma in what way have I shown you (Ištar) disrespect? ZA 5 67:41 (SB prayer of Asn. I); $m\bar{a}$ ša la(text AD) šarri ittalka $m\bar{a}$ ina muḥhi pīja qa-li-la-šu he came without the king's permission, reprimand him on my behalf Iraq 34 22:36 (NA); uncert.: ina qātē PN la nu-qul-li-li u PN ina qātē nīni la iḥalliqanninni CT 22 10:20 (NB let.); in personal names: Mu-qa-lilkabti ADD 311 r. 17, Mu-qal-lil-kabti ADD 618:7, for other refs. see Tallqvist APN 140a sub Muqallil-mītu (all NA).

b) with qaqqadu: šetūssa la teleqqe u qá-qá-sà ana awatim la tu-qá-la-al in view of the circumstances do not hold her in contempt or treat her with disrespect TLB 4 90:11; še'am...idabbub u qa-qa-di ú-qa-al-li-il anniātum damqâ he contests the barley and furthermore he has slighted me, is this proper (behavior)?

*qalālu qalāpu

Sumer 14 38 No. 16 r. 4 (Harmal let.); Bābilim rēdû la ikaššaduni qá-qá-di la tu-qá-la-al the soldiers must not take their complaint to Babylon, you must not discredit me CT 2 29:35; ina ruteššîm qá-qá-ad-ni mādiš uq-ta-li-il she has slighted us greatly by persistently acting inconsiderately TCL 18 135:15, cf. qá-qá-di tu-qá-al-li-(li> OBT Tell Rimah 121:28 (all OB); qa-qa-ad ajāb bēlija PN ú-qa-li-il ARM 2 113:31.

- c) other occs.: $i\check{s}d\bar{i}ja\ tu-[u]q-ta-al-li-li$ you have damaged my status (for context see $i\check{s}du$ mng. 2d) TCL 17 56:16 (OB let.), cf. $awat\ pi[ki]\ ul\ \acute{u}-q\acute{a}-la-al$ I will not scorn your words ibid. 44; see also Lambert BWL 267:9, in lex. section; $ina\ b\bar{i}t\bar{a}ni\ gab[bi\ .\ .\ .]$. . . $\grave{u}\ qal-lu-li$ KAV 1 viii 56 (Ass. Code § 58).
- 5. II/2 (also II/3) to be discredited, ridiculed (passive to mng. 4): šumma amtum ina bīt āgiriša uq-ta-al-la-al if a slave girl is held of little account(?) in the house of the man who hires her Kraus AbB 1 18:21 (coll.); note in II/3: uq-ta-na-la-al ina têrtišu innassah he will be discredited and removed from his office Kraus Texte 57a i 19, see ZA 43 94 i 44.

The occs. of qullulu, used with or without direct object, are to be separated from those of gullulu used with ana, cited gullulu v., to which may be added such further OB and Mari refs. as TIM 2 38:12, VAS 16 15:18, Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets p. 32:12, ARM 10 5:13, 155:12 and 17, etc. See also qullulu v. and discussion sub gullulu.

For LBAT 1552 r. 24 see $\delta aq\bar{a}lu$; for AOB 1 78:43 see $q\hat{a}lu$ A.

Ad mng. 4: Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 134 n. 93.

*qalālu see šuqallulu.

qalāpu v.; 1. to peel, to skin, to peel off, 2. to hatch, 3. II to skin, to peel off, 4. IV to be peeled off; from OA(?), OB on; I iqlup - iqallap, I/2 (perfect) iq-ta-la-pa (ABL 1389:11), II, IV; ef.

muqallipu, qalpu adj., qilpu, qulāptu, quliptu, quliptu in ša qulipti, *qullupu adj., qulpu A and B.

zil = qa-AD la -pu Erimhuš VI 193; [zi-il] [NUN] = [q]a-la-pu A V/3:8; BAR ba -ár} ra = [qa]-la-[pu] Antagal G 114; ba-ár BAR = qa-la-[pu] A I/6:167; [BAR] = $q\acute{a}$ -la-pu MSL 9 129:254 (OB Proto-Aa); [gi bar.r] a.ak = $q\acute{a}$ -[na]-a-am $q\grave{u}$ -[lu]-up OBGT XI 21.

zi-il zil // qa-la-pu BM 62741:18 (comm. to Weidner god list, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

- 1. to peel, to skin, to peel off a) to peel plants: šumma amēlu sēru iššikšu suņuš urbati ta-qal-lap ikkalma inaeš if a snake has bitten a man you peel root of urbatu reed, he eats it and will recover AMT 92,7:7, cf. ta-qal-lap (in broken context) Küchler Beitr. pl. 19 iv 11; GI.MEŠ li-qé-lu-pu-' let them peel the reeds (for making a reed screen) CT 22 217:27 (NB let.); for Šurpu V-VI 60 see mng. 4.
- c) to peel off -1' metal: $hur\bar{a}$ sa la i-qa-al-la-pa $d\bar{u}d\bar{u}$ sina ina turr \hat{e} lu subsut[u] (see $d\bar{u}d\bar{u}$) MDP 4 pl. 18 No. 3:5, see AfO 24 95; $q\bar{a}ru$ sa $hur\bar{a}$ si issu muhhi pass $\bar{s}\bar{u}ri$. . . $\bar{s}a$ ina pan DN iq-ta-la-pa (PN committed a robbery and) peeled the golden $q\bar{a}ru$ ornament off the table which is in front of the $l\bar{s}$ tare (statue) ABL 1389:11 (NA).
- 2' other occs.: bubu'ta ta-qàl-lap you peel the boil off Köcher BAM 35 ii 8 and 10.
- 2. to hatch: iṣṣūru iq-lu-up-ma 3 šēpūšu a bird hatched, and it had three feet AfO 16 pl. 18 r. 12 (astron. diary).

qalbu

qalītu

- 3. II to skin, to peel off a) to skin: tu-[qa]l-lap you skin (geckoes) Küchler Beitr. pl. 19 iv 7; [e\$]egu baltu li-qel-li-pu(var. -ip) $š\bar{e}p\bar{e}ki$ may thorn and bramble flay your feet (addressing the šampatu) UET 6 394:26 (Gilg.), see Iraq 28 110 and Landsberger, RA 62 126; obscure: šumma $\bar{a}littu$ DUB(?).MEŠ-šú uq-tal-la-pa Labat TDP 202:24.
- b) to peel off: $kab\hat{u}$ mali $q\hat{u}$ -lu-p[u] (obscure) UET 5 590:10 (OB), see von Soden, OLZ 1975 5; uncert.: $mi\check{s}urum$ $q\acute{a}$ -lu-pu (see $mi\check{s}uru$) Bab. 6 191 No. 7:13 (OA).
- 4. IV to be peeled off: $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}\bar{\imath}mu$ annû i(for iq)-qal(var.-KAL)-la-pu-ma... murşu ša ina zumrija... $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}\bar{\imath}mi$ annî liq-qa-líp-ma just as this garlic is peeled, so may the sickness that is in my body be peeled off like this garlic (skin) Šurpu V-VI 60 and 70, cf. sum.sar.gin_x(GIM) hé.en.zil: $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}\bar{\imath}mi\ liq$ -qa-líp ibid.52f.; liq-qal-pu $k\bar{\imath}ma\ \check{s}\bar{\imath}mi$ Maqlu V 57, cf. JNES 15 136:79, 140:28 ($lip\check{s}ur\ lit$.), Scheil Sippar No. 8:2, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 466:9, liq-qal-pá $ki\ \check{s}u$ -mi Ugaritica 5 19:7 (courtesy W. van Soldt).

The passage i[q(?)]-lu-up pa-le-e Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 62 I 182, see von Soden, ZA 68 68, is obscure.

For ZA 36 188:18 (= Oppenheim Glass 43:109) see $nap\bar{a}\check{s}u$ A mng. 1 f.

qalbu (AHw. 894a) see qalpu s.

qāli s.; (mng. unkn.); MA.*

If the husband has been abroad and summa ana qāt 5 sanāti uḥḥiranni ina raminišu la ikkalûni lu qa-a-li iṣbassuma innabit lu kî sar[ti] ṣabitma ūtaḥ[ḥira] if he has stayed away longer than five years but was detained not of his own accord, (but) either had fled because q. seized him, or was delayed having been arrested falsely (he may take his wife back) KAV l iv 105 (Ass. Code § 36).

Possibly a foreign word, with its ending not Akkadianized.

qalīpu s.; (a plant); plant list.*

Ú a-na-me-ru : qa-li-pu, Ú MIN : Ú la(-) qa-[x-(x)] Uruanna I 453 f.

qâliš adv.; silently, in silence; SB*; cf. qâlu A.

Assembled were the Igigi, all the Anunnaku šaptāšunu kuttumama qa-[liš] ušbu their lips were closed, they sat there in silence En. el. II 89; when they killed your spouse Apsû iduššu la tallikima qa-liš tušbi you (Tiāmat) did not come to his aid, you sat (there) silently En. el. I 114; minsu šemātama qa-liš tu-u[š-ša-b]u (var. [t]u-uš-[šab]) why do you sit there silently listening? Cagni Erra I 95.

qalītu s.; parched grain; MA, NA, SB(?); pl. qaliātu, qalātu; wr. syll. and še.sa.a; cf. qalû v.

SE.SA.A = qa-la-ti Practical Vocabulary Assur 30; SE.SA.A = qa-li-a-[tu] Ebeling Wagenpferde 37 Ko. 13a.

- a) as feed for horses: ½.TA.ÀM ina upni qa-li-a-te ½.TA.ÀM šea[m tašappakaššunu ekkulu] you pour out for them (the horses) one-half handful each of parched barley and (ordinary) barley and they eat Ebeling Wagenpferde 9 A 7, also ibid. 14, 17, 22 F r. 9, 33 M+N r. 3, cf. (in broken context) qa-li-a-te tu-šar-r[a...] ibid. 33 O r. 4, [qa-l]i-a-te mala su-'-x[...] ibid. 19 E r. 6 (MA).
- b) in rit.: mārtu še.sa.a tazarru the daughter scatters parched grain ZA 45 44:29 (NA rit.), cf. kallu ša qēmi kallu ša še.sa.a one bowl of flour, one bowl of parched grain ibid. 36; 3 pāširāte ša še. PAD še.sa.a (in broken context) BBR No. 68:15, parallel No. 67:10, cf. ibid. 11 and No. 62 r. 17; note še.sa.a.meš No. 66:12, zfd. še.sa.a flour made from parched grain No. 68:16 (all NA).
- c) other occs.: x ANŠE ŠE.SA.A ADD 960 i 17, ii 13, iii 8, 14, iv 8, 961:3, 12, r. 12; uncert.: qūlu ina bīt amēli ibašši // ṣīt qa-la-ti ina bīt amēli uṣṣi (possibly a play on qūlu and qâlu) CT 39 35:47 (SB Alu).

qālītu A qallatu A

For $(z_{1D}.)$ SE.SA.A see laptu B discussion. In Iraq 20 196 No. 45 r. 8 read possibly $ina \, £ x-la-a-te$. For ZA 36 192:16 (= Oppenheim Glass § 6:60) see $qal\hat{u}$ adj.

qālītu A s.; pan for roasting (grain); NA*; ef. qalû v.

[u] dun. še. sa. a = kan-nu, ma-aq-lu-[u] (var. $\lceil qa \rceil - li - i - tum$), qa-lu-u (var. $\lceil ma-aq \rceil - lu - tum$), la-ap-tum Hh. X 367 ff.

1(?) qa-li-te URUDU (in list of copper objects) Iraq 32 152:6; PAP 11 DUG qa-li-te total: eleven (plants in?) a clay pan used for roasting (parallel: DUG qabūtu, see qabūtu A usage c) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 iv 25, v 4 (pharm. inv.).

qālītu B s.; woman who parches grain; OB; pl. qāliātu; cf. qalû v.

x sìla še ana idī qa-li-a-tim min ša qá-a-tim x silas of barley as wages for the women who parch grain, ditto(?) (for those who parch?) qajātu grain Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 135 r. 8.

qallalu adj.; 1. small, little, 2. of inferior quality; NA, NB; cf. qalālu.

1. small, little: mešēnu kî iddinu alla šēpēja x gal-la-la the shoes he gave me are too small for my feet GCCI 2 397:9; 2 maššānū gal.meš 2 maššānū gal-la-lutwo large -s, two small -s Evetts Ner. 28:21; 11 KUŠ.TAB.BA.ME qal-lalu-tu ana 2 gín hummušu kaspi eleven small -s for two and one-fifth shekels of silver (parallel 22 KUŠ.TAB.BA.MEŠ GAL.MEŠ, 37 KUŠ.TAB.BA.MEŠ tardinnė) TCL 13 224:5 (all NB); [1-et DUG nam]-[zi]tu KAL- tu 1-et QAL-su (for qallassu < qal)laltu, or qalissu < qaliltu, see Deller, Or. NS 33 95) Iraq 14 69:16, see van Driel Cult of Aššur 200, cf. [...] raqqutu QALsu [one] thin, small [...] ADD 1036 iv 19, see Postgate Taxation 331; 1 GÚ ina QALsi ša šarri one talent according to the small royal (talent) Iraq 27 16 No. 21; UD. 21.KAM ina É.DINGIR SAL qa-al-lal-a-te damqāte ibašši ātamar on the 21st I indeed

saw beautiful little girls (or: little girls of good family) in the temple ABL 494 r. 2 (all NA).

2. of inferior quality -a) said of silver (NB): [½ MA.NA] [KÙ.BABBAR] qal-la-la ša gin[ni] one-half mina of silver of inferior quality, with ginnu mark Nbk. 12:1, cf. 1 gín 2-ta qātāti kù.babbar qal-la- $\langle qal \rangle -la$ Moldenke 14:16; kaspa 'a 7 GÍN ša matû ultu kaspi qal-lal-la-ma kî nid: dašši kaspu ana 7 gín peşû bēlu lušēbilan: since we paid the missing seven shekels of silver from the inferior quality silver, (our) lord should send us up to seven shekels of white silver YOS 3 68:27; ana muhhi kaspi ša abūa išpuru kaspu qaal-la-al ša ana suluppī innaddin as for the silver about which my father has written, the silver is of (too) poor a quality to be given for the dates CT 22 182:6.

b) other occ.: É LÚ.GAL.A.BA É qa-lál ANŠE.NITÁ ina libbišu la errab (parallel: É PN₂... SIG₅) K.978:9 (NA let., courtesy S. Parpola).

Except for the NA refs. wr. QAL-su/si, cited in mng. 1, qallalu is used as pl. to qallu, cf. arraku, etc.

qallatu A s.; slave girl; OB, EA(?), Nuzi, NB; pl. qallātu; wr. syll. (with det. Lú or sal) and sal.GAL (BBSt. No. 33 ii 13f.); cf. qalālu.

- a) in OB: ana qá-al-la-tim án[nītim] (in broken context) ABIM 26 r. 9, cf. ana qá-al-la-tim annītim ibid. r. 13.
- b) in EA: qal-la-ti (or kallati, in broken context) EA 1:49 (let. of Amenophis III).
- c) in Nuzi: monthly wheat rations ana Lú.MEŠ a-ši-a-re-e u ana qal-la-DU HSS 14 186:9, cf. beer rations ana qal-la-ti (beside ana esrēti) ibid. 135:3; SAL qal-la-ti ilteqe u ana 11 arḥē ina bītišu īsiršu he took my slave girl and confined her for eleven months in his house AASOR 16 No. 10:11.

qallatu A *qallilu

d) in NB -1' in letters: SAL qal-la-ti ša ina bīt PN ša ina panīja paq-da-tu [alta]par dulla ša attalî ibaššû ina muhhišu inneppus I am sending (you) the slave girl from PN's house who has been handed over to me, let the ritual for the eclipse be performed through her ABL 263:6, cf. anāku ištêt gal-lat babbanītu ana PN ašap: paru CT 22 202:34; dullu . . . ša ina qal-la u qal-la-ta nippuš dullu ša akanna danna BIN140:11; they say SAL qal-lat-su akanna ibašši amur bāba ša SAL qal-la-ti-šú uba'a u tè-me-a ana muhhi tašemme'a "his slave girl is here," I will search for his slave girl's record(?) and you (pl.) will hear my report on it YOS 3 117:19 and 21; la immar[ka] adi ahuka illaka PN ūmussu qal-la-ti a4 lu-ba-'-eš (you said) "He must not lag behind," until your brother comes I will daily look for (?) the aforesaid slave girl (note amatka line 4) at PN's UET 4 176:10; LÚ qal-lat-ta-a šīti kî ta-hal-liq when my slave girl ran away 183:5; ana bēlet gal-la-ti-iá ul attūkâ (the slave girl) belongs to the owner of my slave girl (i.e., to me), (she is) not yours ibid. 224:15.

2' in leg. and econ.: sale of 'PN SAL gal-lat-su PN, mārušu rabû PN, mārušu tar: dinni u 'PN4 mārassu ša šizib naphar 4 amē: lūtu AnOr 8 19:12, cf. PN LÚ qal-lat-su maškanu . . . i-di-e amēluttu jānu PSBA 9 179 No. 138:2, also Nbn. 803:6, Dar. 575:5, see amīlūtu mng. 2c-1'; sale of 'PN SAL qallat-su . . . pūt sēhî pāqirāni amat-šarrūtu u mār-banūtu ša ina muhhi 'PN illa PN, naši his slave girl PN, PN₂ (the seller) guarantees that he will satisfy anyone who claims or brings suit that PN has the status of a royal slave girl or of a freeborn woman Nbn. 829:3, cf. (with arad-šarrūtu) Camb. 334:3; SAL qal-lat-a šî she is my slave girl (I bought her for one mina of silver) Coll. de Clercq 2 126 C:6; PN LÚ.SAL gal-lat-su ša rittašu ana šumi ša PN, šatrata VAS 5 118:2, cf. (referred to as GEME line 21) ibid. 95:5; kî anāku kakkabti u arrātu ina

muhhi ritti ša 'PN SAL qal-lat ša PN, . . . la $\bar{a}muru$ (see $arr\bar{a}tu$) YOS 6 224:21; LÚ qallat halqat u mītata ina pani PN PN (who gave her as pledge) is responsible if the slave girl runs away or dies VAS 6 34:13; elat u'ilti . . . maḥrītu ša 'PN gal-lat bīti ša PN₂ maškanu sabtatu in addition to an earlier promissory note for which 'PN, PN₂'s domestic slave girl, was given as a pledge PSBA 9 288:6, cf. elat 2-ta u'ilēti maḥrâtu . . . ša PN GÉME gal-lat-su maš: kanu şa-ab-tum Nbn. 602:8; PN SAL qallat-su maškanu Nbn. 479:6, cf. Nbn. 390:6; pledge of 'PN qal-lat-su pūşa'ītu his slave 'PN, a laundress Nbn. 340:4; note: 'PN LÚ qal-lat-su- $\ll š\acute{u}\gg$ -nu YOS 6 124:6; PN has given as dowry 'PN, LÚ qal-lat-su u PN, mārušu ša 'PN₂ the slave girl 'PN₂ and PN₃, the son of 'PN2 TCL 13 200:3, cf. AnOr 8 18:4, Nbk. 198:3, CT 49 193:6; PN qal-lat-su u mārēšu (sold) AnOr 8 11:3, also (wr. with det. sal) VAS 5 35:3, (with det. Lú) Camb. 334:3, VAS 5 56:4; 'PN SAL qal-lat 'PN₂ (sold) VAS 5 114:11, sale of 'PN gal-lat-su SAL šībtu 'PN, his slave, an old woman Nbn. 388:3; PN LÚ gal-lat-su ša PN, (receiving barley) Nbn. 1006:2, cf. Nbn. 1008:2, and passim in NB and LB; note: PN's son hired by 'PN2 SAL qal-lat ša PN₃ Cyr. 278:6, also (recipient of rent) Dar. 163:6; note the writing SAL.GAL 'PN ahlamītu . . . SAL.GAL 'PN₂ [. . .] the slave girl PN, an Aramean woman, the slave girl 'PN₂ [...] (beside GURUŠ) BBSt. No. 33 ii 13 f.

See lamūtānu discussion section. Since syllabic writings of amtu in NB are rare, and in VAS 5 95 the woman called qallatu in line 5 is called GÉME in line 21, it is possible that the NB refs. wr. GÉME cited amtu usage a-13' are to be read qallatu.

qallatu B s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

sa = [q]a-al-la-tu (var. qal-la-tu) Izi E 338 (catch line); [sa-a] [sa] = qal-la-tum A IV/2:18.

qallilu (fem. qallissu) adj.; unimportant, small; NA; ef. qalālu.

qallissu qallu

abutû qal-li-su šî is this an unimportant matter? ABL 1308:4; 'PN qa-li-su bilāni bring the small(?) 'PN here (I want to dedicate her to the palace) ABL 12 r. 11, see Parpola LAS No. 151; see also qallalu mng. 1.

Possibly Aramaic loanword, see W. von Soden, Or. NS 37 263, 46 192.

qallissu see *qallilu.

qalliš adv.; 1. frivolously, 2. slightly, easily; SB; cf. qalālu.

- 1. frivolously: mu.dingir.ra.ni sal.la bí.in.pà.d[a.a.gin_x(GIM)]: kīma ša nīš ilišu qal-liš [izkuru] like one who swore frivolously by his god JNES 33 289:12, also ibid. 278:87 (inc.); ša imhû bēlšu imšû nīš ilišu kabti qal-liš izkur one who... and has forgotten his lord, has frivolously sworn a solemn oath by his god Lambert BWL 38:22 (Ludlul II); ša nīš šumi[ka] rabâ qa-liš izkurūma PRT 105 r. 4; nīška kabtu qa-liš [a]zzakar JNES 33 274:24 (inc.).
- 2. slightly, easily: BI.RI GU₄ išāta qalliš tukallam you expose the spleen(?) of an ox to the fire slightly Köcher BAM 237 iv 25; [...k]i(?)-nim ul inušša ina m[i-he-e(?)...ki]t-ti qal-liš innassaha [išdāšu(?)] the [roots(?) of] a loyal (person?) will not sway (even) in a storm, (while) [the roots] of a disloyal [...] will be easily uprooted RA 68 150:14; note ummān nakri qa-al-li-iš imaqqut the army of the enemy will fall, with regard to its light troops(?) (cf. qallu adj. mng. 1b) Labat Suse 6 ii 12.

qallu (qālu, fem. qallatu) adj.; 1. light, 2. of low standing, of little value, 3. small, few, young; from OB on; wr. syll. and GIŠGAL; cf. qalālu.

hu-ul μ ul = qal-lum, $gall\hat{u}$ Diri II 136f., [hu-ul] = qa-al-lu S^a Voc. AA 34; = al-lu S^a Voc. AA 34; = al-lu S^a Voc. AA 34; = al-lu Sacuration Sacu

lú.numdun.pi.el.lá = ša ša-ba-šu $q\acute{a}$ -al-la ibid. 341; g[iš].m[á].sig = qal-la-tum Hh. IV 273, cf. giš.má.sig.ga = si-iq-tum (var. giš.má. sig $^{\text{ma-zi-ik}}$ = KAL-la-tum) Hh. IV 347.

qa-al-lu = MIN (= [si-i]b-rum) Explicit Malku I 235; lu- $\bar{a}tu$ = qa-la-tu LTBA 2 2:184.

- 1. light a) objects: 1 TÚG.UD.BA qa-la-tum ARM 7 253:1; 1 GIŠ.GIGIR qal[la]-tum one light chariot (beside rabītu)
 PBS 2/2 81:3, also 63:3 (MB), GIŠ.GIGIR qaal-la JEN 494:7 and 12 (Nuzi); makurra qalla-tam ridâmma 2R 60 No. 1 iii 8, see TuL
 p. 14; for boats see also Hh. IV 273 and
 347, in lex. section.
- b) troops: KA-mu (= rigmu) qal-la-ti (var. -tum) KÚR.[M]U idâk clash (of arms), my enemy will kill my light troops CT 20 43:37, var. from CT 30 28 K.8032:9; GÎR qal-la-tum [...] CT 30 4 K.3689+:10 (ext.), GÎR ki-ir-ri (= girri) qa-al-la-ti Labat Suse 6 ii 11; ištu qal-la-ti adi kabitti la ušta: gappašu will not (the enemy forces), from light troops to the main body, swell in number? IM 67692:168 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), cf. ibid. 45.
- c) couriers: [tuppum š]û ša hamātim [LÚ.TUR(.MEŠ)]-ka qa-al-lu-tum $lilq\hat{u}$ = *šuma* this is an urgent letter, let your speediest couriers take it ARM 1 105:9, cf. tuppam ša hamātim . . . 2 LÚ.TUR-ka qa-al(text al-qa)-lu-tum warkišu lišak: šidušu have two of your speedy couriers make the urgent tablet reach him ARM 1 45:13, see Finet, BiOr 10 87, cf. also tuppātim šināti ana GN [ĻÚ] qa-al-lu-tum liblušunūti ARM 1 93:11 and 14, cf. ibid. 84:18, tuppātim . . . šušteramma LÚ.TUR.MEŠ-ka qa-[a]llu-tim [$\delta \bar{u}$]bil ARM 4 31:13; 2 LÚ.TUR-kaqa-al-lu-tim tuppātika lilqûma mušītam libbi GN lirhisunim let two of your couriers take your letters and let them move through GN by night ARM 1 97:16; 2 LÚ. меў qa-al-lu-tim ana şēr ahika šupra[m= ma] send two couriers to your brother ARM 1 39 r. 17', also ARM 2 10 r. 4'; ERÍN qa-al-la-tum lillikma . . . lišhitma ARM 2 22:13, cf. şābam qa-al-la-[tam] ana birātim šūrib ARM 1 60:16.

qallu qallu

d) other occs.: šumma awīlum ina mê qa-al-lu-ut-ti ittanallak lu dīna lu murşa qa-al-la immar if a man (in his dream) walks repeatedly in "light" water, he will experience either an easy lawsuit or a light illness (followed by mê kabtūti . . . lu dīna lu murşa kabta) MDP 14 p. 50 r. i 25 f. (MB dream omens), cf. šumma ina mê qallu-ti ittanallak (followed by mê ek-lu-ti) Dream-book 330 r. ii 39: lu immerī . . . u lu kabsī qa-al-lu-tim . . . šite'īma search everywhere either for adult sheep or for young kabsu sheep YOS 13 109:13 (OB); uncert.: A.ŠÀ.MEŠ PN \hat{u} A.ŠÀ.MEŠ PN, \hat{u} A.ŠÀ.MEŠ qá-al-lu ša PN₃ (possibly a "Flurname") MRS 6 112 RS 15.126:5.

2. of low standing, of little value -a) person of low standing: see Diri, Sa Voc., OB Lu, LTBA, in lex. section; qal-lu-tum ikab[bitu] the lowly will become honored Leichty Izbu XXI 21; [qa]l-lu- \acute{u} (var. qal-le-e) lišmûma ina rama[niš]unu l[im]ūtu dannu lišmēma liššur emūgīšu (see našāru mng. 3b) Cagni Erra I 67, restored from unpub. join (courtesy W. G. Lambert); aššūt ha-ṭa-a-tum aššūt gal-la-a-tú on account of sinful women, on account of women Lambert Love Lyrics 104 ii 19; obscure: [...] i-šá-rat qal-lat mārat A[nim] (Lamaštu) the daughter of Anu is (or: has) LKU 33:6 (Lamaštu I).

b) of little value or importance: $m\bar{a}m\bar{\imath}t$ kabitti u qal-la-ti oath by an important or an insignificant thing Šurpu III 13, cf. ana kabitti u qal-la-ti lu itma JNES 15 136:95.

3. small, few, young (mostly contrasted with dannu (NA) or rabû) — a) small (objects, artifacts, buildings, etc.): ariāt erî dannāte qa-al-la-a-te large and small bronze shields TCL 3 392, also (šu.si.meš) ibid. 359; x šukurrī erî dannūti qa-al-lu-te ibid. 393, (with patrū) ibid. 394, (with kiūru A) ibid. 395, (with kappu) ibid. 383, x udê erê dan=nū<ti>ti> qa-lu-ti (var. qa-al-lu-ti) ibid. 364, var. from Winckler Sar. pl. 45 K.1671+:6, cf.

 $1 \ d\bar{u}du \ URUDU \ dannu \dots 1 \ MIN \ qa-lu(text)$ -ku) ADD 964 r. 9; (statues of) nēšē GIŠGAL. MEŠ-te . . . itti nēšē dannūte ABL 452:14; 5 saplu GIŠGAL.ME five small dishes ADD 964:7, also (kappu, beside dannūte) Postgate Palace Archive 155 ii 15, 19 (all NA); 3 gizillû $dan[n\bar{u}te]$ 5 MIN qal-lu-t[e] Köcher BAM 304:27; X MA.NA ina libbi 1 MA.NA qa-alli x minas (of silver measured) by the small mina Tell Halaf 67:4, cf. Iraq 25 pl. 23 BT. 115:2, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. 65; 1 (BÁN) 7 SÌLA NINDA.MEŠ GIŠGAL.MEŠ KAL.MEŠ akli 1 sìla-a-a x silas of small and large loaves of bread, in loaves of one sila each ADD 1077 i 29, vii 18, cf. x sìla NINDA.MEŠ GIŠGAL.MEŠ 2-te ša ½ SÌLAa-a (correct akalu usage b-4) ibid. i 31, see Postgate Royal Grants No. 54; 1 ANŠE NINDA. MEŠ GIŠGAL.MEŠ ADD 1023:13, also ibid. 8f., 11, and r. 3; bītu dan-ni... bītu qàl-lu ADD 756 (= ABL 457):2; $b\bar{a}b$ sukki dannu . . . $b\bar{a}b$ sukki qàl-li the gate of the main sanctuary, the gate of the small sanctuary ADD 1014:2; bīt abusāte . . . u tamlia qàlla ša ēnaļuma . . . ēpuš I rebuilt the abūsu room and the small terrace which had fallen into disrepair (cf. tamlia rabâ line 4) AKA 144 v 2 (Asn.); 1 riksi idī abnē hurāsi GIŠGAL.MEŠ niphī hurāşi qàl-lu ina birīt (see niphu B usage b) Iraq 32 156 No. 25:11f., cf. [... ZA(?)].GÌN GIŠGAL.MEŠ ADD 937 r. 12; alpē ša māte annīti GIŠGAL. MEŠ adanniš the oxen of this land are very small ABL 241:10 (NA); mušahhinu qal-la ina Ekur jānu . . . mušahhinu gal-la bēlē lušēbilunu there is no small kettle in the Ekur, let my lords send us a small kettle YOS 3 191:30 and 32 (NB let.); 1-et-tum eršu qal-lat ša musukkannu Dar. 530:3; É qal-la Dar. 163:2; gušūrū rabûtu qal-lu-ú-tu VAS 6 279:1, cf. $gu\check{s}\bar{u}r\bar{u}$ GAL- \acute{u} u gal-la ibid. 7; hutāri qal-la . . . ša itti hutāri rabî BIN 1 19:7; qēme hirigalû qal-la u rabû fine and coarse hirigalû flour VAS 6 114:1; 3-ta simm[iltu] rabītu u qal-la-tum . . . ina pan 'PN VAS 4 152:13; x gur of barley karû $rab\hat{u} \dots x$ GUR KI.MIN qal-la YOS 6 12:7; suluppū ša 6 gur 3 bán. àm ina sūti qalqallu qallu A

la-tum CT 22 192:9, also 7; [KI].LAM qal-la u rabû itti nišē bīti ša PN . . . la teppuš you must not transact (any) business, small or large, with the people belonging to the household of PN GCCI 1 307:10; the district aḥullā qal-la ša qereb GN Small-Region-on-the-Other-Bank which is within Borsippa Nbn. 356:7, cf. VAS 6 94:6, wr. aḥ-la-' qa-la (see aḥullā usage a-3') TCL 13 218:3 (all NB).

b) few: $2 l\bar{\imath}m \ \bar{\imath}abum \ qa-al$ (for context see $ad\hat{u}$ C) ARM 6 7:12.

c) young (person, animal): anāku kî qa-al-la-ku-ni rībāne la āmur did I not see earthquakes when I was young? ABL 355 r. 16, see Parpola LAS No. 35; mārē māt $A \S ur [L U] [q a] l - lu L U dan [nu]$ (treaty made with) the citizens of Assyria, young and old ABL 1239+:9 (treaty), see Parpola, OLZ 1979 31; aşşabat pû ša qàl-li u danni I (the kettledrum) silenced everyone (lit. young and old) (with my loud noise) KAR 71 r. 15 (egalkurra rit.); LÚ.TUR.MEŠ qallu-te ABL 563 r. 4; ina muhhi itinnī... ana LÚ GAL.MEŠ GIŠGAL.MEŠ dini with regard to the builders (about whom my lord wrote): Supply (both) experienced and young ones ABL 253 + K.1179:5, see RA 60 61, cf. itinnū . . . u mārēšunu gišgal.meš lú talmīdā[ni šunu] the builders (do the work), but their sons (i.e., the members of the profession), the young ones, are apprentices only ibid. 13; ERÍN.MEŠ dam: qūte iktala Lú.Tur.meš qa-lu-te issija ussēşi he held the good troops back (and) sent out young boys with me ABL 312 r. 8; in personal names: Nabû-dūr-qa-li (also -qa-la, -qa-a-lu) Nabû-Is-the-Strongholdof-the-Lowly (?) ADD 208 r. 13, App. 1 ii 38, PE 8 140:3 (NB), also *Ištar-dūr-ga-li* (also -qa-a-li) ADD 619:8, 632:6; uncert.: GN gabbišu É dmaš.Gišgal qa-li-šú-nu adi KAL-šú-nu all of GN, the temple of Ninurta-the-Lesser, their young and old (cf. d[MA]Š(?).GAL line 48) Woolley Carchemish 2 136:20, coll. Postgate Taxation 360 (all NA); ÁB.GUD.HI.A . . . qal-lat u GAL-ti AnOr 8 10:2, cf. x ÁB.GUD.HI.A GAL-tum u qal-latum YOS 7 29:1; x şēnu qal-la-ti u GAL-ti GCCI 1 302:2, also, wr. qal-lat PBS 2/1 227:6, şēn... rabīti u qal-lat ibid. 118:7, 146:14, and passim in NB.

In NA the antonyms dannu: qallu replace the antonyms $rab\hat{u}$: sihru "large: small," "old: young," etc. More rarely in NB qallu replaces sihru in opposition to $rab\hat{u}$.

qallu A s.; slave; SB, NA, NB, LB; wr. syll. and (in NA) Lú.GIŠGAL; cf. qalālu.

a) in NA: as regards the herbs about which the king, my lord, wrote me LÚ. GIŠGAL.MEŠ ammûte niḥarrup nišaqqi haramēma mār šarri lissi we will give (the potion) to those slaves to drink first, (and) only later should the crown prince drink it ABL 3:11; šulmu ana ekurrāte... [šulmu] ana LÚ.GIŠGAL.MEŠ-te [ša] GN all is well with the temples, all is well with the servants of Dūr-Šarrukīn ABL 232:7; lu=nammiša lillika... ina muḥhi LÚ qal-li-šú-nu lil-li-ku-ú-ni Iraq 17 130 No. 13:26.

b) in NB – 1' in gen.: ina $q\bar{a}t\bar{e}$ PN LÚ gal-la ša PN, ana ahija ultēbila I sent (grain) to my brother by PN, a slave of PN2's YOS 3 134:12; ištēn lú qal-la ša PN ittišu ana Uruk iltapar ABL 266 r. 2, cf. r. 11; ištēn Lú gal-la bēlu lišpuramma may the lord send me one slave CT 22 96:16; LÚ qal-la ša $b\bar{e}lija$ $l\bar{u}murma$. . . lušpur(u)when I see a slave of my lord's, I will send word ibid. 138:16; PN declared PN₂ LÚ gal-la-a šû PN2 is my slave Dar. 53:6; ištēn lú gal-la-a u ištēn lú.sipa-ú-a la ihliqu (I swear) that my only slave and my only shepherd have fled YOS 3 187:14, ef. $b\bar{\imath}t\hat{a}$ u LÚ qa-al-la-a $j\bar{a}nu$ ABL 852 r. 4; šākin tēmi akanna LÚ qal-la ša PN nap: $p\bar{a}hi$ işşabat... qal-la-šú ina $b\bar{\imath}t$ $k\bar{\imath}lu$ here the governor has seized the slave belonging to PN, the smith, his slave is in prison (now) YOS 3 165:29 and 32; iron fetters ša PN LÚ gal-la ša PN, nadû in qallu A qallu A

which PN, PN2's slave, was bound ZA 4 144 No. 17:3; the dates that the lord promised adi muhhi enna ana Lú qal-la belu ul iddin the lord has so far not given to the slave (i.e., the writer) CT 22 54:8, cf. suluppi ana Lú qal-la bēlu liddin ibid. 14, cf. also ana PN bēli[ja] qal-la-ka PN₂ (address) TCL 9 123:2; u' $il\bar{e}ti$ δa PN PN₂ . . . PN₃ LÚ gal-la ša PN, bēlu lušēbila let the lord send the promissory notes concerning PN, PN₂, and PN3, the slave of PN4 YOS 3 36:27; PN LÚ $qal - \langle la \rangle$ ša PN₂ TCL 13 173:1; mu =șiptišu u udêšu u LÚ qal-la u mimma ša mala ina GN ana kaspi iddinuma his mu: siptu garment, his tools, the slave, and everything which he sold in GN CT 22 230:22.

sold, pledged, rented, etc.: 10 LÚ qal-la PN u PN, ana Ebabbar ittadin ten slaves (along with certain objects) PN and PN₂ gave to Ebabbar Nbn. 960:4; PN ina hūd libbišu PN₂ LÚ qal-la-šú ana 1 ma.na kaspi . . . ana PN, iddin Nbn. 801:3, also VAS 5 30:3 and passim, note (in sales contract) PN LÚ qal-la-šú rabû BRM 1 72:2; PN qal-la-a ana x kaspi ana PN2 addin I sold my slave PN for 35 shekels of silver to PN₂ (declaration before judges) Nbn. 13:4; $PN...PN_2$ LÚ qal-la-šú ana $1\frac{1}{3}$ MA.NA kaspi \dots iddin PN sold PN₂, his slave, for eighty shekels of silver VAS 5 149:3, also (price 120 shekels) ibid. 85:2, (52 shekels) Nbn. 126:3, (forty shekels) Nbn. 892:3, (55 shekels) Nbn. 336:4, (35 shekels) Ner. 23:3, (sixty shekels) YOS 7 114:1, (110 shekels) Cyr. 332:12, (250 shekels) Dar. 212:4; PN and PN2 his wife PN3 LÚ qalla-šú-nu ana balāţ napšātišunu ana Ištar iddinu presented their slave PN3 to Ištar (as votive offering) for their lives YOS 7 17:6; PN qal-la-šú maškanu his slave PN is pledged Moldenke 2 65:7, also, wr. LÚ qal-la- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ Nbn. 468:6, VAS 4 155:6, and passim, PN u PN₂ LÚ qal-la-šú-nu maškanu Nbn. 817:15, also 461:8, note: PN LÚ qal-la-šú ... maškanūtu ... iškun Bagh. Mitt. 5 225 No. 17 i 40; 6 ITI.MEŠ PN LÚ qal-la ša PN₂ našparti ša PN, illak for six months PN,

a slave of PN₂'s, will serve as PN₃'s agent VAS 5 14:2; PN mandatti ša 6 ITI.MEŠ ša LÚ qal-li-šú etir PN is paid compensation for six months for his slave ibid. 14, cf. dullu ša LÚ qal-la BRM 1 90:12; pūt PN LÚ qal-la... PN₂ u PN₃ ana la halāqa našû PN₂ and PN₃ bear the responsibility for the slave PN's not running away AnOr 8 73:1, cf. ibid. 13:21, and passim; note a slave owning another slave: PN LÚ qal-la šá PN₂... PN₃ LÚ qal-la-šú... ana PN₄ [iddin] PBS 2/1 113:1f.

3' owning property and doing business: PN ina hūd libbišu 2-[t]a qāt[āti] ina PN₂ LÚ gal-la-šú LÚ Mişiraja ana PN, LÚ galla-šú širku ša DN ana mārūtu iddin PN of his own accord gave in adoption a twothirds share of his Egyptian slave PN2 to PN₃, his (other) slave, an oblate of the Lady of Uruk YOS 62:4f., see San Nicolò-Petschow Babylonische Rechtsurkunden No. 5; bītu ša PN LÚ qal-la ša PN2 PN2's slave (rented) PN's house BRM 178:1, cf. ina bīt PN LÚ qal-la ša PN₂ BIN 1 166:16; $b\bar{\imath}t$ $k\bar{a}ri$ u $b\bar{\imath}t$ $q\bar{a}tu$ ša ^fPN ana ūmu 3 sìla ninda.hi.a ana PN, LÚ gal-la ša PN, [ta]ddin 'PN has rented out the small house in the harbor area and the $b\bar{i}t q\bar{a}ti$ belonging to her for three silas of bread per day to PN2, a slave of PN₃'s VAS 5 145:5; (a bronze implement sold) ana PN qal-la PN₂ TuM 2-3 21:5; (a ša ... ina pani PN LÚ gal-la ša PN₂ maškanu iškunu which they put up as security with PN, the slave of PN2 Cyr. 337:6; 1 GÍN kaspu ša PN LÚ gal-la ša PN, ina muhhi PN3 LÚ qal-la ša PN4 one shekel of silver belonging to PN, PN2's slave, is charged against PN₃, PN₄'s slave Nbn. 769:2 and 4, cf. Nbn. 605:2, Camb. 218:3, and passim in similar contexts, also (x dates) imitti ša PN ina pan PN₂ qal-la ša PN₃ VAS 6 60:3, also 7, and passim; x silver ša nadānu u mahāru ša PN ina muhhi PN, LÚ gal-la ša for commercial transactions, belonging to PN, borrowed by PN₂, PN₃'s slave VAS 4 203:4, also (with the slave as lender) BRM 1 67:2, Dar. 147:3 (borrowed by two slaves ana

qallu B qalpu

harrāni for overland business) Nbn. 572:6 f., also Nbn. 601:3; PN . . . PN₂ LÚ qal-la-šú ana la= mādu nuḥatimmūtu . . . ana PN3 iddin (see nuhatimmūtu) BOR 1 88b:3, cf. BOR 2 119:3; see also BOR 1 88a:2, cited išparūtu mng. 2b; (sale of a brewer's prebend) ēpišānūtu ina pan PN LÚ gal-la ša PN2 BRM 1 82:4; (orchard rented) and PN LÚ gal-[la] ša PN, ana zāgipānūtu VAS 5 24:3; 'PN...PN₂ LÚ *qal-la-šú* LÚ.「MU] *akî* x *kaspi* ana maškanūtu . . . taškun VAS 5 9:3; PN PN, LÚ gal-la LÚ.AŠGAB ana idīšu . . . ana PN₃ LÚ qal-la ša PN₄ . . . taddin 'PN rented out her slave PN2, a leatherworker, to PN3, a slave of PN₄'s Dar. 457:2 and 4; wool for a garment for Aja ana PN u PN₂ LÚ qalli-šú nadna given to PN and his slave PN, Nbn. 751:5; as witness: TuM 2-3 127:11, AnOr 8 44:22f., etc.; in obscure context: PN PN₂ u PN₃ ana PN₄ LÚ qal-li-šú-nu kīam igbû umma alk[amma] šarra ittini pilah PN, PN₂, and PN₃ said thus to their slave PN₄: Come, serve the king with us RA 25 80 No. 8:3 and 9:3.

4' marked with a sign of ownership: PN LÚ qal-la-šú ša ritti šumēlišu ana šumi ša PN, aššatišu šatratu his slave PN, whose left hand is inscribed with the name of his (i.e., the owner's) wife PN, VAS 5 93:3, dupl. PSBA 6 102:3, cf. YOS 7 130:3, Dar. 492:2, Nbn. 666:3; note PN LÚ qal-la-šú ša rittu imititišu ana šumu ša PN, šatratu u rit[tu šumēli]šu ana šumu ša PN, bēlišu šatratu VAS 5 116:2.

- c) in LB: PN šumšu LÚ qal-la-a LÚ Par-sa-a-a ana KUR Uraštu... altapar I sent a Persian, a slave of mine called PN, against Armenia VAB 3 35 § 29:53, also ibid. 31 § 25:44, cf. 55 § 50:86 (Dar.), for collations see von Voigtlander Bisitun ad locc.
- d) in SB: exceptionally in lit.: ušā: hizki kalba salma qal-la-ki I have married your servant, the black dog, to you (Lamaštu) 4R 56 i 14, dupl. PBS 1/2 113 i 6.

qallu B s.; forest; EA; foreign word(?).

qa-al-lu = qi-iš-tum CT 18 4 r. i 19.

huršānu gapšu līpušu apu qīlta lišāpīšu hupūta qal₄-la kiṣṣari may the massive mountain produce(?) a reed-thicket, a forest, may it cause a copse, a forest of entanglement, to appear VAS 12 193 r. 18, cf. [huršān]u gapšu līpuš apu qīlta hupūta qal₄-la kiṣṣari i-ta-wu-lu-ú ibid. r. 5 (šar tamhāri).

qallû (or gallû) s.; vulva; SB*; Sum. lw.

The one who stands in the street, may they chase (her?) away gal₄.la.bi ur. re an.da.ab.lá (for an.da.pil.lá?): qal-la-šú kalbu uštaqallil # nakru ittaši a dog defiled(?), variant: the enemy took away, her(?) vulva (parallel: saphūssu barbaru uštaqallil) SBH p. 122 No. 70:7f. and dupls. 4R 28* No. 4 r. 63, (Sum. only) CT 15 12 r. 9.

The Akk. version is probably based on a confusion of qalālu (Sum. pil.lá) and šugallulu (Sum. lá).

(Sjöberg, Or. NS 39 93.)

qallulu see qullulu.

qallupu see *qullupu adj.

qalluttu s.; service; RS*; cf. qalālu.

aššum LÚ GN ša ina qal-[lu]-ut-ti-ka i[llik] u anumma ištēn amīla ina [lib]bi amīlī ša ašrānu itti[ka] wašib leqe ina qal-lu-ut-ti-[ka] concerning the man from GN who entered your service, see here, take into your service (instead) a man residing among the men there with you Ugaritica 5 49:5 and 8.

qalmu adj.; small; syn. list.*

qallu, qa-al-mu = [si-i]h-rum Explicit Malku I 235 f.

qalpu (fem. qaliptu) adj.; peeled, scaled, threadbare, napless; MB, SB, NA, NB; wr. syll. and BAR; cf. qalāpu.

[gi]. $^{\text{ba-ar}}$ bar, [gi]. bar.ra, gi. bar.ra. ak.a, gi. bar. $^{\text{zi-il}}$ zil = qal-pu, gi. bar.zil = qa-nu-u ku-nin-na-u Hh. VIII 248 ff.; gi u. ma.nu. ak.a = qal(var. qal)-pu, gi u. ma.nu. u. ak.a

qalpu qaltu

= δa ina qa-a-te min Hh. III 162 f., see MSL 9 161; [gu.PA/Šu.kud.da] = qal(?)-pu-tum, [gu.nu.PA/Šu.kud.da] = [la(?)] min Hh. XIX 316 f.; túg.PA.kud.da, túg.Šu.kud.da = qal-pu ibid. 190 f.; [gir].x.bar.ra KU_6 = qal-p[u], [gir.Šu.lu]h.ha KU_6 = me-su-u Hh. XVIII 66 f.; Šà.bar.ra [KU_6] = [qal-pu], bar.ra [KU_6] = [MIN] ibid. 133 f.

gi bar.ra: qanû qal-pu (addressing a reed) STT 198:11f.

qa-at-nu = MIN (= şubātu) qal-pu An VII 156.

- a) peeled (reed): see Hh. VIII, STT 198, in lex. section; one talent qanû qal-pu-tu BE 8 154:11 (NB list of ritual appurtenances); GI.MEŠ...BAR.MEŠ RAcc. 152:424.
- b) peeled (tree or plant): see Hh. III, in lex. section; GIŠ.HI.A ša ina šapli kūri tašarrapu sarbatu kabbarta qa-li-ip-tu the wood that you burn in the lower part of the kiln (should be) thick, peeled poplar Oppenheim Glass 32 Introduction A 10 and B 17; libbi argāni qal-pí the core of a peeled argānu conifer AMT 1,2:14 (= Köcher BAM 494 i 39).
- c) scaled (fish): see Hh. XVIII 66 and 133f., in lex. section.
- threadbare, napless: see Hh. XIX 190f. and An VII 156, in lex. section; I TÚG išhenabe qal-pu PBS 2/2 121:28, cf. 1 TÚG KI.MIN (= išhenabe) qá-al-pu ibid. 124:5; 1 TÚG me-še-(en) tahbāti qal-pu TuM NF 5 37 HS 128:7, see Aro Kleidertexte 12, also BE 14 157:57 (all MB), cf. also nahlaptu qá-lip-tum (or qá-tan-tum), cited qatnu adj. mng. 1b; kusītu ša DN qá-al-pa-at the kusītu garment of the Lady of Larsa is threadbare (send us another kusītu garment) BIN 1 10:10 (NB); ištēn kitû qaal-pu . . . ana mušēzib gātāte . . . ušerraţu one threadbare piece of linen to be made into strips to protect the sides (?) (of DN's bed) CT 2 2:3 (NB), see Oppenheim, JCS 21 250 n. 77; 4 TÚG.[U+S]AG.MEŠ qàl-pu-te four threadbare (?) headdresses (parallel: GIBIL.MEŠ new ones) Postgate Palace Archive 155 v 14 (NA), cf. 5 TÚG ma-ak-lil gàl-pu-te five threadbare (?) maklalu garments ibid. 152:3, cf. also VAT 8659, cited ibid. p. 165 ad No. 152:3.

qalpu s.; (a tool); NB*; pl. qalpētu.

imēru şallam 5-ú ša marri u qa-al-pu ana šumēlu šedda (see marru s. usage c-l') Nbk. 13:2 (coll. E. Sollberger); PAP 11 AN.BAR marrī . . . ina libbi 5 marrī lu marrātu qal-pi-tum ša PN ana Ebabbar iddin a total of eleven iron spades, including five spades or q.-spades which PN gave to Ebabbar 82-7-14,925:14.

Evidently a bladed digging instrument, hence a variety of marru "spade," but with a distinctive shape.

qalqallu s.; (a grill or grate); OB(?).

20 $q\acute{a}$ -al- $q\acute{a}$ - $\langle la(?) \rangle$ -tu YOS 13 130:1.

In urudu.gizzal(GIŠ.KU.PI.ŠIR.SÌL) = MIN (= pi-it-qu) ša URUDU.GAL.GAL.L[A] Meissner BAW 2 58:48 (= Nabnitu E 209), the reading of the Sumerogram is unknown.

qalqālu s.; (mng. uncert.); MB, SB.*

ZÍD.KUM BAPPIR sibê ZÍD.X.[X] zēr papparhî lipī kalīt alpi // immeri Köcher BAM 302:2, repeated (omitting ZÍD.X.[X] and adding ZÍD.GAL.GAL after zēr papparhî) ibid. 7 (= r. 2), adding in small script the notation šá qa-al-qa-lu upper edge; 366 šim qal-qal-lum N2266:1, cf. 212 šim Ki.Min ibid. 4, EN 5 qal-qal-lum Lá ibid. between lines 3 and 4, total 578 šim qá-al-qal-lum ša Giš.BA.AN 7 sìla ibid. r. 1 (MB, courtesy J. A. Brinkman).

The scribal note in Köcher BAM 302 may refer to the spelling out of the log. (ZfD). x.[x] and is not a translation gloss to ZfD.GAL.GAL.

For refs. wr. zíd.gal.gal.la see samī: du B.

qaltu see qaštu.

qalû qalû

qalû (fem. qalītu) adj.; 1. roasted, parched, 2. refined (said of silver), 3. burned; MB, SB, NB, LB; wr. syll. and BIL, BÍL; cf. qalû v.

še.al.sa.sa = [qa-lu]-u Nabnitu XXIII 96; [še qa]-lu-u = qu-li- $t\acute{u}$ Practical Vocabulary Assur 20.

izi.ta(?) [(x)]: qa-le-e[x] izi T[A(?)] (a person) with a burn mark(?) (is unfit to serve as priest) BiOr 30 165 i 39 f.

1. roasted, parched -a) plants and seeds -1' in med.: $kas\hat{u}$ qa-lu-te $tas\hat{a}k$ you crush roasted kasû AMT 38,4 ii 12, wr. qa-lu-ti Köcher BAM 32:7, BÍL.MEŠ ibid. 240:41 and 50, AMT 75,1 iii 31, BIL-ti AMT 4,2:5 (= Köcher BAM 494 ii 61), CT 23 36:62, and passim in med.; sahlê kasû qa-lu-te AMT 44,1 ii 6, 98,2:8; sahlê BIL-te kasû qa-lu-ti-ma roasted cress (seeds), similarly, roasted kasû Köcher BAM 3 i 28 f.; saḥlê qa-lu-te AMT 78,9:2, cf. AMT 22,2 r. 12, Köcher BAM 3 i 40, AMT 25,4:5, but sahlê qa-la-a-ti baltāti AMT 15,6:10, cf. 31,2 r. 6, wr. BfL-te AMT 83,1 r. 20, BIL-ti AMT 100,3 r. 10, BIL-tim Köcher BAM 3 iii 21 and 26, BÍL.MEŠ ibid. 240:44, and passim; note ŠE.SA.A (= qalītu) used as log. for the pl. of qalû adj.: sahlê še.sa.a (= qalâti) la napâti roasted, unsifted cress AMT 82,2 ii 9, dupl. Köcher BAM 138 ii 12, see also laptu B discussion; GÚ.GAL qa-la-a-te roasted chick peas Oefele Keilschriftmedicin pl. 2 K.9684 r. ii 8 (= Köcher BAM 431 vi 8), also Köcher BAM 237 iii 21, cf. kakkâ qa-la-a STT 96:13, note $kakk\hat{a}$ qa-lu-a ibid. 11; NAGA.SI qa-la-ti AMT 43,1 i 16, also 7,7:4; kasû GIŠ.GÚR.GÚR BÍL ZAG.HI-la tasâk Köcher BAM 240:65.

2' as food: 100 še abšī qa-lu-te 100 še šu'ī qa-lu-te one hundred (baskets of) parched abšu grain, one hundred (baskets of) roasted šu'u seeds (for the royal banquet) Iraq 14 35:128f.; DIRI ša nuhurtu qa-li-tú DIRI ša sahlê BIL-tú DIRI ša kasî qa-lu-tú DIRI ša kamūnu qa-lu-u ina mê kasî tasallaq you cook in kasû juice of roasted nuhurtu, of roasted cress seeds, of roasted kasû, of roasted cumin GCCI 2 394:1ff., see Or. NS 18 171.

- b) other occs.: [s]āndi qa-li-tu aḥē tamarraq you grind separately (tersītu preparations, būṣu glass, and) calcinated coral Oppenheim Glass 37 § 6:60; [...] šā kasli šā immeri eṣemtu qa-l[i-tu] šā kasli immeri taḥāššalma [...] you crush [the ...] of a sheep's kaslu, a roasted bone of the sheep's kaslu ibid. 55 § U 5; obscure: ½ Sìla (aklu) Salašar qa-li-[e] BE 15 21:12 (MB).
- 2. refined (said of silver): 3 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR $akkad\hat{u}$ x KÙ.BABBAR qa-lu- \acute{u} ša PN ina muhhi PN2 qa-lu-ú ultu UD.1.KAM ša MN irabbi u kaspu akkadû ultu ud.1.kam $\langle \delta a \rangle$ MN₂ . . . irabbi three minas of Akkadian silver (and) 21½ shekels of refined silver belonging to PN are owed by PN₂, the refined (silver) bears interest from the first of the twelfth month, and the Akkadian silver bears interest from the first of the first month (text dated the fourth of the twelfth month) Nbk. 38:2; KÙ. BABBAR qa-lu-ú ša PN ina muhhi PN₂ RA 25 55 No. 1:1 (Nbk.), BE 10 2:1, and passim in NB; kaspu 'a x ma.na qa-lu-ú PN ana PN, inandin VAS 4 195:4 (Dar.); 5 MA.NA kaspu qa-lu-ú 5 ma.na ša ina 1 gín 2 girê five minas of refined silver, five minas which have $\frac{1}{12}$ of a shekel (of alloy) VAS 4 18:1, cf. (contrasted with kaspu peşû nuhhutu ša ina 1 GÍN bitqa) ibid. 94:10, also RA 25 64 No. 20:2; X KÙ.BABBAR qa-lu-ú istatirrānu ša Silūku babbanūtu x refined silver, in staters of Seleucus in good condition VAS 15 12:10, cf. CT 49 103:1, 105:1, XKÙ.BABBAR qa-lu-ú istatirri.meš ša Aliksandar BRM 2 4:5, kaspu 'a x gín qa-lú-u istatirri.meš ša Atti'ikusu babbanūtu TCL 13 235:16, and passim in NB and LB; kaspu qa-lu-ú epšu babbanû issatirrānu ša Anti'ikusu CT 49 137:9 and 14; note: x KÙ.BABBAR pesû qalu- \acute{u} x white, refined silver Dar. 84:1, also x kaspu qa-lu-ú babbanû BRM 2 44:25, $kaspu \ qa - \lceil lu - u \rceil \ epšu \ babban \hat{u} \ CT \ 49 \ 193:4$ and 11; akanna 2 PI uttatu u 2 PI suluppū ana 1 GÍN KÙ. BABBAR qa-lu-ú iqabbû they say (that) two PI of barley and two PI

of dates are (sold) here for (just) one shekel of refined silver YOS 3 79:27.

3. burned: ețem qá-li-i ișbassu the ghost of someone burned to death has seized him (preceded by ețemmu ša ina mê imūtu ișbassu) Labat TDP 78:76, cf. qāt ețemmi šaggāši // qa-li-[i] STT 91:72.

qalû v.; 1. to burn (intrans.), 2. to burn, burn down, 3. to make a burnt offering, 4. to roast, 5. to refine, 6. qullû to burn, 7. IV to be burned, roasted (passive to mngs. 2 and 4); OB, Bogh., EA, SB, NA; I iqlu - iqallu - qalu (NA qali) (SB also iqli - iqalli - qali), imp. qulu (quli Maqlu passim), I/2, II, IV; wr. syll. and GIBIL, GIBÍL (ŠÚ+ÁŠ); cf. maqlû, maqlūtu, muqallû, qalītu, qālītu, qalû adj., qālû, qilûtu, qullû.

saqa-lu-u-um Proto-Izi II 355; saqa-lu-u-um Nigga 293; p-i-iNE = qa-[lu-u], sa.a = MIN ŠE.S[A.A], gibíl = qi-lu-t[um] Antagal F 52 ff.; bi-il NE = qá-lu-u´ S b II 12; bi[l], s[a(?)], gibí[l] = [qa]-lu-u Nabnitu XXIII 90 ff.; [x.gibí] = qul-l[u]-u, [x.a]k.a = MIN šá [x] ibid. 100 f.; tam.tam. ma = ubbubum = qá-lu-u´ Studies Landsberger 23:83 (Silbenvokabular A).

(you, Šamaš) ú.šè sal.ú.šè lú.tab gi [... za].e.me.en: kaššāpa u kaššāpta ta-qa-al-lu Labat Suse 2 i 33 f.

qa-mu- \acute{u} = $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ -ra-pu, qa-lu- \acute{u} An IX 15 f.; [... N]E = qa-lu-u RA 17 153 r. iii 11 (astrol. comm.); $^dLi_9(NE)$ - si_4 qa-lu- \acute{u} $i \not s \bar a t u$. . . si $/\!\!/$ qa-lu- \acute{u} , IZI $/\!\!/$ $i \not s \bar a t u$ $s a n \not s$ s a l u n i $s a \not s a l$ - $s i \not s$ b a-n u- \acute{u} $/\!\!/$ RA -lu, SI $/\!\!/$ b a-n u- \acute{u} $/\!\!/$ NE $/\!\!/$ [GA-lu] PBS 10/4 12 iv 8 ff.

- 1. to burn (intrans.): šumma išātu ina nignakki ilī magal i-qal-lu₄ if fire burns fiercely in the gods' censer CT 40 44 K. 3821:2 (SB Alu).
- 2. to burn, burn down a) to burn figurines, objects, persons: ašši dipāru ṣalmānišunu a-qal-lu (var. GIBÍL) I hold the torch, I burn figurines of them (the demons) Maqlu I 135, var. from KAR 80 r. 20, also cited (as catch line) OECT 6 pl. 18 K.4854 r. 13 + pl. 24 K.3341 r. 9; ittû emmetu tasallahšunūti ina gizillî ta-qàl-lu-šu-nu-te you sprinkle them (the figurines) with hot bi-

tumen and set fire to them with a torch LKA 154 r. 17 (inc.), cf. ina išāti t[a]-qallu-šú-nu-ti KAR 80 r. 16; 7 salmāni ša lipî ina muhhi nappati GIBÍL you burn figurines made of tallow over a brazier KAR 90 r. 5, see TuL p. 118; (you make four figurines of the man) and IGI ilišu taqal-lu and burn (them) in front of his (personal) god ibid. r. 7, cf. eninna a-qallu şalmānikunu ina mahar ilūtikunu rabīti JNES 33 280:119, also (of sorceresses) Šamaš ina mahrika a-qal-lu(var. -li)-šúnu-ti KAR 80 r. 34, var. from RA 26 41 r. 11, cf. KAR 80 r. 13, AfO 18 292:27, hīpi eššu (i.e., [ina maḥar]) ilūtika rabīti a-qal-liš tagab= bīma Dream-book 343:15; ina mahar ilūtika rabīti ina kibrīti elleti a-qal-lu(var. -li) -šúnu-ti ašarrapšunūti Maqlu II 70; [salam] țiddi līši lipî iškuri ana maḥar Šamaš GIBÍL he burns figurines of clay, dough, tallow, and wax before Samaš Or. NS 36 32 r. 6; incantation to remove witchcraft ša NU.MEŠ qa-li-i(var. -e) by burning figurines KAR 80 r. 37, var. from dupl. RA 26 41 r. 15; I delivered to Girra figurines of witches, I burn them (ašarrapšināti) in a movable oven Girra qumi . . . Girra qu-li kaššāpa u kaššāpta Girra qu-mi-ši-na-a-ti Girra qu-li-ši-na-a-ti Maglu IV 136 and 138, also II 110 and 112, cf. ibid. 203, also LKA 154 r. 18; note as epithet of the Fire god: ana Girra qāmî qa-li-i kāsî kāšidu ša kaššāpāti (I will deliver you (i.e., figurines of you) witches) to Girra who burns, scorches, binds, (and) overcomes the sorceresses Maglu IV 10, 70, cf. ibid. 94, 115; salmāni . . . [...] ta-qal-li AAA 22 62 r. ii 48; 7 NU.MEŠ A.x.x ša iškuri teppuš ina 121 ta-qal-lu STT 243 r. 4, cf. [...] ta-gal-lu ēma ta-gallu- \acute{u} [...] ibid. obv. 3'.

b) to burn other substances (in rit.): kišpīkunu aq-lu I have burned the (carriers of the) spell you cast Maqlu V 130, cf. enūma ta-qal-lu-u 3-šú tamannūma kukru tuqattaršu when you perform the burning ritual you recite (this incantation) three times and fumigate him with

qalû qalû

kukru Speleers Recueil 312:4; (if a man was frightened by a bad dream) ana tarīti qanî šuttašu lipšur ina išāti li-iq-li ina pīšu inappahma pašir let him tell his dream to a tarītu of reed, burn it in fire. if he blows (on the fire) with his own mouth he will be released Dream-book 343 r. x+19; (various royal insignia and furnishings) ina mahar Šamaš [ina 1]z1 taqal-lu AfO 18 110 B 7 (rit. for substitute king), abra tagâd . . . şubāt kitî ta-gal-[lu] BA 10/1 106 No. 25:4, cf. ibid. 8; $[m]u-\check{s}\acute{a}-di-\check{s}\acute{a}$ ta-qal-lu you burn combings of her hair AMT 3.2:8+46.3 (= Köcher BAM 499) ii 2; mašak $n\bar{e}si$ ta-qal-[lu] AMT 53,1 iv 4, AMT 6.5:2 (= Köcher BAM 494 iii 2), 37,10:4; [... ina] IZI GIŠ.Ú.GÍR [t]a-qal-lu(rit. accompanying qilûtu, q.v.) LKA 20:28; nahlaptam KUŠ.HI.A u misarrī li-iq-lu-ú (see miserru mng. 1a) ARM 1 75:19, cf. ibid. 39.

c) to burn alive: if a nadītu opens a tavern or enters a tavern to (drink) beer awīltam šuāti i-gal-lu-ú-ši they will burn that woman to death CH § 110:44; if after his father dies a man lies with his mother $kilall\bar{\imath}\check{s}unu$ i-qal-lu- $\acute{u}(var. omits -\acute{u})$ - $\check{s}u$ nu-ti they burn both of them to death CH § 157:23, cf. i[sabba]tušima i-qa-lu-ši(see enu mng. 2b-1') CT 6 2 case 14 (OB liver model); LÚ māhis qaqqadišunu išātam a-qa-al-lu I will burn their accusers with fire Symb. Koschaker 113:24 (Mari); (if a man displays symptoms of a mental disorder) he will not recover ina išāti gibíl-šú you burn him with fire STT 89:186 (med.); šumma ina nāri ud di gi īkul i-gal-lu-šú if (in a dream) he eats a fresh reed shoot (?) in a river, they will burn him book 330:54, cf. ibid. 55; šarru amīlē ana gali-e è-ma amīlū šunu ša ina la annišunu zakru KAR.MEŠ the king will deliver (some) men for burning, but those men who have been accused (of a crime) without being guilty will be spared ACh Sin 1:17; lu ețemmu ša ina išāti qa-lu-u be it the ghost of someone who was burned to death TuL p. 145:27; (Neriglissar) dūršu

ekallašu u nišēšu ina išātu ig-ta-li burned his (the enemy king's) wall, his palace, and his people Wiseman Chron. 74:19, cf. māhāza rabâ ša GN akšud baltūssunu ina išāti aq-lu Weidner Tn. 3 No. 1 iii 44; note replacing the usual šarāpu: his eldest son or eldest daughter issi 2 ANŠE riqqē tābūte ana $B\bar{e}latu$ - $s\bar{e}ri / i$ -qa-[li] ADD 310 r. 10, see UF 4 144 n. 88, also beside šarāpu, wr. GIBÍL ADD 436 r. 7, etc., GIBÍL-u VAT 8241:17, see Deller, Or. NS 34 383; Ki-ingu-u ka-ma-an- $\langle ni(?) \rangle$ qa-la-an-ni UET 7 145 r. vi 8; uncert.: ana libbi išāti ana nasāki uba'ûka u qá-lu they want to throw you into the fire and they have lit it EA 162:31 (let. from Egypt).

- d) to burn down a city, etc.: ilum ikkal DN mātam i-qá-lu (var. i-qá-al-lu) a pestilence will occur, Ningizzida will scorch the land YOS 10 48 r. 2, var. from ibid. 49:1 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb); ālam šāti uqur qú-lu ARM 1 39 r. 7'; māḥāzū Akkadî gabbi . . . [ina išāt]i(?) iq-lu he burned down all the holy cities of Babylonia MVAG 21 82 r. 3 (Kedorlaomer text), cf. Weidner Tn. 4 No. 1 iv 17.
- e) to destroy a stela by fire: ša... ana mê inandû ina išāti i-gal-lu-ú whoever casts (this kudurru) into water (or) destroys it by fire BE 1/2 149 ii 12 (Mardukahhē-erība), also UET 1 165 ii 16, Hinke Kudurru v 1 (Nbk. I), BBSt. No. 9 v 3 (Nabû-mukīn-apli), No. 10 ii 37 (Šamaš-šum-ukīn), wr. i-qa-allu- \acute{u} No. 7 ii 11, wr. i-qa-lu- \acute{u} No. 8 (p. 48) Legend 2:4 (both Marduk-nādin-ahhē), GIBÍL- \acute{u} VAS 1 37 v 29 (Erība-Marduk); in royal insers.: ša . . . narīja . . . ina eperi ušaktamu ina išāti i-qa-lu-ú ana mê inaddû AOB 1 64 No. 2:41 (Adn. I), cf. AKA 166 r. 16 (Asn.), wr. $i-q \partial l - lu - u$ AKA 106 viii 66 (Tigl. I), wr. GIBÍL Borger Esarh. 99 r. 55, cf. narâ... ina eperi la takattam ina mê la tanaddi . . . ina išāti la GIBÍL Unger Bel-harran-beli-ussur 25.
- 3. to make a burnt offering: maqluāte qu-lu-a make the burnt offerings Tell

qalû qalû

Halaf 5:11; magalūtu ag-tu-lu ABL 361 r. 7; unīgāti i-ga-lu-[u] they burn she-kids CT 15 44:15 (= Pallis Akîtu pl. 5), cf. LÚ šakin māti issu libbi ekalli aššassu ussēsia unīga taq-tu-lu the governor made his wife leave the palace (and) she made a burnt sacrifice of a she-kid ABL 473:5, cf. unīqē iqtu-[lu] van Driel Cult of Aššur 128:17 and 19; šumma rubû šû sukannīna ana maqlūte i-qa-lu šumma muškēnu šû libbi immeri iga-lu if he is a prince, he burns a wild dove as a burnt offering, if he is a poor man he burns the heart of a sheep BBR No. 60 r. 30 f. (all NA), cf. unīqu . . . assuķ libbaša maharki aq-lu Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 57:30, cf., wr. BIL-lu ibid. 20 and 62:87; alpa šāsu tapallagma . . . libbašu ina erēni burāši mashati ina pan lilissi ta-qal-la RAcc. 14 ii 18.

- 4. to roast a) in med.: $kas\hat{u} k\bar{v}ma$ $qal\bar{\imath}ti ta-qal-lu$ you roast $kas\hat{\imath}u$ as (one does) parched barley AMT 36,1+K.7221:7 (= Köcher BAM 503 iii 7), ZfD.SE.BAR *la-za*bi-tú ina nemsēte ta-gàl-lu AMT 11,2:39; šammē annūti [ina] tamgussi ta-qal-lu šammē šâšunu ma-la-a qa-lu-u telegqi you roast these plants in a small bowl, you take whatever of those plants are roasted CT 23 45:21, (various seeds) ta-qal-luAMT 11,2:40, cf. 41,1 iv 26, 90,1 (= Köcher BAM 449) r. iii 9, Köcher BAM 237 iv 24, 7 Ú.HI.A . . . ina išāti ta-qal-lu AMT 19,6:11; haşab nurmî ta-qal-lu AMT 74 ii 16, cf. qaqqad işşūri ta-qal-lu ibid. 17 and 22, dupl. Köcher BAM 124 ii 42 f. and 49, idra ša ţābti ta-qallu AMT 1,2:9 (= Köcher BAM 494 i 34).
- b) in rit.: ettūta ša igāri zumbi himēti ... zuqaqīpu ta-qal-lu you roast a spider from a wall, a ghee-fly, (and) a scorpion (mix it with bat's blood and sprinkle the door with it) Or. NS 40 137:2, cf. (snakeskin, bark from trees) ibid. 6, (kursibti eqli insect) ibid. 9 (namburbi).
- 5. to refine: kaspu anniu ... ša irbi šū la qa-li la masi this silver comes from the income receipts, it has not been refined or cleaned ABL 1194 r. 9 (NA).

- **6.** $qull\hat{u}$ (same mngs. as mng. 2): MU RN $eb\bar{u}r$ $m\bar{a}t$ RN₂ \acute{u} -qa-al-lu- \acute{u} year when RN burned the harvest of RN2's land Studia Mariana 52 No. 7, cf. MU RN GN isbatu u $eb\bar{u}r\bar{\imath}[\check{s}u]$ \acute{u} -qa-lu- \acute{u} ARM 7 1:8; $\check{s}umma$ inarihşišu išātu mimma ú-qal-li if during his (Adad's) storm, fire burns up something (in the field) CT 39 4:32, cf. šumma išātu ištu šamė imqutma mimma [ú-qal-li] CT 40 46 r. 50 (both SB Alu), also cited as eqlu . . . Adad irhiş . . . lu išāti mimma ú-qaal-li ABL 74 r. 5, see Parpola LAS No. 38, cf. also (against the evil portended by the fact that in the temple) $zunnu u abn\bar{e}$ birqu iš[ātu] il ālija u [lu ila ma]mmama u'-qal-lu-[u'] BMS 21:18, see Ebeling Handerhebung 100; gu-da-šu erša ša sallu tu-qaal-la-ma you burn his and the bed he lies on (and the sick man will recover) Labat Suse 11 iv 14; šītāt ālānišunu ina išāti lu- \acute{u} (var. omits - \acute{u})-qe-li AOB 1 118 iii 7 (Shalm. I); ša... libittašu inassahu dalassu \dot{u} -qa(var. -qà)-al-lu whoever tears down its (the wall's) brickwork or burns its door MDP 41 32 A:9, var. from 32 E:9, see Or. NS 36 422:2 (MB Elam).
- 7. IV to be burned, roasted (passive to mngs. 2 and 4) a) to be burned: $b\bar{\imath}ssu\ u\ \check{su}$ [$i\check{s}\bar{\imath}tam$] li-iq-qa-li may he and his household be burned by fire ARM 3 73:15; if a man divorces his wife $ihnuq\check{s}i$ iq-qal-li and strangles her, he will be burnt (to death) CT 39 46:45 (SB Alu), cf. (in broken context) [...].MEŠ- $ma\ iq$ -qal-lu- \acute{u} (apod.) Hunger Uruk 80:34 (ext.), [...] BI iq-qal-lu K.9227:12 (omens, courtesy E. Leichty).
- b) to be roasted: kīma zēr mashati annî ina išāti iq-qa[l-lu-u] just as this mashatu seed is being roasted (and which the farmer will not sow in the field) Šurpu V 130, cf. ibid. 141.

For AfO Beih. 6 (Tell Halaf) 67:4 see qallu adj. The ref. MIN (= [salmān]ija īpušuma) ina tinūr siparri ik/q-lu-ú MIN ina sīt Šamši [ik/q-lu]-ú MIN ina ereb Šamši ik/q-lu-u AfO 18 292:36 f. probably contains the verb kalû.

qālu qālu A

qālu $(q\bar{e}lu)$ adj.; solid(?); lex.*

ku-ur LAGAB = qa-a-lu Ea I 25b.

e-pi-iq = su-u-pi // qa-a-lu, up-pu- $q\acute{a}$ = su-up-p[u] Izbu Comm. V 271c-d; $q\acute{e}$ -e-el = su-up-pu Izbu Comm. 281, also [...] = $[q\acute{e}(?)]$ -e-el ibid. V 281.

qālu see qallu adj.

qālû s.; pan for roasting grain; lex.*; cf. qalû v.

níg.sa.sa = qa-lu-u Hh. X 386; [urudu.níg].sa.sa = maqlu, qa-l[u-u] Hh. XI 425f.; [u]dun.še.sa.a = kan-nu, ma-aq-lu-[u] (var. qa-li-i-tum), qa-lu-u (var. ma-aq-lu-u), la-ap-tum Hh. X 367 ff

qâlu A v.; 1. to become silent, to stay quiet, to be unmindful of, 2. to heed, to pay attention, to listen, 3. qitajulu to keep silent constantly, 4. $suq\bar{u}lu$ to make heed, to draw someone's attention to a matter; from OB on; I $iq\bar{u}l - iq\hat{a}l$ (NA iqual), pl. $iqullu - q\bar{a}l$, imp. $q\bar{u}l$ (note qa-la En. el. V 110), I/3 (iqtanajal), III; wr. syll. and ME.ME (Lambert BWL 112:10); cf. qajalu adj., $q\hat{a}li\hat{s}$, qitajulu, $q\bar{u}ltu$, $q\bar{u}lu$.

lib, me, me.me, me.gá.gá, me.gar, níg. me.gar = qa-a-lum Nabnitu A 168-173; me-e ME = qu-lu, qa-a-lu S^b II 134f.; [me] = qu-lum, qa-lum Izi E 5f.; [me]. [gar] = qa-a-lum ibid. 36.

gi-iz-za-al giš.Ni = ha-si-su, ni-iš-mu-ú, qu-ú-lu, qa-a-lu, ú-te-qu-u, pu-uq-qú Diri III 65 ff., [mi-sa-al] giš.Ni = pu-uq-qum, ne-eš-mu-um, qá-a-lu, ha-si-su, ú-te-qù-ú-um Proto-Diri 135 ff.; sa-al Ni = ša giš.Ni qa-a-lu Ea II 16, parallel A II/1 Comm. r. 11; giz-zal(text -nu) $\sin t$ -tenû. $\sin t$ = pu-u[q-qu], $\tan t$ -[lu] A VIII/4:97 f.

si = δi - $i\delta$ - δu , si.dug₄.ga = δu -har-ru-ru, sìg. sìg = qa-a-[lu], [. . .] = qu-u-l[u] Antagal III 275 ff.; tuM si qa-lu-uMMSL 14 117 No. 5:12 (Proto-Aa); li.ib.gur (var. [li]b.A.kúr) = qa(var. ga)-a-lu, li.ib.gur.gur (var. [li]b.A.kúr.kúr) = δu -har-ru-ru Erimhuš Bogh. A iii 9 f.

dutu níg. šu.íl.la.mu hé.im. ši.lá: Šamaš ana nīš qātija qu-lam-ma Šamaš, heed my prayer 4R 17:53f., see OECT 6 p. 47; igi èn. šè ì.gi te mu.un.ni.íb.lá: adi mati tušharrar mīnam taqa-al-la how long will you be silent, why do you remain quiet? SBH p. 152 No. 34:9f.

AN-bu-u, šu-har(text -uh)-ru-ru, ú-te-qu-u = qa-a-lum Malku IV 95 ff.; ú-te-gu-u = qa-a-lum Malku

VIII 136, \acute{u} -te- $q\acute{u}$ - \acute{u} = qa-[a-lu] ibid. 160; mur-ru- \acute{u} = qa-lu[m] § \acute{a} a-w[a-ti] Malku IV 124.

 \dot{u} -te-eq-qu- \dot{u} : q[a-a-t]u Lambert BWL 86 comm. to line 265 (Theodicy Comm.); qa-a-lu = sa-ka-t \dot{u} (comm. on Leichty Izbu IV 43, see mng. 1a) Izbu Comm. 141; du x [x x x] x du : aq-tal : si-kir : a-mat (comm. on [aq-...]-bu seqar at[mika]) Lambert BWL 72 comm. to line 46 (Theodicy Comm.).

1. to become silent, to stay quiet, to be unmindful of $-\mathbf{a}$) in gen.: [inna]dirušharrir i-qu-ul-ma (var. i-qul-ma) (the hunter) became afraid, benumbed, (and) quiet Gilg. I ii 47, cf. ina bītišu li-qu-ul lištahrir KAR 177 r. ii 37, see also SBH, in lex. section; šumma sinništu ulidma i-qá-al if a woman gives birth and (the child) is silent (i.e., does not utter its first cry) (opposite ištanassi) Leichty Izbu IV 43, for comm. see lex. section; [ki]kiluskut kīkî lu-qul-[ma] how can I remain silent, how can I keep quiet? Gilg. X v 20, also ii 11, iii 29; $lib[k\hat{a}ka]$ aj i-qu(text-TUR)la mūša u urra let them bewail you, nor fall silent night or day Gilg. VIII i 8; adi illakam qú-li mimma awatum ša marşat ina pīki ana mamman la uşşi until he comes keep silent, no word of complaint(?) should be addressed by you to anyone OBT Tell Rimah 131:20; [šumm]a la uda [lu] qa-a-a-la if he (the scholar) does not know he should keep silent ABL 1132 r. 17, see Parpola LAS No. 65; tamhāruš iduššu i-qu-[lu x]-ziq-qu in the battle at his (Ninurta's) side the were silent(?) CT 46 38:34 and dupls. (SB Epic of Zu), see Hruška Anzu p. 150, cf. [...] li- $q\dot{u}$ -lu HUR.SAG.MU (in broken context) RA 46 92:55, also ibid. 79 (OB Epic of Zu), cf. also i-qu-lu-ma ul i-[...] Lambert BWL 48:19 (Ludlul III); Irra i-qa-al-ma ramanu[š ...] rēšāšu (in difficult context) Cagni Erra IIc 9; i-qá-al el-ta(?) RA 15 175 i 18 (OB Agušaja).

b) with the implication of doing nothing -1' in OB: we need wood and beams but $q\acute{a}$ -lum-ma ta- $q\acute{a}$ -al YOS 2 20:8 (coll.).

2' in EA – a' in absolute use: anumma [kī] ama ašbāti u qa-la-ti ina [libbi āli]ja

qâlu A qâlu A

la ile'e aşâ thus now I stay (here) doing nothing in my town, I cannot even leave EA 81:20; $[an]a m[\bar{i}ni] a \& b \bar{a} ta [u] qa-la-ta$ u jilqû [ālānik]a LÚ.GAZ.MEŠ kalbū why do you sit (there) and keep your peace while the hapiru, the dogs, take away your cities? EA 91:4, cf. EA 83:15, šumma kīama qa-la-ta adi tilqūna GN if you in the same manner do nothing they soon will take GN EA 104:31, cf. EA 132:47, also 77:30; ana mīnim qa-la-ta u la tiqbu ana šarri why did you keep silent and not speak to the king? EA 71:11, also 73:7 (all letters of Rib-Addi); anumma kījam qa-la-ta adimi jilmadu šarru bēlija awatu annītu so you thus kept silent until the king, my lord, learned of this matter (otherwise) 251:8; now the land of the king and GN have sided with the hapiru u qa-la-ta and you have not done anything EA 76:37, cf. EA 104:26 and 109:23, cf. also u qa-al EA 84:16 (let. of Rib-Addi), cf. qa-al šarru EA 288:42 (let. of Abdi-Hepa).

b' with ana, ina, ištu: ul ja-qú-ul-mi šarru . . . ana epši kalbi annû the king should not keep silent with regard to the deeds of that dog EA 137:25, also ibid. 94, 132:44, wr. $ia-q\acute{u}-il$ EA 137:77, cf. qa-lata [ana epšiš] unu EA 109:13, but note la ia₈-qú-lu šarru bēlija ina GN the king, my lord, should not ignore Byblos EA 140:5, cf. la ta-qú-ul [ina Gubla] ālika EA 139:5, cf. ibid. 10; what shall I do, alone as I am atta [qa]-la-ta ana ālānika you do nothing with regard to your cities EA 90:24; qa-al šarru bēlija ana ardi[šu] EA 88:12, qa-al ana mātišu EA 84:10; ul ta-qa-al-mi ana ardika EA 74:13, šumma qa-al šarru ana āli gabbi ālāni māt Kinaļni jānu a[n]a šášu EA 137:75; šumma $ta-[q]\dot{u}-\dot{u}-ul$ ana jāši EA 82:34; ammīni ta-qa-al-mi ana mātika EA 74:48 (all letters of Rib-Addi); la i- $q\acute{u}$ -ul šarru ištu $\bar{a}li$ šu[$\bar{a}t$]i EA 149:41 (let. of Abi-milki of Tyre), cf. (with istu) EA 68:14 and 31, 137:59, 138:109; *şabtu kali mātāti šarri* bēlija u qa-al bēlī iš(text tu)-tu-šu-nu EA 126:57; $m\bar{i}n[um]$ qa-al $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$ $i\delta$ - $\langle tu \rangle$ $j\hat{a}\delta ija$

EA 138:138; ammīnimi qa-la-ta iš-tu GN EA 98:3; ul ta-qa-al-mi eštu šipri annî EA 76:45 (all letters of Rib-Addi), la [i]-gu-ul šarru bēlija [iš]tu epši annî EA 196:39.

3' in NA: ajaka šû nakru ša iddibak: kani anāku qa-la-ku-u-ni where is the enemy that attacked (?) you (while) I remained silent? 4R 61 ii 36 (NA oracles for Esarh.); šarru ina muhhi lu la i-qu-al the king should not pass over this in silence (referring to the investigation of a gold theft) ABL 429 r. 13; atā bēlī qa-la why does my lord remain silent (while I beg like a dog)? ABL 382:4, cf. atā qa-la-a-ka ABL 1263 r. 13, also Iraq 17 32 No. 5:6, attunu qa-la-ku-nu ABL 198 r. 14, $at\bar{a}$. . . atta qala-ka KAV 197:15, ef. atta lu qa-la-ka RN Langdon Tammuz pl. 3 r. iii 5 (oracles for Esarh.); bēl pigittāte ga-a-lu izzazzu la illuku the men in charge remain inactive (and) do not go ABL 1201 r. 1, see Postgate Taxation 298; uncert.: šunu iq-ţu-lu (in broken context) ABL 241 r. 2f., see Postgate Taxation 266.

2. to heed, to pay attention, to listen -a) in absolute use -1' to consider: ina panītim aššum ištu GN ana GN2 rum: mīkunu ašpurakkunūšim inanna a-qú-ulma rummūkunu ana GN, īnam ul mahir previously I wrote to you with regard to your transfer from GN to GN2, now I have reconsidered (it) and your transfer to GN₂ is no longer acceptable ARM 1 19:6, cf. inanna a-qú-ul-[m]a ibid. 75:21; mihir tup= pija šūbilamma lu-qú-ul send me an answer to my letter so that I may consider (the matters) JCS 11 109 CUA 30:18, cf. ibid. 13 (OB let.); inanna ša muškēnūtija bēlī liqú-ul my lord should be mindful of the fact that I am poor ARM 10 89:12; Sup= patam išātum ikkalma ù ta-ap-pa-ta-ša i-qú-ul-la if one reed catches fire, then its fellows are on the alert (proverb) ARM 10 150:11.

2' (beside šemû, lamādu) to pay attention: Ea said to Şaltu qú-li uznam šukni

qâlu A qâlu A

uşşiri qibītī šemê siqrīja pay attention, listen (to me), heed my order, hear my words VAS 10 214 vi 17 (OB Agušaja); $q\acute{u}$ lam-mu(var. -ma) ana surru šime qabāja pay attention for a moment, hear my words Lambert BWL 72:26 (Theodicy); qula-ma (var. q[u]-la-a-ma) napharkunuamâtija limda pay attention, all of you, mark my words Cagni Erra V 5, cf. qulam-ma(var. -mu) šimi qabāja ibid. 17, also ša šam \hat{e} gu-la(var. -lu) ša erseti šimā ša nāri qu-la-ni(var. -ma) ša nābali šimā amassu (you) of heaven, pay attention, (you) of earth, listen, (you) of the river, pay attention, (you) of the dry land, listen to his words Maqlu I 63f., cf. [ša] šamê qu-u-[la] ša qaqqari šimâ pija KAR 71 r. 1.

b) to heed a word, a report, a prayer -1' in letters: ana awât sarrūtim la ta-aqa-al you must not pay attention to the words of liars ARM 10 49 r. 10'; PN has made accusations about me to you and ana awâtišu ta-qú-ul you have heeded his words ARM 2 66:8; ana awât PN bēlī ul i-ga-al ibid. 130:3, cf. beli ana awâtija [l] i- $q\acute{u}$ -ul ARM 10 31 r. 9′, 35:9, cf. ARM 6 56:19; ana ţēmim ša t[ēpušu] a-qú-ul-ma tēmum puruss[â] m ul išu I considered the report you made, but the report does not need a decision (from me) ARMT 13 46:7; ana awâtim ša abī išpuram mādiš a-qú-ul u awâtum šina damqa I paid much attention to the matters about which my father wrote to me, and these matters are fine Laessøe Shemshara Tablets p. 61 SH 874:7, cf. ana ţēmim annîm bēlī i-qá-al TIM 2 12:14 (OB let.); ana tēmim annîm mādiš qú-ú-ul Studies Landsberger 193:17 (Shemshara let.), cf. Laessøe Shemshara Tablets p. 37 SH 887:7, ARM 1 67:17, ana tēm tuppija annîm abī li-qúu[l] Voix de l'opposition 182 A 1153:33 (Mari), ana tēm tuppātim . . . mādiš li-qú-ul-ma Syria 19 112:12; ana ţēmiša . . . bēlī mādiš li-qú-ul ARM 10 34 r. 6'; ana ţēmija annîm mādiš qú-ul-ma OBT Tell Rimah 3 r. 13, ana awat tēmim maqti la ta-qú-ul-li ibid. 20:23,

cf. ibid. 17; ana pī sūqim ta-qú-ul-ma you have listened to street gossip VAS 16 9:9 (OB let.).

2' in lit. and omens: summa awilum šû ana awâtija ša ina narīja ašţuru i-qulma if that man heeds my words that I have written on my stela CH xlii 5, cf. ibid. 22 and xli 79; $[i-q]\acute{u}-ul-la$ ištarātašin [siq]= rušša their (men's) goddesses heed her (Ištar's) words VAS 10 214 ii 12 (OB Agušaja), cf. [ana qibītik]i şīrti DINGIR.MEŠ AD(text GAL).MEŠ-ki i-qul-lu-ma 73:17; Marduk is your god now qibīssu qa-la En. el. V 110; qa-bu-šu e ta-qu-ulUgaritica 5 168:6; [an] a epeš pīšu qu-la ana nīš gātēšu izizza (O Gula and Lugalbanda) pay attention to what he (the worshipper) says, be present at his prayer Or. NS 36 128:190; mātu ana gabē šarriša i-gal the country will remain obedient to its king Leichty Izbu VIII 92, cf. (the flock) ana KA $r\bar{e}$ 'îšina i-qu-ul-la CT 20 5 K.3546:21; note (elliptic?): mātu i-qal Leichty Izbu IV 53; ana teslīt šarri ilū i-qul-lu the gods will pay attention to the king's prayer ACh Sin 35:41, cf. (in broken context), wr. [i]qu-ul-lu ACh Supp. 30:43; ana nīš qātija qu-la(var. -lam-ma) (Marduk), pay heed to my prayer BMS 12:48, see Iraq 31 87, also BMS 39:14, see Ebeling Handerhebung 128, Schollmeyer No. 32:8, Köcher BAM 214 ii 12, KAR 92 left edge ii 2, also qu-ul AfO 19 57:62 and 64, ana dīnija qu-li-ma LKA 58:6; [ana d]a= $j\bar{a}n\bar{u}tikunu$ $nis[\bar{u}\ i]-qul-lu$ people pay attention to your (the gods') judicial decision (in providing omens) STT 73:113; ana ikkilli i-qal (if) he listens to rumors Labat TDP 156:11.

c) to give thought to a person, a god—
1' in gen.: panānu ana awīl Ešnunna ul
i-qú-ul previously he did not pay attention to the ruler of Ešnunna ARM 4 78
r. 6', note ana šulum bēltija mādiš a-qa-al
I care very much for the well-being of my
lady ARM 10 115:14; you know that the
men have a heavy load of work u e[k]al=

qâlu A qâlu B

lum mādiš i-gá-al-šu-nu-ši-[im] ul šu-ta-HU-šu-nu-ti therefore the palace cares very much for them, they do not bother them OECT 3 53:13, see Kraus, AbB 4 131; šūt Ea napharkunu qu-la-ni (you stars) of (the path of) Ea, all of you, listen to me STT 73:94; bēlet mātāti ana jáši qú-li KAR 144:17, see ZA 32 172:29; ana $s\bar{i}t$ $p\bar{i}ja$ $utaqq\hat{a}$ qú-la-ni (great gods) heed my words, listen to me CT 34 9 r. 37, see RA 21 132:11; ginâ masdari ištarāniš i-qal he is constantly and unceasingly attentive toward his goddess ZA 61 52:90, cf. (in broken context) [...u] l i-qal ana mamma Cagni Erra IIc 48; [i]-qu-lu ilū ana Marduk (name of a shrine of Babylon) Iraq 36 42:20; obscure: šà.bi i-qu-ul-lu-šú CT 38 24 BM 34092 r. 7 (SB Alu).

- 2' in personal names: $A-q\acute{a}-al-a-na-$ Marduk PBS 7 33:3, cf. VAS 7 155:41, A-gaal-ana-Inšušinak MDP 18 210:25; I-qú-lam-Šamaš VAS 13 104 r. ii 23; Sin-i-qú-lam YOS 2 63:20, Sin-i-qú-la-am TCL 17 21:10, Sin-i-qu-la PBS 1/2 22:23, $\mathring{I}-l\acute{i}-q\acute{u}-lam$ BE 6/2 33:18; Sin-ana-HI.GAR ki-li-qú-ul YOS 2 32:5, Qú-ul-Marduk Boyer Contribution 28:19 (all OB); $A-na^{-d}A-\check{s}ur_4-qa-al-la$ KAH 1 3 r. 43 (Adn. I); A-na-I-ra-qu-ul KAV 106:6 (MA); fI-na-qa-li-ia-dīnī-epši Decide-My-Case-out-of-Care-for-Me 91a:32, cf. (obscure) ^{f}I -na-qá-li-NI-ŞA Aro, WZJ 8 573 HS 115:7 (both MB); dBE-qa-a-lu-ŠE.GA VAS 6 81:7 (NB), cf. d BE-qa-a-luišemme 5R 67 No. 2:52.
- d) other occs.: ana dīnija qu-la-nimma šīmātija šīma take care (pl.) of the case against me, decree a (good) destiny for me Or. NS 36 273:4, cf. AMT 15,3 i 10, Or. NS 34 116 K.3365:3, 4R 60 r. 21; šarru ana dīni la i-qúl (if) the king does not heed justice Lambert BWL 112:1 (Fürstenspiegel), and passim in this text, Wr. ME.ME ibid. 10, cf. šumma šarru ana dīni i-qul KAR 394 ii 21 (SB Alu catalog), also CT 40 9 Sm. 772:16, cf. šarru bēlī ana dīni ša urdišu li-qu-la ABL 1285:12 (NA); dīn Bābilaja išmēma ana qa-li turru if he hears the case of a Bab-

ylonian (only) to quash(?) it Lambert BWL 112:16.

- 3. qitajulu to keep silent constantly: altapil ina ṣābī aq-ta-«GAM»-na-a-a-al I humbled myself among people, I always held my peace PSBA 17 138:6 (SB acrostic hymn); šumma bītu wāšib libbišu iq-ta-na-a-[al-[lu] CT 40 5:31 (SB Alu); šumma ZA (= amēlu) iq-ta-na-ia-al Lú x [...] KUB 37 210:6 (physiogn.); uncert.: magal ikkalma magal išatti iktanalla magal iq-ta-na-al (or to be emended to ittanajal) STT 89:193.
- 4. *šugūlu* to make heed, to draw someone's attention to a matter: amminim ana annītim la tu-úš-qí-la-an-ni why did you not draw my attention to this matter? ARM 1 109:51; now I have sent a message to the king tēmam šâtu šarram šu-qí-ildraw the king's attention to that report ARM 6 55:13, cf. ARM 14 11:21, 29:16, cf. tuppam ana bēlija ušābilam u bēlī šu $qi-il_5$ ARM 10 79:14, cf. ibid. 27, ARMT 13 47:16; note: [...] ina awatim RN úš-qíil [...] ARM 2 24:18, also awatam ana $b\bar{e}lija$ $k\bar{i}am$ $\acute{u}\acute{s}-q\acute{i}-il_5$ ARM 14 17:5, cf. TIM 2 141:17, \acute{u} -ul tu- \acute{u} \acute{s} - $q\acute{t}$ -il-ma ARM 6 56:10, $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$ úš-qa-a-al-ma ARM 2 77 r. 14', man= $num \ \acute{u}\acute{s}$ -qa-al ARM 6 77:9.

Reiner, Studies Landsberger 247ff.

- **qâlu B** $(qi\bar{a}lu)$ v.; **1.** (uncert. mng.), **2.** qullu (uncert. mng.); OA, OB, SB; I iqial qil, II; cf. qilu adj.
- 1. (uncert. mng.): $q\bar{a}bi\ watartim \dots k\bar{\imath}ma$ GI $qi-li-\langle im \rangle i-qi-a-al$ he who speaks an untrue word will like a prone (?) reed Belleten 14 226 r. 7 (OA Irišum).
- 2. qullu (uncert. mng.): (omen of Sargon) ša...[...]-šú u tillātišu ú-qa-i-la ana Agade ušēribu who....-ed his [...] and his auxiliary troops (and) made (them) enter Agade King Chron. 2 37 r. 9; se-er bēlija ú-qa-al-lu ARM 2 25 r. 16' is possibly to be connected with ebūr ze-er bēlija and ze-er māt bēlija Voix de l'opposition 184f. A 1101:8 and 12, although the

**qalûtu qamû A

spelling se-er is unexpected for $z\bar{e}ru$ or $z\bar{a}$ 'iru.

For a proposal to interpret *qiālu as "to fall," qullu "to cause a fall," see von Soden, Baumgartner AV 295 f.

In ArOr 18/3 426 n. 333 VAT 13484:16 read ina GN ki-la a-di [...] ikaššuduni, cf. kalū v. mng. 5.

**qalûtu (AHw. 896a) In RMA (= Thompson Rep.) 89 r. 10 read maqaluāt, pl. of maqlūtu, see Parpola, OLZ 1979 31.

**qamādu (AHw. 896b) in BIN 6 232:6, Ga-am-da-num is a personal name, see naruqqu mng. 2; RB 59 246:49 has been emended to ša im(!)-lu-ú-ni, see dullu mng. 1; in VAB 2 (= EA) 109:49 read dami-iq mu-tu a[najā]ši (courtesy W. L. Moran).

qamāmu (kamāmu) v.; to dress hair; lex.*; cf. qimmatu.

suḥur = qim-ma-a-t[u], suḥur.mi(vars..me, .lá) = qa-ma-mu (var. ka-ma-mu) (followed by $kez\bar{e}ru$) Hh. II 282f.; [suḥur].[me] = qa-ma-[mu] Izi II RS 119; [suḥ]ur.suḥur = δum -mu-tu, qa-ma-a-mu, it-ku-lu, nu-ku-rum Izi D i 6ff.; ku-ud kud e ud ud e ud ud e ud ud e ud

qamhurû s.; terminal bud of the date palm; lex.*

giš.Šà(.ga) gišimmar = lib-bi is-si, giš. Šà(.Šà) di -da- $la}$ gišimmar = MIN, \acute{u} -qu-ru, qa-am-hu-ru- \acute{u} Hh. III 351 ff., see Landsberger Date Palm p. 3.

For refs. wr. GIŠ.ŠA.GIŠIMMAR see $uq\bar{u}ru$.

*qamû (fem. qamītu) adj.; parched; SB; ef. qamû A v.

[...] [i]-maḥ-ḥar-[ka] qan appāri ablu qa-mi-tú giš [...] the dry marsh reed, the parched [...] tree(?) turn to you (Šamaš) K.8051:4, cited Lambert BWL 322 ad line 134.

qamû A v.; 1. to burn (trans.), 2. to consume (enemies) by fire, to annihilate, 3. to burn (said of saltpeter), 4. qummû

to burn, 5. II/2 to be burned, 6. III to cause to burn down; OB, EA, MA, SB, NA; I iqmi - iqammi, also iqmu - iqammu, imp. qimi and qumu (qumi Maqlu passim), II, II/2, III; cf. naqmūtu, qamû adj., qimītu.

 $NI^{za-al-MIN}NI = MIN (= qa-mu-u)$ šá nab-li Antagal III 234.

ù.dúbì.šèg iziì.sù.sù izilúba.an.zal.e (later recension: [i]ziì.šèg iziì.sù.sù izi.bizal.zal.e): [pēntui-za]-an-nuni-šá-tumi-ḥa-ammat nab-[lum]i-qam-mu-u fiery coals rain, fire glows, flame burns Lugale II 42; nam.tar hul. gál kalam.ma izi.gin_x(GIM) ma₅.[ma₅]: ša mātu kīma išātu i-qam-mu-ú evil namtaru demon who devastates the country like fire CT 17 29:1f.; giš.tukul dBIL.GI.gin_x ki.bal.a ma₅.ma₅ (later version: mè.a): kakk[u ša kīma] girri māt nukurti [i-qam-mu-u] the weapon that, like fire, devastates the hostile country Angim III 46 (= 152).

qa-a-du, $qa-mu-\acute{u}= \acute{s}\acute{a}-ra-pu$, $qa-mu-\acute{u}= qa-lu-\acute{u}$ An IX 14 ff.; qa-mu-u, $qa(var.\ q\acute{v})-a-\acute{s}u$, qa-a-du, $q\acute{v}-a-du= \acute{s}\acute{a}-\lceil ra\rceil-\lceil pu\rceil$ LTBA 2 2:147 ff., dupl. ibid. 3 iii 1 ff., var. from CT 18 24 K.4219 ii 5 f.

ku-ú-ú = qu-mu-u šá i-ša-tum, šu-ú-ú = šum-mu-ú An VIII 185 f.; qu(var. qúm)-um-mu-u = a-na za(var. zi)-qí-qí tur-rum(var. -ru) Malku II 281.

1. to burn (trans.) -a) in warfare: (the cities) ina girri aq-mu Rost Tigl. III p. 8:34, 30:175; GN āl šarrūtišu ina girri aq-mu Winckler Sar. pl. 31:47, cf. Lie Sar. 132, p. 64:7, and passim; gimir mātišu ak= šudma šallatiš amnu ālānišu appul aggur ina girri aq-mu all of his country I conquered and counted as booty, his cities I destroyed, devastated, (and) burned down OIP 2 86:11, note ina girri aq-mu-ú AfO 20 88:10, ina girri iq-mu-ú OIP 2 76:101, (followed by nagmūtu, q.v.) ibid. 40 iv 79, and passim in Senn.; 21 ālānišunu dannūti u ālāni şihrūti ša limētišunu alme akšud ašlula šallassun appul aqqur ina girri aqmu Borger Esarh. 51 iii 53, cf. ibid. 99 r. 43, 106 iv 3, and passim, also Streck Asb. 24 ii 131, 46 v 58, 48 v 107, Piepkorn Asb. 50 iii 39, 52 iii 55, 61; qi-mi kibrāti (U[B].MEŠ) Tn.-Epic "ii" 14; naphar ālānišunu ina išāti (IZI.MEŠ) ag-mu all their cities I burned down AKA 46 ii 82 (Tigl. I), cf. bīt şēri kultārī mūša: bīšunu ina girri aq-mu-ma ditalliš ušēmi the tents, their dwelling places, I burned qamû A qamû A

down and turned to ashes OIP 2 27:79, cf. ibid. 58:23 and 68:11 (all Senn.), cf. É EDIN kultārāte mūšabīšunu išātu ušāhizu iqmu-u ina girri Streck Asb. 66 vii 122; gušūrī taşliltiğunu ina girri aq-mu-ma ditalliğ ušēmi I burned down the beams of their roofs and reduced (them) to ashes TCL 3 232, cf. 185, 273; kirâtišunu akkisma qišā: tišunu akšit kullat gupnīšunu upahhirma ina girri aq-mu I cut down their orchards and I felled their forests, I gathered all their fruit trees and burned (them) TCL 3 296, cf. ibid. 227, 267, 276, 303, note ^dGIŠ. BAR-es aq-mu Iraq 16 192 vii 70 (all Sar.); še-im suluppī ša gereb kirâtešunu ebūršunu ša sēri ummānī ušākil appul aggur ina girri aq-mu I gave the barley and the dates from their orchards, the crops from the outlying areas, to my troops to eat, I destroyed, devastated, and burned (the countryside) OIP 2 54:51 (Senn.); my battletroops entered the secret grove, saw what was hidden there iq-mu-u ina girri (and) burned down (the grove) Streck Asb. 54 vi 69.

b) in magic and rit.: kīma šūmu annû iqqallapuma ana išāti innaddû Girru qamu-u i-qam-mu-u . . . murşu ša ina zum: rija . . . bašû kīma šūmi annî liqqalipma ina ūmi annî Girru qa-mu-u liq-mi as this garlic is peeled and thrown into the fire so that the fire consumes it entirely, so may the sickness that is in my body be peeled off like this garlic (skin) and may Girru consume (it) entirely this very day Surpu V-VI 60 and 71 and passim in this tablet of Šurpu, cf. kî ša şalmu ša GAB.LAL ina išāti išarrapuni ša tiddi ina mê imahha: huni [kî h]annê lānkunu ina girri liq-mu-u ina mê lutabbû just as they burn an image (made) of wax in fire and dissolve one of clay in water, just so may they burn your body in fire or drown (it) in water Wiseman Treaties 610; immeru (ša) ina muhhi kinūni inaddû [Gir]ru i-qa-mu-šú Kingu šû kî ina išāti i-qa-mu-šu the sheep that they place upon the brazier (and) that

Girru burns, that is Kingu, as they burn him in fire CT 15 44:9 (cultic comm.); atta Girru qa-mu-ú kaššāpi u kaššāpti you, Girru, who burn the sorcerer and the sorceress Maqlu I 110, cf. qa-mu-ú lemnūti Maqlu II 142, also JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 2:11; nīš Girri qa-mi-ku-nu Maqlu V 183; anan: dinkunūši ana Girri ga-mi-e gālî kāsî kā: šidu ša kaššāpāti Girru ga-mu-ú lītallal idāja (see qalû v. mng. 2a) Maqlu IV 9 and qu-mi(var. -mu) kaššāpī u kaššāptī Girru qu-mu kaššāpī u kaššāptī Girru quli kaššāpī u kaššāptī Girru qu-mi-šú-nu-ti Girru gulīšunūti Maglu II 108 ff., also IV 135 ff., cf. I 115, II 131, 203, also (addressing Nusku) ibid. II 15; for other refs. beside qalû see qalû v. mng. 2a; Girru qa-mu-ú liq-mi-šú-nu-ti AfO 18 293:59, cf. LKA 154 r. 11 and KAR 80 r. 22; rittakunu Girru liq-mi may Girru burn your (the sorcerer's and sorceress') hands Maglu III 165, cf. ibid. 85; aq-mu-ku-nu-ši ina kibrīti elleti I burned you (figurines) with pure sulphur Maglu V 79; usanniš ina kalātiki e'ra qa-ma-ki I stuck in the smalls of your (the figurines') backs e'ru wood that will burn you Maqlu III 20, cf. ibid. 21, see AfO 21 74.

- c) other occs.: bītu šû . . . išātu ana qerbišu imqut bīta . . . mimma makkūr bīt Aššur bēlija ina išāti lu iq-mi(var. -me) lightning struck this temple (and) burned the temple (and) all the property of the temple of Aššur, my lord AOB 1 122 iv 7 (Shalm. I); gīs mašrê bēl panī ša gurrunu makkūru girriš ina ūm la šīmāti i-qa-amme-šú (var. i-qám-meš) malku one upon whom wealth has been bestowed, the (socially) prominent person, who owns stacks of possessions, the king will burn in fire before his allotted time Lambert BWL 74:64 (Theodicy); [...] lu-uq-mu-ma lulūšma lu-qud-ma (see lâšu A) ibid. 144:34.
- 2. to consume (enemies) by fire, to annihilate a) people: $k\bar{\imath}ma$ išātim ezzetim ša apim nišīšu li-iq-me may he (Nergal), like a raging fire in the marsh, destroy his people CH xliv 34; (Bēl) [ina]

qamû A qamû B

ug(?)-gat-ka ta-qam-mu dann \bar{u} tu RAcc. 130:22; Girru...[NU]MUN-ku-nu NUMUN. NUMUN-ku-nu liq-mu may Girru exterminate your descendants and your progeny Wiseman Treaties 525; šû našpirti šarrūtija ša kīma nabli i-qam-mu-u ajābī išme that one heard my royal dispatch which like a flame consumes my enemy Borger Esarh. 102 ii 1; zā'irīja ana qa-me-e to destroy my enemies Iraq 24 94:35 (Shalm. III), cf. qa-am zajārī AOB 1 112 i 11, qa-mu-u tar: $g\bar{\imath}g\bar{e}$ ibid. 132 No. 4:5 (both Shalm. I); (Nusku) qa-mu-ú lemnūti Bauer Asb. 2 38:4; Ištar ... qa-mat $g\bar{e}r\bar{i}$ $\bar{s}a$ AfO 11 368:5; (Nabû) qa-mu-u nākirīka RT 19 61 No. 2:3 (SB lit.); šurši kullat la māgiru i-gam-mi apiš he burns all disobedient ones (down to) the root as (fire does) a reed thicket Or. NS 36 122:116 (SB hymn to Gula); GIDIM §a DN qi-ma-ni qi-ma-ni iltanassi the ghost of Enmešarra keeps crying: Burn me! Burn me! KAR 307 r. 10 (SB rel.), cf. dGUD . . . qa-mu-ú ša Ani [...] dBIL.GI [...] RAcc. 146:462; Girru i-gam-me (in broken context, parallels igammar, itâri ana țiddi) Lambert BWL 108:7; i-qam-mu-ú ina išātu (in broken context) SBH p. 146 No. VIII 25; išāt Ezida taq-qa-mu libbī the fire of Ezida has burned my heart STT 65:10, cf. attu-' (var. at-ta) qa-mu lib-bi na-ki-ru-ka uptal<la>huma VAS 12 193 r. 22 (= EA 359), var. from dupl. KAV 138:8 (šar tamhāri).

b) other occs.: apu u qīša ušaḥrarma kî Girri a-qa[m-mu] I will devastate canebrake(s) and wood(s) and burn (them) like the Fire god Cagni Erra IIc 28, cf. ibid. IV 149; ištu GN adi GN2... kīma girri aqmu from GN to GN2 I devastated (the country) like fire Iraq 24 94:20, also WO 1 16:15, 472 iv 6 (all Shalm. III); URU ṣābē šu=nūti [i-n]a-ru (var. in-[...]) i-qam-mu-ú(var. -u) ilammû GIŠ(?).KU.MEŠ the city which kills these people, (the enemy's) weapons (?) will burn down (and) besiege Anst 5 106:133b (Cuthean Legend); whoever ina išāti i-qam-mu-ú destroys (this stela) with fire VAS 1 No. 36 iv 21, also, wr. i-qa-

mu- \acute{u} RA 66 164:33, 173:66, wr. iq-ta-mu ZA 65 56:45 (all kudurrus).

- 3. to burn (said of saltpeter): libnassu idrānu iq-mu-ú ditalliš (see ditallu) RA 22 59 ii 3 (Nbn.).
- 4. qummû to burn: li-qa-am-me šuršīšu may (Nusku) burn his roots Hinke Kudurru iv 27; šarba u ṣēta [q]u-um-mu-ú panūka your countenance is marked by cold and exposure Gilg. X iii 6, 13, v 4, CT 46 30 i 44 (Gilg. X), also Thompson Gilg. pl. 42 Sp. 299:12; SU^{II}.MEŠ-šú ú-qam-ma (in broken context) Lie Sar. p. 38:4 (coll.).
- 5. II/2 to be burned: ina da[nān erijā]ti uq-ţam-mu-u šērūšu (in the mountain where) his body is frostbitten by the severe cold TCL 3 + AfO 12 145:102 (Sar.); (a calf) ana zaqūqi an-x-i uq-tam-ma (in difficult context) ZA 42 81 iv 7, see Borger, BiOr 28 12 iv 13, and see Malku II 281, in lex. section.
- 6. III to cause to burn down: girru ultaq-mu (parallel: ultākil išātu) (Cyrus) had (the sanctuaries) burned down BHT pl. 10 vi 23 (Nbn. Verse Account).

While "fire" is normally expressed by išātu when the verbs used are šarāpu or qalû, when the verb is qamû (especially in royal inscriptions) it is expressed by girru, first in Tigl. III and then often in Sar., Senn., Esarh., and Asb.; ina išāti qamû is attested in Tigl. I and Shalm. I.

In Sn. (OIP 2) 140:3 read £ ka-mu-u mu-tim (coll. W. G. Lambert), see kamû A v. mng. 2. In CT 41 19:11 ik-kam-mu similarly belongs to kamû, for similar refs. see kamû A v. mng. 2.

qamû B (qemû) v.; to grind; SB, NB; I iqmi; cf. qēmu.

 $_{\rm HAR}^{\rm a-ra}$ $_{\rm HAR}$ = $_{\rm te-e-nu}$, $_{\rm mu-u}$ $_{\rm KA\times KU}$ $_{\rm MIN}$ $_{\rm MIN}$ $_{\rm mu-u-mu-u}$ $_{\rm KA\times KU}$ $_{\rm HAR}$ $_{\rm MIN}$ $_{$

qāmu qan tuppi

kalam.ma zíd.gin_x(GIM) mù.mù (var. mu₇. mu₇): ša mātu kīma qēme i-qam-mu-u(var. -ú) (the evil demons) who grind the country like flour CT 16 14 iv 20 f., also 30 i A 5 f., CT 17 36 K.9272:3, see RA 28 159, CT 42 5 r. 4 f., cf. kur zíd.ma peš.e.dè (later recension: zíd.gin_x mù.mù): kīma qēme i-qam-mu-u Lugale V 47; (the gods) kur zíd.da peš₆.peš₆ (var. peš₅. peš₅) še.gin_x kin su [x]: [...] i-qam-mu-ú kīma še-im e-si-[du] BA 10/1 98 No. 19 r. 8 f., restoration and var. from K.8728 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).

- a) flour: amur alpu mal qa-me x sìla $q\bar{e}mi$ now, an ox to grind x silas of flour YOS 3 189:13 (NB let.); $qal\bar{i}tu...ina$ NA₄. MEŠ $k\hat{i}$ i-qa-mu- $š\hat{u}$ the parched grain (which they scatter over Dumuzi is used) because they grind him with stones LKA 72 r. 6, see Tul p. 47:5.
- b) in transferred mng.: [DN] $d\bar{a}$ 'iš $ragg\bar{\imath}$... [ša...] KUR- \acute{u} $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $q\acute{e}$ -mi i-qam-mu- \acute{u} [...] $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $q\acute{e}$ -mi liq-mi may DN who tramples the wicked, who grinds the mountain [...] like flour, grind [...] like flour K.3446 r. 5 f. (New Year's rit.?); see also lex. section.

qāmu s.; (mng. unkn.); OB.*

ummu ālittuš re-ma-ša $\bar{\imath}zi[b...]$ qa-a-mi-ša i-te-wi(?) nashura $\lceil la(?) \rceil i$ -[...] the mother who gave birth to him abandoned her ..., she(?) became(?) her ..., she does not(?) [...] attention PBS 1/1 2:28 (OB lit.).

For Maqlu III 20 f. see qamû A v. mng. 1b.

qâmu v.; (mng. unkn.); NA*; I iqīm.

tahūmu ša ukallašununi urammû ettiqu ussaṭappulu ihabbutu ana rab dajālija ša apaqqiduni laššu la išamme'u ana bēl pāhiti ša Kalha li-qi-mu (the tribesmen) abandon the territory that I hold ready for them, when they are suppressed they start plundering, they absolutely will not obey any chief inspector whom I appoint, (so) let them to the governor of Calah ABL 547 r. 9.

For ARM 10 10:15 (cf. von Soden, UF 1 198), see $namadd\bar{u}tu$.

qan tuppi (qantuppu, qartuppu) s.; reed stylus; from OB on; pl. qan/rtuppāti; wr. syll. and GI tuppi, GI.DUB.BA(.A); cf. qanû s.

GI = qa-an [tup-pi] CT 12 29 BM 38266 ii 25 (text similar to Idu); [gi.giš].kéš.da, $[gi].mah_x(AL)$, [gi].dub.ba = MIN (= qa-an) tu[p-pi] Hh. IX 320 ff.; [...qa]-an-tup-pu [...] (commenting on GI) A III/1 Comm. A r. 7.

giš.tùn.gi.dub.ba.a = MIN (= ta-k[al-ti]) qa-an tup-pi Hh. IV 35, also (with det. kuš) Hh. XI 252, in MSL 9 201; kuš.dùg.gan.gi.dub.ba.a = MIN (= tuk-kan) qa-an tup-pi Hh. XI 192; kuš.dùg.gan.gi.dub.ba.a = MIN (= tuk-kan) qa-an tup-pi = ta-kal-tu šá qa-an tu[p-pi] Hg. A II 154, in MSL 7 149.

tùn.gam, tùn.gi = MIN (= ke-pu-u) šá qa-an tup-pi Nabnitu XXII 122 f.; dím, [dub].dím = MIN (= e-pe-su) ša dub u gi tup-pi Nabnitu É 123 f.; du-ub dub = pu-us-su-u sá qa-an tup-pi A III/5:8; šà.sudud, šà.giš.ba.ab.gur, dub, ba-barud, ud.ak.a = pu-us-su-u sá gI.dub.ba.a Nabnitu XXII 244 ff.; [dib] = [MIN (= ba- $^-$ -u) sa gI. dub Antagal C 184.

GI.DUB.BA.A qa-an-tup-pu-ú-tum Marduk DUMU ki-nu ZA 6 243:37 (NB comm.).

a) in gen.: ana PN . . . ša Marduk u Nabium GI.DUB.BA-šu ušeššeru (speak) to PN, whose stylus Marduk and Nabû direct in the right way TLB 4 33:3 (OB let.); mihis GI tup-pu ul idi I do not know (how to make) impressions with the stylus BHT pl. 8 v 10 (Nbn. Verse Account); apilšu ša irammu ina tuppi u GI tup-pi ina mahar Šamaš u Adad utammāšuma learned expert) makes his firstborn son, whom he loves, swear by tablet and stylus before Samaš and Adad BBR No. 24:20, see JCS 21 132, cf. ina tuppi u GI.DUB.BA ša'il Šurpu II 112, $l\bar{e}^{\gamma}u$ GI.DUB.BA.A Craig ABRT 2 21:5; ina tuppi qa-an tup-pi ipištašu inandinušu (see epištu mng. 2f) BBR No. 1-20:14; GI.DUB.BA ša ultu libbi takkussi GI tābi (in broken context) Gray Šamaš pl. 13 K.4795 r. 2, see Hunger Kolophone No. 497, cf. gi.dub.ba gi.ta sar.ra PAPS 107 494:47 (Sum. colophon); šumma GI.DUB.BA sum - su if they give him a stylus (in his dream) Dream-book 324 K.2018A:16; 3-δú ina pî ša qar-ţup-pi ina munaqqīte takarrar with the tip of a stylus you put three drops (of the medication) into the libation bowl

**qanājû qanānu

Parpola LAS No. 337:3; GI DUB.BA.A ša GIŠ. GIŠIMMAR [...] (in broken context at end of a rit.) Sm. 1424:8.

b) as emblem of Nabû, Nanše, Ningeštin-Nabû bēl gi tup-pi Nabû, lord of the stylus BBR No. 45 vi 3, also, wr. GI.DUB.BA ABL 716:4, 717:3, cf. BHT pl. 8 iv 6, bel qar-tup-pi 4R 61 ii 38 (NA oracles); sabitma qa-an-tup-pu kittu (Nabû) wields the stylus of justice ZA 53 239:15 (NB hymn), cf. KAR 25 ii 6, tupšar ilī sābit GI DUB KÙ nāši DUB šīmāt ilī Unger Bel-harranbeli-ussur 3, cf. also STT 55:29, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 469:2, conflated as: tāmiķ lē'i şābit gi tup-pi šīmāte (Nabû) who holds the writing board, who wields the stylus for the "tablet of destinies" Streck Asb. 364 o 2, see Hunger Kolophone No. 328; Nabû . . . tāmih GI tup-pi āhizu šukāmi 1R 35 No. 2:4 (Adn. III); nāšāt GI.DUB.BA.A ēpišat nik: (Nanše) who carries the stylus, who does the accounting Or. NS 36 118:42, cf. qa-an-tup-pu (var. GI.DUB.B[A.A]) ina qātēšu išruka ibid. 124:145 (SB hymn to Gula); ^{d}Nin -geštin-an-na SAL.DUB.[SAR(.MAH)] ša dingir.meš ša qa-an-tup-pa-šá ugnû santu DN, the (chief) scribe among the gods, whose stylus is made of lapis lazuli and carnelian CT 23 16 i 15, see Or. NS 24 246; uncert.: [. . .] GUR (?).MEŠ ukinnu ina birkiša gi dub-pa.meš ina rikis gabliša Haupt Nimrodepos p. 89 Rm. 908:5, cf. [...]-' qar-tup-pa-a-ti rikis qablēšunu ibid. 4, see KB 6/1 268.

c) mark in the shape of a stylus to identify animals or slaves as belonging to the Nabû temple: 2 ṣēnu ša marri u qa-an-ṭup-pu šendu two small cattle marked with spade and stylus (marks) TCL 13 132:1 and 8, 133:11; ša PN marru u qa-an-ṭup-pi ina muḥḥi rittišu iddû (a slave) whom PN had marked on the hand with spade and stylus (marks) BE 8 106:9; see also marru s. usage c.

See also qanduppu.

**qanājû (AHw. 897a) see $qan\hat{u}$ s. mng. 6b.

qanānu v.; (with qinnu) to make a nest, to nest, to establish a homestead; OB, Mari, SB, NA; I iqnun — iqannan (in SB also iqannun), II (gramm. only); cf. qaz nīnu A s., qannu adj., qinnu A.

uš = qa-na-nu šá qi[n-ni], muš.gú.gilim = min šá s[i-ri] (see $kan\bar{a}nu$) Antagal D 74 f.

mušen.dal.a.bi uru.gá gùd hé.em.ma. an.ús (var. im.ma.an.ús.sa) : iṣṣūršunu mup: p[aršu ina āli]-ia qin-na liq-nun Angim IV 23 (= 175), restoration and var. from K.9037:2 f.

[U]š // ma-šá-lu // Uš // qa-na-nu Sm. 683 r. 8 (astrol. comm.).

tu-qa-an-na-an 5R 45 K.253 vii 41.

a) birds: igirû ša ašaršu rūqu qin-na iq-nun the heron that lives far away made his nest (there) OIP 2 115 viii 58, also ibid. 125:47 (Senn.), cf. [hahhūr]u muttapraššidi i-qa-an-nun qin-n[a] Lambert BWL 144:21, also hahhūru ušerreb qin-na i-qan-na-an Lambert Love Lyrics 122 B 12; u işşūr šamê mupparšu sīruš la ibā'ūma ana šusbub $kapp\bar{i}$ $m\bar{a}r\bar{e}[\check{s}u$ la iq-n]u-n[u] qin-namwhere not even the winged bird can pass or build a nest in order to teach his young ones to spread their wings TCL 3 + AfO 12 144:98 (Sar.), cf. ša den ittišu qin-nu iga-an-na-[an] ša dšú ittišu i-şip-pa-ap $kapp\bar{i}$ CT 51 93 r. 13 (SB fable); (Babylon) ašar amuršānu qin-nu qa-a[n-nu] where the amuršānu bird has built (its) nest Lambert Love Lyrics 118 A 6; difficult: is= $\bar{sura}te \ \check{s}a \dots ina \ birti \ \bar{a}li \ \hat{u}(?) \ qi-ni \ iq$ tu-na-ni STT 360 r. 8, see Deller, Or. NS 34 466; šumma surdû ina ekalli qin-na iq-nun if a falcon builds a nest in the palace CT 39 29 r. 27, also (with other birds) CT 38 6:177, 7:1, KAR 381 ii 6, 14, CT 51 140:5, CT 41 3 Sm. 1133:6, 8:92 f. (all SB Alu), also HUCA 40-41 88 i 9 (OB bird omens), Wr. Ú.KI.SÈ.GA iq-nun CT 39 23:21, 32:32f., CT 41 3 Sm. 1133:12, AfO 16 pl. 11 VAT 13802:8 (all SB Alu); note without qinnu: šumma sinuntu ina sippi bīt amēli iq-nun CT 41 2 K.6765:8, ef. ibid. 2-7 (SB Alu); *šumma igirû ina ap*: pāri Ú.KI.SÈ.GA AN.TA-ma (also KI.TAma) iq-nun AfO 16 pl. 11 VAT 13802:3 f.; [A.AB.BA a]p-pa-ru i- $\check{s}ir$ $q\acute{i}$ -nu MUŠEN UŠ- qanānu qannu A

šu (with gloss:) [...a]p-pa-ru im-mi qinnu iş-şur-ri i-qa-an-nun-šú the sea will become marsh, a bird will be able to make a nest there Sm. 683:6ff. (astrol. comm., courtesy F. Rochberg-Halton), for comm. see lex. section.

- b) other animals: $\delta \bar{e}labu\ u\ b\bar{u}s[u]\ iq-$ nu-nu qi-in-nu fox and hyena made lairs (in broken context) Borger Esarh. 107 § 68 edge 3; [$\delta umma\ s\bar{i}ru\ ina$] gu $\delta \bar{u}r\bar{i}$ qin-na iq-nun if a snake makes a nest in the beams KAR 389b (p. 350) i 9.
- c) referring to human habitations: ina GN ašar qí-in-nam ta-qa-an-na-nu u bītam teppešu šib . . . ašrānum šibma bīt awīlī epuš u qí-in-nam qú-nu-un settle in GN where you can establish a homestead and found a (separate) family, settle there, found a family, establish a homestead ARM 1 18:23 and 29, cf. immatima nippuša bīta immatima ni-qan-na-nu(?) qin-nu Gilg. X vi 26, restored from CT 46 32:13'; uššir ardata qin-na liq-nun Köcher BAM 574 iv 20.

In JCS 12 81:6 restore possibly [du-u]n-nu-nu.

qanānu see kanānu.

**qandalû (AHw. 897a) see kandalu.

qanduppu s.; 1. (an insect), 2. (uncert. mng.); MB(?), SB.

- 1. (an insect): qa-an-dup-pu margūtu : il-qi- $t\acute{u}$ a-la-[ak]-tu (var. $\bar{a}liku$) Uruanna III 212, in MSL 8/2 59.
- 2. (uncert. mng.): TÚG lubār qa-an-dup-pu (beside lubār kišādi) UVB 15 40 r. 9 (rit.); l GIŠ qá-an-dup-pi (among agricultural implements) Aro Kleidertexte 35 HSS 188:8 (= TuM NF 5 76, MB?); qa-an-dup-pi JNES 33 199:8 (= Bab. 4 109) is probably to be connected with kantappu, see Oppenheim, ibid. 203 n. 14.

qanīnu A s.; (a nest); syn. list*; cf. qanānu.

qa-ni-nu (var. qa-nin), kumāşu = qin-nu Malku I 246 f. qanīnu B s.; (part of a chariot); syn. list.*

qarnu = qa-ni-nu (among chariot parts) Malku II 207.

Possibly a diminutive (qanninnu) of qarnu/qannu.

qanītu s.; (mng. unkn.); NA.*

Tašmētu tusså...tusšab...qa-ni-is-sa tahappi will go out, sit down (in the $ak\bar{\imath}tu$ chapel, sheep will be sacrificed before her), she will smash her q. ABL 858:15.

qannā'u s.; envier; lex.*; cf. qenû.

[. . .] = $q\acute{a}$ -na-a-u = (Hitt.) ar- δ [a-na-a]t- δ [tall-la-a δ envier Erimhu δ Bogh. A i 36.

qannu adj.; built (said of a nest); lex.*; cf. qanānu.

Ú.KI.SÈ.GA.MUŠEN.gar.ra = qi-in-nu qa-an-n[u] OBGT XVII 10; Ú.KI.SÈ+IR.GA.x = qin-nu qa-an-nu Nabnitu XXII 85, cf. [...], si.ig = [qa]-an-nu ibid. 82 f.

- qannu A s.; 1. border, march, environs, 2. outside, 3. (as prep. and conj.); MB, EA, MA, NA.
- 1. border, march, environs a) of a country: ištēn ana idi ištēn ana ālija ša qa-an-ni māti u[ltēbi]l I have sent (both of them) side by side to a city of mine which is on the country's border EA 29:178 (let. of Tušratta); [hāma u] huṣāba ina qa-an-ni mātika mamma la išši no one removed even a (piece of) straw or a chip of wood from the march of your country KUB 3 73:9, see Weidner Tn. 40 No. 36 (let. of Tn.); bēl pāhete ša qa-ni KUR GN ABL 409:10; exceptionally in a MB let.: ana qa-an-ni māti [i nūri]damma EA 9:20 (let. of Burnaburiaš).
- b) of a city: ina ūmešuma ina qa-ni URU.BAL.TIL.KI ina aḥât KUR Ebiḥ ina kišād Idiglat āla ēpušma at that time I built a city on the border of Assur at the foot of Mount Ebih on the bank of the

qannu A qannu A

Tigris KAH 2 26:2 (inser. of Šamšī-ilu?); *ālāni* dannūte adi ālāni ana la manî issu rēš ālānišu adi ga-na ālānišu akšud . . . 2 sa= lam šarrūtija ēpuš . . . issēn ina rēš ālānišu šanû ina qa-ni ālānišu ina rēš tâmti azqup I conquered the large cities along with countless (small) towns from the nearest to the remotest ones, I made two statues of myself as king, one I erected in the nearest of his cities, the other in the remotest of his cities on the seacoast WO 2 40:29 and 32 (Shalm. III); naphar 7 ālāni ša ga-an-ni GN in total seven villages in the environs of Arbela Iraq 23 46 ND 2728+:7, also ibid. 9; dajālīka ana qaan(!)-ni GN šupur send your scouts to the environs of Turušpa ABL 148:4, cf. PN PN₂ 2-šu-nu qa-ni GN pan abulli [k]am= musu PN (and) PN2, the two of them are encamped outside Assur before the city gate (and together they eat and drink wine) ABL 419:13, cf. ABL 143:9, 491:5, 1192 r. 2; ina qa-an-ni GN bīt ili ša erēni ep[iš] a temple of cedar was built on the outskirts of the city of Harran ABL 923:11, cf. adi qa-an-ni URU [GN] Iraq 18 49 No. 34:8; *ša qa-an-ni Urzuhina* ABL 408 r. 31; É 1 ANŠE qa-an-ni URU ša PN a onehomer estate on the outskirts of GN TCL 9 58:14, cf. ADD 91 edge 2; bītu epšu . . . ina URU GN qa-an-ni ša URU GN_2 ADD 331:6, cf. URU GN qa-ni URU GN2 Johns Doomsday Book 1 i 24, 3 ii 8, CT 53 2 r. 2ff., 2 ANŠE A.ŠÀ qa-ni URU kutal URU GN AJSL 42 189 No. 1168:6; GIŠ.SAR zamri qa-ni GN Johns Doomsday Book 3 iii 4.

c) other occs.: may the king, my lord, ask the persons ša PN TA qa-an-ni-ma urammūšanuni whom PN released from the district(?) ABL 1308 r. 5, see Deller, Or. NS 30 348; (five cities) ša qa-an-ni nakari bordering on the enemy ABL 556 r. 11, cf. 2 URU.ŠE.MEŠ TA qa-an-ni-šu-nu ABL 1008 r. 7; PN rab ālānišu ša qa-ni taḥūme ša GN PN, the city overseer of the Urartian frontier territory ABL 252:8; GIŠ lammu UDU.MAŠ.GAL ina qa-an-ni ḥūli ubbulu

they carry the almond wood and the full-grown he-goat to the edge of the road KAR 33:14 (rit.), cf. ibid. 12; a field qa-ni mašqīte by the watering place ADD 391:3, 392:3; ina qa-an-ni šá [...] ABL 1264:4, note i-qa-an-ni Sm. 749:3 (courtesy S. Parpola).

- 2. outside a) ana qanni: DN ana qa-ni ittuşi issuhur ētarab Aššur went outside, returned, and entered (again) ABL 611:7; kīma šarru ana qa-an-ni ittuşi ABL 670 r. 9, ABL 356 r. 1, ABL 594:9; ina bīt šarru kammusuni 2 GI.IZI.LĀ issēn ana imitti issēn ana šumēli lušētiqu ana qa-an-ni lušēṣiu they should move two torches past the place where the king is staying, one to the right, one to the left, and (then) they should bring (them) out ABL 670 r. 7, see Parpola LAS No. 4.
- b) other occs.: $m\bar{a}r \, \bar{s}arri \, um\bar{a} \, ina \, b\bar{a}bi \, \bar{s}a \, qa-an-ni \, u\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{a}$ does the prince go out by the outer gate? ABL 354 r. 2, cf. KÅ. GAL [\$a] qa-ni (beside KÅ.GAL $qabass\bar{t}te$, note EDIN URU beside qab-si URU obv. 10) Iraq 4 189 r. 11; $b\bar{e}l \, p\bar{a}hete \, \bar{s}a \, Kalhi \, ina \, qa-an-ni$ Postgate Palace Archive 203:7; $at\hat{u} \, \bar{s}a \, qa-an-ni$ the doorkeeper of the outer (door) (in an enumeration of officials) PRT 44:7, also Knudtzon Gebete 109:7, wr. qa-a-ni ibid. 108:8.
- 3. (as prep. and conj.) a) used as preposition 1' qanni: qa-[an]-ni aḥēiš ittuṣûni ittalkuni together they left and went off ABL 138:16; umā PN ina muḥ-hini illaka . . . qa-an-ni aḥēiš nizzaz nep-paš now PN is coming to us, we will stay close together and do (our work) ABL 118 r. 10; la ūṣiu qa-ni meḥrišunu la [i]-[ta]l-ku they did not leave to go with their colleagues Iraq 20 193 No. 43:12; šarru qa-an-ni miḥrīj[a] libbī luballiṭa may the king make me happy along with my colleagues ABL 525 r. 17.
- 2' ina qanni: [ina q]a-an-ni meḥrīja azzaz issaḥēiš nimmallik I will get together with my colleagues, we will consult

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with one another ABL 1388 r. 4, see Parpola LAS No. 184, cf. ina qa-ni meḥrēja dullu eppaš I do the work with my colleagues ABL 455:15; note kalbu qa-ni kalba[ni] (in broken context) ABL 1228:10.

- 3' issi qanni: TA qa-ni 60 UDU.MEŠ X [X UD]U(?).MEŠ PN ana PN₂ [ú]-[sa]-lim ittidin instead of the sixty sheep (that were pledged to Adad and hence not available) PN paid in full x sheep to PN₂ Tell Halaf 106:12, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 47; šumma PN mārī la tu-u-la-da amta [ta]laqqi e-si qa-an-ni-šá ina š[ub-t]i-šá tašakkan if PN does not give birth to sons she will take a slave girl and place her at her side in her dwelling(?) Iraq 16 38 ND 2307:43, coll. Postgate, Or. NS 44 485.
- b) used as conjunction: A.SIG, ša abija ša ina muhhi <dul>-li paqquduni qa-an-ni išmûni mā LÚ.A.BA paqid dullu ittaşû ur: $tammeu\ ihtalq[u]$ as soon as my father's -men, who had been put in charge of the work, heard "A (new) scribe has been appointed," they left the work, abandoned their posts, and ran away ABL 885:11; I prepared the phylactery for epilepsy (and) put it upon him, the epilepsy left him ina qa-ni ša Lú. TUR inūhuni ina muhhi dumu. Šeš-šú ša PN [i]-sa-ka-nu ittuaha as soon as the child had calmed down they put (the phylactery) on PN's nephew (and) he calmed down (too) ABL 1289:5, see Parpola LAS No. 239, also ibid. r. 1.
- qannu B (qarnu) s.; fringe, hem; from OB on; stat. const. qaran (OB, Mari) and qanni, pl. qannātu; wr. syll. and sı.
- a) in gen.: 5 harbiwû qa-an-na-tu-ši-na mardatu five.... (pieces of apparel), their fringes are (made of) mardatu material HSS 14 247:16, cf. ibid. 34 and 41 (Nuzi).
- b) in leg. 1' referring to seizing, tying, or cutting someone's hem as a symbol of that person: $tamk\bar{a}rum \dots q\acute{a}ra-an(!)$ subātiša...ul işabbat (see subātu
- mng. 1a-2') Waterman Bus. Doc. 74:7 (OB leg.); umma PN-ma PN₂ qa-an-ni-ia işşab: tanni u ušētiq u dajānū PN2 ištālu[š] u iqtabû PN ammīni qa-an-<na>-šu işşabit PN said (before the judges) "PN2 has seized me by my hem and forced (me) to appear (in court)," then the judges questioned PN₂ saying, "Why was PN's hem seized?" SMN 3109:5 and 9 (unpub. Nuzi), cf. qa-anna-šu ša PN issabat ibid. 24, qa-an-na-šu taşbat ibid. 32; (after PN presented his case against PN2 to the judges and PN2, the defendant, pleaded not guilty, PN was ordered by the judges to take the oath) immatimê PN ana ilāni i-la(text -na)-akmi ù PN2 PN işşabatmi u qá-an-na-šu ina qá-an-ni-šu hesmumma īpuš u ina dīni PN ilte'ēma u dajānū PN, ana 1 alpi ana PN ana qá-an-ni-šú ittadû[š] as soon as PN went to take the oath, PN, seized PN and tied his hem to his own hem (thus pleading guilty), thus PN won the case and the judges sentenced PN₂ (to pay) one ox to PN for his hem (i.e., for having carried out the symbolic act with the hem) 331:15 f. and 21; šumma PN ana aššūti uššab qa-an-na-šu inaššakma ussi if (the widow) PN wishes to remarry, she cuts the hem of her garment and leaves (see nakāsu mng. 1e) HSS 19 19:54, cf. ibid. 2:62 and 6:23; note šumma PN ana aššūti uššab qa-an-na-šu inassakma u uşşi HSS 197:47 (all from tuppi šīmti contracts from Nuzi); note šumma . . . PN aššata šanīta ihhaz qa-anna-šú i-na-sak-ma ussi HSS 5 67:42, also [šumm]a . . . PN aššata šanīta ilegge ga $an-na-\check{s}u$ [i-na-a]k-ki-su ina $b\bar{\imath}ti\check{s}a$ [. . .] HSS 19 51:18 (both marriage-adoptions).
- 2' referring to impressing the hem on a tablet: qa-an-na-šu PN ana pani šībūti annûti imtašar JEN 539:5, cf. HSS 16 452:9, WO 9 16:16, and passim in similar phrases in Nuzi, see mašāru; for the legal implication see Koschaker, ZA 48 186.
- 3' referring to handing over silver to a woman as peculium: ištu x kaspum ters hassa ina qá-an-ni-ša ra-ak-su-ma ana PN

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emiša turru after the silver of her bride price was handed over to her (lit. tied in her hem) and was returned to her father-in-law PN BE 6/1 84:41, cf. ibid. 101:21, CT 8 2a r. 2 (all OB); x kaspa ina qa-an-ni mārtija artakas I have given x silver for my daughter's personal use RA 23 152 No. 42:8, cf. HSS 13 263:12, HSS 19 7:26, JEN 78:14, AASOR 16 55:14 (all Nuzi marriage contracts), see Koschaker NRUA 91 n. 7; kasapšu rīhtu ša PN ana mulūgūti u ana qa-an-ni-šu ana PN irtaksumi HSS 5 80:13, cf. HSS 19 144:35; note in a lit. text: [... KÙ]. BABBAR ù KÙ.GI [i-na qa]-an-ni-ša [irt]a-kas RA 65 138 ii 5 (ardat lili ine.).

4' other occs.: (the defendant declared in court) x še.meš ša irtīh PN ilgēmi u qa-an-ni ana pani šībūti imtašar u dajānū $\delta \bar{\imath} b \bar{u} t u \delta a PN_2 \bar{\imath} t e r \delta u PN_2 \dots 5 L \acute{\mathsf{U}}.\mathsf{ME} \check{\mathsf{S}}$ šībūtu ša PN2 ana pani dajānī imtanu x ŠE.MEŠ PN qa-an-ni-šu na-a-ši ana panīni iqtabi še.meš-ia ina bīt PN2 ittadin u še. MEŠ ilgēmi x ŠE.MEŠ rihtu ašar PN2 elgēmi u aplāku u PN, ga-an-na-šu ana panīni imtašarmi "PN received the x barley outstanding (on the loan) and impressed (his) hem in the presence of witnesses." Then the judges asked PN2 for the witnesses, and PN, produced his five witnesses before the judges (and they said), "As for the x barley, PN, holding(?) his hem, declared in our presence, 'I loaned my barley to PN₂'s household, but I have received my barley, (also) the outstanding x barley I have received from PN2, and I am paid, and PN₂ impressed his hem in our presence" HSS 9 108:16, 27, and 32 (Nuzi); 6 GfN ša ina GN ultu qa-an-nu TÚG.KUR.RA-iá taššû 6 gín lú ša qaqqarka ušaškibi ittaši six shekels (of silver) that you took in GN from the hem of my garment, six shekels the man who had your land harrowed(?) took away UET 4 120:11 (NB).

c) as symbol of attachment to king or god: qa-ra-an şubāt abija ul uwaššar I will not let go of the hem of my father's garment RHA 35 72b:15' (Mari let.), cf. (in

broken context) ibid. 71:1; ištu ūmim ša gara-an subātija isbatu matima ina mātišu kaspam . . . mimma ul alqut ever since he gave me his allegiance I have not exacted any silver (cattle, sheep, or barley) from his country Unger Mem. Vol. 191:25 (Shemshara let.), cf. $[i \not s t] u \not s a q[a-ra]-an sub \bar{a} t$ bēlija asbatu ARMT 13 148:8, see also ARM 6 26 r. 8', Sem. 1 18:10, cited şubātu mng. 1a-2'; šumma qa-ra-an şubāt RN uwaššaruma qara-an subāt šarrim šanîm isabbatu ina $\bar{a}l\bar{a}ni\ u\ eper\bar{i}\ it[tass]i$ if he lets go of the hem of RN's garment and takes hold of the hem of another king's garment, he forfeits his cities and territories JCS 12 126:47 f., also ibid. 53 and 55, see JCS 13 96 (OB Alalakh); ša ina qa-an-ni ša DN kaşir la iluad ina puḥur ḥādânūtešu he who is "tied" (safely) into the hem of the goddess Urkītu will not be shamed(?) among all those who envy him Craig ABRT 1 6 r. 3 (NA lit.), see Streck Asb. 348; kurbi ana RN şābit qa-ni-ki pronounce blessings (O Ištar) over Sargon, who holds the hem of your garment Craig ABRT 1 54 (= BA 5 628) iv 18; sabtākuma kî tīri ina ga-an(var. omits -an)-ni-ka I am attached to your hem like a courtier (I run after you like a puppy) BMS 18:9, var. from KAR 347:9, see Ebeling Handerhebung 92; sābit qa-ni-ki usap: pû ilūtiki I who hold the hem of your garment implore your divine majesty KAR 98:6, also ZA 5 80 r. 17 (hymn of Asn. I); aşbat gá-an-na-ka-ma ukīl sissiktaka Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 528 K.3434:13'; uncert.: māmīt Šamaš tu-ki(!)-ia-al ga-an-ni the oath of Šamaš holds (me by) my hem Tn.-Epic "iv" 29.

d) in magic use: ana muḥḥi kapāṣi šipta tamannu ina qa-ni-ka tarakkas you recite the incantation over the kapāṣu shell, tie it into your hem (and the king will be friendly to you) KAR 238 r. 6, cf. Biggs Šaziga 51 AMT 62,3:6; ina SI ṣubātika tarakkas Köcher BAM 318 iv 11, 316 iv 22; ittimāli ussašmēšu agdadad ina qa-an-ni-šú artakas yesterday I let him (the sub-

qannu C qanû

stitute king) hear (the signs?), I cut off (the [...]), (and) I bound (it) in his hem (in difficult context) ABL 676 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 26.

Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 147 ff. Ad usage b: Petschow, RLA 3 318 ff.; E. Cassin, RA 63 138 ff.; B. Ismail and M. Müller, WO 920 f. with previous lit.

qannu C s.; cattle pen; SB, NB; cf. qannu C in rab qannāte.

ultu qa-an-na muluh innassu take (oxen) from the cattle pen (and) give (them) to him BIN 1 68:26 (NB let.); ina qa-an-ni būli at the cattle pen (in broken context) Lambert BWL 196 VAT 10349:7 (fable).

qannu C in rab qannāte s.; overseer of the cattle pens; NB; ef. qannu C.

PN L[Ú GA]L qa-an-na-a-ta Nbk. 116:14, cf. LÚ.GAL qa-na-a-tú Nbk. 421:4, YOS 17 320:1, Wr. LÚ.GAL qa-na-<a-te> BIN 1 61:16.

qannu see kannu and qarnu.

qannunu see qunnunu.

qantuppu see qan tuppi.

qanû (qanu'u) s.; 1. reed, 2. (a fragrant reed), 3. arrow, 4. tube, pipe, 5. measuring rod, 6. (a measure of length), 7. plot of land; from OA, OB on; pl. qanû and qanûtu; wr. syll. and GI; cf. qan tuppi, qanû in ša muḥḥi qa: nûte, uzun qanê.

[gi-i] GI = [qa]-nu-u S^b I 284; gi = qa-nu-u Hh. VIII 1, also Hh. VII B catch line; ba-ár BAR = qa-nu-u A I/6:237; [a.ba.b]a = qa-nu-u-um (var. GIŠ.GI gi-ba-al-lu) = GI ŠA.DUB.B[A] Studies Landsberger 23:45 (Silbenvokabular A).

gi.dùg.ga = Gi ta-a-bu Hg. VIII 5; gi.níg. gal.gal = qá-nu-ú kab-ba-ru Hh. VIII 82; gi. [gibil] = Gi e-šu, gi.sun = Gi la-bi-ru Hh. VIII 223b-c; gi.Aš.dù.a = qa-nu-ú šin-na-nu (var. ša ši-i[n-ni]) ibid. 150; gi.dub.ba.an = qa-an tup-pa-ni(var. -nu) Hh. IX 311; gi.dup.pa.an = qa-an tup-pa-ni = min (= qa-an) [šál-la-l[i] Hg. A II 12, in MSL 7 67; gi.nun.me.tag = qa-an šip-ri,

gi. šul. hi = MIN šá-la-li Hh. VIII 2f., for other types of reeds see Hh. IX 312 ff., and passim in Hh. VIII, also Hh. IX 184-186, 210 f., and Hg. A II 3 ff., in MSL 7 67 ff. and MSL 9 185 f.

gi.úr.gi = $i\delta$ -di qa-ni-e, gi. δ à.gi = lib-bi MIN, gi.pa.gi = dr-tum MIN, gi.bar.gi = qu-lip-tum MIN, gi.gilim = ap-pi qa-ni-e Hh. VIII 153 ff., for other parts of the reed see ibid. 161 ff.

gi.šà.tùr = \$am-mu šá qa-ni-e Hh. VIII 30, in MSL 9 174; ì.ba = GI É.DUB.BA Studies Landsberger 23:42 (Silbenvokabular A); [ì].gi.dùg.ga = MIN (= \$a-am-n[u]) qa-ni ta-a-b[u] Hh. XXIV 30.

gi nu.è giš nu.dím: qa-nu-ú ul ași iși ul bani reeds had not sprouted, trees were not (yet) created CT 13 35:2, cf. gi.sun gi.henbur(šE. KAK) sug giš.gi giš.tir.BU.GA ba.dím : uššu ditta appari qa-na-a u qīšu ibtani (see apparu lex. section) ibid. 37:25; gi.dili.gin_x(GIM) mu.un. $sig.sig.ge: k\bar{\imath}ma\ qa-ni-e\ \bar{e}di\ \acute{u}-\acute{s}ip-pa-ni\ (see\ \bar{e}du$ lex. section) 4R 19 No. 3:45f., cf. SBH p. 9 No. 4:121f., BA 5 635 No. 6:21f., gi.èn.bar nir.gi da.da: kīma qa-ni-e ina idipti OECT 6 pl. 20 K.4812:9f.; ní.nu.te.na dingir.ra.na gi.gin, in.ša₅.ša₅: la pālih ilišu kīma qa-ni-e uhtassis (see hasāsu lex. section) CT 17 19:5f., cf. [ina . . .]-i šu-bat dKUR.GI7.GIM.ŠA5.ŠA5 šá-šá [šá šadā kim]a GI-ni-e \acute{u} -has-sa-su [. . .] li-has-si-su GI-ni- \circlearrowleft in the [...], the chapel of the god KUR.GI7.GIM. §A₅.§A₅, (whose name means in Akk.:) where they break the mountain like a reed, let them always break [your enemies] like reeds K.3446 r. (?) 9 (unpub. rel. text with blessings addressed to Marduk on the occasion of his entering Babylon); mu.lu gil.gil al.ak.ak.eš gi.ginxin.ša4.ša4. a: muqtablu mu-ta-[...] kīma gi-ni-e uht[assis] the [. . .] warrior is broken like a reed KAR 97:13; gi u_x.lu.gin_x mu.un.sìg.sìg.ga.e.ne: kīma GI-ne-e mehê išub (bu) (see mehû A usage d) RAcc. 109:13f.; dNin.tin.ug₅.ga gi.[t]a hu.mu.un. DD: Gula ina qa-ni-e lishilsu may Gula prick it (the evil eye) with a reed STT 179:47f.; gi.kù.ga šu u.me.ti : qa-nu-ú ellu legēma take a clean reed (and measure that man) CT 17 15:20, cf. RA 70 138:42 f. (inc.); sipa.bi gi.ír.ra mu.ni.íb. [bé] : [rē]ûšu ina qa-an bikīti inabbu[b] (see bikītu mng. 3c-2') 4R 11:27f.; gi.urudu.šen.tab.ba su zi ri a : qa-an pāšti ša šalummatu ramû shaft of the double ax which is perfused with terror CT 16 22:298f.; giš. gi [. . .] šám gi. bi : itbalmi apu šīm qa-ni-šú (see apu A lex. section) Lambert BWL 242 iii 4; gi.gub.gub.ba i.bí bar.bar. re.mu : ša ina qa-an mindâti attaplasušu // uman: didu whom I looked over, variant: measured, with a measuring reed SBH p. 14 No. 6 r. 17 f.; gi kù gi gíd.da gi giš.gi [kù.ga] gi.bar.ra gi.u. šub gi.è[n.ba]r [...] x [...]: qa-nu-u ellu qanu-u arku qa-an api [...] qa-nu-u qalpu ana a $da-[at-ti] \times x [...]$ STT 198:9ff. (mis pi rit.), and

qanû qanû

passim in this text, cf. én gi kù gi gíd.da gi giš.gi kù.ga (incipit of an inc.) K.8117:8; gi. dùg.ga a.ra.an.gu.ub (var.gi a.ra.an.šub): GI.DùG.GA (var. qa-na-a) azqupku STT 197:42, see Cooper, ZA 62 73:21; kur.ra gi.min.tab.ba.gin, Aš mu.un.da.bad.du: ša šaḍâ kīma qa-an šun-na-a ēdiš tunassû (see nesû v. lex. section) Studies Albright 345 r. 5.

a-lal-lu-u = MIN (= na-[an]-sa-bu) šá GI Malku IV 144; x-du-šu = ki-is-ru ša qa-ni-e (var. GI) Malku II 81, dupl. CT 51 175 ii 12; for Malku II 83 see bišbišu.

GI.GIR gi-ir # a-rím-tum # U qa-ni-e . . . GI.TUR # zi-ri # δam -mu qa-ni-e CT 41 30:9 f. (Alu Comm.), cf. ibid. 31 r. 35; GI.SIG adattu # hi-lu δa qa-ni-e ibid. 34.

[gi.bar.r]a.ak : $q\acute{a}$ -[na]-a-am $q\grave{u}$ -[lu]-up OBGT XI ii 21.

Ú GI.ZÚ.LUM.MA: Ú GI.MEŠ *ḫa-ṣa-ṣu-ti* Uruanna II 343; Ú GI.ZÚ.LUM.MA: AŠ GI.MEŠ *ḫa-ṣu-ṣu-te* Uruanna III 18.

1. reed - a) in gen. -1' in econ. context: x gín a- $q\acute{a}$ -nu-e x shekels for reeds TCL 20 176:5, also BIN 4 169:14, TCL 14 14:37, 5 MA.NA $q\acute{a}$ -nu-e OIP 27 55:16, dupl., wr. qá-nu-we BIN 4 162:25; qá-nu-e lupahhir u essī he should collect reeds, also wood TCL 20 97:20, cf. e-sí ù qá-nu-e VAT 13532:7, GI SIG₅(?) \hat{u} e- $\hat{s}i$ RA 58 60 Sch. 4:12, see von Soden, RA 60 151, cf. qánu-um (in similar context) ICK 2 86:16; qá-nu-e lizbilam let him carry the reeds to me CCT 3 48b:18; 3 kutānī i-qá-na-im tišapkim ištapku they stored three kutānu textiles at the time of storing the reed Contenau Trente Tablettes Cappadociennes 15:8 (all OA); GI qá-nu-um mali iliam lu kasim all reeds that have grown(?) should be cut CT 52 112:15 (OB let.); 40 GI.HI.A UGU PN PN, IN.TUK PN owes PN, forty reeds YOS 8 90:1, cf. MN GI.HI.A *imannu* ibid. 6, cf. x GI.HI.A... PN ŠU.BA.AN.TI... MN GI. HI.A imannû ibid. 89:1 and 6; GI.HI.A \$\bar{e}{z}\$ nimma liblam (see sênu usage b) VAS 16 141:14, also TCL 17 68:12; x barley ana GI ana kù.dim to a goldsmith for reeds Edzard Tell ed-Der 152:13, also 153:21, 163:8; (several thousand) GI.HI.A namhartum u (for a reed fence, etc.) TCL 18 155:11, and passim in this text (all OB); 10 GI. HI.A liddinunim let them give me ten

(bundles? of) reeds (for making baskets) Kraus AbB 1 5:19; GI.HI.A ša libbim essid [u] ēm kisrim anassah I will cut the reeds in it (the canal bed) and wherever there is an obstruction I will pull (them) out ARM 3 5:49; aššum ga-né-e ša nār GN šalšūtija kî ana bēlija ašapparu it is for the third time that I am writing to my lord about the reeds in the GN canal PBS 1/2 59:4: obscure: 1 ITI 10 ūmī ištu ga-na-a addû $k\bar{i}k\hat{i}$ 20 GAR $la\ mali\ BE\ 17\ 46:7\ (both\ MB);$ GI.MEŠ ša ina nār GN . . . işsidi u GI.MEŠ esidu ... inandin he will harvest the reeds in the Takkiru canal and deliver the reeds he harvested YOS 7 172:5f., cf. GI. MEŠ ina nār GN ul umaššar ibid. 14. see also haşābu A, hāşibu; DUB.MEŠ ša 100 GI. MEŠ ša PN adi 20 GI.MEŠ ina gāt PN₂ tablets concerning one hundred (bundles of) reeds belonging to PN together with twenty (bundles of) reeds in the hands of PN, CT 22 227:8 and 10, and passim (NB let.); GI.MEŠ liqlupu let them peel the reeds ibid. 217:27; iltēt bilat GI.MEŠ qalpūtu one load of peeled reeds BE 8/1 154:11, cf. 30 bilat ša GI.MEŠ makkūr Šamaš VAS 6 2:1; 30 bil-ti gi.meš ša Šamaš ina muhhi PN thirty loads of reeds belonging to Samaš, charged to PN Evetts App. 1:1, also (counted in guzullu's) BRM 1 57:1 and 5, Bagh. Mitt. 5 228 No. 17 iv 12, and see guzullu; kaspa ša ana GI.MEŠ addaššu amahharšu I will collect from him the silver that I gave him for reeds CT 22 175:14; x silver ana KI.LAM ša GI.MEŠ 82-7-14,99:2, cf. 10 GÍN kaspu ana GI.MEŠ ana PN nadin Nbk. 297:1; food and clothing for men [ana] ze-bi-lu šá GI.MEŠ for carrying reeds 82-7-14,1934:3 (all NB); uncert.: §umma... kabût sīsê x x qá-né-e la uz-zi-iz (see kabûtu) CT 4 1:12 (OB let.).

2' in hist. and lit.: Uqnû marşu u qa-ni-e api ana kidinnūti [. . .] (see kidin=nūtu usage d) Lie Sar. 281; māmīt GI ina appari haṣābu the "oath" (incurred by) cutting a reed in the marsh Šurpu III 26, VIII 50; māmīt GI ina riksi šalāpu Šurpu

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III 69; $k\bar{l}ma$ GI $ann\hat{u}$ natpu[ma] as this reed is torn out Dream-book 340 K.8583:9, 343 79-7-8,77 r. 9; $i\bar{s}\bar{a}tu$. . . $\bar{a}kilat$ GI.MEŠ fire consuming the reeds AfO 23 42 Section III (fire inc.); $n\bar{a}\bar{s}$ $\bar{s}amm\bar{i}$ $n\bar{a}\bar{s}$ qa-ni-i the hay carriers, the reed carriers IM 67692:189 $(tam\bar{i}tu, courtesy W. G. Lambert)$.

- 3' in omens: šumma GI MI ina api ittanmar (see apu A usage a) CT 39 22:18, KAR 394 ii 30 (Alu Cat.), cf. šumma GI A.DIR (= adir?) if a reed is CT 39 9:10; šumma ina hirīt āli GI ibašši if reeds appear in a city's moat CT 39 21:160, also ibid. 11:47; [šumma] šahû GI naši if a pig carries a reed KAR 405:1 (all SB Alu).
- b) for specific uses -1' as building material: ina šipik eperī u GI.MEŠ aksirma I dammed (the river) by piling up earth and reeds Lie Sar. p. 48:3; šaplānu GI.MEŠ elāniš na4.meš šadî danni itti iţţî aksīma below I bonded reeds, above heavy mountain stones, with bitumen OIP 2 99:49, cf. GI.MEŠ api u kupê ušatrişa elišun ibid. 105 v 89 (Senn.); 5 GÍN kaspu ana GI u gušūri five shekels of silver for reeds and beams VAS 6 315:12; qa-nu-ú u gušūru ina libbi luşabbit I will put reeds and beams in it (the dividing wall) VAS 15 35:4, cf. ibid. 8; šīm libnāti GI gušūrī dalāti u tibni ša epēš ša $b\bar{\imath}ti$ ša PN (x silver) is the value of the bricks, reeds, beams, doors, and straw for building PN's house Nbn. 231:2, cf. dullu libitti GI gušūri ina libbi ippuš Dar. 330:13, also Dar. 485:11, Nbn. 500:10, Cyr. 177:11, TuM 2-3 117:12, and passim in NB house rentals, Wr. qa-nu-ú BRM 2 1:9; 200 guzullu ša GI. MEŠ ... ana titurru two hundred reed bundles for a causeway Nbn. 753:14; ERÍN. MEŠ gabbi GI.MEŠ u tibna ana mišihšunu imahhari all the men receive reeds and straw for their work assignments BIN 1 40:25, also 29; GI.MEŠ ša ana dullu ša Emes= lam [SUM].NA 82-7-14,1086:7, cf. GI mala $dullu \dots b\bar{e}l\bar{i} \ liddin \ YOS 3 130:10 (all NB);$ note [ša/ina] qá-ne-e ţa-bi lu binûssa let its (the boat's) structure be of good reed Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 126 r. 7 (MB).
- 2' in rit.: 40 GI.MEŠ ša 3 KÙŠ.ÀM... irakkaššunūtu (the šešgallu) ties forty reeds of three cubits each (with date palm bast) RAcc. 145:454; pallurta GI.MEŠ ša gi[salli...] 2 GI.MEŠ ša malū ina muḥḥi aḥāmeš taparrik [you...] a cross of reeds from a reed fence, you place two reeds which are full(?) crosswise one over the other Maqlu IX 60f., see AfO 21 81; bilat GI.MEŠ teleqqi urigallē teppuš (see biltu mng. 1b-1') K.6810:5 and K.8117:5, cited Šurpu p. 61; GI ana šinīšu iḥammi[š] he breaks a reed in two Dream-book 340 K.8583: 14, also ibid. 343 79-7-8,77 r. 13; see also māmītu lex. section, tapširtu, tēliltu.
- 3' for arrows: 2 nubi GI.MEŠ ana šuku-du [...] twenty thousand reeds for [making] arrows HSS 13 100:1 (Nuzi).
- 4' for fuel or torches: if the king lights a brazier for Marduk and ina GI.ḤI.A illik it burns with reeds CT 40 39:43 (SB Alu); aššīku gizillī GI.MEŠ bērūti (see bēru A adj.) AfO 14 142:42 (SB bū mēsiri); šarru IZI.GAR ina GI ana libbišu ú-[...] RAcc. 146:459; see also šuruptu.
- 5' exceptionally, for packing a tablet for shipment: tuppam ina qá-nu-e law: wiama wrap the tablet (inscribed with PN's will) in reeds (i.e., a reed mat?) and (have him bring it with great care) HUCA 40-41 33 L29-574:33 (OA).
- 6' as a cane: aḥḥēa ina qa-ni-e um: daḥḥiş he caned my brothers with a rod CT 22 247:21 (MB let.).
- 7' other uses: 20 GI.MEŠ (with various specifications) EA 22 iii 51-54 (list of gifts ot Tušratta), cf. 1 līm GI.MEŠ šarmu ibid. 47f.; see hussu, irritu, kuninnu, malallû, mihru A mng. 4, urullu, see also qan tup: pāni (part of a reed fence), in lex. section.
- c) in comparisons: $k\bar{l}ma$ $qa-n\acute{e}-e-em$ kupraššu (see $kap\bar{a}ru$ B mng. 1b) BIN 7 19:11, also Kraus AbB 1 37:7; $il\bar{u}$ $k\bar{l}ma$ GI $i\check{s}ubbu$ inarrutu the gods shake and

qanû

tremble like reeds AnSt 8 62 ii 40 (Nbn.), cf. malkī nākirīja kīma qa-ni-e meļjê išubbu the kings hostile to me bend like reeds in a storm Borger Esarh. 57 iv 81, also KAH 2 84:22 (Adn. II), CT 35 26:8 (Asb.); see also qâlu B mng. 1; nišē ša ina libbišu kî GI. MEŠ tuhtassis you broke the people in it (the city) like reeds Cagni Erra IV 67; qadu mātikunu kî gi lihessiska (see hasāsu mng. 3) KBo 1 3 r. 14, also ibid. 1 r. 65 (treaties); mārū Bābili ša kīma ga-ni-e (var. GI) api pāqida la išû (see apu A usage d) Cagni Erra IV 6; malkī la kanšūtišu kīma GI api uhaşşişma Borger Esarh. 97:32, for other refs. see apu A usage d; GI.MEŠ ŠU.SI. MEŠ-šú his fingers are reeds KAR 307:11 (description of a non-pictorial, symbolic representation of a deity).

- d) parts: $t\bar{u}ltu$ ša šà GI [ina] muhhi appišu uhappa (see hepû mng. 7) AMT 105,1 iv 18, cf. AMT 1,3:10; GI.PA.ÚR.GI GI. ŠUL.HI... tasâk (var. [gu-u]r[GI] gu-ur GI.ŠUL.HI) Köcher BAM 398 r. 38, cf. ibid. r. 25, var. from CT 23 41 i 12, see $g\bar{u}ru$, see also kişru mng. 7, habburu; lip $\bar{\iota}$ GI.MEŠ pith (?) of reeds AMT 16,3 i 13 + 12,3 i 7, see also libbu mng. 2f, handu; for l3du, l4l5ff., in lex. section.
- e) types 1' qan appāri marsh reed: see appāru, note imaḥḥarka GI AMBAR ablu the dry marsh reed relies on you (Šamaš) Lambert BWL 322 K.8051:4.
- 2' qan silli: see Hh. VIII 146ff., Hg. A II 41d, in lex. section.
 - 3' qan šalāli: see šalālu s.
- 4' qan šipri: see Hh. VIII 2, in lex. section; ša GI.NUN.ME.TAG iššûnim (hired workmen) who brought reeds for weaving grain baskets TLB 1 64 No. 43:11, see Landsberger Date Palm 7 n. 3.
 - 5' qan tillati: see tillatu.
- f) other occs.: see *lubšu*, *kušīru* lex. section.

2. (a fragrant reed) -a) $qan\hat{u}$: $el\bar{t}am$ ša erēnim u gá-nu-im I 488:5, cited Matouš, ArOr 42 171; ina šaplišunu attabak GI erēna u asa (see asu A usage b-3') Gilg. XI 158; muḥra . . . supālī qa-ni-e ballukkī accept (Samas and Adad) the juniper, the reeds, the (and other aromatic substances offered) BBR No. 75-78:7; [ina libbi] egubbî *šuātu . . .* GI SIKIL . . . tanaddi you put (various substances), pure reed (beads, etc.) into this holy water basin K.2587:23', also (with GI AMBAR) JRAS 1925 43:16, see TuL p. 103; as ingredient of perfume: 3 sìla asa 3 sìla giš.gi hašlūte . . . ana libbi hirsi takarrar you put three silas of myrtle and three silas of chopped reeds into a hirsu bowl Ebeling Parfümrez. 28 i 13, cf., wr. GI(.MEŠ) ibid. 45:20, 31 iv 4, and passim in these texts.

qanû

b) $qan\hat{u} t\bar{a}bu$ "sweet" reed: see Hh. VIII 5, in lex. section; 1 bilat asam dam= qam 1 bilat GI ta-ba-am . . . leqeamma take for me one talent of fine myrtle, one talent of sweet reed VAS 16 36:7, also TCL 18 133:4 (both OB letters), also CCT 4 44b:12 (OA), and passim beside myrtle, see asu A usage b; gi dùg.ga [ana bē]lija ultēbila I sent sweet reed to my lord BE 17 45:5 and 8 (MB let.), cf. PBS 2/2 107:8 (MB); akuli ... GI DÙG.G[A] consume the sweet reed (addressing the fire) AfO 23 41:27 (SB fire inc.); GIŠ.GI DÙG.GA. . . . tahaššal you crush sweet reed KUB 37 1:12 (Bogh. med.), see AfO 16 48, also, wr. qa-na-a ta-[a-ba] KUB 37 55 iii 24, cf. Iraq 31 29:4 (MA med.); GI DÙG.GA (as ingredient in recipes) Küchler Beitr. pl. 2 ii 15, also Köcher BAM 3 iv 17, 396 ii 26, 10 GÍN GI DÙG AMT 84,1 ii 3, also Köcher BAM 216:21, 186:3, AMT 41,1 iv 13, and passim in med.; zīqtu ša GI DÙG.GA tanašši (see zīqtu) ZA 45 44:19, cf. ibid. 42:3 (NA rit.), see also qan tuppi usage a; GI DÙG. GA . . . ina muhhi garakku teşên you pile sweet reed (and other aromatics) on the brazier BRM 4 6:15; ina takkussi GI DÙG.GA ana libbi uzun imittišu tulahhaš through a tube of sweet reed you murmur (the

incantation) into its (the bull's) right ear KAR 60:10 and 13, also 4R 23 No. 1 i 17, see RAce. 26; GI DÙG.GA ina libbi tuzaqqap you set up sweet reeds on it (the sacrificial arrangement) BBR No. 26 iv 32, cf. (with tusannaš) Maqlu IX 25, and passim in rit.; 1.GIŠ GI DÙG.GA ana qaqqadišu tanaddi you put oil of sweet reed on his head AMT 35,2 ii 7, cf. 86,3:7, 92,4 r. 11, Köcher BAM 3 iv 12, and passim in med. and rit.; 30 MA.NA ŠIM GI DÙG.GA TCL 10 81:7, also ibid. 16:12 (OB); 4 ŠIM GI DÙG.GA UET 4 146:2, 147:10, also (preceded by SIM.GIS.ERIN, SIM Surmēni, SIM.GÍR, ŠIM.ŠAL) 82-7-14,2555:7; 2 MA.NA GI DÙG.GA GCCI 2 249:1 (all NB), cf. GI DÙG.GA (among other plants) ADD 1042:9, 1074:12.

- 3. $\operatorname{arrow} \mathbf{a}$) in econ.: 5 $\operatorname{qupp} \bar{u} \check{s} a$ GI.HI.A ša qātija 10 quppū ša GI.HI.A UŠ lu kajānuma rēšam likillu five baskets of arrows at my disposal (?) and ten baskets of arrows in reserve (?) should always be ready ARM 18 9:13 and 15, also ARMT 13 56:11; 5 išpatu 30.TA.ÀM GI.MEŠ-nu ina libbišunu nadû five quivers, in each of them there are thirty arrows HSS 13 195:4, see also išpatu mng. 1c, hillu mng. 3; 1 giš.ban [...] ša urudu.meš 18 gi ša UD.KA.BAR one bow [...] of copper, 18 bronze arrows HSS 15 4:20, also 41 and 52; PN LÚ.ZADIM ša GI.MEŠ PN, the maker of arrows Sumer 32 142 No. 7:2; ša PN 1 GI-šu la damqu HSS 15 21:3, ef. ibid. 33, 18:38 (all Nuzi), possibly to be read šukūdu or šiltāhu.
- b) in lit.: itlul qašta qa-na-a ubilšumma ul ithi ana Anzê qa-nu-ú ittūra he (Ninurta) drew the bow and sent out the arrow against him, but it did not come close to Anzû, the arrow returned RA 46 34:22 f., also ibid. 36:38 f., dupl. STT 19:75 f., cf. qa-nu-um-ma ša tallika tūra apukka (see apu A usage a) RA 46 34:25, 36:41 (SB Epic of Zu); ina tāḥazi GI ana amīli la teḥê that in battle an arrow may not come near a man (incipit of an inc.) CT 22 1:21; GI tāḥazi ana Imgur-Enlil dūr Bābili la taḥê VAB 4 132 vi 22, wr. qá-an ibid. 138 viii 42, 82 i 10, wr. qa-an 196 No. 28:3, and

passim in Nbk., cf. ša lemni . . . qá-an $t\bar{a}$ hazišu ušassīma ibid. 120 iii 31, 138 ix 40
(Nbk.); [gi.te.te] = [MIN (= [si-hi-i]l-tu)
qá-n]i-e MSL 9 97:220 (list of diseases); GI.
HI.A itbalu kirassa ublunim (see kirissu
usage b) KBo 1 11 r.(!) 16, see Güterbock,
ZA 44 122; šumma ina GI mahis if he is
hit by an arrow Dream-book 329 r. ii 20,
cf. [ša ana] $d\bar{u}$ ri . . . qa-a-na inassuku
niksa inakkisu whoever shoots an arrow
against the wall or makes a breach (in
it) MDP 41 66 No. 32A:8 (MB Elam).

- 4. tube, pipe a) of stone: NA_4 illigi: NA_4 qa-nu-ú, NA_4 [s]u-u: NA_4 qa-nu-u Uruanna III 157f., in MSL 10 69:9f., 71:56f.
- b) of metal: qa-nu-u erî a copper q. (in dowry list) Iraq 16 38 ND 2307:33 (NA); 7 qá-nu-u ša mēqīta malû ša hurāsi (see mēqītu usage a) EA 14 ii 3 (list of gifts from Egypt), also ibid. ii 6, cf. 3 qá-nu-u tatbīku ša hurāsi ibid. ii 4.
- c) as a flute: [...u] $\delta \bar{e}riba$ qa-an $hi=d\hat{u}te$ (parallel: $\delta amme$ $r\bar{\iota}\delta \bar{a}te$ $u\delta \bar{e}rib$) CT 34 16:35 (SB lit.); see also 4R 11:27f., in lex. section.
- 5. measuring rod: gi.gán.gíd, gi. gub.gub.ba, gi.níg.[nindá.n]a = qa-an min-da-tum, gi.nig.sar.du.a =MIN ka-a-tum Hh. IX 295 ff., in MSL 9 183, cf. gi.níg.nindá.na = $\S U - ku = qa - an$ min-da-ti Hg. A II 11, in MSL 7 67 and MSL qa-na-am elqēma [mindassu] ul idēma I took a measuring rod, but I did not know its length Sumer 7 39 No. 7:2, also, wr. GI TCL 18 154:34, cf. rēš qá-ni-ia mīnum what is the original (length) of my measuring rod? ibid. 36, cf. ibid. 37, see also middatu mng. 2a; 15 ana bā qa-ni-ka išīma multiply 15 by half of your measuring rod Sumer 7 38 No. 6:6, cf. ibid. 2 (all OB math.); warki ašlim u qá-ni-im pāštum ša DN . . . lillikma eqlam sunniq let the ax of DN go (around the field) after the measuring cord and reed, thus check the (measurements of the) field Kienast

qanû qanû

Kisurra 159:18; muttabbilat ašlu ammat GI. MEŠ ginindanakku (see ašlu mng. 1b) Or. NS 36 118:41 (SB hymn to Gula); see also CT 17 15:20, SBH p. 14 No. 6 r. 17f., in lex. section.

- 6. (a measure of length) a) in metrology: $6 \text{ kùš} = \frac{1}{2}q^{a-nu}\text{NINDA}$, $10 \text{ GI} = \lceil 5 \rceil$ NINDA, $20 \text{ GI} = 10^{as} \cdot [lum]\text{NINDA}$ RA 23 33:6f.; annīti ubānu ša 24 šu.si.meš l kùš ammat zēri u Gi.meš ša l me kùš uš l me kùš sag 5 (Bán) 3 sìla $3\frac{1}{3}$ NINDA šá zēri u Gi.meš this is the "finger" where 24 "fingers" (equal) one cubit, the cubit used for fields and lots, of which (a square of) one hundred cubits' length and one hundred cubits' width equals 33 silas $3\frac{1}{3}$ NINDA of a field or lot BE 20 30 iii 16 and 18 (NB metrological table).
- b) in OB, Mari: sixty firs ša qá-na ša 2 gá-na arku ša 1 síla ša 2 síla kabru which are not less than two reeds long and not less than two silas thick VAS 16 52:6f., cf. 40 ašūhī 2 gi.àm ana simmi: lātim ARM 18 24:6; 7 kuburrê ša 4-a-a ina 1 [KÙŠ] 2 kuburrê qa-na-a-a 10-te ša [...] (correct CAD kuburrû mng. 2) Afo 20 pl. 7:3, see Unger Babylon p. 250, cf. 50 $gu\check{s}\bar{u}r\bar{u}$ ša 2 gi.àm ARM 3 23:11; 2 giš urnu ša 5 gi. Am u 8 giš. Hi. A supālu ša 4 GI.AM ina GN ikkalû two cedars (?) of five reeds' length each and eight juniper trees of four reeds' length each were delayed in Carchemish ARM 14 31:16; [ina $\mathbf{x} \ q \ a - na - tim \ m \bar{a} r a k \ h u n \bar{i} \ [b \bar{i}] \ (see \ m \bar{a} r a k u)$ usage a) ARMT 13 45:7f.; bitqam āmurma 8 GI.HI.A rupšum I looked at the breach, it was eight reeds wide ARM 6 9:7; 2 GI 2 ammātim libbi bītim liškunu let them make the inside of the house two reeds (and) two cubits (wide) ARM 14 25 r. 3 and 6, qušūrī ajānum nileqqêm 4 GI šiddi bītim imtīd 2 gi-ma libbi bītim azzīm šid= dišu liššakin from where shall we take beams? a four-reed length for the house is too much, let the inside of the house be set at only two reeds in accordance with its length ibid. r. 7f.; usukkaša šaplėm

mû iqquruma qa-na u nikkas imtaqut the water destroyed (the bridge's) lower side, and it fell down (over a length of) one reed and three cubits ARM 61:21, cf. l GI mê i-gu-um imla ARMT 13 28:5, also ARM 10 25:13; UŠ.BI 8 GI.MEŠ its (a garden's) length is eight reeds OECT 83:7; uncert.: hamšit qá-ni-e(?) [e-li]-it šitta ammat igartum kabrat the wall is one fifth(?) of a reed high(?), two cubits thick TCL 10 3:1; lūpuš daltam ša qá-na rupussa I want to make a door of one reed's width TIM 9 46:22 (Gilg.), cf. ibid. 24.

- c) in NB: 23 GI.MEŠ 4 KÙŠ iltēt mešhatu 23 reeds four cubits, first measurement (referring to an area 35 by 33 cubits) VAS 5 103:8, cf. 8 GI.MEŠ 1 KÙŠ 4 ŠU.SI (corresponding to twenty by twenty cubits) AnOr 8 51:1, also 28 6 KÙŠ u 8 ŠU. 28 reeds (of seven cubits) SI GI.MEŠ $6\frac{1}{3}$ cubits (corresponding to a trapezoidal plot with sides of 45, 30, 45, and 33 cubits) BIN 2 130:11; 9 GI.MEŠ (corresponding to 18 by 18 cubits) TCL 12 19:1 and 9; 6 GI.MEŠ (corresponding to 18 by 12 cubits) Camb. 403:1, cf. 10 GI.MEŠ 3 KÙŠ 7 ŠU.SI $b\overline{\imath}tu$ epšu $ann\hat{\imath}$ VAS 5 38:18, and passim in this text, also Weissbach Misc. pl. 15 No. 2:1, Nbn. 1128:13, Peiser Verträge 117:14, Nbk. 164:11, and passim in NB, wr. x $qa-nu-\acute{u}$ 2 KÙŠ 7 ŠU.SI Camb. 233:11, cf. ibid. 28; 12 nikkas gi.meš 12½ reeds (corresponding to 25 by 25 cubits) AnOr 9 15:11; 6 GI.MEŠ (corresponding to 18 by 12 cubits) Strassmaier, Actes du 8^e Congrès International No. 8:1 and 10, also ibid. No. 6:1 and 15.
- c) other occ.: $4\times3600 + 3\times600 + 60\times3$ qa-na 2 kùš $nib\bar{\imath}t$ šumija $mi\check{s}ih$ te $d\bar{\imath}u$ išu (see $nib\bar{\imath}tu$ mng. 2b) Winckler Sar. pl. 43:65.
- 7. plot of land: PN šīm GI.MEŠ-šú... maḥir PN received the purchase price of his plot TCL 12 19:18, also Nbn. 26:7, AnOr 8 4:5, VAS 5 113:7, and passim in NB; itti GI. MEŠ ša Eanna bītu šuāti ina lē'i šaṭru (it was found that) this house was entered in the register as belonging with the plots

of Eanna BIN 2 134:30, cf. tuppi GI.MEŠ VAS 5 18:29; tuppi ... ša zēri u GI.MEŠ šuātu Dar. 469:9; mannu ša ... ina muḥḥi GI.MEŠ šuātu idabbubu whoever starts a lawsuit about this plot TCL 12 19:24, cf. GI.MEŠ atar u maṭu Dar. 325:24; makallū ša GI.MEŠ-šu ša PN (see makallū) Dar. 323:19; bītu ša PN ša ina GI.MEŠ ša PN, īpuš house of PN which he built on PN2's plot Evetts Ner. 29:2; GI.MEŠ ša PN ša PN2 ina libbi ašbu PN's plot on which PN2 resides TuM 2-3 24:1; idī qaqqaru ša GI.MEŠ šuāti the rent for the real estate with regard to these plots (referring to 2 GI.MEŠ lines 1 and 8) CT 44 76:14, and passim in NB.

In NB, areas are measured as equivalent to a rectangle of a standard width of one $qan\hat{u}$, so that only the length of this rectangle has to be specified (see ammatu disc. section). This length is then expressed in qanû, ammatu, and ubānu. In NB there are in one qanû either seven cubits (e.g., in BE 20 30 iii 18, VAS 5 103:8, AnOr 8 51:1, BIN 2 130:11, AnOr 9 15:11) or six cubits (e.g., in TCL 12 19:1, Camb. 403:1, Weissbach Misc. pl. 15 No. 2:1). This is probably a consequence of the introduction of a smaller cubit (see ammatu disc. section), although the relations fit only approximately. The entry eš-šá gi = [...] "three GI" CT 18 33 K.8833:6 (= Antagal X) refers to the three greatries of the left side; the text is not a metrological text.

qanû in ša muḥḥi qanâte s.; (a profession); NA*; cf. qanû s.

LÚ šá UGU qa-na-a-te Bab. 7 pl. 6 v 18 (NA list of professions), see MSL 12 240; PN LÚ šá UGU qa-na-te (witness) ADD 618 r. 9 (coll. Ungnad, ARU No. 66).

qanû v.; 1. to keep(?), 2. to buy, acquire, 3. qunnû (unkn. mng.), 4. IV (uncert. mng.); OA, OB, Mari, MB, NA; I iqni - iqanni (OB) and iqnu - iqannu (NA), I/2, II, IV/2; cf. qinītu A.

tu-qa-an-na 5R 45 K.253 vii 40 (gramm.).

- 1. to keep (?): amtam ša ēzibakkum la ta-qá-an-ni-ši ana kaspim idinši the slave girl I left with you, you must not keep (?) her, sell her! CT 33 22:19 (OB let.); [š]a kīma la [r]aksu u erēšam la ile'û ana pūḥāt wattarī [ta-q]a-an-nu-ú šunuma lu wattarū all those who are not bound by a contract and who are not able to do agricultural work (and whom) you keep in reserve as replacements, they are indeed replacements ARM 4 86:34, cf. (in broken context) i-qa-an-ni TIM 9 48 r. ii 19 (šar tamhāri).
- to buy, acquire (NA only): (you swear that) qinītu ša šunu iq-nu-u-ni (var. iq-qi-nu-u-ni) tanaššani you (pl.) will not take away the acquisitions they have acquired Wiseman Treaties 274; [eqle ti kirâti niš[ī ša i]na şillija iq-nu-[ú ē]pušu bīt rame[nišu uza]kkīma I exempted (from taxes) the fields, orchards, and people that he had acquired under my protection and made into his own estate ADD 647:24, see Postgate Royal Grants No. 9, parallel ibid. No. 10:24, 11:24, cf. ammar ša abūa ina şilli šarri iq-nu-u-ni ABL 152:16; ina şilli šarri bēlija LÚ.ZI.MEŠ 5 7 aq-tu-nu under the protection of the king, my lord, I acquired five (to) seven people ABL 1285 r. 23 (coll.); ta-qa-an-nu (in broken context) ABL 1262 r. 5.
- **3.** qunnû (unkn. mng.): [...] li-GA-anni-ma [...] may [Adad?] [his ...] MDP 6 p. 43 iii 8 (MB kudurru), cf. li-GA-anni-[ma] [...] MDP 10 pl. 12 v 3, see Borger, AfO 23 20.
- 4. IV (uncert. mng.): for your own debt bi-ta-ku-nu . . . i-ta-aq-nu your house has been seized(?) CCT 5 8a:11, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 201.

qanūnu see ganūnu B.

qanu'u see qanû s.

qapālu see kapālu.

qapīru s.; (a container); NA.*

1 qa-pi-ru $n\bar{u}n\bar{i}$ one q. of fish ADD 890:2, cf. 2 qa-bir $sulupp\bar{i}$ ADD 942 i 3; ina

qappatu qapû

 $b\bar{a}di\check{s}u$ ina kallamāri 2 DUG qa(?)-pi-ra-ni(?) ussēsi in the evening (and) early in the morning, he (the cook) sent out two q-pots (referred to as $ud\hat{u}$ line 22) ABL 1372 r. 4.

For a Syr. cognate see von Soden, Or. NS 46 192.

qappatu (qabbatu) s.; (a basket made of palm leaves); OB, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and GI.GAM.MA (Lambert BWL 148:73); cf. ēpiš qappāti.

lú.níg.tag.tag = e-piš qap-pa-ti plaiter of q.-baskets Hh. "XXV" A 9, in MSL 12 227, also Nabnitu E 157.

[h]al-ha-lum = $q\acute{a}p$ -pa-tum CT 18 9 K.4233+ ii 8; [...] = $q\acute{a}p$ -pa-du KUB 3 109:3 (unidentified voc.).

- a) in gen.: 2 GIŠ qá-ab-ba-tum (among household utensils) CT 6 20b:10 (OB); ana qa-sap-pal-ti kamis (x gold) has been collected into baskets(?) Sumer 9 34 ff. No. 15:7 (MB), cf. šulmānātu LIBIR.RA(?) ša ina qap-pa-ti šakna UM 29-15-205:34 (MB, courtesy W. van Soldt); (alum received from a merchant) ina libbi 18 qa-ap-pa-ti [...] nadi TuM 2-3 251:6 (NB); note wr. with the log. for kippatu: amēlu ša usātam ana mātišu ippuš šakna usātušu ina GI. GAM.MA (var. qap-pat) ša Marduk man who provides help to his country, his deeds are placed in the basket of Marduk Lambert BWL 148:73.
- b) beside tools used in agriculture and digging: MAR.AN.BAR.[MEŠ] qa-ap-pa-a-tú u hišihti ša dullu ša nāri innaššunūtu give them (the farmers) iron spades, q-baskets, and (all) that is necessary for the task of (cleaning) the canal BIN 1 60:17, cf., wr. qáp-pat-ti ibid. 45:29, also eleven shekels (of silver) ana qap-pa-a-ta ana dullu ša muḥhi [...] UCP 9 114 No. 60:63, cf. ibid. 1, 49; [x]+7 zabbilu ... [x q]a-ap-pa-at (parallels: [x] GAL AN.BAR.MEŠ and marri) 82-7-14,1770:3; 45 qa-ap-pa-a-[ti] u 10 zab-bi-la-a-[nu] GCCI 1 308:8, cf. ibid. 375:1; qáp-pa-tum zab-bi-lu mazrutti (following a list of plants in the royal garden)

CT 14 50:68; 10 qa-ap-pa-a-ti... ana bīt kādu šūbul ten q.-s have been brought to the outpost (among items for a soldier's equipment) YOS 6 237:4, cf. 10 qa-ap-pa-a-ti ina pan PN rab bīt kīli ibid. 7; qa-ap-pa-a-tu išāmma šūbilam take and send the q.-s here (immediately) UCP 9 57 No. 1:5; X GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana qap-pa-a-ti GCCI 1 55:7; hummušu ana qáp-pat.meš BIN 1 162:16 (all NB).

c) in NB date grove contracts (part of the dues payable by a tenant): itti 1 GUR... darīku u 2-ta qap-pa-a-tum inandinu' per gur (of dates) they (the tenants) will deliver (various by-products and) a darīku container and two baskets VAS 3 150:8, wr. 1-en qap-pa-tum ibid. 61:15, wr. qa-ab-ba-a-tum Nbn. 973:12; also 4-ta qa-ap-pa-tum 4 zabbilānu 4 darīkānu itti inandin Strassmaier Liverpool 12:9; 2-ta qa-ap-pat PN SÀ u mangaga ețir VAS 6 288:12; 12-ta qa-ap-pa-tum PN ana bīt karê ittadin (after libbilibbi and mangagu) Nbn. 271:4, 9, and 13.

If the broken passage we (the thieves) took 1 nashiptu appātu parzilli [x qa]-ab-ba-tum parzilli 3 mar.an.bar.meš u túg mu-şip-e-tum (see appatu B) Anor 8 27:10 is correctly restored, it would indicate that qappatu also designated an iron tool; in that case some of the refs. cited usage b may also refer to such a tool.

Landsberger Date Palm p. 45 and 53.

qapsīdu (or qabsīdu) s.; (part of a garment); OB.*

sissiktam qá-ap-si-da-am tanaddi you lay down the hem (and) the q. (for cleaning) UET 6 414:4, cf. sissikat qá-apsi-di-im tupattar ibid. 9, see Iraq 25 183.

qapû v.; to rise; SB*; Aram. lw.

 $pag\hat{u}$ | $uq\bar{u}pi$ ša $app\bar{\imath}ta$ šu ana $pan\bar{\imath}$ šu qa-pa-at | qa-pu | [. . .] (see $app\bar{\imath}tu$) BRM 4 32:23 (med. comm.).

For Aram. $q^e p \bar{a}$ see von Soden, Or. NS 37 263.

qāpu qâpu A

qāpu s.; (mng. unkn.); Akkadogram in Hitt.*

[1 G]I.PISAN.TUR ŠÀ- $\mathring{S}U$ 1 QA-A-PU DU₈. ŠÚ.A one small basket inside which is one q. of $du\mathring{S}u$ stone(?) KUB 42 20:5'; [1 G]I.PISAN.TUR 1 QA-A-PU ibid. 18 ii 4'.

qâpu A (qiāpu) v.; 1. to believe, to give credence to, to trust, (in the stative and inf.) to have reliable information, 2. to entrust someone with a task, with valuables, to entrust something to someone, 3. to entrust silver or goods for trade or on consignment, 4. to make a qīptu loan, 5. II to guarantee, 6. IV to be believed, 7. IV to be entrusted; from OAkk. on; I iqīp — iqâp (earlier iqiap), pl. iqippu — qīp, I/2, I/3 (iq-tí-ni-a-áp CCT 4 22b:48), II, IV; cf. muqippu, qajiz pānu, qajipānūtu, qajipu, qīptu, qīptu in bēl qīpti, qīptu in bīt qīpti, qīptu adj. and s., qīpūtu.

šu.lá.e = qa-pu (var. qi-a-pu) ša mim-ma, eš. dé.a = MIN ša mim-ma, giskim.ti = MIN ša qi-ip-tim (var. a-wa-ti), tam = MIN ša libbi, šà.tam = MIN ša libbi, qi-pu Nabnitu J 74 ff.; [šà]. [ta]-amUD = qa-[a-pu], giskim.ti = MIN šá a-[mat] Antagal A 149 f.; [...] x = ta-li-mu, qa-a-pu, te-bi-ti VAT 10426:29 ff. (Erimhuš a), cf. qa-a-pi te-bi-[ib-ti] Hunger Uruk 27:7.

giskim.t[i.la.šè] = a-na qip-ti, giskim.t[i.la] = qa-a-pu, giskim.t[i.la.dè] = a-na qa-a-pi, eš.d[é.a] = [qa-a-pu] Ai. II i 66 ff.; šu.l[á] = [qa-a-pu], šu.lá.šè = a-na [MIN], šu.lá = qi-[ip-tu] ibid. 74 ff.

qí-ip nap-šá-a-tum // qa-a-pa // na-da-nu JNES 33 332:44 (med. comm.).

1. to believe, to give credence to, to trust, (in the stative and inf.) to have reliable information — a) in gen.: adi zakûtam nišme'u la ni-qí-ip until we received definite information we did not believe (it) TCL 19 71:8; šumma la ta-qí-pá qātī maḥṣama if you do not have confidence (about the affair), refuse to take part in it for me Or. NS 36 396 n. 2c:33; aššum awâtim ša PN iqbûkum umma attama ul qí-pa-ku as for the words PN spoke to you, you (said) thus: I do not believe (it)

Kraus AbB 1 46:29, cf. (in broken context) ul qí-ip TCL 18 140 r. 3'; mīnam [l]ibbum li-qi-ip how can one believe? Bagh. Mitt. 2 57 ii 7 (early OB let.); $k\bar{\imath}ma$. . . $ina\ s\bar{u}niki$ nīluma aq-ti-ip I have been led to believe that he slept with you TCL 1 10:23 (OB let.); šumma ahua ul i-qa-a-ap aradka . . . lilli= kam li-di-in-zu if my brother does not believe (him), your servant should come and accuse him in court KBo 1 10 r. 30 (let.); Šamaš... gabbi la a-qí-pi (I swear) by Šamaš that I believe all of it YOS 3 151:9 (NB); la i-qi-pu ša šarru illakuni they do not believe that the king will come Iraq 17 23 No. 1:30 (NA let.); adi mannu šulum ana šarri igabbû kî šarru i-qip-pi how can the king believe (the omen) until someone speaks a greeting to the king? ABL 1006 r. 6 (NB, = Thompson Rep. 268); issurri šarru bēlī la i-qí-ap perhaps the king, my lord, does not believe (me) ABL 565 r. 6 (NA); nišmû ul ni-qip we heard (it) but did not believe (it) (in broken context) ABL 1366:6 (NB); qí-i-pa believe me! (exclamation) Lambert BWL 204 col. B 5; šumma ul qí-ip if he is not trusting (?) ZA 43 104 iii 58 (Sittenkanon); in personal names: Mannu-i-qa-pa Who-Would-Believe-It? Speleers Recueil 298:26, wr. Mannu-i-qa-pi BRM 2 21:32, 24:30, 26:26, VAS 15 42:24, UET 4 60 r. 6, but Man-na-i-qip-pu ibid. 37:15, also Mannu-i-qa-pu CT 4 41b:13, TCL 6 48 r. 12, BIN 2 135:38, and passim in BRM 2, TCL 13. BE 10.

b) to give credence to a person, a report, to trust: ula abī atta mā ana 10 še. GUR ula tá-qí-pá-an-ni are you not my father? what? do you not trust me for ten gur of barley? MAD 5 2:7 (OAkk. let.); šūt iṣṣērija awīlma mā šuwāti ta-qí-ip-ma jâti ula ta-aq-tí-pá-ni what? is he more of a gentleman than I am that you trusted him but you did not trust me? CCT 4 3b:24f. (OA let.); atta ul ta-qí-pa-an-ni u bītī taḥšušma tuštērib you did not trust me but promptly brought him into my house (instead) TCL 18 144:11, cf. minde šunūti

qâpu A qâpu A

ul ta-qí-a-[ap] maybe you do not trust them? PBS 7 84:17; amatki ul ta-qí-pí-i do you not trust your servant? TCL 1 25:9, cf. (obscure) a-di bu-ši i-qi-ip(?) ibid. 34 (all OB letters); ašappar<šu>nūšim ula i-qí $pu-ni-in-\langle ni \rangle$ -ma I write to them but they do not believe me UET 5 72:17 (OB let.); $[\ldots]$ -us-ku-nu-šim-ma la ta-qip-pa-[x]ABL 1304:13; $\delta \bar{a}ru$ la ta-qi-pa- δu words) are but wind, do not believe him ABL 301:6, cf. šarru bēlâ la i-gáp-šú ABL 266 r. 6 (all NB); mannu i-qa-ap-šu-nu who will believe them (the envoys)? EA 1:40 (let. from Egypt), cf. u la aq-ti-ip-šu-nu EA 20:19 (let. of Tušratta); URU Sumuri inan= nama [in]a hamuttiš ubannīši [in]anna liqí-pa-an-ni inūma ubanni Sumuri I will now rebuild the city of GN immediately, now (my lord) may believe me that I will rebuild GN EA 159:45 (let. of Aziri); šumma awâti ša mār šipri ana amâti ša tuppi mithar mār šipra an-nu-me-e-am RN qíip-šu u šumma . . . ul mithar RN mār šipra lu la ta-aq-qí-ip-šu if the words of the messenger correspond to the words of (this) letter, trust that messenger, O RN, but if they do not correspond, O RN, do not trust the messenger KBo 1 5 iv 36, 38 (treaty); ikkêm awassunu a-qí-ip therefore I believed their words Laessøe Shemshara Tablets p. 33 SH 920:33, cf. qibīssunu la a-qíip-ma OECT 1 pl. 24 i 53 (Nbn.), cf. also [a] $m\hat{a}ti\check{s}unu \dots [ul?]$ $a-q\acute{i}-ip-ma$ VAS 1 56:5; tammar . . . kî kīmê šarru rabû ip= puššunūti u atta RN ina arki ūmī amâte ša šarri rabî bēlika ta-qa-a-ap vou will see how the great king will treat them, and you, RN, will in the future believe in the words of the great king, your lord MRS 9 36 RS 17.132:29, cf. šumma amata qí-pu šumma la qí-pu KUB 3 56:3 (let.); ašar īnāja immar[a] elê sābim ul a-qí-a-ap even if I see it with my own eyes, I will not believe that the troops are coming up ARM 2 51:15; šatāri ša ina narî šat-ri qí-paan-ni šina pirsātu la tagabbi believe what is written on this monument, do not say: These are lies VAB 3 63 § 56:98, see von

Voigtlander Bisitun p. 42, cf. § 60:101, cf. mannu ša . . . šat $\bar{a}ri$. . . [l] a i-qi-ip-pi [i] qabbiumma pirṣātu šina ibid. § 58:100 (Dar. Behistun); amēlu ša ana muhhi [amē] lu idabbub agāšû ul a-qa-pa adi muhhi dibbī ša [kilal= l]ēšunu ašemmû I do not believe a man who accuses another until I have heard the statements of both Herzfeld API p. 6:14 (Dar. Nb), see Borger apud Hinz AFF 57; PN and PN2 have fled enna agâ nišū ul qí-pu-na-ši now people have no trust in us (any more) BIN 1 49:12; minû iqabbûnimma ina muhhi ardi ša bīt bēlišu irammu u anāku a-qippu-' what could they say about a servant who loves the house of his lord and whom I trust? ABL 290 r. 13; ša ak-ri-ka-a' kî la ta-qí-pan-ni lu pašir (obscure) YOS 3 158:8; [...] i-qa-pa DIN-su ABL 1335 r. 20; li-qi-pu-ni (in broken context, end of let.) ABL 255 r. 6 (all NB); erradanim aššum qí-pa-a-ku rāimī they (fem.) come down to me because I (still) trust my lover JCS 15 9 iv 10 (OB lit.); šarrum māssu u wardīšu i-qí-a-ap the king can trust his country and his servants (parallel: i-te-e-ep 24:25) YOS 10 25:18 (OB ext.); i-qipu-ú-ni (in broken context) Knudtzon Gebete 64:5.

- c) (in the stative and inf.) to have reliable information: ana qé-ep awâtim RN ana RN₂ išpuram to get trustworthy information on these matters RN wrote to RN₂ RA 35 184 c 43 (Mari let.); PN ša illak[a āta]mar u . . . alāka ša [. . .] annīti ul qípa-ku I myself saw that PN had arrived, but of the coming of this [woman] I have no trustworthy information JCS 6 144:9 (MB let.), cf. PN ul illak u PN₂ ul qí-pa-ku PN will not go (to his duty), moreover, I do not trust PN₂ TLB 4 51:20 (OB let.).
- 2. to entrust someone with a task, with valuables, to entrust something to someone a) in leg. and letters: šumma awīlum awīlam ana panī eqlišu uzuzzim īgurma [a]ldām [i]-qí-ip-šu [AB].GUD.ḤI.A [i]pqissum [ana] [eqlim] erēšim urakkissu if a man hires another man to take care

qâpu A qâpu A

of his field and entrusts to him the stored barley and hands over to him the oxen (and) contracts with him for the cultivation of the field (if that man steals the seed or the fodder, they cut off his hand) CH § 253:74; [šumma a'īlu . . .] lu ìR mimma *šumšu gabba qí-ip* $[\ldots]$ KAV 6 r. 10, cf. $\delta a \ b \bar{\imath} s s u \ q i - p u - n i$ ibid. 13 (Ass. Code C \S 9), see David, Symb. Koschaker p. 135f.; muḥḥi annīti āla qí-pa-ku-ma moreover, I am entrusted with the city PBS 1/2 73:35 (MB let.), cf. mimma ul qí-pa-ku ARM 18 15 GIŠ [...] ... ša Eanna ina qātē PN LÚ qalla ša bēlija qí-i-p[u] [..., the ...] of Eanna, are entrusted to PN, my lord's slave TCL 9 78:18 (NB let.).

- b) in lit.: Nannaru (var. [ka]kkabšu) uštēpā mūša iq-ti-pa he made the moon (var. his star) appear, entrusting (to it) the night En. el. V 12; nēreb kiṣṣi...i-qip-šú Enlil Enlil entrusted to him (Anzû) the entrance to the sanctuary CT 15 39 ii 3 (SB Epic of Zu).
- c) in royal insers.: enūma Marduk ... $b\bar{e}l\bar{u}t$ $m\bar{a}ti\check{s}u$ i-qi-pa-an-ni when Marduk entrusted to me the rulership of his country VAB 4 262 i 17 (Nbn.), also OECT 1 p. 33:21, cf. *īnum Marduk* . . . *bēlūti kiššat* nišī i-qi-pa-an-nim VAB 4 122 i 42, also 112 i 14, 120 iii 38, 124 i 64, 140 ix 51 (all Nbk.); šibirri kīnu mušallim nišī ana bēlūtam lu i-qi-pi-im(!) he (Marduk) entrusted to me, for exercising rulership, a legitimate scepter that keeps the people in safety ibid. 216 i 32 (Ner.); nišī rapšātim ša DN bēlī jâti i-qí-pa-an-ni the widespread peoples whom Marduk, my lord, entrusted to me ibid. 146 ii 14, cf. ibid. 174 ix 6 (both Nbk.), cf. ušatbâmma . . . šarrāni rubê šakkanakkē u ummānija rapšāti ša Sin Šamaš Ištar bēlēja jâti i-qí-pu-nu ana epēšu Ehulhul ibid. 220 i 45 (Nbn.); kaspa NA4.NA4 ni-siq-tum šū: gurūti . . . bišīti mātitān hisbi kala dadmū DN bēlī jāti i-qi-pa-an-ni Marduk, my lord, entrusted to me silver, choice precious stones, products from all countries, treasures from all inhabited regions

PBS 15 79 i 25 (Nbk.), cf. VAB 4 284 ix 22 (Nbn.); uncert.: [a]na šarrāni mārēja ša itti lìb-bi-\langleia\rangle uštammūma ina qa-a-pi in entrusting(?) to the kings, my sons, what I had planned OIP 2 81:24 (Senn.), see Jacobsen, OIP 24 37 n. 37.

3. to entrust silver or goods for trade or on consignment $-\mathbf{a}$) in $\mathbf{OA} - \mathbf{1'}$ silver: kaspum išti PN illakam išti qaqqidišu rakis DAM.GÀR ula i-qí-a-áp ú-la ezzibam the silver will go with PN, it has been bound to his person, he will not give it on consignment to a tamkāru nor lend it on credit (to a third party) ICK 2 104:8 (OA transport contract), see Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 28 n. 37, cf. (in broken context) DAM.GAR $\lceil \acute{u} \rceil - \lceil l\acute{a} \rceil$ $\lceil i - qi \rceil - \lceil ap \rceil$ \acute{u} -l \acute{a} e-zi-ba-amICK 2 238:1, also CCT 1 1a:13; x kaspam ša atta u PN tamkāram ta-qí-pá-ni tušēbilanim TCL 14 5:6; kaspam ša ašrakamma i-qí-pu-ni lušēbilam should send me the silver that he has entrusted for trade there BIN 4 26:39, cf. (silver) ša ina GN PN u PN, i-qí-pu-ni ibid. 12; x kaspum ša šēp PN ša a-u₄-me qurbūtim ta-qí-pá-ni x silver from PN's caravan, that you had entrusted (to a merchant) for a short-term (venture) ibid. 6; aşşēr kaspim ša šēp PN u PN2 ša tagí-pá-ni ippanîmma wāsêm šēbilanim in addition to the silver from the caravan of PN and PN2 that you have entrusted (to a merchant), send me (some more) with the next messenger CCT 2 1:18; ina x kaspim şarrupim hubul PN . . . ša PN₂ i-qi-pu (case adds $-\delta u$) out of x refined silver, debt of PN, that PN, had entrusted to him TCL 21 247 A:5 (tablet), B:6 (case); X kaspum ša PN u PN2 PN3 i-qí-pu-ni ina ūmēšu mal'ūtim kaspam PN, ušašgilma (as for) the x silver which PN and PN₂ entrusted to PN₃, when his term was up I made PN₃ pay the silver CCT 2 36b:6; [x $kaspum \, \check{s}a \dots ina] \, \text{GN PN } i\text{-}qi\text{-}pu\text{-}\check{s}u\text{-}[ni]\text{-}$ ma ina tuppišu [tamkārum] waddûni (concerning) x silver that PN had lent him in GN. while his tablet was made out to

qâpu A qâpu A

"creditor" ICK 1 175:4; see also q\(\bar{t}\)ptu mng. 3.

merchandise: ana itatlim liddinu la uššuru la i-qí-pu adi kaspum errubu annakam u şubātī la uššuru they should sell (the merchandise) for cash, they must not release (it) (to a merchant) or give (it) on consignment, until the silver comes in they must not release the tin and the textiles KTS 20 r. 13', also TCL 20 130:x+18, x+42, CCT 2 5b:14, cf. annakam u subātī la tuššarama la ta-qí-pá annakam u subātī ana itaţlimma dinama (see naţālu mng. 9b) ICK 1 189:29; concerning the tin and the textiles lu ana GN aşşēr PN tušēbilani lu PN, ilge lu tamkāram ta-qí-pá têrtakunu lillikam send me your (pl.) report as to whether you sent them to GN to PN's address, or whether PN2 has received (them) or whether you gave (them) to a merchant on consignment (parallel: lu ina şēr tamkārim taddina whether you gave them to a merchant TCL 19 31:23) TCL 4 17:12; PN mimma la ta-qi-ap . . . uina GN mimma la ta-qí-ap assurri mamman \bar{e} ta-qí-ip-ma . . . libbaka \bar{e} imras do not give PN anything on consignment, and in GN do not give anything on consignment, if possible, do not give anything on consignment lest you regret it CCT 4 18a:8, 10, and 11; ša qí-a-pì-im ni-qí-ip ú šittam batiq u wattur niddamma kaspam nušeb: balakkum (all) that could be given on consignment we gave on consignment, the rest we will sell at any price and we will send you the silver (obtained) TCL 14 22:5 f., cf. (in broken context) BIN ana ša qí-ip-tám ta-aq-tí-pu 4 28:28; jāti ana magārim tātanahma ta-aq-tí-ap i-a-am annikī u şubātīja šaniūtim ta $aq-ti-\acute{a}p(\text{text}-\text{NI})-ma$ concerning the fact that you have given consignments you have indeed exerted yourself in giving consignments to please me! You gave my own tin and textiles on consignment to others (and certainly did give me honor in the $k\bar{a}ru$) HUCA 39 13 L29-559:34 ff. (coll.);

x copper šīm 3 emārī ša tamkāram taqi-pu the price for three donkeys that you gave to the merchant on consignment Kienast ATHE 37:20; (tin, textiles, one black donkey) ana x kaspim ana 47 hamšātim PN . . . i-qi-ip he gave on consignment to PN for 47 hamuštu periods for x silver BIN 4 61:40, cf. naphar kaspika PN i-qi-ip ibid. 30, x tin and textiles ana x URUDU PN u PN, i-qi-pu KTS 55a:6; x silver δa ana ūmē qurbūtim ta-qí-pu which you gave on short-term consignment CCT 6 19a:22; (I hear that) x kaspam ina luqūtija ammakam ša kīma jāti i-qí-pu-kà . . . $\check{s}umma$ $\check{u}m\check{u}ka$ iti.1.Kam \grave{u} iti.2.Kam ahhuru kaspam šugul my representatives gave you there x silver('s worth) of my merchandise on consignment, (even) if you have a few months before your payment falls due, pay the silver (now) Hecker Giessen 42:8; luqūtī ša ta-qí-pá-ni ūmū tamkārī šunūti aḥhurūni (do you (pl.) not hear that regarding) my merchandise which you gave on consignment, those merchants' time is not yet up? TCL 4 14:18, cf. ūmū tamkārīja ša ina Kāniš ta-qí-pá-ni mal'u...tamkārī kaspam šašqilama ibid. 6; cf. \hat{u} a-wa-tim [. . .] e-ta-wu-ú ša š $\bar{e}p$ PN [...] PN DUMU PN, la qí-pá-ku-ma VAT 13482:9'; annikī u şubātīja ša ta-qí-pu-šu inūmišuma kaspam išqul (concerning) my tin and my textiles that you gave him on consignment, at the time appointed for him he paid the silver TCL 19 22:23, cf. PN ša ta-qí-pu-šu CCT 2 3:3; note in I/3: adi kaspum errubu annakam u şubātī la uššar anāku ana itaţlim aštanap: paraššum šūt qí-pá-a-tim iq-tí-ni-a-áp until the silver comes in he must not release the tin and the textiles – I keep giving him instructions to sell for cash (only), but he keeps giving credit CCT 4 22b:48.

b) in OB: šumma tamkārum [kaspam] šamallâm i-qi-ip-ma (var. KÙ.BAB[BAR i]-qi-im-ma) if a merchant entrusts silver

to an agent CH § 107:69; assum x kù. BABBAR ša ana NAM.TAB.BA PN PN, i-qipu as for x silver, which PN entrusted to PN₂ for a partnership venture HSM 7503:3, cited Dole Partnership Loans in the Old Babylonian Period (Harvard Ph. D. Diss. 1965) p. 99; i-qí-pa-am īzibamma ummiānum ul išemmīšu ana nāš tuppišu KÙ. BABBAR ì.Lá.E even if he (the partner) entrusts (the silver) for trade or lends it (to a third party), the creditor will not accept (that as an excuse), he (the partner) has to pay the silver to the holder of his note VAS 9 183:7 (case) and 182:7 (tablet); qi-ipta-am [b]abtam ummiānum ul ilammad i-qí-pa-am izzibamma ana šâšimma illak u iturramma Kù [î.LÁ].E (see qīptu mng. 3b) TIM 3 124:11, cf. in Sum. formulation: giskim àm.ti.la ù àm.mi.ib.tak. tak4 um.mi.a nu.ub.zu.zu PBS 8/2 151:17; i-qí-ip-pa izzibamma ana babti u šihit harrāni ummānu ul šūhuz if he entrusts (the silver) for trade or lends (it to a third party), the creditor is not liable for outstanding debts or (loss due to) highway robbery MDP 23 271:5, also 270:3, wr. [i-qi]-ip-pu-ni i-zi-bu-ni-im-maibid. 272:6; i-qi(!)-pa-am i-zi-ba-a[m] ina $k\bar{i}si\check{s}u$ [...] Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 28:9.

4. to make a q\(\bar{i}ptu\) loan: $s\ar{a}b\bar{i}tum\ \slash a$ šikaram u še'am i-qí-pu mimma ša i-qí-pu ul ušaddan a woman tavern keeper who made a qīptu loan of beer or barley cannot collect anything that she has loaned out (after the remission of debts) Kraus Edikt § 15':11f., cf. x barley ša PN PN₂ i-qi-puYOS 12 212:9; x kaspam hu-bu-li PN PN2 īpul PN ul uhtabbal mimmūša annûm ana hubulliša ul izzaz ša še'am u kaspam i-gípu-ši (var. i-qi-ip-pu-ši) ina mi-im-mu-ša *ītelli* PN₂ has paid x silver, PN's debt (liable to interest). PN will not contract any more debts, none of the aforementioned property will serve as collateral for her debts, any (nadītu) who makes a q\(\bar{v}\)ptu loan to her of barley or silver forfeits what she lent (adoption)

CT 47 63:35, var. from 63a:34 (case); uncert.: 190 GUR ZÍZ.AN.NA . . . UGU PN qí-pa-[. . .] Syria 16 194:5 (RS); PN's sister's son PN₂ kaspam i-qí-ip-šu-ma kīma i-qí-pu-šu ilteqe A 7543:11f. (OB let.), cf. Kraus, AbB 5 229:7.

- 5. II to guarantee: PN and PN₂ received the sale price (of the slave girl) PN₃ PN₄ *u-gi-ip* PN₃ assumed the guarantee for PN₄ Owen Lewis Coll. 102:9 (OAkk.), and see *muqippu*.
- 6. IV to be believed: ēma salīmim u damqātim nīš ilim innerrišu adi napištim lapātim libbum la iq-qí-ip-pu u ša šattišu nīš ilim ūteddišu (do you not know that) wherever (there are) peaceful and friendly relations, no (treaty under) oath is required, there is mutual trust without touching the throat (in the ceremony), and there is no need to take a new oath every year? Bagh. Mitt. 2 59 iv 18 (early OB let.).
- 7. IV to be entrusted a) merchandise: give the tin and my textiles to a trustworthy merchant on short-term credit šumma a-u₄-me qurbūtim la ibašši kīma i-qi-pu-ni annakam u subātīja ana tamkārim kēnim . . . dina if short-term credit is impossible, give my tin and textiles under whatever conditions they can be entrusted to a trustworthy merchant CCT 5 5a:17, cf. TCL 4 26:9 (OA).
- b) persons: kaspum u luqūtum aššumi PN eqlam ettiq tamkārum ula i-qí-áp the silver and the merchandise will go overland in the name of PN, no agent will receive consignments CCT 1 la:13 (OA); ina qāti wardim u amtim tamkārum u sābītum kaspam še'am . . . adi mādim ul imaḥḥar mār awīlim la zīzu u wardum ul iq-qí-a-ap the merchant or the tavern keeper do not accept silver or barley or other goods from a slave or a slave girl, a coparcener or a slave is not given a qīptu loan (of silver or barley) Goetze LE § 16:1.

qâpu B qâpu B

Edzard Tell ed-Dēr p. 59; Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 419ff.

qâpu B (qâbu) v.; 1. to buckle, to cave in, 2. III to cause to collapse; OB, SB; I $iq\bar{u}p - iq\hat{a}p$, I/2, III (only stative $\check{s}uq\bar{u}z$ pat attested); wr. syll. and DIRI (CT 38 28:21); cf. qajapu adj., quppu adj.

[di-ri] SI.A = $q\acute{a}$ -a-pu- \acute{u} Proto-Diri 6; [di-ri] [SI.A] = qa-a-pu & \acute{a} IZ.ZI Diri I 40; diri.ga = MIN (= qa-[a-pu]) & \acute{a} i-ga-ri (in group with $q\acute{a}pu$ A) Antagal A 151; e E = qa-a-pu S^b II 242.

iz.zi.diri.ga ugu.na im.ma.an.šub: igāru ša i-qu-up-pu elišu imtaqut the wall that was buckling fell on him Ai. IV iv 24, cf. é.libir.ra iz.zi diri.ga sig4.BAD an.dub.ús.e : bīta labīra igāra ša i-qu-up-pu imda immid ibid. 16; a.lá. hul é.gar, dîrî.ga.gin, (GIM) lú.ra in.gul. u₈.a hé.me.en: MIN *ša kīma igāri i-qup-pu-ma* eli amēli [i'] abbatu atta whether you be an evil alû demon which, like a wall, buckles and (Sum. like a buckling wall) falls upon a man CT 16 27:4f.; bàd ud.kib.nunki.bi lú.kúr.ra [s]ùh. sùh.e.ne in.sig.ga bi.diri.[ga]: dūru Sippar ša ina ešâti nakri īnišu i-qu-pu the wall of Sippar which deteriorated and collapsed during the disorders (caused) by the enemy (Šamaš-šum-ukīn); [...].me.a bàd.sig4 zil.lá [...]: eli lemnini dūru ša i-qú-pu limqut may the buckling wall fall upon our enemy Lambert BWL

eper d $\bar{u}ri$ Sub-ti . . . Sub-ti sa $iqb\hat{u}$ assu si.a $/\!\!/$ $/\!\!/$ $/\!\!/$ $/\!\!/$ $/\!\!/$ $/\!\!/$ $/\!\!/$ 4a-a-pa sá é.gar $_8$ JNES 33 332 :50 (med. comm.).

1. to buckle, to cave in -a) in leg.: šumma igārum i-qa-am(var. -ap)-ma bab: tum ana bēl igāri ušēdīma igāršu [la] ú-⟨dan⟩-nin-ma igārum imqutma mār awīlim uštamīt if a wall is buckling and the city quarter (as authority) brings it to the attention of the owner of the wall, but he does not reinforce the wall, and the wall collapses and kills a man Goetze LE § 58 cf. (in similar, broken context) [i]-qa-ap-ma K.15046:3 (copy of OB laws), in Bezold Cat. Supp. 152, see von Soden, ArOr 17/2 373; šumma itinnum bītam ana awīlim īpušma šipiršu la uštesbīma igārum ig-tuup if a builder constructs a house for a man but does not do it according to specifications, so that the wall buckles CH § 233:96.

- b) in lit.: šumma ina libbi āli igārātu i-qub-ba if in a city the walls collapse Bab. 4 110:13 (SB prodigies), see Oppenheim, JNES 33 199; birat $d\bar{u}r$ nakri $i-q\acute{a}-a-\lceil ap\rceil$ the citadel of the enemy fortress will collapse KAR 428 r. 49 (SB ext.); šumma ina $b\bar{i}t \ am\bar{e}li \ hur[d]\bar{a}ti \ i-qu-[pa]$ if the beams in a man's house buckle CT 40 7:59 (SB Alu); šumma KI.MIN GIM ŠUB É DIRI-ma if ditto (= in a man's house) (something) looking like appears CT 38 28:21, with comm. [GIM \S UB] $\acute{\text{E}}$ DIRI-ma = ki-ma mi-qit $\acute{\mathbf{E}}$ i-qu- $\overset{he}{p}e$ - $p\acute{i}$ e $\overset{s}{\delta}$ - $\overset{s}{\delta}\acute{u}$ CT 41 25 r. 8; enūma igār bīt ili i-qa-pu when the wall of the temple buckles RAcc. 34:1, also 40:1, 42:22, 24, wr. i-qa-a-ap ibid. 44:1; $k\bar{\imath}ma\ ig\bar{a}ri\ \check{s}a\ i-qu-up-p[u\ldots]$ like a wall that buckles AfO 19 51:90; omen concerning RN ša ina É dutu ina elūnim [igārum?] i-qú-ma imqutaššum whom [a wall?], having buckled, fell in the Šamaš temple at the elūnu festival YOS 10 1:4 (OB liver model).
- c) in royal insers.: bīt Šamaš . . . ša labāriš illikuma i-qu-pu innabtu temple of Samaš which had fallen into disrepair and buckled and collapsed Streek Asb. 230:17, also (said of the walls of Babylon) ibid. 236:18; temenša ēnišma išdāša irmâ i-qu-pa rēšāša the foundation platform (of the palace) had become weak, its foundation had given way, (and) its top had fallen down OIP 2 128 vi 44 (Senn.), also (referring to the wall of Nineveh) Streck Asb. 144 ix 54, Piepkorn Asb. 98 viii 68, dupl. Iraq 30 103 viii 68; bīt Šamaš . . . ša šarru mahri īpu: šuma la innendū igārūšu bītu šuāti i-quup-ma itrura rēšāšu the temple of Šamaš which a former king had built but whose walls were not supported, this temple was sagging and its top was shaky VAB 4 262 i 27 (Nbn.); ramkūti Ebabbar ītamûnim i-qupu bītu the ramku priests of the Ebabbar said to me: The temple has collapsed OECT 1 pl. 24 i 52, cf. minå i-ši-ir-šum-ma i-qu-up-ma ibid. pl. 25 ii 9 (Nbn.); ekallu . . . i-qu-up-ma uptattiri sindūšu (see simdu

qâpu C qaqqadānu

A mng. 3) VAB 4 212 ii 22 (Ner.); $b\bar{a}b \ b\bar{e}l\bar{u}ti\check{s}u$ ša ina labāri īnišu i-qu-pa dūršu the wall of the Gate of his Lordship, which had become weak since olden times, buckled A 701 ii'3 (unpub. cylinder fragment from Adab); [Eann]a ša RN šarru mahrû ušēpišumu illiku labāriš bītu šuātu igārātušu i-qu-púmu uptattiru riksūti Eanna, which Šulgi, an earlier king, had constructed and which had fallen into disrepair, this temple's walls had buckled, its bondings had disintegrated YOS 1 38 i 20 (Sar.), also Iraq 15 123:5 (Merodachbaladan), cf. labāriš illikma i-qu-ú-pu igārātušu JCS 17 130:15 (Esarh.), cf. Borger Esarh. 74:31, Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 iii 22 (Asb.), also irmâ [išdāšu] labāriš illiku [i-qu]-ba igārātušu Asb. 170 r. 39; igārūšunu i-qu-up-ma igā: rīšunu aggur their (the temples') walls had become dilapidated so I tore the walls down VAB 4 248 iii 30 (Nbn.), also CT 34 35 iii 52; išdāšu inūšuma i-qu-pu igārūšu PBS 15 80 i 18, cf. VAB 4 224 ii 52, $ig\bar{a}r\bar{a}tu\check{s}u$ *i-qu-pa-a-ma* CT 34 26 i 8, dupl. ibid. 23 i 8, cf. also OECT 1 pl. 24 i 50 (all Nbn.), wr. i-qupu-um CT 37 19:37 (Nbk.); ša ašrukkati šuāti ina $[\ldots]$ i-qu-pu-ú-mi īnišu $[\ldots]$ JAOS 88 126 i b 8 (NB votive).

2. III to cause to collapse: ziqqurrat GN ša ullānūa un-nu-ša-tu šu-qu-pa-at the temple tower of Babylon which before my time had become weakened and was near collapse VAB 4 60 i 35 (Nabopolassar).

qâpu C (or $k\hat{a}pu$) v.; to intend harm; OB*; I $iq/k\bar{u}p - *iq/k\hat{a}p$, pl. iq/kuppu.

adi PN u anāku baltānu lemuttašu u nikurtašu l[a] ahaššehu Akkadum Jamutbalum Numhium Idamaras ana lemuttim u nikurtim [ana] PN li-qú-up [ka-a]k-ki eleqqēma I (swear that I) will seek no evil or hostile acts against him as long as PN and I live, should GN, GN₂, GN₃, (or) GN₄ plot evil or hostile acts against PN, I will take up arms Tell Asmar 1930,575:10 (courtesy R. Whiting), cf. ša bītam šātu ušal

patu ana lemuttim u la damiqtim i-qú-pušum Syria 32 16 iv 27 (Jahdunlim).

Probably the same verb as kâpu A.

qâpu see qâbu.

qaqadâ see kakdâ.

qaqânu s.; (a bird, lit. the qaqû-like bird); lex.*; cf. qaqû.

 u_5 .sim mušen = qa-qu- \acute{u} = tar-ma-zi-lu, u_5 . mun mušen = pa- $\acute{-}\acute{u}$ = qa-qa-nu Hg. C I 37, in MSL 8/2 173.

qaqdâ see kakdâ.

qaqqadānu (kaqqadānu) adj.; 1. with large head, 2. important, influential; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and sag.du with phon. complement; cf. qaqqadu.

[sag.du mušen] = [qaq-qa-da-nu] Hh. XVIII 160, restored from [sag.du mušen] = qa-qa-[da]-nu MSL 8/2 159:5 (Bogh. Forerunner to Hh. XVIII).

buru₅.sa.ad.num (var. buru₅.sa.ak.na) : BURU₅ qaq-qa-da-nu Uruanna III 198, in MSL 8/2 57

ú kul.ku.lál = šam-mu qa(var. qaq)-qa-da-nu Hh. XVII 43; ú pi-zir: ú šá-mu sA[G...], ú MIN sIG7: ú šá-mu sAG.DU-a-nu Uruanna II 56f.; šam-mu x: qaq-[qa-da-a-nu], šam-mu sAG.DU: [...] ibid. 63 f.

- 1. with large head a) as personal name: $Q\acute{a}-q\acute{a}-da-n\acute{u}m$ HSS 10 153 iii 10, 154 ii 8, 158 iv 9, 199:4 (OAkk.); $Q\acute{a}-q\acute{a}-d\acute{a}-nim$ (gen.) TCL 4 80:36, $Q\acute{a}-q\acute{a}-da-nim$ Jankowska KTK 83:5, KBo 9 40:14, $Q\acute{a}-q\acute{a}-da-ni$ ibid. 30:6 (all OA); $Ka-aq-q\acute{a}-da-nu$ BE 6/1 119 ii 4 and 13 (OB), $Q\acute{a}-aq$ (text -ka) -qa-da-ni BE 15 48:4 (MB); PN DUMU Qa-qa-[d]a-ni KAJ 14:22 (MA), Qaq-qa-da-nu ABL 444:7, Qaq-qa-da-a-ni ABL 590:6, SAG.DU-a-nu ABL 197 r. 1, 492:7, SAG.DU-a-ni TCL 9 67:18 (all NA).
- b) referring to birds and insects: see Hh. XVIII, Uruanna III, in lex. section.
- c) referring to plants: see Hh. XVII, Uruanna II, in lex. section; Ú SAG.DU-a-na

*qaqqadanû qaqqadu

(among drugs) Köcher BAM 320:37, parallel ibid. 205:42.

2. important, influential: ina ālika qá-qá-da-num attama in your city you are a man of influence TLB 4 18:24 (OB let.).

For fem. and pl. see *qaqqadānû.

*qaqqadānû (fem. qaqqadānītu) adj.; with large head, large bulb; MB, NB; wr. syll. and SAG.DU with phonetic complement; cf. qaqqadu.

sum.sag.du SAR: qaq-qa-da-nu-tu (var. qa-qa-da-nu) big-bulbed garlic Hh. XVII 258, var. from RS Recension 144.

ú kul.sag.lál(var. .lá) = qaq-qa-da-ni-tú Hh. XVII 43a; ú níg.dumu.a.ni = qaq-qa-da-[ni-tū], la-bu-bit-[tu] (RS recension 70 f.: da-ma-ni-tu, al-mu-me-te) Hh. XVII 103 f.

- a) referring to plants: see Hh., in lex. section.
- b) as personal name: ${}^{f}Q\acute{a}-q\acute{a}-da-ni-tum$ BE 17 22:5 (MB); PN A ${}^{m}Qaq-qa-da-ni-tum$ Camb. 306:5; as "family name": PN $m\bar{a}ru\acute{s}u$ $\acute{s}a$ PN₂ DUMU ${}^{m}Qaq-qa-da-ni-tum$ Nbn. 293:5, Wr. SAG.DU-ni-ti ibid. 33, SAG. DU-ni-tum Nbn. 700:4 and 13, 722:12, Wr. m SAG.DU-a-a-ni-t[um] VAS 6 170:5, Qaq-qa-da-n[i-tu] (same person) VAS 4 178:2, SAG.DU-an-ni-tum ibid. 188:3, Peiser Verträge 105:10, 102:12, cf. also ibid. 108:6, VAS 6 247:12, Nbn. 34:4 (all NB).

qaqqadu (kaqqadu) s.; 1. head (as part of the body), 2. person, self, 3. head of an organization, leader, 4. top, top part, 5. beginning (of time spans), 6. original amount, principal, 7. (a stone), 8. (in idioms), 9. head tax; from OAkk. on; pl. qaqqadātu; wr. syll. and sAG.DU, rarely sAG; cf. mukīl qaqqadi, qaqqadānu, *qaqqadānû, qaqqadu in ša qaqqadi, salmāt qaqqadi.

[sa-a]n-du sag.du = qaq-qa-du Sb I 245; sag.du = qaq-qa-du Hh. I 76; sag.du = qa-aq-qa-du Sag Bil. B 29; sa-ag sag = qaq-qa-du Idu I 125; sag = qa-aq-qa-dum Sag Bil. B 6; še.en = sag = qaq-[qa-du] Emesal Voc. II 181; [sa]g = qa-qa-du Ugaritica 5 237 No. 135:3; uzu.a.za.ad,

uzu.sag, uzu.sag.du = qaq-qa-du (followed by $qi\delta$ -tum Min, see $qi\delta tu$ B) Hh. XV 3 ff.; uzu.a.za. ad = bi-bi-e-nu = qaq-qa-du Hg. A II 279 (catch line), in MSL 8/2 45, and Hg. B IV 1, in MSL 9 34; [sag], [...], MIN[Al.[x], MIN[Al.[x], a.za. a[d], u₄. δ ú.u δ = [qa-aq-qa]-du Nabnitu I 75 ff.; Kin.sur a.za.ad = ki-li- $\langle il$?> $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -di UET 7 93:14; ú.kul.sag.l δ .e = Min (= [qa-aq-qa]-du) [δ á x] Nabnitu I 80; ú-gu ugu = qaq-qa-du, qab-lat qaq-qa-di (var. s[Ag.Du]) Diri III 145a-146; [...mu] = [...] $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -di-ia (followed by $nakkapt\bar{a}ja$) Ugumu Bil. Section A 8.

muš.sag.2.bi = \$e-er ši-na (var. 2-ta) qaq-qada-šú Hh. XIV 16; šu-u š U_4 = \$\delta\$ sag.\$ U_4 .\$ U_4 .\$ U_4 .BU sag.Du h\$\delta\$p-pu-\delta\$, pur-ru-ru A II/4:65f.; tu-ku BUL = na-a-\delta\$u \$\delta\$ sag.Du Ea I 118, also A I/2:331; sag.bu.bu = nu-u\delta\$ qaq-qa-di 5R 16 ii 47 (group voc.); kul.kul = ba-nu-u \$\delta\$ sag.Du \$\delta\$ sag.kul. KUL Nabnitu I 13; [kin. . . .] = [MIN] (= [u]\delta\$-\delta\$u-rum) \$\delta\$ sag.du.tag. tag.ga, sag.du.ti.ti.ak.a, sag.du.\delta\$u.ak.a = MIN (= se-e-ru) \$\delta\$ qaq-qa-di Nabnitu E 262ff.; sag.ge_6.ge_6.ga = \$\delta\$-al-ma-at qa-aq-<qa>-di Sag Bil. B 69; for other refs. see \$\delta\$lm\delta\$t qaqqadi.

uh.sag.du = MIN (= kal-ma-tum) qaq-qa-di(var.-d[u]) Hh. XIV 254; [...] = [MIN (= $k\acute{a}n$ -nu) $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ q]aq-qa-di Nabnitu XXII 40; [giš.ga.ríg.s]ag. $du = (mul-tu) \delta \acute{a} qaq-qa-di$ Hh. VI 14; [...] = ir-ri-it qaq-qa-di-e Nabnitu D a 5f.; giš.banšur. SAG.DU = $(pa-a\dot{s}-\dot{s}u-ru)$ $\dot{s}\dot{a}$ qaq-qa-di Hh. IV 191; giš.al.sa.lá = min (= al-[lum]) qaq-[qad], giš.al.sag.du = qaq-qa-du al-lum Hh. VIIA 153f.; giš.sag.nig.gul = qaq-qa-du aq-qul-lum ibid. 250; giš.sag.apin = qa-qa-du Hh. V 135; [giš]. sag.bal = qaq-qad pi-lak-ki Hh. VI 26; giš. sag.gud.si.A\$ = qaq-qa-ad min (= a-\$u-bu) Hh. VIIA 89; $na_4.sag.ud+sal+ huberub = qaq-qa-du$ min (= al-ga-[mis]) Hh. XVI 21; a.šà.sag.du = qaqqa-du eq-lu Hh. XX Section 5:5, also MSL 11 171:6'; [sag.sum.sar] = [qaq-qa-a] $d \delta u-mi$ Hh. XVII 255; uzu.sag.bar.sila = qaq-qa-du min (= nag-la-bi) Hh. XV 66; uzu.sag.gú.mur = qaq-qa-du MIN (= $ur-\acute{u}-du$) Hh. XV 33, cf. SAG.DU ur-'u-du = [...] KBo 1 51 ii 3 (Akk.-Hitt. voc.); $[si]g_7.si.ga = qaq-qad si-b[u-ti]$ Antagal A 58.

muš.mah.gin_x(GIM) sag.imin.na: ša kīma mušmahhi seba qaq-qa-da-šú who has seven heads like a snake monster Angim III 38 (= 138), cf. muš.sag.imin.na: serru seba qaq-qa-da-šú Studies Albright 345:16; sag.tab.me (vars. sag. maš.maš (?), sag.Aš.ni) sag i.im.mèn na. nam me.ri.me 4 na.[nam]: kilallūnima qá-qá-da-tu-ni šitti šēpāni erbi the two of us, our heads are two, our feet are four SBH p. 96 No. 53:1ff., vars. from dupls. p. 155 No. 55:28ff. and TCL 16 pl. 168 No. 95:1; pú.kur.dilmun(NI.TUK.KI). ka sag.gá a ba.ni.in.[luh]: ina būrti šadī Tilmun qaq-qa-du amsi I washed (my) head in a

qaqqadu 1a

well in the mountain of Telmun ASKT p. 127:37 f.; [a s]ag si.ga: [mē] ana qaq-qa-di šapāku to pour water on the head BiOr 30 165 i 45f.; sag. zu sag.gá.na nam.ba.da.ab.x.[x]: qaq-qadka ana qaq-qa-di-šú la tašakkan do not put your head on his head (addressing a demon) CT 16 11 vi 5f., cf. sag.gá.ni in.ra sag.gá.a.ni.šè im. me.in.gar: qaq-qa-su imhasma ana qaq-qa-di-sú iškun ibid. 16 vi 12 f., also ASKT p. 90-91 ii 66f., see Borger, AOAT 19:139f.; nam.tar lú. sag.gá tag.[ga].zu: namtaru ša qaq-qad amēli talputu CT 16 33:175f.; á.sàg lú.ra sag.bi mu.un.na.[te] : asakku ana amēli ana qaq-qa-dišú ittehi CT 17 9:1f.; ninda sag.gá.na mu. ni.in.gar: akalu ina qaq-qa-di-šú iškun he put bread on his head CT 17 33:12, also ibid. 17; lú.ux(GIŠGAL).lu.bi sag.g[á.na] ...u.me.ni. kéš.kéš: ša amēli šuātu qaq-qa-su ... urakkis he bound the head of this man Surpu V-VI 160f., cf. sag.lú.tu.ra, ke_x(KID) u.me.ni.kéš: qaqqa-di marşi rukusma CT 17 24 iv 236 f., also ibid. 20:44f., 26:71f.; sag.lú.tu.ra.šè šu.uš.gar. ${\tt ra.mu.[d\`e]}: ina\ qaq\hbox{-}qad ({\tt var.}\hbox{-}qa\hbox{-}du)\ marsu\ qar atar i$ ina ummudija when I (the exorcist) put my hand on the head of the sick person CT 16 4:151f., also CT 17 22:136; en.ši.dMu.ul.líl.le men sag. e du 7 : bēl napišti Enlil ša agû ina sag. du-šu asmu (see asāmu lex. section) Lugale IX 1; [s]ag.bi sahar nu.dul.la : ša qaq-qad-su eperī la katmu (a demon) whose head is not covered with dust ASKT p. 86-87 ii 11, see AOAT 1 6:84; dàra sag.gá.ni si ba.ni.in.dib : turāļu ina qaq-qa-di-šú issabat he seized the ibex by its head 5R 50 ii 46f., see Borger, JCS 21 8:69; [sag].bi giš.[erin.babbar mu.n]i.i[n.dù. dù]: ina qaq-qa-d[i-šú li]jāra ukīn he fastened (twigs of) white cedar on its (the Anzû-bird's offspring's) head Wilcke Lugalbanda 59; sag.máš sag.lú.šè ba.an.sum : qaq-qad urīşi ana qaqqad amīli ittadin he gave the head of the kid for the head of the man CT 17 37:18f. (inc.).

sag.du zí.ir: a-šu-uš-tum qaq-qa-di CT4 3:19 and dupls., see MSL 9 106; zag.sag.du.a.ni. ta kir₄.šu.si.a.ni.ta igi 「ba.an.du₃.du₃l.e. ne: ištu pāt qaq-qa-di-šú adi appi ubānātišu itz tanaplasušu they inspect him thoroughly from the side of his head to the tips of his toes BiOr 30 164 i 11f.; sag.du giš.ellag.gur₄.ra.àm mi. ni.íb.gur₄.gur₄.re.en: qaq-qa-da-a-ti kīma pukkī kupputūti uštanagrar (see kupputu adj.) SBH p. 108 No. 56 r. 45 f. and dupl., see Landsberger, WZKM 57 23.

sag.zi ka.silim.ma . . . zag.gá.na ba.ni. in.gar : agê tašriḥtu . . . ina qaq-qa-di-šá uktīn (see agû A lex. section) TCL 6 51 r. 37 f.

sag.gig lú.ra šà mu.un.gá.gá: murus qaq-qa-di ana amēli iššakinma a head ailment was inflicted on the man CT 17 22:119f.; níg.me.

gar sag.gig hu.luh.ha.bi: qūlu murus qaq-qa-[di] šuglitma (see galātu mng. 3a) ibid. 127f.; sag.gig gu₄.gin_x(GIM) in.du₇.du₇.e.dè: murus qaq-qad kīma alpi ittakkip the head ailment kept goring like an ox CT 17 21:113f., also 115f.

mar-kas₄ qaq-qa-di, ri-kis qaq-qa-di, mu-kil qaqqa-di = pa-ar-śi-[gu] An VII 230i-k; ma-ar-hu = qaq-qa-du Balkan Kassit. Stud. 4 r. 31 (Kassite voc.).

SAG $/\!\!/$ re-eš $/\!\!/$ SAG $/\!\!/$ qaq-qa-du Lambert BWL 82 comm. to line 215 (Theodicy Comm.); [e-l]i SAG.DU-šú $/\!\!/$ ši-pit SAG.DU-šú CT 51 136:13 (comm. on Labat TDP 32:9).

1. head (as part of the body) -a) of humans, gods, and demons -1'orders and wounds: §umma . . . murussu ana sag.du-šú ippuš if his illness spreads to his head Köcher BAM 3 iii 37; ultu kax-š \acute{u} murus SAG.DU from the (comes) headache Hunger Uruk 43:7 (list of diseases), see also murşu mng. 1c; šumma amīlu sag.du-su ītanakkalšu if a man's head keeps aching BMS 12:121, cf. ana ... la $ak\bar{a}l$ sag.du- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ (he wrote the tablet) in order to avoid headaches CT 42 37 r. 18; šumma amīlu SAG.DU-su is= sanabbassu AMT 86,1 ii 3, also KAR 80:1, Labat TDP 22:34 and 38, Küchler Beitr. pl. 11 iii 51, AMT 64,1:4 (= Köcher BAM 494 ii 12), and passim in med., cf. šumma ina SAG.DU-šú mahiş KAR 211:7; ğumma ğerru SAG.DU-su umma ukâl if a baby's head is feverish Labat TDP 218:10, cf. sag.du-su ēm his head is hot CT 23 34:22, SAG.DU-su seta hamit AMT 6,9:6 (= Köcher BAM 481); SAG. DU-su kabit his head feels heavy Köcher BAM 3 ii 43; SAG.DU-su mê ukâl his head contains water ibid, 7, ibid, 480 iv 5 (= AMT 2,1:4), see also šēhu; sag.du-su nuppuh his head is swollen CT 23 33:17; šumma kišāssu itarrak sag.du-su imtanaggut Labat TDP 80:12, dupl. KUB 37 87:13; SAG.DUsu išaggum his head rings Köcher BAM 3 ii 47; SAG.DU-su simmī matqūti SI.A.MEŠ (see matqu usage b) ibid. 9, also CT 23 50:7 and 12, RA 53 4:22, 8:35; SAG.DU-su gubbuh Köcher BAM 3 i 54; sarāļu ša SAG.DU-su ... issarhuni the fever by which his head was affected (came from teething) ABL 586:11, see Parpola LAS No. 216; šumma . . .

qaqqadu 1a qaqqadu 1a

SAG.DU-su iṣ-ṣi-ma damū uṣṣâ (see eṣû) CT 40 35:2, also ibid. 6; šumma šerru ši-pit SAG.DU-šú paṭrat if the of an infant's head is open Labat TDP 222:44f., cf. ši-pit SAG.DU-šú nuḥhurat Hunger Uruk 40:2 (comm. on diagn. omens); ina lipti ša qaq-qa-di [. . .] CT 46 49 ii 7; for specific diseases, eczemas, etc., see ašû A s., di'u, ekkētu, kibšu, kiṣṣatu, kurāru, kuraštu, rišūtu, rišūtu, sāmānu.

med. treatment of the head: SAG. DU-su tugallab taşammidma iballut you shave his head, apply a poultice, and he will get well Köcher BAM 11:3, also AMT 16,1:7, CT 23 39 i 4, Köcher BAM 494 i 37 (= AMT 1,2:12), and passim in med., see gullubu mng. 1b; ina mê SAG.DU-su temessi you wash his head with water ibid. iii 6 (= AMT 6,5:6), also ibid. ii 46 (= AMT 64,1:38), 73 (= AMT 3,5:6) and 77, CT 23 50:21, 34:24; SAG. DU-su tapaššaš vou anoint his head Köcher BAM 3 ii 17, also ibid. 494 ii 76 (= AMT 3,5:9), CT 23 26:7, and passim in med., cf. napšalti SAG.DU AMT 64.4:7: SAG.DU-su tesêr CT 23 34:23, and see Nabnitu E 262ff., in lex. section; SAG.DU-su tuqattar you fumigate his head CT 23 26:11; $3 \bar{u}m\bar{i}$ SAG.DU-sutaşammid you bandage his head for three days AMT 5,1:12, also AMT 36,2 ii 2, 16,1:6, cf. Küchler Beitr. pl. 9 ii 36, CT 23 37 iv 14, and passim in med., cf. nasmatti SAG.DU RA 53 2:9 and 4:12; ina šamni SAG.DU-su tu= kaşşa you cool his head with oil Köcher BAM 394 i 34 (= AMT 1,2:9), also ibid. ii 27 (= AMT 64,1:19), AMT 65,5 r. 8, oil ana SAG. DU-šú tanaddi you put on his head AMT 105 iv 9 and 13, cf. AMT 4,7:8, Köcher BAM 3 iv 27, and passim in med.; šipta 3-šú ana muhhi sag.du-šú tamannu you recite the incantation three times over his head CT 23 34:35; INIM.INIM.MA ki-sir qa-qa(?)-di $DU_8 - ri \ (= patari)$ STT 72:40, 251:6, see Borger HKL 2 93.

3' to strike, cut off, scald, etc. the head (as revenge or punishment): for refs. with nakāsu, see nakāsu mngs. 2a and 6a, see also niksu mng. 3d, naksu usage c; kīma

karpitim ha-\approx \delta p > -e-tim q\delta-q\delta-s\u00e4 ihappi (the demon) will break his head like a broken pot Belleten 14 226:42 (Irišum); lu tiraļhas erin. Hi . . . uzu. sag. du ajābīšu let the troops (of the king, my lord) shatter the heads of his enemies EA 141:33 (let. from Beirut); Lamaštu's third name is patru ša sag.du ilattû sword that splits the head 4R Add. p. 10 to pl. 56 i 3 and dupls. né-'-ir sag.du māhiş muhhi (Lamaštu); Hunger Uruk 40:6; SAG.DU.MEŠ-šú-nu ina gupni ša šadê e'il (see gapnu mng. 1b) AKA 308 ii 43 (Asn.); asītu ša SAG.DU.MEŠ ina pūt ālišu arsip I stacked a pile of heads in front of his city 3R 7 i 16, and passim in Shalm. III and Asn., see asītu mng. 2; kî ša sag.du ša hurāpi anniu qat ipuni ... SAG.D]U ša PN lu gatip as the head of this spring lamb is cut off, so may the head of PN be cut off (if he breaks the treaty) AfO 8 24 i 26, also ibid. 22 ff.; the body of PN adi sag.du kizūšu together with the head of his attendant Streck Asb. 60 vii 41; SAG.DU ša bel hitti ša issišu iz[zi: zuni the head of the criminal who stood there with him ZA 51 134:20 (NA); qīra ana sag.du-ša itabbuku they will pour bitumen on her head (as punishment) KAV 1 v 76 (Ass. Code § 40), see also kapāru A mng. 4.

4' pouring oil over the head in legal ceremonies: šamna qá-qá-sú-nu pašiš their (the buyer's and seller's) heads are anointed with oil JCS 9 92 No. 59:10 (OB); aštapak ì.giš ana sag.du-ša u uzakkīša I poured oil on her (the slave girl's) head and (thus) freed her Syria 18 253 RS 8.208:8; note igulâ ana sag.du-šú tatabbak vou pour fine oil over its (the figurine's) head (and give it in marriage to a piglet) KAR 66:10 (rit.); šumma a'īlu lu šamna ana SAG.DU itbuk if a man either pours oil on the head (of a girl) (or brings dishes of food for the wedding banquet) KAV 1 vi 19 (Ass. Code § 43), also ibid. 15 (§ 42); $[k\hat{i} \ldots \hat{i}.GI]$ Š.MEŠ $[ana \ ga]$ -ag-ga-ti-ša ittab[ku] when he poured oil on her head

qaqqadu 1a qaqqadu 1a

EA 29:23 (let. of Tušratta), cf. ì.MEŠ ana SAG. DU-šu iškunšu EA 51:6; ina ūmi ì.SAG DÙG.GA ana SAG.DU DUMU.[SAL] it[buku] KUB 3 24+:5 (let.); in rit. context: tabāki [šamni] ša SAG.DU ina libbi la tāb (the house) is not a suitable place for pouring oil on the head ABL 378:21, see Parpola LAS No. 195; see also habannatu usage a.

5' other symbolic gestures: SAG.DU assinni lilput ajābīšu ikaššad (see assinnu usage b) CT 4 6 Bu. 88-5-12,11 r. 14, see KB 6/2 46; for qaqqada lapātu see lapātu mng. 1b-1'.

6' headgear and clothing for the head: Sin ina muhhi šibirri kammus 2 agê ina SAG.DU-šú [. . .] (see kamāsu A mng. 4c) ABL 923:12 (report on a dream); see also $ag\hat{u}$ A mng. 1a-2'd', kulūlu mng. 1a; lu udduš parsigu ša qaq-qa-di-šú (var. sag.du-šú) let the band on his head be new Gilg. XI 242, also 251, cf. TÚG.BAR.SI ša qá-qá-ad DN TCL 11 245:14 (OB); until the eclipse nišē māti subāt sag.du-šú-nu clears inaššû ina lubārašunu sag.du-su-nu (see lubāru mng. 1g-2') BRM 4 6:21, also ibid. 44, and see katāmu lex. section and mngs. la, 5a; Túg tapsû sag. DU-su apir his head is covered with a tapsû headdress UVB 15 40:7 (rit.), also ibid. 13, cf. tapsû ina SAG.D[U ...] BBR No. 70:6; see also maginnu; i'-pu-ur ka-aqqá-as-sà šabsūtam īpuš she covered her head and performed the midwifery Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 62 I 284, cf. a-par šá BRM 4 32:4 (med. comm.); $kal\hat{u}$ SAG.DU-su ipattar the lamentation priest uncovers his head KAR 60:17, TuL p. 110:7; qaq-qa-da-a kî ipturu ina kudurra ša tik: kušu ihtagganni (see kudurru D) YOS 7 128:17; $ni\check{s}\bar{u}\ gabbi\ \text{SAG.DU}$ -su- $nu\ \text{DU}_8$.MEŠ all the people uncovered their heads BHT pl. 14 iii 24 (Nbn. Chron.), cf. ipattaru SAG. DU-su-nu izakkaru māmīt they bare their heads and swear an oath BHT pl. 9 v 26 (Nbn. Verse Account), cf. SAG.BI DU8 you uncover its (the figurine's) head KAR 178 r. vi 40 (hemer.); harimtu la tuptaşşan SAG.

DU-sa pattu a prostitute may not veil herself, her head is (to be) uncovered KAV 1 v 67 (Ass. Code § 40), cf. ibid. 64; kubšu ša ina SAG.DU-iá šaknu ša PN šû the cap which is placed on my head is that of PN ABL 326 r. 7, cf. ibid. 9 (NB); for kubuš qaqqadi see kubšu mng. 1c.

7' descriptions: šumma sinništu ulidma SAG.DU nēši šakin if a woman gives birth and (the child) has a lion's head Leichty Izbu II 1, and passim in similar expressions in this also if a woman gives birth to twins and $qaq-qa(q)-da-tu_{x}(D\grave{U})-\check{s}u-nu$ tişbuta Labat Suse 9 r. 37; SAG.DU-sa SAG. DU $n\bar{e}\tilde{s}i$ her (Lamaštu's) head is the head of a lion 4R 58 iii 38; šēdu(?) lemnu sag. DU gātē ša LÚ.MEŠ the evil šēdu with human head and hands ZA 43 16:44, cf. ibid. 46, 17:49 (SB lit.); SAG.DU SAG.DU şīri the head is a snake head MIO 1 72 ii 52 (descriptions of representations of demons), and passim in similar expressions in this text, also SAG.DU arkatu sīsû ibid. 76 iv 49.

8' hair on the head: sissikti şubātišu u itgam ša ga-ga-di-šu ana sēr bēlija uštā: bilam I sent (a piece of) the fringe of his garment and a lock from his head to my lord ARMT 13 112 r. 13'; choose beautiful weaver women ša ištu suprim adi šārtim ša qa-qa-di-im šummānam la išâ who have no from top to toe (lit. from toenail to the hair of the head) ARM 10 126:14; šumma amīlu . . . šārat SAG.DUšú išahhuh if a man's hair falls out Köcher BAM 3 ii 27, also CT 23 32:8, AMT 3,2:6 (= Köcher BAM 499 ii 7), cf. šārat SAG.DU sin= ništi kalê (incantation) to keep a woman's hair (from falling out) AMT 3,2:15; [šumma pēret salg.du-šú zuggupat if the hair of his head stands straight up Labat TDP 30:101, cf. ibid. 102 ff., also Syria 33 125 r. 5, cf. $\delta \bar{a}rat$ sag.du- $\delta \acute{u}$ gub.gub-za ct 23 28:26; pēret SAG.DU-šú sāmat the hair of her head is red Hunger Uruk 40:7; šumma tīrānū ina sag.du amīli imitta sahru if the whorl of hair on a man's head is curled to the right Kraus Texte 1 r. 7 and

qaqqadu la qaqqadu la

2a:1; šārat SAG.DU-šú ina šumēlišu sabit he held his hair with his left hand ZA 43 16:42 (SB lit.); amīlūtu eli šārat SAG.DUšú annūša . . . [ma]'da man's sins are more numerous than the hairs on his head JNES 33 284:6; obscure: ša šārat sag.du- $\acute{s}\acute{u} ma-ku-tum \ ri-ib$ AfO 24 83:2 (comm. on Labat TDP); šumma uruh SAG.DU-šú bēr (see bēru C adj.) Labat TDP 20:18ff.; see also šībtu "grey hair"; (a slave girl) qaga-sa kazir her head is coiffed Iraq 41 92 TR 2083A+ :20 (NA); 5 GA.RÍG SAG.DU GIŠ.KU five combs made of boxwood for the head CT 47 83:11, cf. 3 GIŠ.GA.RÍG SAG.DU BE 6/1 84:25 (both OB dowry lists); see also Hh. VI 14. in lex. section.

9' in figurative use: attama silla ina muh qa-qa-di-ia tašakkan you extend protection over me PBS 1/2 35:20 (MB let.); hattu ša ili u šarri ina qa-aq-qa-di-šu liššakin (see hattu A usage a) MDP 24 381:17, also MDP 23 282:26, 322:13, MDP 24 338:14, MDP 22 16:29; ilšu u ištaršu ina SAG.DU-šú ana uzuzzi that his god and goddess stand by him Köcher BAM 445:8, cf. the evil portended by a bird ša ina SAG.DU amēli izzizu AnBi 12 285:66 and 68 (namburbi): Anu Enlil u Ea ša ina SAG.DU ša šarri bēlija kun-nu-ni Anu, Enlil, and Ea, who are constantly present with the king, my lord ABL 1285 r. 26 (NA); PN ša Marduk sag.du-su ana dâ[ki lid]dinu PN whose head Marduk should mark for death ABL 791:5 (NB); referring to an army: [īnu] . . . qá-qá-ad ummānim šiāti imha= suna when he smote the head of that army Speleers Recueil 4 ii 4, cf. māhis qáqá-ad ummān GN CT 21 1 BM 91084:10 (both OAkk.), and see mahāsu mng. 1b-4', mihis SAG.DU (nakri) Labat Suse 6 i 6 and 33, and see mihsu mng. 5a; uncert.: ussahhir qaq-[q]a-du (var. SAG.DU) binût amēlūti (the fever) turned back the of human beings AfO 23 43:22 (fire inc.); šumma la $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{i}$ - $d\acute{i}$ - $k\grave{a}$ if you are not too personally involved TCL 4 18:5 (OA let.); sa-lam SAG. MEŠ Lambert BWL 162:10 (MA), parallel

sa-al-ma-at qa-qa-di ibid. 155:5 (OB); for other refs. see $salm\bar{a}t$ qaqqadi.

other occs.: ina qá-qá-di-im şī šārum wind, depart from the head (followed by ina inim, etc.) Iraq 6 184:4 (OB inc.); $[q\acute{a}-q\acute{a}-a]d-kit\bar{e}tend\bar{i}$ you leaned your head (on me) JCS 15 9 iv 20 (OB lit.); see also našû v. mng. 1d-1'; qá-qá-ad-ka lu mesi let your head be washed Gilg. M. iii 11 (OB); iškun qaq-qad-s[u] (var. SAG.DU-[su]) ina mu[hhišu] šadā išpuk (Marduk) set her (Tiāmat's) head in place, he piled a mountain on top of it En. el. V 53; [ša] māsê qaq-qa-da-[te] iqabbiu those who wash heads say ABL 669:11, see Parpola LAS No. 270; see also harāru B usage b, cf. epra ina sag.du-šú liddi AMT 90,1:14 (= Köcher BAM 449 ii 14); qa-qa-sú iqqabbir its (the child's) head will have to be buried ARM 6 37 r. 9'; Enlil SAG.DU.MU DN is my head Maqlu VI 1, also VII 50, IX 99, LBAT 1601 r. 9, cf. díd SAG.DU.MU Maglu VI 98 and 101, IX 113; SAG.DU-ka dIM ša šamû erșeti kīma kiškattê [...] your head is Adad, who [...] heaven and earth like a smith KAR 102:22; kudurru ina SAG.DUia(var. -iá) aššīma ušazbil ramanī (see ku: durru B mng. 1a) Borger Esarh. 20 Ep. 21:15, cf. VAB 4 62 ii 67 (Nabopolassar); *šumma* suluppī ina sag.du-šú naši if (in a dream) he carries dates on his head Dream-book 331 ii 13, cf. ibid. 14ff.; hahâ . . . amahhah atabbak ana sag.du raggati šimtiki (see mahāhu mng. 1c-2') Maqlu III 117, cf. IX 51; mehû dannu sag.du ut-ti-ik PBS 1/1 14:7; ikammam ana Ea unašši sag.du-[su] (see qaqqaru mng. 1a-1') En. el. II 87; šumma UR.ME ana muhhi SAG.DU amīli īli if a moth climbs onto a man's head CT 38 44 BM 30427:5 (SB Alu); šumma zugagīpu gabal SAG.DU- δu RA- δu if a scorpion stings him on the middle of his head CT 40 27 K.3974+ r. 8 (SB Alu); kî . . . kudurra GÚ-iá ultu SAG.DU-iá iššû (see kudurru D) YOS 7 61:7; ultu sag.du-šú adi kibis šēpēšu from his head to his soles (he gave him a sound beating) STT 38:102, 134, 155, see AnSt 6

qaqqadu 1b qaqqadu 1b

154 f. (Poor Man of Nippur); ultu SAG.DU-šú adi GìR^{II}-šú $l\bar{a}n$ šu . . . li-hi-[ib] shall he purify his body from head to foot? K.4721:10 $(tam\bar{t}u, courtesy W. G. Lambert)$.

b) of animals -1' in lit.: see 5R 50, Wilcke Lugalbanda, CT 17 37, in lex. section.

in med. and rit.: SAG.DU kaşīri tagallu (see kaşīru D) AMT 74 ii 22, dupl. Köcher BAM 124 ii 49; SAG.DU (var. SAG) kurkî . . . tapâş you crush the head of a goose (and other ingredients) AMT 42,5:14, var. from Köcher BAM 473 i 20, also AMT 92,6:4, Köcher BAM 398 r. 40; SAG.DU-šú tanakkis you cut off its head (that of a male issūr hurri) Biggs Šaziga 54 i 12 (Bogh.), also ibid. 60 KUB 37 80:5, 26:10, CT 23 35:38, AMT 76,6:10; see also arabû, āribu mng. 1c, and passim in prescriptions with different animals; SAG.DU.MEŠ ana panī Marduk išakkunu they put the (sacrificial sheep's) heads in front of Marduk ZA 50 194:22 (MA rit.); UZU.SAG.DU u kursinnāti . . . tanašši you lift up the head and the fetlocks Or. NS 40 142 r. 9, also ibid. 13, 141:31, 46; SAG.DU ibattugu they cut off the head (of the kid) KAR 33:17, also RAcc. 140:353, 133:214, cf. SAG.DU immeri tanakkis BBR No. 84:6; EN dīki u SAG.DU annê (see dīku adj. usage b) BBR No. 100 r. 45, also ibid. 101:3; SAG.DU ša immeri ina panīšu [išakkan] RAcc. 91 r. 1, cf. karāna ana muhhi sag.du immeri ireddi he pours wine on the sheep's head ibid. r. 3, 90:33, cf. LKA 114:11, see Or. NS 34 126 (namburbi); puhāda annâ ištu rēši ana qanni qaq-qa-di u zibbati this sheep from the head to the edge (?) of the head and the tail IM 67692:229 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

3' in omens — a' in gen.: šumma SAG.DU ṣēri amīlu ikbus if a man steps on the head of a snake KAR 386:12, also ibid. 3 and 14; šumma . . . ṣēru ištu hurri SAG.DU-su ušēṣīma if a snake pokes its head out of a hole KAR 384:20, cf. CT 40 21:12; šumma ṣēru 2 SAG.DU.MEŠ-šú inna: mir if a snake with two heads is seen

CT 40 24 K.6294:3, also, Wr. SAG.ME-Šú ibid. 23:32 ff., also (said of lizards) KAR 382:2 ff. (all SB Alu); šumma martum qá-qá-ad şērim ubānum qá-qá-ad erbim ibtani (see erbu usage a) YOS 10 31 xii 46 and 48 (OB ext.); šumma ubānu kīma sag.du nēši if the "finger" looks like the head of a lion Boissier Choix 44:2 (SB ext.), and passim in this text; if water looks kīma sag.du nēši CT 38 21:79, and passim (with various animals) in this text (SB Alu); if the oil kima SAG.DU GUD KAR 151 r. 40; GI.DÙ.A . . . tešerrim . . . SAG.DU-nu-uš-šá ana libbi tanaddi you cut off (a seven-finger length of) a reed mat, you put (a live lizard) into it head first Köcher BAM 147 r. 24, dupl. 148 r. 26; šumma sag.du hulamīši šakin if he has a chameleon's head CT 28 10 K.9222:1 (physiogn.), with comm. Hunger Uruk 83:1, and passim in this text.

b' in Izbu: if a ewe gives birth to five lambs l sag.du gud // Lú l sag.du UR.MAH 1 SAG.DU UR.BAR.RA 1 SAG.DU UR.KU / ŠAH 1 SAG.DU UDU.NITÁ GAR. and one has the head of a bull, variant: man, one the head of a lion, one the head of a wolf, one the head of a dog, variant: pig, one the head of a sheep Leichty Izbu VI 53; šumma izbu SAG.DU nēši šakin if a malformed lamb has the head of a lion ibid. VII 1ff., and passim with other animals in this tablet; if a ewe gives birth to a lion SAG.DU GUD šakin and it has the head of a bull ibid. V 42, also 43ff., 65, 87, cf. SAG.DU-su SAG.DU $s\bar{\imath}s\hat{\imath}$ ibid. 88, cf. ibid. XVII 76, XX 9ff., XXI 11; šumma izbu 2-ma. . . kišāssunu su-hur-ma sag.du-sunu 1-ma if there are two malformed lambs, and their necks are turned around but they have only one head ibid. VI 17, cf. sag.du.meš-šú-nu itlupama heads are grown together ibid. 19, cf. ibid. 20 ff.; [šumma] izbu šinnāšu ina muhhi SAG. DU-šú È.MEŠ if the teeth of a malformed animal protrude from the top of its head šumma izbum qá-qá-as-sú ibid. VII 68: kajānum šakinma u šanûm ina imittim qaqqadu 1c qaqqadu 2b

šakin if a malformed animal has a normal head but a second one lies on the right side YOS 10 56 ii 11, cf. ibid. 35, iii 21 (OB).

- 4' in econ. as cut of meat: 20 sag. Du twenty (sheep) heads Pinches Peek 22:20 (NB let.); UZU SAG.DU OECT 1 pl. 20:13, coll. Or. NS 13 228; 1 sag.du alpi sag.du immeri šīm isqišu one ox head and one sheep head, (sale) price of his prebend Peiser Verträge 96:8 + 123:5 (NB).
- 5' other occs.: he threw him into prison ANŠE.HI.A-šu qá-qá-dam imtahas and marked(?) his donkeys on the head (cf. šimtam taštakan line 74) TIM 2 16:72 (OB let.).
- 6' in personal names: Qa-aq-qa-di-zi-bi Jackal-Head MDP 24 394:12, cf. Qa-aq-qa-du-um ibid. 346 r. 1, wr. Ka-aq-qa-du MDP 23 224:32, Ka-aq-qá-du YOS 13 349:3f. and seal A.
- c) of statues and figurines: SAG.DU salmi šāšu uddišma ušaklil he completely restored the head of that statue AfO 22 5 iv 34, cf. mešli SAG.DU.MEŠ-šú nesīma (see nesû adj. mng. 1b-3') ibid. iii 31 (Nbn.); eri erî ina SAG.DU-[šú-nu raks]u (see eru) KAR 298:23, also ibid. 30 and 39; šamna ana SAG.[DU]-šú tanaddi you pour oil over its (the dog figurine's) head KAR 64:15 (namburbi), see Or. NS 36 2, cf. BBR No. 48:14.
- d) mask, bust: SAG.DU nēši tallakku ana ekalli ubbulu they bring the "lion's head" and the tallakku to the "palace" ABL 366:11 (NA); ariāt hurāṣi ša...SAG.DU kalbī nadrūte ṣurruššin aṣûnimma (see arītu A mng. la-2') TCL 3 371, also ibid. 379 (Sar.); qa-qa-da-at nēšim (as ornaments) ARMT 13 55:5, also 15; l SAG.DU puhālu Wiseman Alalakh 390:6, also ibid. 4 and 10; SAG.DU arme head of a buck ADD 1041 r. 3; l SAG.DU ú-si ZA.GìN ADD 937 ii 7; l3 SAG.DU.MEŠ burhiš (see burhiš usage b) AfO 18 304 ii 5 (MA inv.), cf. (in broken context) ina SAG.DU umāme ša

tâmti van Driel Cult of Aššur 102 x 49; SAG. DU pazūzāni Pazūzu demon masks ABL 1245 r. 4 (NA).

- e) said of constellations and stars: summa Dilbat ina napāhiša sag.du šaknat if Venus when rising has a "head" (opposite: EGIR) ACh Supp. 34:20, also ibid. 53:19, and passim in Venus omens in Enuma Anu Enlil; Mars issu libbi sag.du Mul.ur.gu. La issuhur turned back from inside the head of Leo ABL 519 r. 4 (NA); Mul.ùz // Sag.du Mul.suhur.máš.ku6 the Goat star is the head of Capricorn ACh Ištar 6:22; if Jupiter ana sag.du Mul.sipa. ZI.an.na iš-ta-nun-ma[...] to the head of Orion VAT 9818:8 (unpub. Enuma Anu Enlil).
- 2. person, self -a) in OAkk., OA, qá-qá-sà ana šám iddin she sold herself (into slavery) Yondorf a (unpub. OAkk.), cited MAD 3 226; abuni ana qá-qídí-ša iplahma our father became afraid for himself (text: herself) ICK 1 1:57, cf. ana qá-qá-da-tí-ni niplahmin we would have become afraid for ourselves Hahn 14:34, cf. also ana qá-qí-di-a ē aplah CCT 1 50:14; give the tin and the textiles ana tamkārim kīnim ša kīma qá-qí-díto a reliable merchant who is (as reliable) as yourselves CCT 5 5a:20 and 14, also BIN 4 25:14, işşēr tamkārī kīnūtim ša kīma qá-qí-dí-ku-nu KTS 28:17, also CCT 2 4a:16 and 4b:12, cf. išten ina $suh\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}ka$ ša $k\hat{\imath}$ $q[\acute{a}-q]\acute{\imath}-d\grave{\imath}-k\grave{a}$ Kienast ATHE 62:42, note šumma tamkārum la ša kīma $q\acute{a}-q\acute{i}-d\acute{i}-ku-\langle nu\rangle$ TCL 19 21:34; ana ša kīma gá-gí-dí-kà šupurma write to your representative CCT 2 43:8; ištēniš 6 qá $q\acute{a}$ -da- $t\grave{u}$ ina GN . . . $u\check{s}bu$ all together six persons were staying in GN OIP 27 49a:6, cf. Bilgiç, Anatolia 8 148ff. No. 17, No. 2:5, 21f., 25, 28ff. (all OA); note ilum $b\bar{a}n\bar{i}$ $q\acute{a}$ -aq- $q\acute{a}$ -di-ia (see $b\bar{a}n\hat{u}$ A mng. 1a-1b') RA 11 94 ii 19 (Kudur-Mabuk).
- b) in peripheral texts 1' in Bogh.: kīme šamši sag.du-sú māssu inaşşaršu

qaqqadu 3 qaqqadu 4b

ša RN māssu SAG.DU-sú... inaṣṣar as the Sun watches over himself and his land, so will he also watch over the land and the person of Šunaššura KBo 1 5 i 50 f., 56 f., and passim in Bogh., see Labat L'Akkadien 184; note: ZI-ka SAG.DU-ka... ZI LUGAL SAG.DU LUGAL (in broken context) KUB 3 19:6 f.; ana SAG.DU bēlišu ippallaš he is attentive to (lit. looks at) his lord MIO 1 114:6, also 14 and 16 (Bogh. treaty); total 48 SAG.DU.MEŠ 48 persons KUB 4 33:1.

- 2' in RS: [RN nīš ilānī] annûti qadu sag.du-šu aššātišu mārīšu . . . lişşurušu by these (listed) gods, may they protect RN, himself, his wives, his sons (etc.) MRS 9 87 RS 17.338 r. 12, dupl. ibid. 90 RS 17.353 r. 16, note ramanka sag.du-ka ašs š[ātuka] . . . ra[man šarri] sag.du šarri ibid. 86 RS 17.338:6, see UF 6 96 and 118.
- 3' in Alalakh: seven years (later) Adad ana SAG.DU-ia ittūru Adad turned his favor toward me Smith Idrimi 30.
- 4' in EA: [ana ša]rri EN-[ia] DINGIR. MEŠ ša SAG.D[U-ia] qibīma say to the king, my lord, my personal god EA 198:2; UGU SAG.DU-ia mamman ša ittabšu ana ālāni Hrozny Ta'annek 2:15 (coll. E. I. Gordon).
- head of an organization, leader: ina ālika ka-qa-ad kārim [. . .] attama you are the head of the merchant community in your city Kraus AbB 1 36:19; dajānū ša Larsa u Lú.meš qá-aq-qá-da-at ālim ana bīt ilim līrubuma let the judges and the leaders of the city enter the temple Speleers Recueil 262:8 (OB let.); 2 mētim ṣābum $qa-qa-da-a[t] GNuGN_2[ip]hurunimma$ two hundred men, important people from GN and GN₂, gathered ARM 3 75:9, cf. LÚ.MEŠ qa-qa-da-tum ša mātam annītam idluhu the leaders who caused a disturbance in this land ARM 5 2 r. 5; obscure: anumma $qa-qa-da-tim \, \check{s}a \, bu-su-\check{u}r(\cdot)[(x)]-tim \, a[na]$ $s\bar{e}[r...]$ uštābil OBT Tell Rimah 15 r. 2; $q\acute{a}$ gá-ad kirîm šuāti ištu dūrimma PN-ma since olden times PN has been the person responsible for this orchard Kraus, AbB 5

- 219 r. 6; ana SAG.DU.MEŠ mā mārēkunu bilani (the king said) to the leaders: Bring your sons to me (to serve at the court) ABL 2 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 121; Sidūnāja LÚ.SAG.DU.MEŠ-te la issi mār šarri bēlija ina GN illiku the leaders of Sidon neither went with the crown prince, my lord, to Calah (nor are they in attendance at Nineveh) ABL 175:7; urdā: nika . . . LÚ.SAG.DU.MEŠ ša URU.ŠÀ.URU your servants, the leaders of the city of Assur ABL 1238:3 (all NA); PN LÚ.SAG.DU [...] PRT 113 r. 8; [PN] ... ina SAG.DUšu-nu altapar I put PNat their (the troops') head VAB 3 55 § 50:86 (Dar.); obscure: GN SAG.DU-ad LÚ.MEŠ-šu-nu irtub itab= bula KBo 10 1:28, see Melchert, JNES 37 15.
- **4.** top, top part -a) of parts of the body: šumma še ina sag.du appišu šakin if there is a mole on the top of his nose Kraus Texte 44:24 (physiogn.); išid KA qatan SAG.DU KA rabi the base of the nose is thin, the top of the nose is big (explaining "if a newborn sheep has a face of Huwawa") Izbu Comm. 191; there was pus ammar sag.du ubāni seherte as much as the tip of (one's) little finger ABL 392 r. 7, see Parpola LAS No. 254; [šu] mma ina qá-qá-ad kurīt kappim ša imittim sūmum nadi if there is a red spot at the top of the (main) bone of the right wing YOS 10 52 iii 18, dupl. 51 iii 19, also RA 61 26:1; šumma ina gá-gá-ad mušen . . . sūmum nadīma if there is a red spot on the "head" of the "bird" YOS 10 51 i 23, dupl. 52 i 22; $\lceil q\acute{a}-q\acute{a}-ad \rangle$ (in broken context) ibid. 45:35 (all OB ext.); šumma kaskasu 2 SAG. DU.MEŠ-Šú (see kaskasu mng. 1c) KAR 423 i 17; šumma SAG.DU.MEŠ GAR-ma SIG TCL 6 5 r. 23 (both SB ext.); 4 SAG.DU GABA. MEŠ ADD 760:5, etc., see irtu mng. 1b-3'; see also qaqqad naglabi, ur'udi Hh. XV 66, 33, KBo 1 51, in lex. section.
- b) of tools, instruments, furniture, etc.

 -1' in gen.: (nails) ša SAG.DU.MEŠšu-nu kù.GI with gold heads AfO 18
 306 iii 8 (MA inv.); šumma martum rēssa kīma

qaqqadu 4b qaqqadu 4c

qá-qá-ad akkullim if the head of the gall bladder is like the top of an akkullu tool YOS 10 28:3 (OB ext.), also CT 28 46 K.8100:7, CT 31 26 r. 3, BRM 4 13:48 (all SB ext.), see akkullu usage c; see also allu qaqqad, qaq: qadu allu Hh. VIIA 153f., in lex. section; 1 giš qa-qa-ad epinnim one posterior part of the beam of a plow UCP 10 141 No. 70:3 (list of implements), cf. 1 GIŠ.SAG. APIN Aro Kleidertexte 35 HS 188:11 (MB?); if a man's head $k\bar{i}ma$ SAG.DU (var. SAG) epinni nadi Kraus Texte 2a r. 25, var. from r. 35, see MVAG 40/2 92:160; tin and copper ana qa-qa-ad jašibim tur balil alloyed for a small battering ram head RA 64 25 No. 7:5 (Mari); see also Hh. VIIA 89, in lex. section; 1 paššūru sag.du burāšu table with a top of juniper wood Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden No. 4:1, cf. 1 paššūru SAG.DU ša GIŠ.ŠINIG TCL 11 174 r. 12, also ša sag.du-su (var. ka-aq-qá-as-sú) giš. MES CT 2 1:5, var. from ibid. 6:6, 1 GIŠ. BANŠUR $q\acute{a}-q\acute{a}-di-im$ $\acute{s}a$ GIŠ.MES.MÁ. GAN (!).NA TLB 1 229:17, 1 GIŠ.BANŠUR ša sag.du giš.mes RA 73 68 AO 4651:2, 1 GIŠ pa-šu-ru SAG.DU JCS 11 35 No. 26:1, BE 6/1 84:22, 101:10, BE 6/2 26 iii 20, PSBA 33 pl. 29:10, but cf. l giš pa-šu-ur sag ša elammakki ARM 9 20:31, cf. CT 6 25b:20, (ša butumti) ibid. 33, also Scheil Sippar 64:1 4 GIŠ.BANŠUR.MEŠ SAG.DU 82-7-14,1101:5 (NB); $90\,000 \text{ sag.du } paššūr\bar{e}$ rabûti STT 41:21 (let. of Gilg.), see AnSt 7 128; see also Hh. IV 191, in lex. section; NA4. AN.ZA.GUL.ME ina muhhi SAG.DU amari ša erši imarruqu (see amaru B) 42:26 (NA rit.), cf. SAG.DU amarāte Craig ABRT 1 78:19 (NA), see Iraq 12 40; 4 SAG.DU kabli AN.TA PBS 8/2 194 iii 9, cf. SAG $q\acute{a}$ qá-ad karri ša kabli kaspu hummuş (see kablu usage a) ibid. 19 (OB); $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -da-at dudinātim top parts of pectorals (in broken context) BIN 6 179:23 (OA), and see dudittu usage e; 2 ša rēši sag.du ša na4 two head rests(?) with glass tops 14 iii 68, also ibid. 69 (list of gifts from Egypt); gold for 4 sag.du.meš ša sippāti Sumer 9 34 ff. No. 4:6 (MB inv.), and passim in this text;

1 GIŠ.MÁ SAG.DU-sú ša kaspi (the king brought from GN) one boat with a silver top KBo 10 1 r. 9, cf. (in obscure context) ina SAG.DU elippēti CT 22 74:16 (NB let.).

- 2' spindle whorl: 1 šušši sag.Du pilakki 30 ša bīni 30 ša musukkanni sixty spindle whorls, thirty of tamarisk and thirty of musukkannu wood KAR 223:2, cf. ibid. 6, AMT 46,1 i 24; šumma šulmu kīma sag.Du pilakki if the šulmu mark looks like a spindle whorl TCL 6 3:31, and passim in ext., see pilakku; NA4 sag.Du giš.Bal (in list of stone charms) Köcher BAM 372 iii 4.
- 3' arrowhead: 50 sag.du Kak.ú.tag. GA fifty arrowheads KAJ 310 r. 59, also, wr. sag.du liš-ta-hi VAS 19 63:1 (both MA); silver to the aškāpu ana sag.du šiltāhu 82-7-14,1459:4 (NB); 7 šiltāhū sag.du parzilli seven arrows with iron heads (used in rit.) LKA 120:8, also (with bronze and wood heads) ibid. 8f., see Or. 39 142 (namburbi).
- c) of topographical features: $k\bar{a}du \, \delta a$ PN ša ina SAG.DU mişir u[šu]zzu $k\bar{a}du$ mng. 1b-1') ABL 210 r. 12; field ultuqaq-qa-du Bīt Zabunu adi humelāti from the border of GN to the BIN 1 159:1, cf. sag.du ašlu (see ašlu A mng. 2b) BE 8 132:4 (all NB); 6 bur qa-qa-ad eqlini PN u tappûšu īkimuniāti PN and his colleagues have taken six bur of the best part(?) of our field away from us TCL 7 37:7, also ibid. 13 (OB); qá-qá-dam ša šēpīt Ú.SAL ša tēpušu līpuš let him work the top of the lower ušallu field which you have been working TLB 4 2:46 (OB let.); qá-aq-qá-daat eqlēti ša ina mēr [eši] la imlû the upper parts(?) of the fields which had not been filled (with water) at (the time of) cultivation BE 17 66:9 (MB let.); see also gullubu mng. 4; ina qa-aq-qa-ad bīt qa-ri-e(read -ti?) iddin he gave (barley) at the side(?) of the storehouse RA 23 156 No. 55:2 (Nuzi); adi mūlē qa-qa-ad ālim eperu la ikšudu as long as the earthen ramp did not reach the height of the top of the city

qaqqadu 4d qaqqadu 6b

(wall) (he did not conquer it) ARM 1 4:10, cf. ištu eperu qa-qa-ad ālim ik= šudu ālam šâti iṣṣabat ibid. 15; ina SAG. DU igār on top of the wall TMB 77 No. 153:1 (OB); bītu ša SAG.DU gišru Dar. 64:1, and see gišru B mng. 1b; uncert.: textiles ina SAG.DU KÁ.GAL HSS 15 249:10; šiddum pūtum u ka-aq-qa-du mīna GAR what is the length, width, and top (of the grain pile)? MDP 34 84:2, also ibid. 14.

- d) top of a tree, fruit, pod of a plant: ina lumun šubulti ša 2 SAG.DU.MEŠ-šú against the evil (portended) by an ear of barley with two heads CT 41 23 ii 8; šumma ina libbi eqli šubultu ša 2 sag.du.meš-šá innamir if an ear of barley with two heads appears in a field CT 39 5:49; kima SAG.DU kukri ana ahāmeš la iqarribu (see kukru usage c) Maqlu VI 65, see AfO 21 77; *šumma gišimmaru* 2 sag.du.meš gar if a date palm has two tops CT 40 44 80-7-19,92+ :24ff., and passim in Alu, see Landsberger Date Palm 12, cf. gišimmaru ša 6 SAG.DU. меў-*šú ittanmar* a date palm with six tops was seen CT 29 48:8 (SB list of prodigies), and dupl., see AfO 16 262; SAG.DU.MEŠ GIŠ.MEŠ AfO 18 304 ii 25 (MA inv.); [GÎR]. UGA šá 7 SAG.DU.MEŠ-šú crow's foot with seven heads CT 14 10 i 7 (Uruanna), cf. šep $\bar{a}ribi$ ša 7 sag.du.meš-šú AMT 79,1:21, 78,2:6, also 88,2:9, hašūtu ša 7 SAG.DU. MEŠ-šá AMT 105:4, cf. AMT 79,2:11, and see hašūtu B.
- 5. beginning (of time spans): $k\bar{\imath}ma$ ištu ka- $q\acute{a}$ -ad $eb\bar{\imath}ri$ še' am la iš $\hat{\imath}i$ (do you not know) that since the beginning of harvest time I have not had any barley? Kraus AbB 1 89:5; SAG.DU ITI š $\hat{\imath}i$ it is the beginning of the month ABL 78 r. 2, also ABL 352:14, see Parpola LAS No. 44, also ABL 330:7, 492:4, 726:6; ina SAG.DU ili ešši ša MN at the beginning of the new god (i.e., moon) of MN RA 65 85:4, also ADD 53:3, 57:5, 105:5, ABL 544 r. 7, Iraq 16 41 ND 2319:6, Tell Halaf No. 111:1, $\bar{\imath}mu$ eššu $k\hat{\imath}$ SAG.DU ITI-ma ABL 354:16 (all NA).
- **6.** original amount, principal -a) in OB: qá-qá-ad kaspim ana tamkārim utâr he will return the original amount of silver to the merchant CH § 102:22; ana UD. qá-aq-qá-ad kaspim ippaluki within ten days they will repay you the original amount of the silver PBS 7 38:13; ša 16(?) šiqil kaspim şibtum ana ka-qá-di itūrma the interest on 16(?) shekels of silver was recapitalized TCL 18 147:20; qaq-ka-di kaspim u ša rēqu šuţranim write me what the original amount of silver was and what is missing(?) VAS 16 88:8, see Frankena, AbB 6 88; 1 GÍN KÙ. BABBAR SAG. DU A. GAR me-re-šum šā x x x ša É.GAL Grant Smith College 262:1; if a merchant sibātim ana sag.du uttehhi adds the interest to the principal PBS 5 93 ii 5 (CH § 92), in Driver and Miles Babylonian Laws 2 40 § 0; ulu kīma şibtam uşşabu uluma kīma qa-aq-qa-da-am-ma ina ebūrim utarru (see $sibtu \ A \ mng. \ 1b-3'$) ARM 2 81:18, cf. ibid. 35; x barley SAG.B[I] TCL 11 213:1, wr. sag ibid. 211:1; sag kù ì.lá.e UET 5345:18; 4 GUR ŠE S[AG] X GÍN KÙ.BABBAR SAG 3 UDU.X.HI.A SAG Jean Šumer et Akkad 214:1ff., also (var. še. HAR. RA on tablet) CT 47 2a:3, and passim in loans; note, wr. SAGXDU JCS 9 63 No. 11:1, 13:1; Nfg.ŠID X ŠE GUR SAG.DU ša MU . . . accounting for x barley, principal from the (named) year Riftin 89:1; kanīkam ana qá-qá-ad uhinni izib issue a sealed document about the original amount of unripe dates TCL 1 30:33; note referring to persons: PN qá-qá-ad rēdîm ša PN₂ tahhašu PN, the actual soldier, whose substitute is PN2 JCS 7 92 No. 19:1, also 93 No. 21:2, 94 No. 22:1, see Landsberger, JCS 9 122 n. 9.
- b) in peripheral texts: x kaspu SAG.DU ša PN eli PN₂ x silver, the principal, which PN₂ owes PN Wiseman Alalakh 26:1, cf. ibid. 27:1, 28:6 and 13; mala ša ihalliqu SAG.DU-šu-nu-ma umallû (see malû v. mng. 6e) MRS 9 154 RS 17.230:18; uncert.: unūtešunu u SAG.DU-šu-nu ina dannuttimma ušeṣṣû: nim Ugaritica 5 20 r. 9 (let.); ina arki ebūri

qaqqadu 6c qaqqadu 6e

x \S E.ME \S SAG.DU- \S u-ma . . . ut $\hat{a}r$ after the harvest he will return x barley, the principal only HSS 9 81:5, also ibid. 83:8, 84:7, 76:6, and passim in Nuzi, cf. ŠE.MEŠ SAG.DU utâr IM 73260:15 (courtesy A. Fadhil), also ina SAG.DU utâr JEN 540:30, ana SAG. DU-šu-ma inandin HSS 15 244:10, note: ŠE.MEŠ qa-dum SAG.DU-ma . . . utâršu= $n\bar{u}tu$ HSS 9 43:12; note: x šE PN x šE. MEŠ PN₂ SAG.DU-šu utarru (contrasted with še.meš itti máš-šu utarru line 22, etc.) HSS 13 132:4 and 51; 15 GÍN kaspam SAG tappûti itti PN PN, ilqe PN, borrowed from PN 15 shekels of silver, the capital to be used for a partnership MDP 23 274:1, ina šalām girrišu kaspam sag utâ[r] after completion of his business trip he will return the silver capital ibid. 7; x silver SAG itti PN PN2 ilqe MDP 22 30:1, also ibid. 23:1, 26:1, and passim in loans in Elam, cf. ina ebūrim 5 gín kaspam ga-ag-ga-da-ma utâr at harvest time he will return the principal of five shekels of silver MDP 23 190:10, wr. qa-(aq-)qa-dam-ma ibid. 181:16, MDP 24 345:5, and passim, Wr. SAG-ma MDP 23 188:7, cf. sag-ma kù ì.lá.e MDP 24 343:8.

c) in MA: annaka şarpa hurāşa ša la akāli sag.du-ma ilaqqe he (the father-inlaw) may take back just the original amount of tin, silver, gold, whatever is not edible (from the bridal gifts) KAV 1 iv 38 (Ass. Code § 30), cf. abna u mimma ša la akāli SAG.DU-ma utâr ibid. vi 38 (§ 43); ana 5 urhī sag.du še'i ina libbi āli imandad after five months he will measure out the principal of the barley in Assur KAJ 63:8, also 58:9, 60:8, 67:7, Assur 3 18 No. 4:7, note: SAG ŠE-šu ina adrāte imaddad VAS 198:15. šumma sag še-am ina adrāte la imtadad Iraq 30 pl. 63 TR 3022:16; SAG.DU anniki ihiat Assur 3 14 No. 3:10, VAS 19 19:9, KAJ 17:9, also 14:8, 16:7, 53:7, Iraq 30 pl. 63 TR 3021:7, and passim; SAG.DU kaspi *ihiat* KAJ 39:9, cf. KAV 143:12 (Ass. Code G); note: SAG.DU libitti iddan KAJ 86:7, SAG.DU gurri[ti iddan] (see agurratu) KAJ 96:6.

- d) in NA: x silver SAG.DU ša PN ina pan PN₂ the principal, belonging to PN, at the disposal of PN₂ ADD 34:1, also ADD 32:1, 35:3, 103:1, AJSL 42 233 No. 1187:2, and passim, (referring to copper) ibid. 263 No. 1246:2, ADD 31:2, 43:1, 162:1, (to barley) ADD 137:1, 140:1, 141:1, (to wine) ADD 126:4; ina MN kaspa ina sag.du-šú iddan in MN he will repay the silver in its original amount ADD 66:4, also ADD 33:5, 13:7, TCL 9 61:9, and passim; ŠE.PAD.MEŠ . . . ina adri a-na SAG.DU-šá (iddan) ADD 133:4, cf. še.bar ... ina MN a-na sag.du-šá ... iddan ADD 148 edge 1; SAG.DU kaspi ina muhhi še taramme išakkan (if) he deposits the principal of the silver on the barley heaps (i.e., repays the loan, he redeems his pledged land) ADD 83 r. (!) 2, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. 23:11, also ADD 629:15.
- e) in NB: x še.bar sag.du ša PN ina muhhi PN, ina MN ŠE.BAR ana SAG.DUšú inandin x barley, principal, belonging to PN, charged against PN₂, in MN he will repay the barley in (the amount of) the principal of it RA 25 78 No. 10:1 and 4, cf. x barley SAG.DU ša PN ina muhhi PN2 TuM 2-3 81:1, also VAS 3 155:1, 84:1, BRM 1 44:1, and passim, cf. (said of dates) VAS 6 130:1, TCL 13 159:1, TuM 2-3 67:1, 95:1, and passim, (said of silver) BRM 1 36:1, VAS 4 156:2, TuM 2-3 55:1, 110:1, TCL 12 42:2, Nbn. 112:1, and passim; x ŠE.BAR SAG.DU u hubullu x barley, the principal and the interest TuM 2-3 90:1, also VAS 3 137:2, cf. dates SAG.DU hubuttutu VAS 3 118:1; ina MN . . . $K\dot{U}$. BABBAR SAG.DU-šú tanandin in MN she will repay the principal of the silver (owed) Nbn. 82:7, ina MN ina SAG.DU-šú inandin Camb. 161:6, also Nbk. 22:5, Nbn. 4:5, Dar. 415:5, VAS 4 71:6, 157:5, TuM 2-3 41:4, and passim, also (said of barley) VAS 3 30:8, 10:5, BRM 1 48:6, TuM 2-3 76:5, and passim, (said of dates) ina sag.du-šú-nu inandin Nbn. 575:7, VAS 3 38:5, AnOr 8 68:5, Dar. 448:6, Camb. 335:7, and passim; ina MN gidil ša šūmi babbanû ina sag.du-šú inandin Evetts Ner. 68:7, also Nbk. 309:5, BRM 1 60:14; ina MN

qaqqadu 7 qaqqadu 8a

kaspa sag.du u hubullu tanandin in MN she will pay the silver, principal and interest TuM 2-3 47:7; ina sag.du kaspišu PN . . . mahir PN (the creditor) received (x silver from the debtor) from the principal of his silver VAS 4 175:3, also 176:4, 61:6, TuM 2-3 128:1; x silver SAG.DU akî u'iltisu 'PN . . . mahrat the principal, 'PN has received in accordance with her contract Peiser Verträge 119:6, cf. VAS 4 177:10, 188:5; SAG.DU u hubullu PN . . . mahir PN received (dates), the principal and interest Dar. 400:6, also VAS 4 166:6; pūt SAG. DU kaspi PN naši PN guarantees (repayment of) the principal of the silver Non. 1013:12, also VAS 4 163:8, TCL 13 184:13, Dar. 359:8; adi muhhi ša ^fPN kasapšu SAG.DU u hubullu tašallimu until PN pays in full the silver she (owes), principal and interest VAS 4 21:12; SAG.DU kaspišu PN ețir PN has been paid back the principal of his silver Jastrow, Oriental Studies of the Oriental Club of Philadelphia 116:8; nādinānu kaspa kî pī u'ilti ina sag.du-šú ana māhirānu inan: din (see māḥirānu usage b-1') SPAW 1889 pl. 7 ii 20 (NB laws); šipātu SAG.DU šipātu hātu šipātu rēhi original amount of wool, weighed out, remaining wool (heading of a table) BIN 1 176:8; note x barley SAG.DU qa-ir (for karî, for mng. see karû A mng. 2) Cyr. 90:9, wr. SAG.DU qa-ri ibid. 26; note in non-legal context: x barley SAG.DU ginê the original amount of the regular offerings RAcc. 76:22.

- 7. (a stone, reading uncert.): na₄. sag.du = [...] Hh. XVI 327; NA₄.SAG.DU (among other stones) AMT 102 i 21 and (beside NA₄.SAG.KI) ibid. 31, cf. AMT 103 ii 31, 105 iv 5; 2 <NA₄> SAG.DU Köcher BAM 355:4; NA₄.SAG.DU (connected with certain days in hemer.) Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 41:4, 42 r. 8; if he does not pay NA₄.SAG.DU ša KÙ (?).GI utârima ana PN inandin he will return the -stone of gold (?) and give it to PN TCL 12 47:7 (NB).
- 8. (in idioms) -a) as direct object (arranged alphabetically according to

verbs) -1' $ab\bar{a}lu - a'$ to act impudently: if you employ a man who lacks discipline he will drop his work and run away bel išdīnma ša tanaţţaluma ka-qá-as-sú la ub= balu mulli employ only a man who is disciplined, who when you consider him does not act impudently TLB 4 3:24; awī= lum ina pani erín.meš gn qá-qá-as-su it= tabalma the gentleman acted impudently(?) in the presence(?) of the people of GN (and has not yet brought you the barley) CT 52 71:11; for Sum. sag.túm, the literal correspondent to qaqqada abālu, see magirtu; eqlam PN ušēsīma PN qá-qá-sú ubilma eqlam PN₂ PN₃ . . . ana $PN_4(?)$ [an] a errēšūtim iddinu PN rented a field but PN acted impudently, so PN2 and PN3 gave the field to PN4(?) in tenancy VAS 8 113:2 (= 114:2).

- b' (uncert. mngs.): $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -di and $s\bar{u}nika$ atbalam I placed (?) my head in your lap VAS 16 104:9; aššum mārat PN... $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -di attanabbal TCL 17 69:29.
- 2' emēdu a' ummudu to put one's trust in someone: the god knows qá-aqqá-di ina birkikama lu um-mu-ud that my head rests (confidently) in your lap Bagh. Mitt. 2 59 iv 13; anāku qa-aq-qa-di ana ekallim ú-um-ma-a-ad u ana pīhat ālim šâtu azzaz I will put my trust in the palace and take responsibility for that town Sumer 14 19 No. 3:23 (both OB letters).
- b' šutēmudu to get together: PN and PN₂ swore an oath to each other puhur qa-qa-da-ti-šu-nu uštēmidu and they all made common cause ARM 10 5:11, also ibid. 7, akkīma...qa-qa-da-ti-n[i] nuštem: meduma (write) so that we can get together ARM 2 62 r. 13; kīma qa-qa-da-ti-ku-nu tuštēmidama ana PN panīkunu taš: kuna (he wrote) that you have joined forces and turned to PN OBT Tell Rimah 3:4, also 11; qa-qa-da-ti-ku-nu šutēmida ibid. 4:25; for other OB refs. see emēdu mng. 6a.

qaqqadu 8a qaqqadu 9

3' $kab\bar{a}tu - a'$ to be honored: see $kab\bar{a}tu$ mng. 3b.

- b' kubbutu to honor: ilu ša bīt abiki idû qá-qá-ad-ki uktabbit the god who knows the house of your father honored you OBT Tell Rimah 118:12, ina āl wašbāti gá-gá-ad-ki likabbitu let them honor you in the city where you live ibid. 119:6, also 120:22; atti qá-qá-di kubbitima u anāku qá-qá-ad-ki lukabbit show me honor and then I will show you honor CT 52 151:4f.; $m\bar{a}di\check{s}$ $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -di tu[ka]bb[itama]honored me greatly TLB 4 35:35; note [q]a-qa-ad b[i-ti-x ku-ub-bi]-ti79:17 (coll. Kraus, RA 68 112); for other refs. see $kab\bar{a}tu$ mng. 5; note: DN . . . $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ dam ka-ab-tam liškunkama may DN provide honor for you TLB 4 52:6 (all OB letters).
- 4' kullu a' to be in readiness for: they have no leader qa-qa-su-nu ana Elahuttim ukallu they are ready to go over to GN CRRA 18 63 A 49:49 (Mari let.), and see kullu mng. 5e-1'.
- b' to be a guarantor for someone: see kullu mng. 5e-2'.
- 5' maḥāṣu: see maḥāṣu mng. 4e and 4f; ašar ana kaspim qá-qá-ad-ni maḥṣuni dí-ni-a-tí-ma lu nišqul since we have pledged ourselves to (pay) the silver, sue us and then we will pay C 15:8 (unpub. OA, courtesy B. Landsberger); for Kienast ATHE 44:25 see maḥṣu usage b.
- 6' pasāsu to cancel: qá-aq-qá-ad têrstim apassas I will cancel the assignment TCL 17 12:20.
- 7' qalālu to come to shame: see qaz lālu mng. 2b; qullulu to dishonor: see qalālu mng. 4b.
- 8' rašû (mng. uncert.): aššum bītija e-li-ia-a PN qa-qa-dam iršīma u ina bītija ušēsûninnima šâtu ušēribušu PN won out(?) over me in the case of my house, so that they evicted me from my house and let him move in ARM 10 90:23.

- 9' šakānu to turn against someone: Ištar ana nakrišu ul i-šak-kan SAG.DU-sa Ištar does not turn against its (Uruk's) enemy Thompson Gilg. pl. 59 K.3200:17.
- 10' šalāhu to withdraw (OA): abuni atta ašar qá-qí-dí-šu ša-lá-hi-im milik you are our principal, think of a way in which he may back out (lit. withdraw himself) ArOr 47 43:31, ef. mala qá-qá-sú ta-ša-lá-ha-ni milik ibid. 34; atta qá-qá-ad-ka šu-ul-ha-am BIN 4 51:46.
- b) in prepositional constructions: ina qaqqadi rakāsu to charge a debt to someone (OA only): kaspum ina qá-qá-ad šalmišunu kīnišunu rakis the silver is charged to them (the creditors) as a joint responsibility Studies Landsberger 177 I 552:13, also ICK 1 172:17, RA 59 20 MAH 16206:9, CCT 5 22b:21, ICK 2 45:14, BIN 6 238:16, and passim in OA, see kīnu mng. 2a-2', also [a]-na qá-[qá]-ad šalmišunu raksu HUCA 39 22 L29-566:24, cf. ICK 1 193:12, and passim; kaspum ina qá-qí-dí-šu u bītišu rakis CCT 1 6c:11, cf. kaspum ina qá-qá-ad PN aš= šitišu mer'ēšu bītišunu u allānišu rakis Jankowska KTK 106:20; note kaspum išti PN illakam išti qá-qí-dì-šu rakis ICK 2 104:7; note elliptically without rakis: ša . . . tup: pam ina qá-qá-ad šalmini talputu CCT 2 50:16.
- 9. head tax (OA only): 5 gin kaspam ukulti şuhārī u qá-qá-da-tim šabbu he has been paid five shekels of silver: the food for the servants and the "head tax" CCT 5 40b:22; x GÍN qá-qá-da-at 2 suḥārīka ēmudu they imposed x shekels as "head tax" on vour two servants TCL 14 14:18, cf. qáaá-da-tim emdama JSOR 11 112 No. 3:5; kīma šalām kaspija 1 gín u qá-qá-da-tí-ma šalāmim epša act so as to save every shekel of my silver and the "head tax" BIN 4 5:7, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 325; 15 gín. ta qá-qá-da-tum 15 shekels each was the "head tax" TCL 14 57:5, 10 GÍN. TA $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -da-tum TCL 4 106:6, also CCT 2 21b:11, 9 qá-qá-da-tum 10 gín.ta TCL 4

qaqqadu qaqqaru A 1a

83:11; $\frac{1}{2}$ MA.NA annak $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -da-tim half a mina of tin for "head tax" BIN 6 231:3, also BIN 4 159:3, KT Hahn 14:34; $\frac{2}{3}$ MA.NA $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{u}$ -tum $ik \check{s}udam$ the "head tax" amounted to two thirds of a mina LB 1250:9, cited Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 234; note: 15 GÍN $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -ad $s\ddot{a}ridim$ BIN 4 29:7.

The alleged variant qad-qa-di in Diri III 146 cited ZA 42 149 is based on a misreading of the beginning of the Middle Assyrian sag sign (in s[AG.DU]) as qad.

Ad mng. 2: Landsberger, ZA 35 31. Ad mng. 9: Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 171f.; Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 264ff. On spellings with k: Knudsen, JCS 15 86ff.

qaqqadu in ša qaqqadi s.; head covering; Mari, NB(?); cf. qaqqadu.

TÚG ša SAG.DU Practical Vocabulary Assur 280.

ša ka-qa-di-ši-na u TÚG.ḤI.A-ši-na li-sú-uḥ-ḥu-ma let them remove their headgear and their garments ARM 1 8:31, cf. subātī ù ša qa-qa-di-ia ù šēnī ARM 10 116:17; note (Akk. reading uncert.): TÚG SAG.DU 82-7-14,76:4, [TÚG.ḤI.A] SAG.DU ša [DN] 82-7-14,422:1, lubār SAG.DU ša DN 82-7-14,1862:6, for lubār ME.SAG.DU ša Šamaš see lubāru mng. 1h-2'a' (all NB).

*qaqqadû (a headdress) see $sagd\hat{u}$.

qaqqariš see qaqqaru Amngs. 1a, 8, and 9.

qaqqaršum see qaqqaru mngs. la and 9.

qaqqaru A (kaqqaru, kakkaru) s.; 1. ground, soil, 2. terrain, 3. territory, 4. plot of land, 5. location, area, region, blank space, 6. open country, 7. surface, area (in math.), 8. the earth, 9. nether world, 10. floor; from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt. (KUB 26 91 r. 11, Güterbock Siegel 1 No. 2:7); pl. qaqqarū, qaqqarātu; wr. syll. and KI.

qá-qar ki = qaq-qa-ru Ea IV 100; [ki-i] [ki] = $\lceil er$ -se-tum], $\lceil ma$ -a-tum], $\lceil q \rceil aq$ -qa-ru A IV/2:181-182; giš.ki.má = qaq-qar min (= gi).

[MÁ]) Hh. IV 365; [k]i.nam.ti.la = qaq-qar ba-la-ti, [k]i.nam.baDu⁸ = qaq-qar mu-ti Izi C i 30 f.: $\acute{u} \cup = qaq$ -qar A II/4:30.

C i 30 f.; ú U = qaq-qa-rum A II/4:30. iz.zi.dir = ni-gi-iş-şu, ki.in.dir = min qaqqa-ri Erimhuš I 272 f.; níg.ki.ki.a (var. níg.ki. gar) = zir-man-du qaq-qa-rum (var. qaq-qar) Hh. XIV 403; giš.ù.Aš.ku = min (= [si]m-mil-tú) qaq-qa-ri Erimhuš II 274; ú.pad = hal-lu-la-ia = šah qaq-qa-ri Hg. A II 273, in MSL 8/2 45; nim. ú.pad = hal-lu-la-ia = h[u-zir-tu šá eqli], š[á-niš šah qaq-qa-ri] Hg. B III 18f., in MSL 8/2 47.

ki.šu.dug₄.ga = MIN (= na-qa-ru) šá qaq-qa-ri

Antagal A 50.

za.e e.ne.èm.zu ki.a mu.un.pàd.da ^da. nun.na.kex(KID).e.ne ki.a mu.un.su.ub.su. ub : kâtu amatka ina erşeti izakkarma Anunnaki qaq-qa-ru unaššaqu when someone invokes your name on earth, the Anunnaki kiss the ground Sjöberg Mondgott 168 r. 27, cf. BA 10/1 18 No. 9:4 and 7; alam níg.sag.íl.la.a.ni zfD.šE ki.a u.me.ni.hur : şalam andunānišu ša tappinni ina qaq-qa-ri esirma (see esēru mng. 1a-1') 5R 50 ii 57f., see JCS 21 8:75; níg.kéš.da ki.a hur.ra [tú]g.A.DU su.lú.ka du₈.a: maksûtu ša ina qaq-qar eşret suhattu sa ina zumur amēli paţrat (see maksûtu) ASKT p. 86-87:72f.; ki nam.ti. la.ke, á.mu.ta ba.an.gub.bu.uš : ina qaq-qar balāti idāja izzazzu (see balātu s. mng. 2) KAR 31:19f., cf. ki.nam.ti.la.ke, gìr.zu gub. bu.da: ina qaq-qar (var. [q] aq-qa-ru) balāti šēpka šukun (var. lizziz) STT 179:35f., var. from CT 17 33:21 f.

 $t\bar{u}\bar{s}\bar{a}ru=qaq-q\acute{a}-ru$ W 22671/1 and dupl. W 22831 i 8, cited AHw. 1374a.

ύ šá-mi qaq-qa-ri (var. ὑ qaq-qa-ri) : ὑ su-pa-lu Uruanna I 427; ὑ iš-qip-pu : ὑ qu-qa-ni qaq-qa-ri MSL 8/2 60:213 (Uruanna); ur.maḥ qaq-qa-ri : hu-la-m[e-šū] ibid. 58:205d.

 $qaq.qa.ra.an.ki = \S U$ Hh. XXI Section 3:20a; qaq-qa-ra-an = MIN (= Uruk) Malku I 218; see mng. 3c.

1. ground, soil — a) as surface — 1' in gen.: a wall 404 cubits high ištum qá-qá-rí-im ana rēš dūrim from the ground to the top of the wall AfO 20 76 v 11 (Na-rām-Sin); [i]-[g]a-ru-um [ša] PN... išāmu igār birītim ištu qá-qá-ri adi elēnum the wall that PN bought is a party wall from the ground to the top Waterman Bus. Doc. 80:7; the Medes, who in the days of the kings, my fathers mişir Aššur la ibbalkitūnimma la ikbusū qaq-qar-šá did not cross the frontiers of Assyria nor tread its ground Borger Esarh. 54 iv 36; akabbas qaq-q[ar...] (vars. akabbas qaq-qa-ru līšera šēpēja,

qaqqaru A la qaqqaru A la

akabbas qaq-qa-ri līšer ana še-pi-i) I tread on the ground, may my feet walk straight (var. may (it) be favorable to my feet) BiOr 30 169 iii 21 (inc.); KI ugāri šuāti nakru ikabbas an enemy will trample this commons CT 39 9:13 (SB Alu), cf. ibid. 5:53, cf. also nakru KI nawija ikabbas Labat Suse 6 i 38; annūa ina qaq-qa-ri ukabbas I stamp my sins into the ground AfO 19 51:71 (SB hymn to Marduk); ekdūtija kīma qaq-qa-ru lukabbis (see kabāsu mng. 5b) STC 2 pl. 83:97, see Ebeling Handerhebung 134; for other refs. see kabāsu mngs. 2 and 3; since you, my lord, left me, I have been sick šēpī ina ka-ag-gá-ri ul aškun I have not set my feet on the ground PBS 7 123:2 (OB let.), cf. MVAG 41/3 60 i 16 (NA rit.), cf. also qá-qá-ri ušaškin šēpē[ja] KUB 4 12 obv. (!) 19 (Gilg. Bogh.); lām ultu erši šēpšu ana KI iškunu before he puts his foot from the bed onto the ground CT 38 33:1, and 31 r. 24 (catch line), cf. AMT 34,3:4, 59,1 i 8 and 28, LKU 61:7; his feet are broad KI and are spread on (lit. fill) the ground Kraus Texte 22 i 27 and 24 r. 6, cf. his toes KI ul ikaššada do not reach the ground ibid. 22 iii 3, also (the newborn child's foot) qá-qá-ra (var. KI) ul ikaššad Leichty Izbu III 96; $kiš\bar{a}dka\ ka-aq-q\acute{a}-r[a]-am$ uštakšid she -ed you (lit. made your neck reach the ground) CT 45 122:6, see Kraus, AbB 7 187; ka-aq-qá-ra uštammil (in broken context) PBS 1/1 2 i 12 (OB lit.); ikmisma Gilgāmeš ina qá-aq-qá-ri šēpšu Gilgāmeš bent one knee, his (other) foot (firmly) on the ground Gilg. P. vi 25 (OB); ana qaq-qa-ru uhannaş (if) he rubs (his hands and feet) against the ground Labat TDP 80:13, dupl. KUB 37 87:15, cf. qātāšu šēpāšu KI qaq-qa-ri išappis STT 89:175; Nergal entered her (Ereškigal's) courtyard and ikmis(i) i[ššiq] qaq-qa-ru mah= riša made obeisance (and) kissed the ground before her AnSt 10 110 i 28 and 116 iii 49 (Nergal and Ereškigal), cf. when he entered before the prince uškēnma iššią qaq-qa-ru maharšu AnSt 6 152:73 (Poor Man of Nippur), cf. En. el. III 69; when the king

entered Babylon ina mahar Marduk u Şar: panītu qaq-qar iššiq ABL 865:10 (NB); erraba qaq-qu-ru ina pan [šarri inaššiq] MVAG 41/3 60 i 5, 8, and 12 (NA rit.); see also Sjöberg Mondgott, in lex. section; for other refs. see našāqu mng. 4c-2'; the king of Elam kissed my feet and qaq-qa-ru ušēšir ina zignišu brushed the ground with his beard Streck Asb. 34 iv 29; if a falcon ina qaq-qa-ri ašibma CT 39 30:55, cf. qaq-qa-ri $u\check{s}\check{e}\check{s}ir$ (see $e\check{s}\check{e}ru$ mng. 5) CT 39 29:26; īrub ana Emeslam ina qaq-qar ug-da-[na]x-[...] Grayson BHLT 74 iii 32; $išm\bar{e}ma$ RN qaq-qa-riš ippalsih when Ursâ heard this he threw himself to the ground (and tore his clothes) TCL 3 411 (Sar.), parallel Winckler Sar. pl. 10 No. 22:294, and see napalsuhu mng. 1b-1'; if during the procession the statue of Marduk ina qaq-qa-ri ušib lands on the ground ACh Supp. 2 Sin 18 r. 14, cf. (the leg of the chair) [ina] muhhi qaqqi-ri tātemedi ABL 1212 r. 8 (NA); he pulled her from the throne by her hair ana qáa-aq-qá-ri qaqqassa ana nakāsi (see na: $k\bar{a}su$ mng. 2a-2) EA 357:79 (Nergal and Ereškigal); būru kīma uzāli imtagut qaq-qaršú (see būru A mng. 1a-2') Köcher BAM 248 iii 31, and dupls. Studies Landsberger 286:33, KUB 4 13:9, cf. (the child) limgutam gá $aq-q\acute{a}-ar-[\acute{s}]um$ VAS 17 34:19 (OB inc.), also (the child) littanaqquta ina qaq-qa-ri Craig ABRT 2 19:14 (NA inc.); šumma sēru ana muhhi ameli išhitamma ana KI imqut if a snake springs onto a man and falls to the ground CT 38 36:62, cf. KAR 384 r. 29, cf. also CT 39 40 r. 35 (all SB Alu), and see (also with qaqqaris) maqatu mng. 1b; in transferred mng.: wu'urti bēlija ana qa-qa-riim ul imqut my lord's wish is not disregarded (lit. did not fall on the ground) ARM 105:26; inēršu ka-qá-ra-am (see nêru mng. 2) Gilg. O.I. r. 8; tabku erūja ina qaqa-ri-ma my branches are scattered on the ground Lambert BWL 160 r. 3, cf. the of their land which my ancestors ina qa-qa-ri tabku u anāku ina qa-qa-ri ušatbû Smith Idrimi 61f.; if a bronze lockpeg of the palace šūlātma ina KI ŠUB-at

qaqqaru A 1a qaqqaru A 1a

when raised falls to the ground CT 40 12:20, and passim in this text; GIŠ.NÁ ana gagqa-ri lissukki [qaq-q]a-ru tebi liqbīki let the bed fling you to the ground, let the ground say to you "Get up!" Biggs Saziga 77:17f.; išši malā majāl qaq-qar ināl he wore his hair unkempt (as a sign of mourning), he slept with the floor as a bed VAB 4 274 ii 40 (Nbn.), cf. ina ki hé.ná Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 46 VAT 7818 r. 11; alka tiba ina qá-aq-qá-ri come on, get up from the ground Gilg. P. ii 22; ušharrirma Anšar qaq-qa-ri inaţţal ikammam ana Ea unašši gaggas[su] Anšar became motionless, his eyes to the ground, nodding and shaking his head toward Ea En. el. II 86, ef. [x-x]-x-ta qaq-qa- \ll ru \gg -ram-ma inattal e-[na(?)-ka(?)] STT 28 ii 11', see Gurney, AnSt 10 112 (Nergal and Ereškigal); rēšīja ul ullu qaq-qa-ri anattal Lambert BWL 88:293 (Theodicy), cf. šagātu rēšāja iknuš gag-gar-[šu] my head (once) held high is turned toward the ground Lambert BWL 34:73 (Ludlul I); [ša] qaq-qu-ru idaggaluni (parallel: ša šamê idaggaluni) ZA 51 136:38 (NA); elli ana $\bar{u}ri$. . . urrad ana qaq-qa-ri-im-mauşabbatu kibsī[ki] I will go up to the roof, I will go down to the ground and seize your footprints Maqlu III 145, emendation from STT 82, cf. if lizards ištu KI ana ūri illû . . . ištu ūri ana KI urraduni CT 38 41:10 f. and dupl. CT 40 28 K.6527+:5 f. (SB Alu); abna kâmma ištu qa-qa-ri ittašīmi u ul: tēbilammi (is he making a joke at my expense, that) he picked up such a stone from the ground and sent it to me (instead of lapis lazuli)? MRS 9 222 RS 17.383:17; may your blood ana qaq-qar littarad flow onto the ground Wiseman Treaties 471; may your seed [ina?] muhhi pa-ni ša qaq-qa-ri-ku-nu ina māti lihliq disappear from the face of your soil, from the land Wiseman Treaties 544; dūrānišunu dannūti ... appulma qaq-qa-riš ušakšid I pulled down their strong walls and made (them) level with the ground TCL 3 293 (Sar.), cf. qa-qa-riš ušamhir ibid. 180, 195; $d\bar{u}$ = rānišunu dunnunūti adi šipik uššīšunu has:

battiš udaqqiqma qaq-qa-riš amnu crushed their fortified walls down to their foundations like earthenware and made (them) level with the ground ibid. 165, cf. ibid. 217, GN appulma qaq-qa-ris amnu ibid. 185, cf. ibid. 273, 279, 232 + KAH 2 141, cf. also Winckler Sar. pl. 2 No. 3:38 and Lie Sar. 64; ālu šuātu . . . akšudma gag-ga-riš amnu Rost Tigl. III p. 60:21; with his hands issi qaq-qir isappan he will level (Elam) to the ground ABL 1280:9 (NA); the canal eperī imlāma immani qaq-qa-riš became filled with earth and thus level with the ground Borger Esarh. 36 § 23:10, cf. (the mountain) imtanu qaq-qar-šu(var. -šú) Cagni Erra IV 143; (the temple) [ultu ūmē mā] dūti nidûtam illikma īteme qaq-qa-riš Böhl Chrestomathy p. 36:24 (= Böhl Leiden Coll. 3 p. 35, Sin-šar-iškun).

2' in rit.: ašar šēpu parsat ki tašabbit mê ellūti [tanaddi] where nobody sets foot you sweep the ground, you pour pure water BBR No. 79:8, cf. [ana igi] dutu KI SAR A KÙ.GA tanaddi BBR No. 58:4, see Or. NS 36 279; ina ahi nāri ki sar a kừ SUD 4R 60:15, cf. Or. NS 39 143:23, KAR 73:6, AfO 18 296:1, RAcc. 10:8, and passim in rit., see šabātu; šāļu ša UD.KA.BAR mê umal: lûma ina qa-qa-ri iššakk[anu] RA 35 2 i 28 (Mari rit.); 2 lahannāte ša karāni šarru ana qa-qi-ri inaqqi the king pours two jugs of wine onto the ground ZA 50 194:23, cf. one jug of wine and one jug of beer ana qa-qi-ri ugammar ibid. 19 (MA rit.), also (wine) ana qaq-qi-ri itabbuku ZA 45 44:25 (NA rit.), and see tabāku; ana KI la tunattak AMT 68,2:4; [ina qaq]-qa-ri eşir u[şurtu] draw the picture (of the ark) on the ground Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 128:14 and 16; ana muhhi salmi ša gēmi ša ina KI esru inaddīma (the king) puts (the slaughtered sheep) on the image made with flour which has been drawn on the ground PBS 1/2 106 r. 27, see Ebeling, ArOr 17/1 179; for other refs. see eṣēru mng. 1a-1'; 14 times you touch his head u qaq-qa-ra talappat and touch the ground Küchler Beitr. pl. 1 i 16.

qaqqaru A 1b qaqqaru A 2b

b) as mass of earth: migit parzillim ša gá-ag-gá-ra irassu meteoric iron, which gouges the ground JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 8 v 21 (OB hymn); irtēma ina dunni qaq-qa-ri 5 sikkāti he drove five pegs into the hard ground STT 38:132, see AnSt 6 156 (Poor Man of Nippur); the foundation of the palace in Calah was not solid and eli dunni qaqga-ri kişir šadî ul šuršuda išdāsu its foundation walls had not been set into firm ground, on bedrock Winckler Sar. pl. 48:14, cf. adi qaq-qa-ri dunnišu akšudu MDP 21 pl. 1:18 (Xerxes); šalamtašu ina KI aj iq= qebir may his body not be buried in the ground MDP 6 pl. 10 vi 21 (Merodachbaladan I kudurru), cf. salmēja . . . ana nāri lu idd[i] ina KI lu iq-[bir] (the sorcerer) threw figurines of me into the river or buried them in the soil PBS 1/1 13:26, and see qebēru; narâ . . . ina qaq-qa-ri ittemir (if that man) buries the boundary stone in the ground MDP 2 pl. 22 v 52, MDP 6 pl. 10 iv 33, wr. KI (= qaqqaru or erşetu, see erșetu mng. 4b) UET 1 165 ii 17, BBSt. No. 7 ii 12; kīma . . . šuršūšu gag-ga-ru la işab= batu just as its (this plant's) roots do not take hold in the ground Surpu V-VI 64 and 133, cf. šuršūšu qaq-qa-ra DIRI Küchler Beitr. pl. 3 iii 31; lillik šāru ka-agqá-ra li'erri let the wind blow, let it parch (?) the ground Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 72 II i 15 (SB); ina garnišu gag-gar terât JNES 33 332:15 (NB med. comm.); see also letû v. mng. la; if a sheep [ina šēp] imittišu KI ihappir (see hepēru mng. 1) CT 31 30:23, cf. ibid. 25, qaq-qar ihappiruš Hunger Uruk 50:30 (med. comm.); see also hepēru mng. 2; 18 qaq-qar ušappil I dug down in the ground 18 (cubits) (and found the ancient foundation made by Narām-Sin) VAB 4 264 i 30 (Nbn.), cf. [x] ammat qá-qá-ru ušappilma ibid. 194 No. 27a ii 17 (Nbk.); nargâni ana qaq-qa-ri hide in the ground! Maqlu VI 96.

c) in idiomatic use: if the necklace is not available to you ašar ibaššû ina qa-qa-ri-im šūliamma šūbilam produce one

from wherever you can (lit. from the ground) and send it to me Sumer 14 73 No. 47:18 (Harmal let.), cf. 15 ušummī ina qá-qá-ri lišēlûnimma šūbilam let (the gardeners) procure 15 ušummu mice at any cost and send (them) to me TCL 17 13:20, also še.giš.ì ša 1 gín kaspim ina qá-qári-im šūliaššimma AfO 24 124 No. 9:18; 1 elippaka ana PN ana tabliltim idin u elip: pam ša PN2 ina ka-ka-ri-im šūliaš give one of your boats to PN for and go to any length to provide PN2's boat for him TCL 1 32:15; išpartam ina gá-gá-ri-im šūliamma go to any length to provide a weaver woman Kienast Kisurra 153:29, cf. GUD.HI.A ina ka-aq-qá-ri-im šu-li-a-amma VAS 16 79:9 (all OB letters), see Stol, BiOr 31 222f.; [DUMU].MEŠ LUGAL.MEŠ GI.NA. MEŠ ina qaq-qa-ri ilaqqatu K.6645 ii 7 (astrol.), also cited Thompson Rep. 236A:4.

- d) describing burrowing animals: $n\bar{e}\delta u$ δa qaq-qa-ri(var. -ru) dumqa $\bar{e}tepu\delta$ I did a good deed for the "earth-lion" Gilg. XI 296; see also Hh. XIV, Hg., Uruanna, in lex. section, and see $namma\delta tu$, $z\bar{e}rmandu$.
- 2. terrain a) in gen.: kî qaq(!)-qa-ru tābi ina šēpē lillikunu jānû ina elippi lillikunu if the terrain is good, let them come on foot, if not, let them come by boat TCL 9 84:21 (NB let.); qaq-qu-ru marişi birte šadâni šû mê karku nārāte da'na (see karāku mng. 1) ABL 312:9 (NA); if a well opens ina KI bāşi in sandy ground CT 38 24 BM 34092:21; see also namrāşu.
- b) with ref. to the desert: māt Bāzu . . . qaq-qar tābti ašar sumāme the land of Bāzu, saline ground, a place of thirst Borger Esarh. 56 iii 54; qualified by terms for thirst: ina šadî qaq-qar sumāmēte issakan bēdī ištu qaq-qar sumāmēte ittumuš (see sumāmītu usage b) Scheil Tn. II 64, cf. ibid. 33; anhu ša ina qaq-qar sūmu [ī]tatztiqu mê [m]aški [i-ha-á]š(?)-ši-ih (see anhu mng. la) ABL 1411 r. 2 (NB); for other refs. see naṣmû, sumāmītu, sūmu; see also Streck Asb., cited mng. 3a.

qaqqaru A 3a qaqqaru A 3d

territory – a) measured in $b\bar{e}ru$: 30 bēr qaq-qa-ru ina birīt māt GN . . . šit= muriš allikma I marched impetuously thirty "miles" between GN (and GN2) TCL 3 75 (Sar.), cf. ibid. 307, etc., cf. 60 ber qaq-qaru ina Urarti . . . etelliš attallakma Rost Tigl. III p. 46:24, 52:39; I cut through the mountains toward Nineveh ušēšir harru ber gag-ga-ru ultu gereb in GN mame . . . ušardâ I ran a canal and let water flow (there) from the Husur river for one "mile" overland OIP 2 124:42 (Senn.); 8 ber gagqa-ru . . . ittallaku ummānāteja . . . ultu libbi GN adi GN₂ 6 ber qaq-qa-ru qaq-qar summe laplapti irdû illiku Streck Asb. 204 vi 38 and 206 vi 42; 1000 uttatu . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ ber gagqar ana muhhi nāri rūqet one thousand (gur) of barley is half a "mile" distant from the river (two gur and twelve silas are close to the river) YOS 3 68:15 (NB cf. [x kaskal].cfd qaq-qar ABL 1000:2, 1342:6, 1387 r. 18, 1402:10 (all NB), also [x KASKAL.G]fD qaq-qu-[ru] ABL 608 r. 11 (NA); ina kisurrē GN ištu mašdaļu ša ah Puratti adi gereb Kiš 4\frac{2}{3} b\bar{e}r g\alpha-q\alpha-ri mišihti A.šà šipik eperī aštappakma at the borders of Babylon I made an earth ramp from the processional road at the bank of the Euphrates as far as Kish, a distance of four and two thirds "miles" VAB 4 166 B vi 62 (Nbk.), parallels Sumer 3 7 i 21 and 15 i 23; for other refs. see bēru As. mng. 1b; note ber qaq-qa-ru referring to a time measurement, see Pingree, AfO 25 55.

- b) measured in march route time: all the way to Memphis, his residence $m\bar{a}lak$ 15 $\bar{u}m\bar{e}$ qaq-qa-ri $\bar{u}me$ sam la naparka $d\bar{u}ktu$ su $m\bar{a}di$ s $ad\bar{u}k$ over a march (route) of 15 days I inflicted a heavy defeat on him every day without exception Borger Esarh. 99 r. 39.
- c) identified by a proper name: $\bar{a}l\bar{a}ni$ £ PN qaq-qar $m\bar{a}t$ Namar mala $baš\hat{u}$ all the settlements of the PN tribe, territory of the country of GN BBSt. No. 6 i 48 and ii 8 (Nbk. I); ana ka-aq-qi- $\lceil ri \rceil$ ša Subartu la ituara (Šamaš-šum-ukīn) will not return to the

area of Assyria ABL 356:20, see Parpola LAS No. 45; a field qa-qa-ar BI.NE MDP 28 420:5; ina qaq-qa-ru GN akšudšunūti Weissbach Misc. No. 4 (pl. 3) ii 23 (Šamaš-rēš-uṣur); a house ina qá-qá-ar dšeš.KI YOS 12 75:5; ul uššab ina ā[liku]numa ina qaq-qar Enlil ul ašakkana [šē]pēja (as Enlil hates me) I cannot live in your town any longer, I cannot set foot in Enlil's territory any more Gilg. XI 41; note qaqqar Anu as a name of Uruk: see Malku I 218, in lex. section; in gentilics: PN Lú qaq-qar-dA-nu^{ki}-ú Hunger Uruk 45:25, also ibid. 33:11, wr. Lú.KI.DIŠ.KI-u ibid. 48 r. 9 (all colophons, same person).

d) in transferred mng.: ina qa-aq-qa-ar dannati ti-še-a-ni tuqqira mê u šamma ina eqel şumāmīti (see şumāmītu usage c) MDP 18 250:12 (OB lit.); atta $i-q\acute{a}-q\acute{i}-ri-im$ dannim tēţiranni you saved me from a dangerous situation Or. NS 36 411 Kültepe b/k 95:28; qá-qú-ru-um danan suḥārka ib= būbūtim la imuat the situation is dangerous, vour servant must not die of hunger BIN 6 124:10; abī ina qá-qí-ri-im dannim wašab u bīt abija ekallum inaşşar ... bīt abija ē ihliq my principal lives in a dangerous situation and the palace watches my principal's firm, let my principal's firm not perish KTS 37a:15, also HUCA 39 30 L29-573:11, adi ša annakam ina qá-qí-ri-im dannim wašbākuni 47b:25, cf. aşş $\bar{e}r$ i-qá-qí-ri-im da-nim uš= $b\bar{a}tini$ Akkadica 18 33 O 3918:23; aşş $\bar{e}r$ $q\acute{a}$ qú-ru-um dannum ukalluka libbaka imar: ras since a dangerous situation restrains you, you will have troubles 43a:18, cf. BIN 6 214:5, VAT 13509 r. 3'; man= num ina qá-qí-ri-i[m] [dan]-nim kaspam iddanniāti Jankowska KTK 17:7 (all OA); ina qaq-qar šulme mahraka littallak let him constantly walk before you in a territory of well-being AfO 19 59:160 (SB prayer to Marduk), cf. ummānum ina qá-qá-ar šulmiša nakrum i-[...] $id\hat{a}k\check{s}i$ the enemy will [...] and defeat the army in its own safe territory YOS 10 21:10 (OB ext.); Urtaku šar qaqqaru A 3e qaqqaru A 3e

Elamti ina qaq-qar ba-la-ţi šēpēšu u[l iškun] Bauer Asb. 56 Rm. 281:7, also Piepkorn Asb. 60 iv 57, cf. ina šulmim šēpī ina qa-qa-ar balāţim luškun OBT Tell Rimah 123:15, and see KAR 31, STT 179, in lex. section; note la alte e amuwatma qá-qí-ri-i laššu I cannot (go on), I am about to die, there is no way out for me KT Hahn 5:6.

e) other occs.: ajakam kaspam ina gáqí-ri-im annîm lu nilqe where should we acquire silver in this region? CCT 6 25a:8 (OA); ina qa-qa-ar izzazzu ibītma if (the troops) stay overnight wherever they are ARM 14 67 r. 6; qa-qa-ar illiku ul itârma ul illak he does not go back the same way he came RA 35 3 iv 13 (Mari rit.); ina šakin mātāti bēl pīḥatāti ḥazannāti u qīpūti ša qaq-qa-ra-tim annâti (whoever) among the governors, district governors, mayors, or (other) officials of these districts MDP 2 pl. 17 iii 9 (MB kudurru), cf. lu šakin māti ša qaq-qar-šu lu ina libbi rabûti šūt ekalli ZA 65 54:29 (early NB kudurru); why did my brother not send his messenger? $m\bar{a}r$ šipri ša ahija annīta igtabā umma ul gáaq-qá-ru qerbumma ahuka išemmēma šulma išapparakku mātum rūgat ana ahika my brother's messenger said this (in answer): The territory (of Egypt) is not near enough for your brother to hear (about your illness) and send good wishes - the land is far for your brother EA 7:20 (MB royal); qaq-qar ina panīšunu rūqu ABL 280:17 (NB); (after) the servants of the king changed their route 3000 qaq-qar elenus: šunu nēberu issabtu they took a crossingplace three thousand (cubits) upstream from them (i.e., the enemy) ABL 520:21 (NB); 4000 ammat qá-qá-ra-am itât āli... dūra danna . . . Bābilam ušashir over a stretch of four thousand cubits around the city I surrounded Babylon with a mighty wall VAB 4 74 ii 13, cf. CT 37 14 ii 46, PBS 15 79 ii 41 (all Nbk.); ammar SIG₄ gagqu-ru (var. qaq-qar) lisīqunikkunu may (the gods) reduce your land in size to be as narrow as a brick Wiseman Treaties 527.

cf. qaq-qa-ru ammar sig, ina kùš (parallel: māssu ammar hurbāt[i]) AfO 8 24 i 5 (Aššur-nīrārī V treaty); šarru qa-laq-qa-ril-šu [an]a nakrišu ušessi the king will lose his territories to his enemy KUB 4 67 ii 10, see Leichty Izbu p. 208 ii 8; KI KÚR abaq= garma elegge I will claim and take the territory of the enemy Labat Suse 3:42, cf. nakru KI-ri ibaqqarma ileqqe ibid. 31, and parallel nakru KI rubê ipaqqar, rubû KI nakrišu ipaggar CT 30 26 80-7-19,87 obv. (!) 3f., CT 20 4 K.3671+:9f.; the king should know kî bīt Amūkāni igtûma Pugudu ina gag-ga-ri-šú-nu ašbu that the Bīt Amūkāni perished and the Puqudu stayed in their territory ABL 275 r. 10; anīni hītu ša gag $qa-ru \ ni-hi(?)-tu$ (obscure) ibid. r. 13, cf. ABL (617+)699 r. 4, ina qaq-qar(!) ša $itb\hat{u}$ ABL 262 r. 3 (all NB); qaq-qu-ru bīt tara'im= mani tušasbitkunu ina libbi šiba $ab\bar{a}tu$ mng. 11f) ABL 541:9 (NA); PN... ana māt tâmtim altappar qaq-qa-ru ul idi ištēn LÚ mudē KASKALII ittišu ahhēja liš: puru' I sent PN to the Sealand - as he does not know the territory, let my brothers send with him a man who knows the way BIN 1 11:8 (NB); (boats) in UD. KIB.NUN.KI qá-qá-ra-am lu ú-sag-ru-ú (var. δa UD.KIB.NUN.KI lu \acute{u} - δa -a-az-ru) JEOL 20 55:64 (NB Crue. Mon. (obscure) Maništušu); under the protection of DN I defeated these peoples ina qaq-qa-ru-šúnu ultēšibšunūtu I let them live in their own districts again Herzfeld API 30 r. 28 (Xerxes); zēru ina qaq-qar šanâmma ul he will not cultivate a field in another district TuM 2-3 75:7, cf. ibid. 9; ša anāku akanna ēpuššu u ina gag-ga-ru šanâmma ēpuššu what I did here and in other districts (everything I did under the protection of Ahuramazda) 115:8 (Xerxes); GN uhalligšuma ina ga-agqa-ri-šu ú-ul i-da-a-ar-ra-aš-šu attašaršu (corr. to Hitt. I sowed(?) [. . .]-plant in its place) KBo 10 1:17 (Hattušili bil.); ina qaqqar nukurti sulummâ ibašši in enemy territory there will be peace VAB 4 288 xi 17 (Nbn.), cf. ina qaq-qar dabdê šar Bābili qaqqaru A 4a qaqqaru A 4a

AfO 20 94:109 (Senn.), cf. also ina qá-qá-ar nakrim UET 5 81:23 and 42 (OB let.); šapliš ašrata udannina qaq-qar-šá (see ašratu) En. el. V 131.

4. plot of land -a) in texts earlier than NB - 1'in gen.: qà-qí-re-e ana Aššur ēzib I set aside plots for DN Belleten 14 224:10 (Irišum); 15 shekels of silver that PN owes the Anatolian kima 15 šiqil kas: pim gá-gí-ri-šu ša urki bītim ana nuā'im ... iddin as the equivalent to the 15 shekels of silver he gave his plots of land, which are behind the house, to the Anatolian MVAG 33 No. 215 VAT 9293:5, cf. x silver ana qá-qí-ri ša PN nišqul ArOr 47 43 AO 22503:25; qá-qú-ru ša tehi bīt PN ana barišunu izzazzu the lands which adjoin PN's house are their common property Jankowska KTK 103:17, see MVAG 33 No. 9:7; $q\acute{a}$ - $q\acute{i}$ - $ri \check{s}un\bar{u}ti$ JNES 16 164:26, cf. tehi qá-qí-ri ša PN ibid. 6 (all OA); tuppi tamlītim ša mītūt[im] ublunimma A.ŠA ēma rēdû şabtu u ka-ak-ka-ra-tim ana mudasî attadi they brought me the record for distributing (the fields) of the dead, and I noted down on a list (the places) where the $r\bar{e}d\hat{u}$ soldiers hold fields, and the plots CT 4 19a:22, see Frankena, AbB 2 90, cf. assum 2 tuppī ša 4 SAR ka-aq-qá-ra-tim PBS 7 104:13 (OB let.); PN ana PN₂ ana qa-qa-ri-im şabātim iddin [šum]ma kaspam PN2 ana PN la iddin eli qa-qa-ri-im PN-ma izzaz PN gave PN₂ (x silver) for taking land in tenure, if PN₂ does not return(?) the silver to PN, PN herself has the rights(?) to (lit. stands on) the plot CT 33 29:5 and 11; PN qa-qa-ra-am ibqurma PN brought a claim against the (purchased) plot CT 48 25:10 (both OB); ana alpē şuhārē şuhārātim ùz. MÁŠ.HI.A u bītim la teggi ina tuppika qáqá-ra-am eşir do not neglect the oxen, the servants, the servant girls, the goats, or the house, draw the plot on your tablet TLB 4 12:10 (OB let.); 8 SAR qa-aq-qa-ru īşu u mādu . . . PN išām PN bought eight SAR of land, as is MDP 23 214:1; qa-aqqa-ru ibbaqqarma ina bītišu u BALA 3.KAM

sikkatu mahsat if a claim is raised against the land, a peg is driven into his house and into the "third section" ibid. 235:5; note eqlu ibbaqqarma fPN qá-aq-qá-as-sú $a-na \ ta-ah-hu-[...] \ MDP 22 76:14 (= MDP 4)$ 191 No. 15); ina qa-qa-ri ajītu (in broken context) BE 17 42:24 (MB let.); mannummê ina libbišu[nu] ašbu egla bītāte ka-aq-qa-[ra] ša pī tuppi uzakka any of them who is present will clear of claims the field, the houses, and the land in accordance with the contract RA 23 155 No. 50:28: 2 ina ammati qa-aq-ka-ru ina lētišunu PN . . . ilegge PN will take a two-cubit (frontage) plot at their (the buildings') edge Studies Oppenheim 182:10; ka-ka-ru ša pani bītāti 12 ina ammati mūrakšu 9 (ina) ammati rupussu the land in front of the houses, twelve cubits long and nine cubits wide JEN 239:12, cf. ka-aq-qa-ra ša bītāte epšu plot with buildings (opposite ka-ak-ka-ru pa-i-hu and ka-ak-ka-ru halahwe lines 4 and 8) JEN 101:5; ilku ša qa-aq-qa-ri PN u PN, našû šumma qa-aq-qa-ru.meš šâšu pāgirāna irašši PN u PN₂ uzakkûma PN and PN₂ do the *ilku* service on the land, should that land have any claimant, PN and PN2 will clear it of claims JEN 46:15 and 17, cf. ibid. 25; these are the men mušalmû [ša qa-aq]-qa-ri.meš who surveyed the plots RA 23 149 No. 31:42, cf. mušelmû ša A.ŠÀ *ša ka-ka-ri-im* HSS 13 273:21 (all Nuzi); šumma a'īlu ina la qa-ki-ri-i-šu lu kirâ iddi lu būrta ihri if a man lays out a garden or digs a well on land which is not his KAV 2 v 19 (Ass. Code B § 13), cf. if he ina la qa-ki-ri-i-šu . . . libitta ilbin ibid. v 26 and 34 (§ 14 and 15), wr. qa-qi-ri ibid. ii 2 (§ 1), also qa-qa-ra 3-a-te iddan ibid. v 30 (§ 14); ištu pani āli išallim šumma ina A.ŠÀ la išallim ina ga-ga-ar āli išallimma he will be compensated from the city, if he does not get (land as) compensation from outside the city, he will take compensation from land in the city KAJ 152:5; kî šaparti PN . . . u bīt dunnu qa-qar ālišu ša PN₂ PN₃ işabbat ukâl (see dunnu mng. 4e) KAJ 53:15, cf. A.ŠÀ-šu adri qa-qar āli u qaqqaru A 4b qaqqaru A 4b

būrta KAJ 149:16, cf. also KAJ 160:4; qa-qaru šuātu ana šīmi . . . ana PN iddinu . . . AN.NA šīm qa-qa-<ri>-šu-nu . . . mahru aplu zakû qa-qa-ra šuātu . . . PN ilaqqe KAJ 175:27, 32, and 35 (all MA); qaq-qi-rišuātu zarippu lagiu these lands are bought and taken in possession Postgate Palace Archive 29:7, cf. ibid. 2 (NA); enna ammīni iltēn qaq-qar taş-bat(!)-ma ina Nippuri tušib (obscure) ABL 540:3 (NB), cf. qaqqar ša abija ša šarru utīramma ABL 925:9, also ibid. 15, 17, r. 3, 6, qaq-qa-ru u mê ibaššû (in broken context) ABL 1457:10 (NB); this small palace I razed completely qaq-qa-ru ma'du kīma atartimma ultu libbi eglēti abtuqma as an addition I took away a large area from the fields (and added it to the palace area) Borger Esarh. 60 v 50, cf. OIP 2 105 vi 2, cited atartu A mng. 1e; qaga-ra-te mādāte lu umessi (in territory belonging to the city of Assur) I identified large tracts of land Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5:74.

with qualifications: qá-qá-ru-um nadû BIN 7 170:1 (OB); qaq-qa-ra ša tābti mala 3 gán A.Šà i-[x-x] (the kings of Ugarit and of Sijanni said) The salt flats amounting(?) to an area of three iku MRS 9 74 RS 17.335+:59, but A.ŠÀ tābti ibid. 60f., cf. qa-aq-qa-ru [δ]a(?) habbu MRS 6 161 RS 16.281:7; x še.numun qa-qu-ru rāqu a field of x (extent), empty (i.e., not built-on) land Postgate Palace Archive 156:2 (NA): ka-aq-qa-ru halahwe JEN 101:8, and see hawalhu, paihu, peşû; all around my qa-qa-ri pu-şa-e u[šamsik] palace cleared land suitable for building Weidner Tn. 9 No. 2:42, cf. qaq-qir pu-şe-e šuātu zarpu laqiu ADD 356:10, PN bel qaq-qir puse-e tadāni qaq-qir 5 ina ammete urku [6 ina] ammete rupšu ADD 351:3 and 5, and passim in NA, and see puşû; ina qaq-qar(var. -qa-ri) ušalli in flooded land (reclaimed from the river) OIP 2 129 vi 49 (Senn.).

b) in NB – 1' in gen.: as in former times he gave qaq-qa-ra-a-ti ana rab banî ša DN YOS 6 10:12, see San Nicolò Prosopographie 65f.; whoever would say bītu kirû

u qaq-qar šuāti ul nadnuma kaspa ul mahir TCL 12 12:33; pūt šibšu ša qaq-qar PN naši PN is liable for the tax on the field Bagh. Mitt. 5 228 No. 17 iv 8; qaq-qar makkūr Bēlet Uruk u Nanâ YOS 7 169:2; ina u'ilti ša 700 uttati ša ina qaq-qar ša URU GN ša PN BIN 2 109:1; x šiddu AN.TA ÚS.SA.DU qaq-qar ša Eanna BIN 1 130:4; şēnu makkūr DN ša ina panīja ultu tamirtu gag-gar ša DN iktatamu (see katāmu mng. 4) YOS 7 cf. rēš qaq-qar ša DN iši YOS 3 200:19 (let.); tuppi A.ŠA qaq-qar pī šul-pu BIN 1 130:1; qaq-qar ša Bēlti ša Uruk kasa-al u kālû (see kaslu) YOS 6 33:4; barley ina sūti ša rīhit qaq-qar.me ša ina pan PN TCL 13 227:60; qaq-qa-ru šû ina qātē PN kî x kaspi [an]dahar umma qaq-qa-ru ibašši itūšu ina panīka bi-nam-ma . . . u gag-gar ša ina gātē PN anhuru tuppašu kunukma bî inni I bought this land from PN for 55 shekels of silver, (if) there is a piece of land adjacent to it available to you, give it to me, and give me a sealed document about the land which I bought from PN VAS 1 70 i 5, 7, and 12 (NB kudurru); x silver idī qaq-qa-ru inandinu' CT 44 76:12; qaq-qar ša ina sibti ša PN la šatru ana zāqipūtu bî innanimma (see zāqipūtu) YOS 6 67:6, cf. mimma mala ina gišimmarī u ina qaq-qa-ru illa whatever grows among the date palms and on the land Nbk. 90:4.

2' measured (in cubits) along its frontage: four shekels of silver sim 5 kùš qaq-qar sag.ki the price of a plot of land having five cubits' frontage TCL 12 55:1, also Dar. 563:2, cf. TuM 2-3 6:1, 164:2, TCL 12 38:1, and passim, napharu 8 kirû x pūtu qaqqa-ru ša kirî bīt Ea AnOr 9 2:52, and passim in this text; 1 ME 50.AM qaq-qa-ru şabtu 150 (cubits) of land each are held (in feudal tenure) AnOr 9 1:4 and r. 97; PN $p\bar{u}t$ qaq-qar a' 1 mē naši PN is responsible for that field of one hundred (cubits) AnOr 9 7:43; $k\hat{i}$ 1 $m\bar{e}$ qaq(!)-qa-ru ina $K\hat{A}$ ana muhhija u 1 mē ana muhhi PN la nasku (I swear) that one hundred (cubits) of land from the shortage (?) is charged to me

qaqqaru A 5a qaqqaru A 5d

and one hundred is charged to PN YOS 3 110:10, cf. 4 līm qaq-qar mišhu ina muhhija nasiki mimma alla 2 mē qaq-qar ina libbi ul hirru (the labor is too hard for me) a tract of land of four thousand (cubits) is assigned to me, nothing is dug up of it beyond two hundred (cubits) of land YOS 3 33:5f.; since the day I came 1 $m\bar{e}$ 60 qaq-qar babtum 2 mē qaq-qar ina libbi assidir amur aherri qaq-qar ša ina muhhini nasku lu māda dannu 160 (cubits' frontage) of land have lacked (work), of it two hundred (cubits of) land I cultivate one after the other, look, I am doing the digging, the (amount of) land that is assigned to us is very difficult YOS 3 19:8f., cf. they dig 1 kùš qaq-qar ana 3 šiqil kaspi one cubit of land for three shekels of silver ibid. 14, cf. also ibid. 3 and 5; 2 ME $\frac{1}{2}$ KÙŠ qaq-qar GCCI 1 376:4; 4 KÙŠ 6 ŠU. SI qaq-qar Nbn. 1128:18, for other refs. see ammatu A mng. 2k-5'.

- 5. location, area, region, blank space—a) on the sheep's lungs or liver: šumma ubān hašîm qablītum qá-qá-ar-ša īkul (see akālu mng. 2d) RA 38 84:30, see RA 40 91, cf. [šumma ina K]Á.É.GAL şihhu šūrubma qá-aq-qá-ar-šu akil YOS 10 25:17, also RA 63 155:19 (all OB ext.); na[plasum] ina qa-qar kittim [šakin] the naplasu was in a normal zone JCS 21 226 A 860:8 (Mari ext. report); šumma padānū 2-ma ina KI imitti samhu CT 20 7 K.3999:9, cf. ina KI MAŠ.TAB.BA TCL 6 1 r. 48 (both SB ext.), possibly to be read erṣetu or ašru, see erṣetu mng. 3d, ašru A mng. 1e.
- b) in the sky or on a celestial body—
 1' identified by a constellation: the moon was eclipsed ina KI MUL.GIR.TAB ABL 1444 r. 1; anniu šū udīšu qaq-qu-ru £ Şalbatānu isaḥhuruni ana lumni ukalluni this is the only area where Mars becomes retrograde which they consider bad ABL 519 r. 9, see Parpola LAS No. 13, also ibid. r. 19; ina qaq-qar MUL.SIPA.ZI.AN.NA ittamar (Jupiter) became visible in the area of Orion ABL 744 r. 1, see Parpola LAS No. 290,

cf. Thompson Rep. 221:2; Jupiter ina... KI MÚL.MÚL u MÚL.GUD.AN.NA Hunger Uruk 94:6, cf., wr. qaq-qar ibid. 31, Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 11 i 5, wr. KI ibid. 14 VAT 7851 Section 7:1, Hunger Uruk 27 r. 20, LBAT 1597:6ff., and passim; for KI "longitude" (of the sun and stars) see Neugebauer ACT 2 p. 478b; for qaq-qar kişari (ibid. p. 487a) see kişru mng. 13.

- identified by the prediction associated with that area: šumma ana KI mahīr še'im qibâ tašakkan if you want to make a prediction concerning the area of the price of barley Hunger Uruk 94:1, cf. ibid. 9; Mercury ina KI Elamti IGI.LÁma ibid. 93:5, cf. KI ša attalâ iškunu the region where it (the moon) is eclipsed ibid. 3; the solar eclipse in Nisannu qaqqa-ru ša kur su.bir4.ki la ilput did not affect the region of Assyria ABL 1391:18, see Parpola LAS No. 110, cf. ina KI māt Ak= kadi Hunger Uruk 94:16, and passim in this text; qaq-qu-ru bīt ulappatanni u šāri āliku ... innassaha (see lapātu mng. 4a) ABL 38 r. 7, see Parpola LAS No. 25, cf. (in broken context) Thompson Rep. 267 r. 14.
- c) other set-aside areas: ana qaq-qar kit-te ša Šamaš u Adad isanniqma the diviner approaches the area selected as proper for the performance of the extispicy BBR No. 75:19, cf. BBR No. 1-20:2, cf. qaq-qar tamēti annī[ti] Wiseman Treaties 385; PN ina ka-aq-qa-ri ša dīni ašbu . . . ina ka-aq-qa-ri ša dīni līšibu (see ašābu mng. 1d-5') JEN 332:2 and 9 (Nuzi); inūma tuqatta mamma qa-qa-ar-šu lişbat tāḥazam līpuš when you have finished (the earth ramp), let everyone take his place, let (the enemy) give battle KBo 1 11 obv. (!) 17, see Güterbock, ZA 44 116 (Uršu story).
- d) blank space: qaq-qu-ru imtī[dma] there was room left (on the writing board) Hunger Kolophone No. 51:4, cf. (also referring to wooden tablets) qaq-qu-ru ma'ad ABL 1277:11, see Parpola LAS No. 318 (both NA); 2 šu-ši qaq-qar ina muḥhi lē'i muššuru JCS 6 66:26, cf. ibid. 5 and 21 (LB).

qaqqaru A 5e qaqqaru A 8a

e) site, location, position of a building, an object - 1' of a building: anhūssu unekkir qa-qar-šu ušešni I removed its (the temple's) weakened remains and changed its site Weidner Tn. 17 No. 8:16; eli šubtišu kitti ul epušma eni qá-qá-ar-šu it was not built upon its proper emplacement, its site having been changed OECT 1 pl. 25 ii 12 (Nbn.), cf. (obscure) ēpiš šet-ti kāpidu eni qaq-qar-šu (see enû v. mng. 1g-4') Lambert BWL 130:96; aššu ahrât ūmī qaq-qar āli šuātu u bītāt ilāni la muš-ši (see mussû v. mng. 1c) OIP 2 84:53 (Senn.), cf. ibid. 137:38; over the (old) foundation terrace of Eulmas I placed this foundation terrace eli pa-ni qaq-qar aškunšu aššu la mašê temenna Eulmaš Eulmaš ēpuš I put it (the terrace) upon the level(?) of the (former) location, (and) so that the foundation terrace of Eulmaš not be forgotten, I (re)built Eulmaš CT 34 33 iii 4 (Nbn.), cf. ištu pa-ni qá-qá-ri-im 18 kùš ušap: pilma OECT 1 pl. 26 ii 43 (Nbn.), also pa-ni qá-qá-ru ušappilma CT 37 16 iii 11 (Nbk.); šumma bītu ina qaq-qa-ri-šu KI asurrê URU(?) BE (obscure, see asurrû mng. 1c) CT 40 2:46 (SB Alu).

of an object: qá-qá-ar šipkat im. the place where bricks are stored Gautier Dilbat 12:2; ina qá-aq-qá-ar ilqû agurram i-x utâr he returns the (borrowed) kiln-fired bricks to the place from which he took (them) TCL 11 212:5 (OB), cf. Greengus Ishchali 235:5; qaq-qa-ru ana PN ukallimma . . . IN.NU . . . ana PN inandin he will indicate to PN the location (from which to take clay) and will give straw to PN (for making bricks, for context see labānu A mng. la) Langdon Kish 3 pl. 14 1929,144:6 (NB); ina qaq-qar $\delta \bar{e} h \bar{a}[t] i$ uš[ettaq] he passes (the torch) by the emplacement of the censers (parallel: ina muhhi paššūri, ina qabal bīti) Or. NS 21 137:16, cf. tallak ina qaq-qar šēķāti tušettaq (parallel: ina qabal bīti, ina muḥḥi šēḥāti) Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 10:5, see Or. NS 21 130f., also (parallel: ina parakki tušettaq) qaqqar šēhāti la qarābi <tušettaq?> ibid. 13 (tākultu rit.), and parallel STT 88 xii 16, see Frankena, BiOr 18 201 x 16; I erected the statue ina qaq-qi-ri e-qi at the emplacement of the 3R 7 ii 44 (Shalm. III), see Schramm Einleitung 72.

- f) other space: dullini kî aḥā'iš nikrik nēpuš ka-qu-ru ibašši u ana maṣṣartini SIG5 we will promptly(?) perform our ritual, there is space (for it) and (the space) is suitable for our watching (the bed) ABL 433 r. 5; ana madākti ka-qu-ru ma'da PN uktallim (see madāktu mng. 1a) ABL 100 r. 8; kittu qaq-qu-ru ana sadāri ēṣi as a matter of fact, there is little room for maneuvering ABL 17:8, see Parpola LAS No. 174 (all NA); 20 lu-ú qaq-qa-ri ina panīni rapaš 5 mardīti qaq-qa-ru 40 x ribīt EN. NUN ABL 617:6f. (NB).
- 6. open country: u ina šà $d\bar{u}ri$ AN.MI Sin ana ka-qi-ri la illak during the period of the eclipse of the moon (the king) must not go to the open country ABL 437 r. 13, see Parpola LAS No. 280; $\bar{a}lu$ ana $pan\bar{i}sunu$ ul $\bar{a}lumi$ qa-qa-ru ana $pan\bar{i}sunu$ ul qa-qa-ru KBo 19 98 col. b 6f. (Narām-Sin legend).
- 7. surface, area (in math.): a brick, x is its length, y is its width, z is its height KI SAHAR.BI . . . EN.NAM what is (its) area and its volume? MCT 91 0 3, and passim in this text; 10 rupšam šutamhir 1,40 ka-qá-ra tammar square 10, the width, you get 1,40, the area TMB 130 No. 232:2, also 233:2, and passim in math., see TMB index p. 224, MCT index p. 163; qá-qá-rum eli qá-qá-rum EN.NAM SUKUD how much higher is one level (of water in a waterclock) than the other level? TMB 26 Nos. 50:3, 51:1, 52:4.
- 8. the earth a) used in opposition to šamû: the miqtu disease ištu šamê ina qa-qa-ri intaqta fell from heaven to the earth Ugaritica 5 17 r. 12 (inc.); Anum abuša ištu šamā'e ippuṣašši qá-qá-ar-šu-um Anu, her father, cast her down from heaven to earth BIN 4 126:13 (OA inc.), see

qaqqaru A 8a qaqqaru A 8c

von Soden, Or. NS 25 142; [te]rrašu ana qá $q\acute{a}$ -ri- $\acute{s}u$ send him (Adapa) back to the earth (from heaven) EA 356:70; malkat šamāmi a-ka-aq-qá-ri anāku Ištar I, Ištar, am queen of the heavens to (?) the earth VAS 10 213:8 (OB hymn to Ištar), cf. ibid. 6 and 10, dutu nūr šamāme u qaq-qa-ri (var. qaq-qar) Wiseman Treaties 422; [u]sappi Sa= maš Adad bārê šamāme qaq-qar I prayed to Samaš and Adad, the diviners of heaven and earth Streck Asb. 258 i 33; kabtat pul= hatka qá-aq-qá-ra-am [u š]a-ma-i emdet heavy weighs your fearsomeness, it reaches earth and heaven JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 7 ii 7 (OB lit.); $\lceil il \rceil - su - \acute{u} \stackrel{*}{s} am \hat{u} qaq - qa - ru$ irammum the heavens cried out, the earth was rumbling Gilg. V iii 15; [ša] šamê qū[la] ša qaq-qa-ri šimâ pīja (you) of heaven, listen, (you) of the earth, hearken to my words KAR 71 r. 2; kīma šamûm el qa-aq-qa-ri-im habrat just as heaven is superior(?) to the earth (so may my word be superior to your word) RA 36 10:11 (Akk.-Hurr. bil.); [šû?] ana jâši kīma AN-e anāku ana šâšu [kīma qaq]-qa-ri BMS 13:20 (+) Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 47 r. 3'; ina ilī ša šamê BÁR.MEŠ ša qaq-qa-ri ša'il has asked the gods of heaven, the sanctuaries of the earth (for a sign) Šurpu II 121, also Maqlu VI 108; ina rēš šarrūtija ... iššaknanimma idât [da= miqti] ina šamāme (var. adds ù) qaqqa-ri Borger Esarh. 16 Ep. 12 iii 12, cf. ibid. 45 ii 5, Streck Asb. 180:19; ūmišamma ina niphi u rība ina šamāmi u qá-qá-ri dummiq ittātūa daily at (your) rising and setting make my signs favorable in heaven and on earth VAB 4 226 iii 18 (Nbn.); kî ša šamê gaq-qu-ru därûni [šumu ša] šarri bēlija ina māt Aššur lu dāra just as heaven and earth last forever, may the name of the king, my lord, last forever in Assyria ABL 1173:6, see Parpola LAS No. 212; ša ina šamê la epišuni šarru bēlī ina gag-gi-ri ētapaš what has not been done in heaven the king, my lord, has done upon earth ABL 595+870+:6, see Parpola LAS No. 129; issi šamê u qaq-qi-ri šumaka Aššur luke'in ibid. 21;

AN-ú KI / qaq-qa-ru Thompson Rep. 229:2; ša el šâšu ina šamāmi u qaq-qa-ri la idû [...] (Urartu) apart from which no [...] is known in heaven or on earth TCL 3 + Af0 12 146:337 (Sar.), cf. (Sum. broken) 4R 20:35; ša qaq-qa-ru agâ iddinu ša šamê annûtu iddinu (Ahuramazda) who created this earth, who created this heaven VAB 3 101 § 1:2 (Dar. E), and passim in Achaem.; note: x Uš ina qaq-qa-ri x bēru ina šamê TCL 6 21:5 and passim (LB astron.).

- b) land (contrasted with sea): $m\bar{a}r\bar{u}$ PN ištu qa-qa-ri u Lú.MEŠ GN ištu ajabba (see ajabba usage a) EA 105:11 (let. of Rib-Addi).
- c) in other contexts -1' in lit.: $malk\bar{u}$ ša gag-qa-ri unaššagu šēpēka the rulers of the earth kiss your feet Gilg. VII iii 44 and VIII iii 3; [ina] qaq-qa-ri tuma'ir abrāti ana ilī rabûti tušarbi zik[ra] on earth you governed the humans, among (?) the great gods you made (your) name great LKA 17:15, see Ebeling, Or. NS 23 346; nikkas ana qaq-qa-ri [. . .] erû imqutma [Etana fell?] three cubits toward the earth, the eagle fell Bab. 12 pl. 11 Rm. 2,454 r. 17 (Etana); šūliaššu ka-gá-ar-šu raise him up to earth RB 59 246 str. 7:6 (OB lit.); ina qaq-qar ibnû ilū ālušu AnSt 5 98:33 (SB Cuthean Legend), cf. eli qaq-qa-ru ša ibnâ qātāka En. el. V 135.
- 2' in Achaem. insers.: Artaxerxes šar mātāti ša ina muḥhi qaq-qar gabbi king of all the countries that are on the entire earth VAB 3 123:1, cf. ša... ana RN šarri šarrūtu iddinu ina qaq-qar agā rapšātu ša mātāte mādētu ina libbišu ibid. 85 § 1:5 (Dar. Pg); I am Darius šarru rabû... šarru ša qaq-qa-ru agāta rabītu rūqtu the great king, king of this wide and broad earth ibid. 103 § 2:17 (Dar. E), cf. (Xerxes) šar qaq-qa-ri rabītu rapaštu ibid. 119 § 2:12, cf. ibid. 109 § 2:7, 113 § 2:6, 117 § 2:16, (Artaxerxes) šarri rabû [šar]ri qaq-qa-ru ibid. 125:2.

qaqqaru B qaqû

9. nether world: zunnani kīma nalši šuhhani kīma dīmti rīdani qaq-qar-šuun^{um} rain down like dew, flow down like tears, go down to the nether world AfO 23 43:32 (8B fire inc.), parallel K.6057 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); ana DINGIR-tum bēlti [qa] qqí-ri rabītu to DN, mistress of the "great earth" LKA 62 r. 10 and 12, see Ebeling, Or.
NS 18 35f., cf. ana KUR.NU.GI₄.A qaq-qa-ri
[...] CT 15 45:1 (Descent of Ištar).

10. floor: see giš.ki.má = qaq-qar giš.[má] wooden floor of a boat Hh. IV 365, in lex. section.

Knudsen, JCS 15 86 ff. Ad mng. 3d: Balkan, Or. NS 36 411 n. 3. Ad mng. 5e: Baumgartner, ZA 36 37 f.

qaqqaru B s.; (a type of wool or garment); RS, Nuzi.

3 TÚG qa-qa-ru maš-[...] MRS 6 207 RS 15.135:12; wool given ana šīmi ana 2 MA.NA tabarriwe ka-aq-qa-ri to buy two minas of red q.-wool HSS 15 329:5, cf. ibid. 11.

qaqqu (gakku) s.; name of the cuneiform sign GAG; SB; wr. GAG.

du-ú, ru-ú, ga-ag gag (sign name:) qaq-qu S³ 194 ff.; [du-u], [da-a], [ru-u], [he-e]n-bur, ga-ag gag (sign name:) ga-[ak-ku] Ea II 1-6, cf. MIN (= la-'-ú) LÁL.GAG (sign name:) MIN (= la-al) gaq-qa-ku = ribbâtu Ea I 253; [da-la IGI.G]AG i-gi gaq-qa-k[u] = [sil-lu-u] Ea V 195'.

šumma GAG if there is (a mark in the form of) a GAG sign (on his cheek?) KAR 395 r. ii 7 (physiogn.).

qaqqû s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

mu-u $\underline{MU} = ni - // qaq - qu - u$ A III/4:21.

Variant based on an exemplar in which the sign could be interpreted as either NI or GAG.

qaqqullu (qāqullu, qāqullu) s.; 1. (a plant), 2. (a tree), 3. (a bird); MB, SB, NB.

[ú.teme(inverted NAGA)] = man-[gu], qaq-[qulu], s[a-me-tu] Hh. XVII 78 ff., cf. ú. sag-ga-TEME = [qa-qu-lum] RS Recension 57, in MSL 10 109; te-e ú.NAGA- $ten\hat{u}$ = man-gu, qa-qu-lum, sá-me-tu Diri IV 6 ff.; te-me NAGA- $ten\hat{u}$ = qa-qu-lum, man-gu, sá-mi-tu A VII/4:98 f.; [ú.TEME] : ú man-gu, ú sa-me-tu, ú qa-qu-lu Uruanna II 278-280, [...] : ú min ibid. 281, [ú.SAG.íL] : qa-qu-lu (in same context) ibid. 282-284, cf. [ú.tem]e, [ú.sag.í]l = qa-qu-lu (in same context, see mangu B) VAT 11940:6 and 9, in MSL 10 100; ú.NAGA.gin_x(GIM) hé.dím.e = $k\bar{t}ma$ qa-[qu-li] lis-[mut-su] Nabnitu Q 87; suhuš ú qa-qu-li: [ú m]uš ba(?)-ab(?)-x STT 94:14.

bur[u,x.x.mušen] = ku-lu- $\acute{u}p$ - $\langle pu \rangle$ -u = ki-[ri]p(or $-l\acute{p}$)-pu- \acute{u} qa-qu-ul-lum Hg. B IV 300, in MSL 8/2 170, completed by RA 17 156 K.7712, cf. [x.x.mušen] = ku-lu- $\acute{u}p$ - $p\acute{u}$ (text -ku) $/\!\!/$ ki-rip(or $-l\acute{v}p$)- $p\acute{u}$ -u = qa-qu-ul-lum Hg. C I 22, in MSL 8/2 172.

- 1. (a plant): qa-qu-ul-lu SAR CT 14 50:24 (NB list of plants in Merodachbaladan's garden); I throw down (atabbak) the enemies kî qa-a-qú-li HS 1885:14 (unpub. MB text, cited AHw. 901 sub qāqullu).
- 2. (a tree): $hutpal\hat{a}$ (GIŠ.TUKUL.SAG. NA₄) ša GIŠ qa-qu-ul-li teppuš . . . GIŠ. TUKUL ^dAMAR.UD šu-ma (beside a $hutpal\hat{u}$ of GIŠ.MA.NU.TUR.TUR = $mart\hat{u}$) you make a mace out of q., it is the mace of Marduk K.3457+8195+10632:8 (rit.), see Borger, BiOr 30 182; GIŠ.TUKUL ^dMarduk = qa-qu-ul- $t\hat{u}$ (in list of divine weapons identified as $mart\hat{u}$, etc., see $hihin\hat{u}$) 3R 69 No. 3:76.
 - 3. (a bird): see Hg., in lex. section.

In the 3R ref. the last sign is probably to be emended.

For rab qāqulāte (or qaqqullāte) see kak: kullu in rabi qaqqullāte.

qaqû s.; (a bird); OB, MB; cf. qaqânu.

 u_5 . sim mušen = qa-qu- \acute{u} Hh. XVIII 373; u_5 . sim mušen = qa-qu- \acute{u} = tar-ma-zi-tu, u_5 . mun mušen = pa-'- \acute{u} = qa-qa-nu Hg. C I 36f., in MSL 8/2 173; $[u_5]$. sim mušen = qa-qu- \acute{u} = [tar-ma-zi-tu] Hg. B IV 251, in MSL 8/2 167.

ša ... hitītu ina eqlim ina la maṣṣar MUŠEN qá-qé-e.MEŠ ra-bu-um (for rabīz tum) ibbaššû that there occurs much qaqullu qarābu

damage in the field because there is no guard against q.-birds VAS 16 179:11 (OB let.); [x] qa-qu-u MUŠEN (in list of birds received by the fowler, between UZ.TUR. MUŠEN and UZ.MUŠEN) CBS 8738:2 (MB, courtesy W. van Soldt).

qaqullu s.; (a type of field); NB.*

l gur ku qa-qu-ul-lu uš.sa.du [...] one gur of ... q. (field) adjoining [...] 82-7-14,1791 r. 8; x gur (of flour) Lú $err\bar{e}s\bar{e}$ šá ku qa-qu-lu of the ... q. (field) (parallel: $err\bar{e}s\bar{e}s\bar{a}$ itti $ikkar\bar{a}ti$) Nbk. 131:20, cf. dates ZAG.LU $makk\bar{u}r$ Šamaš šá ku qa-qu-ul 82-7-14,256:2; $[me\bar{s}]h\bar{a}ta$ ZAG(?) x KU(or Lu) qa-qu-ul-l[u ...] measurements of the ... of the ... q. (fields) (followed by measurements and names) Dar. 47:1, cf. [...] KU(or Lu) qa-qu-ul-lu (heading of list of fields) 82-7-14,2099:1.

In each ref. the word is preceded by the sign KU (in Dar. 47:1 and 82-7-14,2099:1 more like LU), whose reading and meaning are unknown.

qāqullu see qaqqullu.

qaqultu see qaqqullu.

qarab-bīti ($qerab-b\bar{t}ti$) s.; **1.** storeroom, **2.** inner quarters of a house; OA; cf. $qer\bar{e}bu$.

1. storeroom: 35 TÚG ina qá-ra-bi₄-tim ibaššiu 35 textiles are in the storeroom TCL 20 158:16, cf. (jars) ša i-qá-ra-bi₄-tim ibšianim KT Hahn 40:7; ina šitta suātim ša PN u jâti ša aššinīšu šarmanima i-qá-ra-bi₄-tim ibaššiani šā.BA l suam ana PN₂ dinama of the two millstones belonging to PN and me which are stored, broken in two, in the storeroom, of these give (pl.) one millstone to PN₂ TCL 20 98:10, cf. (wagons, plows) [ina] qá-ra-bi₄-tim i-b[a(?)-ší-ū] BIN 6 258:11; maškī u pirikannī kunukkī ša PN ša ina qá-ra-bi-tim ēzibu the skins and the pirikannu gar-

ments under the seals of PN that I left in the storeroom VAT 9254:6; the day you (pl.) read my tablet ana qá-ra-bi₄-tim er= bama mehrija šimāma enter the storeroom (of my house) and read my documents (and collect every mina of silver outstanding) TCL 19 30:7, cf. ana qá-ra-bi₄-tim er= bama tuppija pitia TCL 14 19:4; ša [kīma] abini a-qá-ra-bi₄-tim nušēribma [k] īma £ kunukki tuppū u kuluma [ša]-şú-ru we had the representatives of our principal enter the storeroom, and (it appeared) that the sealed room, the tablets, and everything were well guarded CCT 2 33:24; 3 şubātī ša qá-ra-bi₄-tim PN ublam PN has brought me three textiles from the storeroom VAT 9282:10, cf. ibid. 2, cited Lewy, KT Hahn p. 50f. ad 40:7, cf. 25 TÚG i-qa-ra-bi₄-tim alge JCS 26 69:16; GÍN $a-q\acute{a}-ra-bi_4-tim$ RA 59 25 MAH 16204:10; ina x túg kutānī . . . ša PN ušēliannima ina qé-ra-bi₄-tim ēzibu 5 kutānī anāku alge from the x kutānu textiles which PN sent up and left in the storeroom I took five kutānu textiles ICK 1 173:5, cf. tuppī... ina qé-ra-bi₄-tim ina libbi tup: pīja šuknašu TCL 19 36:13.

2. inner quarters of a house: suḥāram ana mamman la tušširi ina qé-ra-bi-tim-ma lirbi you (fem.) should not relinquish the child to anyone else, he should grow up in the inner part of the house CCT 2 36a:25.

Because of the writing $q\acute{a}$ -ra- bi/bi_4 -tim (never $q\acute{a}$ -ra-ab bi/bi_4 -tim) the word is taken as a compound.

J. Lewy, KT Hahn p. 50f. ad 40:7.

qarābu s.; battle, fight; NA; Aram. lw.

 $san\bar{a}qu$, $mit-\underline{h}u-su=qa-ra-bu$ LTBA 2 No. 2:238f., parallel No. 1 v 30f., cf. sa-na-qu=qa-ra-bu An IX 23; $\acute{u}-ru-mu=qa-ra-bu$ ibid. 25, dupl. (with var. - $\acute{s}u$, see $qar\ddot{a}\acute{s}u$) LTBA 2 No. 2:242.

a) with eppušu to do battle, to fight: they have made holes in the door qa-ra-bu ina libbi uppušu and (now) are fighting inside (mng. uncert.) ZA 51 140:69,

qarābu qarābu

dupl. ZA 52 226:25, cf. ālu ana muḥhi[šu] ittabalkat qa-ra-bu ina libbi u[ppu]šu the city revolted against him (Marduk), and they rioted in it ZA 51 134:23, dupl. [... qa-r] a-bu $\bar{u}tappi$ ZA 52 226:13 (cultic comm.); you swear that ina muhhišu la tabbalak: katani ina gammurti libbikunu qa-ra(var. adds -a)-bu issišu la tuppa[šaniššunni] you will revolt against him (the rebel king) and wholeheartedly fight him Wiseman Treaties 311; qa-ra-bu ina GN . . . ūtap= pišu they have made an attack on GN Iraq 25 76 No. 79:4, cf. qa-ra-bu [u]-pa-asIraq 20 200 No. 47:14 (coll. S. Parpola); šūtu PN ina GN qa-ra-bu i-sa-ha-jí-ši uppušu he (and) PN are fighting each other in GN ABL 645:10; šumma qa-ra-bu tuppaš epša ulā rammea mā anāku ina libbi la gurbāk if you want to fight, do it or let it go, I have nothing to do with it ABL 174:14.

other occs.: my lord $[ana \ q]a$ ra-bi lu la igarrib must not take part in the battle CT 53 958:5, cf. [LÚ].GAL. MEŠ-ka qa-r[a-bu luppišu?] ibid. 8, also ina qar-a-bi la ni-il-lak ABL 1315:19, cf. ibid. 11, 17, r. 10, qar-a-bi (in broken context) CT 53 824:8; GIŠ.MÁ.MEŠ qa-ra-bimala ittišu sābē tāḥazi usabbitu ina gātē all the warships he (Tirhaka, who had fled from Memphis) had with him, the troops captured Streck Asb. 160:23, cf. GIŠ til-li qa-ra-bi battle equipment ibid. 52 vi 17; lullik ša kur Urarţaja lūmur qa $rab-\check{s}\acute{u}-nu$ I want to go and test how the Urartians fight STT 43:14 (Shalm. III), see AnSt 11 150:14; ina libbi qa-ra-bi ussē: tega ABL 424 r. 4, cf. (in broken context) Iraq 20 182 No. 39:8, Iraq 17 26 No. 2:27', Iraq 35 22:8 (all NA letters).

von Soden, Or. NS 37 264, Or. NS 46 192.

qarābu see qerēbu.

qarādu A v.; (mng. uncert.); EA, SB, NA; I imp. qurud, I/2, II/2.

a) qarādu (EA only): qú-ru-u[d-mi] ana šarri bēl[ika] urge(?) the king, your

lord (remainder broken) EA 69:30, cf. qu-ru-ud-mi ana šarri bēlija EA 87:25 (both letters of Rib-Addi).

- b) I/2: [...].gal SAG.KAL [x x g]i. na tag.tag.ga [x x (x) ha.r]a.ab. bé.na.a: an ilik marmaḥhūti sīhiš qitrad-ma lē'ûmma liqbûka smilingly for the task of the pašīšu priest, so that they will say of you: (He is) a skilled man Lambert BWL 252 iii 17.
- c) II: Lú šangû uq-ţa-ri-da-aš-šu the priest-ed him (in accordance with the king's orders) ABL 633+(= CT 53 46):26, ef. Lú.ŠID uq-ţa-[ri-da-šú-nu(?)] zaqīpāni issakanšunu ABL 1014 r. 10 (NA).

qarādu B v.; to pluck wool; lex.*; cf. qerdu s., qurrudu adj.

šid qá-ra-du Proto-Izi I 257.

zế // ba-qa-a-mu // zế // qa-ra-du, zế // na-sa-a-hu RA 13 137 r. 5f. (comm.).

The mng. proposed is based on the parallelism with $baq\bar{a}mu$ and on the mng. of the derivatives. In the omen $\check{s}umma$ $\check{s}a\check{h}\hat{u}$ libitti $b\bar{\imath}t$ $am\bar{e}li$ i-qar(or $-k\grave{a}r$)-ra-du (var. \acute{u} -qar-ra-zu) if pigs the brickwork of a man's house Leichty Izbu XXII 18', var. from CT 38 45:18 and 46:18 (SB Alu), the verb seems to represent a phonetic variant to $kar\bar{a}su$, q.v.; [. . .] x UDU.NITÁ i-x-[x $z\check{u}$].MEŠ- $\check{s}\check{u}$ \check{u} -GA-rad AMT 26,9:5 + 66,10:1 is obscure.

von Soden, Or. NS 26 135 f.

qarādu see *qurrudu* v.

qarāḥu v.; to become iced up; NA; I iqruḥ - *iqarruḥ, II; cf. qarḥu.

šumma qar-hu ina muhhišu la iq-ru-hu if no ice forms on it ABL 1305 r. 2; (they shall proceed?) adi qar-hu la i-qar-ra-hu-ni before it ices up ABL 531 r. 17; PN GUD(?) . . . naphar annûte ša GA.MEŠ ša salliāte ša qa-ru-hi ša janūqī ša gušūrē PN (and five other persons) all these who (are in charge of) the milk, the (fruit)

qarāmu qarāru

baskets, the sherbet(?), the $jan\bar{u}qu$ meat, (and) the beams ADD 909 r. 2.

The ADD ref. most likely represents a II inf.

Landsberger, ZA $42\ 157\ f.$; von Soden, Or. NS $37\ 264$.

qarāmu v.; to overlay; MA, NA; I (only stative attested), II; cf. qirmu.

tu-qar-ram 5R 45 K.253 vi 1 (gramm.).

4 armū hammurūtu ša işi hurāşa qar-mu four recumbent armu bucks made of wood, overlaid with gold AfO 18 306 iv 8, cf. ibid. 5, (a bronze object) şarpa qa-ri-im ibid. 308 iv 19f., 25, 27, la qa-ri-im ibid. 28 (MA inv.); obscure: qar-mat qar-mat Postgate Palace Archive 99 case 8 and 9 (NA); akî hašhāše qa-ri-mu 1-en DU x SU-ku ta ru x LKA 35:13 (lit.).

qarānu see garānu.

qarāru s.; (a textile); NA*; pl. qarā: rātu; wr. syll., often qar-āru(PA).

GIŠ.NÁ adi GIŠ.DA(?) 3 TÚG dappasāti TÚG *qar-ra-ru* (listed among articles given as dowry) K.880b:10 (NA let.); kirika ša túg qa-ra-a-ru 2 túg dappasāte túg qirmu (among garments and furniture given as dowry) Iraq 16 55 ND 2307:23, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 14; 2 TÚG dap: pašāt 1 TÚG qirmu 1 TÚG gulēni 1 TÚG qar-āru(PA) 1 Túg si.luh annûte ša erši ša bīt Šerua la ni-in-tu-ha two tappaštu garments, one qirmu, one gulenu, one q., one, these (are articles) for the bed in the temple of DN, we have not brought (them) ADD 959:4; 2 kubšu 3 siprat SA5 KAR 4 qar- $\bar{a}ru(PA)$ SI ME GÙN.A(!) ADD 957:9; 2 TÚG qa-ra-[rat].MEŠ (in list of garments) Iraq 23 20 (pl. 10) ND 2311:4, see Postgate, Iraq 41 101; wool ana TÚG qar- $[\bar{a}ru]$ (parallel: ana TÚG qirmu) ADD 954:6.

qarāru (garāru) v.; 1. to flow, to overflow, 2. to pour, 3. qurruru to spray, to sprinkle, 4. IV (unkn. mng.); MB, SB, NB; I iqarrur, pl. (in mng. 2) iqar: raru, iqarru, II, IV; ef. qarūru.

hal = ga-ra-ru, hal. hal = $min \delta \acute{a}$ me-e (followed by $min \delta \acute{a}$ $i.\acute{u}$, nagarruru, see $gar\bar{a}ru$ A) Antagal III 22 f.; [du-ru] [A] = ru-ut-bu-um, x-lum, [la] b-ku, [na]-qar-ru-ru MSL 2 126 i 7 ff. (Proto-Ea).

hal // qa-ra-ra šá A.MEŠ CT 41 45 BM 76487:9 (Uruanna Comm., to Köcher Pflanzenkunde 28 ii 27); ig-da-nar-ru-ur: i-qar-ru-ur Hunger Uruk 33:3 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet VII).

tu-qar-ra-ár 5R 45 K.253 vi 3 (gramm.).

- 1. to flow, to overflow: šumma nāru mê kajamānūtu ubilma mûša kīma rādi i-qarru-ru-rù KI.MIN idarraru if a river carries normal (amounts of) water, but its water overflows, variant: runs off, like (that of) a downpour CT 39 17:60 (SB Alu); uncert.: tettirma hisba la qātâ qa-ri-ra tepti (see etēru A mng. 3b-2) Afo 19 65 iii lower portion 8 (SB lit.).
- 2. to pour: 1 MA.NA a-ba-ra a-na K[A-š]u i-qar-ra-ru they will pour one mina of (molten) lead into his mouth (as punishment) 3N-T147:29 (MB leg., courtesy J. A. Brinkman), also BBSt. No. 30 r. 4 (NB), cf. ša dabāba annā innû...1 MA ESIR 1 MA kupra ana pīšu i-qa-ar-ru CBS 10733 r. 9, see RA 73 188, note: 1 MA.NA a-ba-ra ana pīšu ú-q[ar-ra-ru] UET 7 25 r. 12 (both MB leg.).
- 3. qurruru to spray, to sprinkle: šamna pâka tumalla ana appi ušarišu tu-qar-ra-ar you fill your mouth with oil (and) spray it onto his glans penis AMT 66,7:16, cf. ì halşa ana KA-šú tu-qar-ra-ár Köcher BAM 201:12, also AMT 55,7:14; ina ì halsi ina muhhi lišānišu tu-qar-ra-ár you sprinkle (the medication) onto his tongue in *halsu* oil RA 40 116:11, also Köcher BAM 43:7; ì.ŠIM. LI ginâ ana nakkaptīšu tu-qar-<ra>-ár you regularly sprinkle juniper oil on his temples Köcher BAM 3 iii 48; mê kaşûti ana muhhi rēšišu tu-qar-ra-ár you sprinkle cold water on his head Küchler Beitr. pl. 1 i 13; mê šunî bašlūti ana qaq: qadišu tu-qar-ra-ár you sprinkle boiled

qarāru qarbuḥu

šunû sap on his head CT 23 26 ii 8 (= Köcher BAM 480); see also UET 7 25, cited mng. 2.

4. IV (unkn. mng.): šumma kakkab šamê imqutma kīma mê ig-ga-ri-ir if a falling star shimmers (?) like water BM 47461:22' (Enuma Anu Enlil), with explanation A ig-ga-ri-ir libbū A.MEŠ i-sa-am-bu-u' water shimmers (?) (means) as water ripples (?) ACh Ištar 30:50.

The verb $qar\bar{a}ru$, said of fluids, is used both as intransitive (pres. iqarrur) and as transitive (pres. iqarrar). It is here differentiated from $gar\bar{a}ru$ A and $gar\bar{a}ru$ B on the basis of the meaning as well as the distribution of the spellings.

qarāru see garāru A.

qarāšu (garāšu) v.; 1. to trim, carve (meat), to make dough into loaves(?), 2. qurrušu (uncert. mng.); OB, SB, NB; I igarraš, II; cf. qiršu A, quraštu.

pad, kíd, im.kíd, šu.búr.búr = qa-ra-šum, ninda.im.kíd = NINDA $q\acute{i}$ -ir- $s\acute{i}$, ba, kù.dub(!). ba = qur-ru- $s\acute{u}m$ Nabnitu J 292-298; ki - $id}$ kíd = qa-ra- $s\acute{u}$, bu -lu-ugB \acute{u} R = MIN $s\acute{a}$ GIS (followed by qurastum) Antagal G 28 f.; ku-ud kud = $q\acute{a}$ -ra- $s\acute{u}$ A III/5:77.

 \acute{u} -ru(var. adds -um)-mu = qa-ra- \acute{s} u(var. -bu) LTBA 2 No. 1 v 34 and dupl. No. 2:242.

tu-qar-raš 5R 45 K.253 vi 2 (gramm.).

- 1. to trim, carve (meat), to make dough into loaves (?) a) to trim, carve meat: UZU riqīti UZU bāb urkāti UZU hilidamu UZU hinşi ul i-ga-ra-áš he will not cut off the omasum, the, the hilidamu, or the fatty tissue Nbk. 247:9, cf. (in similar context), wr. i-qar-ra-áš Nbk. 416:2, also [riqī]tu bāb uškāti hilidamu UZU [hinşi ul i]-ga-ar-šu Peiser Verträge 107:9 (coll. F. W. Geers).
- b) to make dough into loaves (?): see (with Sum. equivalents pad, (im.) kíd, šu.búr.búr) Nabnitu, in lex. section.
- 2. qurrušu (uncert. mng.): U₄.ḤI.IN ša iršû libbiluma lişşuru ana sēr kurummā:

tišunu li-qá-ar-ri-[š]u-ma līkulu they should dry and save the dates that they have received, they should and eat them in addition to their rations TLB 4 11:28 (OB let.); ana NU TE ina KI ŠUB NINDA ú-qar-raš ana SILA.Lím.MA ina-x [. . .] so that (the evil) not approach (him) he -s bread on the place where he fell, [he . . .] to the square Ebeling KMI 55:9 (coll. F. W. Geers); šumma lišānšu ú-qar-ra-aš if he . . . -s his tongue Labat TDP 62:15.

qarattu see qardu.

qarā'u see qerû.

qarbatu see qerbetu.

qarbātu s. pl.; (mng. uncert.); NA.*

qar-ba-te-ia ú-ma-ma-ni ušerrab I will let my q.-s bring in the animals ABL 433 r. 11; [q]ar-ba-ti-ia ina IGI-[šú assapra] nuk I sent my q.-s to him, saying ABL 1346 r.(!) 6, cf. qar-ba-ti-ia [...] assapra CT 53 693:4; UD.4.KAM [...] ina libbi [āli] iqtarba qar-ba-te-šu ussēsia on the fourth he arrived in Assur and brought out his q.-s ABL 562:12; qar-ba-te-šú 4 su ma (in broken context) ABL 510:11.

The term seems to refer to a group of persons.

Parpola, OLZ 1979 32 s.v. qerbetu.

qarbītu s.; (a garment for the statue of a god or goddess); NB.*

TÚG qar-bit (beside šer'itu and other garments for Šamaš, Aja, and Bunene) BBSt. No. 36 v 43 and 55, vi 1 and 4; TÚG qar-bit GAL ibid. v 49.

qarbu see qerbu s.

qarbuhu s.; (a plant); plant list.*

ύ qar-bu-hu : ύ MIN (= bu-'-šá-nu) Uruanna II 112. qarbûm qardu

qarbûm (AHw. 903a) see qerbû adj.

qarbūtu see qurbūtu in ša qurbūti.

qardammu (qurdammu) s.; wicked, roguish person; SB.

lú.gil.gil = qar-da-mu Lu Excerpt II 185.

šu.ur.ur.zi.ga.zu dr.ra.gin,(GIM) lú.gil. gil gír.gír hé.en.ak : kašūški nadru kīma Irra qar-da-mu lišabriq may your (Ištar's) fearful weapon strike the wicked with lightning like the plague god RA 12 74:19f.; lú.gil.gil si.nu.sá.e.da mi.ni.i[n ...]: qar-da-mi la [...] (the horses) [trample?] the wicked who are not [. . .] 4R 12 r. 5f.

qar-da-mu = eg-ru Malku I 79, qar-da-mu, adam-mu, $tu-qu-un-t\acute{u} = nak-ru$ ibid. $80 \, \text{ff.}$; $ga-ru-\acute{u} =$ nak-ru, qar-da-mu = eg-ru An VIII 83 f.

[é.sá].gil = É kāšid naphar qar-da-mu É bi-i-tu SÁ ka-ša-du kìl nap-ha-ru GIL gar-da-mu AfO 17 133:23f. (comm. on the name Esagil).

aššu hatām pī muštarhi kās purīdi gardam-mi in order to muzzle the mouth of the insolent, to shackle the legs of the wicked TCL 3 9 (Sar.); (Ninurta) taklammi qar-da-[mi] KAR 83 r. i 13; māt qar-da-mu li-ge-sak-ka (see $g\hat{e}su$) unpub. Jena text, cited von Soden, Or. NS 24 383; KI. MIN (= tele'i) sa-hi dă-maš eli qur-da-me šakānu you are able to place the of Samaš on the rogue STT 71:24, see RA 53 135, cf. KI.MIN ina girri naphu qar(text am)-da-me na- $š\acute{a}$ -a-[x] you are able to throw the rogue into a blazing fire ibid. 28; dan-ni qar-da-me (in broken context) BMS 21:46.

qardanānu see karadnannu.

qardu (fem. qarittu, qarattu) adj.; heroic, from OAkk. on; cf. qardūtu, valiant; garrādu, garrādūtu, *qarittu, qurādu, qurādūtu, qurdu A, qurrudu v., taqrīdu.

[g]ù.mur.ak = qar-du-um Kagal D Section 7:7; [...] = qar-du MSL 12 141 ND 4373 ii 5-6a.

ga-šá-an gašan = qa-rit-tum A II/4:217.

šul dUtu dIškurur.sag: etla Šamaš Adad qardu CT 16 20:75 f., parallel ibid. 21:150 f.; gašan. an.na.mèn me.e nu.mèn ţu.mu ur.sag dmu. ul.líl.[lá.mèn]: ištarītu ul anākû mārtu ga-rittum dmin anāku am I not the divine one, being the heroic daughter of Enlil? ASKT p. 126:18f.

u4.bí.ra.ra sùh.sùh gù.mur.ak.da.meš : rihişti Adad tēšû qar-du-te šunu they (the demons) are the scourge of Adad, they are confusion, they are valiant CT 16 19:40f.; qar-du-tim ina Igigī (Zababa and Ištar) the most valiant among the Igigi (corr. to Sum. [nun.g]al.e.ne.er [g]ù. mur in.ak.eš.a.aš) YOS 935 i 5 (Samsuiluna), see RA 63 33:5; gu4.ud dAsar.re.kex(KID): Marduk gar-du (for context see sīhis) 4R 20 i 34 f. qar-du, qar-ra-du, qú-ra-a-du = min (= qar-ra-

[du]) Explicit Malku I 98 ff.; $qa-rit-t\acute{u} = {}^{d}I\acute{s}tar$ Malku VIII 109.

a) referring to gods - 1' in absolute use $-\mathbf{a'}$ in gen.: ina $Igig\bar{i}$ qar-da-ku ina Anunnakī gašrāku I (Irra) am the most valiant among the Igigi, the strongest among the Anunnaki Cagni Erra I 111, cf. ina ilāni qar-da-ki LKA 17:10, see Or. NS ištiat ilt[um] qar-da-at el kala ilātim there is one goddess more valiant than all (other) goddesses VAS 10 214 vi 21 (OB Agušaja); luna'id šurbūta i-ni-li qá-raat-ta I will praise the greatest, the most valiant one among the gods ibid. i 2, cf. qa-ri-it-ta mārat Sin ilta telīta (incipit of a song) KAR 158 ii 16; Nanâ bēltu şīrti *šurbūti ilī qa-rit-ti* VAS 1 36 i 2 (NB kudurru), cf. BA 5 664 No. 22:1, cf. (Ištar) RA 22 58 i 2; Lugalmarada bēli kullat qá-ar-dam YOS 1 44 ii 17 and dupl. VAB 4 78 iii 30 (Nbk.); ana Ninurta gešri dandanni şīri ašarid ilī ur. SAG (var. qar-du) AKA 254 i 1 (Asn.), cf. ADD 641:6, ša Ninurta ... [gaš]ri gar-di... anāku STT 215 i 38 and dupls., see Ebeling, ArOr 21 409:9; Papulegarra hišā'u mu: tarrir dašnī gar-du-um talīm Enunnakī Papulegarra the noble, who makes the mighty (?) tremble, the heroic one, brother of the Anunnaki JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 6 i 8 (OB lit.); Bunene šarru tizgaru gar-du MDP 2 p. 115:5 (MB kudurru); Nergal dannudannu ilāni kaškaš ilāni zi-kir qar-du TCL 12 13:17 (NB); *īmuruma qar-da ašaredu* En. el. IV 70.

b' used as a superlative with following genitive: ina zikri Ninurta qar-di ilāni at the command of Ninurta, the most qardu qardu

valiant among the gods AKA 19:6 (Aššurrēš-iši, = Weidner Tn. 54 No. 60); etlu dannu ša Ištar gá-rit-ti ilāti anāku I am the mighty man of DN, the most valiant of the goddesses 5R 33 i 9 (Agum-kakrime), cf. BMS 32:6, KAR 144 r. 1 and dupl., see RA 49 182:1; unši atlaki ga-rit-ti ilāti move on, depart, most valiant of the goddesses Craig ABRT 1 55 ii 5 (= BA 5 627); ana Ištar Uruk etellet šamê u erşeti qa-rit-ti DINGIR.MEŠ Borger Esarh. 75:1, also 73 § 47:1; atti qa-rit-ti DINGIR.MEŠ (Ištar of Arbela) Streck Asb. 114:44; ^dNinkarnunna qa-rit-ti [x]-x ra-'i $mat \, {}^{d}Ut - u_{r}(GI\S GAL) - l[u]$ K.232+3371:28. partly in Craig ABRT 2 16:11.

2' in apposition to a divine name—a' qarittu DN: qá-ra-at-tum Ištar RA 15 176 ii 15 (OB Agušaja B); qá-rit-tú(var. -tum) Ištar kanût ilāti heroic Ištar, honored among the goddesses BMS 5:11, see Ebeling Handerhebung 60:1, also BMS 1:29 (catch line), also cited BBR No. 26 iii 55, šaqûtu šūpûtu qá-rit-tum Ištar Craig ABRT 1 67:22 and dupl. KAR 144:13; qa-rit-ti Ištar rabû qur-di-ki STC 2 pl. 78:34, see Ebeling Handerhebung 132; qa-rit-tú Irnini KAR 25 ii 15, see Ebeling Handerhebung 14; Aššur Ninlil qa-rit-tú dBe-let-[...] Streck Asb. 78 ix 87.

b' other occs.: Ea qar-du BIN 2 72:13 (OB inc.), see von Soden, Or. NS 23 338; Ninurta qar-du AKA 29 i 11 (Tigl. I), 182:35, 243 i 6, 261 i 21, 384 iii 127 (all Asn.), also Tn.-Epic "ii" 31, KAR 128 r. 26 (bil. prayer of Tn. II, Sum. broken); Girru qar-du Maqlu I 134, also (Irra) Streck Asb. 76 ix 57 and 78 ix 82; Marduk qar-du En. el. II 95 and IV 126; Mār-bīti qar-du VAS 1 36 i 17; ilū sibitti qar-du-ti AfO 8 25 vi 20 (Aššur-nīrārī V); in personal names: Qar-dum-Adad RA 59 32 MAH 15876:12, also TCL 21 263:6, 9, Kienast ATHE 3:19, CCT 1 45:11 (all OA); for OAkk. Qar-dum see MAD 5 p. 100; Šunu-qar-du KAJ 73:24, and passim in MA, see Saporetti Onomastica 1 473 s.v.

3' in attributive use: Ninurta šurbû ilu qar-du JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 2:1, also (Nusku) Craig ABRT 1 35:4, cf. [...] Igigi mansâ

ila qar-da KAR 158 i 40; Adad Marduk ilū gar-du-ti Šurpu VIII 19; ilū sibitti ilū qar-du-ti Borger Esarh. 79:12 and 96:10, also ibid. 109 iv 5; (Adad) mār Anim qar-du 1R 70 iv 10 (Caillou Michaux), also TCL 3 147 (Sar.), Unger Reliefstele 1 (Adn. III), also (Sin) KAR 69:23, (Girru) Maqlu II 104, III 183, IV 75, IX 31; tabnīt Barsip gar-du (Nabû) heroic offspring of Borsippa RT 19.61 No. 2:1 (SB lit.); Irnini mārat Sin qa-rit-ti STC 2 pl. 84:105, also pl. 75:5, see Ebeling Handerhebung 130ff., also Streck Asb. 182:46, Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 133:115; ina ITI.NE ITI MUL.BAN mārat Sin qa-rit-tu in the month of Abu, the month of the Bow star, (month) of the heroic daughter of Sin Streck Asb. 72 ix 10, cf. ibid. 198 iii 11; [ana] Ningal . . . ummi ilī qa-rit-[tum] Streck Asb. 286:2; alti Ea qa-rit-tú atti you (Damkina) are the valiant spouse of Ea BMS 4:10, see Ebeling Handerhebung 28, cf. (Irnina) ibid. 11; (Gula) azugallatu qa-rit-tu ZA 65 58:72 (MB kudurru).

b) referring to the king: RN etlu qardu AKA 84 vi 55, also 46 ii 85, KAH 2 68:2, 75:4, AfO 18 343:2 (all Tigl. I), Iraq 14 32:3, AKA 162:3, AAA 19 pl. 85 No. 272:2 (all Asn.), and passim in Asn., KAH 2 84:23 (Adn. II), Iraq 25 52:9, WO 2 410 i 1 (both Shalm. III), Lyon Sar. 3:17, Winckler Sar. pl. 48:4, etc., see Seux Epithètes 92 f.; etellu qar-du CT 37 21:3 (Nbk.); zikaru qar-du KAH 2 84:17 (Adn. II), OIP 2 55:3, 66:1 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 45 ii 13, Streck Asb. 6 i 39, etc., see zikaru mng. 2b; iššakku qar-du BBSt. No. 6 i 3 (Nbk. I); ur= šānu gar-du AOB 1 112:10 (Shalm. I), Weidner Tn. 26 No. 16 i 17; gugallam qá-ar-dam mu: makkir qarbātim valiant canal inspector who irrigates the fields VAB 4 104 i 18, also ibid. 176 i 18, PBS 15 79 i 13, CT 37 5 i 10 (all Nbk.); (Gilgāmeš) [qa]r-du lillid Uruk Iraq 37 160 i 28 (Gilg. I).

c) said of troops: $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}\ t\bar{a}hazija\ qardu-ti...ina\ qereb\ elippēti\ ušarkibšunūztima I had my brave warriors board boats OIP 2 74:67 (Senn.); ša etli qar-di purīdāšu ittūra the steps of (even) the bravest man$

turned back BBSt. No. 6 i 21 (Nbk. I); $[n\bar{a}\tilde{s}]$ azmarīka lu qar-du JRAS 1920 568:14, see Landsberger, MAOG 4 312 n. 1.

- d) said of animals: kīma erê qar-du-ti ṣīrušša ušapriš I had (my troops) fly over it (the mountain road) like valiant eagles TCL 3 25 (Sar.); Bunene ṣāmid parê qar-du-tu who drives spirited mules VAB 4 260 ii 34 (Nbn.).
- e) other occs.: lillu māru panâ i'allad $l\tilde{e}$ 'ûm qar-du (var. qar-ra-[du]) ša šanî nibīssu a first child is born a weakling, but the name of the second is Able. Brave Lambert BWL 86:263 (Theodicy); ina libbi qardi ša DN [ālik šumēl]ija narkabāti u um: $m\bar{a}n\bar{a}tija\ a[dki]$ (with the . . . of Ninurta who goes? at my right) with the brave heart of Adad who walks at my left I set my chariotry and my troops in motion AfO 6 82 i 27 (Aššur-bēl-kala); (if a child is born when Mercury has come forth) DIS qar-da-at etellet $em\bar{u}q\bar{a}n$ $pu-ug-\langle gu \rangle -lu$ if it (the horoscope) is heroic, lordly, he (the boy) will be of massive strength TCL 6 14:31, see JCS 6 66.

qardu see gardu.

qardūtu s.; heroism, valor; SB; cf. qardu.

[nam.u]r.sag = qar-du-tum Izi Q 301.

a) of kings: ša... ašaridūta ṣīrūta qar-du-ta taqīšāšu to whom you (the great gods) have granted leadership (in battle), high position, and heroism AKA 30 i 23; melam qar-du-ti-ja useḥhipšunūti the brilliance of my valor overwhelmed them AKA 48 iii 2; ina šitmur qar-du-ti-ia-ma... ana GN allik in the impetuosity of my valor I marched against GN AKA 49 iii 7 (all Tigl. I); (the king) ša ina mētel qar-du-ti-šu who with the might of his bravery (subjugates the enemy kings) (for parallels see qar-rādūtu) Weidner Tn. 10 No. 4 i 6, cf. Borger Einleitung 136 iii 30 and 137:7 (Aššur-bēl-kala), cf. (the king) ša... ina mētel qar-du-ti-šu

išdāšina <...> at the might of whose bravery their (the countries') foundations <are shaken?> 3R 7 i 9 (Shalm. III); kişrī . . . met-la qar-du-tu lu-ú lab-ši puluhtu lu ramû let my troops be girt(?) with power and valor, laden with awe-inspiring terror Wiseman, BSOAS 30 497 i 15; lītāt Aššur bēlija tanitti qar-du-ti u mimma epšēt gātija . . . ina gerbišu altur the victories of Aššur. my lord, the glory of my valor, and all my own deeds I inscribed thereon (on this stela) 1R 30 iii 22 (Šamši-Adad V), cf. (in similar context) tanatti qar-du-ti-ia Iraq 14 33:30 (Asn.); etlu ša Aššur tanatti qar-du-ti-šú šutarruhu (see etlu mng. 2b-2) KAH 2 84:77 (Adn. II); $k\bar{i}ma \, \delta a \, ina$ gar-du-ti-ia-ma ša A ššur bēlu kakka danna mušekniš la māgirī gātī ušatmehuma misir mātišu ana ruppuši igbā as by my own valor on account of which Aššur, the lord, put the mighty weapon that subdues the disobedient in my hand and commanded me to extend the frontiers of his land AKA 47 ii 96 (Tigl. I); qar-du-sus l-su (in broken context) VAS 1 69:16; [n]a(?)-'-id qar-du-ti-šú Wiseman Chron. pl. 20 BM 33041:9 (= Strassmaier Nbk. 329, VAB 4 206 No. 48).

b) of Ištar: (Ištar) ša paras qar-du-ti (var. qar-ra-du-te) šuklulat who is endowed with all the attributes of heroism KAH 2 84:4 (Adn. II), parallel AKA 244 i 10 (Asn.), WO 2 144:13 (Shalm. III).

qarētu see qerītu.

qarhu s.; ice; NA; pl. qarhāte; cf. qarāhu.

šu-ri-pu = qar-hu LTBA 2 No. 2:311.

kuppû qar-hu dān the snow and ice are severe ABL 544 r. 6, cf. šarru bēlī uda kî kup[pû] qar-ha-a-te . . . ida'inuni Ki. 1904-10-9,60:9 (courtesy K. Deller, = CT 53 158), see also ABL 1305 r. 2, ABL 531 r. 17, cited sub $qar\bar{a}hu$.

Landsberger, ZA 42 157f.; von Soden, Or. NS 37 264, Or. NS 46 192.

qāribu qarītu

qāribu s.; (a bird); NA.

1000 qa-ri-be Mušen.meš (listed with other fowl for the royal banquet) Iraq 14 35:113 (Asn.); PN qa-ri-bu ša bir-ti [. . .] (parallels PN KUR.GI.MUŠEN, PN adam=mumu lines 11f.) ADD 469 r. 10 (coll. S. Parpola); for qārib maṣḥati see maṣḥatu in qārib maṣḥati.

qāriru (or gāriru) s.; (a profession or status); OB, Nuzi.

LÚ.SUR.RA LÚ şa-ri-pi qá-ri-ri LÚ. GUG₄.È (in list of professions) UET 7 73 iii 12 (OB); kanīkam ša x eqlim ša ana 17 LÚ.qá-ri-ri.MEŠ Jamutba[lī] innaddinu uštābilakkum ana pī kanīkim šuāti eqlam ana LÚ.qá-ri-ri.MEŠ idin I have sent you the sealed document about the field of x bur that is to be given to the 17 Jamutbalian q.-s, give the field to the q.-s in accordance with that document BIN 7 4:7 and 13 (OB let.); minummê [eql]ēti ša dimti ša qa-ri-ri(-)[x]-du u dimti GAL HSS 19 2:12.

The Nuzi ref. may represent a proper name.

qarittu s. fem.; heroic behavior; SB; pl. qardāti; cf. qardu.

Date palm á nam.ur.sag.ga. $ke_x(KID)$: idi qar-da-a-ti the support of heroic behavior CT 16 48:244 f., restored from AfO 16 299 i 7 f., for parallels see $qarrad\bar{u}tu$.

qarītu (qirītu) s.; storeroom, granary; from OB on; pl. qarâtu, qarêtu, qirâtu; wr. syll. and GÁ׊E; cf. qarītu in bīt qarīti.

[a-sag] [£]ךE = $q\acute{a}$ -ri-tum MSL 3 220 G_6 iv 5 (Proto-Ea); [e-sa]g £.[šE] = $q\acute{a}$ -ri-tum (between ašlukkatu and isru) Diri V 286; sa-ag šE = šá £×šE qa-ri-tum A VII/4:34; e-sag $G\acute{a}$ -xšE = qa-[ri-tu] S^b I 317; [e-sag] $G\acute{a}$ -xšE = qa-ri-tum (followed by isru) Ea IV 250; ú-si $G\acute{a}$ -xšE = $q\acute{a}$ -ri-tum S^b I 313a; $G\acute{a}$ -xšE = $q\acute{a}$ -re-e-tum (in group with ašlukkatu and isru) Antagal C 125; [a.sa]g = $q\acute{a}$ -ri-tum Proto-Kagal Bil. Section E 1.

a-ru-u, a-ka-mu = qa-ri-tum Malku I 269 f.; [i]s-ru, [a-ru]-u, [a-ka]-mu = qa-ri-t[u] Explicit Malku II 122-124.

a) in econ. contexts: if a man hands over his grain to be stored in another man's house and ina qá-ri-tim ibbûm it: tabši a loss occurs in the granary CH § 120:8; \mathbf{x} še'um šu-ta-ap-ti $q\acute{a}$ -ri-i-tim $\mathbf{\tilde{S}U}$. TI.A PN x barley, of the granary, received by PN ZA 36 92 No. 3:3; x silver, two silas of oil, one PI of barley (under the responsibility of) PN ša a-na qá-ri-tini nadû which are deposited in our granary VAS 9 15:5 (all OB); x barley ina qá-ri-tim (in broken context) TIM 2 130:32 (OB let.); \mathbf{x} barley $\mathbf{G}\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{\tilde{S}}\mathbf{E}$ ma-ki-si PBS 2/2 112:1 and 2 (MB); ŠE.MEŠ ša ^fPN ina qa-ri-ti LÚ.MEŠ ta-mu-du itbukuma u kunukkātišunu ittadû u PN₂ u PN₃ . . . qári-[ta] ša fpn iptetû u kunukkāti ša lú.meš ta-mu-du $ihtep \hat{u}$ u \S E.ME \S -su $[\S]$ a 1 PN $ilteq \hat{u}$ the tamūdu men stored 'PN's barley in the granary and placed their seals (on it), but PN₂ and PN₃ opened PN's granary, breaking the seals of the tamudu men, and took 'PN's barley JEN 381:6 and 11; x barley ina qa-ri-ti ša É.GAL iddûš IM 73428:5, cf. ša ina qa-ri-ti nadû IM 73419:8 (courtesy A. Fadhil); for other Nuzi refs. see qarītu in bīt qarīti; dates ša ina qa-ri-tú nadû which are deposited in the storehouse VAS 6 72:3; qa-ra-a-tum ša uttati TCL 12 70:4; PN x GUR [...] ul[tu] qa-[ri]-tum ana $b\bar{i}ti$ ittadin PN gave out five gur [of . . .] from the storehouse for the household TCL 9 101:14 (all NB); uncert.: x GUR.ŠE TA qá-(text gud)-ri-tum šu.tl.A PN BRM 3 189:1 (early OB).

b) in hist.: qi-ra-te nakkamāte upattīma ŠE.PAD.MEŠ la nībi ummānī ušākil I opened the granaries (and) storerooms and fed my troops limitless quantities of grain TCL 3 186, also 219 (+KAH 2 141), 274, 295, cf. qi-ra-a-te-šu-nu ma'dāti la mīna upattīma ŠE.PAD.MEŠ la nībi ummānī ušākil ibid. 166, cf. also qí-ra-a-ti-šú-nu ummānī ušākil Winckler Sar. pl. 15 No. 32:9,

qarītu qarnānû

Lie Sar. 336; tabkāni rabûti ša ŠE.PAD.MEŠ ŠE.GIG.MEŠ ša ina ūmē ma'dūti ana balāt māti u nišē išpuku qi-ra-a-te naphar ummānija ina sīsê... ušazbilma I had all my troops carry away (loaded) on horses the large piles of barley and wheat which they had heaped up in the granaries over a long time for the sustenance of the country and (its) inhabitants TCL 3 262.

c) in lit. and omens: šapāk še'i ina GÁ׊E.MEŠ heaping up barley in the granaries ACh Sin 33:60, 68, and 77; še'u ana GÁ׊E ul irrub ACh Supp. 2 Sin 15:2; ina GÁXŠE.MEŠ še'u irrur the barley will rot in the granaries ACh Sin 3:67 and 127; še'u $ina \text{ GA} \times \text{SE.MES} ia - ru - ur \text{ ACh Sin 35:5, dupl.}$ K.8263:6, in Bezold Cat. 911; GÁ׊E išarrur the granary will KAR 178 iv 49, 56, vi 68, dupl. KAR 179 ii 18; nušurrē GÁ׊E CT 30 15:20 (SB ext.); $ni\check{s}\bar{u}$ GÁ \times ŠE- $\check{s}i$ -na $umall\hat{a}$ VAT 10218 iii 31, cf. $ra-\check{s}u-\acute{u}$ $G\acute{A}\times \check{S}E-\check{s}i-na$ \acute{u} - $\acute{s}am$ -ru-[x] ibid. 32; DIŠ ina É.GIŠGAL MIN (= $m\hat{e} irmuk$) . . . (with explanation) ina šiddi qa-ra-a-t $[e \dots]$ KAR 52:9 (Alu Comm.); in broken context: [...] $q\acute{a}$ -ri-ti $i - \delta u$ PBS 1/1 2 i 19 (OB lit.); [...] $x \cdot a \cdot qa$ ri-tú Lambert BWL 180 K.1835+:22 (SB fable).

In MSL 2 147:17 collation shows ma-ri-tu-um.

qarītu in bīt qarīti s.; storehouse; Nuzi, MA, NB; cf. qarītu.

a) in Nuzi: x še.meš igru ša é qari-ti PN ilqe PN received x barley as rent for the granary HSS 13 401:21; 6 LÚ.Meš annûtu ašar é qa-ri-ti ša libbi āli inaṣṣaru (these are) the six men who guard the storehouse inside the town HSS 16 356:33, cf. ibid. 5, 10, and 24; PN itti PN2 aššum é qa-ri-ti ša palšu ina dīni ana pani dajānī ... ītelû PN entered a suit against PN2 before the judges on account of the granary that had been broken into JEN 386:3, and passim in this text; šumma LÚ.Meš sarrūtu ša é-it qa-ri-ti ša iṣṣī ša ḥathumma ša īpušu la īde (I swear) that I do not know the criminals who broke into the

storehouse for wood HSS 13 422:8, also ibid. 22; barley ištu £ qa-ri-ti ma[līti] from the full storehouse HSS 13 221:2, 14, ištu £.MEŠ-ti qa-ri-ti malīti ibid. 237:28, cf. HSS 16 19:2, 60:2, uštu libbi £ qa-ri-tum ibid. 73:24; ištu £ qa-⟨ri⟩-ti ša URU Nuzi ibid. 6:32, and passim in similar context; wheat ina £ qa-ri-ti ša nadû which was put in the storehouse ibid. 169:2, barley ina £ qa-ri-ti ša nadnu ibid. 58:2, cf. ibid. 8:8, and passim in similar context; annûm še.MEŠ ina £ ka-ri-ti la-bi-ri ina šatti annîm nadin RA 23 159 No. 68:5, cf. £ qa-ri-ti(text -e) ibid. 156 No. 55:3.

- b) in MA: if a man rapes a woman lu ina mūše ina ribēte lu ina £ qa-re-e-te either in the street at night or in the granary KAV l viii 18 (Ass. Code § 54).
- c) in NB: x gur of dates ša DN ina É qa-ri-ti ša UGU ú-ru belonging to DN, in the storehouse above the BRM 1 23:2, cf. naphar x GUR ina É qa-ra-a-ti ša UGU ú-ru ibid. 8; x silver É qa-ri-ti pappasu nuhatimmūtu 82-7-14,1107:10.

qarītu see qerītu.

qariu see *qarû.

qarnānu adj.; 1. with (large) horns, 2. sprouted; lex.*; cf. qarnu.

am.min (= gub.ba), am.si.è, am.si.gub. ba, am.si.ḥal.ḥal = qar-na-nu wild bull with (large) horns Hh. XIV 50a-52; munu₄.si.è, munu₄.si.ma₄.a = qar-na-nu Hh. XXIII iv 6f.

- 1. with (large) horns: see Hh. XIV, in lex. section.
- 2. sprouted (said of malt): see Hh. XXIII, in lex. section; for Sum. munu₄. si.è see Oppenheim, Eames Coll. W 6:1, Fish Catalogue 739:1, CT 9 22 i 1, etc.; note in the name of a field: a.šà qar.na.an.nu. um = ŠU-ma Nabnitu XXII 86.

qarnānû (fem. qarnānītu) adj.; horned; Nuzi, SB; wr. syll. and (NAGA.)si; cf. qarnu.

[...] = kar-na-nu-u, [...] = kar-na i-nu-u KUB 3 112:4f. (Bogh. Proto-Lu), in MSL 12 83, also ibid. 2f.; naga = $\acute{u}-\acute{p}u-l[u]$, MIN.si = qar-na-n[i-t]um, MIN. $\acute{p}u$.gul $^{tu-ul}$, MIN.gu.li = ba-[qi]-il-tum Hh. XXIV 286 ff.

giš. šinig ... naga. si kaš. sur. ra šà. bi u.me. ni. šub: bīnu... ú-hu-lu qar-na-nu-(u) ši-ka-ru mazū ana libbi idīma put into it tamarisk, "horned" alkali, (and) mazū beer 4R 26 No. 7:35 f., cf. ú-hu-la qar-na-nu-[u] (in similar context, Sum. broken) CT 17 38:38; ni.ga si.ga: ú-hu-la qar-(na)-ni-ta STT 197:55 f., see JNES 26 210.

NAGA.SI telegge . . . šiptu ú-hul-te-ia ú-hul-tú gar-na-ni-tu ina muhhi tamannu you take "horned" alkali (together with other drugs) and recite over it the incantation "My alkali, 'horned' alkali" KAR 43:10 and 12, cf. ibid. 21 and 30, dupl. KAR 63:10 and 12; 5 MA.NA šipātu a-sna ši-im a-na [$\acute{u}-hul-t$] $um\ qa-ar-na-\langle ni\rangle-tum\$ five minas of wool as the price for "horned" alkali HSS 13 373:2 (translit. only); î.DùG.GA eli kulbābī u pilšīšunu tasallah gassa NAGA.SI ana hurrīšunu tetemmir sprinkle sweet (smelling) oil over the ants and their holes and bury gypsum and "horned" alkali in their tunnels KAR 377 r. 38 (SB Alu rit.); NAGA.SI (among medical ingredients) Köcher BAM 96 i 6, 10, 15, ii 10, Iraq 19 40 i 6, KAR 389 i 9, RA 53 6:31, Hunger Uruk 46:12, and passim, see uhūlu.

Oppenheim Glass 74.

qarnu (qannu) s. fem.; 1. horn, 2. pincers of the scorpion, 3. horn, cusp of the moon and other celestial bodies, 4. horn as container, rhyton, 5. protruding (horn-shaped) part or decoration of objects, 6. power(?, in transferred mng.); from OA, OB on; dual qarnān, pl. qarnū and qarnātu; wr. syll. and si; ef. qarnānu, qarnānû, qarnû.

si-i sI = qar-nu S^b II 175; sI = qar-nu, i-ta-nu CT 19 6 K.11155 + CT 11 44 K.14938 r. 1 f., also CT 19 12 K.4143 r. 2 f. (text similar to Idu); [si-i] [sI] = [qa]-far]-nu, [i]-ta-nu S^a Voc. N 1'f.; sI = qa-an-nu MSL 9 131:376 (Proto-Aa); si = qar-nu = (Hitt.) sI-ar Izi Bogh. A 184.

sa-ag SAG = qar-[nu] Idu I 132; sag = qar-nu 5R 16 ii 11; a A = $em\bar{u}qum$, idum, $q\acute{a}$ -an-nu-um, ahum MSL 2 139 ii 5 ff. (Proto-Ea); ${}^{a}A$ = qar-nu,

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mathbf{A^{a\$-te\$}}\mathbf{ITA_4} = sa\text{-}par\text{-}tum, \ \mathbf{B\acute{U}R^{du-du}B\acute{U}R} = \mathbf{MIN} \ qar\text{-}nu \\ \mathbf{Antagal} \ \mathbf{F} \ 176\mathrm{f.}; \ \mathbf{\acute{e}.dara_3}^{q\acute{a}\text{-}ar\text{-}nu\text{-}um} \ \lceil \acute{s}a(?)\rceil \ a\text{-}[a\text{-}lim] \\ \mathbf{Proto-Izi} \ \mathbf{II} \ 20; \ \acute{u} = qar\text{-}n[u] \quad \mathbf{Izi} \ \mathbf{E} \ 250\mathrm{F}; \ \mathbf{x}\text{-}\mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{EZEN\times GIR}(?) = qar\text{-}nu, \ ia\text{-} \acute{s}[u(?)\text{-}bu\text{-}u(?)] \quad \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{VIII/2:86f.}; \ \mathbf{mu}\text{-}s[\acute{u}\text{-}ub] \ \mathbf{MUNSUB_x} = \acute{s}a\text{-}ar\text{-}[tum], \\ q\acute{a}\text{-}ar\text{-}nu\text{-}um \quad \mathbf{MSL} \ 3 \ 223:3f. \ (\mathbf{Proto-Ea}); \ [\dots] = \\ [\mathbf{s}] \acute{\mathbf{1g}}.\mathbf{m\acute{u}} = \acute{s}ar\text{-}tum, \ \mathbf{s\acute{1g}}.\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{s\acute{1g}}.\mathbf{m\acute{u}} = q[ar\text{-}nu] \\ \mathbf{Emesal} \ \mathbf{Voc.} \ \mathbf{II} \ 173\mathrm{f.} \end{array}$

[...] = [kar-na]-nu-u, [ka]r-na i-nu-[u], [...] =kar-na-nu-u, kar-na i-nu-u, [. . .] = kar-nu šu-bal-[ku-tu] KUB 3 112:2-6 (Bogh. Proto-Lu), in MSL 12 83; bu-úr BÚR = MIN (= ša-la-tu) šá qar-ni A VIII/2:176; [su]- $\acute{\mathbf{u}}$ Du = ke-e-su šá má (var. si) Idu II 371; si.ka.sur.ra = qar-nu šá pi-šá min (= [ri-i-bu]) Nabnitu J 134; giš.si.dù.a.gigir, giš.dù.a.gigir, giš.hub.a.dù.gigir, $A(\text{text.DA}).SITA_4.gigir = qar-nu$ Hh. V 25-27a; giš.si.má = qar-ni min (= elippi), giš.si.si.má = qar-na-a-ti min Hh. IV 367f.; giš.dúr = bur= siktu, giš.dúr.si = MIN qar-ni Hh. VII A 119f.; giš. UD+SAL+HÚB. si = ku-ut qar-ni Hh. IV 215; [kuš.e.íb.s]i = MIN (= mesirru) qar-ni = MIN (= me-za-ah) šá up-pi-ti Hg. A II 173, in MSL 7 151; [túg.e.i]b.si = me-si-ru [qar-ni] = [me-si-ru]za]-ah šá [up]-pi-te Hg. D 401, in MSL 10 140; [gi]š. bal. si = pi-lak qar-ni Hh. VI 25; $[\acute{e}]$ š. si= eb-lu qar-nu Hh. XXII Section 12:8.

amar.bàn.da si.gur₄.gur₄.ra : būru ekdu ša gar-ni kabbaru the impetuous calf (Nannar) with thick horns 4R 9:19f., cf. si mú.mú: qar-ni ba-nu-u Lugale IV 8; see also zaqtu lex. section; an.kúr(var. Kúr^{kur}) za.ra si ḫu.mu.ni.in.búr NA4.KÙ.GAN.šè ná.a: ana muštaptūtika qar-ni lišalliţkama ana lulê nandi (see muštaptūtu) Lugale XII 38; dàra im.ra si.bi nu.mu.un.su.ub.su. ub: [tu]-ra-hu imhasma qar-ni-šú (var. qar-na-ašú) ul ušaklil (the head disease) has struck the ibex and has not let it grow horns to full size CT 17 25:40f.; alim kur.ra si.gùr.ru.me.en : šà qáni-in na-šu-ú TCL 16 69:15'; dàra si.hal.hal. la.ta nam.ta.ex(DU6+DU).dè si bar.ra si gul. gul.la.ta nam.ta.ex.dè: itti (var. ištu) turāķi ana qar-nu(var. -ni) pe-ta-a-tú(var. -ta) urdu ištu qar-nu(var. -ni) pe-ta-a-tú(var. -ta) ana qar-nu(var. -ni) rab-ba-a-[tu](var. -ta) ur[du] (the headache came down to the land from the innermost mountains), it came down with (var. from) the mountain goat to (the animals with) widely spread horns, it came down from (the animals with) the widely spread horns to (the animals with) large horns CT 17 12:9-11, cf. (in broken context) OECT 6 pl. 3 K.5992:15f.; for other bil. refs. with si see mngs. la, 5d.

murub₄.bi.a am.gal.gin_x(GIM) á.bi mi.ni. in.íl.íl (var. [mu.u]n.íl.le) : ina birišunu kīma rīme rabê qar-na-a-šú ittanašši like a mighty wild bull (alone) among them he (Ninurta) tosses his horns Lugale I 36; d Nin.hur.sag.gá.ke_x(KID)

gu₄. gin_x á. bi íb.íl: ^dBe-let-DINGIR.MEŠ ki-ma le-e qar-ni ú-šá-áš-šu-šu DN gave him horns like a bull K.5003:2, cited Bezold Cat. p. 682; am. gin_x á saḥar.ra me (var. mi).ir.ri.gin₅.za.na. gin_x (later version mu.e.ri.za.n[a.gin_x]): ki-i ri-mi GAL-i qar-ni-ka i-na e-pe-ri ki-i tu-[bal-li-lu] because you (kasurru stone) have covered your horns with dust like a huge wild bull Lugale X 24; [e.zé].mu á. [gur]. á. gur.ra. [zu]: [im]-me-ru-ka šá qá-an-ni(var. omits -ni) kab-ba-[ru] JNES 26 206 A 18 and dupl.

qar-nu, NE-nu = ú-lap lu-up-pu-tim An VII 273 f.; qar-nu = qa-ni-nu Malku II 207; a-[x]-x-rum = qa-an-nu [x x] (among headdresses) Malku VIII 62, probably variant of kannu, see kannu B usage b.

sip-ru = qar-ni (see sipru mng. 1d) Izbu Comm. 352; e-de-du # sa-pa-ru ša qar-ni Thompson Rep. 27:6, 36 r. 1 and 34:8; si.dara.mas # qar-nu a-a-lu # si # qar-nu # dara.mas # a-a-lu BRM 4 32:1 (med. comm., to TCL 6 34 ii 2); [A] # i-di # A qa-nu K.1522+:8 (astrol. comm.).

1. horn -a) of animals -1' in gen.: šumma awīlum alpam īgurma si-šu išbir if a man hires an ox and breaks its horn CH § 248:30; qar-ni-šu la ušarrim (if the owner of the goring ox) does not trim its horns CH § 251:57; ana īnī qá-an-ni şupri u sibbati izzaz he (the lessee) is responsible for the eyes, the horns, the hooves, and the tail (of the hired ox) PBS 8/2 196:11, also YOS 12 466:9, wr. qá-ar-ni TLB 1 213:12; ÁB šalimtam īnam gá-anna u supra ipaggid he will take care that the (hired) cow has intact eyes, horns, and hooves YOS 13 17:11 (OB): I killed four wild bulls maškīšunu si.meš-šu-nu ana ālija Aššur ubla I brought their hides and their horns to my city Assur AKA 85 vi 68 (Tigl. I), cf. I killed 6 puhāl [rīmē dann ūte šūt qar-ni six mighty horned wild bulls Borger Einleitung 136 iii 31 (Aššurbēl-kala), also WO 2 38:43, 40:21 (Shalm. III), cf. 50 līm būrī tak-di-ri ša sup(u) ru bunnû $qar-nu \ \delta alm \bar{u}$ fifty thousand calves with perfect hooves and intact horns STT 41:19, see AnSt 7 128 (let. of Gilg.); alpu šuklulu şalmu ša sı.meš u şuprī šalmu an ungelded black bull with perfect horns and hooves RAcc. 10:2, cf. immerī... ša sī u supru šuklulu ibid. 79:29 and 32, also

UDU BABBAR šá SI UMBIN ŠU.DU7 BiOr 30 178:28; kâm puḥāda annâ ištu rēši ana qa-an-ni (var. adds qaqqadi) u zibbati ... eppus thus I examine(?) this lamb (for extispicy) from head to horn and tail IM 67692:229 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); alap qa-ni šūturūte a bull with superb horns KAR 334 r. 7 (hymn of Asn. I), cf. also am.gal ... mu.lu á.dar.[...]: rīmu $rab\hat{u} \, \delta a \dots qar-nu \, [\dots] \, LKU \, 16:11f.; \, d\hat{a} \, ra$ sag.gá.na si ba.ni.in.dib : turāḥa ina qaqqadišu u qar-ni-šú işşabat he seized the ibex by its head and its horns 5R 50 ii 46f., see JCS 21 8:69, cf. alpu ina garni-šú işbat AMT 61,7 r. 11, also littu ina si-šá lahru ina šipātiša the cow by its horn(s), the ewe by its fleece Köcher BAM 124 iv 7, also ibid. 127:6 and CT 23 1:7 and 2:20 (inc.); GU₄.AN.NA işş[abat] ina qar-ni-[šu] he (Enkidu) seized the bull of heaven by its horns Gilg. VI 131, cf. ina birīt tikkī gar-ni (in broken context) ibid. 145 and 152; ina SI.MU qaqqaru terāku ina zibbatija ušteššera turbu'i Köcher BAM 248 iii 56 (inc.), cited as ina qar-ni-šú qaq-qar te-ra-at JNES 33 332:15 (comm.); šumma alpu itbīma ina sı šumēlišu eperī islu if the ox gets up and stirs up dust with its left horn STT 73:137, see JNES 19 35, cf. ibid. 136; [šum: ma] izbum ištu libbi ummišu gá-ar-na-šu [wa]sâ if the newborn lamb's horns are out from (the moment it leaves) the belly of its mother YOS 10 56 iii 24, see Leichty [šumma izbu] qa-an-na-šu ina pūtišu [šakna] if a newborn animal's horns are located on its forehead Leichty Izbu 209 iii 5, cf. ibid. 7, cf. also iš-di qaan-ni-šu qa-an-nu-um šanītumma wasiat ibid. 10 (Bogh.): *šumma littu ulidma* 2 si. MEŠ-šú ina qaqqadišu aşâ if a cow gives birth and (the calf) has two horns protruding from its head Leichty Izbu XIX 8. and passim in this tablet, also CT 40 30 K.2937 r. 2f., K.4073+ :6f., 32:1ff. (SB Alu); *šumma* lahru alpa ulidma qá-an-ni šakin if a ewe gives birth to a bull (calf) and it has horns Leichty Izbu V 104, and passim; *summa* UDU.NITÁ ina nakkaptišu SI.MEŠ-šu asâ

if a ram's horns protrude from its forehead Leichty Izbu XVII 87, and passim in tablet XVII, cf. KAR 394 ii 8 (Alu cat.), CT 29 48:4 (SB prodigies), cf. ibid. 3; šumma izbum gá-ra-an alpim if the newborn lamb (has) a bull's horn YOS 10 56 iii 35 (OB), see Leichty Izbu 207; šumma si alpi īmur if (the exorcist on his way to the patient) sees a bull's horn Labat TDP 4:22, cf. šumma alpu si-šu iddīma īmur ibid. 19, with comm. si // $qar-nu \parallel si \parallel nu-\acute{u}r \parallel si \parallel \check{s}\acute{a}-ru-ru$ Hunger Uruk 27 r. 6; šumma izbu gá-ra-an ina 15 [...] Leichty Izbu IX 11, and passim, Wr. in tablet IX; šumma immeru (UDU. NITÁ) KI.MIN (= SI.MEŠ- δu) $k\bar{\imath}ma$ SI.MEŠ turāhi if a ram's horns are like ibex horns Leichty Izbu XVII 91; šumma alpu SI imittišu istahat if an ox sheds its right horn Leichty Izbu XIX 38, cf. (with istug) ibid. 39; šumma immeru šikitti arandi šakin SI.MEŠ- $\delta u(var. - \delta u) kurr \hat{a} 14 t \bar{i} r \bar{a} n u \delta u$ if the sheep has the appearance of a wild ass (and) its horns are short, it has 14 intestinal convolutions CT 31 30:7, dupl. CT 41 9:6, see Meissner, AfO 9 119:7, cf. also CT 31 30:16f.; if the "crucible" (of the liver) kīma sī enzi zīrat is twisted like a goat's horn CT 20 32:72, also Labat Suse 3:16f., cf. Boissier Choix 46:10ff.; šumma izbu SI.MEŠ-šú siršī malâ if the horns of the newborn animal are full of protuberances Leichty Izbu IX 62, see also larû usage b; [... ša] qa-an-na šaknu [if ... birds] which have horns (multiply in a country) CT 41 4 K.3701+:3 (SB Alu); for sēr qarni "horned snake" see şēru B mng. 1e.

2' used as a medication: SI alpi ša šumēli SI ajali turrar you char the left horn of an ox (and) a deer horn Köcher BAM 216:64, cf. Biggs Šaziga 56 iv 3 (Bogh.), also KAR 56:9, Köcher BAM 503 i 16 (= AMT 33,1:16), 470:16 (= AMT 94,7:3), 473:3 (= AMT 99,2 iii 2 + 1,4:3), SI alpi ša imitti SI MÁŠ ša šumēli AMT 102:38f.; SI ÙZ Köcher BAM 237 i 38, qa-an-[ni] şabīti KUB 37 55 iv 24; Û SI DARA.MAŠ Köcher BAM 210:12, also 166:11, STT 286 r. (!) ii 2, and passim, see ajalu

A mngs. 1c-1' and 2; šapparti si.dara. MAŠ šapparti si udu.máš Köcher BAM 237 iii 6.

- 3' used in manufactured objects: [...] objects, their [...] ša SI UDU.MEŠ made of sheep's horn EA 25 iii 33, cf. ša SI ibid. 72 (list of gifts of Tušratta).
- b) of gods who are likened to butting animals: unakkip nakrēja ina SI.MEŠ-ša gašrāti (Ninlil the wild cow) gores my enemies with her strong horns Streck Asb. 78 ix 78; Bēl SI.MEŠ-šá ukarrit Bēl cut off her (Tiāmat's) horns KAR 307 r. 13, see TuL p. 36; (Nergal) nāš SI.MEŠ eddēti Böllenrücher Nergal 50:3, cf. Zababa e-da-«ta»-am qá-ar-ni-in (see eddu) AfO 13 46 (= pl. 1) ii 5 (OB lit.), cf. e-di-id qar-n[i] Lambert, Symbolae Böhl 279:8.
- of representations of animals or gods: kisitte qar-ni-šu-nu ša şarpi [a]ppi gar-ni-šu-nu ša hurāşi the base of their (the alu animals') horns is of silver, the tip of their horns of gold AfO 18 302 i 20f. (MA inv.), cf. qar-na-šu-nu ša giš mi qarna-šu-nu u ildi gar-ni-šu-nu ina 9-та. Aм turri ša hurāşi ahhuza their horns are of black wood, their horns and the bases of their horns are mounted with nine gold bands each ibid. 306 iv 10, cf. also ibid. 304 ii 6; gar-na-at turāhim ibex horns ARM 18 12:19; a cup [ša p]ani gumāhi sī.MEŠ- δu NA₄.BABBAR with the face of a *gumāļu* bull, its horns (are made of) white stone (among gifts for Egypt) KUB 3 70 r. 12 (let.); 1 [...] qar-ni TCL 3 372 (Sar.); seven figurines of the Seven Gods URUDU šaknu having copper horns KAR 298:24, cf. ibid. 31, see AAA 22 66, also BBR No. 46-47 ii 3; salam etemmi . . . teppuš si alpi tašakkanšu you make a figurine of the ghost (and) provide it with a bull's horn KAR 267:5, see TuL p. 138; SI kî şabīti ištât ana kutalliša țerât sī kî şabīti ištât ana panīša ed-ra-at . . . šārtum ištu birīt SI.MEŠ-šá ana šašalliša nadât (the statue of dAM.MA.KUR.KUR has) a horn like a

gazelle's, one (horn) is pointed toward her back, (she has) a horn like a gazelle's, one (horn) is curved toward her front, (her) hair falls on(to) the nape of her neck from between her horns MIO 1 72 iv 6f. and 13, and passim in this text, cf. qaq=qadu SI u šu-ku-su ibid. 76 v 13.

- d) as votive object: qá-ni-in bibil idi Enlil u dnin.lfl-ti-im ina Isin āl šarrūtija ina bāb ekallim ... ēpuš I made two horns as desired by DN and DN2 (and set them up?) in Isin, my capital, in the palace gate Gadd Early Dynasties pl. 3 i 20, dupl. Sumer 4 57 (Lipit-Ištar), and delete this ref. sub ganūnu A; erišti qá-ar-ni-in (var. qáar-nim) ša DN request of DN for two horns YOS 10 51 i 17, var. from dupl. 52 i 17 (OB ext.); 2 qar-na-at AM GAL.MEŠ ša $ihz\bar{u}\check{s}ina\ u\ ni-ih(\text{text}\ nik-ka)-su-\check{s}i-na < \&\grave{u}$. BABBAR> (see nihsu) TCL 3 384 (Sar.); 7 qar-na-t[e] §a udu kur-e seven horns of mountain sheep (in enumeration of objects) Tell Halaf No. 55:4; qar-na-at nālī $u \, aj\bar{a}l\bar{i}$ (as ornaments) ARMT 13 55:6.
- e) other occs.: Dilbat...ina SI M[UL. ÙZ] uṣâ...ina SI MUL.ŠUDUN [...] (if) Venus comes out of the horn of the Goat star (and) [...] the horn of the Yoke star ACh Ištar 6:18f., cf. SI MUL lu-lim Hunger Uruk 95:7; ina qereb māt Kaldi gišimmaru qar-nu šakin CT 29 49:32 (SB prodigies); obscure: dQa-an-nu: ša URU KAS4.KI 2R 60 No. 1 i 31, see TuL p. 12.
- 2. pincers of the scorpion a) of the animal: tamhaşi ina qar-ni-ki tušardi ina simbatiki you (scorpion) have stung with your pincers, you have let (the poison) flow from your tail Köcher BAM 398 r. 8, dupls. K.8939, STT 136 i 34, see von Soden, JNES 33 341f.; tarşa qar-na-a-šá... turrat zibbassa its pincers are extended (like the horns of a wild bull), its tail is curled (like that of a raging lion) CT 38 38:60f., see Or. NS 34 121:6', cf. qa-an-ni-šu ana pa-ti-a sibbassu ana tu-ur-ri-i ul addinšu I did not allow it (the scorpion) to open

its pincers, to curl its tail KBo 1 18 iv 17 (inc.); šumma šēp qa-an-ni zuqaqīpi šakin if he has feet (in the shape of) the pincers of a scorpion Kraus Texte 22 i 30', cf. šumma ubān sī zuqaqīpi šakin ibid. iii 9 and 12d v 4'; šumma zuqaqīpu MI ina bīt amēli innamirma sī imittišu NU GAL if a black scorpion is seen in a man's house and it has no right pincer CT 40 26:30.

- b) of the constellation Scorpius: UD mul.gír.tab u₄ si.bi igi.du₈.a: MUL. Gír.tab u₄-um qa-ra-an-šu innamru if, when the pincers of Scorpius become visible K.2241+:16ff., also 20ff.; MUL.ZI. BA.AN.NA SI MUL.GÍR.TAB Libra is the pincers of Scorpius CT 33 2 ii 11; šumma MUL Zuqaqīpu SI.MEŠ-šá šarūra našā if the pincers of Scorpius have a bright sheen ACh Supp. 48:7, cf. SI.MEŠ-šá zu'ura ibid. 6, also ACh Ištar 28:6, and passim.
- 3. horn, cusp of the moon and other celestial bodies -a) of the crescent moon: ina rēš arķimma napāķi eli māti qar-ni nabâta ana uddû 6 ūmī at the beginning of the month, while rising over the land, you shine with horns to mark six days En. el. V 16; note in epithets of Sin: ittasâ Sin bēl gar-ni RA 12 191:7; Sin nāši SI.MEŠ şīrāti Unger Bel-harran-beliussur 6, cf. nāš qar-ni gašrāti Langdon Tammuz pl. 6:7 (Esarh.?); šumma ina gá-an-ni Sin [...] MUL GAL-ú izzaz if a large star stands in the horn of the moon KUB 37 162:2, cf. šumma qá-an-na-at Sin ki[lattān] MUL.MEŠ wasû ibid. 5; šumma Sin ina tāmartišu mul.gír.tab ina si imittišu izziz if when the moon becomes visible. Scorpius stands in its right cusp (quotation from an astrol. omen) ABL 1214 r. 12, cf. šumma bibbu ina si imitti Sin izziz ZA 52 240:23b, cf. ACh Ištar 19:2 ff.; šumma Sin SI.MEŠ-šú kīma qašti if the horns of the moon look like a bow ACh Supp. 2 Sin 6:7, cf. (kīma makurri like a boat) ibid. 8, (kīma dādi like a dādu fish) ibid. 9; for other refs. see edēdu, halāpu, karû, kepû, kurrû, mithāru, palāšu, sapāru B, tarāku, tarāsu, terû; in

comparisons: šumma šulmu kīma uskari ... SI-šú (var. ŠU.SI-šú) rēš marti iplušma usi if the šulmu looks like a crescent and its "horn" (var. finger) perforates the top of the gall bladder and comes out (on the other side) CT 30 14 Rm. 2,223:7, cf. ibid. 8-11 and 15-17, vars. from TCL 6 3:19-22 and 26-28.

- b) referring to the visible part of the moon's or sun's disk during an eclipse: šumma . . . attalû iššakinma ilu ina adārišu idi iltāni eliš adirma idi šūti šapliš izku amurrû massarti šaturri imšul SI imittišu kapşat if (on a certain day) an eclipse occurs and the god (i.e., the moon) in its darkening becomes dark on its north side above and clears on its south side below. (and) the west wind (blows), the last watch is half over, (and) its right cusp is curled AfO 17 84:11, restored from K.3561+ r. 19f., cf. AfO 17 85:8 and 20; šumma . . . Šamaš attalâ iškun ina iltāni ušarrīma ina šūti ikūn sī šumēlišu eddat sī imittišu arkat if the sun is eclipsed, (and the eclipse) starts from the north and remains in the south, (and) its left cusp is pointed (and) its right cusp is long Thompson Rep. 269:10f.; ilu ša ina šurinnišu sī imittišu tarşat sī $\S um\bar{e}li\S u kap-pat(?)$ the god (i.e., the moon) whose right cusp was straight, whose left cusp was curved at its last visibility BM 46239 r. 3, cf. ibid. 2, cf. si. MEŠ-šú kanšama šamāmi IGI.MEŠ ibid. r. 9 and dupl. K.12687:11'; $ilu \, \delta a \ldots \, si.me \, \delta$ -[šú mithāra] ištêt la ikbiru ištêt la iqtinu ND 4357 iv 15 (courtesy D. J. Wiseman); SI. MEŠ-šú ina napāhišu la innaţţalama ina rabīšu innammara AfO 17 pl. 1 i 20; (the moon) itti Šamaš IGI-ir SI.MEŠ-[šú šamê nakpa] ACh Supp. 27+28:7', dupl. itti Šamaš SI.MEŠ-š \acute{u} AN-e nak-pa AfO 17 pl. 1 i 8.
- c) of Venus: UD EŠ₄.DAR ina SI imitz tiša kakkaba leqāt if the planet Venus has "taken" a star in its right cusp ACh Ištar 1:10, also ibid. 4:15; note [šumma MUL Dil-ba]t ina A šumēliša kakkaba leqāt LKU

111:7, cf. (referring to right side) ibid. 4, and see K.1522+:8, in lex. section; UD EŠ₄.DAR ina SI imittiša kakkabu la innamir if in the planet Venus's right cusp no star is seen ACh Ištar 1:5, cf. ibid. 6.

- d) other occs.: šumma (wr. [DIŠ] UD) SI-[šú] ŠUB-ma [...] ACh Supp. 2 Šamaš 39:30, cf. DIŠ UD SI-šu ŠUB-ma Sin adir ... SI qar-nu SI šá-ru-ru if it (probably referring to the moon) lets its "horn" fall and the moon is dark, (with comm.) SI (means) horn, SI (means also) brightness ACh Adad 33:21; DIŠ UD ina SI imittišu kakkabu izziz ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 66 r. 10 and ibid. 11.
- 4. horn as container, rhyton -a) horn as container – 1' in OA: šitta $q\acute{a}$ -ar-natim PN naš'akkunūti ammakam šamnam tābam ana PN2 u PN mallianiššunu PN is bringing you (pl.) two horns, fill them there with good oil for PN2 and PN Jankowska KTK 19:12 (= Golénischeff 20); qá-ar-ni šamnam tābam mallia fill (pl.) the horns with fine oil BIN 4 49:26 (coll. M. T. Larsen); 3 ma-na(!) haršu gar-ni ša ì.giš TCL 20 113:17; aššumi gá-ar-na-tim ša ašpura[k= kum] x gín kaspam PN ublakkum ammakam ì.GIŠ šāmamma concerning the horns I wrote you about, PN is bringing you x shekels of silver, buy oil for me there TuM 1 3c:5; uncert.: (x silver?) a-qa-arnim] §a A-lim.KI [x] addin KTS 51b:22.
- 2' other occs.: kubur qar-ni-šu una'adu mārū ummānu . . . 6 GUR šamnu sibit kilallē the craftsmen were praising the thickness of its (the bull's) horns, the capacity of the two is six gur of oil Gilg. VI 170; muḥri ša tamkāri qa-an-na-šú u si-di-«si»-su take (addressing Lamaštu) from the merchant his horn (filled with oil) and his travel provisions RA 18 167 r. 24 (Lamaštu inc.); ù[qá]-ar-na-am ša [x-x]-ka šūbilam TIM 2 90:15 (OB let.); qá-ar-nu-um UET 5 882:25 (OB exercise tablet); ana libbi si.GUD tašappak you pour (the medication) into an ox horn AMT 89,3 iii(!) 2.

- b) rhyton: 1 GAL širim SI KÙ.BABBAR X KI.LÁ.BI one cup, , (made) of silver, weighing 28\frac{2}{3} shekels ARM 7 119:1, cf. 117:9, ARM 9 46:4, 268:3, cf. 1 GAL širim qar(!)-ni ARM 7 219:5 and 19, 273:5; 1 SI šā ha-i-gal-la-at-hé HSS 14 105:23 and passim in this text; 20 SI ajigalluhu hurāṣa uhhuzu rittašunu KA.GUL twenty rhytons in the form of ajigalluhu animals, mounted in gold, their handles of EA 25 iii 49 (list of gifts of Tušratta), cf. 1 SI rīmi ibid. 42, 43, 45, and 51, 1 SI šā GUD KUR ibid. 44, 1 SI KA.GUL ibid. 39 and 41, 1 SI lulūtum ibid. 46f.; 1 SI gar-nu JCS 8 29 405:5 (Alalakh).
- 5. protruding (horn-shaped) part or decoration of objects a) of a boat: ina birīt si.meš-šá (var. qar-ni-šá) našāt piširtu (the boat) carries between its bow and stern (lit. its horns) release (from sorcery) Maqlu III 129, cf. bāb makurri takannakma si-šú ana muḥḥi LAL you seal the opening of the (model) barge and fasten its prow on top Iraq 22 224:24 (inc.), and see Hh. IV 367f., in lex. section; see also makurru mng. 1a-2'.
- b) of a chariot: lušasmidka narkabta ... ša magarrūša hurāsamma elmešu qarna-a-šá(var. -ši) I will have a chariot made for you whose wheels are truly of gold, whose "horns" are of electrum Gilg. VI 11, and see Hh. V 25ff., in lex. section.
- c) of a temple tower: šuršiš Ešarra inattala qar-na-a-šú(var. -šu) En. el. VI 66; ukappira SI.MEŠ-ša (var. qar-ni-ša) pitiq erî namri I cut off its (the temple tower's) "horns" (which were made of) shining cast copper Streck Asb. 52 vi 29, cf. qar-ni ziq=qurratišu ušabbira Bauer Asb. 278:11.
- d) of gods' crowns: you, Ninurta aga sag.lá.lá: ša ina agē qar-ni the one with the horned crown BA 5 638 No. 7 r. 19f.; (Lugalbanda) apir agâ ša qar-ni karpaṣāti Or. NS 36 126:171 (hymn to Gula); agē qá-ar-ni ṣīrāti . . . ina qaqqadišu lu aškunuma I set upon his (Marduk's) head a crown with mighty horns 5R 33 ii 50

- (Agum-kakrime); si še.ir.zi si ^dutu mul. mul.la.gin_x: qar-na-a-sú $k\bar{\imath}ma$ sar $\bar{\imath}r$ samsi ittananbitu (Enlil) whose horns gleam like the rays of the sun BA 10/1 18 No. 9:14 f., see OECT 6 p. 17.
- e) spur of a bone: šumma ubānum kīma qa-an-ni eṣem[tim] ana imittim kappat if the "finger" is bent to the right like the spur of a bone YOS 10 60:9 (OB ext.); šumma qá-ra-an naglabim ša šumēlim tarik if the ridge of the left scapula is dark YOS 10 47:54, cf. ibid. 53-60 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb), see naglabu A.
- f) of a part of the exta: *šumma ina* si sal.la níg.tab *padāni ša imitti kakku šakinma* if there is a "weapon-mark" in the "horn" of the *ruqqu* of the "crucible" of the "path" on the right side CT 20 31:37, also (with the left) ibid. 38, cf. TCL 6 5 r. 18.
- g) of plants: šuršūšu qaqqara malū si.meš-šú šamê nakpa its (the plant's) roots fill the ground, its "horns" reach the sky Küchler Beitr. pl. 3 iii 31; Ú NAGA: Ú qi-il-tu[m], Ú NAGA.SI, Ú SA.AD.GAL: Ú qí-il-tú qar-ni, Ú šá-mi ru-pa-di: Ú NAGA. SI.MEŠ Uruanna II 271-274.
- h) of a configuration of oil on water: šumma šamnum . . . qá-ar(var. -an)-ni-in irtaši YOS 10 58 r. 4, var. from CT 5 6 r. 58; šumma šamnum imittam u šumēlam qá-[an]-na-šu (vars. qar-na-šu, qá-ar-na-šu) hasra YOS 10 57:19, vars. from IM 2967 and CT 5 4:16, see Pettinato Ölwahrsagung 2 16.
- i) an excrescence on the head: *šumma* U₈ nēša ulidma SI.MEŠ ša šīri šakin if a ewe gives birth to a lion and it has fleshy protuberances Leichty Izbu V 15; *šum: ma* SI šakin if he has a "horn" (preceded by abbuttu) Kraus Texte 6 r. 9; if a mole ina SI^{II} GAR (preceded by right and left SAG.KI) ibid. 47:8′.
- j) flank of an army: PN rīḥti mūšišu lillika sī ša PN₂ lilbi let PN come during the remainder of the night and surround

qarnu qarrādu

the flank of (the army of) PN₂ ABL 222 r. 13 (coll. K. Deller).

k) other occs.: δu -ri-in A n-nu-ni-ti ù Si-la-ba ki-la(text -ki)-la-al ki-la-la-al i-mi-ta-am ù šu-wi-la-a-am qá-ar-na-am gá-ar-na-a-am the standards of DN and DN₂, two by two, right and left, horn by horn AfO 13 46 ii 7 (OB lit.); SAL šî qarna-tim udammaq [...] wu'erima SAL.TUR. MEŠ ša kīma a-na qar(?)-ni [...] natā qar-na-tim damqiš [...] this woman can make good quality "horns," give orders that the servant girls, as many as are suited for [...] "horn(s)," [...] "horns" well ARM 10 130:16ff.; kakkusāni annûti ajaka šakānu ina muhhi kipili ša DN šakānu panīšunu ana ga-an-ni 7-šu-nu 5 manê . . . hurāşu šugultašunu cerning) the question about the placement of these kakkussu stones, (they) are to be put on the kiplu of DN, facing the "horn(s)," the weight of the seven of them is five minas of gold ABL 438:9; kî ša sı (var. qar-nu) ša [...] ina libbi šaknuni KI-ti la iparrūni just as the "horn" of [the plow?] is within it (the soil?) and does not cut a furrow(?) Wiseman Treaties 540; see (beside battering ram) A VIII/2:86f., in lex. section; see also (referring to a bursiktu, kūtu, mesirru, pilakku, a rope) Hh. VII A 120, Hh. IV 215, Hg., Hh. VI 25, Hh. XXII, in lex. section.

6. power(?, in transferred mng.) — a) in gen.: $\delta a \ k\bar{a} \sin anzilli \ qar-na-\delta u \ tuballa$ (see bal u v. mng. 2a) Lambert BWL 130:95; see also en u v. mng. 1g-1'; PN $i\delta u$ sih ru ina ekallim ann m irbi ina qa-ra-an $\delta i-ba-ti-\delta u$ ana PN₂ ana Níg.BA $tanaddi \delta u$ PN grew up in this palace from the time he was a small child, (now) in the q. of his old age you want to give him to PN₂ as a present ARM 10 57:7; ka-ar-ni-ia $t\bar{e}tep \delta a$ (obscure) UET 6 396:20 (OB lit.).

b) in personal names: Adad-qar-na-a-a JAOS 55 291:18 (OB), cf. Adad-qar-na-ia ibid. 292 seal, also si-Adad Birot Tablettes 70 D

ii 12; DINGIR-qa-na-a ADD App. 3 ii 35, dŠá-maš-qa-na-a ADD 742 r. 19; Qa-na-a-DINGIR ADD App. 3 iii 26, see Stamm Namengebung 212 and 322.

The ref. ka-ra-an IGI^{II}-šu šaddu Labat TDP 238:3, explained as kakkultu īnīšu ana bītānu īru[bu] AfO 24 83:3 and ša kakkultu īnīšu uṣâ Hunger Uruk 40:8f., belongs to karānu "wine."

qarnu see qannu B.

qarnû adj.; horned; SB; cf. qarnu.

udu.si.gar = qar-nu-ú horned sheep Hh. XIII 176; £8.sud.nun.ku.tu = šum-man-nu = kur-se-e qar-nu-tum "horned" fetters Hg. B VI 55, in MSL 11 41.

am si.mú a.a ^dIškur.ra: ri-i-mu qar-nu-ú a-bi Adad horned wild bull, father Adad SBH p. 23 No. 10 r. 10f., parallel ibid. p. 20 No. 9 r. 26f.; for Sum. refs. see Sjöberg Mondgott 143f.

For the descriptive name of $uh\bar{u}lu$ see $qarn\bar{a}n\hat{u}$.

**qarpāsu (AHw. 904b) see qarāru s.

qarrādu s.; 1. hero, 2. warrior; from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt., Akk. lw. in Sum. (Lugale I 38); pl. qarrādū (qarrādūtu AnSt 5 108:163 and Bauer Asb. 1 pl. 24 K.2634:4); wr. syll: and UR.SAG; cf. qardu.

lú.ur.sag = qá-ar-ra-du OB Lu B v 16, also, wr. [qar]-ra-du-um OB Lu A 142; [ur.sag] =qar-ra-du Igituh short version 28; ur.sag = qarra-du, ur-šá-nu CT 18 29 K.2054 ii 30 f. (group voc.); ur.sag = qar-ra-du, nam.ur.sag = qarra-du-tu CT 19 33 79-7-8,30+37:8f.; sag.ur.sag = qar-ra-du Sag. Bil. B 13; [...] $sag \times x = q\acute{a}$ -arra-d[u-um], [x]-x $SAG\times U[R] = [q\acute{a}-ar-ra-du-um]$ MSL 2 154 r. 14f. (Proto-Ea); [gu]-ud $SAG\times UR =$ qar-[ra-du] MSL 14 143 No. 21:3 (Proto-Aa); saag sag = šá ur.sag qar-ra-du Idu I 118; ur.sag e.x.[x.i]b = qar-ra-da min (= mu-hur) Nabnitu K 63; [é.duru₅.ur.sag.e].ne ki = MIN (= ka-par) qar-ra-di = ki-šú Hg. B V iv 22, in MSL 11 39; [ninda.i].dé.a.u[r.sag].e.ne = min (= meri-is) qar-ra-du = MIN (= mir-is) qú-te-e Hg. BVI $7\bar{0}$, in MSL 1188; ká.ur.sag.e.ne.ke_x(KID)

qarrādu qarrādu

= $b\bar{a}b$ qar-ra-di Ai. VI iii 40; ur.sag, gud^{ud} = qar-ra-du Igituh I 87 f.; gu-u gud = qa[r]-ra-du, lu-u Idu II 213 f.; gu₄-ud gud = qar-ra-du Ea IV 136; gu-tu(var. -ud) sag×ur = qar-ra-du S^b I 248; $^{\rm d}$ gud^{gu-ud}- $^{\rm gu}$ - $^{\rm ud}$ gud = dingir (var. omits) qar-ra-du CT 25 36 r. 25, var. from 35 r. 19 (list of gods).

u-mun U = qar-ra-du A II/4:84; [ú-kur] [GAL. \$AH] = qar-ra-du Diri VI D 13'; [ú-\$u-um] B'uR = [qar]-ra-du VAT 10296:6 (text similar to Idu), cf. $a\~saridu$, qar-ra-du, g'u-[ma-lu] (Sum. broken) CT 19 7 79-7-8,60 r. 3ff. (group voc.); an. $g\`a$ r = dSin , qar-ra-du, AN qar-ra-du Silbenvokabular A 86; $g\`a$ r. an = qar-r[a-du], qar-ra-[du-tu] ibid. 87.

gu₄.ud nim.kur.ra mu.lu ta.zu [mu.un. zu]: qar-ra-du šaqû ša mātu gattuk mannu il[am = mad] exalted hero of the country, who understands your form? SBH p. 36 No. 18:1f., cf. gud: qar-rad ibid. p. 20 No. 9:28f.; gud.da u₅.a: qar-ra-du šaqû ibid. p. 137 No. IV 54f., cf. also p. 23 No. 10:62f.; An.me.a (var. d A.me.a) gú si.sá tuš.a = qar-rad ša i-šá-riš áš-bu An = Anum II 117a.

me.e ur.sag.me.en : anāku qar-ra-da-ku Studies Albright 345:22; e ur.sag : e qar-rad Lugale V 29; for other bil. refs. with Sum. corr. ur.sag see mngs. 1 and 2.

ša-nun-du, ur-šá-nu, kašūšu, ālilu, pi-ia-a-nu, allallu, mamlu, etellu, ša-ga-pi-ru = qar-ra-du Malku I 22-30; ša-nu-du, ur-ša-nu, ur-su-nu, qar-du, qar-ra-du, qú-ra-a-du, pi-ia-a-mu, dapnu, datnu, al-[t]ar-rum, itpušu, bīru, kassūsu, mutu, āru, kašūšu = qar-ra-[du] Explicit Malku I 95 ff.; ālilu, ur-šá-nu, mutu, karūbu, kašūsu, šal-ba-bu, muqtablu, kašūšu = qar-ra-du LTBA 2 2:39-46; ša-nun-du = qar-ra-du CT 18 27 i 20; mu-tu-uš-[šú] = qar-ra-du LTBA 2 2:396, dupl. CT 18 24 K.4219 r. 15.

[x]-li: qar-ra-du Lambert BWL 82 comm. to line 210 (Theodicy Comm.).

1. hero -a) referring to a god -1' in gen.: ur.sag sa.šu.uš.kal.bi lú. erím.ma šú.a : qar-ra-du ša šuškallašu ajābu isahhapu (Ninurta) hero whose net swoops down on the enemy Lugale I 13; dNin.urta ur.sag.me.en: dmin qarra-dat Ninurta, you are a hero Angim II 22 (= 81), and passim in Lugale and Angim referring to Ninurta, note: ur.sag.hur.sag. $\mathbf{g}\mathbf{\acute{a}}.\mathbf{k}\mathbf{e}_{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{K}\mathbf{I}\mathbf{D}): qar-[ra-du]\, \acute{s}ad\hat{\imath}\,$ Angim II 35 (= 94); aš.ni ur.sag.àm : ša ēdiššišu qar-ra-du (Meslamtaea) who alone is hero Böllenrücher Nergal p. 42 No. 7:5f., cf. gašan an.na Aš.ni GI KID (var. ur. sag) : Ištar el-te-niš qar-ra-da-at SBH p. 136 No. IV 17f., var. from CT 42 pl. 4 iv 23 (unilingual version),

also (referring to a goddess) qar-ra-da-kuma I (Bau) am heroic Or. NS 36 122:101: me.lám.mah šu.gùr.ru: gar-ra-du ša melammē sīrūti našû Borger, Symbolae Böhl 48:9f.; ša māru gar-ra-du mutīr gimillini nīnu ša zānini i nulli šumšu let us (the gods) extol the name of our provider (Marduk), of the son, the hero who avenged us En. el. VI 163; dšušušá-na-bi ŠANABI: MIN (= Ninurta) šá gar-ra-di CT 25 11:30 (list of gods); ur.sag šul dUtu: qar-ra-du etlu Šamaš 4R 17:3f., and passim in bil. addressing Šamaš, also UR.SAG ŠUL ^dUTU (against Šamaš qu-ra-du in Akk. lit.) CT 37 2 i 25 (Akk., Samsuiluna); note qar-ra-du etlu Nergal (corr. to ur. sag $\check{\mathbf{s}}\mathbf{u}\mathbf{l}^{\mathsf{d}}\mathbf{U}\mathbf{t}\mathbf{u}$) Gilg. XII 78, also ibid. 77 and 82; [UR].SAG (var. qar-ra-du) Marduk BMS 11:1, see Ebeling Handerhebung 72, and passim in this text, UR.SAG (var. qar-ra-du) Nergal ibid. 34, cf. ibid. 30, see von Soden, Iraq 31 83, also ZA 43 17:52, ur.sag dAsal.lú.hi: qar-ra-du Marduk BA 5 396 K.5201:5f., and passim in SB lit., also Dream-book 342 79-7-8,77:9, 5R 62 No. 2:46 (Šamaš-šum-ukīn); [gá].me. en [ur].sag.gá dAsal.lú.hi: ana-ku (copy šu) šá qar-ra-di dAMAR.UD RT 19 49 No. 4 (MB? seal); ur.sag dLugal.gir.ra: [qa]r-ra-du Lugalgirra AfO 14 142:29 f.; note qar-ra-du Irra (for the usual qurādu Cagni Erra I 76; UR.SAG Ningirsu Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 24 Libra 41 VAT 7816:18; iti dNin.gír.su ur.sag: ITI Ningirsu qar-ra-di KAV 218 A i 17 and 24 (Astrolabe B); $Ninurta \ qar-ra-[du]$ AAA 20 pl. 100 No. 105 r. 29 (Adn. III), also JRAS 1920 567 K.2279+r. 13; dIr.re.eš ur.sag : Ere[š qar]-ra-du SBH p. 138 No. IV 106 f.; ${}^{d}En$ -lil $qar-rad\ m[assar\ \bar{a}li\check{s}u(?)]$ (name of a wall of Assur) KAV 43 iii 7, see Frankena Tākultu 125:138; Zababa qar-ra-du-um ra-bi-um CH xliii 82; (Samaš) qar-ra-du rabiu VAB 4 102 ii 31 (Nbk.), also (referring to Samaš): ur.sag ur.sag.gal : *qar-ra-du qar-ra*du rabû SBH p. 47 No. 23:1 f., p. 48 No. 24:13 f., AJSL 35 138 Ki. 1904-10-9,64 obv. (!) 16 f., restored from dupl. Rm. 379 + Rm. 2,218:11; ur.sag. gal: qar-ra-du rabû (referring to Nergal)

qarrādu qarrādu

BA 5 642 No. 10:9f., (Enbilulu) Weissbach Misc. pl. 13:5f., dupl. 4R 18 No. 2, (Ninurta) qarra-du rabû Streck Asb. 78 ix 84, Wr. UR. SAG GAL BBR No. 25:3, (Nergal?) 4R 30 No. 1:4f. and 8f.; zi Ba.ú dam ur.sag. gal (var. adds .la).kex [hé.pàd] : niš $Ba[u \ a]lti \ qar-ra-du \ rabî \ lu \ [tamât] \ be$ conjured by DN, the wife of the great hero ArOr 21 385:33f., cf. [da]m.ur.sag.[...]: [ana] al-ti qar-ra-[di] OECT 6 pl. 19:1f. (coll. R. Borger); danān gar-ra-di rabî Mar= duk the power of the great hero Marduk Borger Esarh. 28 vii 13, cf. UR.SAG GAL-u DN Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 25 passim, 42 r. 6, 45 passim; igi dGlR.UNU.GAL ur.sag. kala.ga dEn.líl.lá.kex: ina mahar ^dMIN qar-ra-du(var. -di) dan-nu(var. -ni)ša Enlil CT 16 15:16f.; ana Nergal qarra-du gitmālu Streck Asb. 176 No. 5:1; ana Lugalmarada qar-ra-du muttallu 23 i 16, cf. Lugalmarada bēlu šurbû UR.SAG mug-da-šar ibid. 35 (Nbn.); (Girra) ur. sag mah.di dEn.ki.ga.kex: qar-rad tiz= qāru ša dmin BA 5 648 No. 14:4; ilū Sibitti qar-rad la šanān Cagni Erra I 8, 18, and passim, also RA 22 87:1 (Sar.); [qar]-ra-du la $p\bar{a}d\hat{u}$ gašri ilī ahhēšu Streck Asb. 182:49; personal names: DINGIR-gar-rad YOS 4 156:1, DINGIR-su- $q\acute{a}$ -ra-ad N 569 (unpub.), E-la-qá-ra-ad Pinches Berens Coll. 80:21 (all OAkk.); Sin-qar-ra-ad YOS 14 145:29, 158:5, etc.; \vec{I} - $l\vec{i}$ -qar-ra-ad ibid. 131:5 (OB); DINGIR-UR.SAG MRS 6 169 RS 16.145:5, 195 RS 11.839:21, DINGIR-ka-ra-ad JEN 39:12, 291:11, Samaš-qar-ra-ad JEN 611:6, etc.; $Qar-rad-\check{s}e-mi$ UET 7 19:5 (MB); for MA names of the type DN-UR.SAG, UR.SAG-DN see Saporetti Onomastica s.v. qarrādu; UR.SAG KBo 1 14 r. 11 and 18.

2' used as a superlative with a following genitive: dr.ra ur.sag dingir.re.e.ne: Nergal...qar-rad ilī BA 5 642 No. 10:3f., cf. qar-rad ilī ni-bit-su STC 1 205:18, see Ebeling Handerhebung 94, cf. Craig ABRT 1 59:9; Irra qar-rad ilī Cagni Erra I 5, also 40, 130, cf. (Nergal) Wiseman Treaties 455, Streck Asb. 196 No. 7:22, OECT 6 pl. 29 K.3507

r. 15 (Asb. colophon), also (referring to Sin) Lyon Sar. 9:57, (Nabû) Craig ABRT 1 5:3 (NA), see Streck Asb. 344, (Ninurta) AKA 243 i 6 (Asn.), KAR 31:10, Wr. UR.SAG DINGIR.MEŠ 1R 29 i 3 (Šamši-Adad V); āl qar-rad ilī šaqê ^{d}Ut - u_{x} (GIŠGAL)-lu WO 4 32 v 4 (Shalm. III); ur.sag A.nun.na.e.ne : qar-ra-du Anunnakī ArOr 21 361:18f.; Ninurta garrad(!) Igigī u Anunnakkī Layard 87:9 (Shalm. III), also KAH 2 89:9, 90:3, 91:2 (all Tn. II), KAH 2 84:2 (Adn. II), AnSt 19 116:9 (Asn.); $Adad\ldots$ a šarid Igig $ar{\imath}$ gar-rad $Anunnakkar{\imath}$ Unger Reliefstele 3 (Adn. III); (Ninurta) UR. SAG Igigī AKA 255 i 2 (Asn.); for further refs. see Tallqvist Götterepitheta 162 ff.; note referring to a goddess: Agušaja qá-ra-ad *i-li* RA 15 179 vii 6 (OB Agušaja B).

b) said of a king: Šar-kali-šarri ilum UR.SAG Akkadi Adab 767 (unpub. OAkk.), cited MAD 3 27; UR.SAG gāmil Larsam the hero, the one who spared Larsa CH ii 32; Hammurapi lugal ur.sag kala.ga: *§arrum qar-ra-du-um dannum* the king, the mighty hero LIH 60 iv 6, cf. ana Sam= suiluna šarrim dannim rē'îm qar-ra-dim YOS 9 35 ii 64; uršānāku gar-ra-da-ku (var. UR.SAG-ku) I am indeed a hero AKA 265 i 32 (Asn.), also KAH 2 84:15 var. (Adn. II); ina 3 ūmē ur. sag šadû ihīţa in three days the hero (king) penetrated into the mountain (to find and defeat the enemy) AKA 271 i 51 (Asn.), also, wr. qar-ra-du 3R 8 ii 71 (Shalm. III); RN UR.SAG AKA 306 ii 35 (Asn.); $qar-ra-du \ gitm[\bar{a}l]u$ Borger Esarh. 96:22; $qar-rad\ par-ri-k[i]$ Borger Einleitung 103:4 (Aššur-rēš-iši I); qar-ra-ad qar-ra-[de-e]hero of heroes VAB 4 66 i 12 (Nabopolassar), ef. qar-ra-ad qar-r[a-di ...] (corr. to ur.sag ur.sag.e.ne TLB 2 3:11) UET 1 146 Fragm. B ii 2', see Sjöberg, ZA 54 51 f., also qar-rad qar-ra-di STT 70:3, see RA 53 132; umma Šamši RN šarri rabî šar māt Hatti UR. SAG thus says the Sun, Suppiluliuma, the great king, the king of Hatti, the hero MRS 9 48 RS 17.340:1, ibid. 40 RS 17.227:2, and passim in the titles of Hittite kings in treaties, for refs. see Labat L'Akkadien p. 185, rarely

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as title of the king of Egypt: RN šarru rabû šar Mişri UR.SAG KBo 1 7:4, 5, 6, 25:6; see also Seux Epithètes 229-231; note in a personal name: Samsuiluna-qar-ra-ad CT 45 48:5 (OB).

c) other occs.: umma šûma anāku garra-da-ku-ú-mi eltegēmi atta ša tamahha: ruma muhurmi he (said): Am I a hero? I have taken (the house), as for you, get whatever you can A XII/66:24 (unpub. Susa letter, courtesy J. Bottéro); lillu māru panâ i'allad $l\bar{e}$ 'û qar-du (var. qar-ra-[du]) ša šanî nibīssu (see qardu mng. 1e) Lambert BWL 86:263 (Theodicy); [šumma anā]ku qar-ra-da-ku ibâš if (he says) "I am a hero," he will come to shame ZA 43 96:8 (Sittenkanon), cf. sarrār gar-ra-ad (apod.) Labat Suse 8 r. 29, šumma qar-rad CT 51 147:32; libbu dān libbu qar-rad kīma nēši ma[l]i puluh[tu] the heart is strong, the heart is a hero, it is full of terror like a lion Küchler Beitr. pl. 4 iii 65; urudu.níg.kala. ga ur.sag.an.na.ke $_{x}$: MIN- \acute{u} qar-radu (var. qar-rad) Anim CT 16 24 i 25 ur.sag na₄.giš.nu_x(šir).gal gàr(var. [k]a(?)).ra.du.um.bi uru ba.ab.lah.lah. (var. ba.ab.lah.e): qar-ra-du na4 min qar-rad-su-nu ālāni išallalšunūti Lugale I 38; as personal name: Qar-ra-du ARM 5 72 r. 6' and 19', etc., also OBT Tell Rimah 322 ii 42, Loretz Chagar Bazar 40:8; Qar-ra-di Iraq 30 pl. 45 TR 2021+:16, JCS 7 126 No. 12:1, 14 (MA), PN DUMU Qarra-di-im JCS 9 101 No. 98:11 (OB), also, wr. Qa-ra-ti MRS 6 106 RS 16.206:6; as geographic name: URU Qar-ra-di Iraq 17 40 No. 9:18 (NA).

2. warrior — a) in lit.: anna mithuz rumma ša qar-ra-di now is the clashing of the warriors RA 45 172:17 (OB lit.); ur.sag.dib.ba.mu : qar-r[a-du] ša akmû the warriors I have captured Angim IV 6 (= 158); u[r.sag šà].[gan] ì.me. eš.a šà.diš.e in.da.an.gál.la.eš.a a.ba sag mu.un.gá.gá: an[a] qar-ra-di gitmālūti ša [i]štēn libba šaknu mannu-ú a-//ia-ar «ar» who will go against

mighty warriors who have but one purpose? Lambert BWL 268 iii 5, cf. [ur.sag. k]ala.ga a.gi₆.a gaba gi₄.gi₄.a: $qar-ra-du-\acute{u} da[nn\ddot{u}tu...]$ only a strong warrior can resist a flood ibid. 265:8; dam ur.sag. sgá. ke, dumu bàn. da.e dumu.ni mu.un.šub : alti garra-du mārtu siḥirtu mārašu iddi warrior's wife lost (from her womb) the little girl, her child SBH p. 131 No. I 60f.; ekkalu qar-ra-du ina buginnija warriors eat from a trough made of me (the tam-Lambert BWL 158:23 (MA Tamarisk and Date Palm), cf. ina bukinnija [ik]kalu qa-r[a-du] ibid. 156 r. 4 (OB version); ina bāb qar-ra-di ša rašubbata malû [ina $e r \bar{e} bika$ KAR 3:11; (hand) ša... $k \bar{i} m a$ *šēti ukattimu gar-ra-du* which covers the warrior like a net Maqlu III 162; qar-radi-šu lišamqit may she (Ištar) strike down his warriors CH xliv 8; you (Ištar) are ekallu munapp[işat] qar-ra-di a palace which crushes the warriors (within it) Gilg. VI 35, cf. le'itu mudammiqat paraş qar-ra-di BA 5 627 No. 4 ii 6; $k\hat{i}$ UR.SAG muttahhis ina damēša sallat she (the woman in childbirth) lies in her own blood like a fighting warrior Iraq 31 31:40 (inc.); īhuzma qar-ra-di-i-ša Idiglat ina kutlāti siparri iskir she (Ištar) took her warriors (and) dammed up the Tigris with bronze fences CT 15 2 viii 7 (OB lit.), see Römer, WO 4 13; lizūzu hurāşa ur.sag RN let the warriors of Sargon divide the gold VAS 12 193:20 (šar tamķāri), cf. ibid. 23 and passim in this text, note ul qar-ra-da-nu we are no warriors ibid. 18; šar šarrāni pīšu [īpušamma] ana qar-ra-a-ti-[šu izakkar] for QAR-RA-[DI-IA] as Akkadogram in Hitt. see Güterbock, ZA 44 70:18; note the adjectival pl.: 7 $l\bar{l}m$ $qar-ra-du-tu-\acute{u}-a$ (in broken context) Bauer Asb. 1 pl. 24 K.2634:4 (SB lit.); qar-ra-du-ti-ka uşur AnSt 5 108:163 (Cuthean legend).

b) in omen texts: šarrum qá-ra-di irašši the king will acquire (enough) war-

qarrādūtu qarrātu

riors YOS 10 42 i 9, ii 63, and 41:65, Wr. $q\acute{a}$ -ar-ra- $d\acute{i}$ RA 67 42:24 (all OB ext.), cf. rubû qar-ra-de-e irašši Leichty Izbu V 98, šarru ur.sag.meš irašši ibid. XVII 59, cf. ibid. VII 145, BRM 4 13:57, $rub\hat{u}$ UR.SAG.MEŠ irašši TCL 6 3:35 (SB ext.); $q\acute{a}$ -ar-ra-dujā'utun u ša lú.kúr ištēniš imaggutu my warriors as well as those of the enemy will fall (in battle) YOS 10 42 iv 22 (OB ext.), cf. rubû u ur.sag.meš-šú mithāriš imaggutu Boissier DA 96:15 (SB ext.), $q\acute{a}$ ra-du šūt rēšim imaggutu YOS 10 42 iv 3, qar-ra-da-an šina imuttanim ibid. 31 ix 25; qa[r(?)-r]a-ad LUGA[L an]a nakrim ištad= dih RA 67 44:48, cf. ibid. 50 (all OB ext.); šarru ur.sag.meš-šú inirrušu the king's own warriors will slav him Labat Calendrier § 66':6, cf. CT 20 7 K.3999:16; eli UR. SAG.MEŠ-e-šú puluhtu ŠUB.ŠUB-ut BRM 4 13:8; ŠÀ.HUL UR.SAG.MEŠ-u-a [...] (in broken context) CT 20 12 K.6393 r. 2 and 4, cf. CT 31 14 K.2090 ii 6 (all SB ext.).

qarrādūtu s.; heroism, valor, bravery; OB, Bogh., SB; cf. qardu.

ur.sag = qar-ra-du, nam.ur.sag = qar-ra-du-tu CT 19 33 79-7-8,30+37:8f.; går.an = DU-x-x, ru-um-mu-ku, qar-r[a-du], qar-ra-[du-tu] Silbenvokabular A 87.

lipiš.mè.àm á nam.ur.sag.gá á.nam.ur. sag.gá me.[e]: surri tāḥazi idi qar-ra-du-ti emūqān [qa]r-ra-du-ti ana-[ku] I (Ištar) am the heart of battle, the arm of heroism, the strength of heroism SBH p. 105 No. 56:27f.; a.a.zu á.nam.ur.sag.gá.zu.šè níg.ba ha.ra.an. ba.è: abaka ana idi qar-ra-du-ti-ka qīšta liqīška your father should give you a present because of your heroic strength Angim II 31 (= 90), also ibid. 32 (= 91), and passim in Angim, cf. á.nam. ur.sag.gá.mu = ana idi qar-ra-du-ti-ia Lugale XI 12; ur.sag nam.ur.sag.gá.a.ni pa.è.a. $k e_x(KID)$: qar-ra-du šá qar-ra-du-us-su šūpāta the hero whose heroism is manifest Angim IV 49 (= 201); nam.[ur].sag šu.du₇: qar-ra-du-tam šuklulu ArOr 21 376:50.

miššu danānu qar-ra-du-ti-ka what has become of your great valor? (addressing Enkidu) Gilg. Y. iv 145 (OB); idû qar-ra-du-ut-ka šarrāni ītanaddaru qabalka the kings know your valor, they fear your

attack Tn.-Epic "ii" 11; qar-ra-du-tú ša išī: mūninni ilū rabûti the heroism which the great gods bestowed on me Streck Asb. 258 i 29, cf. (the king) $\delta a A \delta \delta u r \dots$ $I \check{s} tar \ldots \check{s} \bar{\imath} mat \ qar - ra - du - ti \ i \check{s} \bar{\imath} m \bar{u}$ ibid. 308 ε 1; [. . .] ana qar-ra-du-ut-ti-ka $_4$ anāku ^dIM [. . .] GIŠ.TUKUL.ḤI.A qar-ra-du-ti $an\bar{a}ku \ ad$ -x-[...] [...] for your valor, I, the storm god, will give (?) you weapons of valor KUB 3 87:21f.; (the king) ša ina mēzez gar-ra-du-ti-šu ušeknišu rubê kal šarrāni who with the fierceness of his bravery subjugates the rulers, all the kings Weidner Tn. 26 No. 16:9, cf. Rost Tigl. III p. 74:24; tamhāk tilpānu ūşu ušapraš simat qar-ra-du-ti I can handle the throw stick, I can let the arrow fly, as befits valor Streck Asb. 256 i 21; ana simat garra-du-ti-šá ša DN in order to (make it) fitting for Ištar's bravery (I rebuilt her temple) AAA 19 109 (pl. 86) No. 272:34 (Asn.), cf. (a processional chariot) $ruk\bar{u}bu$. . . simat qar-ra-du-ti-šu RA 11 112 ii 21, dupl. CT 36 23 ii 21 (Nbn.); musarû šiţir šumija u tanitti qar-ra-du-ti-ia a foundation document inscribed with my name and the praise of my heroism Piepkorn Asb. 98 viii 76, also Iraq 30 103:76 (Asb.); qurdī Aššur bēlija u tanitti qar-ra-du-ti-iá iqtanabbâ he proclaimed again and again the power of Aššur, my lord, and the praise of my heroism Borger Esarh. 103 i 7; rubû ša ta: nitti qar-ra-du-ti-ia idabbubu māhira aj irši the prince who will utter the praise of my (Irra's) heroism shall have no rival Cagni Erra V 52, cf. tanitti qar-ra-du-ti Assur Borger Esarh. 99 r. 50, cf. ibid. 89 iii 6, also tanitti qar-ra-du-ti-šu ibid. 91 § 61:5, also AfO 20 94:109 (Senn.); note ša paras qar-du-ti (var. qar-ra-du-te) šuklulat (see qardūtu) KAH 2 84:4 (Adn. II).

qarrathu s.; (a plant); plant list.*

ڻ pi-nàr-tú: τ΄ qar-[r]at-hu (vars. qa-[rat]-hu, qa-a[r-rat-hu]) Uruanna II 498.

qarrātu s.; (name of a month and of a festival in Assyria); OA, MA, NA.

ITI Qar-ra-a-ti = ITI ŠE.KIN.KUD 5R 43 r. 12 (list of months), see Bab. 6 181:72.

a) name of a month -1' in OA: ITI. KAM $Q\acute{a}$ -ra-a-tim CCT 5 19a:7, 45b:5', Kienast ATHE 55:6, ICK 1 143:16, ITI.1.KAM $Q\acute{a}$ -ra-a-tim Hecker Giessen 16:26, and passim in OA.

2' in MA: ITI Qar-ra-a-tu AOB 1 88
No. 9:38 (Adn. I), also VAS 19 14:37, 25 left edge, 68:19, KAJ 131:12, AfO 10 36 No. 68:13, and passim, Wr. Qar-ra-tu KAJ 49:24, AfO 10 36 No. 67:9, No. 69:7, and passim, Qar-ra-a-tum KAJ 43:20, 99:28, Qar-ra-te AfO 10 37 No. 72:13, Qar-ra-a-te ibid. 36 No. 64:1; ištu ITI Qar-ra-te KAJ 306a:1, 5, 12, adi ITI Qar-ra-a-ti KAJ 80:3, ITI Qar-rat KAJ 196:11; note ITI Qar-ra-tu.MEŠ KAJ 18:24.

b) name of a festival (NA): 1 (BÁN) UD.17.KAM 1 (BÁN) UD.18.KAM ša ITI.ŠE ina qar-rat one seah (of wine) on the 17th, one seah on the 18th of the month of Addaru at the q. (festival) (cf. naphar x karānu ša i-si-na-a-te line 12) KAV 79 r. 9.

In OA, *Qarrātu* is the eighth month of the eponymy year, see Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State 53 n. 18.

Hirsch Untersuchungen 55 n. 282.

qarrišu (qarsu) s.; (a caterpillar); SB. $n[a-x]-\delta u = qa-ri-\delta u$ An IX 85.

ú-ia-a-hu (var. ú-a-ú-hu): nap-pi-lu qar-ri-šú, nap-pi-lu: na-pu-u qar-ri-šu (var. qar-su) šá ep-ri Uruanna III 260 f., in MSL 8/2 64, var. from Köcher Pflanzenkunde 21 ii 12.

[...]-i qa-ri- $\check{s}\check{u}$ irtanab[bis?] [if] a caterpillar lies [in...] (in broken context) Dream-book 321 Sm. 1458:x+6.

Landsberger Fauna 128.

qarru adj.; (mng. unkn.); SB.*

«ina» kibsa qar-ra iškunu ina šēpēja they have laid a path for my feet Lambert BWL 200 i 15, and delete this ref. from karru B s. qarru s.; (a topographic feature); Nuzi.*

aš[šum] 8 awihari A.ŠA ša ina muhhi [qar]-ri šībūti mušelwû ša eqli ana pani da[jānī] iqtabû A.ŠA 8 awi[hari ša ina] muhhi qar-ri nēnu nušelwû (PN brought suit against PN₂) in the matter of an eightawiharu field that is on the q., the witnesses who surveyed the field said to the judges: We ourselves surveyed the eightawiharu field that is on the q. JEN 650:5 and 8; 8 awihari [A.ŠA] ša ina muhhi qar-ri addin ibid. 17; 8 awihari A.ŠA ša muhhi qar-ri ilteqe ibid. 20.

qarruhu (AHw. 905b) see qarāhu and qarrathu.

qarrurtu see qarurtu.

qarrutu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

[x.x g]ál.la = [qar]-ru-tum Nabnitu O 341.

qarsu see qarrišu.

qarşu see karşu.

qartappu see kartappu.

qartuppu see qan tuppi.

* $qar\hat{u}$ (qariu) adj.; invited; NA; cf. $qer\hat{u}$.

47074 ERÍN.MEŠ SAL.MEŠ qa-ri-ú-ti x invited men and women (as guests at the banquet of Aššur-nāṣir-apli II) Iraq 14 35 iv 142.

qarû see karû B and qerû.

qarrāru see qarāru s.

qāru A s.; (an ornament); MA, NA.

A total of 449 gold rosettes ša kisitte riksi inbe u pir'e u qa-ri ša alamūte for the trunk, the branches, the flowers, and the buds, and the q. ornaments(?) of the alamūtu tree AfO 18 302 i 16 (MA inv.), cf.

qāru B qašdu

(precious stones) ina qa-a-ri ša riksāni on the ornamental design of the bands ibid. 7, also [... in]-be u pir'e 6 qa-a-ri ša libbi riksāni ibid. 3; qa-a-ru ša hurāṣi issu muḥhi pašṣūri uttāri ša ina pan DN iqtalapa (PN committed a robbery) he peeled off the golden q. from the table that is in front of the Ištar (statue) ABL 1389:8.

Köcher, AfO 18 309.

qāru B s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

GIG^{si-im-mu} d UTU // si-im-[(x)]-mu qa-ri CT 41 45 BM 76487:15 (Uruanna comm., coll. W. von Soden), cf. [GIG] d UTU: sim-mu ša[m-ši] CT 37 27 iii 5.

qarurtu (or qarrurtu) s.; (mng. unkn.); MA, NA; pl. qarrurātu.

3-su qa-ru-ur-tú mu-bu-u karše one third of a q., (of) a stomach's thickness van Driel Cult of Aššur 100 x 8' (coll. from photograph); 2 kirrū 12 li-bu 12 qar-ru-ra-tu VAS 19 29:15 (MA).

qarūru s.; receding (of water); SB*; cf. qarāru v.

illik āribīma qa-ru-ra ša mê īmurma my raven went out, it saw the receding of the waters Gilg. XI 153.

Schott, ZA 41 217.

qaspu (or qazpu) s.; (a tool); NA.*

5 qa-as-pe parzilli Postgate Palace Archive 155 iv 15.

*qaṣāpu v.; to be angry; WSem. gloss in EA; IV (only WSem. perfect attested).

ul tīdi atta māt Amurri urra mūša tus ba'una ṣābē piṭāte ú-ul ta-ša-aš // na-aq-ṣa-pu do you not know that the Amurru are asking for the archers day and night, is it (Amurru) not distressed, gloss: are they (not) angry? EA 82:51, cf. [at]tasšaš anāku [// na]-aq-ṣa-ap-ti EA 93:5 (both letters of Rib-Addi).

qaşāru see kaşāru.

qaşirtu (or kaşirtu) s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

eme.u(?).aš.ša = qa-si-ir-tum Sag Bil. Recension B 233; i[nim.x.x].x = qa-si-ir-tum ibid. 288.

Since the orthography of this recension points to a north Syrian provenience, the word may represent an aberrant spelling of *kaşirtu* or may be a WSem. word.

qaşşabitti see qāt sibitti.

qaşşibitti see qāt şibitti.

qaşû see kaşû A.

qašādu see kašādu, qašdu, and quššudu.

**qašāšu (AHw. 906a) ABL 713:10 is probably to be emended to ak(!)-tal(!)-áš-šú I imprisoned him, cf. sa-ab-ta kil-áš-šú ibid. 7.

qašbu s.; (a variety of dates); NB*; Aram. word(?).

4 (BÁN) asnû 5 (BÁN) qa-áš-bi u ištēn kusaja x Telmun dates, x q., and one cold weather(?) date palm VAS 3 180:11. von Soden, Or. NS 46 192.

qašdatu s.; (a priestess); lex.*; cf. qadāšu.

 $m[u.g]ib_x(GIL) = nu.gig = qa-ás-[da-tu],$ istar[$\bar{\imath}tu$] Emesal Voc. II 78 f.

Byform of qadištu, q.v.

qašdu (fem. qadištu) adj.; holy; OB, SB; cf. qadāšu.

 ${\it UD}^{{\it ta-am-ma}}{\it MA}=q\acute{a}$ - $a\acute{s}$ -du (var. qa- $\acute{a}\acute{s}$ -du) Erimhuš V 117.

al-lum, qa-áš-du = al-lum An VIII 47 f.

a) said of gods: $il\bar{u}$ $q\acute{a}$ - $a\acute{s}$ -du-tum(text-kum) $\check{s}unu$ iilliluka may the holy gods cleanse you CT 42 32:13, dupl. $il\bar{u}$ $q\acute{a}$ -

qašdu qaštu

aš-du-tum kalušunu ša šadîm liššipuka may all the holy gods of the mountains conjure you Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 3:9 (OB inc.), see von Soden, BiOr 18 71f.; enūma pī qa-áš-di LUḤ-u when you wash the mouth of the holy one Or. NS 34 112 K.10664:6.

- b) said of a temple: [£].UL.MAŠ $qa-\acute{a}š-du$ $\check{s}ubat$ $il\bar{i}$ [...] 4R 58 i 4 with unpub. join, courtesy F. Köcher, cf. $Ul-ma\check{s}$ $qa-\acute{a}[\check{s}-du]$ Ugaritica 6 398:21 (Lamaštu).
- c) said of offerings: parṣī Esagil qa-áš-du-te ana ašrišunu utīr I restored the holy rites of Esagil Borger Esarh. 24:13; gumāḥī rēštûti gukkallī marûti zībī qa-áš-du-ti... aqqīma I made sacrifices consisting of first-quality bulls, fattened gukzkallu sheep, (and) holy food offerings Böhl Leiden Coll. 3 p. 35:33, also RA 10 203 iv 13 (both Sin-šar-iškun).
- d) other occs.: libkīka Ulai qa-diš-tu let the holy Ulai River mourn you JCS 8 92:11, dupl. K.9997:5 (Gilg. VIII i 18); šumma qá-aš-da-at YBC 1299:7 (OB), cited AHw. s.v. qašādu; šaḥû la qa-šid [...] the pig is unclean(?) [...] Lambert BWL 215 r. 13; šamû qá-aš-[du], [...] K1-tim qá-aš-da-[at] Maqlu VI 76f., restored from K.13241, also K.10341:3f., see W. G. Lambert, JSS 19 84.

For MSL 4 28 Emesal Voc. III 14 see kašādu lex. section; for STT 394 (= Malku VIII) 109 see qardu.

qašdu see *qaštu.

qašdūtu s.; status of a qadištu woman; lex.*; cf. qadāšu.

šà.ki.ág.a.ni.ta nam.nu.gig.a.ni in.ne.in.tuk.tuk : ina râmešu qá-ašdu-us-su ihussu because of his love for her, he married her even though she was a qadištu woman Ai. VII iii 9 f.

qaššatu s.; (a consecrated woman); Mari; cf. qadāšu.

PN qa-aš-ša-tum (beside women designated as amat PN or as almattum "widow")

ARM 9 291 i 5, 14, 36, ii 3, 4, 19, 23, and passim in this text; note PN $qa-a\delta-\delta a-at$ ibid. i 21.

Apparently, qaššatum is a Mari byform to qadištu. For Alalakh refs. see kaššû adj. See also qašdu adj.

qaššu see kaššu A and B and qašdu.

qaštu (or qašdu, fem. qašittu) adj.; (qualifying a type of net); lex.

giš.sa.galam.kád = qa-šit-tum net Hh. VI 180; giš.sa.galam.kad₅ = qa-šit-tum = MIN (= še-e-tum) Hg. A II 34, in MSL 6 78.

qaštu (qaltu) s. fem.; 1. bow, 2. archer, 3. (a constellation or star), 4. bow fief, i.e., land granted by the king to which originally was attached the obligation to outfit an archer; from OA, OB on; pl. qašātu; wr. syll. and (GIŠ.)PAN, in mng. 2 also LÚ.(GIŠ.)PAN; cf. qaštu in bēl qašti, qaštu in bīt qašti, qaštu in rab qašti, qaštu in ša qašti.

pa-na PAN = MIN (= $[qa-a\dot{s}-tum]$) A VIII/4:83, also S^b I 288; GIŠ. PAN = q[a]-a \dot{s} -tum Antagal C 247; GIŠ.PAN = $q\dot{a}$ l-tu Hh. VII A 48; gi-e GIL = qa- $a\dot{s}$ -tu A III/1:237; te-er GIŠ.TIR = $q\dot{a}$ -a \dot{s} -tum, pa-na GIŠ.PAN = $q\dot{a}$ -a \dot{s} -tum Proto-Diri 132 f.; te-er TIR = $q\dot{s}$ -tum, qa-a \dot{s} -tum A VII/4:83 f. $[GIŠ^{\dot{s}}]$ - $^{\dot{s}}$ -tum, $[GIŠ]^{(\dot{s})}$ - $^{\dot{s}}$ -tu-lu] RU = til-pa-nu = qa-a \dot{s} -

[GIŠ^{81-e3-bu}R]U, [GIŠ]^[11-1u-1u]RU = til-pa-nu = qa-aš-[tu x x] Hg. B II 61f., in MSL 6 109, [giš. RU]. du = $\bar{a}liktu$ = qa-aš-[tu] ma-li-tum, [giš. RU.zi] = te-bi-tum = MIN MIN, [giš. RU.nigin] = sa-bi-tum = MIN MIN, [giš. RU.šub.ba] = [m]a-qit-tum = MIN ra-mit, [giš. RU.me.te] = [ata] ša Su-ti-i = qa-[šat] kad-[re-e] ibid. 63 ff.

[LÚ.PAN] = [ša qá-aš]-[tim] OB Lu A 453; LÚ.GIŠ.PAN Bab. 7 pl. 5 ii 30, see MSL 12 238; lú.pan, lú.pan.zu.zu (after lú.bara₂.tag. tag, lú.ma.an.du.um = e-pi-iš ba-ša-mi) OB Lu D 296f.; L[Ú.ZADIM.GIŠ].[PAN.MEŠ] MSL 12 234 ii B 23 (NA list of professions).

mul. [giš.pan] = [qa]-ás-tum Hh. XXII Section 10:6.

mir lú.ra te.a.ta sispan a.ma.uru, mu : šibba ša ana amēli itehhū qa-aš-tú [abūbija] (I hold) the serpent which attacks man, the bow of my abūbu weapon Angim III 35 (= 142); cfa zag h[é].e. ke-cikéš sistir hé.e.lá da.ba.an [šu.tag].ga.ab sismud [šu.t]i (?).a.ab : anaztam kissar q[á-aš-t]am i-ši šar-[da]-pa tu-ru-[us] kak[ka] tumu[h] get ready for battle, take up the

qaštu la qaštu lc

bow, pull taut the reins, grasp the mace 2N-T343 (= A 29975) r. 6 (MB).

til-pa-n[u] = [qa- $a\delta$ -tu] Malku III 17; PA.NA = qa- $a\delta$ -tu Izbu Comm. 117; $\delta ir = qa$ - $a\delta$ -tu JRAS 1917 103 r. 36 (Kassite vocab.), see Balkan Kassit. Stud. 4.

1. bow -a) parts, manufacture, operation: GIŠ qa-ša-tim eššētim . . . maškī şarpūtim li-ha-ab/p-b/pu-ši-na-ti u šēpī: tam ana libbim literru giš ga-ša-tum šina ittija ana harrānim illaka they should wrap (?) the new bows with tanned leather and turn the end toward the center (i.e., bend the bows?), these bows will go on the campaign with me ARM 18 9:4 and 10; (large amounts of some material) ina muhhi 8 ERÍN.MEŠ GAL.MEŠ LÚ.ZADIM. PAN.MEŠ ana iškar x [...] ša 500 giš. PAN.MEŠ ana epāše charged to eight.... of the bowmakers as working material to make five hundred bows AfO 10 30 and 50 VAT 15400 r. 9; sihpa ša GIŠ.PAN šēsiani ana iškari ša LÚ.ZADIM dina (see iškaru A mng. 2d) KAV 100:20; 20 GIŠ. PAN.MEŠ la sahpātum . . . ša gāt PN sasinni twenty bows not wrapped with bast (to be delivered by) the bowmaker PN VAS 19 20:2, cf. ibid. 11 and 17 (all MA); PN LÚ sasinnu ša GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ HSS 13 445:21 (Nuzi); KUŠ gi(copy ri)-fil-di gud l ana kuš me-še-e-ti šá GIŠ.PAN ox sinews for for bows (given to PN, the bowmaker) 82-7-14,2610 r. 5 (NB); mummu GIŠ.PAN ana qišātiki (return) frame of the bow to your forests (arrow to the canebrake, bow string to the sheep's tendon) RA 46 32 ff. ii 12, 26, 42, dupl. STT 19:79; ibšimma GIŠ.PAN kakkašu uaddi mulmullu uštarkiba ukīnši matnu (Marduk) fashioned a bow, designated it as his weapon, he nocked an arrow (on it), fixed a bowstring on it En. el. IV 35, cf. ibid. 38; šumma GIŠ.PAN immelil Dream-book 329 r. ii 11, also (with umalli, iddanaggal, ittanassuk) ibid. 12 ff., see Oppenheim, ibid. p. 286 n. 132; GIŠ. PAN 7 GIŠ.KAK.UD.TAG.GA qaqqad parzilli . . . ina qātēšu tušasbassu . . . šiltahu isab: batma išalla giš.pan-ma išakkanma you have him (a man who does not know the house) take in his hands a bow and seven iron-tipped arrows, he takes an arrow and shoots (it), he sets aside the bow LKA 120:8 and 11 (namburbi), see Caplice, Or. NS 39 142 f.; GIŠ.PAN ša GIŠ.MI (= silli) D $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ -uš you make a (model) bow out of a needle (?) (for context see matnu mng. 2) Köcher BAM 272:4, restored from AMT 73,2:7, see Biggs Šaziga 53; tulul GIŠ.PAN šukūdūka imta libillu (var. liblu) draw the bow, let your arrows carry poison RA 46 28 i 10, dupl. STT 21 (SB Epic of Zu); ina irat GIŠ.PAN ganâ ubilšummu STT 19:60, also tu[lul] ina irat GIŠ.PAN-ka STT 21:111, also, wr. [qa-a]l-ti-ka RA 46 38 iii 14, 37; cobwebs are spun over our armor qa-šat-ni tābtu ibbalkitma idnina [e]li emūqīni (see na: balkutu mng. 3g) Cagni Erra I 89; may the GIŠ.PAN ina qātikunu lušabalkitu Wiseman Treaties 574: ša tilpānu la idû malât GIŠ.PAN-su he who did not even know (how to hurl) the throw stick has his bow nocked Cagni Erra IV 8; when I took over the kingdom inūļu ulmēšunu šēlūti ušapšihu GIŠ.PAN-šú-un mal[âti] (see malû adj. usage e) Streck Asb. 260 ii 16.

- b) types and decorations: 6 GIŠ.PAN. MEŠ ina libbi 2-ta ak-ka-de-e-ti (beside lances, daggers, etc., as equipment of bowmen) TCL 12 114:1, cf. 60 GIŠ.PAN.ME URI^{ki}-ti 60 GIŠ.PAN.ME gimirru'īti sixty Akkadian bows, sixty Cimmerian bows AnOr 8 35:25, also YOS 6 237:3 and 15, 1-et GIŠ.PAN a-kat(!)-ti-tu 82-7-14,605:1 (all NB), see also *anšanû; 96 šukurri kaspi gurpisi kaspi giš.pan kaspi šiltahi kaspi ša nihzi u ihzi hurāşu 96 silver lances, coats of mail with silver scales, silver bows, silver arrows with gold inlay (as booty from Urartu) TCL 3 378 (Sar.); x GIŠ.GIGIR. MEŠ kaspi giš. PAN kaspi išpat kaspi ibid. 382, cf. (of copper) ibid. 394; for decorated bows see EA 29:184 (let. of Tušratta), cited išpatu mng. 1b.
- c) used on the royal hunt: ina GIŠ. PAN-ia dannate šukūd parzilli u mulmullīja zaqtūte (I killed four wild bulls) with my

qaštu 1d qaštu 1e

strong bow, iron (tipped) arrows, and my pointed mulmullu arrows AKA 85 vi 65 (Tigl. I), cf. tāmih GIŠ.PAN la šanān ibid. 84 vi 56; 5 nēšē... ina GIŠ.PAN-a ezzete ušamqit AKA 226:34 (Asn.), cf. AKA 139 iv 7 (Tigl. I); almad šalē GIŠ.PAN rukkūb ANŠE. KUR.RA GIŠ.GIGIR sabāt ašāte I learned to shoot with a bow, ride a horse-drawn chariot, hold the reins Streck Asb. 4 i 34, for other refs. see šalû, cf. ši-[l]a(?)-a(!)-at qa-al-ti-šú LKA 62:14, see Ebeling, Or. NS 18 35.

used in warfare - 1' d) as royal weapon: bēlum ilī p[atram qá-á]š-tám arītam liddinaššum may the lord, my god, give him a dagger, a bow, (and) a shield Belleten 14 228:74 (Irišum), see von Soden, Or. NS 25 145 f. n. 1; Ištar bēlet gabli u tāhazi GIŠ.PAN dannatu šiltahu šamru iqīšanni ana qīšti Borger Esarh. 46 ii 38, cf. ibid. 98 r. 28, cf. also 65:8; GIŠ.PAN dannatu ša Aššur ušatlima ina gātēja aşbat OIP 2 44 v 71 (Senn.); Ninurta u Nergal kakkēšunu ezzūte u giš.pan-su-nu sīrta ana idi bēlūtija išruku DN and DN2 lent their fierce weapons and their supreme bow to my lordly arm AKA 84 vi 59 (Tigl. I); ul [ina da= nā]nija ul ina danāni GIŠ.PAN-ia ina $e[m\bar{u}q]$ danāni ištarātija (see danānu mng. 1) OECT 6 pl. 11 r. 4 (prayer of Asb.); for nišē hubut GIŠ.PAN-ia Borger Esarh. 49 iii 10, 59 v 48, and passim in Senn. and Esarh., Camb. 334:4, see hubtu mng. 3b; Kubaba sābīti ša zi-ma pan murub₄ (appearance of) the liver (remuh-ri ferring to) (Queen) PN, the tavern keeper, referring to "..., receive the bow of battle" BM 75224 r. 13 (SB ext., coll. C. B. F. Walker), cf. the parallel: amūt Kubbabū ša tibê šalamtum GIŠ.P[AN(?) x] mu-uh-ri-i YOS 10 46 v 14 (OB ext.), cf. $qa-\delta at$ M[$\grave{\mathbf{E}}$. . .] Sm. 1093+:7 (astrol.).

2' used by archers: (I captured with my own hands) mundaḥṣīšu na-ši GIŠ. PAN Rost Tigl. III p. 34:198, Sutî nāš GIŠ. PAN Iraq 16 183:71 (Sar.), see also našû A v. mng. 2c-2'; Ištar bēlet qabli u

tāḥazi . . . idāja tazzizma GIŠ.PAN-su-nu tašbir the goddess of warfare stood at my side and broke their (the enemies') bow Borger Esarh. 44 i 75, cf. (Ištar) ina MÈ danni GIŠ.PAN-ku-nu liš-bir Wiseman Treaties 453, cf. ibid. 573, also Borger Esarh. 109 iv 18, Streck Asb. 194 r. 25, cf. (Ištar) GIŠ. PAN-su-nu līkim x-x-tu-šú-nu liškun AfO 8 25 v 13 (treaty of Aššur-nīrārī V); 9 $s\bar{a}b\bar{e}$ issišu ina libbi GIŠ.PAN mahhusu 2 ina libbisunu be nine men with him (the officer) were struck down by a bow, two of them died ABL 424 r. 6; mannu ša ina muhhini illakni ina GIŠ.PAN nikarraršu anyone who moves against us, we will repulse(?) with the bow ABL 727 r. 11, see Postgate Taxation 293:24 (both NA); the rulers of GN and GN₂ u sābēšunu ana muhhi aḥāmeš ina giš.pan gar.me kibsu ša ar: dāni ša šarri . . . kî īmuru ina muhhi nahal ana ušubti . . . ittašab and their troops, all armed(?) with bows, when they discovered the tracks of the king's men, laid an ambush along the wadi ABL 520:16 (NB).

3' referring to Elamite noblemen: GIŠ. PAN tuklat (var. simat) idīšu AfO 8 182 ii 10; GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ ša RN šar Elamti ina libbišina uštarrihu ana mithus ummānāteja the bows with which RN, king of Elam, made boast that he would give battle to my armies ibid. 196 ii 28, also Streck Asb. 174 K.1703 iv 1; PN, overwhelmed by the terror-inspiring sheen of my kingship GIŠ. PAN-su išbirma broke his bow (and submitted to me) AfO 8 184 iv 4 (Asb.); qātēšu ukarrit ša GIŠ.PAN isbatu I cut off its hands (those of the statue of the king of Elam) that had taken up the bow Streck Asb. 214 iii 12.

e) as a weapon of gods: Ištar... tamhat GIŠ.PAN ina idiša Streck Asb. 192:28; Anunītu bēlet tāhazi na-šá-ta GIŠ.PAN u išpati Anunītu, goddess of battle, who carries bow and quiver VAB 4 228 iii 22 (Nbn.); Tišpak na-ši GIŠ.PAN-su Rm. 294:8 (comm., courtesy W. G. Lambert); Nergal bēl tillē u qa-šá-ti kakkīšu lišebbir BBSt. No. 8

qaštu lf qaštu lg

iv 21 (NB); Tešup EN GIŠ.PAN KBo 1 3 r. 2, see BoSt 8 50 r. 19; GIŠ.PAN-šu-nu panāt šarri lu ta-al-[lat] may they (the gods) go with braced bow before the king ABL 1400:13 (NA); *şalam Aššur* . . . GIŠ.PAN *kî* ša našû ina giš.gigir ša rakbu (I made) a relief (showing) Aššur holding the bow and riding in the chariot (in the battle against Tiāmat) OIP 2 140:7 (Senn.), cf. (all gods) ina pan GIŠ.PAN-šu ezzeti im= medu šamāmi STC 1 205:20 (hymn to Marduk), cf. also īmuruma giš.pan kî nukkulat binûta (see binûtu mng. 1) En. el. VI 84; (Nergal) GIŠ.PAN- δu [i]t-lul STT 28 vi 17, see Gurney, AnSt 10 126 (Nergal and Ereškigal); note in a personal name: URU mGIŠ.PAN-Adad YOS 7 147:17.

f) in comparisons and as metaphor: šumma padānu 2-ma elû kīma GIŠ.PAN šaplû kīma matni if there are two "paths" and the upper (looks) like a bow, the lower like a bowstring CT 20 3 K.3671+ šumma padānu kīma giš.pan ana AN.TA iktapap (see kapāpu mng. 2) TCL 6 5:17, cf. šumma padānum [kīma] qáaš-tim YOS 10 11 i 5 (OB); šumma ŠÀ. NIGIN kīma GIŠ.PAN ana imitti/šumēli BRM 4 13:6f.; if the cusps of the moon are kīma GIŠ.PAN ACh Supp. 2 Sin 6:7; note the taut bow as metaphor for potency: aj i[rīq]a [iš]patu [aj irmâ] GIŠ.PAN may the quiver not be empty, may the bow not be slack Biggs Šaziga 37 No. 18:3; min= dēma . . . ina giš.pan ramīti isabbatuma perhaps they can catch him (Nabû-bēlšumāte) with lax bow (i.e., off guard) ABL 281 r. 9 (NB).

g) other occs. — 1' in adm.: 10 sin=nātim 10 qa(!)-ša-tim.ḤI.A ša ekallim . . . likšudunim let ten lances and ten bows from the palace (and other equipment) arrive here ARMT 13 56:5; 2 GIŠ.PAN(?) (followed by tilpānu) ARM 7 243:2, cf. GIŠ tijārī ša GIŠ.PAN ArOr 17/1 329 (pl. 5) B 130:1 (Mari let.); 1 GIŠ.PAN PN MDP 4 186 No. 10:2 (= MDP 22 150); qa-šà-ti-šu-nu ina qātišunu leqe A XII/99:15 (Susa let., courtesy

(various horse trappings. J. Bottéro); etc.) four hundred bronze arrows GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ naphar ribbat tillē narkabti $q\bar{a}t$ PN 13 bows, total the balance due from the trappings for the chariot under the responsibility of PN PBS 2/2 54:17 (MB), cf. GIŠ.PAN (beside bronze arrows and daggers) Iraq 11 141 (= 148) No. 11:10, cf. also (followed by addu in inv.) Sumer 9 34ff. No. 24 iii 2, BE 14 163:38 (all MB); 1 GIŠ.PAN ana PN LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR one bow for PN, the charioteer (beside arrows) Wiseman Alalakh 206:1, cf. ibid. 2 ff., 17, 17 GIŠ.PAN 60 GI.HI.A ibid. 203:17, JCS 8 30 No. 429:1, 3, 5; u lu tuwaš= šaruna unūtušu 1 išpatu gadu 30 gi.kak. TAG.GA siparri 1 GIŠ.PAN ša KUR Me $t[a]^{[k]i}$ release his equipment, (namely) one quiver with thirty bronze arrows, one bow of the GN type ZA 63 71:16 (Kāmid el-Loz); [6] GIŠ.PAN \hat{u} 3 GÍR URUDU \hat{u} 3 nam= şarūta EA 333:13; 2 giš magarrīma u giš. PAN u 2 kuppašianima BASOR 94 21 No. 2:9 (Taanach let., coll. E. I. Gordon); 1 GIŠ.PAN u KUŠ *išpatu* MRS 12 162:5; LÚ.MEŠ DÍM É l GIŠ.PAN ibid. 131:1ff., cf. (ten arrows per bow) ibid. 133:1ff.; 1 GIŠ.PAN uštu bīt nakkamti δa GN HSS 13 354:1 and 4, cf. tuppu δa BA.ZI ša GIŠ.PAN [. . .] ša āšib ekalli HSS 15 37:1; ša PN 2 [GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ] la-ab-ku(text-BU) HSS 15 37:4, and passim, for other refs. see labku mng. 1; 10 qa-ša-du dam= qātu ana qāt PN nadnu HSS 9 55:5, cf. (I adopted 'PN and) ana jáši 1 giš. PAN kīmu qīštija ittadna she gave me one bow as the present due me AASOR 16 15:12; l GIŠ. PAN emūga PN ilge PN took away one bow by force (listed among other belongings, such as a bed, a sheep, etc.) ibid. 8:57; [X] GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ itti PN halqat (followed by quivers with arrows) HSS 13 195:1, cf. (beside išpatu, q.v.) JEN 527:27, and passim in Nuzi; GIŠ.PAN GUN URUDU.MEŠ ana Ninurta āšib Kalha ušellā ADD 310 r. 5 (coll. S. Parpola); GIŠ tupninna ša GIŠ. PAN.M[EŠ pitia] 1 GIŠ.PA šēķi[anima] šē: bilani open (pl.) the chest with the bows, take out one ..., (and) send it to me KAV 98:46 (MA); 1 GIŠ.PAN (in broken qaštu 2a qaštu 2b

context) ADD 1040 r. 1, 2 GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ šugdi two bows of almond wood ADD 978 ii 7, cf. ADD 693 r. 2, ADD 815+986 r. ii 4 and 6; 3 GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ kî 12 KÙ.BABBAR (part of a royal grant) BBSt. No. 9 iii 19 (NB); five and one half shekels of silver šīm 5 giš.pan.meš (received by a bowmaker) GCCI 1 371:1, cf. (give the silver) ana GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ YOS 3170:11: twelve and one half shekels ana 6 GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ UCP 9 84 No. 9:4, cf. (beside \$ir^am) Non. 661:9; mīnamma GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ ana bēlija ušēbila bēlu ul ušēbila BIN 1 3:19; 1-et GIŠ.PAN 1-et GIŠ.GÍR 4 AN.BAR azzamû one bow, one dagger, four iron lances Nbk. 332:2, for other NB refs. see $azmar\hat{u}$ usage a-2'; URU.PAN BE 14 110:2 (MB), for NB refs. see $\bar{a}lu$ mng. 1c-2'.

2' in lit.: šumma giš. PAN našīma giš. PAN-su iššebir Dream-book 329 r. ii 16, cf. CT 38 21:9; ištēn etlu zumuršu kīma ittê şalim . . . ina šumēlišu GIŠ.PAN naši ina imnišu namsaru [sabit] (in my dream I saw) one man, his body was black like pitch, holding in his left hand a bow, in his right a sword ZA 43 17:50 (SB lit.), cf. ina imittišu hutpalû naši ina šumēlišu GIŠ.PAN u qanê naši MIO 180 v 58 (description of representations of demons); figurines of the Seven gods GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ išpāti ina idīšunu [al-la] bows and quivers are hanging at their sides KAR 298:24, see Gurney, AAA 22 66; māmīt GIŠ.PAN GIŠ.GIGIR GÍR.AN.BAR U GIŠ.IGI.DÙ tamû Šurpu VIII 77. cf. $m\bar{a}m\bar{i}t$ giš.PAN u giš.GigiR ibid. III 27; obscure: GIŠ.PAN GIŠ.PAN ul-tama-la 2R 47 r. v 59 (comm.); in transferred mng.: ultu li.dur giš.pan ša bāb bīt DN adi kišād nāri (see abunnatu mng. 2c) Unger Babylon 237:6, see Iraq 36 46:100.

2. archer – a) in OB: šaddagdim RÁ. GAB.MEŠ LÚ.PAN ana eqlātim šuşbutim atrudakkum last year I sent you the rakbū's of the archers to have them take possession of fields TCL 7 11:3, cf. (also receiving fields) GìR.SÈ.GA.MEŠ ša PAN

ibid. 32:5 and 13, JCS 29 148 No. 8:17, cf. PN RÁ.GABA LÚ.GIŠ.PAN TCL 11 238:6.

b) in later texts -1' $s\bar{a}b$ $qa\dot{s}ti$: itti...1000 pithallija šitmurti şāb GIŠ.PAN kabābī azmarî (I set out) with a thousand impetuous cavalrymen, with bowmen, shield bearers, and lancers TCL 3 320 (Sar.), cf. Lie Sar. p. 72:11, and passim in Sar.; LÚ. ERÍN.MEŠ GIŠ.PAN nāši tukši u azmarê ... kişir šarrūtija uma'ir şēruššun I sent against them archers, shield and lance bearers, my royal army OIP 2 61 iv 69, see Borger Babylonisch-Assyrische Lesestücke 2 73 f., cf. OIP 2 62 v 6 (Senn.); šāšu adi LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ GIŠ.PAN-šú ina libbi ušēlīšuma I had him and his archers man it (the fortress Ša-pī-Bēl) Esarh. 53 iii 82, cf. ibid. 110 § 72:13; adū ina ERÍN.MEŠ GIŠ.PAN ninamşar ABL 617 r. 3 (NB): ERÍN.ME ša GIŠ.PAN dikâni kî šunu ERÍN.ME GIŠ.PAN la id-di-ku-ni mamma kî jānu umma la idekkâ (see dekû mng. 3a-1') ABL 1255 r. 3f.; barley ana kurum: mat LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ šá GIŠ.PAN ša dullu ina muhhi qu-uq īpuš as food provisions for the archers who do work on the Nbn. 23:9, cf. Camb. 262:2f., Nbn. 753:20, Camb. 82:3, Dar. 4:9, Wr. LÚ.ERÍN GIŠ.PAN Dar. 6:4, Wr. LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ Ša PAN VAS 4 77:1; note referring to foreign troops, especially Elamite bowmen: \hat{su} a[di]4500 LÚ *Elamaja* ERÍN.MEŠ GIŠ.PAN he with 4,500 Elamites, bowmen (fled) Winckler Sar. pl. 24 No. 50:409, cf. ibid. pl. 33:82, Bauer Asb. 2 87 edge ζ, LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ GIŠ. PAN.MEŠ narkabāti sīsê ša šar Meluhha OIP 2 69:23, also 31 ii 79 (Senn.); note tuppu erín.meš ša giš.[p]an.meš (on edge of Ugar. tablet) Syria 21 136, see M. Heltzer, The Rural Community in Ancient Ugarit 18 n. 2.

2' LÚ.(GIŠ.)PAN: Urukaja ardāni ša šarri...LÚ.GIŠ.PAN 5 me 6 me ina qātēja LÚ kî aşbatu when I had seized the people of Uruk, servants of the king, five or six hundred archers (I went with PN to Uruk) ABL 754:10, cf. Bēl-ibni...

qaštu 2b qaštu 3

LÚ.GIŠ.PAN.M[EŠ ... it] tišu ultu māt Elamti kî [illik]uni ABL 267 r. 13, cf. [...] GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ ša Uruk ibid. obv. 14 (both NB); 3 LÚ.PAN ABL 1009:10ff. and 21, but 5 GIŠ.PAN ibid. r. 6ff. (NA); 6 LÚ.GIŠ.PAN ina GN ina pan PN LÚ šaknu ša LÚ.PA.MEŠ ADD (815+)986 r. iii 5; naphar simmānû ša X LÚ.PAN.MEŠ (various weapons) the total equipment of the x archers TCL 12 114:11; $l\bar{e}u$ ša LÚ.PAN.ME[Š] ša LÚ.GAL LÚ.SAG ina muhhi šatratu the list on which the archers of the chief ša rēši official are inscribed YOS 6 116:8; napharma 39 LÚ.PAN.ME ina pani PN grand total: 39 archers under the supervision of PN YOS 7 65:33, and passim in this text; naphar 29 LÚ.GIŠ.PAN.ME ša LÚ.SIPA.ME ša gāt rab būlim ša sēnu a total of 29 archers among the shepherds under the supervision of the overseer of flocks of sheep and goats TCL 13 140:4, cf. TCL 12 110:2, 112:6; ša adi UD.20.KÁM LÚ.PAN-su ana bīt kādu la ibbakuma anyone who does not bring one of his archers to the outpost by the twentieth day (commits a crime against the king) YOS 6 151:15, for other refs. see kādu mng. 1b-2'; eight men Lú.GAL. 10.meš ša 70 lú.pan.meš ša $r\bar{e}$ \hat{e} Yos 6 151:9; PN ša muhhi LÚ.PAN.MEŠ ša $r\bar{e}$ \hat{e} ša itti šarri YOS 7 7 iv 142, for parallels see qaštu in rab qašti; note in Hitt.: Lú. MEŠ GIŠ. [PAN] Friedrich Gesetze I § 54:16.

3' GIŠ.PAN: 350 GIŠ $ar\bar{i}t$ 240 GIŠ.PAN naphar 590 ša illikūninni (entire text) ADD 856:2; ina šallat mātāte šâtina ša ašlula 10000 giš.pan 10000 arītu ina libbišunu akşurma from the prisoners from those lands whom I took, I organized ten thousand bowmen (and) ten thousand shield carriers into units OIP 2 60:59 (Senn.), also 63 v 16, cf. 30500 GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ 30500 arītu ina libbišunu aksurma ibid. 76:103, cf. also ana GIŠ.PAN aksuršunūti Streck Asb. 62 vii 79; ERÍN.MEŠ 20 ina libbišunu muhhuşu u anāku giš.pan 600 ša rēhetu u sīsê 50 ina qātēja kî aşbatu ina GN attašiz twenty of the men were wounded,

and when I had captured the six hundred archers who remained, and fifty horses, I took up quarters in GN ABL 520 r. 10, cf. 4 me GIŠ.PAN (see mandītu mng. 1b) ABL 1000 r. 5; GIŠ.PAN-ka... $dek\bar{e}ma$ ABL 291:20, for other refs. see dekû v. mng. 3a-1', and $d\bar{e}k\hat{u}$; GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ ša LÚ Pu: qūdu ittalliku ana muhhi GN itbû archers of the Puqudu left to march against the town of GN ABL 1028 r. 4; PN ... u giš.pan ša Nippur gabbi ittišu ina maşşarti ağar ğarru ipqiduğu uğuzzu PN and the bowmen of all Nippur with him serve where the king appointed him ABL 797:17; GIŠ.PAN ša šarri ul nuzekki we did not release (and dedicate to the god) the king's archers ABL 210 r. 3 (all NB); note referring to foreign archers: ana āl dan= nūtišu giš.pan-šú danniti ummānātešu rapšāte u māt Arime ittikilma (see dannūtu mng. 3b) KAH 2 84:50 (Adn. II); GIŠ.PAN ina māt Elamti uptahhir PRT 105 r. 7; [...] babbanû mādiš anāku giš.pan-a-nu mādiš [anāku] I (Darius) am a fine [charioteer], I am a (fine) archer Borger apud Hinz AFF 59 § 8h:26 (DNb).

3. (a constellation or star): GIŠ.PAN ittašią šî lu mārtī imbīma ša giš.pan kīam šumēša... šalšu šumša MUL.PAN ina šamê ušāpi (Anu) kissed the bow (and declared), "Let it be my daughter," he gave the bow names as (follows) - its third name is Bow star, he made it appear in the sky En. el. VI 90; rabûtum ilī mušītim . . . gá-aš-tum nīrum šitaddarum mušhuš: *šum* the great gods of the night, the Bow star, the Yoke star, Orion, the Dragon star ZA 43 306:17, parallel qá-aš-tum elamâtum zappu šitaddaru mušhuššum RA 32 182:17 (OB lit.); ina arah Abi arah nanmurti MUL. PAN Streck Asb. 190:7, cf. ibid. 198 iii 11, 72 ix 9; (in summer and winter) ša qa-aš-tu šukuddu <ina> šēri līlâti u[štabarrû] ni= pihšun when the Bow star and Sirius shine in the morning and in the evening respectively TCL 3 + KAH 2 141:100 (Sar.); MUL.PAN MUL Dilbat ina ITI.NE Bow star

is (the name of) Venus in the fifth month LBAT 1564:3, cf. MUL.PAN MUL Istar NIM. MA.K[I] Sm. 1492 r. 1, ina ITI.NE MUL.PAN Istar NIM.MA.KI Sm. 1150:1; MUL.MUL MUL.PAN MUL.KAK.SI.SA Salbatānu Narudu lipturu may the Pleiades, the Bow star, Sirius, Mars, Narudu give release Surpu II 182; you sacrifice a kid [ana IG]I MUL.PAN (against HUL GIŠ.PAN) Or. NS 39 116:4 and dupl. LKA 113:6 (namburbi).

- 4. bow fief, i.e., land granted by the king to which originally was attached the obligation to outfit an archer $-\mathbf{a}$) in NA: A.ŠĀ GIŠ.PAN-Šu ŠE.IN.[NU.MEŠ] ŠE.PAD. MEŠ $zak\hat{u}$ his bow field is exempt from (taxes on) straw and barley ABL 201:6, see Postgate Taxation 263.
- b) in NB 1' in gen.: ŠE.NUMUN É.GIŠ.PAN . . . zittu ša 1-et giš.PAN ša ina GN 1-en GIŠ.PAN ša akkullātu ša GN2 1-et GIŠ.PAN ša ina GN3 land belonging to the bow fief, the share of one bow which is in GN, one bow of the akkullātu-type land from GN₂, one bow which is in GN₃ Camb. 85:6f.; the rent for the fields GIŠ.PAN ša PN u bēl [qašātišu] (for parallels see qaštu in bīt qašti A) BE 9 8:2, and passim in the Murašû texts, cf. TuM 2-3 186:3 and 191:3; note five individuals' GIŠ.PAN added up as naphar 5 É.GIŠ.PAN BE 9 82:3ff., with four further É.GIŠ.PAN and mišil GIŠ.PAN added up as nine and one half GIŠ.PAN ibid. 10; silver, (representing) the complete ilku duties received by PN ša ina muhhi GIŠ.PAN eššetu BE 10 115:13, for other occs. see ilku A mng. 3g, and Cardascia Murašû 8 n. 7; note, wr. PAN ša PN TuM 2-3 242:1, 4, and 6, cf. PN ša mišil PAN ibid. x+3 (all Achaem.); sale of prebendal income gabbi ša ikkaššidu ana 1-et-tum qa-al-tum ša šiššu matû ša itti Urukaja EN.MEŠ qa-šá-a-tú ša abul $Adad \dots u$ mimma gabbi ša ana isqi šuātu ikkaššidu ša itti ahhēšunu u bēlē zittišunu gabbi all that is attached to the five sixths of one q. which (they hold?) with the men from Uruk, the co-owners of their q., from the

Adad Gate (district), and whatever pertains to this prebend which (they hold) with their colleagues and with their coparceners TCL 13 242:6, cf. (in similar context) ana 1-et qa-áš-tum ina UD.13.KAM ša arhussu BRM 2 29:5, also ibid. 22 (both Sel.).

2' referring to payments and services due from such land or its occupants: tēlīt ana muhhi giš.pan-šú-nu ušēli' u şāb-šarrišunu uzzizzuma they brought the tax (levied) on their bow and put up the royal soldier (tax) (that was required of) them Camb. 13:6 (earliest occ.), cf. (silver) kūmu kutallūtu ša mu.16.kam ... ana muhhi GIŠ.PAN ša PN (see kutallūtu) Dar. 430:4; $kaspu \dots q\bar{e}me \dots id\bar{\iota} u$ şid $\bar{\iota}$ tu ša 2 LÚ.ERÍN.LUGAL ša MU.4.KÁM ša ina muhhi GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ šātina silver, flour, the wages and provisions for two royal soldiers (levied) for year 4 on those bow fiefs TuM 2-3 183:12, cf. ibid. 2; kaspu . . . uttatu u gēme . . . šikaru rēštû . . . immerū ilki gamrūtu ṣāb-šarri gēme ša šarri bāra u mimma nadānātu ša bīt šarri . . . ša ina muhhi zēri zagpu u pī šulpu GIŠ.PAN ša PN u LÚ.EN.MEŠ GIŠ.PAN- $\check{s}\check{u}$ silver, barley and flour, first-quality beer, sheep, the complete ilku obligation, the royal soldier (tax), the $b\bar{a}ru$ tax, and any (other) prestations to the royal estate (levied) on the land, whether date orchard or grain field, the bow fief of PN and his co-feudatories TuM 2-3 184:5, cf. ibid. 180:2, 187:3, 188:3 and 9, 189:3, and passim in the Murašû texts beside or replacing bīt qašti, see ilku A mng. 3g; zēru zagpi u pī šulpu ša giš. PAN. MEŠ ušuz: za'ē[ti] u pa'esēti u rīhti eglēti ša bīt maš: kanātija u bīt rittija the field, date orchard or grain field, from the bow (fiefs), whether released from feudal obligation or not, and the rest of the fields that I have pledged or that belong to my rittu holding BE 9 60:5; (receipt for) urāšu ša šadādu ša kāri ša zebēlu ša upiātu . . . u $pa-na-\langle at \rangle$ GIŠ.PAN MU.32.KAM $ur\bar{a}su$ payment for towing (?) in (?) the harqaštu qaštu

bor and for the delivery of the upiātu tax and the preferential share (?) of the q. for the 32nd year (of Darius) VAS 6 160:7, also TuM 2-3 220:2, cf. u mimma panāt PAN gabbi ibid. 221:9, cf. 18-ta GIŠ.PAN ušuz: zajītu [...] hadri ša kerkaja ... ša qāt PN, $rab \ k[\bar{a}ri]$ PN, $ana \ šad\bar{a}da \ ša \ 2$ -ta GIŠ. [MÁ(?)...] VAS 6 302:1; two and one half minas (of silver) ša giš. PAN ša PN (among various large items of silver) ibid. 194:7; eight shekels of silver PN ina GIS. PAN ša PN₂ ana muhhi PN₃ ittadin Dar. 199:3; kaspu ša dīki ša GIŠ.PAN (paid in advance for three years) (see diku s. mng. 1) VAS 4 96:1 (Dar.), cf. kaspi ša PAN ibid. 11; mišil GIŠ.PAN [...] ša er= rēšē u nukaribbē ša ina muhhi PN PN2 ana x x šarri ana Lú. x . PAN ša Ebabbar inandin pūt sur su-ur x ša giš. PAN mala zitti 1 GIŠ.PAN- $[\check{s}\check{u}]$... PN₂ na $\check{s}i$ PN₂ (the tenant) will deliver to the of the king, to the chief(?) of the archers of Ebabbar, half of the archers(' service?) of the farmers and gardeners that is levied on PN (the lessor), PN2 guarantees the payment of of the archers ('service?) in proportion to his (?) share of one bow fief BRM 1 101:24ff. (Dar.), cf. x (barley?) rē'ê errēšē u nukaribbē ša GIŠ.PAN Nbk. 220:2.

A possible reading of Lú.PAN as ša qašti is suggested by OB Lu A 453, in lex. section; the writing Lú.PAN-su YOS 6 151:15, on the other hand, points to a reading qašat-su. For Nuzi refs. see qaštu in ša qašti.

Ad mng. 2: Manitius, ZA 24 127ff.; Kümmel Familie 50ff.

qaštu in bēl qašti $(b\bar{e}l *qalti)$ s.; holder of a bow fief; NB; pl. $b\bar{e}l(\bar{e})$ qašātu; wr. EN (GIŠ.)PAN; cf. qaštu.

We will rent you zēru zaqpu u pī šulpu ... [ša £] GIŠ.PAN-in-ni u ša EN GIŠ. PAN.MEŠ-in-ni the field, date orchard or grain field, which is our bow fief and (that of) the co-holders of our bow fief

BE 10 53:6, cf. ibid. 11, also É.GIŠ.PAN ša PN PN₂ . . . ana mala zittišunu ša itti LÚ. EN.MEŠ PAN-šú-nu the bow fief of PN, PN₂ (and others) according to their share which (they hold) in common with their feudal partners BE 9 10:4, also LÚ.EN PANti-šú-nu ahi mala zittišunu UET 4 41:9, ef. ibid. 106:6, LÚ.EN.MEŠ PAN-ku-nu ibid. 194:13, and passim, see zittu mng. 2e-1b'; note ša itti Urukaja EN.MEŠ ga-šá-a-tú TCL 13 242:7; (obligation to deliver the royal tax) [ina muḥḥi] zēri zaqpu u pī šulpu É.GIŠ.PAN šaPN[uPN $_2]u$ LÚ.EN.MEŠ GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ- $\dot{s}\dot{u}$ -nu PBS 2/1 29:4, and passim in the Murašû texts, see Cardascia Murašû p. 29 and n. 5, also TuM 2-3 124:3, 183:3 and 12, 184:5f., etc., 188:4, 189:3f., etc., BRM 1 83:3, VAS 6 188:11, wr. LÚ.EN.[MEŠ É].GIŠ.PAN. MEŠ-š \acute{u} BE 10 35:3, note referring to a single feudal partner: PN LÚ.EN GIŠ.PAN- δu TuM 2-3 142:5, BE 9 18:2, (as witnesses) VAS 6 188:23 and 24.

qaštu in bīt qašti A (bīt *qaltī) s.; bow fief, i.e., land granted by the king (lit. bow property) to which originally was attached the obligation to outfit an archer; NB, LB; pl. bīt qašātu; wr. syll. and £.GIŠ.PAN, £.LÚ.PAN; cf. qaštu.

[É] qa-šá-a-tú ša Gumatu . . . īkimušu: nūtu the bow fiefs that Gaumata took away from them VAB 3 21 § 14:26 (Dar.), see von Voigtlander Bisitun p. 17; rent of še.numun.meš ša lú pa'işētu ša lú Nip: purû bīt rittišu ša ina GN elat še.numun. MEŠ É.GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ ša ina libbi u elat še.numun.meš bīt ritti ša PN the fields (among the properties) of the men of Nippur which are released from feudal obligations, his rittu fief which is in GN, not including the fields which are bow fiefs which are in it and not including the fields which are the *rittu* fiefs of PN TuM 2-3 145:3, cf. bīt rittika u bīt maška: nātika ša ina libbi elat É.GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ-ka PBS 2/1 62:5, also (beside bīt ritti) BE 9 30:3, 86a:3ff.; the crop from the fields ša bīt sīsî É.GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ of the horse fief and the bow fiefs TuM 2-3 181:1; ŠE.NUMUN majāri $di(ext{text }ki)$ -ku-u-tu ša ina É.GIŠ.PAN ša PN zēru zaqpi É gapan É.GIŠ. Dar. 307:1; GIŠIMMAR É.GIŠ.PAN nidintu šarri ma: hīri kaspi a plot of land, planted with trees, fruit trees, or date palms, (be it) a bow fief granted by the king or bought BE 9 99:1; give us water ana zēri É.LÚ. PAN-ni... nildudu and we will channel it into the field which is our bow fief BE 9 7:8; [É].GIŠ.PAN (rented) BE 8/1 122:2, 128:1, and passim, Wr. É.LÚ.PAN ibid. 125:2, BRM 1 83:1, TuM 2-3 146:3, UET 4 41:3 and 4, 42:3 and 5, <\(\hat{E}\).L\(\hat{U}\).PAN BE 9 63:2; É.LÚ.PAN ša PN u kutallātu (see kutallu mng. 6) UET 4 60:1, see also kinattu mng. 2g-2', qaštu in bēl qašti; A.ŠÀ É.GIŠ. PAN- $\delta \hat{u}$. . . maškanu the field that is his bow fief is the pledge BE 8/1 151:33, and passim in Murašû texts, see Augapfel p. 103 s.v., pl. É.GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ BE 9 28:3, 72:1, PBS 2/1 62:5, 107:6, TuM 2-3 179:3; note the earliest occ.: zēru É.GIŠ.PAN Camb. 85:1, cf. zēru ša DN ša DN, ša šarri u ša LÚ.PAN mala ina libbi şabtu YOS 7 156:9 (Camb. year 3).

In view of the parallel terms for land grants in texts of the Achaemenid period bīt sīsî and bīt narkabti, the bīt qašti seems to have been granted with the requirement that its tenant outfit and supply an archer for the Achaemenid army. However, texts in which the term occurs refer less frequently to specific military obligations than to other regular encumbrances, including both payments and service; see qaštu mng. 4b.

Eilers, OLZ 1934 95; Dandamayev, Festschrift Eilers 37 ff.; Cardascia, Recueils de la Société Jean Bodin 1, 2nd ed., 55 ff.

qaštu in bīt qašti B (bīt qalti) s.; bowcase; MB*; wr. É.GIŠ.PAN; cf. qaštu.

giš.é.pan = £ MIN (= qal-tu), um-mu, išpatu Hh. VIIA 49 ff.; $t\acute{u}$ 6.£.GIŠ.PAN Practical Vocabulary Assur 290; $l[\acute{u}.giš.\acute{e}.pan] = [\acute{s}a \ bi-i]t(?)$ $q\acute{a}$ - $a\acute{s}$ -tim OB Lu A 455.

1 É.GIŠ.PAN şir-pu PBS 2/2 54:11 (MB).

In Hg. A II 162, in MSL 7 150 read [kuš.lu.úb].pan = ni-piš-tum = £ [x]-hu-ti (coll. C. B. F. Walker). In MSL 7 127 (= Hh. XI) 101 read kuš.é.ul.lu.lu = bi-ti ul-lu-lu, see MSL 9 198.

qaštu in rab qašti s.; chief of the archers; SB, NB; wr. Lú.GAL.GIŠ.PAN (Lú.GAL. PAN VAS 6 155:3); cf. qaštu.

in hist. (Asb. only, referring to Elamites): I took to Assyria from Elam qīpāni hazannāti ša ālāni šâtunu mala LÚ,GAL.GIŠ.PAN.MEŠ šaknūti akšudu mukīl appāti tašlīšāni ša pithalli sābī gašti (see appatu A in mukīl appāti) Streck Asb. 56 vi 86; PN bel ali GN PN2 bel ali GN2 PN3 LÚ.GAL.GIŠ.PAN PN4 ālik pani ummānāti ša Elamti Zazaz, ruler of Pillate, Parū, ruler of Hilmu, Attametu, the chief of the archers, Nēšu, the general of Elam Piepkorn Asb. 76 vii 17; I captured Imbappi GAL.GIŠ.PAN (var. qīpu ša) Bīt-Imbî hatān RN šar Elamti Imbappi, the chief of the archers (var. the official) of GN, son-in-law of Humban-haltaš, the king of Elam Streck Asb. 42 v l var.; Te'umman LÚ.GAL.GIŠ.PAN ša GN AfO 8 198:24 (epigraph to Asb. reliefs).

b) in NB: 3 ma.na kaspu ultu irbi ša bābi ina hindi [ša] MU.5.KAM ana Sadunu LÚ.GAL.GIŠ.PAN nadin three minas of silver from the offerings at the gate, in a moneybag, for year 5, given to PN, the chief of the archers Non. 215:2, cf. x kaspu «adi» ana Šadunu LÚ.GAL.GIŠ.PAN u LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ-šú ana kurummāti ša $[\ldots]$ nadin Nbn. 288:11; x kaspu irbi ana 5 saggāta ana Šadunu LÚ.GAL.GIŠ.P[AN] ša LÚ.SIPA.[x].MEŠ nadin x silver from the offerings, for five sacks, given to PN, the chief of the archers of the shepherds 82-7-14,1467:4; LÚ.GAL.10.MEŠ ša 70 LÚ. PAN.MEŠ ša $r\bar{e}$ \hat{i} ša DN . . . LÚ.PAN.MEŠ a 70 idekkûma . . . ana PN LÚ.GAL.PAN. the leaders-of-ten of MEŠ inandinu seventy archers of the shepherds of DN will muster those seventy archers and turn them over to PN, the chief of the archers YOS 6 151:14; Sa[dunu] LÚ.GAL. GIŠ.PAN Ebabbar 82-7-14,1373:3, (referring to

qaštu qašu

the same person) 82-7-14,43:3, 82-7-14,1794:7, Nbn. 228:13; X MA.NA kaspu irbi ša bābi ultu quppu ana Arad-Anunītu LÚ.GAL.GIŠ. PAN nadin x minas of silver, offerings from the gate, from the cash box, given to PN, the chief of the archers Nbn. 1058:4, cf. 4 ma.na Arad-Anunītu Lú.gal.giš. PAN *u* ERÍN.MEŠ *nadin* 82-7-14,1630:5; x kaspu . . . ša PN ina muhhi LÚ.GAL.PAN ša bīt narkabti ša PN3 qīpi Ezida x silver of PN's owed by PN₂, the chief of the archers of the chariot fief of PN3, official of Ezida VAS 6 155:3 (reign of Dar. I), cf. [kas]pu ša ana dullu LUGAL . . . ana muhhi bīt narkabti ša qīpi Ezida nadnu (the debt originates) as money paid for royal service incumbent on the chariot fief of the official of Ezida ibid. 6-8: XKÙ.BABBAR ... pūt zitti ša PN ... PN2 LÚ.GAL.GIŠ.PAN ša PN ina qātē ^fPN₃ ummu ša PN mahir PN2, the chief of the archers of PN, received from ^fPN₃, the mother of PN, x silver, the portion to which PN holds title (for service (?) in Elam) VAS 4 126:6 (reign of Dar. I).

The passages in texts of Asb. apparently refer to high-ranking political and military functionaries. The majority of NB passages, from the reign of Nbn., refer to a commander of police or guards in the temple service. The two references from the reign of Darius I (VAS 6 155:3 and VAS 4 126:6) apparently designate persons discharging military service obligations which are incumbent on properties in the category bīt qašti, see qaštu in bīt qašti A and qaštu mng. 4, to which other individuals hold title.

qaštu in ša qašti s.; (a class of persons); Nuzi; wr. LÚ (ša) GIŠ.PAN; cf. qaštu.

LÚ.MEŠ ša GIŠ.PAN ana e-sé-<ri> iteršu u PN ša GIŠ.PAN ašar PN₂ LÚ.MEŠ ša GIŠ. PAN ēteriš u PN ana ša GIŠ.PAN iddin u ētesir u umma PN₂-ma PN ana ša GIŠ.PAN ana PN₃ la addin I(?) requested that the "men of the bow" be confined, and PN is a "man of the bow," and the "men of the

bow" requested him from PN₂, and he handed PN over to the "(men) of the bow" and confined (him) — PN₂ declared: I did not hand over PN to PN₃ to (be) a "(man) of the bow" HSS 9 11:14ff., cf. ibid. 23; (list of tenants from GN) 2 LÚ.MEŠ GIŠ. PAN Ša PN . . . 3 LÚ.MEŠ GIŠ.PAN Ša PN RA 28 38 No. 6:5 and 7ff.; x barley ana LÚ. MEŠ GIŠ.PAN u ana LÚ.MEŠ ālik ṣēri HSS 15 264:18; 3 LÚ.MEŠ ša GIŠ.PAN ša P[N?] HSS 15 22:2, cf. ibid. 13ff.

qâšu (qiāšu) v.; 1. to deed, make a donation, to make a land grant, to make a gift (of silver or goods) with the understanding of receiving something of equivalent value, to make a votive offering, dedicate, to give a present, 2. to bestow health, good fortune, etc., to grant wisdom, power, riches, etc., to grant progeny, 3. II to bestow many gifts, 4. II/2 to be dedicated (passive to mng. 1); from OAkk. on; I iqīš — iqâš (OB, Ass. iqiaš), pl. iqiššu — qīš, I/2, I/3 (lex. only), II, II/2; wr. syll. and BA, NfG.BA; cf. qajašu, qīštu, qīšu adj.

ba-a BA = $qa-a-\delta u$ Ea II 303, also S^b I 219; [BA] = $qi-a-\delta um$ MSL 9 135:574 (Proto-Aa); ba = $qa-\delta u$, níg.ba = $qi\delta-tu$ Nabnitu J 67f.; šu.bar. zi, šu.ba, sag.ki.šu = $qa-a-\delta u$ Nabnitu J 150-152; [IR] = $qi-a-\delta um$ MSL 9 130:333 (Proto-Aa).

in.na.an.ba = i-qi- $i\delta$ Hh. I 6; [ma.an.ba] = [il-qi- δa Izi H 160; [in].ba = i-qi- $i\delta$, [in.ba]. es = i-qi- δu , [in.na.a]n.ba = i-qi-is-su, [in.na.a]n.ba.e = u-qa-as-su (all followed by the respective forms of $z\hat{a}zu$ and $na\delta\bar{a}ru$) Ai. I i 29, 32, 35, 38; i.ba = i-qi- $i\delta$, i.ba.ba = iq-ta-ni- $i\delta$, a.ba = iq-ti- $i\delta$ Silbenvokabular A 42 ff., see Studies Landsberger 23 and 25.

[egi] d Inanna.ke_x(KID) an e.ra.an.ba. gin_x(GIM) ki in.du.gi.d[a . . .]: [rub]âtu Ištar kīma šamû qí-šú-ki ers[etu qīšatki] O princess Ištar, just as heaven is given to you as a gift, so is the earth [given to you] BiOr 989:3 (Exaltation of Ištar); [ki.ùr.ra am]a₅.ki.ág.gá.a (var. omits .a).ni.šè níg.ba.aš ga.an(var. omits .an).na.an.ba: [£.KI].ùR maštak narāmija ana qiš-ti lu-qí-is-si I will give her as a present the Kiur, my (Sum. for her) favorite private quarters STT 151 r. 13f., see JNES 26 203:37; šu.bar ši.bi ak.a.ab ši.bi ba.mu.u[n.na.ab]: qí-is-

qâšu qâšu

su napištašu qí-is-su napiš[tašu] grant him his life, grant him his life OECT 6 pl. 2 K.4664:12f.; see also qīštu A lex. section.

 $q\acute{a}$ -a- $\acute{s}u$ = na-da-nu Malku IV 188; qa-mu- \acute{u} , qa(var. $q\acute{v}$)-a- $\acute{s}u$, qa-a-du, $q\acute{r}$ -a-du = $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ -[ra]-[pu] LTBA 2 147 ff., var. from dupl. ibid. 3 iii 1 ff., var. $q\acute{v}$ -a- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ = $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ -r[a-ku?] CT 18 24 K.4219 ii 13.

qa-a-šú // [na-da-nu] (comm. on qajašu, q.v.) Lambert BWL 80 comm. to line 196 (Theodicy Comm.).

1. to deed, make a donation, to make a land grant, to make a gift (of silver or goods) with the understanding of receiving something of equivalent value, to make a votive offering, dedicate, to give a present -a) to deed, make a donation: 1 SAG.GÉME . . . PN ana PN2 DAM.A.NI i-qí-iis PN gave one slave girl to PN₂, his wife (to bear him children) VAS 8 15:4 (OB); anāku ina tūbija ina GN akkali ul bēlī ana PN i-qi-ša-an-ni I stayed in GN of my own free will, it was not my lord who gave me to PN A 165 (unpub. Mari let., cited ARMT 14 mānahti igārim ša PN īpušu ana PN₂ i-qi-is PN deeded the improvements which he had invested in the (party) wall to PN₂ (i.e., renounced compensation due him) TCL 1 87:13 (tablet) = 88:10 (case, OB); A.ŠÀ . . . PN ana PN₂ aššatišu i-qí-iš i-diiš-si PN transferred a field (and other property) to PN2, his wife, by a deed MDP 22 131:10, cf. [iddin]ma iqīš MDP 23 284:13, MDP 24 376:12, mahar 6 šībūti i-di $in\ u\ i-qi-i[s]$ MDP 24 375a r. 12, i-di-is-si $u i-qi-i\dot{s}-\dot{s}i$ ibid. 382bis:21, $i-di-i\dot{s}-\dot{s}i-in$ u $i-qi-i\delta-si$ ibid. 378:7 and r. 3, $id-di-i\delta-\delta i$ u i-qi-is-si ibid. 379:6, i-di-si-[i]m i-qi-is-[s]*i-im* ibid. 380:8; na-di-is-si qi-is-si it is given to her by a deed ibid. 379:9 and 38, $qi-i\dot{s}-s\dot{u}$ $na-di-\dot{s}u-\dot{u}(?)$ ibid. 376:23, note the writing Nfg.BA u ta-di-in MDP 28 404 I 5, 20, dupl. II 5 and 20; $[k\bar{\imath}ma]$ abu ana *māri i-qi-šu* just as a father deeds to a son MDP 22 79:7; PN ana ugbabūtim tērubma PN₂ PN₃ i-qí-iš-sí inanna PN ana PN₄ . . . PN, ta-qí-iš when PN became an ugbabtu, PN2 deeded PN3 to her, now PN has deeded PN₃ to PN₄ MDP 28 400:6 and 13, cf. MDP 23 200:34, 36, and 38.

- b) to make a land grant: PN sukkal Elamtim ... ana PN_2 u PN_3 ... \bar{i} nunma ištu GN adi GN_2 ... i-qi-is-sú-nu-ši-liml PN, the sukkallu of Elam, granted a privilege to PN_2 and PN_3 and gave them (the land) from GN to GN_2 VAS 767:10 (OB Elam).
- c) to make a gift (of silver or goods) with the understanding of receiving something of equivalent value: kūm isqi atûtu PN NÍG.BA ana PN, iq-ti-iš PN gave (x silver) as a present to PN₂ for the doorkeeper's prebend VAS 5 37:17 (NB); 'PN said to PN₂ zērūa ša ina qāt PN₃ maškanu şabtāta Níg.ba qí-ša-an-ni-ma ummi A.ŠÀ. MEŠ luddakkamma zēru šuāti panīka lidgul PN₂ 10 gín kù.babbar níg.ba ana 'PN i-qí-iš 'PN ummi A.ŠÀ.MEŠ ana PN, taddin "Concerning my field that you took as pledge from PN₃, give me a gift and I will give you the of the fields and this field may (then) be at your disposal," PN₂ gave ten shekels of silver to PN as a gift (and) she gave the of the fields to PN₂ Cyr. 337:11 and 15, cf. (in similar context) 10 gín kừ.babbar [níg].ba... [i]q-ti-iš BE 8/1 35:10, see Petschow Pfandrecht 141 n. 428; 6 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR NÍG.BA ... i-qiš Dar. 287:11.
- d) to make a votive offering, dedicate 1' persons: PN ša ana DN šarrum i-qí(text -di)-šu PN whom the king dedicated to DN VAS 13 36:5; PN is the daughter of PN₂ PN₂... ana DN i-qí-is-si ellet PN₂ dedicated her to Ištar, she is free TCL 1 66:3 (tablet), = 67:3 (case), cf. (in similar context, two persons) ana Šamaš u Aja «i-qí-si» i-qí-ša-a-ši TCL 1 68:5f.
- 2' votive objects: [a] na DN...[an] a balāṭišu [i]-qí-iš (wr. on a vase) Bab. 4 248 (pl. 5) 8, cf. CT 32 9 BM 10248:9 (OB); ana Marduk... ana balā[t] napšat PN... lišān pal[ti] ... i-qí-[iš] (on an ax) RA 14 91:12 (MB), also MDP 4 pl. 18 No. 2:5, (on a bronze dagger) Iranica Antiqua 2 153 (pl. 14) No. 7:4, wr. BA-eš ibid. 160 (pl. 26) No. 16:2

qâšu qâšu

(NA), Thureau-Dangin Til Barsib p. 157:5, MAOG 3/1-2 32:5, wr. BA ibid. 14:4; ana balātišu u šalām bītišu i-qí-iš WVDOG 58 p. 129:4, cf. also KAH 2 138:5 (all NA), [ana urruk UD].ME-šú BA-eš Delaporte Catalogue Louvre 2 A 829 r. 2 (eyestone, NB), cf. VAS 1 61:7; ana balāt napšātija arāk ūmīja šum'ud šanātija šulum zērija mātija NÍG.BA (on an altar) AKA 160:4, cf. (on a mace), wr. BA CT 33 50 K.10411:3 (both Asn.), also 1R 35 No. 2:12 (Adn. III), wr. a-qiš WO 1 264 No. 21:3 (Shalm. III); DN lugal.a.ni.ir RN in.na. ba Kurigalzu dedicated (this object) to Ninurta, his lord RA 63 67 AO 22497:4, cf. ibid. AO 11206:4, cf. [a]-n[a] D[INGIR] GAL DN $b\bar{e}li\hat{s}u$ RN $i-qi\hat{s}$ Weissbach Misc. No. 2:5, see ZA 59 101 (Melišipak), also AOB 1 140 No. 7:8 (Shalm. I), also, wr. BA-es RA 22 87:4 (Sar.); [ana] Adad . . . Kurigalzu ana ba: $l\bar{a}$ tišu i-qi-iš RA 63 67 AO 21306:6, also Limet Sceaux Cassites 12.1:6, also, wr. BA KAH 1 31:5, 33:3 (both Šamši-Adad V), 35:4, 36:3 (Adn. III), VAB 4 202 No. 38a-d, BRM 4 48 (Nbk.); ana Marduk bēlišu Bēl-īpuš ana balāţ nap: $\delta \bar{a}ti$ DÙ - $u\delta$ -ma BA - $e\delta$ (inscribed on a mace head) ZA 12 257 No. 1:3 (= Jacobsen Copenhagen 77), cf. No. 2:3; ana DN . . . UR.GI₇ . . . Dù-ma BA I made (this) dog (of clay) for Gula and presented (it to her) Scheil Sippar p. 92:2 (MB), cf. NA.BI UR.GI, hurāşi DÙ-ma ana dME.ME BA-áš Köcher BAM 315 iii 40.

3' other property: a field (described in detail) ana urruk ūmīšu šalām zērišu u šalmiš atalluki maḥar šarrišu ana Usuramassa...i-qi-iš(text-ka) he dedicated to DN for lasting days, the well-being of his offspring, and to live safely in the presence of his king RA 19 86:12 (= RA 16 123, NB); (a future king) ana amat DN... liplah likkudma atriš li-qis-su should fear and respect the command of Nanâ and make even larger grants VAS 1 36 iv 19; (precious objects) ana Šamaš... u Aja... lu a-qi-iš CT 32 4 xi 14 and 34 (NB Cruc. Mon. Maništušu), cf. AKA 44 ii 60, 59 iv 6 (Tigl. I), wr. NIG.BA AKA 374 iii 92, cf. a-qi-su-nu-ti

(in similar context) Iraq 14 34:68 (both Asn.); ālu šû ana Aššur bēlija a-qi-su this city (of Calah) I presented to Aššur, my lord Iraq 14 33:40 (Asn.), cf. MAOG 6/1-2 12:12 (Broken Obelisk); $25 il\bar{a}ni\check{s}unu [...an]a$ ilāni ša ālija Aššur u ištarāti ša mātija a-qiš(var. -qi-iš) namkū[ršunu] ana Adad bēlija aš-ru-uk [. . .] their 25 gods, I gave [their . . .] as a present to the gods of my city Assur and to the goddesses of my country, their property I presented to my lord Adad AKA 117:6, dupl. AfO 18 360:24 (Tigl. I), ef. $il\bar{a}ni\check{s}unu$ $k\hat{i}$ $qi(var. qi\check{s})-\check{s}[u$ te] ana Aššur . . . Níg.ba (var. lu a-qiš) KAH 2 83:17 (Adn. II), vars. from AfO 3 158 r. 13 (Aššur-dān II); ušēpišma agurra ana epēš Ezida . . . ana balāt napištija ba-eš I had baked bricks made and dedicated (them) for the building of Ezida for my own good health Streck Asb. 380:7 (Aššuretel-ilāni); I rebuilt the temple of Aššur ana balāţija šulum zērija u šalām māt A ššur ... a-qiš (and) dedicated (it to Aššur) for my health, the well-being of my offspring, and the security of Assyria AOB 1 140 No. 6:11 (Shalm. I), cf. ana Samaš... Tukulti-Mēr šar Ḥana . . . a-n[a x] xmātišu u naṣār balātišu i-qí-iš Syria 5 279 ii 3, cf. Iraq 24 94:36, iq-ti- \acute{a} \acute{s} (in broken context) STT 43:64, see AnSt 11 152 (both Shalm. III), cf. also i-qiš KAH 2 79:7 (Šamši-Adad IV), $lu \ a-qi-i\dot{s}$ VAB 4 242:15 (Nbn.); the queen had a pectoral of red gold made ana balāt napšāti ša RN . . . u šâša ana balāţiša kunnu palêša šulmiša taškunma BA-eš and presented (it to Belet Ninua) for the health of Esarhaddon (her son), and for her own health, for the stability of her reign, (and) for her well-being ADD 645 r. 8, also ibid. 644:8, see Streck Asb. 394; ana piššat ilišu DN i-qiš he presented (the horns filled with oil) as ointment for his god Lugalbanda Gilg. VI 174.

e) to give a present -1' in letters: [...] ana PN PN₂ ... a-qi-iš- su_4 -ni-si-im I gave [...] as a gift to PN (and) PN₂ MDP 14 114 No. 78:3, cf. i-qi-iš ibid. 5 (OAkk.

let.), [a]-na PN i-qi-iš MDP 14 93 No. 44:3 (OAkk. leg.); I gave you fleecy (?) hides, you said ana rubā'im a-qí-áš I will give (them) as presents to the ruler CCT 4 1b:8; tusalliamma . . . 20 Túg kutānī agí-ša-kum (I did not promise it but) you begged me and so I made you a present of twenty kutānu textiles CCT 3 6b:10; (seize at least one talent of silver) kīma *ša atta ta-qí-ša-ni libbī haddi* make me as happy as if you had given (it) to me as a present HUCA 39 31 L29-573:28, cf. ki-ma ša ta-qí-ša(!)-«šu»-ni (end of text) Contenau Trente Tablettes Cappadociennes 18:25; kasap awīlim ana naruggim mimma la tanašši u šumma i-qí-šu-ni mimma la talagge do not invest any of the man's silver in the business funds, and even if they give it as a gift, do not accept it! HUCA 39 24 L29-568:15; 1 GÍN PN 1 GÍN $PN_2 \dots mimma annîm ana amtija i-qí-šu$ one shekel PN, one shekel PN2 (and other persons), all this they presented (?) to my slave girl TCL 20 179:20 (all OA); (this seal) RN iššak GN ana Bilalama DUMU.NI-šu $i-qi_4-iš$ OIP 43 145 No. 12:8 (OB seal); ana šarrim . . . şubātam ša kīma [lu]buštika a-qí-iš-ma I presented to the king a garment that is as (fine as) your own attire ARM 10 39:31; ša PN i-qí-ša-an-niwhatever PN presented to us TLB 4 2:20; amtum ša PN anāk[u] bēltī i-qiša-an-ni I am PN's slave girl, my (former) mistress gave me (to him) as a gift Kraus AbB 1 27:19, cf. $[x \ G]UD.HI.A$ ša $ir\bar{i}h\bar{u}$ atta ta-qí-ša-am TLB 4 22:21; GIŠ.MÁ annītam atta qí-a-šum ta-qí-ša-am this boat you did indeed grant me TLB 4 27:30; šumma ana ajīmmakī'am ta-aq-ti-iš-sú anāku minam aqab[bi] if you should present it (the field) to anyone else, what could I say? TCL 18 85:12, cf. lillikamma li-qi-iš TIM 2 110:12 (all OB).

2' in lit.: šūkil akalu šiqi kuru[nn]u erišti qí-i-ši give food to eat, beer to drink, grant what is asked Lambert BWL 102:62; inbīka jāši qa-a-šu qí-šam(var.

&alpha(am) - ma (see inbu mng. 3b) Gilg. VI 8; he took away the tablet of office (and) ana Ani iq-stil-šá presented (it) to Anu En. el. V 70, cf. $[Marduk] \dots [l\bar{e}'i \ bal\bar{a}t]i$ i-qiš-ki kâši (referring to Tašmētu) Ebeling Handerhebung 124:13; kakku la ma-hi-ru iqiš-[ka] DN Nudimmud presented you (Nergal) with an irresistible weapon Böllenrücher Nergal p. 50:12; ša kīni şābit $zibar{a}nar{\imath}ti\ ma$ ' $d[a\dots]\ mimma\ šumšu\ ma$ 'd[i] $qi-\check{s}\acute{a}-\acute{a}\check{s}-\check{s}\acute{u}$ [...] the honest (merchant) who holds the balances (has) much [profit?], much of everything is presented to him [...] Lambert BWL 132:111; guhšê tumallāma ta-qa-su you heap (offerings) on the reed altars and present (them) to him (Samaš?) KAR 66:17, cf. TÚG.HUŠ.A $\dots a-qi\check{s}-ku-nu-\check{s}i$ I brought you (Ea, Samaš, and Marduk) a garment as offering Iraq 18 62:21, cf. AnBi 12 284:52, and passim in rit.; zammeru . . . qāt bēl niqê işabbat qé-e-su iqabbi the singer takes the hand of the man who gave the offering and says: Present it (now) BBR No. 60 r. 25 (NA); note royal exchange of gifts: [gabba] ša[llāti]šunu ša ilteqûni [u ana] RN $i-qi-i\check{s}-\check{s}u-nu-ti$ all the booty they have taken from them he (the Hittite king) has granted to Niqmandu (of Ugarit) MRS 9 50 RS 17.340:21, cf. ibid. 24 (edict of Šuppiluliuma); I made a treaty with RN narkabāti sīsê parê ana rukūb bēlūtišu a-qis-su I granted him chariots, horses, and mules for his royal equipage (parallel: addinšu ii 13) Streck Asb. 14 ii 14.

2. to bestow health, good fortune, etc., to grant wisdom, power, riches, etc., to grant the use of, to grant progeny — a) to bestow health, good fortune, etc. — 1' in divine epithets: ilī ellu šurbū qa-i-šu TI.LA my great, holy god who grants health KAR 39 r. 6, dupl. Craig ABRT 1 21:13, see Lambert, JNES 33 280:109; (Marduk) qa-i-[šu ba]-la-ți AfO 19 56:29 and 31, also (Nabū) LKA 42:17, and dupl. PBS 1/1 18:15; qa-i-šū TI.LA BMS 22:5, qa-i-šū ba-lā-ţu BA 5 664 No. 22:4, qa-iš TI.LA Unger Bel-harran-beli-ussur 4, also

qâšu qâšu

(Ninurta) AKA 257 i 9 (Asn.); (Sin), wr. Nfg.BA TI.LA KAR 74 r. 11, cf. (Marduk) níg. ba nam.ti.la Limet Sceaux Cassites 3.2:4, 3.3:4, 4.23:4, (Šamaš) [n]íg.ba ti.la ibid. 4.16:3, (Sin) ibid. 4.25:4, (Ninurta) ibid. 4.17:4, (Adad) ibid. 4.18:4, (Nergal) ibid. 4.24:4; (Ištar) qa-i-šat TI.LA.MEŠ AKA 208 i 7 (Asn.), also (Sarpānītu) LKA 48:3 and dupl. BMS 9 r. 12, (Gula) BMS 4 r. 3, VAB 4 280 vii 31 (Nbn.); (Ninmaḥ) BA-át DIN RAcc. 139:332; (Išhara) qa-i-šat zI-ti BMS 7 r. 4, also (Gula) ba nam.ti.la.ke, : qa-i-šat napišti balāti KAR 73 r. 15f., (Nisaba) qa-i-šá-at zI-tim Lambert BWL 172:17.

other refs. to gods as bestowers: DN DN₂ u DN₃ tūbi libbi tūbi šērē arāku ūmī u labār palê ana bēl šarrāni . . . li-qí-šú (text qí-li-šú) may Aššur, Šamaš, and Marduk grant to the lord of kings health of mind and body, length of days, and a long reign ABL 280:5, and passim in letters of Bēl-ibni, with the formula shortened ABL 285:3, 520:3, 789:3, 790:3, also in greetings of other letters, e.g., ABL 839:8, cf. Marduk u Şarpānītu ūmū arkūti šanāte dārāt tūb libbi u tūb šērī li-qí-šu-nik-ka ABL 496:7. also (Bēl and Nabû) tu-lib-bi u arāku ūmū ana bēlēnu li-qi-šu-' CT 22 10:7 (all NB); (Ištar) ūmī arkūti ana šarri bēlija $m{lu}$ $m{ta}$ - $m{qi}$ ABL 378:10 (NA); $m{Bar{e}l}$ $m{u}$ $m{Nab}$ $m{\hat{u}}$ šanāti ša ^mA-lu-l[im ana šarri] bēlija liqi-ši may Bēl and Nabû grant to the king, my lord, the (number of) years of Alulu (i.e., to enjoy a prolonged life span) ABL 796:5 (NB), cf. (in broken context) li-qi-šú ABL 605:3 (NA); ela DN ištartu ajītu i-qí-šá napšassu besides Şarpānītu, which goddess will grant him life? Lambert BWL 58:34 (Ludlul IV); ana pālihija a-qa-šú balāţi I (Bau) grant health to him who honors me Or. NS 36 122:107 (SB hymn to Gula); DN uşur napištī din ba-šá O Marduk, protect my life, grant me health OIP 37 61 No. 129 (NB seal), also, wr. PAP ZI DIN BA Wiseman Cylinder Seals of Western Asia 98:2, PAP ŠI DIN BA-es Porada Corpus of Ancient Near Eastern Seals 747, and passim on NB seals;

arāku ūmī i-qí-šá-an-ni he granted me long days (of life) BBSt. No. 37 i 2 (Nbn.), cf. $\delta \bar{\imath} b \bar{u} t i \mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{K} \mathbf{U} \cdot \mathbf{\check{s}} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{D} \ litt \bar{u} [t i \ a] j \ i - q i \delta - k u - n u \ \mathrm{may}$ he (Aššur) not grant to you old age (and) of extreme old age Wiseman Treaties 416; balāţ ūmī arkūti ţūb libbi qí-šim-ma grant me (O Ninlil) a long-lasting life of contentment Streck Asb. 276:17, cf. šurkani $t\bar{u}b\ libbi\ [b]al\bar{a}ta\ qi-\delta\acute{a}-a-ni\ PBS\ 1/2\ 106\ r.\ 2,$ see ArOr 17/1 178, cf. KAR 267 r. 24, wr. TI.LA BA-a-ni BMS 47:4; (O river) $[aps\hat{u}]ki$ şajahāti TI qí-i-ši take it (the evil) down to your depths, you are smiling, grant health RA 65 163:34, wr. TI.LA qišam Or. NS 34 127 r. 12, Or. NS 36 4 r. 18, also BMS 22:22, Lambert, JNES 33 276:53, [ba-[la]-[tu] [qi-i-ša] LKA 29k r. 20, cf. KAR 267:25f., dupl. LKA 85 r. 19, and passim in prayers, Wr. TI.LA NÍG.BA LKA 43 r. 4; napištī qí-i-šá STT 55:19 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 64:21, cf. Schollmeyer No. 12:11, 4R 59 No. 1:29, Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 134:131, ASKT p. 75 r. 7, see JCS 21 10:97; note kî ša ana issūri annî napišta a-[qiš-šu] jâši napišti qí-šá just as I grant life to this bird, grant life to me AfO 12 43 r. 23 (SB inc.).

3' referring to the king: Hammurapi šu i-qí-šu napšatam ana URU GN who granted life to the city of GN CH iv 1.

b) to grant wisdom, power, riches, etc.: ina hissat libbija ša Ea . . . uznu rapaštu NIG.BA-ni by my own intuition (for) which Ea granted me great intelligence Iraq 14 41:23 (Asn.), cf. uzun nikiltu ša Ea . . . $i-qi-\check{s}\acute{u}-\check{s}\acute{u}$ VAS 1 37 iii 6, also Iraq 15 123:19 (both Merodachbaladan II), also (in broken context) [...] NAM.MEŠ NÍG.BA-su BiOr 28 7 i 13', cf. ibid. 6' and 10 iii 6' (Marduk prophecies); ašaridūta sīrūta gardūta ta-gi-šašи you (gods) have granted him first rank, glory, and heroism AKA 31 i 24 (Tigl. I), cf. mešrâ nēmela ta-qa-a-šá you bestow riches and profit Craig ABRT 2 21:8; taqí-ši-ma kīnūte šūzuba gamālu you (Ištar) have granted (me the power) to save and spare the loyal ones ZA 5 79:30 (hymn of Asn. I); GN sa-tu erēnim u tiamtam alītam qâšu qāt şibitti

i-qi-iš-[šum]-ma(Nergal) granted him the Amanus, the cedar mountain, and the upper sea AfO 20 74 i 28, cf. īnu kibrātim ... i-qi-su-šum BE 13380:7, cited AHw. p. 919b; $ni\check{s}\bar{e}\;\check{s}\bar{a}t\;\mathrm{DN}\;e\check{s}\check{s}\check{i}\check{s}\;i-q\acute{i}-su-\check{s}um\;\;\mathrm{the}\;\;$ people whom Dagan granted him anew AfO 20 74 ii 18 (Narām-Sin); Anu and Enlil kussû agû hattu u šibirri . . . i-qí-šu-šum granted him throne, crown, scepter, and staff CT 36 21 i 7, dupl. RA 11 109:7 (Nbn.); (Ištar) rē'ût mātiki ta-qi-še-eš-šu 107:20, dupl. KAR 358:7; sugullāt na-a-li. MEŠ . . . ša DN u DN₂ . . . $ep\bar{e}$ š bu'uri i-qi- $\delta \hat{u}$ -ni herds of deer (gazelles, etc.) that Aššur and Ninurta gave me for me to hunt AKA 90 vii 8 (Tigl. I); may Marduk when he sees this tomb [an]a mānahtija li-[q]*i*-ša grant it to me as a place of rest AOB 1 40 r. 3 (time of Aššur-uballit I); my numerous troops ša Aššur i-qí-ša that Aššur granted to me Streck Asb. 82 ix 128; tûka ša balāţi qí-ša-ma grant me (the use of?) your life-giving incantation Ugaritica 5 17:36.

c) to grant progeny -1' in gen.: [...] $\delta ar-ra$ $i-qa-a-\delta \acute{a}$ ze-ru BA 5 664 No. 22:6.

in personal names: Ezida-apla-BA-šá Coll. de Clercq 2 p. 120 B pl. xxvii No. 2:15 (NB), Ezida-BA-šá Nbk. 201:12; ${}^{d}\tilde{S}a$ = maš-numun-ba-šá Šamaš-Has-Grantedan-Offspring ADD 481:4, and passim *Ištar-*мu-ва-*šá* ABL 205:2, see Tallqvist APN 304a; Qí-iš-ahum A-Brother-Was-Granted-Me TLB 1 180:15 (OB); \hat{I} -li-i-qi- δa -am Boson Tavolette 371:4 (OAkk.), also YOS 13 5:26 (OB), and passim, see ibid. p. 58f.; Sin-i-qí-ša-am YOS 2 40:9 (OB); Anu- $q\acute{i}$ - $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ -an-ni VAS 15 38 edge, cf. Speleers Recueil 276:21, Dar. 527:16, 561:4, wr. Marduk-níg.ba-an-ni Dar. 245:10; Marduk-ta-qi-šu BE 14 32:7 (MB), I-qi-*§a-Marduk* ibid. 34:17, PBS 2/2 12:22 (MB), BA-šá-Marduk Nbn. 1116:16, Cyr. 170:21, note URU BA-šá-DINGIR TuM 2-3 220:2, 222:2 (NB); $Ta-qi-\delta a-dGula$ BE 14 151:31, and passim in MB, for MA see Saporetti Onomastica

2 149 s.v. qiāšu; Nusku-ta-qiš-bu-ul-lit PBS 2/2 14:3 (MB); dA.KU-BA-TI.LA = Sin-ta-qi-ša-lib-lut Sin-You-Have-Granted-(a son)-May-He-Live 5R 44 iii 53, cf. ADD App. 5 r. 4; fd Gula-qa-'i-šá-at Nbk. 283:4, Nbn. 508:10, also, wr. Sin-MA.AN.BA JENu 297 r. 4, cf. dNanna.ma.(an.)ba cited Limet Anthroponymie 500; I-qi-šu-ni MDP 24 381:20, 393:7, 13, 14, 19, 49, 394:11, also BE 14 10:28, 128a:22 (MB); BA-šá-a Nbk. 102:2, Dar. 415:12, BA-šá Nbk. 220:10, Ina-É.KAR. RA-BA-šá CBS 3799, cited Clay PN 88b; I-qi-šum BE 14 110:15 (MB).

3. II to bestow many gifts: $t\bar{a}marta$ kabittu ušamhiršunūtima ú-qa-iš qi-šá-a-te I offered them (the gods) substantial presents and gave them numerous gifts Borger Esarh. 5 vii 12, cf. $niq\bar{e}šu$ ušamhira ú-qa-i-šá Níg.BA.MEŠ-te WO 4 32 v 5 (Shalm. III); DN DN₂ u DN₃ ú-qa-i-šu-uš qí-šá-a-ti En. el. V 80; qi-šá-a-ti ana malkī Anunnakkī... [ú]-qa-a-a-iš (see malku B usage a-3') TuL p. 58 i 19; I gave a party for the people of Babylon and Borsippa Níg.BA.MEŠ ú-qa-i-su-nu-ti and gave them many gifts WO 4 32 vi 5 (Shalm. III); see also qīštu.

4. II/2 to be dedicated (passive to mng. 1): ana DN lippaqidma [...] ana Bēl liq-da-'-iš may [...] be entrusted to DN, be presented to Bēl RAcc. 26 i 25; uncert.: 6 Tức ter-şum [x x] EZEN.MAḤ iq-qí(text -di)-šu Riftin 52:13 (OB).

For ARMT 13 38:16, see nakāšu. In VAS 10 214 iv 2 read an šāš na-ţú gimru (the royal scepter, crown, and throne are granted to Ištar) everything is suitable for her.

qâšu see gâšu v.

qāt şibitti (qaṣṣibitti, qaṣṣabitti) s.; stolen property (found in the thief's possession); NA, NB; cf. qātu.

annûtu ša 14 MA.NA 30 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR qa-şi-bit-te ina qātēšunu işşabtu these stolen goods, valued at 14½ minas of silver, were seized in their very hands

qatālu qātamma

Iraq 32 132:4; ANŠE.NITÁ ša qa-şa-bi-ti ina qāt PN qa-şa-bi-it-te iṣbatuni PN₂ ussallim the donkey, stolen property, which they seized in PN's hands, PN₂ paid (the fine on it) VAT 8737:2 and 4, cited Deller, Or. NS 33 93f., cf. (in similar context) [ša qa-ṣi]-[bit-ti]-šu iṣbatuni Postgate Palace Archive 92:17, eleven thieves stole (?) seventy sheep UDU.ME[Š] q[a-a]t ṣi-bit-ti-šú qāt PN ṣabtu the sheep stolen by them (text: him) were seized in PN's possession ibid. 119:20 (all NA).

For qāt şibitti in NB see şibittu mng. 4.

qatālu v.; 1. to kill, slaughter, 2. šuq= tulu to cause to slaughter; Mari, Rimah; WSem. lw.; I iqtul — iqattal, III.

- to kill, slaughter (in hāra qatālu to kill a donkey foal, as a symbolic act accompanying the making of a treaty): ANŠE ha-a-ri i ni-iq-tu-ul $[n\bar{i}]$ \check{s} $il\bar{i}$ inabirini i niškun let us kill donkey foals (and thus) make a mutual sworn agreement OBT Tell Rimah 1:11, cf. ARM 4 78 r. 16'; itti PN hāram aq-tu-ul u ina nīš ilāni anāku ana PN kêm aqbi I slaughtered a foal with PN and I declared under oath to PN thus Syria 19 108:19; ana mīnim taḥmuṭma itti PN [u DUMU.MEŠ Si]m'al hārī ta-aqtu-ul Mélanges Dussaud 991; PN u šarrānu ša Zalmaqimm[a] sugāgū u šībū[tum] ša DUMU.MEŠ GN ina bīt Sin ša Harrān hārī $iq-tu-[\acute{u}-l]u$ ibid. 986:11, cf. $h\bar{a}r\bar{i}$ ša DUMU. MEŠ GN la ta-qa-ta-al ibid. 984:25 (all Mari); for other refs. see hāru.
- 2. šuqtulu to cause to slaughter: [h]ā:
 ram mār atānim [a]nāku ú-ša-aq-ti-il
 salīmam birīt Ḥanê u Idamaraş aškun
 I made (them) slaughter a foal of a donkey mare and arranged (thus) for peace
 between the Haneans and the Idamaraş
 ARM 2 37:12.

For TIM 2 79:21 f. see qatāpu.

qātam see qātamma.

qātamma (qātumma, qātam) adv.; the same, similarly, in a like manner; OB,

Mari, Bogh., EA, MB Alalakh, SB, Ak-kadogram in Hitt.; qātumma OBT Tell Rimah 61:10; wr. syll. and SU-ma; cf. qātu.

a) $q\bar{a}tamma - 1'$ in letters, leg., and lit.: warki RN . . . 10 15 šarrāni illaku warki RN₂ . . . qa-tam-ma ten (to) fifteen kings are allied with Hammurapi - with Rīm-Sin, the same Syria 19 117:25, also 26f.; anāku mātam . . . ubbab . . . u atta qatam-ma mātka tubbab I will take a census of the land, you likewise will take a census of your land ARM 1 129:28, cf. [...] $i \not h i[tu]$ u ina GN [q]a-tam-ma $i \not h i[tu]$ ARM 183:21, cf. ibid. 5:6, ARM 104:8, ARMT 13 50:11, 1-šu 2-šu adīnšu u awīlū dajānū qa-tam-ma idīnušu ARM 5 39:11; šarrim ithēma qa-tam-ma īpulma u ištu ana šarrim u RN [it]-he-ma qa-tam-ma īpuluma [ana] bēlija illikma he approached the king and (the king) gave him the same answer, and after he had approached the king and RN, and they gave him the same answer, he went to my lord ARM 5 72 r. 14' and 16', cf. u ana PN ga-tam-ma agbi OBT Tell Rimah 62:10; an [nītam aš] putšunūti u ana awīlē ša bazah[ātija] qa-tam-ma dan= nātim aškun this is how I threatened them, and similarly I gave strict orders to the men in my outposts ARM 2 92:22, cf. ibid. 126:17, wr. qa-ta-am-ma ibid. 35:10; šulmī illakam u atta qa-tam-ma ARM 4 69:14; ša amātišu gātēšina ina erî uddappir u ša ardānišu qà-ta-am-ma ina qātīšunu ud: dappir (the Hittite king) released his slave girls from the grindstone, and likewise freed his slaves KBo 10 1 r. 12 (Hattušili bil.); kīmē ana Šamši nakiršu ana RN ga-tam-ma nakiršu just as he is an enemy of the Sun (i.e., the Hittite king), so too is he an enemy of RN KBo 1 5 ii 27, also ii 6 and 36, cf. kīmē Šamši . . . māssu inaşşaršu ša RN māssu . . . qa-tam-ma inaşşar ibid. i 52 and 57; kî awatum anummûmmi . . . lu qa-tam-ma-mi "what situation would that be?" He said, "Indeed the same" ibid. i 29; ša LUGAL GAL qa-tam-ma (at the ends

qātamma qatānu

of paragraphs of the treaty) KUB 4 76:4, 8, 10, also in the dupl. KUB 31 82:8, 12, 13, etc., corresponding to KI.MIN in the Hitt. version ibid. also (as Akkadogram in Hitt.) 81:6, DI-IN-ŠU-NU QA-TAM-MA their sentence (that of a free man or an unfree man) is the same Friedrich Gesetze I § 32:21, 33:22, SI-IM-ŠU QA-TAM-MA ibid. II § 63:35, cf. ibid. I § 73:69, and passim; kīmē mārē marijannu ša Alalah u PN ga-tam-ma mārmārīšu ana dāria marijannī (see mariannu usage b) Wiseman Alalakh 15:7, cf. kīmē LÚ.MEŠ SANGA ša DN u ša DN, šunu ga-tam-ma ibid. 14 (MB), abini [ina] birišunu māmītam iškunu u nīnum qa-tam-ma ibid. 122:6; (various precious objects) qa-tam-ma kali mimma damqi RA 31 127:11 (EA); ana UŠ u sal 1-ma ... šá-niš ana gal u tur §u-ma it is the same for men and for women, variant: it is the same for old and young STT 89:212.

- 2' in lex.: ga.na = \S U-ma (i.e., gana) Izi V 159; [gu]du₄.bal.lá.ta.è = \S U-ma Lu IV 74, and passim in lex. to indicate that the item in the right, Akk., subcolumn is identical with that of the left, Sum., subcolumn.
- b) qātumma: mimma bītam la tanassah u ^fPN qa-tum-ma mimma bītam ul inassah (see nasāhu mng. 4c) OBT Tell Rimah 61:10.
- c) qātamma ša, qātam ša: assurrima qa-ta-am-ma ša PN PN2 ippeš surely PN2 will act just like PN ARM 2 124:27; qa-tam ša abika epuš Syria 19 109:30; qá-ta-am ša šaddaqdim u šaluššāni še'am lim=dudu let them measure out the barley just as (they did) last year and the year before Kraus AbB 1 125:9, cf. qa-ta-am ša šaddaqdim ekallum še'am itabbalma UET 5 78:18; qa-tam ša ūmšu ARM 1 6:36; qa-tam ša inannama OBT Tell Rimah 86:5.
- d) qātam panītamma: šû qa-tam pa-nitam-ma waklūt itinnīkama ippeš he will carry out the overseeing of your builders just as before ARM 2 2:16, cf. [qa-tam p]a-ni-tam-ma lu kalû ARM 1 76:19; qa-

tam pa-ni-tam-ma tuppāti šināti ana GN šūbilšināti ARM 1 11:11; ša . . . eqlātim ukillu [qa-t]am pa-ni-tam-ma eqlātim likillu ARM 1 6:43, cf. qa-tam pa-ni-tamma [l]işşurušunūti ibid. 22:42.

In lex. texts, when there is no translation for the item in the Sum. subcolumn. šu or šu-ma indicates that the item is the same in Akkadian, as opposed to šu-ú, etc., i.e., šu with a phonetic complement, which indicates that there exists an Akkadianized loanword. Šu-ma is probably to be read *qātamma*. Whether **§**U alone is to be read qātam or whether šu and šu-ma are both graphic symbols indicating equivalence horizontally, as ditto signs do vertically, is not known. Note also the use of §u-ma instead of the ditto sign in the Akk. version of the bil. texts 5R 52 No. 1 i 20, 30, ii 19, etc. + SBH No. III i 36, 40, etc., also ASKT p. 120 No. 17 r. 6 and 14, 4R 18 No. 2:8 and dupl. Weissbach Misc. pl. 14 r. 74, and, instead of repeating (part of) the apodosis, possibly short for **ŠU.BI**. DIL.ÀM, in CT 40 2:28ff.

qātamqāti see qātaqāti.

qatānu v.; 1. to become thin, narrow, 2. quttunu to form into single file; OB, Bogh., SB; I iqtin — iqattin, II; wr. syll. and sig; cf. qatnu adj. and s., qattanu, *qutānu, qutānu, quttunu.

1. to become thin, narrow: GI.IG lubirujat mādiš la i-qá-ti-in u la ikabbir the reed door must be the right size, it should be neither too thin nor too thick TLB 4 34:29 (OB let.); šumma martum kīma şillîm iq-ti-in if the gall bladder is as thin as a needle RA 27 149:6, see Riemschneider, ZA 57 128, cf. šumma martum rēssa kīma DUB lē'im iq-ti-in YOS 10 28:4; šumma [rēš ub]ānim iq-ti-in-ma ana imitti ubānim iknuš if the top of the "finger" is thin and bends down to the right of the "finger" YOS 10 33 iv 11; šumma martum mēdehtum edhessima ina i[mittim ir-p]i-iš-ma ina

qatāpu qatāpu

šumēlim iq-ti-in if the gall bladder is covered with a network and it (the network) is wide on the right side but narrow on the left side YOS 1059:3, also (with reverse directions) ibid. 4 (all OB ext.), cf. iq-tin (in broken context, parallel: irpiš) KAR 438:2 and 3 (SB ext.); šumma martu qutunša epiqma upuqša sig-in if the thin part of the gall bladder is solid and the solid part is thin CT 30 20:12 (SB ext.); šumma nīru iq-ti-in u iṣḥir if the "yoke" is thin and small KUB 4 66 ii 10 (ext.); the moon's horns are the same size [ištêt la ikb]ir ištêt la iq-ti-in K.3561+ r. 25, cf. ND 4357 iv 16, cited qarnu mng. 3b.

2. quttunu to form into single file: qurādīja ... iltennû ú-qa-tin-ma ina pušqīšunu ušētiq I formed my soldiers into single file and (thus) brought them through their (the mountains') defile TCL 3 332 (Sar.).

In Maqlu V 163, šadû linērkunūši šadû li-qat-tin-ku-nu-ti "may the mountain slay you, may the mountain you (sorcerers)" is most likely an error or variant spelling for liqattīkunūti, see qatû v. mng. 6. It is uncertain whether adi šiḥṭam rabâm iš[šaḥḥiṭu] ul ša qú-tu-[. . .] ARM 183:24 is to be restored, with von Soden, Or. NS 2182, as qú-tu-[nim].

qatāpu (*qatāpu) v.; 1. to pluck, pick, to trim timber, to cut off, 2. quttupu to pick fruit, to dismantle a raft, to cut off an excrescence, 3. II/2 to be picked, plucked, cut off, 4. IV to be picked; from OA, OB on; I iqtup (iqtup TCL 3+ :225, BIN 1 94:21) — iqattap — qatip, II, II/2 (uqtatapa Köcher BAM 168:51), IV; cf. qātipu, qatpu, qitpu.

KUD = qa-[ta-pu] Izi D iii 16; ku-u KUD = qa-ta-pu A III/5:39; ku-ud KUD = qa-ta-pu Idu II 281; ta-ar KUD = [qa]-ta-pu A III/5:146; KUD = qa-ta-pu, pa.KUD.ru = MIN ša TÚG, pa.KUD.du = MIN ša TÚG Nabnitu J 307 ff.

 $\S[U.B]U = qa-ta-pu$, $\S U.BU.BU = \&a-ma-tu$ Erimhuš II 215f.; zi.zi = MIN (= qa-ta-pu) &aGIŠ.HAŠHUR, &aU.Su.ub, &aU.Sab, &aU.bu.i = MIN ša giš.nu. úr.ma, šu. gur. ra = min ša giš. geštin, šu. zil = min ša ukúš, šu. lá, kud. mah = min ša giš.ma Nabnitu J 310 ff.

kud.dúb.ba = qu-ut-tu-pu Izi D iii 34; šu. KUD.KUD.ru = qu-ut-tu-pu, kù.dúb.ba, kù.dub. ba = MIN (for $kuddupp\hat{u}$, q.v.) ša ir Nabnitu J 318 ff.

gi.má.da.lá.zil.lá = $qan \ tillat \ e[lippi]$, MIN $qú-ut-[x\ x]$, ni-iq-[ru] Hh. IX 333 ff.

[...] gur₅. gur₅. ru.uš [...] : [...] si-isl-sin-sú uq-ta-at-ti-pu [...] OECT 6 pl. 20 K.4958:4f. (coll. R. Borger).

- 1. to pluck, pick, to trim timber, to cut off -a) to pick fruit: my mighty warriors entered his luxuriant gardens ma'du ša minītu la išû iq-ţu-pu-ma they picked much fruit, beyond counting TCL 3 + KAH 2 141:225; PN expelled me from the field which the sangû had entrusted to me karāna kî iq-tu-pu ittaši . . . mīnamma ša la šangî bīti karāna agâ ta-qat-tap after he gathered the grapes he carried (them) off, (I said) Why do you pick these grapes without the temple administrator's permission? BIN 1 94:21 and 25 (NB let.); ina gapnu 2 (BÁN) karānu ana ga-ta-pu with twelve silas of grapes per vine to pick Nbn. 606:6; note in figurative use: qa-ta-pu ša inbīka ēnāja līmura may my (Tašmētu's) eyes behold the gathering of your (Nabû's) sexual attractiveness (lit. fruit) TIM 9 54 r. 20, cf. left edge 1 (NA lit.).
- b) to pick a branch clean, to trim timber: ina libbi qišti i-qa-tap urna he (Uršanabi) is trimming the cedar in the forest Gilg. X ii 29; e'ra arqa TI-[qi...t]a-qa-at-ta-ap you take a green ash branch, you pick it clean (of its leaves) AMT 62,3:13, see Biggs Šaziga 51; šumma šikaru emis [...] [x] [...] ŠE.KAK [da]-ha-am habburšu ta-qa-ta-ap-ma if the beer is sour you pick out the ... stalks from it TIM 9 52:13 (OB recipe for making beer).
- c) to cut off: kî ša qaqqudu ša hurāpu anniu q[a-ti-pu-ni ku]rsinnušu ina pīšu šaknatun[i kî annē] qa[qqu]du ša KI.MIN (= Mati-ilu) lu qa-ti-ip just as the head of this spring lamb is cut off and its

qatāpu qātaqāti

knuckle is placed in its mouth, so may the head of RN be cut off AfO 8 24 i 25 and 27 (Aššur-nīrārī V treaty); note in figurative use: $a-q\acute{a}-at-tap$ et-lu- $\acute{u}-ti$ I will cut down the young men HS 1885:10 (MB epic), cited von Soden, ZA 53 231.

- d) to pick off bits of wool from the surface of a textile: ša subātim panam ištēnama limšudu la i-qá-tù-pu-šu šutůšu lu mādat let them comb one side only of the textile, they must not pick the wool off it, its weave should be close(?) TCL 19 17:13, cf. panam šaniam i-li-la limšudušu šumma šārtam i-ta-áš-ú kīma kutānim li-iq-tù-pu-šu let them comb the other side lightly(?), if it still has loose hairs let them pick it clean like a kutānu ibid. 22 (OA), see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 104; see also Nabnitu J 307 ff., in lex. section.
- 2. quttupu to pick fruit, to dismantle a raft, to cut off an excrescence a) to pick fruit: PN went down into PN₂'s orchard at night $u \, \check{s}all\bar{u}r\bar{e}\,uq$ -[te]-et-ti- $ip\,u$ GIŠ.MEŠ $sabumma\,\bar{i}tepu\check{s}\,u\,assabassu$ and picked the-fruits and denuded (?) the trees, and I caught him HSS 9 141:10 (translit. only), cf. $\check{s}all\bar{u}r\bar{e}\,[la]\,\check{u}$ - $q\grave{e}$ -et-ti- $ip\,$ ibid. 16, also r. 10 (Nuzi); [. . .]- $\check{s}u\,ki$ - $i\,u$ -qat-ta- $p\acute{u}\,$ (in-fragm. context) LKA 72:16 (cultic comm.).
- b) to dismantle a raft: see qan (tilz lati?) qut[tupi(?)] Hh. IX, in lex. section.
- c) to cut off an excrescence: to relieve a man's constipation $uur-\check{s}e$ GAZ. MEŠ $um\check{s}ate$ qut-tu-pi and to break(?) the , to cut off the excrescences (you give him a medicated enema) Köcher BAM 168:66, dupl. 108:2; šumma amēlu šuburrašu umṣāti mali bābšu peḥi ana umṣāti qut-tu-pi if a man's anus is full of excrescences and its opening is blocked, in order to cut off the excrescences STT 97 iii 19, cf. ana amēlu ur-še GAZ umṣāti qut-tu-pi KA.MUD-šú muṣṣī in order to break(?) the , to pick off the excrescences, to widen his rectum (you

apply a suppository) ibid. 10 (coll. O. R. Gurney), dupl. Köcher BAM 95:12.

- 3. II/2 to be picked, plucked, cut off: see OECT 6, in lex. section; šumma UR-še GAZ.MEŠ šumma umṣātu uq-ţa-ta-pa GIG uptaššah šuburrašu urtappaš if the ... have been broken, if the excrescences have been cut off, the illness will be relieved, his anus will be widened Köcher BAM 168:51; ina ūmāti annāti tapaššassu umṣāte uq-ta-t[a-pa] you put the salve on him on these days, (and) the excrescences will be removed AMT 40,5 iii 5; see also (in broken context) OECT 6 pl. 20, in lex. section.
- 4. IV to be picked: GIŠ.NU.ÚR.[MA] li-iq-qá-ti-ip la x nu la iq-qá-ta-ap let the pomegranates be picked, the must not be picked TIM 2 79:21f. (OB let.).

The Sum. compounds kud.dúb.ba Izi D iii 34, kù.dúb.ba, kù.dub.ba Nabnitu J 319f. appear to be loanwords from Akk. quttupu, lexicalized as compounds in Sum.

Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 106f.

qātaqāti (qātamqāti, qāta ana qāti, qāta ana qātassu) adv.; immediately; Mari, Shemshāra, Rimah, Nuzi(?); cf. qātu.

anāku tuppam ina šūbulim ul uhhir qat[a]m a-na qa-tim-ma tuppam ušābilakkum I was not late sending the letter, I sent the letter to you immediately Shemshāra Tablets 50 SH 878:31; ūm tuppī tešemmû qa-tam a-na qa-tim mihir tuppija šūbilam ARM 14 6:30; ūm tuppi bēlija ikšudam qa-tam a-na qa-t[im] şuḥāram šâtu attardam ARM 3 52:13, cf. ina ūmišuma qa-tam ana [qa-tim] awīlē āmirī . . . at: tardam OBT Tell Rimah 7:9; qa-tam a-na qa-tim-ma . . . astapram ARM 14 4:13, cf. ARM 2 105:17, ARM 3 28:11, 68:7, 71:20, wr. qa-tam a-na qa-ti-ma ARM 6 32:7; tuppam šētu ešmēma ga-tam a-na ga-tim-ma ina qablīt girrimma ana GN atūr when I read that letter I returned immediately to Andarig from the midst of the campaign

qatāru qatāru

RA 66 128:20 (Mari), cf. qa-ta a-na qa-tiim-ma . . . argumma ARMT 13 111:10; the plant that your physician used in a poultice for me is excellent simmum mimma uşşīma qa-ta-qa-ti šammum šû ihessīšu when any sore erupts, that plant cures it immediately ARM 4 65:10, cf. ARM 3 67:7; qa-tam-q[a]-ti ana şēr PN astapram ARMT 13 144:36; note the exceptional construction: u qa-tam a-na qa-ta-as-sú-um-ma PN u anāku ana panīšu ana abullāt nūşi (PN₂ arrived in Mari) PN and I went out immediately to meet him at the entrance RA 66 119 A 2801:9, cf. qa-tam ana qa-ta-[...] ... dannātim ašpur ibid. 34 (Mari let.); possibly in Nuzi: ka-ti a-na ka-ti [. . .] *iddin* HSS 9 2:11 (let.).

qatāru s.; incense; NA*; cf. qatāru v.

[kīma] paššūrē ša rabūti uzzauzu qa-ta-a-ri [ša] napteni annî gabbu ina muḥḥi maksuāte ša qa-ta-a-ri ša ina pūt šarri šaknāni išakkunu (see maksūtu mng. 3) MVAG 41/3 64:34 and 36.

qatāru v.; 1. to rise, billow, roll in (said of smoke, fog), 2. to become gloomy, dejected, despondent, 3. qutturu to cause something to smoke, to make an incense offering, to cense, fumigate, to fume incense, 4. qutturu to make somber, dejected, 5. II/2 to fumigate oneself (reflexive to mng. 3), 6. II/2 to become dejected, despondent (passive to mng. 4), 7. III to cause smoke, fog to rise, incense to billow; I iqtur – iqattur, II, II/2, II/3, MB, MA, SB, NA; wr. syll. and SAR; cf. maqtaru, muqattirtu, muqattiru, qatāru s., qatru, qutāru, qutrīnu, qutrīnu in ša gutrīni, gutru A, gutturu, guturtu, taqtīru.

i.bí.dug₄.ga, i.bí.mú = qut-tu-ru (preceded by qutru) Izi V 17f.; ta-ár kud = pa-ta-rum, kuut-tu-rum, ta-ra-ku, na-qá-rum A III/5:132 ff. (text corrupt, ku-ut-tu-rum is possibly to be emended to puţţurum or to turruku).

gašan.mu sír.sír.ra.ta gig.ga ba.an. dù.e: tu-qat-tir-in-ni-ma marşiš tušēminni my Lady, you have made me dejected, you have turned me into a sick man 4R 19 No. 3:11f., see OECT 6 p. 38.

du DU₈ = şelû ša qutrinnu [...] šanīš si-li # qa(text kāt)-ta-ri ša nin-da-bi-[e] A VIII/1 Comm. 14.

uq-ta-at-tar $/\!/$ i-mar-ra-aş he will have worries Izbu Comm. 148; [...quf]-tu-ri= qa-ta-ru Meissner Supp. 17 K.13663 r. 3 (med. comm.).

- 1. to rise, billow, roll in (said of smoke, fog): ammēni ina bītiki i-qat-tur qut-ru why is smoke rising from your house? (addressing a witch) Maqlu VI 46; šumma kinūna šarru ana Marduk ippuļma iq-tur if the king lights a brazier before Marduk and it smokes CT 40 44 K.3821:8, also ibid. 39:36 (SB Alu); šumma ina MN imbaru iq-tur if in MN a dense fog rolls in Thompson Rep. 249A:1, also 250:5, 250A:1, 251:1 and 5, also STT 305 r. 17 (iqqur īpuš), Labat Calendrier § 98; for other occs. see *imbaru* mng. 1a; obscure: [...] UD.MEŠ [i]m(?)-ba-ri-im(?)i-qa-tur-m[a] KAR 180 r. 4 (comm. to prodigies); [...] X.MEŠ iq-ta-tur BHT pl. 14 iv 3 (Non. Chron.).
- 2. to become gloomy, dejected, despondent: $z\bar{i}m\bar{e}$ $ni\bar{s}\bar{i}$ ina $k\bar{u}ri$ u ni[ssati] iq-tu-ru $k\bar{i}ma$ q[ut-ri] the faces of the people became gloomy, as if by smoke, by troubles and woes Iraq 29 55 ND 5406 ii 7 (Asb.); Igigi i-qat-tu-ru $dalhi\bar{s}$ JCS 31 86 iii 99; $k\bar{i}ma$ $\bar{s}aknama$ illakam $ten\bar{e}\bar{s}\bar{e}tum$ $min\bar{s}u$ atta ta-qa-at-tu-ur ana $m\bar{a}d\bar{a}tim$ mankind will go on as it has been established for them, why are you despondent over so many things? CT 46 44 ii 7 (OB lit.), cf. a-qat-tur (in broken context, among laments) Rm. 2,273:13'.
- 3. qutturu to cause something to smoke, to make an incense offering, to cense, fumigate, to fume incense a) to cause to smoke: šumma 121 ina kinūni šarri iṣṣē ablūti ú-qat-tar if fire in the king's brazier causes dry wood to smoke CT 40 44 K.3821:1 (SB Alu); [am]mīni ana ki-rim api ugguli tazarru nablī [in]a qišti ša šābulat tu-qa-at-ta-ar qu-ut-ra why do you (wolf) spread flames to the of

qatāru qatāru

the reed thicket, send up smoke from the tinder-dry forest? Lambert BWL 194 r. 16 (MA fable); ina imnika qut-ru ú-qa-at-ta-<ar> ina šumēlika išātu uša[hhaz] I (Ištar) make smoke rise up at your right side, I kindle fire at your left 4R 61 iv 70 (NA oracles for Esarh.).

- b) to make an incense offering (with qutrinnu): nādin [su]rqinni ana [...] mu-qat-te-ru qut-rin-ni (Nabû) who provides [...] with grain offerings, who provides incense offerings STT 71:5, see JNES 33 340, cf. 3-šú šumka dasar.Ri šitnunu mu-qa-tir qut-r[i-ni] your third name is DN, the fighter (?) who provides incense offerings LKA 16:11 (both hymns to Nabû); ú-qat-tar-ku-nu-ši erēna ella kiṣra silta za'a ṭāba I make incense offerings of pure cedar, "knots," cuttings, sweet resin to you (Šamaš and Adad) BBR No. 75-78 r. 56, cf. ibid. 77, also ú-qat-tar šabâ erēna ibid. 58.
- c) to cense, fumigate, to fume incense: [KI(?)].NE.ME u §a qu-ut-tu-ri-im inapanīšu ušaš[šāma] (the exorcist) has the braziers (?) and the material (needed) to fumigate carried ahead of him LKA 108:5 (namburbi); alpa šāšu tapallaqma GIŠ.x. ERIN SAR you slaughter that ox, cense (it) with cedar [...] RAcc. 14 ii 16 (kalû rit.), cf. kibrītu tu-qat-tar-šú you fumigate him with sulphur Šurpu p. 53:5; NA4 Ú u giš ana marşi tapaššaš tušakkalšu tugat-tar-šú (these are the pertinent) minerals, plants, and aromatics, as for the patient, you rub (him), dose him, and fumigate him (with them, respectively) LBAT 1593:18, cf. tušakkalšu tašaggīšu tapaššassu u ina ne sar-šú-ma iballuţ TCL 6 34 i 8; (several plants) ina ne ašāgi tu-qat-tar AMT 62,1 i 6, 101,3 i 13, for other refs. see ašāgu usage b-2'; mušāţi ina NE tu-qa-tar Köcher BAM 66:19; ina NE e'ri SAR-[šu] CT 23 8:43; annunūtu ina qutrinni tu-qat-tar-[šu] Küchler Beitr. pl. 19 iv 31 (coll.), cf. ibid. 18 iii 17; (with various

ingredients) adi ulladu ina ne sar-ši you fumigate her in until she gives birth KAR 223:15; atā'iša nikipta ina NE tu-qat-tar-šú you fumigate him with ata'išu (and) nikiptu aromatics in CT 23 40:25, AMT 20,1:13 (= Köcher BAM 471), 94,2 i 13, 80,6:8 (= Köcher BAM 469:25) and 10, wr. sar-šú ibid. 4, 6, Köcher BAM 183:15, 216:14, 494 ii 36 (= AMT 64,1:28), and passim, Oefele Keilschriftmedicin pl. 2 Rm. 265:18; (you mix various ingredients) ina ne tu-qat $tar-\check{s}u$ AMT 98,1:7 (= Köcher BAM 471 iv), also ibid. 9, and passim, wr. SAR-[šú] ibid. 5, 101,3 i 19, Labat, RSO 32 117 v 11; šārat UR. GU.LA šārat enzi ina NE SAR-šú fumigate him with hair from a lion and hair from a goat in Köcher BAM 248 iv 41, cf. ibid. 94:6, 104:62, šārat UR.GU.LA šārat enzi ina ne igi.meš-šú sar Köcher BAM 183:11; (with) unsifted flour, onion skin ina ne sar-šú 4R 58 i 32 (Lamaštu II), cf. (with zfd.še barley flour) AMT 101,3 i 10 and 16, (with sulphur) AMT 33,1:10 (= Köcher BAM 503 i), 51,4:6; note ina ne sar-šú ina kuš AMT 103 ii 7; ina ne ašāgi qaqqassu tuqat-tar CT 23 26:11; naḥīrīšu tu-qat-tar AMT 64,1:21 (= Köcher BAM 494 ii 29), and see naḥīru usage b-2'; (various plants) ana išāti tanaddi uznēšu SAR Köcher BAM 3 iv 15, cf. (ears) AMT 33,1:29, 35,1:3, 5, 38,2 iv 2, ina ne libbi uznēšu sar AMT 33,1:30, 32, 34 f., 37, AMT 35,2 ii 5, cf. AMT 37,2 r. 18; šu= burrašu tu-qat-tar AMT 53,9:8; you throw sulphur into fire šēpēšu sar-ár Köcher BAM 152 iv 10; [. . .]-te-šú tu-qat-[tar] AMT 43,2:1; for other refs. see qutāru usage b; tu-qa-tar-šu-ma zu'tu imaqqussumma ibal: lut you fumigate him, he will sweat and recover Labat Suse 11 v 19, cf. tu-qa-tar-šu tukapparšuma iballut ibid. 14; note in II/3 (iterative): $qut\bar{a}r\bar{i}$. . . lu-qa-at-t[i-ru] $k\bar{\imath}ma\ uq$ -ta-nat-[ti-ru] ABL 570 r. 4f., see Parpola LAS No. 253; you boil (several ingredients) šēpēšu tùq-ta-na-tar repeatedly fumigate his feet AMT 70,3 i 2, cf. [his ears] [UD].3.KAM SAR.SAR-ma iballut AMT 38,4 i 5, cf. also SAR.SAR-ár Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 186:62.

4. to make somber, dejected (lit. blacken as with smoke): $k\bar{u}ru$ u nissatu u- $q\acute{u}t$ -ti-ru $z\bar{i}m\bar{u}[a]$ depression and melancholy have made my face somber Lambert BWL 72:30 (Theodicy); aj $ib\acute{s}i\acute{s}in\ddot{a}\acute{s}i$ $ri\acute{s}t[um]$ lu $q\acute{u}$ -ut-[tu]-ur ma-[...] there must be no merrymaking for them (mankind), let [their faces?] be despondent Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 72 II i 21; see also 4R 19 No. 3, in lex. section.

5. II/2 to fumigate oneself (reflexive to mng. 3): kibrītu ru'tītu ina NE uq-ta-at-tar he fumigates himself with sulphur and ru'tītu in BBR No. 11 iii 9; ina urigal[li uššabm]a ūmišam uq-ta-at-tar CT 37 46 i 15.

6. II/2 to become dejected, despondent (passive to mng. 4): mātu uq-ta-at-tar the land will be darkened (by distress) CT 40 39 r. 51, and dupl. ibid. 44 K.3821:9, TUR.DIŠ.BI uq-ta-at-tar that child will live in dejection Bab. 1 194:5, see Labat Calendrier § 64; šanītam ītaḥaz uq-ta-at-tar (if) he marries a second (wife), he will be despondent CT 39 46:55 (SB Alu), see also Izbu Comm., in lex. section.

7. III to cause smoke, fog to rise, incense to billow: ina še.numun u hirṣāti qut-ri-nam ú-ša-aq-ti-ir he sent the incense offering billowing up with seeds and hirṣu plants JAOS 88 193:24 (MB); isarru Enlit qablat ajābī ú-ša-aq-tar nabla DN whirls in the midst of the enemy and fans the smoky flames Tn.-Epic "ii" 26; tebī šāri [š]uznunu kaṣāṣa šu-uq-tur imbari (see kaṣāṣu s.) En. el. V 51.

qātātu s. pl.; 1. guarantee, 2. security, pledge, 3. guarantor; OA, OB, Mari, Elam, MB Alalakh, RS, MA, NA; rarely sing. qātu (Hh. II 95 f., Ai. III ii 46 ff.); wr. syll. and šu.du₈.A (OB also šu.dù.A, Elam šu.du.A), šu^{II}(.Meš), šu. Meš; cf. qātu.

 $[\S u.du_8.a] = qa-a-tum$, $\S u.du_8.a.ni = qa-as-su$, $\S u.du_8.e.ne.ne = qa-ta-tu-\S u-nu$, $\S u.du_8.e.$

ne.ne šu ba.ab.ti = qa-ta-ti-šu il- $q\acute{e}$ Hh. II 95 ff.; $[\check{\mathbf{s}}\mathbf{u}].\mathbf{d}\mathbf{u}_8.\mathbf{a} = qa-ta-tu, [\check{\mathbf{s}}\mathbf{u}.\mathbf{d}\mathbf{u}_8].\mathbf{a}.\check{\mathbf{s}}\grave{\mathbf{e}} = a-na \ qa$ ta-te, [šu.du₈.a.šè in].sum = a-na min id-din, $[\check{s}u.du_8.a.\check{s}\grave{e}\ mi.ni.in.su]m = a-na min id-din \delta u$, $[\delta u.du_8.a.\delta \hat{e} \ a]l.[g]ub.ba = a-na$ min $u\delta$ zi-iz Ai. III ii 41 ff.; [šu.du₈.a].ni = qa-as-su, $[\S u.du_8.a].ni \S u bi.in.ti = MIN il-qe, [\S u.du_8.$ a].ni šu ba.ab.te.gá = min i-laq-qe, šu. du_8 . a.ni šu bí.in.ti.eš = MIN il-qu-ú, šu.du₈.a.ni šu ba.ab.te.gá. $\langle ne \rangle = MIN i-laq-qu-ú$ ibid. 46 ff.; šu bi.in.ti.eš = MIN il-qu-ú, šu.du₈.a.ne.ne šu ba.ab.te.gá.ne = MIN i-laq-qu-u, šu.du₈.a.ne.ne íb.zi.ge.eš = MIN is-su-iy, šu.du₈.a. ne.ne ba.ab.zi.ge.ne = MIN in-na-ás-hu ibid. 51 ff.; $\S u.du_8.a.ne.ne.\S\grave{e} = a-na \ qa-ta-te-\S u-nu$. šu.du₈.a.ne.ne.šè al.gub.ba = MIN uš-zi-iz ibid. 56 f.

1. guarantee – a) $q\bar{a}t\bar{a}ti leq\hat{u}$ to give a guarantee, to guarantee (OB): qá-ta-at PN adi x ma.na [kù.babbar] le-qé qáta-[tu- $\check{s}u]$ lu att[ama] act as guarantor for PN for the one mina of silver, you be his guarantor CT 6 32b:10 and 12, cf. TCL 1 15:24; aššum mārī PN ša qá-ta-ti-šu-[nu] and $kaspim \dots te-el-[q\acute{u}-\acute{u}]$ 2 27:6; PN qá-ta-at PN₂ kiššāt PN₃ ana х кù.вавваг ana iti.1.кам il-le-e-ma (see kiššātu mng. 1b) VAS 8 26:14, see Koschaker Bürgschaftsrecht 21 ff.; ana minim aššum šu.du $_8$.A PN [e]l- $qcute{u}$ - $cute{u}$. . . udabba: why do they bother me just buninni because I became PN's guarantor? CT 52 75:5; PN ina ūm talkam ina şubātim šarāgim būr PN, gá-ta-ti-šu il-gé aššum gáta-ti-šu il-qú-ú ittalkam on the day you arrived PN was convicted of stealing a garment, PN2 gave a guarantee for him, since he (PN₂) had given a guarantee for him, he (PN) left Kraus AbB 1 101:9f.; awilam ša . . . gá-ta-ti-šu u gá-ta-at kaššāpātišu te-el- $q\acute{u}$ - \acute{u} . . . \check{su} riamma JCS 23 32 No. 2:13f.; PN ana UD.2.KAM qá-ta-ti-ša ilqe ana ud.2.kam dam PN2 . . . ul ubbalamma bi-il-la-at $\check{s}ip\bar{a}tim$ u ha-al-s[i(?)] PN ippalPN guaranteed her (compliance) within two days, if he does not produce PN2's wife within two days, PN will pay the \dots of wool and fine oil(?) YOS 13 25:13, cf. ibid. 10; qá-ta-ti PN PN2 il-qé-e PN2 PN ul uš-zu-az-ma 10 gín kừ.babbar kừ ì.

LÁ.E PN₂ guaranteed to produce PN, if PN, does not produce PN, he will pay ten shekels of silver UET 5 425:1, cf. šu.dù.A PN itti PN2 PN3 ŠU BA.AN.TI ana UD.4.KAM PN ušzáz ul ušzizma 10 gín kù.babbar kiššātišu PN, išaggal TIM 5 62:1, also, wr. ŠU.DÙ BIN 2 81:1; aššum hubtim ša bīt PN ŠU.DU₈.A PN₂ PN₃ il-qé-e ašar pādu ušēṣīšu PN₃ assumed responsibility for PN₂ (who had been arrested) for the burglary of PN's house, he bailed him out of the place where he was confined TLB 1 144:5; PN ŠU.DÙ.A ŠU BA.AN.TI YOS 8 3:6, 11:7, 15:6, 19:7, 27:7, 28:8, 33:7, 46:8, 49:6; ŠU.DU₈.A.NI PN DAM PN₂ PN₃ \hat{u} PN₄ ŠU BA.AN.TI.EŠ . . . ekallam ītanappalu YOS 14 299:1; qa-ta-at PN PN₂ ŠU BA.AN.TI ibid. 123:1; qa-ta-a-ti $il-q\acute{u}-\acute{u}$ (in broken context) MDP 18 242:12; PN2 borrowed x silver from PN qa-ta-at PN₂ PN₃ ŠU BA.AN. TI ARM 8 50:6; qa-ta-at PN PN₂ PN₃ . . . PN₄ LÚ GN hatānšunu DUMU PN₅ [ilqe] PN₄, the Hanean, their kinsman, son of PN₅, became guarantor for PN, PN₂, and PN₃ ARM 8 68:1; $\S U.D \mathring{U}.A PN PN_2 ... \S U.D \mathring{U}.A$ SU BA.AN.TI PN₂ (and six other persons) gave a guarantee that PN (would be available) ARM 8 63:1 and 10, also 64:3, wr. qa-ta-at ibid. 65:2, 69:1, and passim, (with itti ekallim) ibid. 62:1, Wr. SU.DU8.A Bagh. Mitt. 2 72a 1, 73b 1, ŠU.DÙ. A AJSL 33 220 No. 2:1 (coll.); qa-ta-at PN ana x kaspim PN₂ il-qé-e ana mazzazāni PN, aššat PN ana PN, nadêt PN, guaranteed PN's debt of x silver, 'PN3, PN's wife, was handed over to PN as a mazzazānu pledge (should the debtor not pay the silver within two months, 'PN₃ may be sold) ARM 8 71:1; with itti: PN and PN2 borrowed x silver from PN₃ PN₄ itti PN₃ qá-ta-ti-šu-nu ilqēma innabituma PN, PN, işbatma PN, gave a guarantee on behalf of them (the debtors) to (lit. with) PN₃ (the creditor), but they (the debtors) fled, so PN, took hold of PN4 (and PN4 paid the creditor, in whatever town PN4 finds the debtors he may take the silver from whichever one is solvent) YOS 14 158:6; x kù.BABBAR ša aššum PN qá-ta-ti-im itti PN2 . . . ilqûma Jean Sumer et Akkad 194:3; PN itti PN, SU. DÙ.A PN₃ ŠU BA.AN.TI . . . PN ipparak: kumma 1 MA.NA kaspam ša elišu PN, išaq: qal PN₃ gave a guarantee on behalf of PN to PN₂ (the creditor), should PN be delinquent PN3 will pay the one mina of silver owed by him (PN) TCL 10 134:3, see Lautner Personenmiete p. 11 f., cf. (for doing corvée work) TCL 10 111:1, 118:1; (concerning) PN's silver which PN₂ borrowed qá-ta-at PN₂ itti PN, PN, il-qú-ú illik PN mahar PN, PA MAR.TU [iškunma(?)] (and concerning which) PN4 became guarantor for PN2 with PN₃, PN (the creditor) went and lodged (a complaint) with PN5, the PA MAR.TU official YOS 12 444:4; ŠU.DÙ.A [PN] itti PN, aššum amtim PN, ŠU BA.AN.TI PN, guaranteed to (lit. with) PN₂ (the creditor) that PN (would purchase?) a slave girl, (if PN does not [bring her?] at the successful completion of his trip, PN₃ will pay one third of a mina of silver) VAS 13 30:1; note the atypical: PN has borrowed x silver from PN₂, she will repay it at harvest time, PN₂ has taken over(?) (§U BA.AN.TI) (x field) from PN for cultivation, for (a rent of) one third (of the yield) ŠU.DU8.A.NI PN A.ŠÀ ŠU BA.AN.TI field assumed guarantee for PN PSBA 33 pl. 47 No. 29:16; see also $leq\hat{u}$ v. mng. 5b.

b) ana qātāti nadānu to give as guarantee — 1' in OB: išpurunimma a-na qáta-tim ittadnuninni ummami ašal šarri kubburat TLB 4 55:24; PN ša PN₂ u PN₃ «ša» ana qá-ta-tim [i]ddinukuššu VAS 16 73:8; [PN] u PN₂ ana PN₃ ana qá-ta-tim na-ad-nu YOS 13 265:5, cf. ana PN ana qáta-a-tim [...] TCL 18 92:18.

2' in Nuzi: they sentenced PN to pay me 36 sheep u anāku ana qa-ta-ti ana PN, attadinšumi and I handed him over to PN, as guarantee (now PN, has returned PN to me, I have taken him back) HSS 5 19:8; PN u PN, bēl dīnišu ša PN, ana SU.MEŠ-ti idinma u ina muḥḥi šūbila ibid. 102:9.

- c) other occs.: 1 GUD x ŠU.DU.A.NI KI PN MDP 28 436:9; uncert.: aššum nepītim ša ina maḥrij[a]ma aklû...PN šû na(?)-din(?) ana qá-ta-ti ša-ka-[ni]-im VAS 16 172:16, see Frankena, AbB 6 172; for RS see şabātu mng. 8 (qātu d).
- 2. security, pledge -a) in Mari: if PN (the borrower) does not repay the barley PN₂ ana qa-ta-ti- δu ARM 8 60:14, cf. [an] a qa-ta-ti-im [...] ibid. 53:5.
- b) in later texts: (for the loan) §U. DU₈.A A.ŠÀ-šu É-šu GIŠ.GEŠTIN-šu Wiseman Alalakh 49:18; if PN (the debtor) runs away or dies DAM-šu DUMU.MEŠ-šu mim=mėšu ŠU.DU₈.A x ra(?) bi ibid. 48:18, cf. aššum PN ana PN₂ ŠU.DU₈.A . . . [a-n]a qa-ta-ti ana PN₂ irrub ibid. 82:3 and 11, Wr. ana ŠU.DU₈.A-šu ibid. 84:4, ana ŠU.DU₈.A ibid. 83:6, 85:3, PN ŠU.DU₈.A-tu ibid. 82:8; ina ŠU.DU₈.A (in broken context) ibid. 70:15; šumma ana qá-ta-di in-[...] ibid. 4:15 (all MB); ŠU^{II}.MEŠ-ku-nu ša x ŠE.BAR . . . x kaspa ātaḥa[z] (see aḥāzu mng. 6 (qātāte)) VAS 1 96:11 (NA); for MA refs. see leqû mng. 5b.
- 3. guarantor -a) in OA: anāku ana kaspim ša gá-ta-at PN ana PN, al-ta-ap-tù for the silver for which I have registered as PN's guarantor with PN2 RA 60 123 MP 1:27; x kaspam ša PN qá-ta-[at] PN, al-ta $p\acute{a}$ -at BIN 6 123:7; aşşēr 10 ma.na kù. BABBAR qá-ta-tí-šu na-al(!)-pu-ta-ku-nî . . . ú-na-ḥa-ni u kaspam mādam ušagma: in addition to the fact that I have been recorded as guarantor for the x silver, he is cheating me and is making me spend (too) much money VAT 9215:45 (translit. only), see MVAG 35/3 No. 325; X KÙ.BABBAR ana PN qá-ta-tíšu na-al-pu-ta-ku BIN 4 114:26; for other refs. see lapātu mngs. 2b and 8c; PN PN, whom ša qá-ta-tí-kà la iltaptuni he did not record as your guarantor VAT 13509:12, cited MVAG 35/3 p. 75 note c; for one mina of silver borrowed by PN PN2

qá-ta-tum i-qaqqad šalmišunu rakis PN, is guarantor, (the silver) is charged to whichever of them is solvent MVAG 33 No. 226:43; ana amtim PN u PN₂ (PN's son) qá-ta-tum šumma aššumi amtim ana PN3 mamman ituar PN u PN, amtam ana PN, ubbubušim (see ebēbu mng. 2c) ICK 1 19b:10; $tuppum \dots [\delta a] q \acute{a} - ta - [at] PN u$ PN₂ ICK 2 112:5, cf. BIN 6 73:29; tuppī ša qá-ta-tí-a tuppīma VAT 13509:9, cited MVAG 35/3 p. 75 note c; 3 tuppīja pigissunu 1 tuppī ša 2 ma.na hurāşim ša PN anāku gá-tatum entrust them with my three tablets, (on) one of my tablets concerning two minas of gold belonging to PNI am guarantor Kienast ATHE 64:15, cf. PN $[q\acute{a}]$ -ta $t\hat{u}$ -a CCT 2 49a:12, PN $q\hat{a}$ -ta-at CCT 4 29b:10, atta qá-ta-tum TCL 20 110:7; ina tuppim [atta] qá-ta-tum ICK 2 147:10, and passim; ša š $\bar{u}t$ $q\dot{a}$ -ta- $t\dot{u}$ -ni BIN 6 35:10, and passim; adi tuppim šībūti gá-ta-tim u PN ša tašpu: ranni BIN 6 73:3; ana 20 mana kaspim PN DUMU PN2 rabi alahhinim ša rabi sik: kitim qá-ta-tum PN, PN,'s son (who had redeemed the debtors), the chief alahhinu official of the rabi sikkatim, is guarantor for the twenty minas of silver Jankowska KTK 106:8 (= MVAG 33 No. 188); x kaspam ša PN ana PN₂ habbuluma PN₃ ahāssu qá $ta-t\hat{u}-ni$ x silver which PN owed to PN, (and for which) PN3, his sister, was guaran-VAT 9293:4, see MVAG 33 No. 215, cf. JCS 14 1 S.558:4, ICK 2 117:7, $q\acute{a}$ -t \acute{a} -tum TCL 21 232:6, $q\acute{a}$ -ta- $\ll ta$ »-tum CCT 5 21e:15, note: PN u PN, aššassu gá-ta-tum PN and his wife PN₂ (both native Anatolians) are guarantors Kienast ATHE 75:18, cf. I 697:11, cited Matouš, Studies Landsberger 181 n. 44; ina x kaspim ša PN ana PN, habbulu PN, u PN, gá-ta-tù-ni ina kaspim annîm 3 nīnu gáta-tù-ni PN, mimma kaspim ula ilqe JCS 14 9 S.562:10 and 11; udi anāku u qá-tat[u]-fni [n] izzazzuni ana &a ibbarini lauššar ICK 1 103:16.

b) in OB: PN (case adds §U.DU₈.A) x KÙ.BABBAR ana PN₂ išqul qāti PN₂ itti PN u PN₃ naḥsat PN, the guarantor, has paid x

silver to PN₂ (the creditor), the claims of PN₂ against PN and PN₃ (the debtor) are withdrawn PBS 8/2 207:13; ŠU.DÙ.A PN PN is the guarantor BA 5 427 No. 19:13, cf. PN $q\acute{a}$ ta-tu-šu Meissner BAP 57:18 (both harvest labor contracts), cf. Grant Smith College 255:9; PN hired three slave girls for harvest time from nadītu women idīšina 3 še.gur . . . PN, ŠU.DU₈.A (tablet omits ŠU.DU₈.A) PN₂, the guarantor(?), will imaddad weigh out their wages, three gur (of barley) VAS 9 110:13 (case); PNŠU.DU₈.A PN₂ (receiving silver) PBS 8/2 251:7; PN ŠU. DU8.A (first witness to field sale) VAS 1381 r. 7; note in an adm. text: (dates allotted to several persons) §U.TI.A PN mārat NIN.DINGIR dLUGAL.GÚ.DU8.A ŠU.DU8. A.NE.NE received by PN, daughter of the ugbabtu priestess of DN, their guarantor PBS 8/2 204:11.

c) in SB: qa-ta-te la te-p[u-uš...] u atta qa-t[a-te...] Lambert BWL 95:12f., corr. to Sum. šu.du₈.a nam.mu.un. tùm...za.e šu.du₈.a nam.mu.e.ak Alster Instructions of Šuruppak 34:19f.; uncert.: al-la-ak qa-ta-ta ibissû ul i-t[i-x] KUB 4 40 i 6 (= Lambert BWL 278).

Szlechter, Revue historique de droit français et étranger 34 (1956) 1 n. 1 (with previous lit.); RIDA 3° série 10 (1963) 77 ff.

qātātu in amīl qātāti s.; ward, (bonded) dependent; lex.*; cf. qātu.

lú. Dun. a = a-wi-il $q\acute{a}$ -ta-tim OB Lu A 280, cf. lú. Dun. a = a-mil(text -ra) qa-a-te (for qa-ta-a-te?) ND 4373 iii 18, in MSL 12 142.

For lú. DUN. a see Bauer Lagasch 111f.

qātātu in bēl qātāti s.; guarantor (of a loan); OA, NA; wr. syll. and EN $\S U^{(II)}$. MEŠ, EN $\S U^{II}$; ef. $q\bar{a}tu$.

a) in OA: PN ana PN₂ isbatniātima [PN] PN₂ ašša qātātim iddin umma PN-ma ana be-el qá-ta-tí-šu-ma awīlī urram tutarram PN took hold of us in the matter of (the debt of) PN₂ and PN had PN₂ provide a guarantor, PN said to his guarantor: You

must return my man(?) to me tomorrow (if you do not return him, you will pay me what his father owed to my grandfather) ICK 2 141:6.

b) in NA: ina MN PN illaka ina kutal 'PN, amtišu izzaz šumma la illika amta ina kūm amtišu 'PN₂ taddan PN₃ EN ŠU^{II}.MEŠ ša 'PN, adi šà MN šumma sal la iddin amta ina kūm amti PN, ana 1 Ka-nu-ni iddan in MN PN will come and serve as a replacement for 'PN2, his slave girl, if he does not come, PN2 will provide another slave girl, PN3 is the guarantor for PN2 until MN, if he (PN?) does not provide a (slave) girl, PN, will provide another slave girl on the first of MN ADD 166 r. 2 (coll. S. Parpola); PN EN ŠU^{II} ša MAN (contract for work delivery) ADD 80 r. 1, also (with ša LUGAL) ADD 94 edge 1, (with ša LÚ) Iraq 25 95 (pl. 23) BT 118:18; PN EN ŠU^{II}.MEŠ ša PN (debt note for silver) AJSL 42 185 No. 1165 r. 1, PN EN ŠU II .MEŠ Ša SAL ADD 228 r. 1, cf. pap 5 erín.[meš . . .] en. $\S u^{II}$.[meš(?) ...] Postgate Palace Archive 76:4; x silver ša PN ina pan bēl pāhiti ša GN EN ŠUII ša kaspi ina pan PN, ina pan PN, Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 20:7, cf. AJSL 42 233 f. No. 1186:9, 1187:6, (as witness) ibid. 181 No. 1161:8; EN ŠU^{II}.MEŠ (in loans) ADD 56:4, 67 edge 1, 100 r. 1, 113 edge 2, 119 r. 1, 150:4, Iraq 25 94 (pl. 23) BT 115:6, 96 (pl. 24) BT 120:7, (as witness) ADD 5 edge 2, 77 r. 5; PN EN ŠU^{II}.MEŠ ša URUDU.MEŠ Iraq 25 89 (pl. 19) BT 100:9; (contract for delivery of straw) EN ŠU11. MEŠ ša ŠE.IN.NU.MEŠ ADD 151 r. 3, (for birds) Iraq 15 143 ND 3439:10, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 37; (debt note for barley owed by PN, PN₂, and PN₃) PN and PN₂ (two guarantors of several debtors) EN ŠU^{II}.MEŠ Ša ŠE.BAR Tell Halaf No. 105 r. 4, Iraq 16 pl. 8 ND 2334:22, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 33, Wr. [EN] ŠU.MEŠ Ša ŠE.BAR $[\hat{u} \ \delta a]$ IN.NU Tell Halaf 108:13, (for silver) ibid. 116:8; PN PN₂ (guarantors of a debtor) EN ŠU^{II} ša ŠE šu-'u ADD 147 r. 2; atypical: x silver ša PN ša PN, ša šīmi ša PN, EN ŠU^{II}.ME ana PN, ittannu illak ana PN₄ iddan qātātu qatinnu

which PN and PN₂ gave to PN₃ as the fee of PN₃, (their) guarantor: he (PN₃) will go and give (it) to PN₄ TCL 9 62:4; uncert.: PN $\lceil \dot{s} \dot{a} \rceil \lceil x \ x \rceil x$ PN₂ EN $\S u^{II} \ \dot{s} \dot{a}$ PN₃ $i-\dot{h}a-\dot{s}u-u-n\dot{i}$ PN, whom PN₂, the guarantor for PN₃ (the creditor), slapped Iraq 15 pl. 12 ND 3443:2, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 49.

V. A. Jakobson, Palestinskij Sbornik 25 (1966) 45-52; Postgate NA Leg. Docs. 45 and 54 f.

qātātu in rab qātāti s.; (mng. unkn.); NA, NB; wr. syll. and rab šu^{II}.MEŠ-ti; ef. qātu.

LÚ rab $\S U^{II}$.ME $\S -ti$ (in obscure context) ADD 680 r. 6; LÚ.GAL qa-ta-a-ta Cyr. 158:4.

In ABL 755+1393:16, Unger Babylon 285 No. 26 iv 13, one may have to emend to LÚ(.GAL) SU. (SÌLA). DU₃. A(.MEŠ), for which see rab šāqî.

qātātu in ša qātāti s.; guarantor; OA, OB (Elam and Alalakh); cf. qātātu.

lú. šu. du₈. a = ša qá-ta-tim OB Lu A 279.

- a) in OA 1' in gen.: PN and PN₂ took hold of me, saying ša $[q\acute{a}]$ -ta-tim ta'uram utarram the guarantor will certainly make (you) come back TCL 4 110:5; let the goods reach me $b\bar{e}l$ $q\bar{i}ptija$ $b\bar{a}b$ $harr\bar{a}nija$ ša $q\acute{a}$ -ta-tim la erriš $\bar{i}ma$ so that the person making the $q\bar{i}ptu$ loan given to me will not ask me for a guarantor before I leave CCT 3 8b:14.
- 2' ana ša qātāti itaddunu to require a debtor to supply a guarantor: if they refuse to pay the silver sikkašunu ka'ila u a-ša qá-ta-tim adi allakanni itaddina: šunu hold (pl.) them (lit. their hems) and make them provide a guarantor until I arrive KTS 38c:12, cf. awīlum sikkī ukâl u ana ša qá-ta-tim ittanaddinanni TCL 19 28:26; (PN said) kīma dīn kārim la imu'uma sikkī ukallu u ana ša qá-ta-tim ittanaddinini ICK 2 141:30, cf. PN a-ša qá-ta-tim iddin (for remainder of text see qātātu in bēl qātāti usage a) ibid. 4, cf. also TCL 4 103:3; assurri sikkušu ē la taşbatama u ana ša

qá-ta-tim ē la ta-dí-na-šu-ma eqlam ē ittalak heaven forbid that you not get hold of him and make him provide a guarantor, and that he go abroad VAT 13473:16, cited Or. NS 29 p. 33 f. n. 1, cf. sikkī PN ka'ila u ana <ša> qá-ta-tim itaddinašu ibid. 10; kīma šībī i-qá-tí-a la ukallu awīlam ana ša qá-ta-tim <itaddunim> palhāku since I have no witnesses at hand, I am afraid to ask the gentleman to provide a guarantor CCT 2 14:12.

b) other occs.: PN ana É RN šarri ana manzazānūti wašbu PN₂ ša qa-da-ti PN (the debtor) is staying in king RN's palace as pledge, PN₂ is guarantor Wiseman Alalakh 22:10, also (guarantor ^fPN, (the debtor's?) wife) JCS 8 5 No. 21:8 (OB Alalakh); [š]à qá-tá-ti-im telqīna (in obscure context) MDP 18 239:8 (OB let. from Elam).

qatihu v.(?); (mng. unkn.); EA; foreign word.

bēlī kīmē URU GN ina KUR Übe ana šēpēka // qa-ti-hi u kīam URU GN₂ ana šēpēka // qa-ti-hu li-eš my lord, just as Damascus in Übe is at your feet, gloss: qatihu, so also is Qatna at your feet, gloss: qatihu lēš EA 53:64f. (let. from Qatna); šarri bēli[j] a qa-ti-hu da-an-na [š]a [...] (in obscure context) EA 284:19 (let. of Šuwardata).

qātima conj.; (mng. uncert.); OB; cf. qātu.

māšehī ša bītam šâti imaššahu mahar mamman ul ašakkan qá-ti-ma ištu rēšim bītam šâti tupahhiru u tuballitušu I will not "place before anyone" the robbers who are despoiling this house(hold), although(?) you have kept together and provided for this household since the beginning Kraus, AbB 5 76 r. 6.

qatinnu (qattinu) s.; (a profession); MB, MA, NA; ef. qatinnūtu.

LÚ qa-tin Bab. 7 pl. 5 iii 9 (NA list of professions), see MSL 12 238.

qatinnütu qatnu

a) in MB: $err\bar{e}\bar{s}\bar{i}$ ša ālišu lu qa-at-ti-ni lu āšib āli lu amēlūti ša tēmišu the tenant farmers of his city, whether they are q-s or living in the city, or any (other) persons under his command MDP 2 pl. 21 ii 35; (rations of barley) ana $err\bar{e}\bar{s}i$ ù $q\acute{a}$ -at-ti-ni BE 15 37:1, cf. PN imhurma ana qa-ti-ni i-din BE 14 110:9.

- b) in MA: LÚ qa-ti-nu (in broken context) KAV 193:10 (MA royal rit.); x barley ana kurummat ERÍN.MEŠ kaš-ši-e qa-[ti]-ni AoF 1 60 i 41, cf. ana kurummat qa-ti-ni ibid. 68 iv 5; household of two widows of a q. (included among itinnu's) VAT 18136 ii 1-13, cited Freydank, AoF 4 125.
- c) in NA: šarru atā uba'a [ina] bīt LÚ qa-tin-ni [a] tā uba'amma why does the king search (and) why does he search in the home of a q.? (referred to as ša eqlu īrušuni r. 9) ABL 74:11, see Parpola LAS No. 38; naphar 8 LÚ qa-tin Johns Doomsday Book 9 iii 2, PN LÚ qa-tin-nu (beside $ikk\bar{a}ru$) ADD 742 r. 37, cf. (in broken context) ADD 741:29 and 748:8 (all census texts), L[Ú] qa-tin-nu (among persons of various professions) Iraq 32 156 No. 24 r. 5, cf. Iraq 16 47 ND 2345:2; PN LÚ qa-tin mār šarri (witness, among craftsmen) VAT 10007 r. 23; 60 LÚ qa-tin.meš (among temple personnel receiving rations) ADD 757:4; PN LÚ qa-tin-ni STT 49:17, see Deller, Or. NS 34 469; PN LÚ *qa-tin-nu ša Nabû* Iraq 15 146 ND 3436:2 (photo Iraq 17 pl. 25/1); PN LÚ qa-tin-nu ša É.KUR.MEŠ VAT 8657:7; PNLÚ qa-ti-en-nu (witness) Postgate Palace Archive 82:9; LÚ GAL qa-tin-nu (recipient of rations) ADD 1077 i 21; exceptionally in a NB let.: Lú qa-at-tin (in broken CT 54 32 r. 7; as personal name: Qa-ti-nu VAT 14428:27, 14439 r. 7 and passim, see Deller, Or. NS 34 477.

Deller, Or. NS 34 476f.; Freydank, AoF 4 124ff.

qatinnūtu s.; status, position of qatinnu; NA; cf. qatinnu.

naphar 41 napšāti GN ana LÚ qa-tin-ú-te ana DN addinšunūti in all, 41 persons from Arba'il, I gave them to (the temple of) Zababa to serve as q. KAV 39 r.(!) 12, see Ebeling Stiftungen p. 11.

qātipu s.; (a textile worker); OB lex.*; cf. qatāpu.

lú.túg.pa.kud.da = qá-ti-pu OB Lu D 10, in MSL 12 204, [lú.túg.pa.k]ud.ru = qá-ti-pu-um OB Lu B i 14, also OB Lu A 12.

For the textile operation involved see $qat\bar{a}pu$ mng. 2.

qatnu (fem. qatantu, qatattu) adj.; 1. thin, fine, narrow, 2. younger; from OAkk. on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and sig; cf. qatānu.

si-ig sig = en-[δu], qa-[at-nu] S^b II 314 f.; [...] = $q\acute{a}$ -at-nu-[um (...)], $\lceil x.x.x.\rceil = q\acute{a}$ -at-nu-um [(...)] Bogh. Lu Fragm. II 2 f., in MSL 12 82; sig = $en\acute{s}u$, qat-nu Izbu Comm. 66 f.; for other lexical equations with Sum. equivalent sig see mng. 1.

lú al.sig.ga = $q\acute{a}$ -at-nu- \acute{u} (preceded by qut-tunu) OB Lu A 86.

1. thin, fine, narrow -a) said of parts of the body: $uzu.\check{s}\grave{a}.mah = ir-rikab-ri$, $uzu.\check{s}\grave{a}.sig = MIN qat-ni$ Hh. XV 103f.; [uzu.giš.kun.tur] = qa-ta-at-tu = rapal-tú se-her-tú Hg. B IV i 36, in MSL 9 35; šà.mah šà.sig.ga.gin_x(GIM) šu mu. un.dib.dib.[x]: šamāļu kīma irri gatni işappir (the sag.gig disease) twists the colon as if it were the small intestine CT 17 25:34f., dupl. KAR 368:6f.; see also irrūmng. 1b-2'; šumma (panūšu) sig.meš if his face is narrow Kraus Texte 7:4, cf. *šumma panī* sig ibid. 24:18, CT 28 28:24, (referring to the brow) summa gùb sig (opposite kabar) KAR 395 i 7, also ibid. 2 (all physiogn.); [šumma immeru] . . . MURUB₄*šu* sig if the sheep's flank is thin CT 28 14 K.9166:4, and dupl. CT 31 30:4, wr. MURUB₄.MEŠ-šú qat-nu CT 30 48 K.8044:4 (behavior of sacrificial lamb); šumma šapūlī qá-tan Kraus Texte 22 i 17; šumma GÌŠ SIGma Kraus Texte 9d r. 12 (= AMT 22,1); šumma ... mušēnigtašu tulā sīg-at if its (the infant's) wet nurse has (too) small a breast Labat TDP 220:36; ša kišāssu SIG-ma u GfD.

qatnu qatnu

DA (he has a [...] neck means that) he has a thin but long neck Kraus Texte 24:4; [ša šēp]āšu kilallān ŪR.MEŠ SIG.MEŠ (that means) that both his legs have thin thighs ibid. 22 i 34; išid appi qa-ta-an SAG.DU appi GAL (the sheep) has a narrow base of the nose (and) a large top of the nose (explaining pan Ḥuwawa) Izbu Comm. 191.

said of textiles: [túg...] = kax-x = su-u-nu qat-nu Hg. D 435, also Hg. C II r. 12, in MSL 10 140f.; $[t\acute{u}g...] = [e-dap]$ $pa-tum = na-ah-lap-tu qa-tan-t\acute{u}$ Hg. C II 16, in MSL 10 139; 12 TÚG ša Akkidê alqe iq= qerbim [1] TÚG qá-at-na-am PN ilqe I took twelve "Akkadian" textiles, from among them PN took one q. textile CCT 5 39b:20; 1 TÚG $q\acute{a}$ -at-[nam] (beside $kut\bar{a}n\bar{i}$) TCL 1972:25, cf. ibid. 32; işşēr panîm şubātim ša tušēbilini šaptam 1 ma.na.ta raddīma lu qá-at-nu compared to the textile you (fem.) sent previously, add one mina of wool extra in each, but let them be thin TCL 19 17:18; šumma subātī qá-at-nu-tim la takaššidi ašammēma ammakam aššīmim mādu if you (fem.) are unable to (make) q. textiles, I hear that there are many for sale there ibid. 29, cf. şubātam qáat-na-am ša tušēbilini (worth thirty shekels of silver) ibid. 6; 1 TÚG raqqatam damigtam gá-ta-tám šāmanimma buy for me a thin textile of good quality with fine weave CCT 4 48b:18 (all OA); 1 abar= nium 2 qá-at-nu-tum 4 ša qātim Leiden Coll. 2 p. 41f. LB 1201 r. 3, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 120; sūnātim 1 MA.[NA] ulama 2 MA.NA qa-at-na-tim damqātim šūbilam send me one or two minas of sūnu textiles, fine and good quality ones ARM 18 38:11; PN TÚG şubāssu qa-at-na id= dinamma PN sold me his fine garment Kraus AbB 1 39:26, see also massu A; 1 TÚG nahlaptu qá-tan(or -líp)-tum PBS 2/2 121:38, also ibid. 30, 42, 127:21, 128 ii 5, 13, 135 ii 1f., Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 48:4, see qalpu adj.; 1 Túg.HI.A qa-at-nu (of blue wool) AfO 19 pl. 6:7 and 8, also (\$a'upu) ibid. 9 (MA); 2 TÚG.MEŠ qa-at(text -ab)-

nu-tum nasqūtu JEN 61:9; 11 TĆG.SIG ŠĀ.BA 7 QAT-NU eleven fine(?) textiles, among them seven q. (and one blue, four white ones) (a color is expected) KBo 18 181:19; 3 GADA SIG 3 GADA <GĆ>.È.A SI[G] EA 31:31 (let. from Egypt), see Edel, Studien zur Altägyptischen Kultur 1 135 ff.

- c) said of wool, thread, hair, string (of an instrument): sig.sig = qa-at-naa-tum Hh. XIX 35; I am sending you 13 MA.NA SÍG.HI.A qa-at-na-[tim] CT 52 12:7, ef. 13:7, 14:7, ef. sfg sig ibid. 28:11, YOS 2 45:7 and 12; x-x-bu-si $q\acute{a}-at-na-tim$ and lu=bušti awīlim 3 ma.na síg ana 1 gín kù. BABBAR the thin -s for the gentleman's clothing, three minas of wool per shekel of silver (parallel qutnu, see VAS 16 189:4; qutnu mng. 1) *§umma* tīrānū kīma gu.meš sig.meš if the intestines are like thin strings 13:21 (SB ext.); tuānu GADA qa-at-nu fine linen thread ADD 953 v 13, see Postgate Taxation 326 iv 12; kīma šārti qa-tan la idû ina šīrī (the maškadu disease) is as thin as a hair (so that) it is not perceptible in the body Köcher BAM 124 iv 17, cf. qata-an kīma šar-te ul i-[']-ad ina pagri Studies Landsberger 285:4; sa.3 sa.sig = $\delta a - al - \delta u \quad qa - a[t - nu]$ third, thin string (of the harp) Nabnitu XXXII i 3, SA 3-šú SIG CBS 10996 i 15, 18, and 21, see Studies Landsberger 266f., also (restored) Iraq 30 229 right col. 2.
- d) fine, said of work: dullu qá-at-nu fine work (in broken context) EA 14 ii 31 (let. from Egypt), wr. SIG ibid. iii 75 f., iv 1, see dullu mng. 3e.
- e) narrow, said of scarves, belts, etc.: 2 paršīgū qa-at-nu-tu YOS 2 16:38 (OB let.), 1 paršīgum qa-at-nu-um TCL 10 94:1 (OB); ina TÚG huṣān qat-nu qablīšu rakis he is girt around the waist with a narrow sash UVB 15 40 r. 4 (NB rit.).
- f) narrow, said of streets, roads, gates, etc.: sila.tur = $s[u-qa-qu-\hat{u}]$, sila.sig = qa-[at-nu], $su-q[a-qu-\hat{u}]$ Izi D ii 7ff.;

qatnu qatrānu

[Ku-n]u-uš-kàd-ru:su-qiqat-nu Lambert BWL 56 line o (Ludlul Comm.), cf., wr. SILA SIG-nu Iraq 36 44:63 (Topography of Babylon); (a garden) DA $s\bar{u}qim$ $q\acute{a}$ -at-ni VAS 18 21:3, wr. SILA $q\acute{a}$ -a[t-ni(m)] (var. SIG) TCL 1 136:4 (case), var. from 135:4 (tablet, all OB); a house DA $s\bar{u}qu$ qa-ta-an by the narrow street VAS 5 32:4, wr. SILA qata-nu Dar. 275:2, SILA qa-at-nu Peiser Verträge 117:7, and passim, SILA qát-nu VAS 15 39:43, VDI 54 (1955/4) 142:7, 151:9, and passim, also SILA qat-nu Cyr. 128:10, and passim, DA SILA qat-ni VAS 1 35:13, SILA SIG Nbk. 156:3, and passim, suqu SIG-nu CT 49 137:3, BRM 1 34:11 (all NB), see also mūtaqu usage b, āṣû mng. 2; a field ina $h\bar{u}li$ qa-at-ni on the narrow road ADD 382:6; girra qa-at-na . . . ana mēteg um= mānija ... utīb I improved the narrow road for the march of my army TCL 3 330 (Sar.); appalisma kāri abī iksuru ga-ta-an šikinšu dūra danna ... abnīma I discovered that the construction of the quay wall which my father had erected was too narrow and (therefore) I built a strong wall VAB 4 196 No. 28:4, parallel ibid. 82 i 21 (Nbk.); A.GÀR AMBAR (?) qa-at-ni RA 66 164:9 (MB kudurru); note: A.GAR qá-ta-antum (as "Flurname"?) TIM 2 3:10, cf. (fields) šà qa-ta-tum (parallel: šà ra= paštum) TCL 11 236:6f. (OB), cf. ibid. 8f.; DA É. AN.NA qereb KÁ qa-ta-an (houses) adjacent to Eanna within the district of the Narrow Gate RA 16 125 i 13 (NB kudurru), cf. ša KÁ qát-nu AnOr 9 9 iv 3, also PN $L\check{U}.\grave{1}.DU_8$ ša KÁ $q\acute{a}t$ -nu YOS 7 42:8 and 15; šīhi ša $q\acute{a}t$ -nu GAL-i AnOr 9 19:34 (all NB).

g) other occs.: lú.sa = ša še-e-tim, lú.sa.gal = ša ra-bi-tim, lú.sa.sig = ša $q\acute{a}$ -ta-an-tim (fowler) with a fine-meshed net OB Lu A 429 ff., also OB Lu C_6 :10, in MSL 12 196; šumma rigma $q\acute{a}$ -tan if he has a soft voice (opposite kabar) AfO 11 224:82 (physiogn.); if the smoke ana išdišu $q\acute{a}$ -ta-an is thin toward its base UCP 9 375:23 (OB smoke omens); SUH[UŠ-Š] \acute{u} DAGAL KA-š \acute{u} \acute{u} a-ta-an (explaining kakkullu, q.v.)

KAR 94:27 (Maqlu Comm.); mijham qa-atnam tarassan (to clean a garment) you brew thin mihhu beer (for soaking the garment) UET 6 414:7, see Gadd, Iraq 25 183 (OB lit.); eme. ŠID (var. eme. DIR) edin. na = qa-ta-at-tum Hh. XIV 215, for EME. ŠID.EDIN.NA see surāru A mng. 1c; qa-at-nu (in broken context) Lambert Love Lyrics 126:1 and 6; as personal name: Qá-at-núm MAD 1 163 viii 36, for other refs. see p. 197; Qa-at-nu MDP 23 318:14, KAJ 128:18 (MA).

2. younger: ^mA-ša-[ri-du] qa-at-nu PN the younger ABL 796:2, also 255 r. 3, Thompson Rep. 136D r. 6, 220 r. 2, contrasted with Ašaridu maḥrū, see Oppenheim, BASOR 97 26f.

In TCL 14 36:27 read kà-ta ta-am-a-ti. Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 214ff.

qatnu s.; (a garment); syn. list*; cf. qatānu.

qa-at-nu = MIN (= su-bat) ra-bu-u Malku VI 64, cf. qa-at-nu = MIN (= [su]-bat) qal-pu An VII 156; $q\acute{a}$ - $\acute{a}t$ -nu = MIN MIN (= su-ba-tu ba-nu- \acute{u}), MIN la-bi-tum Malku VI 39 f.

Probably a garment worn thin.

qatpu adj.; plucked; OA, SB; cf. qaz $t\bar{a}pu$.

- a) said of a date cluster: as these dates are stripped off and thrown into the fire ana sissinni qa-at-pu la iturrū (so that) they cannot return to the plucked cluster (so may the evil be stripped off) Surpu V 75.
- b) said of textiles: 1 TÚG kutānam 1 TÚG lá qá-at-pá-am ana PN ezib leave for PN one kutānu (and) one unplucked (?) textile ICK 2 299:11 (OA).

qatrānu s.; cedar resin, tar; plant list.* \circ $qat_6(var. qat_7)$ -ra-a-nu: \circ A.KAL GIŠ eri_4 -ni Uruanna II 514.

Meaning based on the equivalence and on etymology (Arabic qaṭrān "resin, tar").

qatû A

qatrēnu see qutrīnu.

qatru (*katru, fem. qatirtu, katirtu) adj.; smoky; MB, SB; cf. qatāru.

eţû qat-ru limmer kinūnī may my dimmed (and) smoldering hearth light up (again) (i.e., may my home be inhabited again) STC 2 82:87, see Ebeling Handerhebung kal ūmi išāta la ka-tir-tám [ta]šarrap you keep a smokeless fire burning all day RA 60 30:15 (MB recipe for making colored glass), cf. [išā]ta ţābta la qa-tir-ta tašarrap Oppenheim Glass 34 A § 1:16, also 37 A § 6:63, B § 4:6', and passim in glassmaking texts, wr. qa-tir-ti ibid. 38 C also išāta dannata la ga-tir-ta tašarrap ibid. 34 B § 2:36; in transferred mng. (cf. $qat\bar{a}ru$ v. mng. 2): lib-bi [...] BM 68039:7 (SB prayer, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

qattanu adj.; thin, fine (also used as pl. of qatnu); OB, SB, NA, NB; cf. qatānu.

á.sig.sig = i-du qá-at-ta-nu-tum thin arms(?) Proto-Izi II Bil. Section A ii 16; giš.zú.sig.ga gišimmar = min (= su-u) qa-at-ta-nu-tu fine palm fibers Hh. III 370.

- a) in gen.: *šumma* [*šārat*] *qaqqadi qa-at-ta-an* if he has a thin growth of hair on his head (opposite *kabbar*) Kraus Texte 3b ii 62, dupl. 2b r. 8.
- b) used as pl. of qatnu: šumma qerbū kabbarūtu qá-at-ta-nu-ti altu if the thick intestines have "swallowed" the thin ones RA 65 71:16, also *šumma gerbū gá-at-ta*nu-tu kab \ba r\bar{u}ti altu ibid. 17, \bar{s}umma ina gerbī gá-at-ta-nu-ti irru atru ittabši ibid. 14, cf. also ibid. 4 and 73:56 (OB ext.); šumma qat-ta-na if (a woman's buttocks) are very thin (opposite kabbara) Kraus Texte 11b viii 2, cf. (the lips) ibid. 5, (the arm sockets) ibid. 11c vi 9, šumma x-x-x-šá SIG.MEŠ (opposite kabbara) ibid. 5, also (a-hi-šu) ibid. 11, $(q\bar{a}t\bar{a}\delta a)$ ibid. 17; [...] $q\acute{a}-at-ta-na$ a [...] (in obscure context) Köcher BAM 40:13; [34 kappī kas]pi šu.si.meš dannāti [qal: late qa-at-ta-na-a-te 34 silver bowls with

large, light, and thin fingers (as design) TCL 3 p. 78:33, restored from TCL 3 359; 40 GIŠ.ASAL qa-at-ta-nu-tu PN mahir PN has received forty thin (logs of) poplar (as well as willow and šumātu wood) BIN 1 165:14 (NB).

qattattu (or kat(t)at(t)u) s.; (a piece of furniture); MB Alalakh.*

10 GIŠ ka-at-ta-ad-du 5 GIŠ šunānu (after one, two, or three tables, beds, chairs) Wiseman Alalakh 421:3, and, wr. GIŠ ka-at-ta-tu ibid. 6, 8, and 11.

qattinu see qatinnu.

qattû (fem. qattītu) adj.; (mng. unkn.); lex.

[SAL . . .].UL = q at-ti-tu Lu III ii 7'.

qattunu see quttunu.

qatû A (fem. qatītu) adj.; 1. finished, completed, final, 2. entire, complete; SB, NB; cf. qatû v.

kin = δi -ip-ru, kin.ak.a = min ep- δu , kin. til.la = [min] qa-tu-u, [min] ga-am-ru, kin.nu. til.la = [min] la min Ai. VII i 18 ff.

 $[na_4.giš.za_x(\S ID).ga.za.gin] = [su-ud-du-ru] = qa-tu-ú x [x] Hg. B IV line q, in MSL 10 36.$

ar-ka-bi-in-ni = MIN (= daltu) la qa-ti-tum Malku II 172, also CT 18 3 r. ii 22.

- 1. finished, completed, final a) buildings: šipir Esagil la qa-ta-a ušaklil I brought to completion the unfinished work on Esagil Streek Asb. 230:12, cf. bīta la qá-ta-a agmur šipiršu VAB 4 68:27 (Nabopolassar); bītu epšu la qa-tu-ú an improved plot, unfinished BE 8/1 115:1 (NB).
- b) artifacts: gold KI.LÁ 2 X.GA.MEŠ la qa-ti-ti in the form of two unfinished-s 82-7-14,589 r. 2; (precious stones for a necklace for Marduk) among them 1 ME NA₄.MEŠ qa-tu-tum ina pani PN TCL 12 101:15 (both NB); uncert.: 1 BÁN ka-si-ia qa-tu-tum one seah of kasû

*qatû B qatû 1a

(for making beer) VAS 6 182:4; see also Malku, in lex. section.

- e) calculations: siman qa-tu-ú final (value of the) duration (of the month) Neugebauer ACT 200 ii 27 and 28, r. i 2.
- 2. entire, complete: aškāpūtu qa-ti-ti ulammassu he will teach him the entire craft of the leather worker Dar. 457:6, cf. (kāṣirūtu) Camb. 245:7, (nuḥatimmūtu) Cyr. 248:6, BOR 2 119:7, 12, (purkullūtu) Cyr. 325:8, (sabsinnūtu) Nbn. 172:7, pūṣammūtu qa-tu-ú (for qatītu) Cyr. 313:6, but išparūtu gabbi Cyr. 64:6; tēmu qa-tu-ú [ana] bēlija alztapra CT 54 514:5.

Ad mng. 2: San Nicolò Lehrvertrag (= SBAW 1950/3) 12 f.

qatû B (fem. qatītu or kad/tītu, gad/tītu) adj.; (a quality of wool); OA.

[šaptam] GA-Df-tám(!) mimma tadānam la imua he is not willing to hand over wool CCT 4 45b:37, also ibid. 36, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 131 and n. 323.

qatû v.; 1. to come to an end, to be used up, 2. to perish, 3. to become completed, finished, settled, 4. to finish, to complete, to bring to an end, to go to the end of a period of time, a course, to settle, to pay in full, 5. quttû to use up, to end, 6. quttû to destroy, put an end to, 7. II/2 to be finished, completed (passive to mng. 4), 8. šugtû to bring to an end, 9. šutaqtû to bring to fulfillment, completion; from OB on; I iqti - iqatti - qati, I/2, II, II/2, II/3, III, III/2, note qú-ti-ti (WSem. passive?) EA 75:37; wr. syll. (note uq-ta-at-ti Schollmeyer No. 18:17) and TIL, AL.TIL (for (AL.)TI see mng. 3b, šu^{II} CT 22 20:18); cf. qatû A adj., qātû in la qātû, qatûtu s., qītājû, qītu, quttû, taqtītu.

ti-il BAD = ga-ma-rum, la- $q\acute{a}$ -a-tum, $q\acute{a}$ -tu-u-um MSL 2 130a v 11-13 (Proto-Ea), see MSL 3 218; ti-il BAD = qa-tu-[u], ga-ma-r[u] Idu II 240f.; ti-il BAD = g[a-ma-ru], qa-tu-[u] Sa Voc. V 1f., also U 9f., A II/3:12f.; [BAD] [ti-il] = [g]a-ma-

a-ru = (Hitt.) zi-in-nu-ma[r], [BAD] [ti-il] = qa-a-du = (Hitt.) šu-[aš] Izi Bogh. B r. 10f.; til.la = qí-i-tum, til.til = qut-tu-ú Izi J iii 13f.; til = ga-ma-ru, qa-tu-ú Igituh short version 61f.

[za-al] [NI] = qa-tu-u A II/1 iii 3; za-al NI = ga-ma-rum, qá-tu-ú MSL 9 149 ii 11 f. (Proto-Aa).

NI. bi = šu-taq-tu-u Erimhuš III 85; AN = šu-taq-tu-ú Haupt Die Akkadische Sprache pl. 9 K.4808:24.

šìr.ri nu.ti.le ba.ni.[...]: sirih la qa-te-e liq[bi...] let him recite an endless dirge BA 10/1 76 No. 4:35f.; [hi].li.bi nu.til.la: ša kuzubšu la qa-tu-u whose sexual charm is inexhaustible Lugale IV 6.

u₄ mu.da.an.zal: *ūmu iq-ta-ti* the day had passed (in broken context) SBH p. 54 No. 27:18f.

u4 mu ti.la u4 gi6 ti.la : ūmu ețlu igammar $\bar{u}mu$ ardatu u'-qat-[ta] the $\bar{u}mu$ demon finishes the man, the umu demon destroys the woman SBH p. 95 No. 52 r. 19f.; šul.á.tuku á.na mu. un.da.til: ša eţli bēl emūqi emūqīšu uq-ta-at-ti (the demon) brought the strong young man's strength to an end CT 17 22:149f.; im.mu.un. gam.maim.mu.un.til.la: ša uqaddidanni ú-qaat-ti-an-ni who bent me down, destroyed me 4R 21* No. 2:14f., see OECT 6 p. 2; é.a gig til. $le.gin_x(GIM)$ ma.ra ta ma.ma.a[1]: ki-ma bi $ta(var. -tum) \quad ma-ru-u\check{s}(!)-tum(var. -ti) \quad \acute{u}-qat-tu \acute{u}({\rm var.~omits~} \emph{-}\acute{u}) \emph{-} \emph{su}~j \emph{a} \emph{ti}~m \ddot{\imath} \emph{nu}~i \emph{s} \emph{s} \emph{a} \emph{k} \emph{n} [a]~{\rm KAR~375~iii}$ 21 f., var. from dupl. 5R 52 No. 2:45 f.; úr.ra.a.ni gi6.dùg.ga.bi nu.til.la.e.da.ni ù.di.na. nam: ina utlu mūši ṭābu la ú-qat-ta-a šitti I did not get enough sleep in the sweet lap of the night 4R 20 No. 1:7f.

- i NI $/\!\!/$ qu-ut-tu-u $/\!\!/$ KI. $^{2a-al}$ NI $/\!\!/$ qa-[tu-u . . .] A II/1 Comm. B 7'; $^{ti-il}$ BAD = qa-tu-u Izbu Comm. 15; el-la-me-e: AGA ta5-ri-il-ti ŠA-bu-u6. la ma : É er-bi Šá-ni5 si é. gar $_8$. bi til. la: el-la-mu-u Šá nu-u-ru la-ni-su u-qa-ta-a: si : nu-u-ru : é. gar $_8$: la-a-nu: bi : su-u: til : qa-tu-u JNES 33 332:17 ff.; [su]-tab-ru-u/qa-t[u-u] A II/1 Comm. B 18'.
- 1. to come to an end, to be used up—a) said of periods of time: barārtu kî iq-tu-ú ummu iṣṣabassi when the evening watch ended, fever came over her BE 17 33:10 (MB let.); ūmū iq-ta-tu-ú ītetiq adannu the days have come to an end, the date set has passed Cagni Erra IIc:13; palē šar Bābili i-qá-at-ti [...] the reign of the king of Babylon will come to an end BiOr 28 15 v 15, cf. BALA LUGAL TIL Leichty Izbu XI 1, also ibid. XIV 7, BRM 4 13:79, Labat Suse 9:13, BALA LUGAL qa-ti KUB 4 1 iv 22 (ext.), BALA 3,20 qá-ti ACh Sin 34:62, cf.

qatû 1b qatû 2b

MU.MEŠ BALA LUGAL qá-tu «tu» Leichty Izbu X 25, cf. also UD.MEŠ qa-tú-ú MDP 14 p. 56 i 19; [x (x)].ME i-qat-ti Dreambook 318 iii 4; iq-ta-at-a šanātija STT 55:44 and dupl., see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 470:15; obscure: UD-mu qa-tu-ú-ma ACh witnesses before whom PN Sin 19:3; swore kî MN iq-ta-tu-u adi mimma mala ina bīt PN aškunu ušessû the month of Tašrītu will not have ended before I take out whatever I put in PN's house VAS 6 35:4, cf. (in similar phrase) Nbk. 307:8, Nbn. 849:14, Evetts Ner. 47:7, cf. also adi MN TIL- \acute{u} ețir VAS 6 200:14 (NB), MN qa-ta CT 22 14:21; adi PA KASKAL (= pa-ras?) i-qa-attu- $[\acute{u}]$ GCCI 2 388:7 (both NB letters).

- b) said of a business trip: ušetteqma qa-ti harrān GN annakam i.l.A.E if he lets (the term for repayment) pass, he will pay the tin at the completion of the business trip to Susa Leemans Foreign Trade 59:13 and 60:12 case, also 62:10 (= TCL 10 125 and 20).
- c) to be used up: ša GN mašqītu qata-at (the water in) the irrigation outlet for the city of GN is exhausted 27:33 (MB let.); É.ZÍD.DA qa-ti YOS 3 66:5 (NB let.); lubuštī iq-ti my clothing is worn out Gilg. X v 30; kaspu ša ina panīšunu šu^{II} (= qati) the silver at their disposal is used up CT 22 20:18 (NB let.); [i]q-ta-ta idāni burkāni ītanha ina alāki urhi our arms have no more strength (lit. have become used up), our feet (lit. knees) have become weary from travel VAS 12 193:12 (šar tamhāri); libbašu itti šarri bēlija qa-tu- \dot{u} he is completely devoted to the king, my lord (replacing gummuru, see gamāru v. mng. 3h-1') ABL 958 r. 10, also, wr. qa-bu-u ABL 1136:6 (NB), cf. [šà.al. til] = [§A] qa-ti MSL 9 92 i 3 (list of diseases); la qa-tu-[u zīmūa] (how could) my looks not be exhausted? Gilg. X iii 10; kuppu . . . libbaka ša la i-qát-tu-ú nagab[šu] your mind is a catchwater whose spring never fails Lambert BWL 70:23 (Theodicy).

- 2. to perish -a) with napištu: PN ša ina ușși muhhușu la iq-tu-ú napšāte PN who was wounded by an arrow but did not die (immediately) Streck Asb. 314 8:2, parallel AfO 8 182 ii 4 (Asb.); ina unși u bubūti napištuš lig-ti BBSt. No. 36 vi 53 (NB), cf. ina šattišu napištašu ig-ti Piepkorn Asb. 60 iv 58; šerra kunnât ana qa-tu-ú napište (the woman in labor) is (too) tenderly attached to the child, to the point of ending her life (rather than delivering) Iraq 31 31:35 and 52; note with napištu as subject: ina bubūti napšātu[šunu] qa-ta-a their lives ended through starvation BE 17 96:9 (MB let.); on the day you bore me I should have stayed in your womb $[p]i\check{s}(?)-ta-ni\ lu\ iq-\lceil tu\rceil-ma\ lu\ nim\bar{u}t\ it-\lceil ti\rceil$ [a]-ha-m[is(?)] our life should have come to an end, we should have died together Cagni Erra IV 90; ina ta-[ni-hu] diliptunapištakunu liq-ti by woe (and) sleeplessness may your life end Wiseman Treaties 487; ina zâbi u hâli ū'a a'a iq-ta-ti napištuš (the enemy king's) life trickled woefully away AAA 20 pl. 97 (p. 89):161 (Asb.).
- b) other occs.: kīma mê nādi ina tīki liq-tu-ú may they come to an end, like water from a waterskin, by dripping Maqlu I 118, cf. [n]apištašunu kīma mê nādi liq-[ti] AfO 18 294:77; ina nīši u māmīt tuqat-ta-in-ni ina nīši u māmīt pagarkunu

qatû 3a qatû 3c

liq-ti you strive to put an end to me by oath and curse, may you yourselves come to an end by oath and curse Maglu V 72, cf. šunu liq-tu-ú-ma anāku lum'id Maqlu II 95, cf. la a-qat-ti OECT 6 pl. 13 K.3515 r. 7; [amēl]ūtu u šipir ibbanû ištēniš i-qat-(whatever men do does not last forever) men and their achievements alike come to an end Lambert BWL 108:10; ina [ni]ziqti i-qat-ti he will perish in misery CT 28 27 r. 39 (physiogn.); ina lalīšu i-qat-ti Dream-book 323:y+15; adi ūmī īṣūti ša balta liq-ti-ma may be perish after a life of but a few (more) days BBSt. No. 5 iii 40 (MB); ina šihhat šīri liq-ta-a zumuršu may he (lit. his body) come to an end by wasting away VAS 1 37 v 44 (NB kudurru); the king of Elam ša... ina tānīhi iq-tu-u izūbu Piepkorn Asb. 60 iv 56; lilmad šarru bēlī inūma işşabat šar GN kali mātāti gúti-ti the king, my lord, should know that the king of Hatti has conquered all lands, (and) I am finished (WSem. passive?) EA 75:37; ul ina libbiša itti bīt bēlikā qata-a-ta will you not perish accordingly (?), along with the house of your lord? ABL 290:19; ana libbiša re-eš-su itti bītātini qata-a-ni accordingly (?) for the first time (?) we are perishing, together with our houses ABL 1241+ r. 2, see Dietrich Aramäer 200 No. 156, cf. šarru bēlija idi kî GN iq-tu-ma LU Puqūdu ina qaqqarišunu ašbu the king. my lord, knows that the Bīt-Amūkāni tribe has vanished and that the Puqudu are (now) settled in their territory ABL 275 r. 9 (all NB); *šumma šerru ina nikipti* Sin qerbūšu purrudu u qa-tu-um-ma i-qatti if the baby's intestines are disturbed by an "attack of Sin" and it is wasting away Labat TDP 222:42.

3. to become completed, finished, settled – a) work, manufactured objects: našappu kaspi 'a kî la qa-tu-ú ištēn našappu kaspi šanû ana eššešu kiništu ittišunu liškunu since the silver našappu bowl has not (yet) been completed, the kiništu collegium should provide them with

another silver našappu bowl for the eššešu festival YOS 3 51:14 (NB let.); $\bar{u}m$ [šip]ri ili šuāti i-qat-tu-u when the (repair) work on this (statue of the) god is completed TuL p. 111:21, cf. adi šipri ili šuāti i-qat-tu-u ibid. 19, adi bīt ili šuāti i-[qat-tu]-ú RAcc. 44 r. 11; note: 40 qaqqar ina panattūa iḥerrū adi muḥhi ūmu 'a ul iq-tu(!) they were digging forty (measures of) terrain before I came (and) to this day it is still not finished YOS 3 19:7; as for our work aḥūa liqbīma liq-tu-u BIN 1 50:24 (NB let.).

- b) tablets, literary compositions: $[l]\bar{e}$: 'āni qa-tu-ú the tablets are finished ABL 1340:11 (NB); AL.TIL completed Ai. VI iv 55 (colophon), NU AL.TIL TCL 6 4 r. 16, and passim in colophons, see Hunger Kolophone 172 s.v., Wr. AL.TIL.LA SBH p. 102 No. 54 r. 49, wr. qa-ti KBo 1 3 r. 46, KUB 3 1:19, VAS 12 193 r. 29, as Akkadogram in Hitt.: QA-TI KBo 6 6 subscript, KUB 21 29 iv 17, KUB 30 50 r. v 14, 18, and passim, Ú-UL QA-TI KUB 30 42 i 4; $d\bar{\imath}n\check{s}u$ ul $\lceil qa \rceil$ -ti u ul $\check{s}atir$ (see $d\bar{\imath}nu$ mng. 2) SPAW 1889 828 (pl. 7) iii 1, see Landsberger, Symb. Koschaker 224 n. 23; referring to literary compositions: note, wr. AL.TI JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 9 iv 3, vi 32, CT 15 3 i 2, NU.TI ibid. 2 viii 11.
- c) accounts, lawsuits: Dù-uš nikkassī ša idī kurummati ša PN u PN, ša adi gīt MN itti PN₃ qa-tu-ú the rendering of the accounts (construed as pl.) for wages and food allowances of PN and PN2, up to the end of MN, is settled with PN₃ VAS 6 181:5; epiš nikkassī ša suluppī . . . itti PN qa-tu-ú VAS 3 40:7, epiš nikkassīšunu itti aḥāmeš qa-tu-ú Nbn. 838:9, cf. TuM 2-3 127:8, BIN 1 122:5, TCL 13 160:11, CT 22 238:6, 239:4, epuš nikkassi...itti aḥāmeš ul qa-tu-ú Moldenke 28:9 (coll. L. Hartman), also Nbk. 254:6, Dar. 426:13, and passim in NB replacing gamāru; mešhassunu ša bīti itti ahāmeš qa-ta-a-ti BE 8 115:45 (NB); ina pani dajānī akanna dibbīšunu li-iq-tu-' let their lawsuit be settled here, before the judges 210:21 (NB let.); dibbīšunu itti ahāmeš gatu-u their lawsuit is settled by mutual

qatû 4a qatû 4a

(agreement) TCL 12 115:6, dibbīšunu ša bīti itti aḥāmeš qa-tu-ú Cyr. 128:24, also TCL 13 159:17, Evetts Ev.-M. 7:8, ZA 3 224:19, Dar. 260:15, and passim in NB, cf. adi muḥḥi ša dibbī... i-qát-tu-ma AJSL 27 216 RCT 12:10; dib-bi ul i-qat-tu-ú (in obscure context) TCL 6 11:11 (astron.).

quttû to finish, to complete, to bring to an end, to go to the end of a period of time, a course, to settle, to pay in full -a) to finish an object, a building, to complete work -1' in gen.: the temple ša ipištam šukluluma ummênūtam qú-uttu-u that was constructed with perfect workmanship, completed with masterly skill Syria 32 15 iv 7 (Jahdunlim); let the carpenters go dalassunu li-qa-a[t-tu]-ú ARMT 13 40:10; adi muhhi SIG₄.AL.ÙR.RA \acute{u} -qat-tu- \acute{u} until he has finished (making) the bricks (he must not go elsewhere) BRM 1 33:7, cf. $b\bar{a}b\bar{a}ni\ ga\bar{b}bi$. . . \acute{u} -qat $t\acute{u}$ VAS 5 117:14 (both NB); $adi \ q\bar{\imath}t \ \emph{\&a}a \ MN$ $attad\hat{u}$... \acute{u} -qa-at-tu- \acute{u} by the end of MN they will have completed the spillway (?) Nbn. 553:13, itteme kî adi UD.8.KAM ša MN al<la>kamma su.x.x.ma ú-qa-tu-ú Dar. 229:6; hallātu qu-ta-' finish (the work on) the baskets BIN 1 45:19 (NB let.); ultu šipri ekallija ú-qat-tu-ú after I completed the construction of my palace OIP 2 116 viii 65, parallel ibid. 98:91, 125:49 (Senn.), cf. šumma... la ú-qat-tu-ú šipirša (oath) ibid. 81:26, ultu šipir āli u É.GAL. MEŠ- $ia \acute{u}$ -qat-tu(var. $-t\acute{u}$)- \acute{u} Lyon Sar. 18:98; ultu šipri bīti šâtu agmuruma ú-qa-tu-u šipirša when I had finished the construction of that temple and completed work on it Borger Esarh. 72:32, cf. [ultu...] iggamru ú-qat-tu-ú herûssa OIP 2 81:26 (Senn.); ultu *šukuttī unammiruma ú-gat-tu-ú šiprī* after he (the Fire god) had made my jewelry gleam again, had finished the work I (commissioned him to do) Cagni Erra I 142; šipir Esagil ša zārūa la ú-qa-at-tu-ú anāku ušaklil the work on Esagil which my father had not finished, I myself completed Streck Asb. 246:57, also ibid. 226:8,

240 No. 5:8; ana muḥhi qu-ut-ti-i ša Ebabbar concerning the completion of Ebabbar YOS 3 161:15 (NB let.); šumma $ep\bar{e}$ š $b\bar{i}ti$ $q\acute{u}$ ut-tu-ma CT 38 12:72 (SB Alu); ina nimrika DUMU LÚ.ENGAR \acute{u} -qa-ta-a za-ru-[$\acute{s}u$] by your light (addressing the moon) the farmer finishes his sowing Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 49:21; epram šapāka şabta inūma tu-qa-at-ta-a mamma qaqqaršu lişbat start piling up the earthen ramp, when you have finished, each should take up his station KBo 1 11 obv. (!) 17, see ZA 44 116; maddatta kî ú-ga-tu-ú attadin when I finished the work assignment, I delivered it BE 17 27:28 (MB let.); [šip]ra ul tu-qata-' UET 4 183:7 (NB let.); abašu lināl šit= tašu li-qat-te [um] mašu ēpište iškari li-qatta-a iškarša may his (the baby's) father lie down (and) finish his sleep, may his mother, who performs the task, finish her task KAR 114:10f., see Ebeling, MAOG 5/3 9; [adi] dullašu ú-qat-tu-ú PN šissinnu ul inandaššu PN will not give him (the gardener) the dates as his compensation before he has finished all his work VAS 6 12:6 (NB); kî ša dullani nu-uq-ta-at-tu-ú as soon as we have finished our work Landsberger Brief 9:48, cf. ina panīšu atte: merka adi ina panīja ú-qat-tu-ú(text -RI) allakamma ibid. 8:8, ana muhhi dulla ša... ammerkû dulla uq-te-t[u . . .] ABL 968:11 (both NB), cf. dullaka numarku qibima dul: laka qutut-tu (I hear that) your work is lagging, give orders that your work be (?) finished PSBA 18 pl. 1 (after p. 255) 81-11-3,478 iv 3 (school tablet); uncert.: ittišu ul adabbu ana UD.16.KÁM ittišu ú-qa-at qalla ša bēlija lūmurma mīnu kî ú-ga-at ana bēlija lu-šu-pur-ru (obscure, for uqatta?, text contains many errors) CT 22 138:15 and 18 (NB let.).

2' in hendiadys: ultu ekurru šuātu ušaklilu ú-qat-tu-u agmura šipiršu after I had completely built this sanctuary (and) finished the work on it Thompson Esarh. pl. 16 iii 31 (Asb.); adi kūra tuq-te-et-tu-ma tētepšu as soon as you have completely

qatû 4b qatû 4e

finished building the kiln Oppenheim Glass 32 A:3, dupls. B:4 and C:2; $adi q\bar{i}t MN \acute{u}-qa$ at-tam-ma iherri before the end of MN he will complete digging up (the field for irrigation) VAS 5 49:22, cf. zēru gabbi ú-gate-e-ma iherrīma ibid. 26:19, zēru gabbi iherrēma ú-qát-ta Dar. 273:19, iherrēma \acute{u} - $q\acute{a}t$ -te-e-ma Dar. 316:15; SIG₄.HI.A \acute{u} - $q\acute{a}t$ te-e-ma ilabbin he will finish making the bricks 82-7-14,155:7; adi muhhi ša nēberu ú-qat-tu-ú ībiruni until they have completely crossed to this side ABL 520:23; lu-qat-ti-ma ana šarri bēlija luddin I will deliver the finished (decorations) to the king, my lord ABL 498:25, cf. ultu şīt šamši adi ereb šamši lu-qat-tu-ma ana šarri bēlija liddinu may (the gods) give the king, my lord, complete (dominion over) the world (lit. from east to west) ABL 277:9 (all NB).

- b) to bring (a ritual, an incantation) to an end: $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $takpir\bar{\imath}ti$ tuq-te-et-tu-u as soon as you have finished the purification rites BBR No. 26 ii 3, also ibid. i 19; la \acute{u} -qa-at-ti $ens\acute{u}$ $sir[q\bar{\imath}su]$ the diviner must not complete the libations for him AfO 19 53:164 (SB lit.); note in hendiadys: $\acute{s}ipta$ $il\bar{\imath}$ ul ide tu-qat-ta-ma tadabbub you recite the incantation "My god I do not know" to its very end KAR 90 r. 6.
- to go to the end of a period of time, a course: ina (text ana) hussi u hīp libbi li-qat-ta-a mu.an.na.meš-šá may she (the sorceress) finish her life (lit. years) in woe and heartbreak (parallel: lūbil ūmša live out her days) 4R 59 No. 1 r. 16; adi arha ša alādi ušetteguma [. . .]-šá la i-da-'-ip MN ú-qa-ta-ma ullad until she lets the month of birthgiving go by she must not her [. . .], she will give birth by the end of the month of Nisannu KAR 223 r. 12 (SB inc.); ūmēša ina qu-utti-i (var. mullê) arhīša ina ga-ma-ri when she has ended her days (of pregnancy), when she has finished her months Köcher BAM 248 iii 20, dupl. AMT 67,1 iii 10, var. from Iraq 31 31:56; note: 1-en GUD bīri ša ina

libbi immalladu 2-ú tu-ú-qa-ti-ma . . . ib= bakka when a bull calf is born (to the heifer that was sold), she (the heifer) will have to bring to term a second (calf) and only then may he (the owner) take it Dar. 257:7; Mercury ūmēšu TIL-ma ina adannišu . . . NU IGI K.12646:11; [. . . ina MU.A]N.NA 12 lumāšī ú-gát-ta ina arhi ištēn múl lumāš umaššar [the sun] completes in one year (its course through) the twelve signs of the zodiac, each month it leaves one sign of the zodiac behind TCL 6 20:13, see Hunger, ZA 66 238; šumma MÚL.SAG.ME.GAR ultu MÚL.NAGAR nishu ušarrēma adi MUL.UR.RA ú-gat-[ti] Jupiter starts the in Cancer and ends (it) by Leo Hunger Uruk 94:29; šumma . . . ina barārīti ki.min ina šaturri sar $ma \ \acute{u}$ -qat-ti- $ma \ izku \ if (the moon) starts$ (its eclipse) in the evening watch, variant: morning watch, and, ending (it), clears up ACh Sin 33:28; ina şabāt libbi u la tūb šīri ramanī ug-ṭa-at-ti I have ended my life (lit. self) through anguish and ill health Schollmeyer No. 18:17; note in II/3: An . . . likkelmīšuma išittašu lissuh šarrūs: su ina tānīḥim li-iq-ta-at-ti may Anu look with disfavor upon him and uproot his foundations so that he end his reign in sorrow ZA 68 116:75 (Takil-iliššu).

- d) to settle an account, a lawsuit: nikkassašu $q\acute{u}-ut-ti$ settle his account ABIM 20:55 (OB let.); ištu $d\bar{i}nšu$ $tu-q\acute{a}-da-\acute{u}$ when you settle the lawsuit with him PBS 1/2 1:5 (early OB let.), cf. $dibb\bar{i}šu$ itti PN $\acute{u}-qa-at-ta$ TuM 2-3 213:6, Nbk. 379:4, wr. $\acute{u}-q\acute{a}t-ta$ Cyr. 349:8, Dar. 159:14 (all NB).
- e) to pay, deliver in full: irbi šé ša ... inaddinu qú-ut-ti-a-a[m] deliver to me in full the income in barley that he delivers Kraus AbB 1 6:36; aššum bilat eqlija ša [š] addaqda la ú-qá-at-ti-a since he did not pay in full the rent for my field for the last year CT 4 28:7, cf. (the rent of the field) M[U.3.KA]M ú-qá-ti-ma PBS 8/2 228:14; ūm tuppi šīmātim iššatṭaru šitti riksišunu ú-qá-at-tu-ú when the sales

qatû 5a qatû 6a

document is written they will pay in full the balance due according to the contract (for parallels see gamāru v. mng. 3c) TCL 1 221:20 (all OB); rīḥit šE.NUMUN adi qīt MN PN ú-qa-tu-ma ana PN₂ umalla PN will pay the rest of the seed barley in full to PN₂ before the end of the month of Šabāṭu Dar. 388:8, TuM 2-3 161:25 (NB), cf. ú-qát-tu-ú...inandin Nbn. 373:8; uncert.: 5 līmi u 6 māti bappirī ana qú-ut-ti-i nadnu 5,600 beer breads given in full discharge of the obligation HSS 13 28:4 (Nuzi).

- 5. $qutt\hat{u}$ to use up, to end -a) to use up, to exhaust: $m\hat{e}$. . . ana PN $err\bar{e}\check{s}i\check{s}u$ ittassunūtu ana muhhi ša še.numun-šú ú-ga-tu-u mê mamma ul ittannušu allotted the water to PN, his tenant farmer, since he used up (?) (the water for) his field, no one gave him any (more) water BIN 1 44:14 (NB let.); kî mimmu gabbi la \acute{u} -qa-at-tu- \acute{u} (by Samaš) they have used up all (the food allowance) YOS 3 21:32; kīma riksu ittūhu níg.na pad-su til-ú when the offering arrangement has been made ready and the censer has exhausted its portion (of incense) Or. NS 36 34:11 (SB namburbi), parallel LKA 123:10, 132:5, RA 18 22 i 8, also [kīma KEŠDA ittūhu] [NÍG].NA PAD-su uq-ta-[at-tu-u] AMT 7,8:13, also $k\bar{\imath}ma \ldots nignakku \ldots [\ldots]$ (text: $h\bar{\imath}pi$ eššu) uq-ta-tu-ú 4R 25 ii 16; elišina abki ú-qá-at-ti dimmatī ina şērišin I wept over them, I exhausted my moans over them Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 96 III iv 11; \acute{u} -qe-ti i-si-ta-ni (obscure) Tn.-Epic "ii" 20.
- b) to end sleep: [šit]tu...elišu imqut [ina] qablīti šittašu ú-qat-ti sleep came over him, in the middle watch of the night he woke up (lit. ended his sleep) Gilg. V iv 8; [i]na tazzimtišina ina majāli ul ú-qat-ta šitta due to their lamentation he cannot finish (his) sleep on his bed STC 2 pl. 73 i 11 (SB lit.); ina majāl mūšim ul ú-qa-at-ta-a šitti ṭābti upon the bed at night I could not get my fill of sweet sleep OECT 1 pl. 25 ii 21 (Nbn.); see also KAR 114:10,

cited mng. 4a-1', and 4R 20 No. 1:7f., in lex. section.

- c) other occs.: ištēn akala itti pappasi ul ú-qá-at-ti she (the patient) did not finish (eating) a single piece of bread with gruel BE 17 33:9 (MB let.); RN amata [i] štu pīšu ul ú-qá-at-ta(m) Šarru-kīn uhtappara ālšu Nūrdaggal could scarcely finish uttering his reply when Sargon surrounded his city VAS 12 193 r. 8 (šar tamhāri).
- **6.** $qutt\hat{u}$ to destroy, put an end to a country, a people, persons: KUR DINGIR.MEŠ-šá \acute{u} -qat-tu-ši its gods will destroy the country ACh Adad 35:47, cf. LUGAL KUR.KUR \acute{u} -qat-ti Thompson Rep. 172 r. 4, also ZA 52 248:62; ina nīši u māmīt tu-gat-ta-in-ni ina nīši u māmīt pagarkunu liq-ti (see mng. 2b) Maqlu V 72, cf. Sin... li-qat-ta-a pagarki Maqlu III 100; naka: rūteka ú-ga-at-ta I will destroy your enemies 4R 61 iv 50 (NA oracles); sittat $niš\bar{e} \dots Adad \dots ina urpat riķsi u aban$ šamê ú-qat-ti rēha as for the rest of the people, Adad put an end to the remainder with cloudbursts and hail TCL 3 147 (Sar.); note the spelling: Adad . . . ina sunqi sugî hušahhi ša RN māssu nišē mātišu liqqat-ti-ma may Adad put an end to the land of Mati'ilu and to the people of his land through want, famine, and hunger AfO 8 25 iv 10 (Aššur-nīrārī V); LÚ Puqūdu ina tībi Bīt Amūkāni ardāni ša šarri bēlija uq-te-et-tu-ú in an uprising the Puqūdu have brought an end to the Bīt-Amūkāni tribe, the servants of the king, my lord ABL 275:7; ina dâku u hubutānu uq-ta-attu-na-a-šú by murder and plundering they have ruined us (cf. qatāni r. 2) ABL 1241 г. 5; gabbi nâši ú-qát-te-e-ma ina tukkāti [i]dâki he will ruin all of us, (and finally) he will kill (us) through (his) calumnies ABL 1255 r. 18 (all NB), cf. \acute{u} -qa-(in broken context) 79:17 (MB let.); note with sorrow as subject: nissatu li-qat-ti-šu Hinke Kudurru iv 12.

qatû 6b qātu

b) napištu: Sargon ša RN šar GN ina puluhtišu rabīti ina kakki ramanišu úgat(var. -ga)-ta-a napištuš in great fear of whom Ursa, the king of Urartu, brought his life to an end with his own weapon Lyon Sar. 5:27, cf. ina qātē ramanišu ina patri parzilli šibbišu napištašu ú-qat-ti Winckler Sar. pl. 33:77, cf. also Lie Sar. 165; ina patri parzilli hanți migit išāti hušahhi lipit Irra ú-gát-ta-a napšassun with the quick iron dagger, conflagration, famine, (and) pestilence I will bring their life to an end Streck Asb. 32 iii 126, cf. AfO 3 154:12 (Aššur-dān II); the lion I wounded with an arrow [na]pištašu ul [ú]-q[át]-ti Streck Asb. 308 δ:2.

- c) other occs.: maškū uq-ta-at-tu-ú dumuq šērēšu the skins (he was wearing) had hidden the beauty of his body Gilg. XI 238; [ultu d]unni qišātu uṣâmma NU ú-qat-ti-ma x [...] (the fever) came out from the depths of the forests but it(?) did not consume [...] LKU 59:9 (fire inc.); bēl nagbī u tâmāte BE-ú (to be read muzqattû, munessû, or pētû) tu-qu-[un-ti] KAR 26:14, restored from Rm. 2,171:16.
- II/2to be finished, completed (passive to mng. 4): kīma še'um mēreš ālim ina e-ṣe-di uq-ta-ta-at-tu-ú abul Šamaš petiama adi še'um mēreš ālim ugta-at-tu-ú dajānī šūšibama a[n]a abullim $n[as]\bar{a}rim\ l[a]\ igg\hat{u}$ when the harvesting of the barley planted by the city is finished, open (pl.) the gate of (the temple of) Samaš and, until the barley planted by the city is completely brought in, have the judges be present, and they should not be careless about watching the gate TCL 1 8:14 and 16 (OB royal let.); $\bar{u}m$ tuppi šīmat eqlim iššattaruma ikkannaku šītāt riksī ug-ta-at-ta-šum when the sales deed for the field is written and sealed, the remainder of the (amount stipulated in the) contract will be paid to him in full RA 69 114:11 (OB); $b\bar{\imath}t\bar{\imath}u$ $\delta\hat{\imath}u$ ul uq-ta-at- $t\acute{u}$ uštaklal this house will not be completely finished, (variant:) will be completed

Labat Calendrier § 1:13; dibbī ša PN uq-taat-ta PN's claim will be settled YOS 3 109:22 (NB let.).

- 8. $\delta uqt\hat{u}$ to bring to an end: DN δu : kuttaša ú-šaq-ti Belili completed her adornment CT 15 48 r. 26 (Descent of Ištar), see von Soden, ZA 58 193:131; ūmī warhī šanāt palēšu ina tānēhim u dimmatim liša-aq-ti may he (Sin) make him (the king) end every day, month, and year of his reign in sighing and mourning CH xliii 56; 4 puḥāl rīmāni dannūte . . . na: pištašunu ú-šéq-ti I put an end to the lives of four powerful wild bulls (with my bow and arrows) AKA 85 vi 67 (Tigl. I); [uš]-tag-mir kullat mimma šumšu [m]i-sima-mi uš-tag-ti u kalama ihmum she(?) encompassed everything, brought to completion (?) and gathered all Sarrat-Nippuri hymn iii 38 (courtesy W. G. Lambert).
- 9. šutaqtû to bring to fulfillment, completion: ulşu ša ardāti mimma šumšu ul-taq-ta-a she (Antu) brought me the pleasures of girls in full measure Or. NS 36 124:141 (SB hymn to Gula); nēreb kişşi ša ul(var. uš)-taq-tu-ú iqīpšu Enlil JCS 31 80 iii 5 (SB Epic of Zu); [... tu-uš]-ta-aq-ti narbiam (in broken context) JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 7 ii 11 (OB lit.).

In Labat TDP 168:104 DIŠ uq-ta-tú is probably best taken as a new protasis and not, with Labat, ibid. n. 290, as continuing the apodosis of the preceding line, murussu sili'ti UD.1.KAM. The signs may also be read uk-ta-par, uk-ta-tam, etc.

In Or. 23 214:14 (= KBo 1 12 r. 14) read liggeltå, see nagaltů.

qatû see katû adj.

qātu s. fem.; 1. hand, 2. paw, 3. handle, 4. self, person, 5. power of gods, 6. authority, possession, custody, charge, care, control, jurisdiction, 7. in construction with verbs, 8. in idiomatic uses, qātu la

9. in adverbial use, 10. handiwork, workmanship, 11. one of several equal parts, 12. share, 13. item, 14. list, (a unit of measure), 16. gātum. *ša gātim* normal quality, current quality, loose amounts; from OAkk. on; pl. (in mngs. 11, 12, 13, 15) $q\bar{a}t\bar{a}tu$, dual $q\bar{a}t\bar{a}(n)$ (ana ša qá-tí-e PN KTS 23:34, ICK | 119:8, OA), note the reduplicated (locative) qatu-qa-tu-us-su-un (see şabātu mng. 9a-1') Gilg. III i 19; wr. syll. (ka-ti Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 142:9, for qá-ti, qá-at in later texts cf. AMT 52,1:6, Dar. 206:9, 321:16) and šu, šu^{II} (uzu. **ŠU** Dream-book 315:25 f., EA 129:10, and passim in EA), exceptionally §U.DU8.A (YOS 13 364:5, cf. 311:6), in colophons also GIŠ, see mng. 10; cf. iş qāti, qāt şibitti, qā: tamma, qātaqāti, qātātu, qātātu in amīl qātāti, qātātu in bēl qātāti, qātātu in rab gātāti, gātātu in ša gātāti, gātima, gātu in bēl gāti, gātu in bīt gāti, gātu in ša bīt qāti, qātu in ša pan bīt qāti, qātu in ša gāti, gātu in šāt gāti, sāb gātē, sābit gātē.

šu-u šu = $q\acute{a}$ -a-tum S^b II 23; [šu-ú] [šu] = qa-[tum] Ea VI Section B 1; šu qá-tum Nigga 280; šu, $[\S u.du_8.a] = qa-a-tum$, $\S u.du_8.a.ni = qa-as$ su (followed by $q\bar{a}t\bar{a}tu$, q.v.) Hh. II 94ff.; $\S[u] =$ qá-tum Nigga Bil. B 120; šu.mu = qá-a-ti Ugumu Bil. Section D 22; giš.hur.šu.mu = ú-şú-ra-at $q\acute{a}$ -ti-ia, [šà]. šu. mu = [li-bi] $q\acute{a}$ -ti-ia, sa. šu. mu = [še-er-ha]-an qá-ti-ia, umbin.šu.mu = sú-pu-ur $q\acute{a}$ -ti-ia ibid. 28 ff.; \acute{u} r. $\check{s}u = i\check{s}$ -di qa-ti Antagal D 171; $[\S]u.zu.hu.ul = q\acute{a}-tum s\grave{a}-h\acute{i}-il-t[um]$ Nigga Bil. B 188, also (rubu'tu, kabittu, qallatu, haruptu) ibid. 190 ff., (wata[rtu]) ibid. 179, (bi'ištu) ibid. 215, Nigga Bil. A v 6, [šu].peš = qá-tum wu-sú-ú-um Nigga Bil. B 220, (with broken equivalents) ibid. 180f., 237f., (ebbetu) Nigga Bil. A v 5, (ettu) ibid. 10; [šu]. šilig = šu kū-tum, [šu]. níg.gig = šu maruštu Antagal C 240 and 242; $\S[u.\S]ag_5.\Sag_5 = [q\acute{a}-t]a-an dam-q[\acute{a}-tum], \S u.$ šilig.ga = $q\acute{a}$ -ta-an na-am-r[a-tum], šu.[sulug]. $ga = q\acute{a}-ta-an\ na-am-r[a-tum], \ \check{s}u.[gal].gal = q\acute{a}$ ta-an ra-ab-b[i-a-tum], [§u]. tur. $tur = q\acute{a}$ -ta-an și-ih-hi-r[e-tum] Nigga Bil. B 183ff.; [til] [ti-il (pronunciation)] = qa-a-du = (Hitt.) §u-[a§] IziBogh. B r. 11; $\S u.gir.l \&.e = \S u^{II} u \ gir^{II} us-su$ la-ti Antagal E b 10; šu an. tál = qá-ta-am pe-te, šu. ni sl. íl = $q\acute{a}$ -ta-šu za-an-bi-la OBGT III 170f.; [lú.šu.dim₄.bad] = [ša] qá-sú pa-ti-a-at OB Lu A 317; šu.ka.ta.sá.a = $q\acute{a}$ -at(var. -as)-su pi-šu kaaš-da-at, šu.[zabar.e]. $[du_{1}] = [q\acute{a}]$ -tum ša $q\acute{a}$ -e [w]a-às-ma-at Nigga Bil. A v 7 f., var. from B 216;

šu.ne.n[e] = [qa-as]-su-[nu], šu.ne.ne šu bí. in.ti.e[š] = [MIN il]-qu-[u] they have taken their shares Ai. II ii 47f., cf. ibid. 49, also šu.ne.ne Aš.àm = MIN iš-ta-a-[at] ibid. 50.

A = $q\acute{a}$ -tum MSL 2 143 i 15 (Proto-Ea); [pa-a] [PA] = i-su, qa-tum A I/7 Section B ii 7 f.; [gi-iš] GIŠ = qa-a- $t\acute{u}$, i-su Idu II 184 f., also (broken) A IV/3:254; ti-bi-ir TAG, TAG׊U, TAG×UD(text ERÍN), TAG×KU, TAG×GUD(text BI) = rit-tum, qa-tum A V/1:252-61, si-lig TAG×UD = rit-tum, qa-tum ibid. 262 f.; \acute{u} U = $q\acute{a}$ -tum A II/4:28.

giš.na₅.šu = š[á qa-ti] (var. pit-ni qa-tum) Hh. IV 61a; [gi]š.bal.tur.ra = šá qu qá-tim (see qû A) Hh. VI 24; še.níg.šu = MIN (= še-im) qa-ti Hh. II 113; giš.gišimmar.níg.šu = ša qa-a-ti Hh. III 322; for other objects qualified as (ša) qāti see akkullu, erû B, gizallu, immeru, kakku, kussû, laḥannu, littu, marru s., nappāḥu, pitnu, semeru, supinnu, takaltu; [...] = [ka-šá-šu] šá šu Nabnitu S 12; see also kepû, sanāqu, šapû.

giš.ma.nu šu.ak.a = šá ina qa-a-te qàl-pu e'ru wood peeled by hand Hh. III 163; šu.mu hé.en.sikil.la : qa-ta-a-a lu ella may my hands be pure BiOr 30 171 iv 36, cf. šu kù.ga.na: ina šu-šά κừ-ti AMT 11,1 iv 28 f., cf. also Šurpu V-VI 162 f., RAcc. 26:15 f., CT 17 22:132 f., [x šu].sikil.la zé.èm.mà.[...]: [be]-li šá $q\acute{a}$ -tim el-le-tim in-na-[. . .] Langdon BL 194 r. 24 (= ZA 29 199), and passim; šu bar mu.un.ba.x.te.te $ma.ra \langle . . . \rangle : q\acute{a}-tum [sa-hi]-il-tum j\acute{a}ti \langle . . . \rangle a$ pricking hand has-ed me OECT 6 pl. 21:13f.; šu.ne.ne šu.a.ni.ta ... ba.ra.an.te.gá.e. dè: qa-ti-šú-nu ana qa-ti-šú...aj iškunu let them (the demons) not place their hands on his hand (their feet on his foot) ASKT p. 90-91:68, cf. CT 16 11 vi 7f., 16 vi 7f., JTVI 26 154 ii 3f., see Lackenbacher, RA 65 126, and passim; rab(text gab).ra.ra šu kúš.ù.e.dè: ina qa-ti-šú ša ina rappi šūnuha (see anāhu A lex. section) OECT 6 pl. 19:13f.; šu.bi ši.in.šid.da : qa-tu[š-šu pagid] CRRA 19 436:30; [š]u.mu gíd.mu šu $im.mi.si.[si]:[q\acute{a}-a]t-ta-ia\ i-\check{s}a-ad-d[a-di]\ \lceil \acute{u}\rceil$ ta-ša my hands became weary (?) from pulling VAS 10 179:9f. (OB); urú.zu hul.de.èm šu ur. ra.aš mi.ni.[...]: ālka lemniš ana qa-at nakri tu-x-[...] SBH p. 119 No. 67 r. 9f.; for other bil. refs. see mngs. la-2', le-1', 4a, and e'ēlu lex. section, elēpu mng. 1a, emēdu lex. section, esēlu lex. section, kasû A v. lex. section, lu'û adj., našû A v. lex. section.

kinkimmu = išdi šuII.MEŠ Malku IV 224.

^dŠu-lak ša iqbû // šu // qa-tum // LA // la-a // kừ // el-lu Hunger Uruk 47:4; šu (gloss) zu-ru-uḥ EA 287:27, 288:34; ina šu-ti-šu // ba-di-u EA 245:35; A // qa-ti PBS 10/4 12 iv 7.

1. hand -a) physical characteristics, gestures -1' in physiogn., Izbu, and

qātu la qātu lb

med.: šumma awīlum hālī salmūtim pa: nūšu irassu [l]ibbašu qá-ta-šu šēpāšu mithāriš mali if a man is full of black moles all over his face, chest, belly, hands, and feet AfO 18 66 iii 9 (OB), cf. (if a mole) ina qabal qá-ti awīlim ša imittim [GAR] YOS 10 55 r. 4 (OB physiogn.), and passim; if a woman gives birth and šu-su ištiat it (the child) has (only) one hand Leichty Izbu III 47, cf. 4 SU.MEŠ-Šú ibid. II 25 and passim, also šēpāšu u šu. MEŠ-šú kīma ša raggi its feet and hands are like a turtle's ibid. III 89; šumma sinništu gá-ti ulid ibid. I 37; if a woman is sick and šu^{II}-šá ina qaqqadiša šaknama la urradani her hands lie on her head and do not come down Labat TDP 214:11, cf. Su-su ušagga he lifts his hand ibid. 188:6, also AMT 77,1 i 3; $q\acute{a}$ ta-a-šu u šēpāšu kaşia his hands and feet are cold TLB 2 21:4 (OB diagn.), and passim with various symptoms in med., akālu, akû, ebēļu, kanānu, palāšu, qalālu, ra'ābu, šamāmu, tarāru, etc.; 16 stone charms šimmat ša šu šumēli against paralysis of the left hand BE 31 60 r. i 10, cf. ibid. 16.

2' in other texts: [šumma] amēlu šu^{II}*šú kilattān zu-gat-su ukalla* if both a man's hands hold his chin CT 39 40 r. 41, cf. šumma . . . Šu-su ina pīšu parkat CT 38 21:15 (both SB Alu); (demon) šu nu.tuk gìr nu.tuk : ša qá-ta la išû šēp la išû CT 17 29:11f.; the demon has a bull's head $4 \text{ §U}^{\text{II}} \tilde{sepa}$ LÚ.MEŠ ZA 43 16 r. 46; qa-tiu šēpī šalimmu I (Nabonidus' mother) have sound hands and feet VAB 4 292 ii 31, parallel AnSt 8 50 ii 30; ubān šarrim ša gáti-šu imarras the king's finger will become diseased YOS 10 24:37 (OB ext.); if a man awīlam . . . iskimma šu-su ištebir knocks down(?) another and breaks his hand Goetze LE § 44 A iii 37; LÚ.MEŠ ana qa-ti-qa nadnu uşur ka-du-ga lu la inakkisu the men were handed over to you, guard (them) lest they (the authorities) cut off your hands HSS 14 14:25 (Nuzi let.); is: mīšima Nergal irmā qá-ta-a-šu when

Nergal heard her (Ereškigal's, pleading), his hold (lit. hands) relaxed EA 357:81 (Nergal and Ereškigal); šēpāka la issanammā la inarruṭa šU^{II}.MEŠ-ka (see narāṭu mng. 1b) Craig ABRT 1 5:8 (NA oracles for Asb.), see also ra'ābu; qa-ta-a-a lu kuzbu (see kuzbu usage f) PSBA 23 120 r. 2 (SB lit.), see ZA 32 174:49 and RA 49 182:3; a statue of Argišti ŠU^{II} imittišu kāribat making a gesture of blessing with his right hand TCL 3 402 (Sar.).

b) with ref. to activities and rituals carried out with the hands -1' in gen.: ina hepê bītišu šu di-da līruba (see erēbu mng. 1a-3'e') BBSt. No. 6 ii 58 (Nbk. I); a footman is on duty (at the banquet) sāri . . . ina šu-šú whisk in hand MVAG 41/3 62 ii 22 (NA royal rit.), and passim in this text, cf. I sent two of my officers kunukku ina šu^{II}-šú-nu ABL 138:8 (NA), cf. also kaspu ma'du ina šu^{II}-šú-nu našûni ABL 336:5 (NB), cf. ABL 458:9 (NB); 2 salam bīni ... ina šu^{II}-ka tanaššīma KAR 80:11, cf. AMT 55,4:5, and passim in rit., see also nasû mngs. 1a, 1b, 2a-2', and 7a; qa šta ...ina šu^{II}-šú tušasbassu you have him hold a bow (and arrows) in his hand Or. NS 39 142:9 (namburbi), and see şabātu mngs. 7a and 11c; mê mūti šu-ka aj iltapit (see lapātu mng. 2c) Gilg. X iv 3; (the medication) ina šu gùb-šú išattīma iballut he drinks using his left hand and gets well Küchler Beitr. pl. 3 iii 39, cf. [...] GIŠ.IG ina ŠU-šu GAR-ma KÚ AMT 13,1 r. i 8; ŠU-su ... irakkasma he ties (red, blue, and combed wool) around his hand 4R 25 ii 12, cf. also (colored threads) ina šu^{II}-šú u GÌR-Š \acute{u} KÉŠ-su Sm. 1301:8, also BE 31 60 ii NA₄.ŠUBA Á (!).ZI.DA ina ŠU^{II} 15-šú tarakkas na₄. Šuba á. Gùb. bu ina šu^{II} 2,30-šú tarakkas RA 18 164:3; ŠÀ KÙ-ti gišimmari . . . ina šu-ka tepettil you twist leaves(?) of a pure date palm into a rope with your hand AMT 11,1 iv 8, cf. [... $ina \ q$] a-ti- $ka \ tulappat$ AfO 12 143 ina šu-ka tapaššaš AMT 64,1:7 (= Köcher BAM 494 ii 15), and passim in rits.,

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see also sabû mng. 2a; note in a technical text: ina qa-ti-ka (in broken context) Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 23:22; with ramanu: ina šu^{II} ramanišu . . . napištašu uqatti he (Ursa) ended his life by his own hand (with the dagger in his belt) Winckler Sar. pl. 33:77, cf. AfO 8 182:16 (Asb.), see also ramanu; note šēpka ina £.KUR u šU.MEŠ-ka [in]a irat Aššur ilika lu ṭāba may your steps in the temple and your acts toward your god Aššur be pleasing (addressing the king) MVAG 41/3 12 ii 32 (MA rit.).

- with ref. to washing or purifying the hands: ina pīt bābi ubbib šu[II-ka] purify your hands at the opening of the gate (ceremony) RAcc. 145:440, cf. ikrib mār bārî ina mê KA-šú u ŠUII-šú ullulu BBR No. 97 + K.3471 r. 7, ina mê pāšu $\S U^{II}$ -šú imessi ibid. No. 75:17; mesâ qa-ta-a-a AnBi 12 283:35; for other refs. see mesû adj., mesû v. lex. section and mng. 1a, mīsu A, musâtu; Esarhaddon šašu^{II}-šú ella Borger Esarh. 80:35, cf. Cagni Erra I 158, BMS 12:46; I made the first brick of Esagil ŠU^{II}-iá ellēti 5R 66 i 10 (Antiochus I), cf. VAB 4 158 A vi 18 (Nbk.), cf. also (offerings to be made) ina tēbibtu šu^{II} RAcc. 79 r. 34; see also ellu adj. mng. 2, ešēru mng. 7b; open the storehouse for wine PN kīma ša idû qa-ti-šu lillilma . . . libērma let PN purify his hands as is proper (?) and select (wine) ARM 10 131:7; mê ana [š]U Marduk šangû inašši ZA 50 194:19 (MA rit.), see also mû A mng. 1c.
- c) as inscribed with the property mark of the owner of a slave: PN LÚ.ARAD-su ša šu^{II} imittišu ana šumi ša PN₂ šaţrat PN₃ LÚ.ARAD PN₄ amtu naphar 2-ta aštapir ... ša šu^{II} imittišunu ana šumi ša PN₅ šaţrat (he sold) PN, his slave, whose right hand is inscribed with the name of PN₂, (and) PN₃, a slave, PN₄, a slave girl, in all two household slaves whose right hands are inscribed with the name of PN₅ (the seller) BRM 2 2:2 and 4, also ibid. 5:2, 6:2, 10:2, 25:2, VAS 15 3:3, 20:2, TCL 13 248:2, VDI 1955/4 139 No. 1:4 (all Sel.).

- d) with ref. to objects, jewelry, manacles, worn or carried: 1 HAR KÙ. GI 4 ša qa-ti ilim one gold ring (with) four (coils?) for the hand of the deity RA 43 140:20 (Qatna inv.); for other refs. see semeru; [x] Nfg.ŠU.LUH.HA ŠU (parallel: šēpi) EA 13 r. 24 (lists of gifts from Babylon); for manacles see birītu mng. 4b, iş qāti, şibtu B mng. 7b, şişşu; dim ina kakki ša qa-ti-šu lihbussu Wiseman Alalakh 1:16; haţti qá-ti-ka leqe'amma take the staff into (lit. of) your hand (and come here) TCL 18 89:8 (OB let.); see also huṭārtu A, kīsu A, ziqpu.
- e) referring to gods 1' as beneficent: EN aḥšu ina muḥhi aḥija issakan mā qa-ti ina qa-ti-ka the lord (in my dream) put his arm on my arm, saying: My hand is in your hand ABL 1021 r. 1 (NA); DN šu. ùr.ra sikil.bi ḥé.im.ma.an.šed7. dè: Gula ina me-šid qa-ti-šá ellete lišap=šiḥšu (see mišdu) Šurpu VII 73ff., cf. lir=kuska Ninkarrak ina rabbatim qá-ti-ša CT 42 32:8 (OB inc.); see also damqu mng. 6, ellu adj. mng. 2, pašḥu; in personal names: Ana-qá-ti-Šamaš-anaṭṭal CT 47 11a seal 3.
- as maleficent $-\mathbf{a'}$ in gen.: šu^{II} Gula . . . murșu la pādû ina libbišu $li-[ib-\check{s}i(?)]$ may an unremitting illness be in his body through the hand of Gula KAR 111 r. 8, see Hunger Kolophone No. 233, cf. LKA 76 r. 16, 109 r. 17, KAR 386 r. 50, STT 40:47, 256:46; dannat šu-ka ātamar šēretka JNES 33 274:33, cf. qa-at DN elija dannat ARM 10 87:18; kabtat ŠU-su Lambert BWL 48:1 (Ludlul III), cf. the personal name Šu. ni.al.dugud Biggs Al-Hiba 2 ii 3, 10 xi 1 (Pre-Sar.), and see $kab\bar{a}tu$ mng. 2a; [q]ata (var. šu) ša ili ana amēli babālu BMS 11:15, see von Soden, Iraq 31 83; in personal names: Amur-qá-sà PBS 11/17 i 14, 30:3, 31 iii 1 (OB), $\bar{A}tamar$ - $\S U$ -sa PBS 2/2 53:16 (MB), ŠU^{II}-Aššur-IGI Assur 2 103 MAH 16154:2 (NA).

b' $q\bar{a}t\ ili$, $q\bar{a}t\ DN$ a calamity, a specific illness -1" $q\bar{a}t\ ili$: ana marşim $q\acute{a}$ -ti

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i-lim for the sick person, (it means) it is the "hand of a god" CT 3 3:33 (OB oil omens); ina la šalimti arnu hīţu šu dingir Boissier DA 211 r. 7 (SB ext.); 1 şuhārum an= nikīam qa-at dingir elišu ibbašši there is a boy here, the "hand of a god" is upon him OBT Tell Rimah 65:14, cf. ibid. 9 and 17. cf. Šu dingir-šu elišu ummuda<t> imât Labat TDP 32:4; šumma ana šu DINGIR tēpuš adi ūm adanni iballuţ if you perform (the extispicy) in regard to the "hand of a god," he will live until the predetermined time (after his time is up, he will die) CT 31 36 r. 8, cf. ana šu DINGIR-lim-šú eţērišu (see eţēru A mng. 3b-1') KUB 4 56 i 12; ŠU DINGIR-šú (as diagnosis) Labat TDP 112:15, and passim; ŠU DINGIR ikaššassu KAR 395 r. ii 13 (SB physiogn.), cf. KAR 212 ii 17, and passim, note ŠU DINGIR URU-ŠU Labat TDP 104 f. iii 23, 37, CT 39 49 r. 34, ŠU DINGIR rabbūti Labat TDP 186:3, emended from Hunger Uruk 37:3. ŠU DINGIR AD.A.NI Hunger Uruk 37:1, [lu q]a-at DINGIR AN-e lu [...] PRT 59:3; ŠU DINGIR-ti Labat TDP 112:32, and see ilūtu mng. 1b, see also nadru, šudingi: rakku.

2" qāt ištari: šumma . . . miqtu kīma šu dingir imtanaqqussu šu dinnin ekzkēmtu Labat TDP 220:27, cf. ibid. 28; šu d15 Hunger Uruk 28:9, cf. CT 39 40:47, CT 40 36:33, Labat TDP 60:44ff., and passim, possibly to be read šuinninakku; ana šu dinnin lazzi nasāhi Köcher BAM 311:30, and see lazzu; see also ištaru mng. 1d, and note šu dinnin Ištar ina šibsāti irteneddīšu ki.min Ištar ana damiqti ištene'ēšu CT 40 36:38.

3" with named gods: SU Adad Labat TDP 62:26, 82:16, and passim; SU Da-mu 116i 52, 120:44, 226:72; SU Ea 118 ii 18; SU Ereškigal 114 i 39; SU Gula CT 38 45:19, Labat TDP 108:16, and passim; SU Išhara Labat TDP 98:48; SU Lugalbanda 76:65; SU Lugalgirra u Meslamtaea 76:58 and 65; SU DINGIR.MAH 222:50, 118 ii 18; SU Marzduk 76:51, 100 i 3, Cf. SU Marduk arhiš ikaššassu CT 38 33:15 (SB Alu); SU DINGIR

MAŠ.TAB.BA Labat TDP 88 r. 7, 104 iii 13, 21, 110 iv 26, 118 ii 17, 19, 126 iv 12, cf. ina mātija šu-ti dingir maš.maš en-le-ia gabba amēlūta ša mātija idūk EA 35:13 (let. of the king of Alašia); ŠUII [Nanā . . . ina bīri iššaknašši] PRT 42:3, restored from Knudtzon Gebete 103:3; ŠU Nergal Labat TDP 100 i 4, 118 ii 21, but lipit šu Nergal 104 iii 10; šu ^dNin-geštin-an-na 226:71, AMT 27,6:2; ŠU Ninurta Hunger Uruk 27 r. 17, also Labat TDP 66:68 and 73; SU Nusku ibid. 230:117, cf. GCCI 2 406:2; ŠU Papsukkal Labat TDP 118 ii 18; ŠU DINGIR.IMIN.BI 104 iii 22; ŠU 220:35, and passim, AMT 78,7:5, KAR 211:22, LKU 58:3 (all SB med.), CT 20 48 iv 42 (SB ext.); SU Samas Labat TDP 116 ii 5, and passim, note šu dutu aššum kasap aširti 100 i 5, cf. CT 23 13:8 and passim in med., CT 38 26:46f., CT 20 48 iv 36, SU dUTU SU ikribišu Labat Suse 11 iii 5, note: ŠU dutu u dinnin dutu u dinnin i-bu-ku- δu CT 40 35:3; ŠU Šulak Labat TDP 108 iv 17, 118 ii 10; ŠU dUraš(IB) 56:16; for a group of apodoses with SU DN see Boissier DA 209f., CT 38 31:3 ff. and dupls. ibid. 26:44-47, 45:20 ff., also KAR 379, KAR 423 i 55-58, ii 9-12, 29 f., CT 20 6 Rm. 86:15-17.

4" with names of planets: SU^{II} Dilbat marṣāka ABL 203 r. 1 (NA); SU Šulpaea Labat TDP 108 iv 23; SU dUD.AL.TAR ibid. 76:59, Hunger Uruk 37:21.

5" "hand" of demons and ghosts: see aḥḥāzu mng. 2, ardat lilî, eṭemmu mng. 2c-1' and 2', kinūnu mng. 3, kūbu A mng. 2b, lamaštu mng. 2b, malku B, māmītu mng. 2a, rābişu; ša . . . ŠU NAM.LÚ. Ux(GIŠGAL).LU elišu bašû BBR No. 11 ii 13, cf. AfO 18 290:14, KAR 26 r. 8, etc., possibly to be read šunamlullu(kku); ŠU bēl ūri Labat TDP 214:11, ŠU erṣeti ibid. 110 i 6, 220:30, ŠU LſLLÁ.EN.NA (see lilû) Hunger Uruk 30:6; ŠU ṣēri u bamâti Labat Suse 11 iii 7; ŠU mārat Anim (= Lamaštu) Labat TDP 114 i 37, 220:30, 224:51 f.

6'' "hand" of evil spells and illnesses: see $ki\tilde{s}p\bar{u}$ usage a, $mi\tilde{s}ittu$ A usage b,

qātu 2 qātu 4b

zikurudû usage c, see also aširtu A mng. 1c.

- 3' other occs.: dipāru našpartaka pirištu ŠU(?)-ka (see našpartu A mng. 1a-3') KAR 58 r. 20, see Ebeling Handerhebung 40; [...] Nippuru qa-ta-a-a (parallel: šadū rēšāja, etc.) BA 5 388 K.2356:11, cf. qa-ta-a-ka (parallel: rittaka) Pallis Akītu pl. 8:17; if Adad causes lightning and ŠU-su KI birqi innamir his "hand" is seen with (?) the lightning (obscure) JNES 33 199:33.
- 2. paw: if a ewe gives birth to a lion and §U-su guppušat its paw is massive Leichty Izbu V 41.
- 3. handle: 29 nalpattu ša kaspi qa-a[t-š]u-nu taskarinnu u ušū (see nalpattu) EA 14 ii 55 (list of gifts from Egypt), also, wr. [qa]-at-šu-nu ibid. iii 7, cf. (of knives, see naglabu B usage a) ibid. i 38, 80, iii 4; note designating a jar (referring to the handle or to the shape) in Hitt.: 1 DUG QA-DU 1.DÙG.GA KUB 7 29:14, also, wr. QA-TUM KUB 42 104:13, wr. QA-TAM KUB 41 13 ii 9.
- 4. self, person -a) as subject of a verb: anāku šu^{II}-a-a issišunu a-ta-la-ka I personally went with them Postgate Palace Archive 180 r. 5, cf., wr. qa-ta-a-a ABL 138 r. 8, [anāku š]U^{II}-a-a alla[ka] K.16057:5 (courtesy S. Parpola), cf. (with arādu) Iraq 18 47 No. 31:9, (with nadānu) ABL 638:3; šum[ma qatla-a-šú ina muhhikunu il[laka] whether he comes to you in person K.5084b r. 6 (courtesy S. Parpola) (all NA); atta ŠUII.MEŠ-ka ittî alik go with him personally TCL 9 93:10 (NB let.); $er\bar{e}n\bar{i}$ [ša] ik[kisa] $q\acute{a}$ -ta-a-a cedars which I personally felled VAB 4 194 No. 27a ii 5 (Nbk.), cf. ša qá-ti PN išbušu which PN collected personally (?) TCL 10 90:18 (OB); tuppam qá-ta-kà lu-la-pí-ta-ma write a message yourself (lit. your two hands) VAT 9271:8 (OA); he incited the kings of neighboring regions to rebellion ša... ištakkana (var. aštakkana) šu^{II}-a-a whom I personally had installed Streck Asb. 30 iii 104; qa-ta-a-ka Gilgāmeš iklâ [...] you yourself, Gilgāmeš, prevented
- [the crossing] Gilg. X iii 37; nār hegallišunu iskira šu^{II}-šú-un (var. qa-ta-šú-un) they themselves dammed up the canal that brings them abundance Cagni Erra IV 13; GN ŠU-ti ikšud WO 2 36:37 (Shalm. III), ŠU^{II}-a taktašad BHT pl. 8 v 7 (Nbn. Verse Account), and passim, see kašādu mngs. 2a, 2b, 2c, 2g, 2h, 7g; note in the locative: tuppi šīmāti ik-šu-da qa-tuš-šu CT 15 39 ii 47, 40 iii 21; note qātu without referent to express general subject: mār bārîm qá $tum \ i-ka-[\$a]-as-[\$u]$ someone will take the diviner prisoner YOS 10 18:18, also, wr. ŠU CT 30 44 83-1-18,415:7, CT 31 43 obv. (!) 11 and dupl. Boissier DA 222:14, cf. YOS 1040:23, 42 ii 35, 59:7, É.BI ŠU ikaššassu CT 38 14:12, 26:19, 25 K.2942+:17, wr. $q\acute{a}$ -tum YOS 10 26:5 and 7, cf. also KAR 377 r. 22, CT 30 7 Rm. 115:1, 16 K.3841 r. 6f., TCL 6 1:38, 2:2, r. 28; rubâm ina bītišu qá-tum işab: $bas\langle su \rangle$ YOS 10 23:11 (OB ext.); an. dib. ba mu.un.dù šu nu.mu.un.tu.tu : rikis šamê tēpušma qa-at ul iharri SBH p. 130:32f., cf. ki.bal.a ì.gul.[gul] : māt nukurtu qa-tum u'abbat (see abātu A lex. section) ASKT p. 127:33f.; baltūssun uşabbit šu^{II} (var. ina qa-ti) Streck Asb. 74 ix 21; for other refs. see banû A v. mng. 3, kullu mngs. 1c and 3g-1', lapātu mng. 1e, şabātu, šalālu, šâmu, šaqālu, tamāhu.
- b) qualifying another substantive: Nfg. ŠU.MEŠ ŠU-ia nakru ušessi the enemy will remove my personal property KAR 153 r. (!) 18 (SB ext.); obscure: bīssu amātišu u ha-at-tim qá-ti-šu ana panīša nadi Afo 24 121 Dring No. 2:8, cf. ibid. 13 (OB let.); niqī $q\acute{a}$ -ti-i- $\acute{s}u$ RA 22 171 r. 43 (OB lit.); he will teach the apprentice nuhatimmūtu dullu qa-ti-šu gabbi (for var. qatītu see qatû A adj. mng. 2) BOR 1 88b:6; for other refs. see biblu A mng. 4, binītu A mng. 1, binûtu mng. 2b, bīšu s. usages a and b, dullu mng. 3f, epištu mngs. 1a, 4b, ipšu A mng. 3a, kakku mng. 1a, kišittu mngs. 1b, 2b, $k\bar{u}nu$ mng. 3, liptu A mngs. 1a-2', 1c-2', 4, pisannu, simtu, sibtu B mng. 7b, şītu mng. 4b-1', šiknu, šipru.

qātu 4c qātu 6a

c) qualified by an adjective to indicate indeterminate subject or in adverbial use: §umma...qá-a-tum haliptum...ibbašši if there is a theft (of barley in your house or threshing floor) Kraus AbB 1 90:16, cf. TIM 4 36:12, cf. also §uII zārītu šakinma there was squandering (see zārû adj.) TCL 12 86:13 (NB); ina qá-tim erītim allak I will go empty-handed Golénischeff 14:27 (= Jankowska KTK 20), cf. itti qa-ti malīti šalmeš atūra I returned safely, laden with spoil Streck Asb. 16 ii 47, cf. ibid. 46 v 41; see also qātu ahītu cited ahû mng. 1b; for qātam panītam in OB and Mari see panû adj.

5. power of gods: the night watches are of equal duration ša Lugalgirra kali: šina ina šu¹¹-šú šaknu they all belong to DN, they are in his power AfO 14 144:54; ka: sâ paţāri (ina) šū^{II}-ka-ma it is in your power (Samaš) to release the fettered Schollmeyer p. 139 VAT 5:9, for other refs. see kasû adj. usage b, cf. šīmātu šâmu uşurāti uşşuru ša qa-ti-ka-[ma] ZA 23 370:16, also OECT 6 pl. 5 K.2727:14, pl. 22 K.2784:4, see JRAS 1929 285, LKA 109:5, etc.; mūtu u na[pištu! ina] šu-ku-nu-ma you (gods) dispense life and death PBS 1/2 106:16; šušqû u šušpulu šî lu šu-ka (var. $q\acute{a}$ -at-ka) En. el. IV 8; in personal names: $I-na-q\acute{a}-ti(var.-qa-at)$ -DINGIR CT4711:37, var. from seal 1 (OB); Ina-ŠUII-DN-bultu TuM 2-3 236:5, also Ina-šu^{II}-DN-šakin YOS 6 129:5, and passim in NB, Gabbu-ina- $\S U^{11}$ -DINGIR ADD App. 1 viii 20, etc., breviated Ina-šu^{II}-DINGIR.MEŠ ${}^{\mathrm{f}}Gabbi ext{-}ina ext{-}{}^{\mathrm{SU}^{\mathrm{II}}}$ Cyr. 284:8, see Tallqvist APN 304 and NPN 330 s.v.; note with WSem. $^{\mathrm{f}}Me$ -e- $\mathrm{\breve{S}U^{\mathrm{II}}}$ - $^{\mathrm{d}}Na$ -[na-a] UET 4 3:8 prep.: and 15.

6. authority, possession, custody, charge, care, control, jurisdiction — a) ina qāt — 1' in gen.: if a child ina qá-at mušēniqtim imtūt dies in the care of the wet nurse CH § 194:27; kaspam šuāti ina qá-ti-ka-ma uşur keep that silver in your own custody YOS 2 11:10; give them a field šumma amirtašunu šumma ša ina

gá-ti-ka ibaššû either what they choose or what you have available OECT 3 33:37, cf. kaspam ša ina gá-ti ibaššú šūbilam send me the silver that is on hand CT 29 38:21; ana mali ša ina gá-ti-ka ibaššû lu še'am lu kaspam šūbilamma according to what you have on hand, send me either barley or silver Kraus AbB 1 138:36, cf. šumma ina qa-ti-ka la ibašši ašar ibaššû ina qaqqa: rim šūliamma šūbilam (see qaqqaru A mng. 1c) Sumer 14 73 No. 47:15; hulau šû šumma ina qá-ti şuh[ārij]a ibašši kīma şi[md]atim ša ina qá-ti-ku-nu ibaššû šūhiza if that stolen object is in the possession of my employee, hand down a decision according to the decree that is available to you (pl.) ABIM 33:12 and 14, see also dīnu mng. 2; paqādu ina qá-ti-šu ul ibašši he has no authority to make apportionments Kraus AbB 1 46:37, alpū ina gá-tim ul ibaššû TIM 2 84:33, and passim with basa, see basamngs. 1b-2', 1c-6', 4c; x kaspum ša ina gá-ti-ia izzizu VAS 16 1:20, ef. CT 4 28:12, YOS 13 126:4, 135:8, wr. ina $q\acute{a}$ -ti $\langle ti \rangle$ 318:9; kīšum ina qá-ti ekallim CT 52 58:5 (all OB); mimma ina qá-ti-šu-nu ul sabit nothing was found in their possession Kraus AbB 1 76:7; (a fugitive slave) ina šu PN ina GN isbassuma Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 10:5; 4 sarrī kî sarti kî izbilu ina qa-ti-šu-nu aşşabat I seized in their possession the four stacks that they had PBS 1/2 51:7 (MB let.); stolen property) ina šu^{II} PN ittammar (see amāru mng. 7b-3') ABL 429:9 (NA), for other refs. from OB on see amāru mng. 1d-1', cf. (with amāru) YOS 13 74:12, also ša ina qá-ti-šu-nu še'am zabālam īmuru TLB 4 70:13 (OB let.), see also elû mng. 2d-1'b', kašādu mng. 9, kullu mng. 1c, 1e, sabātu mng. 3a; also in nominal clauses: šumma bilat eqlija ša ina qá-ti-šu la ugdammirma la ittadin if he does not deliver in full the tax on my field which is in his possession CT 4 28:16, see Frankena, AbB 2 96; awat eglātišina ul ina gá-ti-ia ina gá-ti šāpir nārimma the matter of their fields is not under my jurisdiction, it is under

qātu 6b qātu 6c

the jurisdiction of the šāpir nāri official CT 29 27:13 f., cf. YOS 13 30:21; kaspum ina qá-ti-šu CT 6 27a:12, cf. TCL 18 151:16, sibūztum ina qá-ti-ia VAS 16 57:20; tuppātuja ina qá-ti abijama PBS 7 55:23, cf. YOS 2 48:20 and 23, VAS 16 4:28 (all OB); note in OA as part of the subscript of legal texts: i-qá-tí RN rubā'im OIP 27 49:24 and 49b:26, also ibid. 1 reverse, 53:13, TCL 4 122:15, TCL 21 214A:19, JSOR 11 p. 134 No. 43:19.

in adm. contexts: (barley) ina**ŠU PN PBS 2/2 117:4ff.**, cf. ibid. 42:3, (persons) ibid. 111:20, and passim in MB; barley ša PN ina ŠU PN, KAJ 74:4 (MA); maddattušu ina ŠU^{II}-šu Iraq 20 195 No. 44:11 (NA let.), cf. Iraq 17 134 No. 16:38, kanīku ina ŠU^{II}-šú ibid. 131 No. 14:7, magtu ina ŠUII-šú ABL 343 r. 3, $\times s\bar{s}\hat{u}$ ina $\mathrm{SU}^{\mathrm{II}}$ - $\mathrm{s}\hat{u}$ ABL 529:10, cf. also ADD 812:1 and 3, r. 6 and 8, 1009 r. 2, dullu ina šu^{II}-šú laššu ABL 447:13 (all NA); a field ša ina šu^{II} PN LÚ paqdu ša PN₂ TuM 2-3 148:3; thirty talents of wool ina šu^{II} PN MU.10.KAM ana 6 MA.NA TCL 13 224:13; x barley ina šu^{II} PN ša muhhi ešrê in the charge of PN, the tithe collector 227:28, dullu ša MN ša ina šu^{II} išparē Nbn. 320:1, and passim, wr. ina šuII, in NB adm., wr. ina qa-at 5R 67 No. 1:26, $q\acute{a}$ -at Dar. 321:16, ina qa-tim PN Nbn. 178:30, note at the end of text: Nbn. 544:7; note with pūtu našû: pūt PN ana alāku ana Bābili ana pani Gubaru ina Šu^{II} PN₂ šatam Eanna u PN₃ bel piqitti Eanna nasû they guarantee to PN₂, the administrator of Eanna, and to PN₃, the official of Eanna, that PN will go to Babylon (to appear) before Gobryas AnOr 8 46:9; fPN pūt šēpi ša PN, mutišu ina ŠU^{II} PN, našātu 5R 67 No. 3:6, pūt eţēru ša kaspi... ina Šu^{II} PN naši VAS 4 167:13, and passim, note kaspu ša pūtu ina šuII PN našû Bagh. Mitt. 5 232 No. 18:3.

- b) in the locative: Ešarrama panukka É.ENGUR.RA-ma qa-tuk-ka (var. ŠU-ka) Ešarra is at your disposal, É.ENGUR.RA is under your control Cagni Erra IIId 7.
- c) ša $q\bar{a}t 1'$ in OA: 1 tamalakkum ša $q\dot{a}$ -ti-a one box at my disposal(?)

TCL 20 113:13, cf. ibid. 14, Contenau Trente Tablettes Cappadociennes 19:18, cf. ašī qá-tí-a the iron available to me CCT 3 23b:14; for līmum (also hamuštum) ša qá-tí PN see līmu A mng. 1b and Larsen The Old Assyrian City-State p. 53 n. 18.

2' in OB, Mari -a' referring to silver, staples: ina urudu ša qá-ti ša nappāhim from the copper which is in the hands of the smith VAS 16 89:24, cf. [ina?] še'im ša qá-ti-ka UCP 9 335 No. 11:10, cf. ABIM 21:36, x še.giš.ì níg.šu PN UCP 10 106 No. 30:2 (coll. B. Landsberger); assum kaspim ša qá-ti tamkārim dekêmma şamādim CT 29 40:1, cf. CT 52 162:4, 163:2; barley \$\hat{A} še-e ša $q\acute{a}$ -ti-šu BE 6/2 127:2, barley NfG. šu abarakkī JCS 2 97·No. 24:2, reed mats NÍG.ŠU PN TCL 10 80:16, (beside namhartu) TCL 1 206:8, BA 5 431 No. 26:5, (beside PN₂ mahir) BE 6/1 40:6, Waterman Bus. Doc. 19:2; x kas= pum . . . ša PN mārat PN, ša qá-ti-šu CT 33 27:6; (jewelry, seals) ša qá-ti PN TCL 10 120:19ff.; (wool from the palace) Nfg. ŠU PN CT 8 21a:3; $un\bar{u}t$ URUDU ša $q\acute{a}$ ti-šu YOS 13 125:3, cf. (copper) ša gati-ka ARM 18 10:9; x dates Nfg.ŠU PN **ŠU.TI.A PN₂ TCL 11 240:3, note (in similar** context) ša NÍG.ŠU PN ibid. 192:9.

b' referring to persons, workmen: awīlû ul ša qá-ti-ka are the men not under your jurisdiction? Kraus, AbB 5 127:11; [LÚ(?)].MÁ.HI.A NÍG.ŠU PN VAS 16 51:9, cf. DUMU.MEŠ GN NÍG.ŠU SIPA ibid. 17:6, and passim, see bā'iru, iššakku, kazparru, nāqidu, rakbu, rēdû, rē'û, ṣābu, šākinu, šatammu, etc., cf. ṣābam ša [q]a-ti-ia ARM 3 3:24, aššum ṣuḥārija ša qá-ti PN TLB 4 2:4, and note: 12 līmi ṣābam ša qa-tim Studies Landsberger 194:56 (Shemshara let.); note: barley borrowed KI PN NÍG.ŠU PN, TCL 1 179:4.

c' referring to herds, fields, etc.: orchard land ša PN ša qá-ti PN₂ Jean Šumer et Akkad 198:3 and 5, cf. (a field) Nfg.šu PN PA.MAR.TU CT 8 7a:9, A.ŠA GÚ.UN Nfg.šu PN TCL 7 18:8, cf. erşet mātim ša qá-ti-šu-nu lišērišu ibid. 19:11; šītat ṣēnim qātu 6c qātu 6f

ša qá-ti-ka TCL 1 4:28, cf. ibid. 6 and 18, ÁB.GUD.HI.A ša qá-ti-šu LIH 37:5, 313 ÁB.GUD.HI.A ŠÀ NÍG.ŠU NÍ.TE.NI ù NÍG. ŠU UTUL.E.NE 313 head of cattle from his own jurisdiction and that of the chief herdsmen UET 5 819:13f.; ālum annûm ša qa-ti-k[a] this town is under your control Sumer 14 65 No. 39:17.

- 3' in MB, MA, Nuzi, RS: ERÍN.MEŠ ša qa-ti-ia CT 43 102:22 (MB let.); x barley ration ša šu šakni PBS 2/2 53:41 (MB), cf. ibid. 115:6; SÍG.MEŠ ša qa-ti-ka kê maşi ibašši irehha as for the wool at your disposal, how much is available as remainder? KAV 106:9 (MA let.); 4 ITI 20 UD.MEŠ ša ŠU PN KAJ 246:1; x head of cattle sugullu ša šu PN rē'î alpī KAJ 289:14; x barley ša šu PN ina šu PN, belonging to PN is in the hands of PN₂ (the borrower) KAJ 82:4f.; (craftsmen) $\delta a qa-ti-\delta u-nu$ (in broken context) AfO 17 290:126 (MA harem edicts), and passim in MA; x barley ša ka-ti ša PN TCL 9 34:2 (Nuzi); (list of persons) annûtu ša šu PN JEN 503:22, cf. JEN 665:6f., also 533:3 and 12: tam= kārū ša šu-ia the merchants under my protection (were killed in Ugarit) MRS 9 172 RS 17.145:4.
- **4'** in NA: eight persons &a &u^{II} PN &a &u RU GN ADD 852 i 4, cf. ADD 160:4, and passim in ADD, also ABL 32:11, $b\bar{e}l$ $\bar{a}l\bar{a}ni$ &a &u^{II}-ia ABL 136:5, &a &u^{II}-&a &u &u ABL 186:16, Wiseman Treaties 4 var., and passim.
- 5' in NB: two hundred vats of beer [ša PN] šá $\S U^{II}$ PN₂ PN₃ u [$b\bar{e}l$ $qa\bar{s}\bar{a}ti\bar{s}unu$] belonging to PN, (borrowed) by PN₂, PN₃, and the holders of their bow fief PBS 2/1 58:2, cf. (bricks) BE 9 51:2, and passim; weavers šá $\S U^{II}$ PN Anor 8 26:14, cf. (gardeners) YOS 7 84:23, 124:3, PN ša $\S U^{II}$ $q\bar{i}pi$ Nbn. 662:15; dates ša $\S U^{II}$ PN gugallu Strassmaier, Actes du 8° Congrès International No. 22:3; flocks ša $\S U$ PN rab $b\bar{u}lu$ YOS 7 83:4.
- 6' in SB: you recite the incantation GIS.PA GIS.MA.NU δa SU $r\bar{e}$ 'î over a staff of ashwood belonging to the shepherds

Köcher BAM 248 iv 8, cf. ibid. 4; ana šakka-nakki ša qa-ti-ia qi[bīma] umma Ninurta BA 5 657 No. 18:4, see Nougayrol, RA 36 34; [...] šalimtu ša šu ummāni latik bari safe [...] from a scholar, checked and tested AMT 19.6 iv 4.

- 7' in colophons: bulţu latku ša ŠU^{II} ummâni Köcher BAM 9:70, cf. ša ŠU PN Hunger Kolophone 66:3, also šá(or Níg) ŠU PN ibid. 65:2, 67:1, 456:3, 477; note ţuppi hišihti ša ŠU^{II} kalî RAcc. 42 r. 1, nēpeši ša ŠU^{II} kalî ibid. 44 r. 14 and passim, also (referring to the rit., outside the colophon) BRM 4 6:2 and 17.
- d) ki ($k\bar{i}ma$) $q\bar{a}t$: x wheat ina §U PN ki-i §U PN₂ PN₃ imhur PN₃ received from PN as representative(?) of PN₂ BE 14 36:4 (MB); (sheep) ki-i §U RN PN . . . mahir KAJ 221:2, see AfO 10 45 No. 39; in broken context: ki-i qa-at qi $shur\bar{a}te$ AfO 17 268:10 (all MA); x tin ina §U PN $tamk\bar{a}ri$ ki-i §U PN₂ PN₃ mahir Peiser Urkunden 132:5, also (barley) ki-i §U PN $b\bar{e}l$ $p\bar{i}hati$ ina §U PN₂ DUB.SAR PN₃ [mah] ir ibid. 118:2 (both MB); note qa-ti imitti u $sum\bar{e}lim$ (parallel: $k\bar{i}ma$ imitti u $sum\bar{e}li$ 146:8) YOS 12 140:7 (OB).
- e) ana qāt: ula kaspum 10 gſN ana qá-tí-a ula emārum ana rakābija there is not even ten shekels of silver for my use nor a donkey for me to ride on BIN 6 73:18 (OA); x oxen ana qa-ti PN Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 68 SH 867:4f.; eqlāt šar Ugarit . . . ana šu-ti-ma šar Ugarit . . . u eqlāt RN . . . ana šu-ti-ma RN the lands of the king of Ugarit remain under the control of the king of Ugarit himself, and the lands of RN remain under the control of RN himself MRS 9 231 RS 17.123:11 and 19, also ibid. 15 and 22 f.
- f) qāt: (a field) SU.TI.A PN SU hamzdagari MDP 28 449:5; (gold artifacts) PAP ša GN SU PN PBS 13 80 r. 8; (foodstuffs) SU PN PBS 2/2 45:5, Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 15:8, cf. ibid. 18:3, and passim, also (bows) PBS 2/2 54:18, (prisoners) ibid. 116:1 (all MB);

qātu 7a qātu 7a

PN ŠU^{II} PN₂ ADD 703:2, cf. KAV 39:13, also ŠU^{II} šarri ADD 1046 i 2; treaty with RN and LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ ŠU^{II}-šú Wiseman Treaties 4; horses ŠU^{II} PN KAV 31:32, 131 r. 2, also (beverages) ŠU^{II} PN sirāšî ADD 998 r. 2, and passim with staples and offerings in ADD; dates ŠU^{II} PN BRM 1 14:4, also (wool) ibid. 21:3, 6 sìla ŠU^{II} PN six silas (of beer) (received?) by PN TCL 12 1:2, and passim in this text, also ibid. 3:2 and passim.

7. in construction with verbs -a) introducing the complement of a verb (substituting for an independent personal pronoun by serving as the stem to which a pronominal suffix is attached, or else introducing the complement noun) -1'in the terminative and locative: īnu Enlil ... şerrat nišē gá-ti-iš-su iddinu şerretu mng. 4c-2') PBS 5 36 r. iii 18 (Narām-Sin); [pu]qqudu ešrēti uddušu māḥāzī bašû qa-tu-u[s-su] it is in his power to provide the sanctuaries, to repair the holy cities PSBA 20 156 r. 3 (aerostic hymn); ša naphar $t\hat{e}r\bar{e}te \ qa-tu\check{s}-\check{s}u \ paqd[u]$ to whose hands all commands are entrusted AMT 71.1:32. see ZA 51 172; banû ili u ištari kuum-mu (for $k\bar{u}n$ -ma) qa-tuk-ku-nu it lies within your power to fashion (images of) gods and goddesses Borger Esarh. 82 r. 16; kak qabli u tāḥazi mullâ qa-tuš-šú LKA 31 r. 17, and see malû v. lex. section and mngs. 9c-1'b' and 13b-2', also kanāšu, manû mng. 7, paqādu, šakānu, šutlumu, tamāhu.

2' preceded by a preposition — a' preceded by ina, ištu (ultu), ašar (Nuzi only), rarely ana, to introduce the complement of a verb expressing movement away — with such meanings as escape, save, release, take away from: if the fugitive slave ina qá-at ṣābitānišu iḥtaliq escaped from his captor CH § 20:6, cf. PN u DUMU-šú ina ŠU^{II}-šú ḥalqu YOS 3 165:34 (NB let.); nūnu ina ŠU^{II}-i-ni uḥallaqu they have deprived us of fish TCL 13 163:7 (NB); a slave ina qá-ti tamkārišu udappiramma CT 52 128:6 (OB); see also

aşû, ekēmu, etēqu A (šūtugu), eţēru, šūzubu sub ezēbu mngs. 6 and 7, habālu A mng. 4d, habātu A mng. 3, halāqu, legû, nabalkutu mng. 1c, nakāru mng. 1b, naparšudu, šâtu, šahāţu, šaţāpu, târu, uššuru; note ina gāti without referent to express indeterminate person: dullu ša ... ina qa-ti maqtuma (see maqātu mng. 1i) MDP 2 pl. 22 iii 38; see also naparšudu mng. 2a. With such meanings as buy, rent, take over, receive from: līmum ša i-qá-ti PN isbutu eponym: he who took over from PN Kültepe a/k 473b, cited Balkan Observations 81 sub 8, also (with ilgeu) Kültepe c/k 41:51-55, etc., cited Balkan, Studies Landsberger 172f.; awīlum ina qá-ti rēdê eglam ušēsi the man rented the field from the "soldiers" OECT 3 47:9 (OB let.); x barley PN ina qa-ti PN₂ ilqe MDP 23 312:13, cf. ina qa-ti PN UDU.HI.A.MEŠ ina qa-ti-šu leqe ibid. 316:18f., cf. KAJ 78:6, and passim with lequ; māhirānu ša ina qa-at aššat a'īli imhuruni KAV 1 i 40 (Ass. Code § 3), cf. KAJ 180:12, and passim with mahāru, see mahāru mng. 1a-3' (OB), 5' (MB), 8' (MA), 10' (NB), 1g (EA), see also $ab\bar{a}ku \text{ A mng. } 3a-2', 3b-3', ep\bar{e}su \text{ mng. } 2c$ (maḥīru), eṭēru B, kanāku mng. 4b, mašāhu A mng. 1c, $na\hat{s}\hat{u}$ mng. 3a-3', 4', 3c-2', (ana šīmi) patāru, rêhu, šâmu. With such meanings as collect, claim, take away: see ekēmu, esēru, paqāru, târu (turru).

b' preceded by ana, ina to introduce the complement of a verb expressing movement toward — with such meanings as give, entrust, hand over, transfer to, deposit into: one nahlaptu garment ana qa-at PN . . . šūbilanim ARM 10 175:22; see also erēbu (also šūrubu), kānu A mng. 3j, leqû mngs. 1a-1', 4a, malû mngs. 9c-1'a', 14, manû mngs. 7, 9e, 10c, 12c, maqātu mng. 3b, nadānu mng. 1d, našāru, paqādu, šakānu, šalāmu, šunnû, tamāhu, târu (turru), uššuru.

c' preceded by ina to introduce a person serving as an agent: annūrig ina $\S U^{II}$ mār šiprija . . . ussēbilaššu I am sending him (to the king) with my mes-

qātu 7b qātu 8b

senger ABL 193:11; ina $\S U^{II}$ mār Bābili nišpuraššunu ABL 438 r. 28 (both NA), and passim with $\S \bar{u}bulu$, $\S ap\bar{a}ru$ in NA, NB, see $ab\bar{a}lu$ A mng. 9a-1', $\S ap\bar{a}ru$.

d' other, idiomatic, uses: any field or building ša ina libbi uhtabbalu . . . ina $\S U^{II}$ -ia ub-ta-' (see bu'û mng. 6) TuM 2-3 204:7; for other refs. (also with $q\bar{a}tu$ in the locative) see $bu'\hat{u}$ mng. 4; $q\acute{a}$ -ti-ia $gag[\hat{u}m]$ li-mu-urKraus AbB 1 138:18, and see amāru A mng. 5 ($q\bar{a}tu$ b); ša amātišu šu.meš-ši-na ina na4.har uddap-pí-ir u ša ardānišu gātamma ina gati-šu-nu ud-dap-pí-ir he released his slave girls from the task of grinding (lit. their hands from the grindstone), and similarly he released his slaves KBo 10 1 r. 11 f. (Hattušili bil.); awīlam šâti attama tuwa'aršu ina qa-ti-ka-ma illak you yourself give instructions to that man and he follows only you ARMT 13 142:32, cf. ina ŠU^{II}-ka ul nillak (the countries that seceded from Elam said) we will not follow you ABL 839:12 (NB), and see alāku mng. 4c-11'; note ša ana ga-tuš-šu illakū huršānū ellūtu ina qibītuššu ūtaqqû I[gigi] Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 476:42; send me alpum ina qá-ti-ni la uşşi TIM 2 78:42 and 46, cf. TLB 4 22:20 (both OB letters); şītu ina šu rubê uşşi KAR 429:13 (SB ext.); note [GI.PISAN].HI.A . . . i-na qa-ta ramanišunu ušēşûnimma ARM 10 82:16; for other refs. to ina, ana, ištu gāti $a \hat{s} \hat{u}$ and $\hat{s} \bar{u} \hat{s} \hat{u}$ see $a \hat{s} \hat{u}$ mng. 5a; for $i \hat{s} t u$ (issu), $la\ q\bar{a}ti\ el\hat{u}$ and $\delta\bar{u}l\hat{u}$, see $el\hat{u}$ mngs. 3cand 11f.

- b) reinforcing a verb meaning "seize" or "hold": see ina qāti kullu "to hold" sub kullu mng. 1c, 1e; for ina qāti şabātu (Mari, Bogh.) see şabātu mng. 7b.
- 8. in idiomatic uses a) ina qāti through the agency of, as a consequence of, through: ina qá-ti habbā[tī] išātum naphat mātam ikka[l] fire has flared up through the act of the bandits, it consumes the land TIM 2 28:8 (OB let.); ina qá-ti

dullim rēšī ula anašši I cannot lift my head for woe TCL 1 9:1 (OB lit.); ina qa-at $kar s \bar{i} [pa] g r \bar{i} \dots s ulluma ul ele'i$ I cannot defend myself, due to calumnies ARM 2 55:23, cf. RA 42 66:50 (Mari let.); ina ga-at erbîm halşī ebūram ul īpušma my district could not harvest as a consequence of the locusts RA 42 70:5; hiblētūa ina qá-ti PN imtīda I suffered many losses through PN OECT 3 56:10; ina gá-ti halsi warādam ul ile'īma he cannot come down on account of the district OECT 3 41:7, cf. ina gá-ti awâtiki VAS 16 188:7 (all OB bušâšu ihalliq ina šu aššatišu imaqqut his property will be lost, it (or he) will perish through the agency of his wife KAR 212 i 13 and dupl. CT 40 10:49 (iggur īpuš), see Labat Calendrier § 31:10; ina šu asî tūrti murşi irši (if the patient) while in the care of the physician has a relapse AMT 2,7:4 and 101,3:15, cf. [...] ina šu A.ZU innaddi CT 28 16 K.9614 r. 7 (SB Alu?): note the contractions (used as a conjunction?): iq- $q\acute{a}$ -at $s\ddot{i}$ $h\ddot{a}$ tuka JCS 15 8 iii 13, i-qá-tu ginîša šu-[. . .] CT 15 2 viii 5 (both OB lit.); qabiti ina qa-ti PN awatu annītu I have spoken this word through PN EA 263:21; uncert.: mātu rabīti uttirra u birti dannati ina qa-ti mātāti aktasar birtu A mng. 2a) ABL 542 r. 19 (NB); without referent: ila kî uşallû ina Su^{II} altalim I prayed to the god and thereby I got well YOS 3 90:7 (NB let.), and see šalāmu.

b) in idioms with $q\bar{a}tu$ as object of a verb: appūtum ana . . . pirikannī $q\acute{a}$ -at-kà la tubbalma la tašâm please do not buy any textiles whatsoever VAT 9290:22, cited JAOS 78 99 n. 66 (OA); $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$ qatam lidanninma my lord should intervene in severe terms ARM 14 56:29, cf. $q\acute{a}$ -at-ki lu dannat TIM 2 79:10 (OB let.); see also abālu A mng. 5a ($q\bar{a}tu$), ahāzu mng. 6, amāru A mng. 5 ($q\bar{a}tu$), batāqu mng. 7b, dekû mng. 2f-2'c', emēdu mng. 4c-2', enû mng. 1g-5', kalû mng. 2a-1', lullû, magāgu mng. 2, mahāsu mng. 4g, masû mng. 4, nadānu mng. 2 ($q\bar{a}tu$), nadû mng. 6 ($q\bar{a}tu$),

qātu 8c qātu 11a

napāṣu mng. 2c, nasāḥu mng. 9 (qātu), naṣû mng. 6 (qātu), parāku, parāsu, paṭāru, petû, rakāsu, ṣabātu mng. 8 (qātu), šakānu, tamāḥu, tarāṣu, târu.

- c) in idioms with $q\bar{a}tu$ as subject of a verb: see $el\hat{u}$ v. mng. 3b-3', eslu adj.; note: (the work) ša $um\bar{a}$ qa-a-tu ina libbi tallikuni ABL 1378 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 19.
- d) in compounds: for $m\hat{e}$ $q\bar{a}ti$ see $m\hat{u}$ A mng. 3, for $n\bar{i}$ δ $q\bar{a}ti$ see $n\bar{i}$ δu B mng. 2, for δu δu B mng. 7d, for δu δu see δu δu
- in adverbial use -a) ana qāt beyond (MA): if a man's wife steals something a-na qa-at 5 ma.na an. NA tutattir exceeding five minas of tin KAV 1 i 59 (Ass. Code § 5), cf. aq-qa-at 2 $b\bar{e}r$ A.ŠA (in broken context) AfO 17 270:18 (harem edicts); šumma a-na qa-a-at 10 ša: nāte mārī māre sihhiru if the grandsons are younger than ten years old KAV 1 vi 31 (Ass. Code § 43), cf. a-na qa-at 5 šanāte *ūtaḥḥira* ibid. v 6 (§ 36), also iv 103 (§ 36); let my brother send me much gold \hat{u} aqqa-at abija ahija literanni and my brother should (give) more to me than he did to my father EA 20:71 (let. of Tušratta).
- b) adi qāt until: ultu MU.18.KAM ^mÁršú ša ^mAr-tak-šat-su šarru šumšu sA₄-ú
 EN ŠU MU.13.KAM ^mÚ-ma-su ša ^mAr-takšat-su šarru šumšu nabû from the 18th
 year of Arses, who is called King Artaxerxes, to the 13th year of Ochos, who
 is called King Artaxerxes LBAT 1394 iv 11
 and 13 (LB).
- c) ina qātimma immediately: ina qatim-ma ušēšerši I repaired (the damage) right away ARM 14 18:10, also ibid. 7; see also qātaqāti.
- d) $k\hat{i}$ $q\bar{a}t(\hat{i})$ in the same way: $k\hat{i}$ qa-at pan $\hat{i}mma$ (you treat the mixture) in the same way as before Oppenheim Glass 48 § 18:14.

- e) šapal (šapla, šapli) qāti secretly (NA): maṣṣartušu šap-la qa-ti ittaṣru they watched him secretly ABL 411:12, cf. šap-li qa-ti maṣṣartušu liṣṣuru ibid. 7; ša-pal šu^{II} ašappara ABL 1058 r. 11, also, wr. ina KI.TA ŠU^{II} ABL 1176:19.
- 10. handiwork, workmanship a) in gen.: one necklace δa qa-ti $m\bar{a}t$ $Tukri\delta$ in the style (or: in the workmanship) of GN RA 43 142:56, 150:124, cf. (a $gi\delta tuppu$) ibid. 156:189 (Qatna inv.).
- b) indicating the scribe of a tablet: ŠU PN DUB.SAR AASOR 16 16:17, also ŠU PN ibid. 33:39, and passim in Nuzi; ŠU PN KBo 1 42 vi, ŠU PN DUB. SAR TUR Labat Suse 1 iv 37, also Hunger Kolophone Nos. 10-15 (OB), and passim in colophons, wr. qa-at AJSL 43 41 r. 129, CT 34 50 iv 41, wr. qa-át Hunger Uruk 69 r. 53, in NB texts from Uruk and Babylon also wr. giš (see Idu II, in lex. section), e.g., SBH p. 102 No. 54 r. 51 (from Babylon), TCL 6 2 r. 31, note GIŠ ramanišu ibid. 45 r. 25; ina šuII-šú ištur Hunger Kolophone 137:3, ina GIŠ-šu išturma ibri ibid. 174:2 (both Sel.); note in colophons of ina šu imšuh astron. tables: performed the computations personally Hunger Kolophone Nos. 171:2, 172:1 (LB astron.); see Hunger Kolophone index s.v. qātu.
- 11. one of several equal parts -a) in gen.: immimma a[nnîm ša] ēzibu 2 qátí-in awīlātum ilaqqe<a> ištêt qá-tám PN ilaqqe ištêt qá-tám PN2 ilaqqe from all this that I (the testator) have left, the two women take two parts, PN one part and PN₂ one part RA 60 133:31 ff.; kaspam . . . ana šalāšišu nimhassuma ištêt gá-tám kaspam anāku algēma TCL 14 33:7 (both OA); of the booty I took 2-ta qa-ta ana DN [...] 1-et qa-ta ina ekallija aškun I [gave] two parts to DN, and one part I deposited in my palace Scheil Tn. II 28f.; 15 talents of silver and 3 qa-ta-tim . . . izūzu they divided into three equal parts ARM 1 129:13; if you wish ana 1-et qa-ti buțnānu tuqarrab you add buțnānu for

qātu 11b qātu 12a

one part AMT 41,1 iv 40; 8 sîla $\frac{1}{2}$ qa-at MUN ABL 207 r. 1 (NA); [at] ta 2 ka-ta-du leqēmi u fpn iltiltu lilqēmi (divide the field with 'PN) take two thirds and let PN take one third HSS 546:18, cf. PN 2 SU ilegge u ^fPN₂ iltiltu ilegge ibid. 71:6; as Akkadogram in Hitt.: 2 QA-TAM . . . 1-EN QA-TAM...da-a-i Friedrich Gesetze I § 53:13 f.; from the paternal estate 2-ta ŠuII.MEŠ mārū mahrīti u šalšu mārū arkīti ileggû the sons of the first (wife) take two thirds, and the sons of the second one third SPAW 1889 828 (pl. 7) v 39 (NB laws), cf. [2 qa-t]a-ti in[assaq] AfO 12 53 Text O ii 10 (Ass. Code), cf. also (in broken context) 2 qa-ta-te KUB 3 77:13.

b) referring to a fraction of the form $\frac{n}{n+1} - 1'$ šitta qātēn (qātāti) two thirds: send me $13\frac{1}{3}$ minas of silver u anāku $2^{\delta i-ta} q \acute{a}-t \acute{i}-in laddi$ and I will provide the (other) two thirds (of the total investment, making forty minas in all) MDOG 102 87:8, cf. BIN 6 181:10ff., also ICK 183:9f. (tablet) and ICK 2 60:3ff. (case, all OA); šitta qa-tatim rupšum the width is two thirds Sumer 7 45:2, cf. ibid. 6, 35:2 (OB math.); x silver šīm 2-ta šu^{II}.meš ina kurummati equivalent to two thirds of the allotment BRM 2 33:18; total 2-ta $\S U^{II}$.ME \S $\S a$ $\bar{u}mu$ u 18-'-ú ša ūmu two thirds and one eighteenth of a day (adding up $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, and $\frac{1}{6}$, i.e., $\frac{18}{18}$, of a day) VAS 15 28:4 and passim; 2-ta ğu^{II}.меў zittišu ša itti PN ahišu two thirds of his share (in the prebend) which (he holds) with his brother PN VAS 5 21:18, and passim with zittu, nikkassu, also 2-ta šu^{II} ina kišubba TCL 13 239:8, 14, 11, etc., naphar 4-ta giš. BAN. MEŠ 2-ta ŠU^{II} ša giš. BAN PBS 2/1 30:11, a field of 6 NINDA. HI.A 2-ta ŠUII NINDA.HI.A Evetts Ev.-M. 23:9; for each hundred ewes 66 2-ta **ŠU^{II}.MEŠ** mildu 66% of the offspring PBS 2/1 144:7, and passim; ina muhhi 1 MA.NA 2-ta šuII.meš hallūru kaspu ina muhhišu irabbi (per month) the interest is two thirds and one tenth (of a shekel) of silver per mina Dar. 119:5, and passim in NB referring to amounts of silver, note (gold) BIN 1 138:1 and 4, note, wr. 2 §U^{II}-ta-a-tum Nbk. 345:8; 2-ta §U^{II} HAB-rat šikin attalî (beside šalšu HAB-rat line 48) BRM 4 6:49 (NB rit.).

2' other occs.: 3-ta šu^{II}.meš ina zēri (beside ribû ina zēri) TCL 13 249:15, cf. mišil ina 3-ta šu ina ištēn ūmu half of three fourths of one day (added to oneeighth day, sum: one-half day) BRM 2 11:2 and 18, cf. also 3 SU.ME ša NA4 takkas RA 23 46:6, 3-ta §U^{II}.ME§ (followed by 2ta šu^{II}.MEŠ AnOr 8 1:5 (all NB); 3 šu^{II}. MEŠ ana bēl pāhete ša GN attidin 1 ga-ti ana bēl pāhete ša GN₂ . . . attidin I gave three fourths (of the bricks) to the governor of GN, one fourth to the governor of GN₂ ABL 486 r. 9f. (NA), cf. ADD 917 ii 16; hamiš šu ina isqi Peiser Verträge 91:5 (NB); 31 ME \hat{u} 5 $\S U^{II}$. [MES] (Jupiter remains invisible for) $31\frac{1}{6}$ days (beside [x ME] u $2-ta \, \S U^{II}.ME \S \, \& a \, ME \, line \, 6)$ Neugebauer ACT 817:7.

12. share -a) share in a business enterprise: šaptam qá-tí lublunimma let them bring my share of the wool TCL 19 51:11; x URUDU $q\acute{a}$ -t \acute{i} lege . . . URUDU qá-at-kà qá-tí-ma KTS 32c:4 and 7; ina dātim annītim 4 TÚG ana gátí-kà from this investment four textiles (go) to your account CCT 1 19a:12; x silver i-qá-ta-tí-ku-nu isahher will be deducted from your shares KT Blanckertz 3:8, cf. TuM 1 22a:31, and see sehēru mng. 1d; PN a-qá-tí-šu niše'e we will claim his share from PN HUCA 39 22 L 29-566:23, cf. JCS 14 9 S.562:14, also TCL 21 216A:19; šumma qátum ša PN qá-ta-at u qá-tí PN2 qá-ta-at if PN's share is a (separate) share and PN₂'s share is a (separate) share (i.e., they are not jointly responsible) Kültepe c/k 680:16f., cited Or. NS 36 401, cf. šumma gá-tí PN la gá-ta-at kaspum ina gá-at ki: lallimma rakis if PN's share is not a (separate) share, they are jointly responsible for the silver ibid. 25 f.; x kaspam sarrupam gá-tí u gá-tí abini addīma I deposited x refined silver, my share and our prinqātu 12a qātu 12b

cipal's share CCT 3 9:27f., and see nadû mng. 2c-1', see also leqû mng. 3a-2', maqātu mng. 3a-3', tehû, zamāru B; x kaspam gá-at-kà-ma ali ibaššiu ina kaspika alagge BIN 4 33:28; x tin gá-sú ša PN RA 60 128 AO 11216:8, cf. CCT 5 22a:21; X talents of copper qá-ta-am ša PN išti PN, 13 MA.NA.TA PN, is am PN, bought PN's share from PN2 at a price of one and onethird minas (of silver) for each (talent of copper) CCT 1 17a:2; PN said, "48 shekels of gold qá-tám ša PN aš'amma játi izzazam umma PN2-ma PN3 ahī qá-tí iš'amma šuāti izzassum PN's share, I bought, and so it belongs to me," PN2 said, "My brother PN3 bought my share, it belongs to him" (shares in a dead merchant's investments inherited by his children) MVAG 35/3 311:7 and 11, cf. ibid. 310:8 and r. 1'; as for the thirty minas of silver of PN's that PN owed him 10 MA.NA kaspam gá-tí PN, mer'at PN PN3 u PN4 ahuša ilqeu 10 ma.na kaspam qá-sú PN, mer'a PN ilge 10 ma.na kaspam gá-sú PN₅ ahušu ilge ana gá-ta-tíšu-nu PN2 PN4 u PN5 ana PN6 u mer'ēšu ula iturru PN, and PN, her brother, took ten minas of silver, the share of PN2, PN's daughter, PN4, PN's son, took ten minas of silver, his own share, PN₅, his (PN₄'s) brother, took ten minas of silver, his own share, PN2, PN4, and PN5 will not sue PN6 and his sons again for their shares CCT 5 21a:7-16; 3 TÚG ana TÚG.HI.A ša ištap: kūni umaššalma ana mala têrtika a-gá-tatí-kà anaddi I will provide three textiles in order to match the number of textiles they have deposited, and I will deposit them according to your instructions as your various shares ICK 1 15:17; for x minas of gold ša 5 qá-ta-tim tuppī bīt kārim harim inūmi 3 gun 40 ma.na.ta síg.hi.a ina GN ilge'ūni ša 5 gá-ta-tim ù gá-tám ša PN ŠU. NIGIN 6 gá-ta-tim alge I have a certified deed in the bīt kārim entitling me to five shares - when they had acquired in GN three talents forty minas of wool (for) each (shareholder), I collected (wool) for five shares and also PN's share.

in all six shares BIN 6 176:2-8, also 11-19, and frequently in texts dealing with OA trade in wool carried out as a collective enterprise by the $b\bar{\imath}t$ $k\bar{a}rim$ in which individual merchants had shares, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 134f.

b) other occs.: he should receive $2\frac{1}{2}$ silas of bread and one sila of beer per day ana É.DUB.BA.A alākam šūhissu gáas-sú hītma usātam ina muhhišu šukun send him to school, weigh out his share, provide him with sustenance (I will repay the barley) CT 2 11:30; annakam qá-ti ina GN išām he bought tin, my share (?), in GN ABIM 20:16; kî qá-as-sú ina mīnim ilikšu what is his share (?), what is his ilku duty about? BIN 7 12:8; kaspam u şibassu ina qá-ti-ka tašaqqal (or else) you will pay the silver and the interest on it from your own share YOS 2 27:21, ef. ina qá-ta-ti-ku-nu ušamdadkunūt (if I can prove that you (pl.) appropriated the wages of my slaves) I will make you pay it from your own shares BIN 7 49:20 (all OB letters); ½ GÍN (KÙ.BABBAR) qá-ta-at PN ù 1 narkabu (see narkabu) 21a:9 (OB); isimmānam(ZÍD.BULUG₄) qata-at LÚ.MEŠ Hanî ahhīšunu limtahharu (see maharu mng. 6) ARM 1 134:17; $q\acute{a}$ ti-ma PN mutija qá-tum ša PN, the share (?) of my husband PN is the share of PN, (uncert.) MDP 28 424:6f.; māru rabû l qaa-ta inassag ilagge u ša šanīte ga-ti-šu ištu ahhēšu pūršu isalli the oldest son takes for himself the (one-third) share of his choice and for his second (one-third) share he casts lots with his brothers KAV 2 ii 11 and 13 (Ass. Code B § 1), cf. 2 qa-a-ta [...] inassaq ilaqqe ibid. ii 3; zitta kî qati-šu ilagge (the posthumous son) takes a share (from the estate of his natural father) according to the share due him KAV 1 iv 10 (Ass. Code § 28), cf. the oldest son 2 qa-ta ilaqqēma PN ištu ahhēšu seh: herūti ga-ta mithār takes two thirds, (while) PN shares equally with his younger brothers KAJ 1:21 and 24; uncert.: mimma

annia . . . ina urkīti il-tu ahhē x x qa-ti-šu KAJ 179:22 (MA); PN $2-ni-\delta u$ ileqqe u PN₂ $k\hat{i}$ šu-ti-šu ilegge ina amāti attamannu kî ga-ti-šu-ma ilegge (of the estate) PN takes two thirds and PN, takes according to the share due him, (and) each takes slave girls according to the share due him (note $k\hat{i}$ GIR- δu 73:17) HSS 5 72:36ff., cf. HSS 14 108:16, also PN GAL u PN, ŠEŠ.TUR kīma šu ilegge SMN 3094:35, also kî [qa]-ti-ni nizâz JEN 644:17; minummê HA.LA-šu kaas-sú-nu ša uru GN their (!) entire share (of the inheritance), their share which is in GN JEN 519:4, cf. (a field) ka-az-zuum ša PN AASOR 16 65:10, x barley qatum ša PN HSS 9 66:6; 30 MA.NA AN.NA ga-ti-šu ša PN ina muhhija ašib ana PN anandin SMN 2158:9 (all Nuzi); mași qa-tešú-nu kî ana şirê uma[llû] (see şirû A usage a) LKA 72:11, see TuL p. 46; for $p\bar{u}t$ gāti in NB see pūtu.

13. item: têrētim ištêt ga-tam ana šulum $m\bar{a}tim \dots [\dots]$ [let them perform] the extispicy concerning the welfare of the land once RA 66 123:27 (Mari let.), also ibid. 29 and 31, cf. if your extispicy is indecisive ana $\S U$ -ka $t\bar{u}r$ CT 31 46:11, also ibid. 4, 15, 17, CT 20 47 iii 36 (SB ext.); eli mārē ummâni . . . ga-ta-a-te ahennâ ukīnma têrēti kî pî ištēn indahharama I assigned separate stations to the scholars and still the omens were found to be in agreement Borger Esarh. 82 r. 22; 56,15 šu-ka 45 A.Š\(\hat{A}\)-ka eli **SU-ka 45,56,15** illi (you add) 56,15, your item, 45, your area, to your item and 45,56,15 will result Sumer 18 pl. 3:11 (OB math.); x dates ša 3 qá-ta-tim ša GIŠ.SAR KI.TA from three items from the lower orchard TCL 17 37:21 (OB let.); one mina of silver ŠU.TI.A PN KI PN $_2$ $q\acute{a}$ -ti K \grave{U} . BABBAR ha-ar-pu-um IN.NA.AN.SUM borrowed by PN from PN2, he pays part (of the debt) of the silver (the rest in linseed) TCL 10 91:4 (OB); x gold qa-ti šanīti second item GCCI 2 343:5 (NB); he will deliver the dates ina 1-et šuII in one delivery VAS 3 211:4 (NB).

- 14. list a) in lex.: im.šu.gub.ba = ŠU-u = qa-tum ša tup-pi Hg. A II 118, in MSL 7 113, also (explaining mudasû, im: munedû, imigidû, imzidû, imgarrû, imam: padû, imgipû) ibid. 121-127; im.sar.šub.ba = ŠU-u = MIN (= qa-tum) musarû, [im.sar.m]u.pà.da = ŠU-u MIN ibid. 119f.; KI.LAM.Šu.uru.ginx = KI.LAM kima ŠU URU Ai. II iii 33.
- c) other occs.: ummašunu...ul amat ekallim [u] ina qa-ti-ia ul šaţrat their mother is not a slave girl of the palace and she is not recorded (as such) on my list ARMT 13 141:9, cf. (uncert.) PN ina šeer-ha-a-ni-im ina qá-ti-im ul ibašši BIN 7 29:7; give barley to the nadītu women kīma gá-ti-ši-na Kienast Kisurra 157:7; aš= šum qá-ti ninda . . . ša mahrika qá-tam $\delta u \bar{a} t i \hat{u} [\ldots]$ Kraus AbB 1 6:13f.; $\delta e^{i} a m$ šuāti ana gá-tim amdudma TLB 4 54:9, cf. ašar ana qá-tim ippaššaru ibid. 21 (all OB); whether šu in the notation šu šà.tam. e.ne, parallel su é DN at the end of early OB lists, e.g., YOS 5 1 vi 30, and passim in this volume, UET 5 809 left edge 5, šu é.gal ibid. 820:15, has the meaning "list" or the meaning "jurisdiction" or the like is uncertain; the reading of im. šu in the meaning "section, paragraph" (see MCT p. 165 s.v.) is unknown.
- 15. (a unit of measure) a) of palm fibers: $30 \ q\acute{a}$ -ta-tim ša zi-i šūbi[lim] send me thirty q.-s of palm fibers VAS 16 50 left edge, cf. $30 \ q\acute{a}$ -ta-tim ša z \acute{u} .GIŠIMMAR PBS 7 82:13 (both OB letters), see Landsberger Date Palm p. 20.

qātu 15b qātu

b) of flax: 8 GUN 50 [MA.NA] GADA ... PAP 1 $l\bar{l}m$ 20 $\S U^{II}$ GCCI 2 300:5, cf. two shekels of silver ana 300 $\S U^{II}$ $\S \acute{a}$ GADA Nbn. 370:1, for other refs. see $kit\hat{u}$ mng. 2a, note: two thousand q. for 18 $\S alhu$ garments Nbn. 164:23, 750 q. for two pieces of linen of 12×4 cubits, i.e., ca. seven and one half q. for one square cubit Pinches Peek 2:1.

16. qātum, ša qātim normal quality, current quality, loose amounts -a) §a qātim (OA): 175 TÚG qadum ša liwītim ... allibbi ša qá-tim nad['u] 175 textiles, together with the wrappings, are deposited among those of ordinary quality BIN 4 65:17, also ibid. 31; X TÚG.HI.A . . . ša qá-tim KT Blanckertz 17:2; 20 TÚG ša qá-tim Jankowska KTK 8:11', and passim; (give me) 20 kutānī ša qá-tim 3 kutānī SIG5 CCT 5 47c:9; şubātī lu damqūtim lu ša qá-tim CCT 4 36a:24, and passim, 1 abarnium 2 qat= nūtum 4 ša qá-tim Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 41 LB 1201:16, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 120; illuquitim panitim 5 gú urudu 9 ma.na ša qá-tí-im 8 ma.na šaddu'utum ēkul of the previous consignment of merchandise, x copper (was spent) as "loose copper," x minas the šaddu'utu tax consumed BIN4 148:3; possibly in OB: NINDA $\delta a \, \delta u$ (for context see akalu usage b-1') Sumer 14 67 No. 42:5.

b) qāti: x AN.NA qá-tim loose (?) tin ICK 1 73:9, and passim, also AN.NA qá-tí-šu BIN 4 229:13, BIN 6 203:4, CCT 1 38 a:2 and 14, etc., AN.NA qá-tí-kà BIN 4 29:14, cf. x AN.NA a-qá-tí-šu-nu CCT 5 5a:8, also Hecker Giessen 21:4, cf. TuM 1 2b:7, also 2 MA.NA AN.NA ù 10 MA.NA URUDU a-qá-tí-šu-nu TuM 1 24e:11 (all OA); exceptionally in OB: šīq qá-ti regular (?) šīqu measure Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 204:1f., wr. ŠU ibid. 202:1, 203:6, etc., šusip ŠU ARM 9 280:5, ARM 18 28:6 and 9.

c) qātu: 1 meat 10 kutānī qá-tám 8 kutānī sig5-tim...PN iraddiakkum BIN 4 221:7, cf. 1 meat kutānū qá-tum 10 abarniū CCT 3 49a;5, etc., see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 200.

Goetze, JCS 2 269 f. Ad mng. 14: Landsberger, MSL 1 125.

qātu in bēl qāti s.; craftsman; OAkk., Akkadogram in Hitt.; cf. qātu.

- a) in OAkk.: be-lu qá-tá-tim (summarizing personnel receiving rations) MDP 14 71 ii 10.
- b) in Hitt.: a plowman, weaver, carpenter, leather worker (summed up as) ku-iš En QA-TI whatever craftsman (contrasted with LÚ.EL-LU freeman) KBo 5 4:39, see Friedrich Staatsverträge 1 58, Wr. [EN] QA-TI (var. EN ŠU-TI) KUB 6 44+ iv 42, var. from KUB 19 54:5, see Friedrich Staatsverträge 1 140; IŠ-TU NAM.RA EN.MEŠ QA-TI (var. BE-LU.HI.A [. . .]) KUB 26 43+:50, var. from ibid. 1617/u 47 (land grant), see Imparati, RHA 32 (1974) p. 30 and 90.

Friedrich Staatsverträge 1 84 f.

qātu in bīt qāti s.; building wing (used as workroom or storehouse); NA, NB; wr. syll. and $\acute{\text{E}}$ $\breve{\text{SU}}^{(\text{II})}$; cf. $q\bar{a}tu$.

- a) in NA 1' in private contexts: bītu epšu ... bītu elû bīt abusāte É ŠU kimaḥhu ina libbi (sale of) an improved plot (including house, pen, bathhouse), upper room, storehouse, a wing with a tomb in it ADD 326:6, cf. 3 É ŠU^{II}.MEŠ tarbaṣu 1 daltu ina libbi ADD 335:2 (coll. S. Parpola), cf. also ADD 341:4, 342:3.
- 2' of a temple or palace complex: Ninurta Kaka ina £ ŠU^{II} imitti bīt hiz lāni Nusku ina £ ŠU^{II} šumēli MIN (= bīt hilāni) KAV 42 i 15f., cf. Ḥaja Kusu ina £ ŠU^{II} ina tarbaṣi ibid. 27, see Frankena Tākultu 123; Kaka ina šahūri ina £ ŠU^{II} ina imitti ša Aššur Nusku ina šahūri ina £ ŠU^{II} ša šumēli Enlil ina EN ŠU^{II} ša ina pūt Bēl-labria Ninurta ina bīt šarri Madānu ina £ ŠU^{II}

qātu qātu

ša ubusāte van Driel Cult of Aššur 98 ix 35 ff.; bīt karme ša birti É ŠUII LÚ ša pan ekalli ša birti dūri (see karammu usage b-2' and discussion) ABL 329:10; É ŠUII.MEŠ ana šá birt[e] [r]aspa gam[mura] the bīt qāti's are completely repaired for the official of the garrison Iraq 25 74 No. 67:19; 2 şābē ina pani £ šu^{II} ša šarri £ LíL GIBIL (?) Sumer 30 64 A 14; É ŠUII ša SANGA ibid. B 1, cf. 19; they are eating and drinking (improperly) ina É ŠUII.MEŠ ša tamkāri KAV 197:54; takpirtu dannutu ina muhhi É ŠUII ša LÚ.SAG.MEŠ-ni ussētiq I performed an efficacious cleansing ritual over the bīt qāti of the palace officials ABL 970 r. 3, cf. ina É ŠU^{II} ša LÚ.SAG. MEŠ Parpola LAS No. 342:2; x hurāşu sakru x la sakru ina É ŠU^{II} ša LÚ galdanibāt issakna he put three minas of refined (?) and four of unrefined (?) gold in the $b\bar{\imath}t$ *aāti* of the confectioner ABL 114:20: anūtu ammar ina l[ibbiš]u iktirik ina £ $\S U^{II}.ME\S - [i]a \ [i]k - ta - [ra - ar] \ K. 978 r. 4$ (courtesy K. Deller); dullu eppaš [...] u šuruptu [ša šarr]i ina libbi iss $ar{e}$ n f f E $f f f U^{II}$ [...] āli paḥhura I am performing the rites, and the [...] and the funeral burning [of the king] are gathered into a single $\bar{b}\bar{\imath}t$ $q\bar{a}ti$ of the city ABL 378:14, see Parpola LAS No. 195; as workroom: ina É šu^{II} ša šarri aškāpu ušeššubu šēnu eppušu they assign leather workers to the bīt qāti of the king and they are making shoes KAV 197:48; (tin and antimony brought as tribute) mimma anniu ana £ ga-te [...] KAJ 274:16; ina É ŠU^{II} (in broken context) ABL 319:9, 329 r. 2, 1188:4.

b) in NB letters from the time of the Sargonids: ina £ ŠU^{II}-ka taltaknu mamma tuppī ul ikillakka you (pl.) have deposited (the tablets) in your (sing.) bīt qāti, no one should withhold any tablets from you CT 22 1:33 (let. of Asb.); enna adû itti aḥḥēa ina £.GAL māsarti £ ŠU^{II} eppuš (see māšartu in ekal māšarti) Thompson Rep. 240:9; rēdīja . . . ša umašširuš £ ŠU^{II}.MEŠ kî addû ABL 866 r. 10.

c) in later NB - 1' as temple storehouse: barley ultu £ qa-ti ana kissatu immeri Nbn. 732:2, cf. VAS 6 173:9, wr. É ŠU^{II} Nbn. 361:1, Evetts Ner. 51:11, Camb. 40:4, and passim; barley ultu £ qa-tum ša $b\bar{a}bi$ 82-7-14,1161:4; beams (?) and $b\bar{i}t$ $q\bar{e}m\hat{e}ti$ É ŠU^{II}.MEŠ u ana GN (see $q\bar{e}m\hat{u}$ in bīt qēmêti) TCL 9 121:13; x vats of beer in the storehouse x dannu šikari . . . ina £ qa-ti (accounted for) CT 22 96:6 (let.); dates ultu £ ŠUII (parallel: ultu šutummu) 82-7-14,58:2, cf. Nbn. 370:6, 912:2, Pinches Peek 5a:2; (wool) $ultu \in \S U^{II} \& a b\bar{a}bi$ ibid. 5b:3, cf. Nbn. 664:2, 785:2, cf. 415:3, (dyeplants) Non. 413:2, Camb. 11:5, Wr. É ga-tum 82-7-14,874:4, (linen) CT 2 2:12f., Nbn. 137:6, 1121:16, (garments) Nbn. 290:1, (arrows) 82-7-14,1223:2; for silver: kaspu ultu kaspi ša ina É ŠU^{II} Nbn. 337:6, also 161:10, 245:10, 824:20, qa-bu-ut ina £ ŠUII Nbn. 1043:7, VAS 4 41:11; kaspu . . . ina hindi ina £ ŠU^{II} Nbn. 673:16, (gold) Nbn. 394:2, (iron) Nbn. 571:37, 41, 44, 684:4; (bronze and tin) ultu £ ŠUII ana nērebi ša immeri ša bīt Bunene Nbn. 471:3; rations for LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ ša É ŠU^{II} YOS 7 16:12; É ŠU^{II} epuštu šupalītu VAS 15 48:8, 12, 15, É $\S U^{\overline{I}I}$ $el\bar{e}n\bar{t}u$ $\S a$ $e\lceil l\bar{e}nu \rceil$ É ŠU[II] [šuātu] VAS 15 36:9f., cf. ibid. 11. 48:7.

2' of private persons: a built-on plot with a wing and an upper story on it É ŠUII u bīt rugubušu epuštu ša ina bāb $n\bar{e}rebi$ ša £.IRI₁₀.GAL BRM 2 44:3, cf. ibid. 20 f., 48:2; bīt kāri u £ qa-tum (rented) VAS also É Šu^{II} ša bīt assuppu 5 145:2, TuM 2-3 30:1; $b\bar{\imath}tu$ ša PN . . . ina libbi $b\bar{\imath}tu$ šadû $b\bar{\imath}tu$ pa-ni u(!) É Š \mathbf{U}^{II} ša ina tarbasu (rented) Evetts Ner. 29:3; bītu šadû ša ina šutummu . . . É ŠU^{II} ša PN (sold) VAS 5 52:4; (rent me that storehouse for thirty years) ina £ ŠUII šuātu lūrub u lūși ina libbišu u mimma gabbi ša LÚ ri-du šá tadin anaşşar u anaddakka let me have free access to this storehouse, and whatever I will take care of and give (back) to you VAS 15 31:10; eleven shekels šīm £ šu^{II} šuāti gamru elat ru:

qātu qātumma

gubušu BRM 2 39:17, cf. (twenty shekels) ibid. 9:11, (25 shekels) ibid. 30:12, (fifty shekels) VAS 15 36:14; É ŠU^{II} ša ērib bīti VAS 15 48:5; É ŠUII ša atû ša ina libbi mūşû ša É ŠUII *šuāti* BRM 2 9:4, cf. ibid. 30:5, É $\S U^{II}$ -su epuštu ša ina bābi ša Anu his bīt gāti, completed, (located) at the Anu gate BRM 2 39:2, also 9:2, 30:2, VAS 15 31:3, 48:3, and passim, see Falkenstein Topographie 14ff., 36f.; uncert.: 4 ummânu ina muhhi ūru ša bāb DN u bāb Illūru ušabbat u rīhit ummânu ina É ŠU^{II}.MEŠ-šu-nu ušabbatu he will lodge four artisans on the roofs of the DN gate and of the Illūru gate, and the rest of the artisans in their (the gates') wings YOS 75:9.

qātu in ša bīt qāti s.; official in charge of the storehouse; NB; wr. $\delta a \in \delta U^{(II)}$; cf. $q\bar{a}tu$.

PN šá É ŠU^{II} mimma mādu ultu bīt [karê] ina muḥḥija ušēṣi PN, the official in the bīt qāti, took (illegally) many things from the storehouse in my charge TCL 13 170:6, cf. ibid. 17; barley ana kurummat ummānu PN šá É ŠU^{II} Nbn. 984:6, also (same person) PN šá É ŠU 82-7-14,254:10, Nbn. 840:3, cf. CT 22 14:26, (same person) Nbn. 407:3, also YOS 7 143:6, (same person) BIN 1 174:28, cf. also Camb. 256:3, YOS 6 229:49 f.

qātu in ša pan bīt qāti s.; overseer of the storehouse; NA*; cf. qātu.

LÚ ša pan £ SU^{II} ša [. . .] the overseer of the $b\bar{i}t$ $q\bar{a}ti$ of the [. . .] ABL 875:8.

qātu in ša qāti s. fem.; 1. bracelet, 2. hand towel; EA, RS, NA; wr. syll. and ša šu(.meš); cf. qātu.

1. bracelet: 1 šu ša šu īnātu hulāl šadî 6 ina minûti hurāşa uhhuzu one set (?) of bracelets (made) of genuine hulālu stone beads, numbering six, set in gold EA 22 ii 9, also, wr. š[a qa]-t[i] EA 27:111, ša šu.meš EA 29:183, 186, 188; 27 inātu

hulāl šadî hurāṣa uhhuza ša šu 27 beads of genuine hulālu stone, set in gold, (as?) bracelets(?) EA 25 ii 18, cf. 19 ff. (all letters of Tušratta); 2 tapal semerī šēpē u ša šu-ti hurāṣi šuqultašunu 6 meat 28 two pairs of anklets and bracelets of gold weighing 628 (shekels) MRS 6 183 RS 16.146+:5; 2 ša šu^{II}.MEŠ erî two copper bracelets ADD 964 r. 11 (NA).

2. hand towel: the servant TÚG šá ŠU^{II}.MEŠ sa'urāte imahhar zakuāte iddan removes the soiled (?) hand towels and proffers clean ones MVAG 41/3 62 ii 19 (NA rit.).

qātu in šāt qāti s.; manacles; OB, Mari, SB; ef. qātu.

šat qa-ti, illurtu = iş qa-ti Malku I 93 f.; [i] š-qa-tu (var. šat qa-tu) = bi-l'ri]-[tu] ibid. 94a.

awīlē šunūti kussâma ša-at qa-[tim] pādaššunūtima arrest these men and lock them in manacles ARM 1 28:31, cf. PN «TA» ša-at qa-tim apādaššuma... aṭṭar-daššu ARM 5 31:12; PN... 1 LÚ GIŠ ša-at qa-tim pād... ikšudunim PN (and) a man in manacles arrived ARM 14 53:8, cf. ibid. 24; PN ša alpīka našû ša-a-at qá-tim imhasuma... itrû TCL 17 1:23 (OB let.); ina ṣiṣṣi šat qa-ti šigāri utammihma I held him in handcuffs (?), manacles, and shackles Aynard Asb. 36 ii 19, also Bauer Asb. 2 15 iv 12, wr. GIŠ šat qa-ti (var. ina ṣiṣṣi iš-qa-ti parzilli birīti parzilli) Piepkorn Asb. 48 iii 2, for vars. see iṣ qāti.

qātû in la qātû adj.; unending, unceasing; SB; cf. qatû v.

nam.ti.la ur, kin.ša₆.ga nu.til.le.da: balat na-mar ka-bat-ti la qa-ta-a a life of unending bright mood 4R 12 r. 11 f., see 4R Add. p. 2.

tettirma hisba la qa-ta-a qa-ri-ra tepti you unceasing abundance, you opened AfO 19 65 iii lower portion 8.

qātumma see qātamma.

qatunu qebēru

qatunu s.; (a plant); SB.*

Ú qa-tu-nu ša šadê (between tigilû and sibru, in list of medicinal substances) Köcher BAM 254:15.

qatûtu s.; finishing; MB*; ef. qatû v.

šunāti ītanamm[aru] u qa-tu-tu ša £.x ana hamšišu ītelā they keep having dreams and the finishing of the [...] temple(s) has come up (in the dreams) five times JCS 6 144 r. 4 (let. from Telmun).

*qaţāpu see qatāpu.

qatû v.; to approach; NB*; Aram. lw.; I *iqatta.

mannu arkû ša illûma ana narâ annâ i-quṭ-ṭu-ú u ša MU šaṭra ipaššiṭuma šumšu išaṭṭari (may the gods curse) anyone who in the future appears and approaches this stela and who erases (my) name and writes his own name Weissbach Misc. pl. 4 iii 6 (inscr. of Šamaš-rēš-uṣur, governor of Suhi). von Soden, Or. NS 46 192.

qātû s.; woodcutter; NB*; Aram. lw.

The gods of my lord know (I swear) kî tuppi u tuppi agâ 2 hallimānu ana Lú qa-DI-e ana muḥḥi samullu la ašpura that during that period I sent two rafts to the woodcutters to (fetch) the samullu wood ABL 462:10.

See also $qett\bar{a}$ 'u. von Soden, Or. NS 37 264.

q $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ 'u see $k\hat{a}$ 'u.

qawali (or kawali) s.; (a container); MB Alalakh*; Hurr. word; Hurr. pl. qawalena.

3 qa-wa-le-na hurāsi (between gold šāhu's and gold lahannu bottles) Wiseman Alalakh 390:2.

Probably to be connected with kawalzuru, q.v.

qazan (kazan) s.; (mng. uncert.); MB Alalakh*; Hurr. word.

21 chairs qa-za-an-e-na u 4 $pašš\bar{u}r\bar{e}$ qa-za-an-e-na-am of q. and four tables also of q. Wiseman Alalakh 420:2 and 4; see also ibid. 435:16 ff., cited kazan.

qazpu see qaspu.

qebēru (qabāru) v.; 1. to bury the dead, 2. to bury (objects), to cover up, hide, 3. to roll up in a cloth or reed mat in preparation for burial, 4. qubburu to bury, 5. qubburu to roll up, 6. IV to be buried; from OB on; I iqbir - iqebbir (iqabbir), I/2, II, II/2, IV; cf. naqbaru, qabbiru, qabru, qebru, qubirtu, qubūru.

[ki].túm = $q\dot{e}$ - $b\dot{e}$ -rum Nabnitu XXIII 205; ki.túm = $q\dot{e}$ - $b\dot{e}$ -ru 5R 16 r. ii. 43 (group voc.); ki. tu-um(text -AB)túm = te-me-rum, ki.túm.ak.a = $q\dot{e}$ - $b\dot{e}$ -ru Erimhuš VI 30 f.

gur = MIN (= la-wu-ú) šá [qu-ub-bu-ri] Nabnitu O 267; [gu]r.gur = qub-bu-r[u] Nabnitu XXIII 213.

nigìn sag.iti.nu.til.la urugal.la.aš ki.a nu.túm.ma: izbu kūbu š[a ina qabri] la qeb-ru ASKT p. 82-83:13f., see AOAT 1 4; for another bil. ref. see mng. 5.

tu-qab-bar 5R 45 K.253 viii 35.

1. to bury the dead -a) as a pious deed and obligation: urri u mūši elišu abki ul addiššu ana gé-bé-ri-im ibrīman itabbiam ana rigmija day and night I wept over him, I did not give him up for burial, would that my friend would rise at my wailing Gilg. M. ii 6, also Gilg. X v 15, ana qé-bé-ri addinšunūti (in broken context) ADD 941 iii 9; māra ušmâtma abu i-qab(var. -qa-ab)-bir-šú arka aba ušmât: ma qé-bi-ra ul iši I will put the son to death and the father will bury him, later I will put the father to death and there will be no (son left) to bury him Cagni Erra IV 97f.; atta ețemmu la mammanama ša qé-bi-ra u sa-qí-ra la tēšû you ghost, without any (family), who have nobody to bury you or speak your name KAR 227 iii 28, dupl. LKA 89 r. i 20, see TuL p. 132:54;

qebēru qebēru

şuhāram ištēn lurabbīma umma anākuma ana qè-bé-ri-ja lirbia I would like to raise a youngster, thinking: Let him grow up to bury me BIN 7 41:27 (OB let.); $[in]a \overline{u}me$ PN . . . [i]llaku ana šīmt[i aš]ar iqabbû i-qab-bi-ru-šú-[ma] işallalu ēma bibil libbi[šu] when PN dies they will bury him wherever he indicates so that he may lie where he wishes ADD 647 r. 22; SAL. É.GAL.MEŠ iraggam[a mā] alkani sal.É. GAL māratkina [lu] [ta-qab]-bi-ra they call up the (spirits of the former) queens, saying: Come and bury the queen, your daughter ZA 45 44:41 (NA rit.), cf. taklit= tašunu kallumat qa-ab-ru bakiju 437:15, also $lantuha\ la-aq-bi[r]$ (in broken context) ZA 52 226:16 (all NA); enūma imât ibakkīšu u i-qè-eb-bi-ir-šu when he (the adoptive father) dies, he (the adopted son) will wail over him and bury him HSS 9 22:15, also HSS 19 11:24, RA 23 144 No. 9:16 (all Nuzi); note $en\bar{u}[ma]$ PN [BA. $U]G_6.MEŠ$ u PN_2 [u] PN_3 ibakkīšu [u] li*qe-eb-bi-[ir]* HSS 19 28:24; *ahmaham i-qa*bi-ru either will bury the other MDP 28 425:15 (partnership agreement); note referring to an animal as substitute: [SAL+AS]+QAR kīma balitti tukan [nā] ma te-geb-bir-ši you treat the kid gently as if it were alive and then you bury it LKA 79:28, cf. LKA 80:12 (NA rit.), see TuL p. 69 f.

(negated) to leave unburied (as punishment or in curses): ina issī izag= qupuši la i-qa-ab-bi-ru-ši they impale her and leave her unburied KAV 1 vii 97 and 101 (Ass. Code § 52); pagar qurādīšun ina la qe-bé-ri ušākil zību I let jackals eat the corpses of their warriors left unburied Borger Esarh. 58 v 6, cf. pagaršu ina la qébé-ri libaşşiru kalbū (see başāru mng. 2) ADD 646 r. 31 and 647 r. 31 (Asb.), see Postgate Royal Grants Nos. 9 and 10:64, cf. (Sargon) ina bītišu la qeb-ru Eretz Israel 5 154:9; pagaršu aj addin ana qé-bé-ri Streck Asb. 62 vii 45; ina unși u bubūti napištuš liqti limgut šalmassuma gé-bi-ra aj irši may his life come to an end through oppression and hunger, may his corpse be cast aside and may there be no one to bury (him) BBSt. No. 36 vi 55, also No. 9 ii 25; *šuma kisitti u qé-bir* NU TUK (whoever takes away the tablet) will have no son, descendant, or anyone to bury him Hunger Kolophone No. 91:7.

- c) other occs.: PN . . . ina GN mītma qé-bi-ir PN, having died in GN, is buried (there) BE 14 8:15 (MB), cf. [... x]-x-ka $q\acute{e}$ -bi-ir TCL 18 81:10 (OB let.); $im\^{a}tma$ ina la ālišu qé-bi-ir TIM 9 79:4 (OB ext.); 1 PN $imar{u}t$ ina UD.13.KAM ig-be-e-ru-st iDalley Edinburgh 21:6 (OB); kî mītāku êkānu li-iq-bi-ru-in-ni when I die, where should they bury me? CT 54 1 r. 10 (NB let.); ina raqqati ša GN qé-bir he was buried in the swamp of GN King Chron. 2 52:6, also ibid. 4 and 56:14; [ša] ina ūm tuhdi irbû ina ūm $summ\hat{e} \ i-qab-[bi-ru-su]$ he who grew up during a time of plenty will be buried in a time of want (lit. thirst) Cagni Erra IIc 19; ummu ša urabbûšu iq-bi-ra [māra]ša the mother herself who had brought up her son buried him STT 71:54 (NA lit.), see RA 53 137; ir-bir kakki māhişija ina gāt gé-bi-ri-ja marra ikim he (Marduk) shattered the weapon of the one who was about to smite me, he took the spade from the hand of him who was ready to bury me Ugaritica 5 162:43'; baltussu ina erseti te-qeb-bir-ma lumunšu paţir STT 89:179; uncert.: [qe]rēti $m\bar{a}r$ $B\bar{a}bili$ mu-x-[...] $b\bar{i}t$ $q\acute{e}$ -be-ri- $\acute{s}u$ $\bar{e}pu\check{s}u$ ina $qer\bar{e}t[i...]$ Lambert BWL 58:28.
- 2. to bury (objects), to cover up, hide—a) stelas, etc.: ša temmenīja u narēja ... ina eperim i-qé-bi-ru whoever covers my foundation documents and my stelas with earth AOB 1 24 v 19 (Šamši-Adad I), also, wr. i-qa-bi-ru-šú AKA 249 v 59 (Asn.), i-qeb-bi-ru BBSt. No. 5 iii 20 (Merodachbaladan I), ina epri ta-q[ab-bi-ra-ni] Wiseman Treaties 412.
- b) figurines and other objects used in rit. or magic: şalmānija ina KI.MAḤ mīti taq-bi-ra you have buried figurines of me

qebēru qebēru

in a grave with a dead person Maqlu IV 31, $ina \text{ KI.MAH} \dots te-qeb-bir \text{ KAR } 224 \text{ r. } 9$, cf. RA 18 20 No. 15:3, also salmānija . . . ina erșeti iq-bi-ru Speleers Recueil 312:13; şal= mānija ina titurri tag-bi-ra-ma ummānu ukabbisu . . . şalmānija ina burê ša ašlāki «būrta taptâ» taq-bi-ra . . . şalmānija ina iki ša nukarribi būrta taptā tag-bi-ra you buried figurines of me on a causeway so that people stepped upon (them), you rolled figurines of me in a fuller's reed mats, you made a hole in the gardener's dike and buried figurines of me in it Maqlu IV 36-38, cf. ibid. 50-52, [lu ina] şilli balti lu ina şilli ašāgi būrta tepettīma te-qeb-bir-šú CT 23 20 ii 15, cf. KAR 234:24, see Or. NS 24 260 and 268, Köcher BAM 323:61; (the figurines) ina erşeti ta-qé-bir-šú-nuti Or. NS 39 136 r. 4, also LKA 156:18, ina bīti te-qé-bir LKA 154 r. 20, ina tubqi dūri te-qeb-bir-ši 4R 56 ii 26, ina samīt dūri ta-qeb-bir Gray Šamaš pl. 6 r. 9, see Laessøe Bit Rimki 59:98, also PBS 1/1 15:26, ina harbī nadûti te-qé-bir-šú Köcher BAM 323:38, ina $b\bar{a}bi\ i$ - $q\acute{e}$ -bir LKA 144 r. 13, cf. KAR 61:18; the man's spittle ina KI te-qeb-bir KAR 43:9 and dupl. 63:9; dir-rat KUŠ.TAB.BA ta*qeb-bir* you bury the of the skin (of the black bull) RAcc. 14 ii 32; note ţikmennašunu ina rēšīšunu te-qeb-bir you bury their ashes at their heads AfO 18 110 col. B 7.

- c) other occs.: $k\hat{\imath}$ nidūku ina tiddu ni-iq-te-bir after we had killed (the stolen ducks) we buried (them) in the mud Iraq 13 96:13, cf. iq-bi-ri ibid. 17 (NB leg.).
- 3. to roll up in a cloth or reed mat in preparation for burial: pagar alpi šāšu ina ištēn TÚG.KUR.RA sāmi ta-qeb-bir you roll up the body of this ox in a red cloth RAcc. 14 ii 19; see also Maqlu IV 37, cited mng. 2b.
- **4.** qubburu to bury: $en\bar{u}ma$ PN $im\hat{a}ta$ u PN₂ $ibakk\bar{\iota}\check{s}u$ \acute{u} -qa-ab-bar- $[\check{s}]u$ when PN (the adoptive father) dies, PN₂ (the adopted son) will mourn over him and

bury him HSS 1939:11, also (text corrupt) ibid. 38:26, cf. immatimê PN imtūt u PN, ibakkī= šuma u uq-te-bi-ir-šu JEN 59:23; kīam ešme ummami ša-la(text -ta)-am-ta-šu ina şu: $b\bar{a}tim\ \acute{u}$ -qa-ab- $\langle bi \rangle$ -ru- $ma\ ana\ Habur\ \bar{i}zibu$ inanna šalamtašu ul utta u gaggassu ina GN šakin gaggassu ig-ga-ab-bi-ir u ina ajîm ālim ig-ga-ab-bi-ir u ašar ig-ga-ab-bi-ru ina kīdim ina libbi ālim iq-qa-ab-bi-ir u inūma nu-qa-ab-ba-ru-šu ina tersim nuga-ab-ba-ar-šu thus I heard: They have rolled up his body in a cloth and consigned it to the Habur river. Now I cannot find his body, but his head is in GN - shall his head be buried, and in which city shall it be buried, and, wherever it is buried, shall it be buried inside or outside the city, and, whenever we bury it, shall we bury it in the regular way? ARM 6 nabrarû rapšu ana qub-bu-37 r. 4'-14'; ri- δu -nu ihliq (see $nabrar\hat{u}$) 3R 8 ii 100 (Shalm. III); obscure: $[...] = \acute{u}$ -qa-ab-barSTT 403:32 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet III), cf. \acute{u} -qa-bar- $\acute{s}u$ (apod., in broken context) KAR 423 r. ii 69 (SB ext.); uncert.: [etla(?)] $q]u(\text{or }[g]u)-ub-bu-ru \acute{u}-qab-bar[...] nup$ puşu unappaşu (parallel: šuggušu ušaggaš LKU 33:29) PBS 1/2 113 i 15 (Lamaštu).

- 5. qubburu to roll up a) in preparation for burial: e.ne.em.mà.ni GI.KID. MAH.àm ama dumu.bi šu.ba mi.ni. íb.gur.re: amassu umma mārtu kīma burê [ú-qab]-bar his (Enlil's) word is (like) a reed mat (in which) a mother rolls her child with her own hand SBH p. 7 No. 4:24 f., and parallels, see Landsberger Date Palm 33; see also ina subātim uqabbiruma ARM 637 r. 5', cited mng. 4.
- b) other occ.: ushi sikkātiki qu-ubbi-ri qēki (O Lamaštu) pull up your (tent) pegs, roll up your (tent) ropes 4R 56 iii 47.
- **6.** IV to be buried: the housebreaker $[ina\ pani\ pi]$ is iinal pi in iq-q[a-b] i-ir will be buried at the breach (for context see qabru) Goetze LE § 60:37, see Landsberger, David AV 102; see also ARM 6 37 r. 9'-11',

qebru qëmu

cited mng. 4; šalamtašu ina qaqqari aj iq-qé-bir let his body not be buried in the ground MDP 6 pl. 10 vi 21, also p. 43 iii 14 (MB kudurrus); ina kimāhi šuātu ul iq-qeb-bir he will not be buried in that grave Labat Calendrier § 41:7, cf. ibid. § 41':6, 12, 16, 32, also § 2:7, 9, ina la bītišu iq-qé-bir ibid. § 65:10; ina āli i-qé-bir he will be buried in the city Dream-book 331:17, cf. ina KI ul <iq>-qé-bir ibid. 327:71, restored after line 78, cf. ibid. 328:80; there will be an epidemic mītu ul iq-qeb-bir AfO 17 81 r. ii 11 (astrol.).

In the omen *šumma amūtu imittaša šumēlša* GIM 4(?) *ug-da-bir-ma eli* [. . .] King Chron. 2 129:7, the verb may have to be interpreted as a var. to *uktabbir*, from *kabāru*.

See also qubburu adj.

qebru (qabru) adj.; buried; SB; cf. $qeb\bar{e}ru$.

lú.ki.nu.túm.ma = la qe₄-e-eb-rum OB Lu A 292; ki.túm.ma = [qebru] Antagal A 190; [g]iš. mur = i-[şú]-um qá-ab-ru Proto-Kagal E Bil. Section 59.

gidim lú.ki.nu.túm.ma hé.me.en : lu etemmu la qeb-rum MIN (= atta) should you be a ghost of someone unburied CT 16 10 v 5 f.

1.dul nu.1.dul: qeb-ru la qeb-[ru] (a ghost) buried or unburied ASKT p. 86-87:8, see AOAT 1 6:81, cf. lu ețemmu qeb-ru lu ețemmu la qeb-ru KAR 21:7 and CT 23 16:23, see Or. NS 24 248, dupl. Köcher BAM 230:33.

qëlu see qālu.

*qēmītu see * $q\bar{e}m\hat{u}$.

qemû see qamû B.

qēmu s.; flour; from OAkk. on; wr. syll. and ZfD(.DA), (ZI.DA AfO 24 87ff., Labat Suse 11 vi 22, MB Elam); cf. qamû B, qēmu in bīt qēmi, qēmu ša šarri, *qēmû.

zì zú-u, [zíd]. da zú-da = qe-mu Hh. XXIII Fragm. h 3 f. (from Ras Shamra); zi-i KU = $q\acute{e}$ -e-mu Sb I 157; zi-i KU, eš KU = $q\acute{e}$ -e-mu Ea I 172 f.; [zi-id] [KU] = $[q\acute{e}$ -m]u = (Hitt.) zfd.da-an Sa Voc. G 13; ze-e

KU = qé-[e]-[mu], upu[ntu], mash[atu] A I/4:7ff.; Nfg.DA.MEŠ = qe-mu Practical Vocabulary Assur 162, Nfg.DA.MEŠ sad-ru ibid. 163, also (with ša SIG₅, ša UD-e, ša hatamli) ibid. 164 ff.

ba-ab-bar ud = ka-pa-rum šá zfd.da A III/3:73; mu-uka×ku = min (= te-e-nu) šá zfd.da Antagal III 232; na₄.ur₅.zì.da = (erû) qi-me Hh. XVI RS Recension 202.

[zì.kušlu.úb.gar], [zi ...], [zì.ninda]. [kaskal] = qí-me(var. -im) şi-di-tum Hh. XXIII v 4ff.; [zì.dub.du]b.bu = qí-me(var. -[i]m) ma-aq-qí-tum, MIN si-ir-qí ibid. 8f., [zì.sur].ra = MIN MIN ibid. 10; [zì.si].gar = qí-me (var. [qí]-im) ši-ga-ri ibid. 12; see also edadû; for varieties and qualifications in lex. see Hh. XXIII Fragm. h 5ff. and col. v 1ff., and hamšu, isqūqu, kukkušu, maṣhatu, napû adj., peşû adj., samīdu, sasqû, sīku, şalmu, šupêltu, takkasû, tappinnu, tumāgu, ulušinnu, upuntu, zisurrû; for containers see kirgunnu, karpatu lex. section; see also (for spoilage) kalmatu, lapātu lex. section.

zíd [še.m]uš₅ níg.gig gidim.ma.ke_x(KID) $zid.[gig.b] a \quad nig.gig \quad dingir.re.e.ne.ke_x: \\$ qé-e[m] šegūši ikkib ețemme q[é-e]m [kib]ti ikkib ilāni (see ikkibu lex. section) Iraq 27 165 f.: 50 ff. (inc.), restored from dupl. K.166+:13ff. cited ibid. p. 169, cf. zíd še.in.nu. на šu u.me.ti : qé-em inninni leqēma ibid. 54 f.; zíd dše. TIR kù. ga = qé-em ašnan elleti (block the outer door with a line of) pure cereal flour CT 17 1:9f.; zíd ú.me. ni.hur: qé-ma tes[sir] RA 65 127 r. i 17; zíd. zu giš.hur.am: qé-mu-ka gišhuru AfO 11 366 Sm. 814+:13f., cf. ibid. 5f.; kalam.ma zíd. $gin_x(GIM)$ $m\dot{u}.m\dot{u}.me\ddot{s}: m\bar{a}tu$ $k\bar{i}ma$ $q\acute{e}-me(var.$ -mi) iqammû they grind the land like flour CT 16 14 iv 20 f., cf. Lugale V 47; na₄.ú.a ... zíd.gin, hé.mu.e.dub.bu.dè.en : šammu ... kīma zfo litbukuka may they pour you, "plant stone," out like flour Lugale X 11.

zíd.še.muš, / šigūšu gí-me ubbulu BRM 4 32:8 (med. comm.); BI $b^{\bar{p}\bar{p}i}$ $e^{i\bar{b}\bar{u}}$ zíd // parūru ša qé-mi JNES 33 336:4 (med. comm.).

a) rations, distribution, econ. use—
1' in OAkk., early OB: x má.zíd.da
x (men assigned to load) flour on boats
Reisner Telloh 173 r. 4; x zíd (including
bappir, níg.har.ra, munu_x, zíd,
zíd.kal) Nikolski 80:8; x zíd gur MDP
14 p. 99 No. 52:8, and passim in OAkk., note:
zfd.ba (Akk. reading unknown) Gelb OAIC
53:14; x zíd É An-tim_x(DIN) ARM 19
219:1, 325:1.

2' in OA: qé-mu-um 1 dug u 2 dug limhuranni let one or two karpatu meas-

ures of flour be ready for me KTS 2a:21; 1 DUG qé-ma-am... addin TCL 20 172:1; lu qé-mu-um lu aršātum ašar še'um ibaššiu šēribama piḥ'a (see aršātu usage a) CCT 3 14:13; see also naruqqu mng. 2.

in OB: 5 sìla qé-mu-um ukul PN UET 5 688:6 and 10; X SÌLA ZÍD.DA PAD PN Birot Tablettes 19:12, cf. ibid. 15:4, X SILA ZÍD.DA ša PAD LÚ u X SÌLA ZÍD $rar{e}d\hat{u}$ YOS 13 131:2f.; 2 (BÁN) 3 SÌLA ZÍD.DA anāku algeam 2 (BÁN) ZÍD.DA PN ublam (totaled as kurummatu) TLB 4 69:5f., and passim; X SÌLA ZÍD.DA ša ana ERÍN bīt awilim innadnu zi.ga níg.šu PN YOS 13 367:1, cf. TLB 1 103:1, 104:1, 105:1, PBS 8/2 175:4, 13, 209:11, 228:11, VAS 7 159:1, 8; x (total of zíp.sag and zíp.še) TLB 1 133:9, cf. zfd.da (total of zfd.sag and zíp.iš) YOS 13 176:8, cf. ibid. 13f., 177:4, 7f.; kurummatam ul išû 2 (BÁN) ZÍD.DA $u \stackrel{1}{2}$ SÌLA šamnam šūbilam TCL 18 124:24 (let.); 1 (PI) 4 (BÁN) ZÍD.DA δa qāti şuḥārātim šūbilam ibid. 137:14, ef. VAS 16 89:23, YOS 2 106:15; 3 (BÁN) ZÍD.DA uštābilam bīt bēltija u bīt il bīti lišākilu I am sending x flour, they should provide the house of my mistress and the temple of the family god with food CT 6 39b:10; 3 (BÁN) ZÍD.DA u 6 SÌLA NINDA ša qātim ina naruqqim kunkamma Sumer 14 67 No. 42:5, cf. zfd.da (beside NINDA) JCS 11 107 No. 2:17; 1 (PI) ZÍD *u* DUH.UD.DU.A lu ersu x flour and dry bran should be ready Kraus AbB 1 29:9; 5 GUR ZÍD.DA rēšī likīl YOS 2 142:7, also MDP 18 248 r. 4; ana ZÍD.DA šuţūnim qātam aštakan 7 62:18 (all letters); x ZfD.DA ana ţênim KI PN PN₂ u PN₃ šu ba.an.ti úd.ebur.šè ZÍD.DA Ì.ÁG.E.MEŠ PN₂ and PN₃ have received x flour from PN for grinding, they will measure out the flour at harvest time VAS 953:1 and 9 (tablet) = 54 (case); PN uPN₂ . . . ZÍD.DA ana PAD ippušu [in]addi= nuniāšim CT 48 80:8, see Kraus, AbB 7 189; 3 EZEN Šamaš 3 (BÁN) ZÍD.DA 3 UZU ipaggid he will provide (the nadītu) with x flour and three portions of meat at

three Šamaš festivals BE 6/1 42 case 12, also ibid. 39:13, CT 47 42:19, etc., 4 EZEN 2 (BÁN) ZÍD.DA.TA u mīšertam ipaqqissi BA 5 486 No. 2 r. 3, cf. 508 No. 42 r. 4, CT 47 64:18; x ZÍD.DA (among foodstuffs and objects for a funerary offering) CT 45 99:3; ZÍD (in heading of ledger beside UZU meat and KAŠ beer) TCL 11 249:1; a door for KÁ GÁ×NUN ZÍD.DA the doorway of the flour storehouse Birot Tablettes 37:15.

4' in Mari, Shemshāra: zfd.da uimmerātim nīqam ana DN ina GN ēzibam I left flour and sheep, the offering to DN, in GN ARM 14 11:5; zíd.da u billatam ana naptanāt birtim ša GN (see billatu mng. 2a) ARM 4 81:33; boats full of billitam u ZÍD(translit. ZI).DA ana É DN Jean, RÉS 1937 106:10 (translit. only); ZÍD.DA ša ina panītim . . . uštēnu kalmatum iltapat zíd. DA mādum irabbib inanna ana pūḥat zíd. DA-šu (ša) ina našpakim irabbibu . . . zíd. DA-šu ana abbū bītim limmadidma . . . u zíd.da-ni, ša ana kurummat awīlē iţennu ana našpakim lišpukuma rēš şābim tillatim $z_{\text{1D.DA-}[n]i_5}$ likīl vermin have infested the flour that they had had ground previously, much of the flour is spoiled(?), now as replacement for the flour that was spoiled (?) in the storehouse let his (PN's) flour be distributed to the intendants (for the palace personnel) and have them store in the storehouse our flour which they were to grind for the personnel's allotment, so that our flour will be available to the allied troops ARM 14 74:5ff.; assum sidīt LÚ GN u piššatim . . . sābam ana ZÍD.DA u Ì.BA mahārim attardam ARMT 13 57:11; ina 8 GUR ZÍD.DA . . . $3\frac{1}{2}$ GUR NINDA PN mahir $4\frac{1}{2}$ GUR NINDA ša ina bītišu iklû ARM 7 263 iii 14; aššum sidītišunu ... ina zíd u ninda emşi... muttatam NINDA u muttatam [zfd] ana sābim war: hišamma littaddinušunūšim concerning their provisions, have them give the troops each month half bread and half flour from the flour and the sourdough

bread ARM 1 60:12 and 14, cf. [assum zí]d.da ana şidīt şābim sakāpim ARM 3 27:5, cf. ibid. 7, [ina l]ibbi zfd.da šâtu [m]imma ša akālim [ī]kulu ibid. 10; aššum ZÍD.DA ana Mari šugalpîm ... kīma našparti b[ēli]ja zíd.da [ana Mari uš]: qa[lp]êm as for having the flour brought downstream to Mari, I had the flour brought downstream to Mari in accordance with my lord's instructions ARM 14 43:4 and 8; [Zf]D.DA umallāši[nāti] I will load them (the boats) with flour ARM 3 27:22; nakkamātum rīqa še'um qé-mu-um ul ibašši še'am qé-ma-am arhiš šuššiam the storehouses are empty, there is no barley or flour, have barley and flour brought here promptly Studies Landsberger 194:47f. (Shemshāra let.), cf. ibid. 59, ša šuššîm šêm u qé-me-em epuš Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 80 SH 812:35.

in MB: ištu Nippur șidītī zíd.da u GÚ.GAL.MEŠ $l\bar{\imath}pu$ šuma let them make up provisions from Nippur, (namely) flour and chick peas PBS 1/2 70:12 (let.); ša bēlī zíd.da u arsāni šūkula išpura (ducks and geese) that my lord instructed me to feed flour and groats ibid. 54:14; ZÍD.DA . . . ša ina libbi hirgalê ša GN PN ana nap: tani flour, which is from the hirgalû flour from GN (issued to) PN for the food allotment PBS 2/2 66:1; 1 (PI) 4 (BÁN) gé-e-mu Iraq 11 145 No. 5:23; PN itti ZÍD.DA lillik have PN come with the flour (comprising zfD šibri and zfD.TUR.TUR) PBS 1/2 31:14 (let.), see also sehheru; barley, emmer, wheat $adi \times zid$. DA (received by the miller) BE 15 132:25; x barley PN ana zíd.da ina nikkassi zíd.da ul iddin šu-ú ippal (received by) PN for (making) flour, he did not enter it in the accounting for the flour, he is responsible (?) ibid. 39:15, cf. Nfg.ŠID ZfD.DA PBS 2/2 118:59; (barley) PN ana ZID.DA iddin ibid. 58:9, also BE 15 47:7; ZÍD.DA banû DUG.GAL.MEŠ ša maltīti u kapri lu mādu (see kapru B) Aro, WZJ 8 567 HS 110:7 (let.); ZfD.DA DUG.GAL UDU.NITÁ (heading of ledger) BE 15 149:2,

ŠE.BAR ZÍD.DA KAŠ DUG ibid. 154:1, cf. PBS 2/2 91:1; total: x ŠE.ZÍD.DA ŠE.KAŠ u ŠE.DUG GIŠ.BÁN.GAL aklu Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 30:21; see also aklu B.

6' in Nuzi, MB Alalakh: barley ana mundi u ana zíd.da.meš RA 23 157 No. 60:11, cf. x barley ana ebūri ana zíd.da.me u ana mundi ana qāt PN nadnu HSS 9 127:1; zíd.da ana maṣḥati HSS 14 181:11; zíd.da ša PAd.meš consisting of kibtu, ziriu, billu) ibid. 165:6, cf. ibid. 68:6, HSS 13 32:11 and p. 98, 347:51; x parīsi zíd.da še'am JCS 8 23 No. 279:1, 24 No. 282:1, cf. ibid. 8 (MB Alalakh), x parīsi zíd.da (beside salt) ibid. No. 283:1, 6, 10, 14.

in MA, NA: aššum zíd.da PN alta'al mā ana īni zíd.da la taţēn mā šeum laššu I asked PN about the flour, saying, "Why have you not ground the flour?" (he replied) saying, "There is no barley" JCS 7 135 No. 62:7 (MA Tell Billa); 1 ZÍD.DA ina sūti saharti 3 SÌLA ZÍD.DA ša KA-i šarri x flour (measured) by the small seah measure, three silas of flour according to the royal decree KAJ 226:8f., cf. 150 emār še-um.meš ina sūti labīrti 70 emār zíp.da.meš KAJ 101:3, cf. also (in lists of items) KAJ 180:30ff., 277:11f., 15ff., 319:1; 1 (BÁN) NINDA harše 1 (BÁN) ZÍD. DA ša šarri (for a ritual) VAT 10550 i 15, iii 18 (all MA); x ZÍD.DA.MEŠ (in list of items received by charioteers as ilku payment) Iraq 15 146 (pl. 13) ND 3467:7 and 18 (NA); six men δa zfd $e-\delta i-di-a-te$. . . ušēlûni ABL 579:5; ZÍD.DA (beside ŠE. PAD.MEŠ) ADD 1036 i 5, cf. iv 2, x ZÍD. DA.MEŠ ADD 1095:6.

8' in NB: 1 (BÁN) qé-mi iţênima he will grind x flour Bagh. Mitt. 5 227 No. 17 iii 15; ZfD.DA itti PN ţēna' YOS 7 186:11, cf. ibid. 15, Camb. 131:18; qé-me ginû naptanu ša DN ţenûtu VAS 6 173:3; one-half mina of silver 5 (BÁN) qé-me ištēn şindû šikar sūti eqli gamri x flour, a one-şimdu container of beer, the entire tax on the field BE 10 128:1, also TuM 2-3 191:1, (beside

uttatu) BE 10 127:1, TuM 2-3 148:6, and passim in Murašû texts, see also qēmu ša šarri; barley ana qé-me ša šalām bīti for the flour for the ceremony of greeting the temple Dar. 320:5, cf. Nbk. 16:4, Moldenke 2 48:9, VAS 5 161:4, $q\acute{e}$ -me ana šalāmu [$b\bar{i}ti$] Nbn. 214:9. and passim; x qé-me sattuk Camb. 374:4 and 9, YOS 6 10:14; 1 iškari ša gé-me ginû naptanu ša DN (see iškaru A mng. 3f-4') VAS 6 173:12; see also mihru A mng. 5; X MA.NA kaspa x Sìla qé-me idī u sidītu x silver, x flour, the wages and provisions (for two royal soldiers) TuM 2-3 183:1, cf. ibid. 10, also arhâ x sìla qé-me șidīssu ana PN inandinu RA 25 78 No. 8 r. 2; 2 (BÁN) $q\acute{e}$ -me a[na] şid $\bar{t}tu$ 82-7-14,1459:8, see also sidītu usage h, gimru mng. 3d; zíd.da \dots ana şā $b\bar{e}$ \dots u kisiātu \dots ana alp \bar{e} idin BIN 1 91:21; qé-me ša bīt karî Camb. 374:1; qé-me maḥrû flour from the previous delivery Nbn. 510:10, CT 22 207:7; barley ana qé-me ana maḥriru ša Annunītu nadin (see mahriru) Dar. 285:9; ZID.DA kurum= māt širaka (heading of list) VAS 6 230:1; ūmu 3 sìla qé-me kurummāt malāhūtu TuM 2-3 34:10; kaspu immeru qé-me ţābāti sahlê šamnu šikaru ţābu hunzu kurummātu gabbi BRM 1 71:1, cf. VAS 6 123:1, and passim; X SÌLA qé-me mu-taq(?)-qu ana LÚ um-manu idin give x flour for cakes (?) to the workmen 82-7-14,1263:2, also GCCI 2 149:1: x uţţatu ina qé-me līdānu ana PN nadin x barley issued to PN from the flour (for) the young birds Nbn. 29:1; 3 (BÁN) SÌLA qé-me ana GIŠ.DA AJSL 27 213 No. 5:1; x uţţatu [x] šamaššammū ana qé-me nadnu x barley and x linseed(?) issued for flour Nbn. 330:2; x suluppū ana qé-me UET 4 122:21, cf. suluppū šīm qé-me ša MU.4.KAM Camb. 261:5; (the garment) and qé-me u suluppī indaharaššu CT 2 2:23; rarely wr. qé-mu: 5 BÁN qé-mu Oberhuber Florenz 134:3, GCCI 2 136:1, YOS 3 149:17.

9' other occs.: zfd.da.meš karānē ana tākulti ummānija karê išpukma (the king of the Manneans) had storage piles of flour and wine prepared to feed my army TCL 3 53 (Sar.); l (BÁN) ZÍD.DA (among items for offerings) BiOr 28 12 iv 5 (Marduk prophecy); a[na] x ZÍD x ZÍD k uraddi 3 [GUR ZÍD] K[IN UD.l.KAM] $u[k\bar{n}n]$ I added x flour to the x flour and thus established three gur of flour as the daily provisions (for Šamaš) JEOL 20 58:184ff. (Cruc. Mon.); $kurk\hat{e}$ ša ZÍD NÍG.LAG.GÁ KÚ geese fed with flour (and?) dough RAcc. 78:16, cf. ibid. 79:28.

- varieties and qualities: \mathbf{x} $q\acute{e}$ -me $bitqa \times ha-la-ah-la \times q\acute{e}-me [sad]-ra$ 82-7-14,1961:2 and 5, for other refs. see halhallu adj.; x qé-mu sa-dar AnOr 8 35:10, for other refs. see sadru; zíd.da hirgalû YOS 7 186:8, also, wr. qé-me VAS 6 114:1 (all NB); see also mesû adj., napû adj. and v., šahālu, šahlu, ţēnu, ţênu; see also bitqu mng. 8, mirqu, pahīdu, qajātu, qilpu, qupātu, rīdu, sasqû, šibru; cereals ground for flour see arsanu, ar: suppu, inninu, kibru, kunāšu, šegūšu, uttatu; for vetches and vegetables see hallūru, kakkû, kasû, murrutu, šinītu, šunû, etc., and see discussion.
- used for magic drawings: Nintu pronounced the blessing isir qé-ma u libitta iddi made a drawing in flour, and set the (birth) brick in position Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 62 I 288 (OB); 7 uşurāte ša zíd.da [t]eşş[ir] you make seven drawings with flour Or. NS 34 116:19 (namburbi), cf. şalam kaššāpi u kaššāpti ša zfd.da ina libbi erî namsê teşşir (see namsû) Maqlu IX 157, cf. 153, 158, cf. also ana muhhi salmi ša zíd.da ša ina qaqqari eşru PBS 1/2 106 r. 27, cf. ibid. 5, see ArOr 17/1 178f.; when you wish to dig a well you purify the site at sunset zíd.da talammi you make a circle of flour around it CT 38 23 K.2312 r. 10, see Or. NS 40 150 r. 28 (namburbi); oath ina kippat qé-mi-im (for context see kilkillu) CT 2 9:9 (coll. C. B. F. Walker); see also CT 17 1:9, in lex. section.
- d) used for figurines made of dough: you make representations of intertwined

snakes ša tiddi tibni u ZÍD.DA ballu of clay mixed with straw and flour Or. NS 36 33:13 (namburbi); kallu ša ZÍD.DA kallu ša ŠE.SA.A ša nāru ina libbi eşiruni elippu ša ZÍD.DA.MEŠ ša kibti ZA 45 44:36 and 38 (NA rit.).

- e) in rituals: you take ZID.DA ša zikaru iţēnu flour that a male has ground KAR 25 iii 16, see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 129:17; mašak unīgi ina šizbi enzi arugti u ZÍD.DA tušakkal Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 59:52; šizba ina zíd.da tašappak BMS 33 r. 40; suluppī sasqû zíd.da ina muhhi tasarraq BBR No. 26 i 29, ii 12, ZÍD.DA u burāša tasarrag Hunger Uruk 12 r. 1 (inc.), cf. 4R 25 ii 14, $z_{D}(var. adds .DA) rest[\hat{u}] tusarraq you$ scatter first-quality flour Or. NS 36 287:7 (namburbi), and passim in rit.; NÍG.NA ŠIM.LI ZÍD.DA(!) tasarraq BBR No. 1-20:35, also Or. NS 36 34 Sm. 810:9 (namburbi); ZfD.DA suluppī sasqû ina šumēlišu inašši Or. NS 40 142 K.157+ r. 10, cf. ZÍD.DA *suluppī sasqû* umassar he releases the flour, dates, and fine meal (into the river) ibid. 143 r. 14 (namburbi).
- f) in med.: (to cure scorpion bite) zid. DA itti šamni tuballal CT 40 27 Rm. 98:12 (SB Alu), cf. BMS 22:32; zid pesû zid salmu zid giš. KU AMT 91,4:4, cf. [zid. babbar] = $p\acute{e}$ -su-u, [zid. gi $_{6}]$ = sa-al-mu-u Hh. XXIII h 10 f. (from RS); see discussion section.
- g) other occs.: Šumma qutrīnam taš-kunma qè-ma-a-am ina ṣērišu tattaqi PBS 1/2 99 i 3 (OB), see Biggs, RA 63 73; Šumma ZÍD.DA iṭēn if (in his dream) he grinds flour Dream-book 335:x+14, (with inappi sifts) ibid. x+15; see also buginnu; once it is cast (in molds) ina šamni u zíd.DA . . . in: nappaḥ it will be made to flare up by (the use of) oil and flour RA 60 37:13 and 20; Šumma igārātu zíd.DA ušaznana if the walls drip with flour CT 38 15:40 (SB Alu); if a scorpion is found ina pisan zíd in the flour container CT 40 28 K.3731+:8, also 26:21.

The reading of KU or KU.KU when it precedes names of plants, minerals, or aromatics cannot be established; syllabic writings show that for some substances the reading is zû (e.g., zê buqli, summati, Nisaba), and for others sīktu, q.v.; note also: KU-KU-KU-KU-KU-ta-a-tum Ea I 160, see von Soden, ZA 70 143. Powdered forms of cereals, plants, and aromatics are summed up as zíd.da.meš [Ú(or Giš). н] I (?). A u šім. ні. A sīku rabû naşmatti asūti flours, plants, and aromatics, (constituting) a large sīku (for) a medicinal poultice Köcher BAM 124 iii 54f. and dupl. 125:22f., cf. (also adding up KU of aromatics, sīktu of other plants, flour made from cereals and KU (= zê) buqli and summati) 12 zfd.da. MEŠ nasmatti qaqqadi RA 53 2:12. The reading of ZÍD.DA.MEŠ in these refs. and in Köcher BAM 168:30, ZÍD.MEŠ ibid. 124 iii 17, and of zfD.HI.A ibid. 216:25 is probably $q\bar{e}mu$ or $z\hat{u}$, as the masc. pl. annûti following the log. indicates; see zû A discussion section.

In RA 46 192 No. 31:2 (= ARM 19 91) read šu.

qēmu in **bīt qēmi** s.; storehouse for flour; NB*; wr. syll. and £ zfd.dA; cf. qēmu.

elippu ša zfd.da ul ušerīq £ zfd.da qati he has not unloaded the flour boat, the flour storehouse is exhausted YOS 3 66:5, £ zfd.da iherri mamma zfd.da ana libbi ul idekki he will make the flour storehouse ready, (but) no one will move the flour into it ibid. 8; uncert.: \$\bar{a}b\bar{e}\$ PN ana [£] \$\[\frac{q}{e}(?)\] -me inandin PN will provide workers for the flour storehouse CT 22 72:22.

Cf. GÁ \times NUN.ZÍD.DA Birot Tablettes 37:15, cited $q\bar{e}mu$ usage a-3'.

qēmu ša šarri s.; (a tax on land held in tenancy from the crown); NB; cf. qēmu.

a) paid in silver: x MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR ilki gamrūtu ṣāb šarri qé-me šá LUGAL bāra u mimma nadānātu ša bīt šarri . . . ša ina muḥḥi qašti ša PN u bēlē qaštišu x silver,

the complete ilku obligations that are due from the bow fief of PN and his co-tenants, (including) the "royal soldier," the "royal flour," the $b\bar{a}ru$ tax, and any other payments to the royal estate BE 10 93:1, cf. ibid. 64:1, 65:1, 67:1, 70:1, and passim in receipts for ilku obligations, also (qēmu alone, without ša šarri) x ma.na kù.babbar ilki gamrūtu gé-me bāra u mimma nadānātu ša bīt šarri BE 9 82:1; suluppū šīm KÙ. BABBAR ša ana ilki qé-me šá LUGAL bāra u mimma nadānātu ša bīt šarri ša ina muhhi: šunu u gaštišunu nadnu the dates (owed) are the equivalent of the silver paid (by the creditor) for the ilku obligation, (including) the "royal flour," the baru tax, and any other payments to the royal estate which are incumbent on them (the debtors) and their bow fief BE 9 95:11, cf. ibid. 94a:9, 96:11.

b) paid in silver and in kind: x MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR x dannu KAŠ.SAG malû ṭābu x UDU.NITÁ x SÌLA qēme u uṭṭatu ilki gamrūtu ṣāb šarri qé-me ša LUGAL bāra u mimma nadānātu ša bīt šarri BE 10 69:2, cf. BE 9 70:1, BE 10 58:1, 75:2, TuM 2-3 184:1, and passim in receipts for ilku obligations.

c) payment unspecified: zēru šuātu ana qé-me šá LUGAL u bāri ša la [sāb šarri] ana PN iddin ina šatti qé-me šá LUGAL u bāru ša ana muḥḥi qašti šuāti ikkaššidu PN ana PN₂ . . . inandin qé-me šá LUGAL u bāru ša šatti x RN PN2 ina gātē PN maķir he turned over that land to PN against (payment of) the "royal flour" and the bāru tax (on which the original tenant had defaulted), but not the "royal soldier," each year PN will pay to PN2 the "royal flour" and bāru tax which is incumbent on that bow fief, PN2 has received from PN the "royal flour" and $b\bar{a}ru$ tax for the first year of Darius PBS 2/1 34:5, 7, and 10; qé-me šá LUGAL bāra . . . [ina muḥḥi] zēri zaqpu u pî šulpu bīt qašti ša PN (receipt for) "royal flour" and $b\bar{a}ru$ tax incumbent on date orchard and grain field, PN's bow fief PBS 2/1 29:1 and 6; qé-me šá LUGAL bāri šugarrū ša SAG.[x] ša qašti PN the "royal flour," bāru tax and the present of [...] of PN's bow fief BE 9 13:1; note omitting ša šarri: ilki gamrūtu sāb šarri qé-me bāri u mimma ša bīt šarri gabbi BE 9 23:1; ilki qé-me bāra sāb šarri PBS 2/1 128:1; [ilki] qé-me bāru gammar BE 9 5:1.

Cardascia Murašû 99f.

*qēmû (fem. *qēmītu) s.; (flour) grinder(?); NB; pl. qēmēti; cf. qēmu.

fpn, fpn2, and fpn3 širkātu ša DN ša £ qé-me-ti ša qāt fpn4 the oblates of DN in charge of the house of the women grinders (?) under fpn4 YOS 7 107:4; PN ša £ qé-me-ti Anor 8 21:22ff.; dullu lu mādu ana muḥḥija . . . 1-en [gušūru] . . . ana £ qé-me-e(text -si)-tum būt qāti u ana GN ina muḥḥija ibašši my work assignment is very great, I have to (deliver?) one beam for the house of the women grinders (?), the workshop, and for GN TCL 9 121:12; [. . . š]á(?)-pi-ri ša qé-me-tum VAS 3 143:3, cf. [. . .] qé-me-tum ibid. 1.

qenşu s.; (mng. uncert.); Aram. lw.(?); NB.*

kî qé-en-şu la maşâka u şābit qātīja jānu I am unable to do anything (lit. I am not equivalent to a handful?), and I have no helper ABL 912 r. 1.

Either lw. from Aram. $qum_s\bar{a}$ "handful" (AHw. s.v.), or to be read kensu; for similar idiomatic use see kimsu mng. 1b.

qenû v.; to be jealous, envious; SB; I, I/2; cf. qannā'u, qi'u.

lú.u_x(GIŠGAL).lu Nfc dingir.ra.a.ni šà.dib gá.gá.bi mu.un.da.ak AMA. dinAnna.bi zà.šè ba.an.di.ni.fb.gar.ra: amēlu ša ilšu šabsiš iktamlušu u ištaršu iq-ti-nu-šú (var. i[q]-ti-n[u-šu...]) a man whose god became extremely angry with him (and) whose goddess became jealous toward him RA 12 74:29f., see Hruška, ArOr 37 489, with coll. W. G. Lambert, Or. NS 40 95.

qēpu qerbēnu

Sarpanītu kî iq-nu-ú ītelu ana ziqqurrati when DN became jealous, she went up to the temple tower Lambert Love Lyrics 104 BM 41005 ii 10 and iii 18; qé-na-at-ma ina qé-ni-šá išāta ana bīt amēli inaddi she (the man's wife) is jealous, and in her jealousy she will set fire to the man's house Boissier DA 19 iii 45 (SB ext., coll.) and dupl. Oefele Keilschriftmedicin pl. 1 K.3873+ ii 3.

qëpu see $q\bar{\imath}pu$ s.

qerab-bīti see qarab-bīti.

qerbâ adv.; inside; Mari*; cf. qerēbu.

ištu UD.5.KAM ina bu-ur-tim qé-er-ba-a išātum illak halaşka ana dannātim kimis (the enemy troops left their camp) for the last five days fire has been raging in inside, gather (the inhabitants of) your district in fortified places ARM 14 121:25.

qerbatu see qerbetu.

qerbēna see qerbēnu.

qerbēnam see qerbēnu.

qerbēni see qerbēnu.

qerbēnu (qerbēnum, qerbēnam, qerbēna, qerbēni) adv.; 1. inside, inward, 2. intestinally(?); OB, SB; cf. qerēbu.

qer-bé- $nu \ /\!\!/ \ lib$ -bi (commenting on Labat TDP) Hunger Uruk 38:18.

1. inside, inward — a) qerbēnu(m) — 1' alone: if a mole ina uznišu ša imitti lu qer-bé-nu lu kīdânu šakin is located on his right ear, either inside or outside Kraus Texte 44:14, dupl. 45:14, cf. ibid. 44:27 and dupl. 63:11, 24, and r. 7, cited p. 14; [DIŠ] ŠE ina šaptišu (lu) AN.TA lu qer-bé-nu TUKU CT 28 12 K.7178:11, [DIŠ ŠE] ina lēti imittiša u šumēlisa qer-bé-nu šakin Kraus Texte 47:28; hašûm qé-er-bé-nu šumēlam paris the lung was separated on the inner side on the left JCS 11 96:12, cf. niṣirti hašîm

qer-[bé-nu-um] šumēlam pars[at] JCS 21 225 LB 1835:17 (OB ext. reports), also, wr. š\u00e4-nu RA 14 146 N.105:11 (MB); *šumma šubtum* ša imittim qé-er-bé-nu(var. adds -um) namrat if the right šubtu is light-colored on the inside YOS 10 48:45, var. from 49:17, cf. (with tarkat) ibid. 48:48, dupl. 49:20 (OB ext.); šumma sēr hašîm qé-er-bé-nu-um imittam u šumēlam kupput if the back of the lung is compacted on the inside to the right and to the left YOS 10 36 i 34 (OB ext.); šumma sinništu . . . qer-bé-nu šarka išu a woman has pus inside Köcher BAM 240:65, cf. šumma sinništu . . . ger-bé-nu šarka ukâl ibid. 59; (the medication) ger $b\acute{e}$ -nu tašakkan STT 97 iv 13; note $ig\bar{a}r$ Eanna kīdiānu ša kisalli šaplî u £ Nin: gizzida ša qer-bé-ni šūpušu (he restored) the wall of Eanna outward from the lower courtyard and the temple of Ningizzida which had been built within it Iraq 15 134:25 (Merodachbaladan II); obscure: MUL. UD.DA ger-bé-nu MUL.AŠ.GÁN šur-šu-du LBAT 1599 r. i 15, also, with qer-bé-nu MAS. MAŠ, ger-bé-nu AGA, etc. ibid. 16-29 (procedure text).

2' with suffixes: $\S umma$ (is-ru) qerbé-nu- $\S a$ $\lceil ti(?)$ -id \rightarrow ku- $\S at$ if the . . . is severed (?) on the inside Boissier DA 98 r. 6 (SB ext.), cf. [. . . $q\acute{e}$ -e]r- $b\acute{e}$ -nu-u \S - $\S u$ kapi \S YOS 10 41:48 (OB ext.).

b) ana qerbēnu(m): kaskasum imittam ana qé-er-bé-nu-um likpiş let the sternum bend inward to the right HSM 7494:29, also ibid. 87, cited JCS 11 103, cf. kaskasum imittam likpiş ana qé-er-bé-nu li-x-[...] RA 38 85:6 (OB ext. prayers); [šumma ina uzni] šumēlišu zu'u ana qer-bé-nu iphur if earwax collects in his left ear toward the center AMT 35,4:4, also AMT 37,2:1 and 5, cf. a-na qer-bé-nu (commenting on ana \$\text{SA-nu pasla}, not preserved, cf. ana kīdi pasla XIV 70-72) Leichty Izbu 233 ROM 991:27; LAL Î.NUN.NA ana qer-bé-nu tanaddi you put honey and ghee inside (the well) Or. NS 40 148:55.

qerbënum qerbetu

c) ina qerbēni: ina qer-bé-ni kubuš hašî šēpu šaknat there is a "foot-mark" inside the "cap" of the lung Knudtzon Gebete 116 r. 20.

2. intestinally (?): šumma amēlu ina šuburrišu dama utabbakam qer-bé-nu dur maruş if a man passes blood from his rectum, this man suffers intestinally (?) in (or from q. of) the rectum Köcher BAM 94 r. 7, also 95:29, 99:30; NA BI qer-be-ni šuburri maruş AMT 101,3 i 21, cf. if he vomits gall every time he belches NA BI qer-bé-na maruş Küchler Beitr. pl. 13 iv 54 and 14 i 1, cf. also šumma amēlu qer-bé-na maruş Köcher BAM 96 iii 10, Šà-šú qer-bé-nam maruş Küchler Beitr. pl. 12 iv 11; 3 mašqiāti ša qer-bé-nam GIG three potions for (someone) who is sick intestinally (?) AMT 47,1 iv 32.

qerbēnum see qerbēnu.

qerbetu (qarbatu, qerbatu) s.; 1. environs, district, 2. field, pasture land, land; from OAkk., OB on; pl. qerbētu, qarbātu; cf. qerēbu.

šā.túm = qer-bé-tu (followed by $gip\bar{a}ru$) Erimhuš VI 38; edin = $s\bar{e}r[u]$, šà.túm = qer-bé-[e-tu] Igituh I 221 f.; ul gfr = qer-bé-tu A VIII/2:253; ul-ul $\frac{GAN}{GAN} = [qer$ -bé]-e-tum Sb I 308, see MSL 4 207; ul-ul KIB = qer-bé-ti Ea IV 209; ul-ul $\frac{GAN}{GAN} = qer$ -bé-ti ibid. 300.

giš.gi [. . .] šám gi.bi ù šà.túm.ma šá[m ú.b]i e.ne.e.[še]: itbalmi apu šīm qanīšu u qerbé-e-tum šīm šammiša did the canebrake take the price of its reed or the meadow the price of its grass? Lambert BWL 242 iii 5; ur.mah šà. túm.ta gin.a mèn : nēšu ša ina qer-bé-e-ti itta: nallaku atta you are a lion who prowls in the fields SBH p. 98 No. 53 r. 13f.; gu₄.gal gu₄.maḥ ú ki.uš kù.ga šà.túm dib.dib.a hé.gál dagal.la: gugallu gumāļu kābis rīte elleti ibta' qer-bé-ti mukīl hegalli great bull, full-grown bull, walking through holy pastures, he moved across the fields bringing abundance 4R 23 No. 1 i 11f., see RAcc. 26; dAma.nir.an.na ama šà.túm è.a.bi: um-mu šá ina ger-bé-ti (var. ger-be-te) šūpāt CT 24 14:11, var. from ibid. 50 K.4349X i 12; [zi DN] [nin šà.túm.ma].kù.ga [m]u.u[n]. zu(!).a: nīš dnin.sig7.sig7 bēltu mudât qer-bé-ti ellēti (be adjured by) DN, who knows the pure fields LKA 77 vi 10, see Ebeling, ArOr 21 377.

šà.bi a.ba mu.un.zu.zu // šà.ga àm.nigin. ni (var. šà.ba.a.na.nigin.e) e.ne.èm.mà.ni šà.bi nu.un.zu.a bar.bi al.ús.sa e.ne.èm. mà.ni bar.bi nu.un.zu.a šà.bi al.ús.sa: qerebšu mannu ilammad // ina qer-bé(var. adds -e)-ti iṣād amassu qer-bé-e-ti ul ilammad (var. qe-reb-šá ul illammad) aḥāti idāš amassu aḥāti ul ilammad qer-bé-e-tú(var. -tum) idāš who understands its meaning, variant: (Enlil's word) prowls through the fields, his word does not understand the q.-s (var. its meaning cannot be understood), it tramples the outskirts(?), his word does not understand the outskirts(?), it tramples the q.-s SBH p. 8 No. 4:64 ff., vars. from K.69 r. 13 ff. in ZA 10 pl. 2 f. (photo in Bab. 3 pl. 14), see Böllenrücher Nergal p. 33 f.

*Su-ba-a-ti, ka-ma-a-ti (var. BA-BA-a-ti) = qer-be-e-ti Malku II 30 f. (dupls. courtesy E. von Weiher).

"KIB = [qer-bé-e-tu] STC 2 pl. 55 iii 16 (comm. on En. el. VII 84); qar-bat // ta-mir-tú Lambert BWL 74 comm. to line 60 (Theodicy Comm.).

1. environs, district -a) of a particular area designated by a proper name: x GÁN šu ger-ba-ti GN x land in the district of GN MAD 1 168 iii 5 (OAkk.), cf. x A.ŠÀ ša ina qé-er-bé-et Pa-hu-sum (for A.GAR Pahu-şum see Harris Ancient Sippar 376) CT 45 20:2, parallel Meissner BAP No. 48:2 and VAS 8 53:1; x A.ŠÀ Ú.SAL ina qé-er-bé-tim ša PN CT 45 113:10 (all OB), cf. (a date grove) qar-bit PN AnOr 9 4 v 2 and 12 (NB); sheep and goats ša qèr-bé-ti ša URU GN u URU GN_2 BE 14 99:65, cf. ša $q e^{ir}-be^{-e}-ti$ ibid. 99a:32 (MB); $q\acute{e}$ -er- $b\acute{e}$ -[e]t GN ana GN $l\bar{i}rubu$ gé-er-bé-et GN, ana GN, līrubu u gé-er-bé-et GN, ana GN, līrubu mātum ana āl dannātim kamsat let (the people of) the district of GN enter GN, (the people of) the district of GN₂ enter GN₂, and (the people of) the district of GN3 enter GN3, the country will be gathered into its fortresses ARM 5 37 r. 1'ff.; immerātim ša ina hamqim ikkala ana qé-er-bé-tim imhaşunim they drove the flock that was pasturing in the valley to the commons ARM 14 86:36, cf. ba= zahātuja ina hamqim qé-er-bé-tim x-ta-riim u GN šakna ibid. 75:24.

b) as proper name: x land ina A.ŠÀ $Q\acute{e}$ -er(!)-be-tum PAD PN in the area of Q. is PN's subsistence field TCL 11 235:5, cf. aššum šukussija ša A.ŠÀ $Q\acute{e}$ -er-bé-tim PBS 7 11:9; fD URU $Qer_x(HA)$ -bé-tim VAS

qerbetu qerbetu

18 18:6 (all OB); d Ki.iš.kur = $\delta a \ Qer-b\acute{e}-ti$ KI 2R 60 No. 1 i 32, see TuL p. 12.

- 2. field, pasture land, land -a) with ref. to irrigation: qar-bat ālija ana tam= kīri lu aškun I turned the fields around my city into irrigated land Weidner Tn. 28 No. 16 v 105 and 31 No. 17:51; lu ušamkira qar-ba-a-te (the king of Urartu established irrigation works and thus) he put the fields under irrigation TCL 3 204 (Sar.); adi mû la ikaššadu ana şumāmīti umaš: širma qar(text am)-ba-su (see şumāmītu usage b) OIP 2 80:21 (Senn.), cf. mukin mê šiqâti ina qar-ba-a-ti Aššur (Sennacherib) who established a water supply for irrigation in the fields of Assyria ibid. 135:14; kalâ išpuk qar-ba-[tam] ibšim (the king) piled up a dike, he (thus) created arable land MDP 10 pl. 11 i 9, cf. [qar]-ba-as-su lizīrma may he (Ninurta) abandon his field ibid. pl. 12 v 2 (MB kudurru); gugallum qardam mumakkir qáar-ba-a-tim (Nabû) the valiant canal inspector who irrigates the fields VAB 4 104 i 18, 176 i 18 (Nbk.), cf. ENGAR qar-ba-a-ti šitmuru Uraš UET 6 398:15; [muša]znin nalši ina serret šamāmi [...] x šāri tīk mê elu qar-ba-a-ti (Marduk) who lets dew fall from the udders of the sky, [...] wind (and) downpours upon the fields AfO 19 61:10 (prayer to Marduk); bamâtu ubbalu irhuşa gar-ba-a-tum (the waters) have carried off open fields, flooded the arable land Lambert BWL 178:30, cf. [imta] la garba-a-[tu] (parallel: [ing]ira tamerātu) ibid. 177:13, ef. ugārī rabûti qar-ba-ti u ta-mi-79-7-8,84 iii 23 (tamītu, courtesy ra-a-tiW. G. Lambert); ina Abi ITI arād dBIL.GI muub(copy -uš)-bil qar(copy am)-ba-te ra: tubte in the month of Abu, the month when Gibil, who dries out the wet field, descends (from heaven) Lyon Sar. 10:61.
- b) with ref. to agriculture: kunāši ennini kakkus[si]...ina qar-ba-a-tim uşi emmer, inninu barley, (and)....plants sprouted in the fields SEM 117 r. iii 24, also ibid. 22 (MB lit.); ina [qer]-bé(var. adds

- -e)-ti tušabši napišti nišī ašnan KAR 59:36 and dupls., see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 443; [ger]-bé-e-ti (var. ger-bé-tu) ša uš-tah-ri-ba tušaššā biltu you make the fields that had been laid waste bear produce (again) Cagni Erra V 34; the fields of the Babyša . . . kisurrīšina immašûma pulukkū la šitkunū gar-ba-ti kudurrīšina nukkurūma la muhhuşa whose boundary lines were forgotten because the pegs were not in place in the fields, whose boundary stones had been moved because they had not been securely driven in VAS 1 37 iii 21 (NB kudurru); ina qer-bé-ti-šu nadīti . . . rigim alāla ṭāba ušalsâ nišēšu (see alāla usage b) TCL 3 207 (Sar.), cf. (DN) $\lceil mu(?) - \delta al - s \rceil u - u \ al \bar{a} li \ ina \ qar - ba - a - ti$ JAOS 88 125 i a 15 (votive inscr.), also (in broken context) [...] ul išassu alāla [...]*šú ger-bé-ti ul iparrik* BHT pl. 5 i 7 (Nbn. Verse Account), [...] [LÚ.APIN].MEŠ qer $b\acute{e}$ -e- $tum \, \check{s}\acute{a}$ -s[u- \acute{u} . . .] OECT 6 pl. 5 K.2727+ :17 (coll. R. Borger), ina qer-bé-ti-ia ušassû alāla Lambert BWL 36:101 (Ludlul I), cf. rigim alāla ina qer-bé-ti ú-šá-áš-šá Cagni Erra IIIa:18.
- c) with ref. to pasture: sugullāt sīsê rapšāti parê agālē u maršīt qer-be-te-šu-nu ana la manê utirra I brought back (from the campaign) countless large herds of horses, mules, donkeys, and flocks from their (the enemies') meadow lands AKA 69 v 7 (Tigl. I); nammaššê Šakkan liktam=me[s...] ina qer-bé-te may the creatures of Šakkan be gathered [...] in the meadows Lambert BWL 170 i 19; būlu litztarrūšu kala qer-bé-ti Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 137:186, cf. tummīšu qer-bé-tam-ma ibid. 184.
- d) as a haunt of wild animals: urabbūšuma ṣēru kî abišu qer-bé-tu kî ummišu the steppe land reared it (the gazelle offered to Šamaš and Adad) as if it were its father, the field as if it were its mother BBR No. 100:15 (= Craig ABRT 1 60), cf. lunambâ qer-bé-tu (var. qer-bet) kīma ummika Gilg. VIII i 13, see JCS 8 92:8; ana

qerbetu qerbiš

sullê barbari ihât qer-bé-tu he (the fox) was spying out the meadow land for the tracks of the wolf Lambert BWL 216:22; piazu ša ina qer-ba-a-ti ilaqqatu PI x [...] ana nambubāti ākilāt inib şippāti šanişma the mouse who gathers [...] in the meadows mocks the wasps who eat the fruit of the orchards ibid. 48.

e) other occs.: a field SAG.BI.1.KAM Purattu sag.bi.2.kam qé-er-bé-tum (var. qer-bé-tum) with one side (fronting) the Euphrates and the opposite side, the open country Pinches Peek No. 14:6 (case), var. from tablet, parallel JCS 11 78:6 (OB); eli bīti bābi u qar-ba-a-ti-ia šagummati tabkat deathly silence is spread over the temple, the city quarter, and even my fields STC 2 pl. 81:76, see Ebeling Handerhebung 134; u sīsû la mār ugāri idarrisa ga[r-ba-ti] but the horse, not at home in the commons, tramples the fields Lambert BWL 178:35 (SB fable); gēš qar-ba-tim [rah]-hi-şu itâršu mulmul the arrow will turn against the fleet (wild donkey) who trampled down the fields Lambert BWL 74:60 (Theodicy), for comm. see lex. section; IGI.MEŠ-šu rīta gerbé-ta iše'i <na>rāma ina namê qišāta she (Ištar) looks(?) for him (Dumuzi) in the pasture (and) the field, she searches for the beloved one in the outskirts (and) the forests LKA 15:4, cf. (Ištar) tallikat qar-ba-a-ti Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 133:115; šadê qer-bit(var. -bi)-su-nu ri-hiis dul-lih-ma devastate the mountains (and) their meadow land RA 46 38:20, var. from STT 21:116 (SB Epic of Zu); high mountains ša . . . qer-bé-sún ešītumma with confusing landscape TCL 3 15 (Sar.); [ša ina rigim] pīšu . . . [uhtappâ] qer-bé-te ihillu şēru (Adad) at whose thundering the fields are ruined, the plain shakes LKA 53:19 and 21, dupl. KUB 4 26 A 10ff., and note [in]a rigmi[ka h]adû huršānī [qe]rbé-e-t[u ina panīka h]uddâ rēšu ugāru at your thundering (Adad) the mountains are joyful, the fields rejoice and the commons exult in your presence Ebeling Handerhebung 104:34; kīma ša abūbu u'abbitu qerbé-sa ušēpiš I made its (the city's) fields look as if a flood had devastated (them) TCL 3 183 (Sar.); I cut down the musuk: kannu grove completely gišimmarīšu . . . adūkma uhinnušu ašmutma umalla ger-baa-ti I killed his date palms, I stripped off his unripe dates and filled the plains with them 2R 67:24 (Tigl. III); annû ūmu ša dam nišīka umakkaru namê qer-be-ti this is the day on which I will drench the steppe (and) the meadows with the blood of your people Tn.-Epic "iii" 32; šētka qé-er-bé-tu rapa[štu] gišparraka [šamû $r\bar{u}q\bar{u}$] tu (O Samaš) the wide field is your net, the distant sky your trap Bab. 12 pl. 14:20 (SB Etana); dZU.LUM mu'addi qer-(Marduk is) DN who $b\acute{e}$ -e-[ti ana ili]assigns fields to the gods En. el. VII 84; [...] qer-bé-es-su (parallel: ina ugārišu, ina tamirtišu) Postgate Royal Grants No. 32:8.

qerbiš adv.; 1. nearby, in close contact, 2. promptly, 3. inside; OB, SB; cf. qerēbu.

[dumu.mu] šà ná.a ku [...]: [ma]r-ti qerbiš ta-ni-[il-...] Marriage of Sud 78.

- 1. nearby, in close contact: [šumma] amēlu egirrû qer-bi-iš īpulšu if an oracular utterance answers the man from nearby (parallel: nesīš from afar) CT 39 41:24 (SB Alu); nakrum qè-er-bi-iš ikkimka the enemy will capture you in close combat (?) YOS 10 6:7 (OB ext.), for parallels see qitrubiš, cf. qer-bi-iš nakru idukkanni Labat Suse 5 r. 27; obscure: šumma nappillu qer-biš-[ma?] [GÙ].DÉ.DÉ (parallel: iš-quma GÙ.DÉ.DÉ) CT 38 44 Sm.472+:18 (SB Alu).
- 2. promptly: ēma išassûka tašamme qer-biš wherever they call upon you (Nabû), you listen immediately K.2540:16, cf. [als]ūka bēlu šīmanni qer-biš [...] RT 24 104:15, [al]sīka rūqiš ši-man-ni qer-biš Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 536:7, also, wr. qer-bi-eš Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila 53:27, [qe]r-biš ši-man-ni STT 132:7, dupl. BMS 14:2, also [...] ana(?) qer-biš išmā suppīja

qerbītu qerbu

[...] Borger Esarh. 113 § 77:12, for parallels see *qerbu* s. mng. 3.

3. inside: qer-bi-iš qa'i wait inside (the gatehouse?) (addressing Ištar) KAR 1:22 (Descent of Ištar); see also lex. section.

For the meaning "promptly," cf. qerēbu mng. 1c, qerbu s. mng. 4.

W. R. Mayer, Festschrift Claus Westermann 302 ff.

qerbītu s.; 1. interior, 2. womb; OB, SB; cf. qerēbu.

- 1. interior a) in gen.: qer-bi-is-sú aptaras ana 9-šú I divided the interior (of the ark) into nine parts Gilg. XI 62; ina mê tiamtim rūqūtim ašar... qé-er-bi-is-sú la ušnawwaru īn šamšim in the distant waters of the sea whose interior the sun's eye does not illuminate Or. NS 42 503:9 (OB inc.); obscure: DIŠ-ma purrus qer-bi-tum ittabši [...] if (the moon is surrounded by a halo) and it is divided, ACh Supp. 2 Sin 14 r. 13.
- b) qerbīt ūmi: [ina līlā]ti ina qer-bit ūme ṣīru il[lik] the snake went (home) at night on the same day AfO 14 304 (pl. 12) K.5299:8, dupl. Bab. 12 pl. 14:2 (Etana), cf. ina qiddat ūmi ina qer-bit ūmi (in broken context) LKA 133:3.
- c) as part of the sheep's lungs: ša= šallum ge-er-bi-tum kalītum kalīt bir[kim] HSM 7494:69 and 128 (OB ext. prayer), cited Hussey, JCS 2 30; šumma sAG qer-bit [imitti patir] if the top of the right q. is split (opposite *kīdītu*) CT 31 35 r. 11, cf. ibid. 17; šumma ubān hašî qablītu imitta u šumēla legât ana 2 BAR-az-ma mišilša ana qer-bit imitti mišilša ana ger-bit šumēli TE-hi if the middle "finger" of the lung takes (the place of) the right and the left ("fingers"), (and) it divides into two and half of it touches the right q, half of it the left q. CT 31 40 iv 9, cf. KI qer-bit imitti u šu: $m\bar{e}li$. . . TE-hi ibid. 2 and 6, parallel ibid. 8 Sm. 1525:5, cf. ina qer-bi-it imitti šaknatma Labat Suse 3:26f., 30ff., ša imitti qer-bi-it

imitti ša 16 (= šumēli) qer-bi-it 16 iţţul ibid. 52; ina qer-bit kubši [IGI-ti] PRT 7 r. 8 (coll. J. Aro); SAG (also SUḤUŠ and MURUB₄) qer-bit imitti CT 31 3 iii 5-7, also (with šumēli) ibid. 4 iii 33 ff.

- 2. womb a) in literal sense: šumma sinništu qer-bi-sa rihūtu imhurma la ulid if a woman's womb takes in semen but she does not give birth Köcher BAM 240:70, also ibid. 67, cf. ša balukki [...š] a amēlūti ana qer-bi-ti la i-ra-hu-u (you, goddess) without whom human [semen?] cannot impregnate the womb KAR 247 i 11 (SB inc.).
- b) in poetic context: ina qer-bi-it nišīšu zēr awīlūtim aj ibni may she (Nintu) not create human progeny in the womb of his people CH xliv 47; ruppiši zērī šunz dili nannabī ina qé-er₄-bi-it piri'ja šalmiš šutēširi tālitti (O Ninmah) increase my offspring, spread my progeny widely, grant safe and easy childbirth to the womb of my descendants VAB 4 84 No. 6 ii 16 and 204 No. 43:15 (Nbk.).

For AMT 101,3 i 21 see qerbēnu.

- qerbu (qurbu, fem. qerubtu, qurubtu) adj.; 1. near, close, at hand, available, 2. near in time, 3. (in substantival use) relative; from OA, OB on; Ass. qurbu; cf. qerēbu.
- 1. near, close, at hand, available a) said of persons: šarrāni qer-bu-tu illû: nimma unaššaqu šēpēja kings living close by come and kiss my feet AnSt 8 62:9 (Nbn.); ṣābēni qer-bu-tu PN ītabak PN led away our people who were close by YOS 3 168:26, cf. (with opposite rūqūtu) BIN 1 39:9 (both NB); ana nakrim qé-er-[bi-im] libbī naḥi[d] I am worried about the enemy being (too) close ARM 10 107:7.
- b) other occs.: mātu rūqtu ibašši u qé-ru-ub-tum ibašši is (my brother's) land a far one or a near one? EA 7:27, cf. ul qaqqaru qé-er-bu-um-ma ibid. 20 (MB

qerbu

gerbu

royal); lu ina libbi āli ammiemma lu ina $\bar{a}l\bar{a}ni~qur$ -bu-ú-te (if a man's wife enters an Assyrian's house) whether in that city or in nearby towns KAV 1 iii 44 (Ass. Code § 24); uţţatu qé-ru-ub-tum ana Eanna tella' u rūqtu ana zēri idin the barley at hand should go to Eanna, give the (barley that is) far away for seeding YOS 3 168:14; suluppū qer-bu-tu babbanūtu šūbilānu send me whatever first-quality dates are on hand ibid. 178:11; parzillu qé-ru-bu-tu $j\bar{a}nu$ there is no iron available CT 22 2:27 (all NB letters); lu ina kalzi £.GAL qurbu-ti lu ina kalzi £.GAL patiūti (someone) from the nearby palace kalzu's or from the faraway (lit. open) palace kalzu's (or large or small kalzu's) Wiseman Treaties 217; note in prep. use as Akkadogram in Hitt.: 2 URU.HI.A QÉ-RU-UB URU GN two towns in the vicinity of GN KUB 26 43+:36, 40, cf. ibid. 50:28, 35f., r. 15f.

2. near in time: if you (pl.) do not want to take the tin and the textiles as a favor to me lu ana itațlim lu ana ūmē patiūtim lu ana ūmē qúr-bu-tim dinama sell (the merchandise) either for cash or on long terms or on short terms CCT 2 cf. lu ana ūmē qú-ur-bu-tim lu appatiūtim dina TCL 19 21:26, ana UD (copy A) qú-ur-bu-tim ana tamkārim kīnim ... dina CCT 2 4a:14, cf. also CCT 4 25b:18, CCT 5 5a:15, 35, cf. šumma a-ūmē qú-urbu-tim la ibašši ibid. 16, also BIN 6 202:17 and 23; annakam u şubātē ana ūmē qú-urbu-tim namgiramma leqe come to an agreement concerning taking a short-term (consignment of) tin and textiles TCL 4 26:19; x silver ša $a-\bar{u}m\bar{e}$ $q\acute{u}-ur-bu-tim$ taqīpani that you (pl.) have given on short-term consignment BIN 4 26:5, cf. CCT 6 19a:21, (in broken context) TCL 19 44 r. 2; note, wr. a-na ud-me-e qú-ur-bi-tim HUCA 39 32 L29-574:6 (all OA); exceptionally in NB: ana PN šipirtī [...] ana qer-bi [in]naššu nubatti la tabâta give my message to PN soon, do not tarry overnight TCL 9 76:24 (NB let.).

- 3. (in substantival use) relative -a) in gen.: kīma aham u gè-er-ba-am la išû since I have neither brother nor (any other) relative TCL 17 21:31, also Holma Zehn altbabylonische Tontafeln 8:7: awâtiki ahhīja ahhātija u qé-er-bu-ti-ja ul ušešmi I never reported your words to my brothers, sisters, or relations 16+17:16 (all OB letters); ana ameli qé-rùub-šu itebbīšu a relative of his will rise against the man Labat Suse 3:28, cf. ibid. 18, cf. ina qer-bi-šú [...] [someone] among his relatives [will die] Dream-book 315:x+29; qer-bu ša şurup libbi imūtuma a relative who had died of heartache IM 67692:326 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), cf. lu šarru lu mārat šarri lu gé-ru-ub šarri either a king or a daughter of a king or a relative of a king (who had died) AfO 11 361:24 (tamītu), cf. also (will the) ša rēši ša zigni manzaz pani [lu zēr šarri mahrûti lu z]ēr šarri arkûti lu-ú qur-ub šarri mam[ma] (rebel against Esarhaddon?) Knudtzon Gebete 108:4; ša qé-reb (var. qer-bi) mudê šamassun i-rim (var. i-ri-im) for my relatives and acquaintances the sun became covered over Lambert BWL 46:120 (Ludlul II).
- b) in NA leg.: mannu ša ina urkiš ipar: rikuni lu PN (lu) mārēšu lu gur-ub-šú lu mammanûšu whosoever later on raises a claim, be it PN (the seller), his sons, a relative of his, or anyone else belonging to him ADD 422 r. 4, parallel 423 edge 4; lu PN [lu ahh]ūšu lu mārēšu lu mār ahhēšu lu mammanûšu qur-bu [l]u L[t].sag bēl ilkišu lu hazannu lu šaknu lu qēpu . . . lu mamma zaqpu Postgate Palace Archive 17:12, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 1, also AJSL 42 261 No. 1242:15; mannu ša ina urkiš ina matema izaqqupani iparrikuni lu PN lu mārēšu lu mārmārēšu lu ahhēšu lu mārē ahhēšu lu šakanšu lu <rab> kişiršu lu qurbu-šú lu hazannu uru-šú lu mammanûšu ADD 446 r. 1; atypical: lu rubû urkû lu šakanšu lu gur-ub-šú lu mammanûšu lu bēl ilkišu lu bēl a-za-ni-šú lu mārūšu (etc.)

qerbu 1a

Iraq 19 136 (pl. 33) ND 5550:16, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 15; lu šakanšu lu qur-ub-šú lu mammanûšu (at the end of enumeration) ADD 244:11, šakanšunu ḥazannašunu mummunûšunu qur-bu ADD 418 r. 6, 471 r. 3, lu šakanšunu lu mammanûšunu qur-bu ADD 419 r. 6; lu šakanšu lu qur-ub-šú TCL 9 57:11, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 17, also ADD 223:9, 429 r. 11, 498:3.

Ad mng. 2: Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 408f., 444; Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 167.

qerbu (qarbu) s.; 1. inside, inner part, middle (of a country, a city, a terrestrial or cosmic region, a body of water, a building, an object, etc.), 2. (in adverbial use) therein, therefrom, thereto, 3. inner side, inner face, 4. proximity, 5. (in the pl.) intestines, insides, 6. mind, heart, 7. meaning; from OAkk. on; qarbu (beside qerbu) in OA, stat. const. qereb, OA, OB also qerab; wr. syll. and (in mng. 5) §A.MEŠ; cf. qerēbu.

sukkal.šà.min (= é.a) = suk-kal qé-reb bi-i-ti Lu I 91; an.PA = e-lat AN-e, an.šà.ga = $q\acute{e}$ -rebAn-e Antagal G 225 f.; $uzu.\check{s}\grave{a} = qer-bi(var. -bu)$ Hh. XV 100; $q\acute{e}$ -er-[bu] x x = [...] (among parts of the stomach) KBo 1 51 ii 22 (Akk.-Hitt. voc.). igi.a šà.ga ab.ku4.ku4.dè: panī ana qé-erbi turru (it is not fit for a gentleman) to (obscure) Lambert BWL 267:14, dupl. STT 121 r. 3; dInnin šà.é.an.na.ke_x(KID) an.ta.e_x(DU₆. DU). dè: ša Ištar ištu šamê ana qé-reb ajakki ušērida (the sage) who brought Ištar down from heaven to Eanna Or. NS 30 3:10ff.; šà Kiš.ki ù.tu.ud.da: ša ina qé-reb Kiši ibbanû who was born in Kish ibid. 14 and 16; a.a šà.ba.ke,: ina qé-reb ma-a-tú SBH p. 19 No. 9 r. 6f.; šà hé.ni.íb.šìr.re.[e.ne] : (var. urugal.la.ta adds ina) qé-reb qabri (var. qabli) liklûšu (see kalû v. lex. section) ZA 30 189:18f., vars. from dupl. KAR 46:19f.; sag.tuku.dingir.ug₅.ga.àm šà. ga.arali.ke_x: rābiş dingiruggê ina qé-reb(var. -reeb) aralli (Samaš) who watches over the dead gods in the nether world UVB 15 36:9; u4.dam ki.àm. ús [šà.bi nu.pàd.dè] : ša kīma ūmu šur: šudu gé-reb-šá la atê (see atû v. lex. section) SBH p. 7 No. 4:1f. and p. 149; a.kù šà.bi mu. ni.in.ri / rá : mê ellūti qé-reb-šá ubla he brought pure water into it 4R 25 iv 1f.; for other bil. refs. with Sum. correspondence šà see mngs. 1a, b, f, g, i, m, 7.

libiš (AB׊A). a.ab. [ba]. ke_x ba.ra.an.da. bal.e: ina qé-reb tâmti la tebbiršu (see ebēru A lex. section) CT 16 10 iv 18f.; libiš Bal.til^{ki} Din.tir^{ki}.ta: ultu qé-reb Aššur ana Šubat Balāţu from Assur to Babylon 5R 62 No. 2:44f. (Šamaššum-ukīn).

[qe]-er-bu = lib-[bu] CT 18 9 K.4233+ ii 15.

 $q\acute{e}$ -reb | lib-bi Lambert BWL 76 comm. to line 82 (Theodicy Comm.); ^{ir}HAR = qer-bu STC 2 pl. 53 r. ii 26 (comm. to En. el. VII 129); ^{[i]r}HAR = qer-bu ibid. 52 r. ii 17 (comm. to En. el. VIĬ 128); $q\acute{e}$ -reb-šá \acute{u} -tu | lib-ba-šá id-di-ma CT 41 25:3 (Alu Comm., to CT 38 22:22, see mng. Ih); AN. §A.GA = $q\acute{e}$ -reb AN-e 2R 47 ii 13 (unidentified comm.).

inside, inner part, middle of a country, a city, a terrestrial or cosmic region, a body of water, a building, an object, etc. -a) of lands, regions -1' with prep. -a'of lands, countries, with ana: ummānāteja . . . ana gé-reb māt Aššur ušaldid I had my troops pull (the booty) to Assyria TCL 3 409 (Sar.); baltussun ana qé-reb mātija ubil I brought them alive into my land OIP 2 83:46 (Senn.); šallatu kabittu ana qé-reb māt Aššur ašlula I brought substantial booty into Assyria Winckler Sar. pl. 32:72, also OIP 2 25 i 53 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 55 iv 52, 58 v 7; ana qé-reb māt Aššur adi mahrija ušēbilaššu he had him brought into Assyria before me Winckler Sar. pl. 27:14; ana qé-reb GN . . . išpura rakbāšu he sent his messenger into Bīt-Jakīn Lie Sar. 70:2; šalmeš atūra ana qé-reb māt Aššur I returned to Assyria safely OIP 2 55:60 (Senn.); bušê mātitān lušēribi ana qé-reb mātija may I bring possessions from all lands into my land VAB 4 260 ii 42 (Nbn.); KU(?).kur.ti.ta šà. bi ım ti.a. meš: ištu du6. kù ana qéreb māti ittasûnu šunu CT 17 41:3f.

b' with ina: ašbākuma ina qé-reb mātika I am dwelling in your land Tn.-Epic "iii" 17; i-na qé-reb mātātišunuma within their lands (the enemies gathered their forces) AKA 67 iv 84 (Tigl. I); cities ša ina qé-reb GN šaknūni which are situated in GN AKA 376 iii 98 (Asn.); the rest of their soldiers ina qé-reb mātišunu umaššir I left in their

qerbu 1a qerbu 1b

land Rost Tigl. III p. 8:38; ina qé-reb GN āla ēpuš in GN I built a city ibid. 46:28; i-na qé-reb mātišunu imqussunu hattu panic befell them in their own land TCL 3 69 (Sar.); i-na qé-reb māt Aššur urâ I brought (booty) into Assyria Lie Sar. 74; nagû šuātu . . . ina qé-reb-e-šú šalţāniš attallak victoriously I marched around in that region Borger Esarh. 56 iv 61, cf. ibid. 104 ii 1; šanāt ķegalli ina qé-re-eb mātija ušēpi I caused prosperous years to appear in my land VAB 4 172 B viii 37 (Nbk.), cf. wine was bought cheaply ina qé-reb mātija BBSt. No. 37:11 (Nbn. Harran); ina qé-reb mat Kaldi kalbu zikaru itta'lad in Chaldea a male dog gave birth CT 29 48:19, cf. ibid. 49:31 (SB prodigies).

with ištu/ultu: ultu qé-reb mātišu ... usâmma he came out of his country TCL 3 34 (Sar.); ultu qé-reb māt Elamti in: nabtamma he fled from Elam Borger Esarh. 47 ii 37, also ibid. 106 iii 28, Streck Asb. 62 vii 56; maddattašunu kabittu ultu gé-reb mātāti: šunu iššûnimma they brought their substantial tribute from their lands TCL 3 41 ultu qé-reb māt Gambūli ašlula (booty) I brought out of GN Streck Asb. 28 iii 67; TA qé-reb GN issuḥamma he departed from GN Lie Sar. 370; nagû . . . ultu qé-reb mātišu abtuq I cut the district off from his country OIP 2 28 ii 26, also 68:15 (Senn.); RN ultu qé-reb māt Muşur inassa: huma they will deport RN from Egypt Streck Asb. 12 i 122; ultu qé-reb māt Aššur ana ašrišunu utīršunūti I returned them (the gods) from Assyria to their original places Borger Esarh. 74:22.

d' with iš: šumma awat nakrim iš qéra-ab mātim waṣât if a rumor about the enemy spreads through the land RA 35 50 No. 31d:3 (early OB Mari liver model).

2' without prep. — a' qerbu alone: udug.hul.didli šà.ba.kalam.ma. e(var. .è).ra: utukkū lemnūti imlū qéreb māti the evil utukku demons filled the middle of the land JCS 21 129:20f.: ša

sittašunu . . . ušarmû qé-reb GN (Sargon) who settled the remainder of them (the defeated peoples) in GN Lyon Sar. 4:20, also Winckler Sar. pl. 32:49; qé-reb GN ināruš ina kakki in Elam they slew him Borger Esarh. 47 ii 57; ša qé-reb GN ērubu išmēma he heard that (my troops) had entered Elam Streck Asb. 44 v 12, cf. ibid. 50 v 125; RN... ša qé-reb GN aškunuš ana šarrūti RN whom I had installed as king in Elam ibid. 30 iii 102, cf. ibid. 6 i 58; inakkisu qaqqad šar GN qé-reb mātišu can one cut off the head of the king of Elam in his own country? ibid. 34 iv 17; Nana ša . . . tūšibu gé-reb GN Nanâ who had spent (1635 years) in Elam ibid. 58 vi 109; treasures which former kings of Elam išlulū ūbilū géreb GN had carried away as spoil to Elam ibid. 50 vi 10; 60 ber qaqqaru qé-reb GN ušahrib I laid waste a stretch of sixty "double hours" of territory in Elam ibid. 220:17; $adi \dots q\acute{e}$ -reb GN $u\check{s}uzzu$ as long as (these Babylonians) stayed in Assyria ibid. 30 iii 94; qé-reb GN ana sihirtiša attallak šaltiš I marched around victoriously in all Elam ibid. 46 v 40; qāti . . . Marduk işbatma ušērib gé-reb Aššur (Sennacherib) led Marduk into Assyria VAB 4270 No. 8 i 17, cf. ibid. 24 (Nbn.); ana GN qé-reb GN2 ištakan panīšu he turned to Tēma in the Westland BHT pl. 6 ii 23.

b' with ša: bīt ṭābti ša qé-reb māt Madaja a salt desert in the land of the Medes Borger Esarh. 55 iv 47; GN ša qé-reb GN2 ibid. 52 iii 62, also Lie Sar. 64:15; [a]lakti girrija ša qé-reb māt Aššur Lie Sar. 70:3; 12 nagê ša qé-reb māt Elamti twelve districts inside Elam Streck Asb. 48 v 106; 8 šarrāni ša qé-reb nagê šuātu adūk I defeated eight kings of that district Borger Esarh. 56 iv 69.

b) of mountains - 1' with prep. - a' with ana: ana qé-reb huršāni asdira tāluku I directed the march (of my troops) toward the mountains TCL 3 13 (Sar.); ana qé-reb huršāni innabit (the defeated enemy) fled into the midst of the moun-

qerbu 1b qerbu 1b

tains Winckler Sar. pl. 31:46; ša... ina šarrāni abbēja mamma ana qé-reb-šú la ithû (mountains) whose interior none among the kings, my ancestors, had approached KAH 2 84:83 (Adn. II).

with ina: izi.mú.mú.da kur. šà.ga ba.rig, ga mèn : išātu napihtu ša ina qé-reb šadî iššarrapu anāku I am the flaring fire that is lighted in the midst of the mountains ASKT p. 129:13f.; ir. giš.erin.na šà.hur.sag.ta im.mú: iriš erēni ša ina gé-reb šadî aşû the scent of the cedar that grows in the middle of the mountains 5R 51 iii 14f. (bīt rimki), see JCS 21 11:11; muštēšir nārāti ina gé-reb šadî mupattû būr kuppi ina gé-reb hursāni (Marduk) who makes the rivers run their course in the mountain region, who opens springs in the midst of the mountains AfO 19 61:5f. (SB prayer); baši namrirrūša ina gé-reb hursāni (see namrirrū usage a-1') ZA 10 295:11 (hymn to Šarrat-Nippuri), see AfK 1 24; ina qé-reb šadî irtibūma īteţluma irtašû minâti (see eţēlu mng. 1) AnSt 5 100:36 (Cuthean Legend); GN ša ina qé-reb KUR Arqania AKA 377 iii 101 (Asn.); tāḥazu dannu ina qé-reb šadê lu aškun I waged a fierce battle in the mountain fastnesses WO 1 458:37, also 3R 7 i 22 (both Shalm. III); ERÍN.MEŠ mugtablīšunu ina gé-reb huršāni . . . ušna'il I laid flat their fighting troops in the middle of the mountains AKA 78 vi 4 (Tigl. I), also AKA 339 ii 114 (Asn.); ina gé-reb šadê danni dīktašunu adūk in a difficult mountain region I defeated them AKA 300 ii 17 (Asn.), also OIP 2 61 iv 74 (Senn.); ina qé-reb GN šadî ine irtu he turned back in the middle of Mount GN TCL 3 142 (Sar.); uhummī zagrūti ša ultu ulla ina qer-bi-šu-un urqītu la šūşât (see zagru usage a) Lyon Sar. 6:35; ša... ina gé-reb GN šadê ina puzri nanzuzū (cedars) that were standing in the hidden recesses of Mount GN OIP 2 107 vi 51 (Senn.); (wild animals) ina qé-reb ša (var. omits ša) huršāni šagūte amidst high mountains AKA 90 vii 8 (Tigl. I).

with ištu/ultu/issu: kur.ra kur šà.ta nam.ta.[è.dè]: ištu qé-reb šadî ana mātu urdu (the illness) came down on the land from the middle of the mountains CT 17 12:5; Lamašt[u ūri]da ultu qé-reb šadî Lambert BWL 40:55 (Ludlul II), see p. 344; talgînima ultu gé-reb šadî ana rē'ût nišē tab-bi-in-ni (see nabû A mng. 3a) ZA 5 79:27; bušášunu issu qé-reb šadê ušērida I brought their possessions down from the mountains WO 1 468:20 (Shalm. III), also 1R 30 ii 57 (Šamši-Adad V), OIP 2 27 ii 4 (Senn.); kīma işşūri ultu gé-reb šadî abār: šuma akkisa qaqqassu I caught him like a bird from the mountain recesses and cut off his head Borger Esarh. 50 iii 30; šallas: sunu TA qé-reb šadê utēra Iraq 25 56:43 (Shalm. III); the subjugated kings had building materials brought to Nineveh ultu qé-reb huršāni ašar nabnītušunu from the mountains where they originated Borger Esarh. 61 v 81.

without prep. -a'qerbu alone: zi.kur.bar.ra zi.kur.šà.ga <pàd>: nīš šaḥāt šadî nīš qé-reb šadî be conjured by the outside of the mountain, by the inside of the mountain PBS 1/2 115 i 15f. (SB inc.); qé-reb huršāni zagrūti ... ina sīsî arkab in the midst of the steep mountains I rode on horseback OIP 2 26 i 68 (Senn.); ţūdī pašqūti ša lapan šadê marşūti ullānūa qé-reb-šú-un mamman la illiku šarrāni narrow paths by which before me none of (the previous) kings had gone because of the difficult mountains ibid. 37 iv 16; ša qé-reb šadê ēlû (the enemies) who had gone up into the mountains Streck Asb. 74 ix 38; işşūr šamê mut= taprišu gé-reb-šú la i'iru (a mountain region) into which not even a winged bird could penetrate AKA 270 i 49 (Asn.), also Scheil Tn. II 38; qé-reb GN ikšitu they cut (huge cedar logs) in the Amanus mountains OIP 2 132:70 (Senn.); difficult: Nippur lamû rēšēti aşû qer-[bi-šu] is surrounded by happiness, it(?) rises amidst (the mountains?) ZA 10 294 r. (!) i 3, see AfK 1 23 (coll. W. G. Lambert).

qerbu 1c qerbu 1e

b' with ša: GN ša qé-reb šadî rūqūti GN, which lies amidst distant mountains OIP 2 41 v 5 (Senn.), cf. AKA 58 iii 96 (Tigl. I); šubta ṣīrta ša qer-bi-šu a magnificent abode in it (Mount Abeh) Weidner Tn. 36 No. 25:4.

c) of the sea - 1' with prep.: see CT 16 10 iv 18f., in lex. section; šallassunu ištu qé-reb tâmāti ušēlā I brought their booty out of the sea Iraq 25 56:44 (Shalm. III); alluttu hurāşi ana qé-reb tâmti addi (see alluttu mng. 1b) OIP 2 75:80; kīma nūni ultu qé-reb tâmti abāršu I caught him like a fish out of the sea Borger Esarh. 48 ii 73; ultu qé-reb tâmti nakrūtija kīam iqbūni from out of the sea my enemies said ibid. 58 v 24.

2' without prep.: ibbanûma ilū qé-reb- $\delta u(\text{var. }-\delta u)-un$ the gods were created in them (the waters of Apsû and Tiāmat) En. el. I 9; ša Igigū la idû qé-reb libbiša (the sea) whose interior the Igigu do not know Lambert BWL 128:36 (hymn to Šamaš); Ú šá-mi qé-reb tam-tim : Ú im-bu-u tamtim Uruanna I 664; ana GN ša qé-reb tâmti innabit he fled to GN, which is an island in (lit. is in the middle of) the sea OIP 2 77:18 (Senn.); ša...qé-reb tâmti innabtu Borger Esarh. 58 v 10; GN . . . ša qé-reb tâmti nadû Sidon, which lies in the middle of the sea ibid. 48 ii 68; nagî bērūti ša qére-eb tiamti elîti u šaplīti distant regions in the middle of the Upper Sea and the Lower Sea VAB 4 146 ii 27, also 148 iii 6 (Nbk.); note the locative or terminative used instead of ana/ina: dIR.UG5.GA šālil gimrišunu qer-biš Tiāmat (var. tam-tim) DN who carried all of them off captive into the midst of the sea En. el. VII 103; ša ger-biš (vars. ina ger-bi, ina ger-biš) Tiāmat ītebbiru la nāhiš (for la anāhiš?) šumšu lu dNēberu āhizu qerbišu the one who is used to crossing the expanse of the ocean without tiring, his name shall be Ford (star) (because) he occupies the central position ibid. 128; qer-bis(var. -bi-iš) Tiāmat šudluhu tebû arkišu they

(the seven winds) followed him to roil the inside of Tiāmat En. el. IV 48, cf. $\bar{\imath}pu\check{s}ma\ sap\bar{a}ra\ \check{s}ulm\hat{u}\ qer-bi\check{s}\ Ti\bar{a}mat$ (var. $\lceil qer-bi\rceil$ -i $\check{s}\ tam$ -tim) ibid. 41; a $\check{s}ar\ Purattu$ mê $\check{s}a\ u\check{s}e\check{s}\check{s}eru\ qer$ -bu-u $\check{s}\ t\hat{a}mti$ where the Euphrates empties its water into the sea OIP 2 74:78 (Senn.).

- d) of rivers, watercourses, etc. -1'with prep.: mê ana ger-bi-šá addi I (redug that canal and) let water into it AKA 147 v 23 (Aššur-bēl-kala); butugtu ultu gé-reb Puratte ibtuga he cut a sluice from the Euphrates Winckler Sar. pl. 21 No. 44:5; ultu qé-[reb] ID GN uşşûnimma işbatu šēpēja they came out of the (marshes of the) Uqnû river and clasped my feet Lie Sar. p. 48:4; x qaqqaru . . . ultu qé-reb íd Husur . . . lu asbata I took an area of 289 cubits from the river Husur OIP 2 105 vi 2; ultu qé-reb în Husur mâme dārûti ašarša ušardâ out of the river Husur I let inexhaustible water flow down to it (Nineveh) 98:90, also 79:12 (all Senn.).
- 2' without prep.: mighty ships qé-reb Idiglat id-[du]-ši-na-ti they launched in the Tigris OIP 2 73:61 (Senn.); qé-reb katimti asurrakkiša (see katimtu usage a) 99:49, also 96:76; I defeated PN āšib qéreb agamme who lived in the middle of the marshes ibid. 34 iii 53; innabit qé-reb agamme u appārāti ērumma he fled and entered the marshes and swamps ibid. qan appārāti ša qé-reb agamme akšitma (see agammu usage a) ibid. 115 viii 61, also 125:48, and passim in Senn., see agammu usage b; qé-reb māme šaplānu aban šadî danni aksīma in the middle of the water, down below, I fixed heavy rocks ibid. 113 viii 10; nāru ša mamma la idû qé-reb-šá Maglu VI 99; note the locative used instead of ana: nāru lim: huranni lišērid ger-bu-uš-šú (see arādu A mng. 3d) PBS 1/1 14:20 (inc.), see JNES 33 274.
- e) of other geographical and topographical features 1' with prep.: I incorporated much land ultu qé-reb ušalli

qerbu 1f qerbu 1f

u tamirti āli from the meadows and the irrigated areas of the city OIP 2 128 vi 46, also ibid. 131:60; they sent their messengers ina qé-reb tamirti GN ṣērūa to me in the fields around Cutha ibid. 50:22; I collected their scattered cavalry ištu qé-reb ṣēri u bamāti ibid. 52:35 (all Senn.); UD.6.KAM ana qé-reb kirî ušteṣṣāmma on the sixth day (the god) goes out to the garden SBH p. 145 No. VIII ii 22.

without prep.: all kinds of plants prospered qé-reb kirâti inside the gardens OIP 2 125:45; they felled great trees qéreb qišāti in the midst of the forests ibid. 104 v 68, cf. (trees) qé-reb-šú hurrušu ibid. 111 vii 57, 101:57 (all Senn.); my troops qé-reb-šin ērubu entered them (the sacred forests) Streck Asb. 54 vi 68; $m\hat{e} \dots q\hat{e}$ -reb sippāte šâtina ušahbiba atappiš atappiš) OIP 2 114 viii 30 (Senn.); ša harubt[i erselti ippaţir qé-reb-šá the bosom of the barren earth burst Lambert BWL 177:19; the GN tribe ša qé-reb madbari šitkunat šubassun whose home lies in the middle of the desert OIP 2 93 r. 26, also 92 r. 22 (Senn.); $madbar \dots$ ša işşūr šamê la išâ'u gé-reb-šú the desert in which no bird flies Streck Asb. 70 viii 88.

of heaven, the nether world, and other cosmological entities -1'prep.: dUtu an.šà.šè ku4.ku4.da.zu. dè: ana qé-reb šamê ina erēbika when vou. Šamaš, enter heaven Abel-Winckler No. 59:1f.; Adapa ana qé-reb šamê (title of a composition) Rm. 618:2, in Bezold Cat. alsīka bēlī ina qé-reb šamê ellūti I called upon you, my lord, in the midst of holy heaven Combe Sin No. 6:7, also BMS 21:10, 4R 17 r. 8, KAR 55:12, and passim in prayers, see Mullo Weir Lexicon 172, also PSBA 20 156:20; [šà.an].sud.da gù.ur₅.an. da : [ina qé]-reb šamê rūqūti alsīki KAR 73 r. 7f.; kippat mātāti ina qé-reb šamê šaglāta you hold the disk of the lands suspended from the heavens Lambert BWL 126:22 (hymn to Šamaš); ina qé-reb šamāme šu-lu-tú... appalissunūti (in my dream)

I saw (the moon and planets) . . . in the middle of the sky VAB 4 278 vi 33 (Nbn.); ní.me.lám an.na an.šà.ta sag.gá. mu.un.rig7.ga: puluhti melamme Anu ina qé-reb šamê ana širikti išrukšu Anu gave him awe-inspiring splendor as a present in heaven Angim II 11 (= 70); ina gé-reb apsî ibbani [Mar] duk ina gé-reb elli apsî ibbani [Marduk] En. el. I 81 f.; enūma Adad ina gé-reb šamê rigimšu ittanandû when Adad keeps thundering in the sky BMS 21 r. 73, cf. šumma Adad ina gé-reb šamê issīma ACh Adad 19:51, with explanation ina MURUB₄ AN-e ibid. 52, cf. (Adad) [...]-x erpeti ina qé-re-eb ša-me-e KUB 4 26A 9, restored from LKA 53:14; izi. gar su.lim búr.búr.a.zu an.šà.ga igi im.da.kár.kár.ra.ab: šalummat dipāriki šitpūtu ina qé-reb šamê littanpah (see dipāru lex. section) TCL 651 r. 19f.; [É. sag.í]l šà zu.AB.ke, e.dè dLugal. du6.kù.ga mu.ni.in.ri.a: É MIN ša ina qé-reb apsî Lugaldukuga irmû Esagil which DN founded in the middle of the $aps\hat{u}$ CT 13 36:13, cf. BA 10/1 75 No. 4 ii 12; a high mountain ša itti šikin urpati ina qé-reb šamê ummuda rēšāšu whose peaks reach into the middle of the sky together with the clouds TCL 3 + AfO 12 144:96 (Sar.); nam.erím šà.an.na.ta im.ta.e. d[è]: māmītu ultu qé-reb šamê urda[m= ma] the "oath" descended from the center of heaven Surpu VII 3f.; an.šà. ga.ta ım.gin, kalam.ta zi.ga.meš : ištu qé-reb šamê kīma šāri ana māti ittebûni *§unu* they (the evil demons) have risen from the middle of the sky like a wind against the land CT 16 20:106f.; an.šà. kù.ga.ta [è].zu.dè: ištu qé-reb šamê [ellūti] ina asīka when you come out of the midst of holy heaven 4R 17:1f.; kīma qé-reb šamê luttammir may I become as bright as the middle of the sky BMS 12:83, also Iraq 18 62:30, cf. šà.an.gin, hé.en. dadag.ga: kīma qé-reb šamê limmir Surpu p. 53:28; Esagil and Ezida kīma qé-re-eb šamāmi unammir VAB 4 142 i 21, also 182 iii 38 (Nbk.); libbi ili kīma gé-reb

qerbu 1g qerbu 1g

šamê nesīma (see libbu mng. 3a) Lambert BWL 86:256, cf. ibid. 76:82 (Theodicy), for comm. see lex. section, cf. [...] sù.ud.du.gin_x: $k\bar{\imath}ma$ qé-reb apsî rūqu like the distant inside of the apsû (no god sees it) BA 5 646 No. 12:5f.; [šà.abl.šeg₉.[ga(?)].ta: ana qé-reb apsî Or. NS 47 432f.:11f., cf. šà.engur.ra.ta: ina qé-reb apsî ibid. 31f.

without prep. -a'qerbu alone: šà.an.na igi.bar.ra.ta.è $: q\acute{e}$ -reb šamê u erşeti kīniš uštāpû (see apû A lex. section) STC 2 pl. 49:7 and 14 (bil. introduction to Enuma Anu Enlil); ajû ţēm ilī qé-reb šamê ilammad who can understand the minds of the gods in heaven? Lambert BWL 40:36 (Ludlul II); kābisū qé-reb šamê rūqūti attunuma you (pl.) are the ones who walk around in the faraway heavens JRAS 1929 285:9, also Iraq 18 62:15 (from Hama); [di]pāru namirtu ša gé-reb šamāme STT 73:112; ina šu'āri šu'duru qé-reb Andu: runna (see adāru A mng. 5b) En. el. I 24; šumšu lu Nēberu āhizu ger-bi-šu nēberu mng. 3c) En. el. VII 129; šuršūša *šuršudu gé-reb aralli* its (the mountain's) foundation is laid in the nether world TCL 3 19 (Sar.); ilū rabûti āšibūt qé-reb Irkalla the great gods who dwell in the nether world STT 28 v 8, also ibid. ii 7, v 24, vi 46 (Nergal and Ereškigal); Ea . . . qé-reb apsî inaţţal panukka KAR 105:9, dupl. 361:9; nūr šamê erşeti mušpardū qé-reb apsî light of heaven and earth, who makes bright even the middle of the apsû AKA 257 i 8 (Asn.).

b' in the locative: Ea qer-bu apsû išianšim dunnam Ea endows her with strength in the apsû VAS 10 214 vii 3 (OB Agušaja), cf. i-qer-bu apsî nazuzzat she (Saltu) stands in the middle of the apsû ibid. vi 11.

g) of cities - 1' with prep. - a' with adi: ālānišu . . . adi qé-reb GN akšud I conquered his cities up to GN Streck Asb. 22 ii 131; ultu pāt Bābili adi qé-re-eb Kiš

from the region of Babylon as far as Kish Sumer 3 15 i 21 (Nbk.).

b' with ana: šallassunu kabittu tašal: lala ana qé-reb Šuanna you will carry off their considerable booty into Babylon Cagni Erra V 30; ana gé-reb Bābili adi mahrija ūbilunimma they brought (presents) into Babylon to me Winckler Sar. pl. 35:149; nāra . . . ana gé-reb Šuanna ahri I dug a canal (leading) into Babylon Lie Sar. 379; his troops ša ana qé-reb GN . . . ušēribuma which he had brought into Jerusalem OIP 2 70:31 (Senn.); innabit ana qé-reb GN he fled into Thebes Streck Asb. 10 i 88; ištu GN išaddihu ana qé-re-eb GN2 (Nabû) travels from Borsippa to Babylon VAB 4 160 vii 34 (Nbk.); kullata ilāni ša ušēribi ana gé-er-bi māhāzīšun all of the gods whom I had brought into their cult cities 5R 35:34 (Cyr.), see Berger, ZA 64 200.

c' with ina: [f]D [in] qer-bi-su u-su-zi he diverted the river from it (the captured city) PBS 5 36 iii 22 (OAkk.); $i-q\acute{e}-ra-\acute{a}b$ Alim inside the City (i.e., Assur) CCT 4 45b:18, TCL 14 37:4, cf. Jankowska KTK 5:8; ina qá-ra-áb Alim KTS 8a:11 (all OA); (a temple) ina qé-re-eb ālija Aššur abni I built in my city Assur AOB 1 22 ii 12, also ibid. iii 10, 24 iv 9 (Šamši-Adad I), cf. ekal bēlūtija šūturta ina qé-reb-šu arşip KAH 2 84:38 (Adn. II), bīt Enlil u Ninurta ina qéreb-šú addi Iraq 14 33:55 (Asn.), also 3R 8 ii 34 (Shalm. III), (temples) ina qer-bi-šu addi I founded in it (Dūr-Šarrukīn) Lyon Sar. 25:16; maddattašu . . . ina gé-reb GN ālišu amhuršu I received his tribute from him in his city GN TCL 3 308 (Sar.); şalam šarrūtija ina ger-bi-šú ulziz I erected a statue depicting me as king in it (the new city) Winckler Sar. pl. 32:63, also OIP 2 28 ii 10; the New Year's festival ša... ina gé-reb āli inneppušu which used to be celebrated inside the city OIP 2 136:27 (Senn.); ina gé-reb Ninua . . . hadīš ērumma I entered Nineveh amidst rejoicing Borger Esarh. 45 epšētišu lemnēti ina gé-reb Ninua ašmēma while I was in Nineveh I heard

qerbu 1g qerbu 1g

of his evil actions ibid. 47 ii 51; ina qé-reb GN išmā in GN he heard (of the defeat of his army) Streck Asb. 8 i 83; ina qé-er-bi-šú ušēpiš I had (Ezida) built in it (Borsippa) VAB 4 126 iii 39, also 172 viii 15 (both Nbk.); ina qé-reb Bābili likūn šubtī may my dwelling remain stable in Babylon ibid. 260 ii 47 (Nbn.); ummānija rapšāti ina qé-reb Bābili išaddiḥa šulmāniš my extensive army marched peacefully into Babylon 5R 35:24 (Cyr.), see Berger, ZA 64 198; an inscription ša... ina qé-er-ba Akkade PN tupšarru īmuru which the scribe PN discovered in Akkad Clay, MJ 3 24 fig. 9:5 (NB).

with ištu/ultu: their possessions ištu qé-reb āli šuātu algâšunūti I took away from them out of that city 1R 31 iv 13 (Šamši-Adad V); ša ultu qé-reb GN ašlula (booty) which I took out of GN TCL 3 408 (Sar.), also OIP 2 33 iii 26 (Senn.), RAcc. 80:47 (colophon); the protective goddess ištu qéreb Uruk ibbakma ina qé-reb Bābili ušeššib he will lead away from Uruk and settle her in Babylon Hunger Uruk 3 r. 4 (prophecies); RN ultu qé-reb GN ušēşâmma brought RN out of GN OIP 2 70:27 (Senn.), also Streck Asb. 42 v 3; he fled ultu qé-reb $B\bar{a}bili\ ana\ {
m GN}_2\ {
m Winckler\ Sar.\ pl.\ 34:125};\ Nab\hat{u}$. . . ultu qé-reb GN uštēšera har[rāna] DN took the direct road out of Borsippa Streck Asb. 266 iii 16.

without prep. -a'qerbu alone: bāni . . . bīt Dagan gé-re-eb Terqa who built the temple of Dagan in Terqa AOB 1 26 No. 5:9 (Šamši-Adad I); stone colossi ušal= dida qé-reb Ninua I had transported to Nineveh OIP 2 127 d 9; kakki Aššur bēlija $q\acute{e}$ -reb- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ $u\acute{s}$ arme ibid. 62 iv 89; Bābili a[na mah]rišu aqtibi alāku I gave orders to march against him into Babylonia ibid. 50:16; qé-reb GN . . . ēsiršu I shut him up in GN ibid. 70:28 (all Senn.); qé-reb āli šuātu ērub I entered that city Streck Asb. 28 iii 55, also 58 vi 115; $q\acute{e}$ -reb GN aškunšu ana šarrūti ibid. 194 K.2656:17; tribute qé-er₄-ba-šu amhur I received in it

(Babylon) VAB 4 94 iii 22 (Nbk.); qé-er-ba Bābili unaššigu šēpūa 5R 35:30 (Cyr.); tēterub qé-reb-šú you entered it (Babylon) Cagni Erra IV 4; qer-bi Bābili ţābi elşiš lištakkana hidûtu Pinches Texts in Bab. Wedgewriting p. 16 No. 4 r. 10; erşet abul Nabû qer-bi GN the area at the Nabû gate in GN Dar. 323:2; in the locative: (Hammurapi, who established his people safely) qer-bu-um KÁ.DINGIR.RAki CH iv 42, cf. ibid. 50; RN bāni ekallim ina gé-er-bu GN RN who built the palace in GN OBT Tell Rimah 277:4; in later texts (also instead of ana): a palace ana mūšab šarrūtija qer-bu-uš-šú abnīma Winckler Sar. pl. 40:36, and passim in Sar.; ina ţūb libbi . . . qer-bu-uš-šu erēbi to enter it (the city) in a happy mood Lyon Sar. 8:54.

b' with ša: Urbi Aramu Kaldu ša qé-reb GN GN₂ GN₃ GN₄ the Urbi, Arameans, and Chaldeans who were in GN, GN₂, GN₃, and GN_4 OIP 2 54:52 (Senn.); $m\bar{a}r\bar{e}$ $m\bar{a}t$ A§§urša qé-reb GN the Assyrians in Memphis Streck Asb. 14 ii 25; dZi.sum.mu Nibruki. šà.ga.ke_x(KID) : ${}^{d}Nin-imma_{x}(SIG_{7})$ ša qé-reb Nippuru RAcc. 14 iii 3f.; Ninurta ša qé-reb Kalha ADD 640:6, 641:8, cf. Ezida ša qé-reb Kalhi 1R 35 No. 2:7 (Adn. III), cf. also Borger Esarh. 73 § 47:7, Thompson Esarh. pl. 15 ii 5 (Asb.), YOS 1 44 i 25 (Nbk.), VAB 4 232 i 30 (Nbn.), 5R 66 i 15 (Antiochus I), and passim in royal insers., BBSt. No. 36 (p. 121) n. 1:3, VAS 15 14:3, BRM 2 18:2, BRM 1 58:2, BIN 1 127:3, and passim in NB; I entered ana ekallišu ša qé-reb Bābili his palace in Babylon OIP 2 24 i 27 (Senn.), cf. Streck Asb. 84 x 51; erşet GN ša qé-er-ba Bābili the GN area within Babylon Nbk. 164:2, also 328:3, Wr. $q\acute{e}$ -er-bi Nbn. 75:9, qer-bi Dar. 245:2, 275:5, TCL 12 8:8, wr. qé-reb VAS 5 38:1, cf. BRM 2 14:3, BIN 2 131:3, VAS 1 70 ii 31, BBSt. No. 36 ii 13 (both kudurrus), VAB 4 212 ii 16 (Ner.), and passim in NB.

c' depending on a preceding stat. const.: $b\bar{\imath}t\bar{a}t$ qer-bi-šú-nu girra ušasbitma I set fire to the houses in them (the cities) TCL 3 90 (Sar.); epēš āli u šulbur qer-bi-e-

qerbu 1h qerbu 1i

šú išrukuinni (the gods) granted me the privilege of building a city and growing old in it Lyon Sar. 12:75; nišē āšib qer-bi-šú (var. qer-bi-e-šu) the people living in it Borger Esarh. 15 Ep. 9c:9.

h) of other localities: ana qé-reb ušmannija ušērib I brought (booty) into my camp TCL 3 178, and passim in Sar., also Rost Tigl. III p. 14:72; edû tâmati . . . qé-reb zarātija ērumma (see edû s. usage a-1') OIP 2 74:74 (Senn.); amur šuttatu qé-reb-šá bitri (see barû A v. mng. 4) Bab. 12 pl. 6:19 and pl. 3:42 and 45 (Etana); GÌR.PAD.DU.MEŠ abbēšu maḥrûti ultu qé-reb kimāḥi iḥpirma (see kimāḥu usage e) OIP 2 85:9 (Senn.); šumma amēlu būrta iptēma qé-reb-šá ūtu (see atû v. mng. 2c) CT 38 22:22 (SB Alu), for comm. see lex. section.

i) of buildings - 1' with prep.: išātu ana qer-bi-šu imqut fire broke out in it (the temple) AOB 1 120 iv 4 (Shalm. I); ērum= ma ana qé-reb ekallišu I entered his palace OIP 2 72:46 (Senn.); ana qé-reb-šú (var. qer-bi-šú) ušērib I led (Ištar) into it (the temple) Borger Esarh. 76:14, cf. uštēšir ana qé-reb Esiskurra SBH p. 145 No. VIII ii 4; ana qé-reb ekalli ubluinnima they brought me into the palace VAB 4 276 v 1 (Nbn.); I will build a house for you tašab $i-q\dot{e}-er-bi-\dot{s}u$ reside in it BiOr 30 361:27; kīma urram tuštarraļu ina qé-re-eb ekalli tomorrow when you are praised in the palace RA 45 172:31 (both OB lit.); ilāni āšibūt Ekur bēlēja ina qer-be-šu ukīn I established in it (the temple) the gods living in Ekur, my lords AOB 1 132 No. 3 r. 12 (Shalm. I); elallā paraş ilūtišunu rabīti ina qé-reb-šu addi I set up an elallû for the rites of their divine majesty in it AKA 99 vii 107 (Tigl. I); narēja altur ina gerbe-ši-na aškun I wrote foundation documents and deposited them in them (the palaces) AfO 18 352:76 (Tigl. I), also KAH 2 83 r. 15 (Adn. II), AKA 159:4 (Asn.), OIP 2 130 vi 73 (Senn.); ina qé-reb ekalli ša GN Iraq 18 125 r. 14 (Tigl. III); the great gods of Assyria ina qer-bi-šin iqrīma he invited

into them (the palaces) Winckler Sar. pl. 39:125, also OIP 2 98:92 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 63 vi 44; ina qé-reb bīt papāhi . . . ina ašābiki when you reside in this cella Borger Esarh. 76:16; the temple ša Aššur ina qer-bi-šú erammû ibid. 87 r. 1; [ilāni] tiklīja ina qer-bi-šu [ušē]ribma Thompson Esarh. pl. 16 iii 33 (Asb.); ina qé-reb ekallišu ukīn (tablets) he deposited in his palace Streek Asb. 362 14, and passim in Asb. colophons; ekal= lāti īteppušu ... bušāšunu ina gé-er-bi unakkimu (my royal predecessors) used to build palaces and piled up their possessions in (them) VAB 4 114 i 47; ina qé-ri-bi-šu likūn šubatka may your residence be firmly established in it (the temple) VAB 4 258 ii 24 (Nbn.); the temple ša Èš.MAH ina qer-bi-šú ibbanû Iraq 36 46:99; ina qé-reb Esiskur īteneppušu isinnu they keep celebrating festivals in Esiskur SBH p. 145 No. VIII ii 7, also ibid. 16 and 18; if katarru fungus appears ina qé-reb bīt $[am\bar{e}li]$ CT 40 15:16 (SB Alu); šà.é.a.ta íb.ta.è: ištu qé-reb bīti şī get out of the house! CT 16 31:108 (inc.); TA qé-reb Ezida ina šāt mūši uštāpâ nannariš (see nannariš) SBH p. 145 No. VIII i 16; ištu qéreb Eanna tūṣūma she (Ištar of Uruk) had left Eanna VAB 4 274 iii 24, also 276 iii 35 (Nbn.).

without prep. -a'gerbu alone: qé-reb-šu kīma libbi šamê ubenni I made its (the temple's) interior as beautiful as the inside of the heavens AKA 98 vii 97 (Tigl. I); the gods of Assyria qer-bi-ši-na aqri I invited into them (the palaces) Lyon Sar. 18:98; the enemy troops šūlû qé-reb-šin were garrisoned in them (the fortresses) TCL 3 289 (Sar.); lagruna qé-reb-ša may I pile up (booty) in it (the palace) Lie Sar. ša . . . bilat malkī kibrāt arbā'i imdanahharu qé-reb-šu (a palace) in which they used to receive the tribute of kings from all over the world OIP 2 94:67 (Senn.); qé-reb ekalli šâtu dāriš lištabrû may (protective gods) be present forever in this palace ibid. 125:53; ša . . . qé-reb ekallija qerbu li qerbu lj

irbû (PN) who had grown up in my palace ibid. 57:13; ušaptâ qé-reb-šú I had (15 gates) opened in it (the wall) ibid. 112 vii 73; ana ekal RN aššu pagād būši u I entered the makkūri qé-reb-šá ērub palace of RN to inspect (his) property and possessions ibid. 51:30; irruba qé-re-eb ekalli they entered the palace VAS 12 193:22 (šar tamhāri), see Rainey EA 359; qéreb ekalli ikabbas he will walk about in the palace Kraus Texte 22 i 26; qé-rebmay I dwell in it šá dāriš lurmēma ilāni u Borger Esarh. 64 vi 56; ištarāti āšibūt qer-bi-šu the gods and goddesses living in it ibid. 23 Ep. 32:10; ša . . . sattukku ginû ukinnu qé-reb-šin who established permanent offerings in them (the temples) ibid. 80:38; a palace $a\check{s}ar RN \ldots q\acute{e}-reb-\check{s}\acute{u} i'aldu$ in which RN was born Streck Asb. 4 i 27, also 31; I opened his treasury ša kaspu . . . nuk: kumu qé-reb-šú-un in which silver (etc.) was piled up ibid. 50 v 134; [m]akkūr la nībi qé-reb-šú tutta you will find indescribable wealth in it (the treasure house) Lambert BWL 102:85; qé-reb ekurri u ekalli italluka lizamm[ēšu] may he deprive him of access to temple or palace Postgate Royal Grants No. 10:62, cf. ibid. 53; qé-reb ekallija ukīn I deposited (tablets) in my palace Streck Asb. 354 b 8, 358 d 7, and passim in Asb. colophons; qé-reb-šú appalisma I discovered (a building inscription of Hammurapi) in it (the foundation) CT 34 29 ii 2 (Nbn.); ilāni rabûti āšib qé-re-eb-biši-na ušarmâ qé-re-eb-ši-in the great gods who used to live in them (the temples) I (re)settled therein VAB 4 106 i 52 f., also, wr. $q\acute{e}$ - er_4 -ba- $\check{s}u$ ibid. 92 ii 25 (Nbk.); $Sama\check{s}$... qé-er-ba-šu ušēšib I led DN into it to take up residence ibid. 226 iii 7, also 264 i 38, 40, 262 i 21 (all Nbn.); $en\bar{u}ma\ Marduk$. . . irammû qé-re-eb-ka when DN takes up residence in you (addressing the temple) ibid. 64 iii 57 (Nabopolassar), also ibid. 126 ii 59 (Nbk.); kajāna qer-ba-šu(var. -šú) mali rīšāti its (the temple's) interior is full of joy all the time AfK 1 25 iii 14, cf. qerba-ša ramēma ibid. 24 iii 9, cf. also qé-rebšú ušarmûka ina hidâti KAR 105 r. 4.

b' with ša: mušte'û ašrāt ilāni ša qé-reb Ešarra who looks after the sanctuaries of the gods who (live) in Ešarra Iraq 25 52:4 (Shalm. III); muddiš ilāni u ištari ša qé-reb-e-šú who renovates the (statues of the) gods and goddesses in it (Esagil) Borger Esarh. 46 ii 23; şulūl tarāni ša qé-reb barakkāni eṭûssun ušahlâ (see şulūlu Amng. 1) OIP 2 107 vi 37; Ehursaggalkurkurra ša qé-reb Ešarra ibid. 144:8 (both Senn.), also Borger Esarh. 75 § 48:5, VAB 4 90 i 35 (Nbk.), 210 i 33 (Ner.).

in the locative: ganīnu sīrum ša ger-bu-uš-šu nittaššabunim rēšiš exalted chamber in which we used to sit joyfully MIO 12 54 r. 17 (OB lit.); qé-er-bu-uš erub (referring to a gate) RB 59 246 str. 9:10 (OB lit.); $[k\bar{\imath}m]a\ t\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}tim\ ittanallak\ q\hat{e}$ er-bu-um Ekur she walks around in Ekur like a nursemaid CT 15 6 vii 2, see JAOS 86 139; lūpušma bīta . . . qer-bu-uš-šu mā: hāzašu lušaršidma (see māhāzu mng. 1a) En. el. V 123; kummukku lu nubattani i nušapših qer-bu-uš (vars. qé-reb-šu, qerbu-uš-šu) let our night's resting place be in your (Marduk's) cella, let us find rest in it En. el. VI 52, also 54, cf. Cagni Erra IV 100, cf. also qer-biš kummišu šup: šuhiš inūhma he (Marduk) rested inside his chamber in order to have repose En. el. I 75; ugarrin qé-er-bu-uš-ša I piled up (treasures) in it VAB 4 116 ii 20; ša... qé-er-bu-uš-šu başşa iššapkuma (a temple) in which sand had piled up ibid. 96 i 15; ina qé-er-bi-ša šībūtu lukšud . . . bilassunu kabitti lumhur gé-er-bu-uš-ša . . . līpūa ina qé-er-bi-ša...şalmāt qaqqadi libēlu may I reach old age in it (the palace), receive the heavy tribute (from all kings) in it, in it may my descendants rule mankind ibid. 140 x 6ff. (all Nbk.), also ibid. 214 ii 35ff. (Ner.).

j) of boats, chariots: aj īmur Šamaš qé-re-eb-ša the sun should not see its

qerbu 1k qerbu 1n

(the boat's) interior Lambert-Millard Atrahasīs 88 i 30; ina qé-reb elippēti ušarkibs šunūti I had them (the soldiers) embark in boats OIP 2 74:67, also (without ina) 35 iii 64, 38 iv 42, cf. ultu qé-reb elippēti ana kibri aribiš ipparšuma ibid. 75:93 (all Senn.); GIŠ karēšu zarati qé-er-bi-šu ušalbišu tīri šašši u abnī I plated with, gold, and (precious) stones its (the ceremonial barge's) wooden -s and the cabin therein VAB 4 128 iv 4 (Nbk.); šīnātešun uṣarrapu qé-reb narkabātišunu umaššeruni zūšun (see zū A mng. 1a) OIP 2 47 vi 31, and passim in Senn.

k) of stelas and other inscribed objects: I erected a stela alkakāt qurdīja ina qéreb-šu alţur and wrote my heroic deeds on it WO 1 468:38, also 3R 7 i 50, and passim in Shalm. III; mimma epšet qātija...ina qerbi-šú alţur 1R 30 iii 24 (Šamši-Adad V), also Unger Reliefstele 22; mimma epšet ēteppušu qé-reb-šu ušašţirma OIP 2 102:92 (Senn.); epšet ... ēteppušu ... ēsiqa qé-reb-šá what I had done I incised on it (referring to metal pegs on doors) Borger Esarh. 62 vi 29, also (on foundation documents of various materials) ibid. 28 Ep. 40 iii 16.

of battle: ana qé-reb tāḥazišunu addi I sent (troops) into battle against them AOB 1 120 iii 17 (Shalm. I); (against forty enemy kings) ina qé-reb tāhazi lu amdahas I fought in battle Weidner Tn. 27 No. 16:47; ina qé-reb tamhāri šâti RN. . . . qātī ikšud in the midst of that battle I captured Kaštiliašu Weidner Tn. 12 No. 5:59, 27 No. 16:64, 30 No. 17:36, cf. ina qé-reb tamhāri qātī ikšud AKA 41 ii 27, also AfO 18 349:18, and passim in Tigl. I; ummānāt GN rapšāte ina qé-reb tamhāri ina kakkī lu ušamgit I defeated the massive troops of GN in the midst of battle AKA 192 ii 8 (Asn.); I took away their chariots and horses ina géreb tamhāri šuāti in that battle 3R 8 ii 101 (Shalm. III); (I prayed to Aššur) ina qé-reb tamhāri sikiptašu šakāni to bring about his (the enemy's) defeat in battle TCL 3 124 (Sar.); ša . . . ina qé-reb tāḥazi la inē u

irassu (I, RN) who did not turn back in the midst of battle Borger Esarh. 43 i 54; ina qé-reb tamhāri mithus kakkī epēš tāhazi Craig ABRT 1 30:33.

m) in time indications: §umma ina MN ina qé-reb kuṣṣi amēlu ṣēra . . . īmur if a man happens to see a snake in MN in the middle of winter CT 38 34:33 (SB Alu), also KAR 212 iii 21, see Labat Calendrier § 58:14; a[lsī]ka bēlu ina qé-reb mušīti I implored you, lord, in the middle of the night KAR 26:31, cf. §a . . . illika qé-reb mušīti Piepkorn Asb. 56 iv 11; §à.u4.da: qé-reb ūmu (in broken context, contrasted with [ì.b] í(!) u4.da: pa-an ūmu) SBH p. 122 No. 70 r. 2.

n) other occs.: $[s\acute{u}]$ -pá-nam . . . nis= hassu u šaddu'assu riksum ina gé-er-bi₄-šu nadi BIN 4 122:10, see Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 54, cf. (he did not know) kīma hurāşum i-qé-er-bi4-im šaknu that gold had been put in it (the flask) CCT 3 31:32; ina qé-ra-áb síg.hi.a šuknam put (the silver) inside the wool (to hide it) RA 59 159 MAH 16209:15 (all OA); zi³pi tiddi abnīma erâ qé-reb-šú aštappaka (see erû A usage d) OIP 2 109 vii 17 (Senn.); my inscription $uk\bar{\imath}n$ $q\acute{e}-er_4-bu-u\check{s}-\check{s}u$ I deposited in it (the wall) VAB 4 78 iii 29; qer-reb-bu-uš-šú-nu atalluku when I walk on them (the streets) ibid. 196 No. 29:7 (both Nbk.); ana qer-bu-uš (parallel: ana karaš $r[\bar{\imath}mi]$ (the eagle descended) into its inside (that of the bull's carcass) AfO 14 302 ii 24 (Etana); (in broken context) qèer-bi-is x [. . .] CT 15 6 vi 3 (OB lit.), see JAOS 86 139; ina qé-reb dunni rami bukuršu his son sprawls in bed Lambert BWL 84:246 (Theodicy); qé-re-eb kīsika aššatka aj ilmad (see kīsu A mng. 1b-4') Ugaritica 5 163 ii 19; qer(?)-bi IGIII.MEŠ Hunger Uruk 83:15; difficult: 2 us' $\bar{e}n$. . . i-[n]a qar- bi_4 -su-nuaddi (var. ina išdišunu aškun) I placed two pot stands(?) among them (var. at their bases) (referring to beer vats) Belleten 14 224:14 (Irišum), var. from AOB 1 12:22.

qerbu 2a qerbu 5e

- (in adverbial use) therein, therefrom, thereto -a) ina (ana) qerbim: 12 TÚG ša Akkidê alge i-gé-er-bi₄-im [1] TÚG gatnam PN ilge I took twelve textiles of Akkadian make, therefrom PN took one thin textile CCT 5 39b:19, cf. I took 43 textiles ina qé-er-bi₄-im ana nuwāim ša annakam upazziranni addin (some) thereof (or: in private) I gave to the nuwāum who smuggled tin for me ibid. 8, cf. nishassu diri u šadduassu i-qé-er-bi₄-ma CCT 3 2a:7; 1 MA.NA kaspam ša PN a-qéer-bi₄-ma tahhi add one mina of silver belonging to PN to it (the three and onehalf minas already mentioned) TCL 19 51:5 (all OA).
- b) with suffix: barley in qer-bi-su x PN out of which x (amount) goes to PN BIN 8 143:2, also JCS 1 346:3, MDP 14 74 No. 12:3, HSS 10 5:13; x barley in qer-bi-su 2 GUR PN imhur Limet Documents 47:5 (all OAkk.); note that the reading of §A.BA in OA in this meaning, e.g. kù.gi kuāum ... ŠA.BA X KÙ.GI ša ahātini the gold is yours, (PN said) thereof x gold is our sister's CCT 5 11d:10, x URUDU ŠA.BA X URUDU TCL 20 173:9, $61 \text{ kutan} \bar{i}$... ŠA.BA 3 kutānū nishātum TCL 19 24:6, etc., may be ina qerbišu or ina qerbim and not ina libbišu as suggested sub libbu mng. 4c-2'c', note ina 20 тúg.ні.а . . . šà.ва 11 TÚG.HI.A bīt kārim uta'erunim ina géra-áb şubātī šunūti 1 TÚG ša PN of the twenty textiles (that the office of the $k\bar{a}ru$ bought), thereof the office of the kāru returned eleven textiles, among those textiles one is PN's BIN 4 123:5 and 7.
- 3. inner side, inner face: x şubātī damqūtim ša qé-er-ba-am šalmūni x fine textiles which are perfectly finished on the inner side BIN 4 63:20 (OA); eršu... ša ina hurāṣi...ērimu qé-reb-šá a bed whose inner side I covered with gold ZA 5 79:36.
- **4.** proximity: ^fI-na-qer-bi-šimīnni Listen-to-Me-Promptly BE 15 183:10, cf.

- I-na-qèr-bi-tašmânni ibid. 184:12 (both MB); altasīka ina qer-[b]i(-)e [...] STT 66:12; for parallel use for proximity in time, see qerbiš mng. 2, qerēbu mng. 1c.
- 5. (in the pl.) intestines, insides -a) in med.: šumma amēlu šā.meš-šú nup: puhu irrūšu iarruru if a man's intestines feel swollen and his bowels discharge a putrid liquid Köcher BAM 159 v 48, also AMT 22,2:4, Köcher BAM 168:1, Wr. $\S \lambda^{II}$ - $\S u$ ibid. 201:23; šumma amīlu šā.meš-šú nuppuhu AMT 40,5 ii 9; ālittu . . . šà.meš-ša eslu the pregnant woman's bowels are constipated Iraq 31 29:2 (MA); šumma . . . Š λ .MEŠ- δu . . . $ikkalu\delta u$ if his intestines hurt him Labat TDP 112:15, ŠA.MEŠ-ŠÚ naphu ibid. 72:18, šumma ālittu šā.meš-ša naphu ibid. 206:76, see also napāhu mngs. 3b-1', 7a; šumma ša.meš-šú sāmu if his belly is red Labat TDP 120:35, and passim (with sukkuru, etc.) in this text, cf. (said of a baby) ibid. 226:72 ff.; see also $eb\bar{e}tu$ mng. 2a.
- b) in ext.: [šumma qer]-bu ina qutz nišunu dakšu if the intestines are perforated in their thin part RA 65 71:9 (OB ext.), šumma qer-bu kabbarūtu qattanūti altu if the thick intestines "devour" the thin ones ibid. 16, šumma qer-bu ana karši kamsu ibid. 21, and passim in this text.
- c) in Izbu: [šumma] izbu qer-bu-šú kabruma if a malformed animal's intestines are thick Leichty Izbu XVI 112, beside ŠA.MEŠ-šú (= irrūšu) ibid. 98-109.
- d) as a cut of meat: $mi\check{s}il$ uzu qer-bi half of the intestines (among cuts of meat) BBSt. No. 36 v 13 (NB); $\check{s}umma$ uzu qer-bi MÚD SUM- $[\check{s}\check{u}]$. . . $\check{s}umma$ uzu qer-bi # uzu.KIN SUM- $\check{s}\check{u}$ Dream-book 323 K.2018A:x+11f., see ibid. p. 278, cf. uzu.Šà. MÚD OECT 1 pl. 20 W.-B. 10:19 (NB).
- e) other occs.: qer-bi-ia idluhu (the demons) disturbed my insides Lambert BWL 42:65 (Ludlul II); [...] ŠA.MEŠ-šu-nu unassih [...] I tore out their inner organs AfO 8 194 ii 3 (Asb.); pisurram u qé-er-bi

qerbû

qerdu

anassah I will tear out the and the intestines (of the goose) YOS 11 5 i 57, cited Goetze LE p. 128 n. 10; qer-bi-šá ubattiqa ušallit libba (see batāqu mng. 8e) En. el. IV 102; Tiāmat adi nabnīt qer-bi-šú (representation of) Tiāmat and the creatures of her womb (?) OIP 2 142 b r. 2 (Senn.).

6. mind, heart: qé-reb-ki ša atmû ittija lislim may your mind, to which I spoke(?), be reconciled with me JNES 33 282:153 (inc.), cf. ina kēni ger-bi-ki KAR 107:19; nigût qer-be ša šarrate joy of mind for the queen KAR 334 r. 5, cf. ipperdu qer-bu ša $tel\bar{\imath}te$ ibid. r. 12; $aj\hat{\imath}a$. . . §a qe-re-eb-ni la*īmuru uparradu puhurn[i]* who is this who, not knowing our character, tries to frighten all of us? LKA 62:10; ina qabli ša lalûka işrupu qé-reb-ka nuppiš (see lalû A mng. 1b) Tn.-Epic "iii" 28, cf. ibid. "iv" 22; itti qer-bi-šú idabbub he will take counsel with himself (for parallel with libbu, see $dab\bar{a}bu$ mng. 7) CT 38 21:83 (SB Alu); $b\bar{e}lu$ qé-reb-ka ša namuggati linūḥamma (see namungatu) KAR 128 r. 21 (prayer of Tn. I, Sum. broken).

7. meaning: [ša šutti w]uddia qé-re-eb-ša explain to me the meaning of the dream Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 88 i 13; a severe wound ša...asûm qé-re-eb-šu la ilammadu which a physician cannot diagnose CH xliv 59, cf. qé-reb-ši-na la altan[da] Lambert BWL 40:48 (Ludlul II); e.ne.èm.mà.ni šà.bi nu.un.zu.a: amassu qé-reb-šá ul illammad the meaning of his word cannot be understood (for var. see qerbetu lex. section) SBH p. 8 No. 4:68 f., also ibid. 66 f., and p. 31 No. 14:36 f.

Ad mng. 5: For the reading of SA.MES see Landsberger, MSL 9 87f.; in Izbu and when it refers to diarrhea (see ešēru and išaru) it is most likely *irrū*, q.v.

For KI.KAL hast CT 20 45 ii 12, TCL 6 5:15, see dannatu mng. 5. For KI.KAL suluppī see qilpu.

qerbû (qarbû, fem. qerbītu) adj.; inner; OB, SB; cf. qerēbu.

ze'pī qé-er-bi-a-am u aliam aknukkumma uštābilakkum I sent you under seal my ze'pu tablet, tablet and case (lit. the inner and the outer) CT 52 89:13, also, wr. qáar-bi-a-am Kraus AbB 1 75:15, cf. tuppī qáar-bi-a-am u aliam aknukamma uštābilak: kum CT 52 97:21, also, wr. qé-ar-bi-a-am ibid. 148 r. 2; 30 mithartum kīdītum 5 mes: sētum mithartum ger-bi-tum minû length of the side of) the outer rectangle is thirty, the distance (between the outer and inner rectangles) is five, how long is (the side of) the inner rectangle? MDP 34 45 (pl. 10) r. ii 34, and passim in this text, cf. kippatum qé-er-bi-tum [minû] what is (the size of) the inner circle? TMB 29 No. 60:11 (both OB math.); šumma igār bīti qer-bu-ú tīda šahitma kīdû AŠ KU šahit if the inner wall of a house sheds clay and the outer sheds CT 38 15:53, cf. šumma igār bīti qer-bu-ú tīda huššuš ibid. 54 (SB Alu); uncert.: $[\ldots \delta]i(?)-wi(?)-ri-im\ q\acute{e}-er-bi$ im (in broken context) ARM 18 1:22.

Kraus, BiOr 24 13 and AbB 7 69 note b to No. 89.

qerbūtu s.; nearness, immediacy; Mari*; cf. qerēbu.

LÚ $asûm\ u_4$ -um $q\acute{e}$ -er-bu-ti $im\bar{u}t\ b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$ 1 LÚ $asêm\ldots$ la $ikalla\ u\ ward\bar{\imath}ka\ldots$ li=ballit the physician died recently, my lord should not withhold a(nother) physician, that he may care for the health of your servants ARMT 13 147:29.

qerdu s.; plucked wool; NA; wr. syll. and su.tab.ba; cf. qarādu B.

&i-in-tu, gfr-du=&i-pat kur-ri CT 18 14 D.T. 58 r. 1 f.

1 ma-na sfg qer-du ikkal a[mmar] aganni sadru išatti he will eat one mina of plucked wool and drink the contents of an agannu bowl Iraq 12 187 ND 203 r. 2, Iraq 13 pl. 16 ND 496:23 (= Postgate Palace Archive 15:28 and 17:23), AJSL 42 182 No. 1162:12, wr. sfg gfr-du ADD 244:14, wr. SU.TAB.BA ADD 436 r. 5, 474 r. 3, cf. ADD 481:6.

qereb-ekalli qerëbu 1a

The reading of KUŠ.TAB.BA in NB texts when referring to oxhides, e.g. RAcc. 14 ii 32, YOS 6 243:4ff., Nbn. 617:2ff., and passim in NB adm., is unknown.

In ABL 580 r. 4 read *supra* (KIN-ra) DU.MES (coll. K. Deller).

von Soden, Or. NS 26 135 f.

qereb-ekalli s.; palace insider; NB; cf. qerēbu.

mannu ša šEŠ-šú u qé-reb É.GAL-šú ibašši ana muhhišu rahuş whoever has a brother or someone inside the palace relies on him (I, however, have no one but the king) Landsberger Brief 9:50.

qerëbu $(qar\bar{a}bu)$ v.; 1. to be near, close, adjacent, to be close to, in intimacy with someone, to be imminent, at hand, near in time, to be present, to be available, to be pertinent, to be involved, 2. to come near, come close, to approach, to come to, to arrive at, 3. to approach with a request, to approach sexually, have sexual relations with a woman, to attack, affect (said of evil), to approach for other purposes, ana ahāmeš gerēbu to conclude an alliance, 4. to go up as offering, 5. to claim, 6. to start work, 7. gitrubu to approach each other (reciprocal), 8. qitrubu to approach, 9. I/3 to approach repeatedly, 10. qurrubu to bring near, bring, to present, deliver (gifts, tribute), to present offerings, prayers, to serve meals (to the gods, rarely the king or governor), to lead, escort, let approach, to produce someone (in leg.), to take (pieces of information) as a whole, 11. awatam qarrubu to address, to speak to someone (OA only), 12. qurrubu (in the stative) to be near, close, imminent, available, 13. qurrubu to approach, II/3 to bring repeatedly (?), 15. 14. to submit a petition, 16. III to fasten, 17. III/2 to approach closely, 18. III/3 to petition repeatedly (iterative to mng. 15), 19. IV to raise a claim; from OA, OB on; I iqrib - iqarrib (OB lit. iqrab — iqarrab, NB, SB also iqrub —

iqa/errub) — qerub (Ass. qurub), I/2, I/3, II, II/2, II/3, III, III/2, III/3, IV; wr. syll. and KU.NU; cf. muqerribu, naqrabu, qarab-bīti, qerbā, qerbēnu, qerbetu, qerbiš, qerbītu, qerbu adj. and s., qerbû, qerbūtu, qereb-ekalli, qerubtu, qitrubiš, qitrubu, qurbūtu in ša qurbūti, qurrubītu, qurubtu, taqrībatu, taqribtu, taqrību, taqrubtu.

ku.nu = $q\acute{e}$ -re-bu (in group with $ta\acute{p}\acute{u}$, $san\~aqu$, $em\~e du$) Antagal G 198; [ku].nu = q[a-ra-bu] Antagal Fragm. l 7'; ku.nu.a = $q\acute{e}$ -ri-ib, ga.ku.nu = lu-uq-ri-ib, $\acute{p}\acute{e}$.ku.nu = (blank) OBGT IX 152 ff.; [...] = $m\ddot{u}$ - $u\dot{p}$ -ra $q\acute{u}$ -rib- \acute{e} \acute{u} Nabnitu K 35.

[a]-ru-um = $q\acute{e}$ -re-[bu] CT 18 18 ii 13.

[šu-ta-t]u-ú = $q\acute{e}$ -re-bu CT 41 34:13 (Alu Comm.); e-mi-du sa-na-qu te_4 -b[u-ú] $q\acute{e}$ -re-bu CT 31 11 obv.(!) i 22 (ext. comm., coll. F. W. Geers); [...] = $q\acute{e}$ -re-bu Izbu Comm. V 245b.

tu-qar- rab_4 5R 45 K.253 v 55 (gramm.).

1. to be near, close, adjacent, to be close to, in intimacy with someone, to be imminent, at hand, near in time, to be present, to be available, to be pertinent, to be involved -a) to be near, close, adjacent - 1' places: šadûm gé-ru-ub the mountain is close TIM 2 97:23, dupl. 92:27 (OB letters); eqlum ašar wašbāku qé-ru-ub the region where I am living is close by ARM 4 70:47, cf. šubtum . . . ana kisal ekallim qé-er-bé-[et] ARM 3 84:21; minummē mātāt nakri ša pāţ mātika qer-bu any enemy lands that are close to the territory of your land KBo 1 4 ii 10, 12, dupl. KUB 3 2:11, also, wr. $[q\acute{e}]$ -er-bu KUB 3 7:8, see BoSt 8 60 and 70; 2-ta eqlētu ša ana aḥāmeššu qer-bi-' [. . .] VAS 5 91:19 (NB).

2' persons: Šamši-Adadu ummānātušu qé-ru-ub RN and his troops are close TIM 2 15:42, cf. aššum mihir tuppim ša tušābilam šarrum la qer-bu-ma la illikakkum Genouillac Kich 2 D 12 r. 16 (both OB letters); ummānātum qé-er-ba Studies Landsberger 194:49 (Shemshara let.); nakrum qé-ru-ub the enemy is near ARM 2 34:11; PN la qé-er-ba-ak-ku-[um] ARM 1 87 r. 5', PN ul qé-ru-ub ARM 1 37:9; atti ašariš qé-er-bé-ti anāku rūqāku you are near there, but I am far away OBT Tell Rimah 143:13,

qerēbu 1b qerēbu 1c

cf. [PN] qé-rub u anāku rūqēk PN is near, but I am far away UET 4 165:12 (NB let.), cf. also ašariš qé-er-bé-et ARM 1 91:7; qé-ru-ub salātī (parallel paḥrat kimtī) Ugaritica 5 162:10; ana Agade qer-bé-ku-ma I am near GN BIN 1 17:12 (NB let.).

- 3' gods: Sin- $q\acute{e}$ -ru-ub Sin-is-Near OECT 3 63:7, 15; Ilum- $q\acute{e}$ -ru-ub VAS 8 4:10 and 5:7; Ana- $š\bar{a}s\acute{e}$ - qer_x (HA)-bet She-Is-Near-to-the-One-Who-Calls-on-Her BE 15 155:16, 190 iii 28 (MB), see Stamm Namengebung 318f., cf. Ana- $s\ddot{a}s\acute{e}$ - $q\acute{e}$ -ru-ub YOS 13 4:5f. and seal (OB).
- 4' other occs.: uţṭatu ša ana panīkunu qer-rub-ti . . . luddakku[nū]šu I will deliver to you the barley which is (stored) closer to you BIN 1 59:24, also ibid. 9 and 21 (NB let.); nipqūšu qer-bu u'a iqabbi (see nipqū) Köcher BAM 231 i 13, dupl. 232 i 16, cf. nipqūšu qit-ru-bu Labat TDP 84:34; šumma izbu uzun imittišu ina [. . .] qer(var. qé-er)-bé-et if the right ear of a malformed animal is adjacent(?) to [. . .] Leichty Izbu XI 24f.; obscure: qé-ru-ub ţēnšina [. . .] Lambert BWL 76:87 (Theodicy).
- to be close to, in intimacy with someone: awīlum ahī mādiš qé-er-ba-am the man is my brother, he is very close to me OECT 3 83:20, cf. kīma awīlum qéer-ba-am . . . ul tīde do you not know that the man is dear to me? ibid. 68:8, see Kraus, AbB 4 161 and 146, PN ištu MU.30. KAM qé-er-ba-am Greengus Ishchali 23:25; SAL šî mahrija qé-er-bé-et OBT Tell Rimah 143:26, and awilim $q\acute{e}$ -er- $b\acute{e}$ -ti ibid. 141:16; ana bītim mādiš qé-ru-ub PBS 7 32:11; PN . . . ana PN₂ $[q]\acute{e}$ -ru-um-ma Kraus AbB 1 49:19; aššum mahar PA MAR.TU qé-ersince you are close to the bé-tu-nu overseer of the Amurru PBS 7 42:24 (all OB letters); ana bāb ekallim gé-er-ba-ta you are close to the palace authorities ARM 2 137:38; jānu iltēn libbišunu . . . ša qé-re-eb ana abika is there no one among them who was close to your father? EA 1:20 (let. of Amenophis III); ālu šû labīrma ilū qer-bu-

 $\check{su}(\text{vars.} - \check{su}, -u\check{s})$ (see $lab\bar{\imath}ru$ mng. 1a-3') Gilg. XI 13; PN $k\hat{\imath}$ and PN₂ and $a\dot{h}\dot{h}\bar{u}ti$ la qer-bu (see $a\dot{h}\dot{h}\bar{u}tu$ mng. 2a-1') (beside ul qurrub iv 26) BBSt. No. 3 iv 42 and i 28 (MB).

c) to be imminent, at hand, near in time: $nikkass\bar{u}$ $q\dot{u}$ -ur-bu the accounting is imminent KT Blanckertz 3:26 (OA), cf. nikkas namriātim qé-ru-ub CT 33 24:10 (OB let.); $k\bar{\imath}ma\ barr\bar{\imath}n\bar{\imath}\ ana\ ar{A}lim\ q\'ur-ba-at$ that my trip to the City is near Jankowska KTK 63:7; harrānum. . . qú-ru-ub KTS 32a:6 (both OA); alākī qé-ru-ub I will go soon TCL 1 34:11 (OB let.), alākī ana GN $q\acute{e}$ -ru-ub ARM 1 87:13, cf. $al\ddot{a}k$ PN anaGN qé-ru-ub-ma OBT Tell Rimah 131:11, cf. aššum alākšu qé-er-bu ibid., aššum alākī $[q\acute{e}-r]u-ub(sic)$ ARM 6 77:7; $al\bar{a}k\ umm\bar{a}n\bar{a}=$ tim ana şērinu qé-ru-ub OBT Tell Rimah 147:12, alāk š[arri] ašariš qé-ru-ub ibid. 111:7, $el\hat{e}$ ašariš $q\acute{e}$ -ru-ub ARM 1 5:23; paṭārī qé-ru-ub I will depart soon A 3531:4, also YOS 2 14:8, 137:28; inanna alāk ša bītim qé-ru-um-ma mamman ul atrudam (see alāku mng. 3c) Sumer 14 62 No. 36:10 (Harmal let.); kīma tīdû ebūrum qé-ru-ub as you know, harvest time is near PBS $1/2 \ 2:5; \ er\bar{e}\check{s}um \ q\acute{e}-ru-[ub] \ TCL \ 18 \ 82:10,$ nabrû qé-er-bu Kraus AbB 1 30:19 (all OB letters); tuwār sikkātim qú-ru-ub TCL 14 37:15 (OA); ha'attašu ger-bet he is close to fainting AMT 96,8:7; damāq amēli qéru-ub good fortune is at hand for the man CT 38 48 ii 66 (SB Alu), cf. sig, LÚ *qé-re-bu* KAR 423 i 54 (SB ext.); qé-ru-ub enēnša (parallel: aruh napšurša) AfO 19 54:214 (SB prayer), cf. ša nashuršu qer-bu BA 5 386:9; kî ţābu suppûki kî qé-ru-ub neš: mûki how pleasant is praying to you, how prompt is your attending BMS 8:1; ina pīka lu asim dabābu . . . ina uznēka lu qé-ru-ub nešmû JRAS 1920 567 r. 9, cf. $^{\mathrm{d}}Qur$ -bu-ni-iš-mu-[š]á ADD 936 ii 5; Qéru-ub-di-ni-ili Speleers Catalogue des intailles et empreintes orientales des Musées Royaux d'Art et d'Histoire, Bruxelles, supp. (1943) 121 No. 1388 (seal); rubbu ana sullumi qé-ru-[ub] anger is close to reconciliation AfO 19 51:80 (SB

qerēbu 1d qerēbu 1e

prayer); tāmartu šā dGU4.UD qur-bu the heliacal rising of Mercury is near ABL 657:12, see Parpola LAS No. 120; ūmūšu qé-er-bu ul iballut his (last) days are near, he will not stay alive ARM 10 6 r. 8′, cf. ūmātušu qé-er-ba AfO 18 63 i 18 (OB physiogn.), ūmūšu qer-bu Kraus Texte 3b ii 3, 50:44, CT 28 29:13, explained by TIL UD-mi end of days ZA 43 98 ii 34 (all physiogn.).

d) to be present -1' in leg.: $\S umma$ awīlum šû šībūšu la ger-bu if the man's witnesses are not at hand (the judges will postpone hearing his case for six months) CH § 13:15; kî ina MN PN ittalkuma PN2 la qer-bi PN zaku if PN comes in MN and PN₂ is not present, PN is free of claims Nbk. 52:11, cf. $k\hat{i}$ PN $la\ qer-bi$ BIN 1 113:15, also RA 14 155:10; a slave girl ša PN ina puzru . . . ana PN, ina la qé-re-bi ša PN, iddinuma whom PN sold clandestinely to PN₂ in the absence of PN₃ (her owner) Strassmaier Liverpool 19:6; PN ina la ger-re-bu ša PN_2 ina puhri iqbû in the absence of PN₂, PN spoke in the assembly TCL 13 133:15; ina la qa-ri-bi ša PN YOS 6 78:9; pūt aḥāmeš našû ša ger-bu ušallam they assume warranty for each other, whoever is present will pay in full TuM 2-3 35:3, also 13; ša qé-rub kaspa ušallam ibid. 38:8, ša qer-bi kaspu inandin Nbk. 138:8, ša qer-bi suluppī ittir whoever is present will pay the dates Nbn. 375:7, dupl. 619:6; ša qé-rub še.bar ittir RA 25 77 No. 4 r. 1, ša $q\acute{e}$ -rub suluppī a . . . iţţir BE 10 16:7; ša qé-rub šikar ana PN ittir whoever is present will pay the beer to PN BE 10 4:17 (= TuM 2-3 216), ša $q\acute{e}$ -rub ittir BE 9 31:7, 45:28 (= TuM 2-3 143), and passim, see ețēru B mng. 1c, and see Augapfel p. 108, Cardascia Murašû 31 ff., Ries Bodenpachtformulare 122 f.

2' other occs.: šumma qēpu la qur-bu ina panīšu tadaggal if the (Assyrian) official is not present, you will wait for him Borger Esarh. 108 iii 14 (treaty); ana muḥḥi adê ša Bābili . . . ul qer-bé-ka I was

not present at the oath ceremony for GN ABL 202:7, cf. ul qer-bé-ku-ma ABL 281 r. 28; kî PN la qer-bi mimma mala teppuša PN₂ ittikunu līmur since PN is not present, PN₂ should look at whatever you (pl.) do BIN 1 33:26; šarru qé-ru-ub (see baṭālu mng. 2a) ibid. 25:12 (all NB letters); the king wrote about that man lu qu-ru-ub let him be in attendance (to be questioned) ABL 49 r. 21, see Parpola LAS No. 312, cf. panât Lú.SAG-ia lu qur-bu ABL 304 r. 6; PN [la] qur-bu ABL 447:6; note in transferred mng.: patru memēni la qur-bu without any dagger being drawn ABL 144:19 (all NA).

e) to be available: ali kaspim 1 gin $q\acute{a}$ -ra- bi_4 -im (inform the employee) where there is silver within reach, (even if it is) one shekel (only) CCT 2 45b:20 (OA); še'um u kaspum ul qé-er-ba-am-ma if barley or silver are not available to me Kraus AbB 1 118:13; aššum túg ša tašpuri túg ul qè-ru-ma ul ušābilakki as for the garment about which you wrote, there is no garment available so I did not send you (one) CT 52 11:5 (both OB letters), cf. garments la qé-er-bu Peiser Urkunden 140:13; ša KUŠ.MEŠ u tahapši la ger-bu Aro Kleidertexte 20:19 (both MB); as Akkadogram in Hitt.: UL-za QÉ-RU-UB KBo 24 117 i 4'; dimtu u ašubu ul ibašši aššum annû qé-er-bu nirris there is no siege tower or battering ram, since this one is available, we want (it) KBo 1 11 obv. (!) 33, see ZA 44 118; umā 40 ma.na *hurāṣu gur-bu* now forty minas of gold are available ABL 476:27; x gušūrū ... ina muḥḥi nāri qur-bu 470 beams are ready at the river ABL 490:2; x urāte $\dots pan \, \check{s}arri \dots lu \, qur-ba \, \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{mares \, should}$ be available to the king Tell Halaf 1:6, also 3:8; egirtu . . . lu qur-bat ABL 623 r. 4, see Postgate Taxation 286; ŠE.PAD.MEŠ ša PN $la\ qu$ -u[r]-ba-ti PN's food allowance is not available Iraq 1851 No. 36:14 (all NA); kaspa mala ina pani belija ger-bi...kunuk place under seal whatever silver is available to my lord PSBA 33 pl. 22 S[†] 375:10 (NB let.);

qerēbu 1f qerēbu 2a

uncert.: DIŠ KA [la(?)] iq-ru-ba-šu if words do [not?] come easily to him (opposite: uk-ku-pat-su) AfO 11 224:79 (SB physiogn.).

- f) to be pertinent: ina tuppi ša sīri ubta'i anniu šû ina muhhi gur-bu I looked in the tablet concerning snakes, this is what is pertinent to it CT 28 37 K.798 r. 5, cf. annûti mu.meš ša ina muhhi gur-bu-uni CT 40 21 K.743:10; tuppāni 30 40 dam= qūti ammar ina muhhi qur-bu-u-ni thirty or forty good tablets which are pertinent ABL 453 r. 14, cf. ABL 663:10, see Parpola LAS No. 182; ina muḥhi annî mīnu qur-bu what is pertinent to this? ABL 1118 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 148, cf. Thompson Rep. 76 r. 6 (all NA); dullu ša ana muhhi qer-bu šarru līpuš let the king perform the pertinent ritual Thompson Rep. 82 r. 8 (NB); šumma bibbu . . . la isniq ina muhhi la qur-bu if a planet does not come near, (this omen) is not pertinent Thompson Rep. 232 r. 2 (NA); harrānāt nākirī mādātu ša ana lītāteja la $qer(var. q\acute{e}-er)-ba$ (see $l\bar{\imath}tu$ usage a-2') AKA 83 vi 50 (Tigl. I).
- g) to be involved: $akk\bar{i}ma$ ina libbi abete annīte qur-ba-ku if I am involved in this matter ABL 211 r. 16; [šum]ma abutu annītu udûni ašmûni ina libbi qur-ba-ku-uni (the king may judge from this) whether I have known or heard of this matter and have been involved in it ibid. r. 7; anāku ina libbi la qur-ba-ak I have nothing to do with it ABL 174:17; erābu ina libbi uşê mīnu qur-bu what has entering to do with going out? ABL 354 r. 6, see Parpola LAS No. 46 (all NA).
- 2. to come near, come close, to approach, to come to, to arrive at a) to come near, to come close, to approach 1' in gen.: mādumma dullašu bakāiš iq-ra-a[b] (see bakû mng. 1b) RB 59 242 str. 1:6 (OB lit.); šarrum iq-ra-ab the king approached BiOr 30 362:46 (OB lit.); ana pani Ani šarri . . . ina qé-re-bi-šu as he (Adapa) came near king Anu EA

356:47; 7 e-bir-ta.meš ana muhhiša la i-qar-ri-ib (see ebertu B mng. 1) AfO 17 288:108 (MA harem edicts); epga malâtami uš ana muhhija la te-qè-er-ib (see epqu) RA 23 148 No. 28:22 (Nuzi); ana paššūri ša pan DN i-qar-rib he approaches the table which stands before DN KAR 139:3, cf. ana muhhi šēhāte i-qar-rib MVAG 41/3 8 i 39, cf. also ibid. 14 iii 14 (all MA rit.), cf. qaqqar šēhāti la qa-ra-bi Or. NS 21 130:13 (NA rit.); hahhurtija ina muhhi kamūni la te-qer-ru-ub (see kamūnu B usage b-2') Lambert Love Lyrics 122 col. B 16; eşmāte: kunu a-na-he-iš «hi» lu la i-qa-ri-ba (see ahāmeš mng. 4a) Wiseman Treaties 640; šumma šahû iq-te-ru-ub qāt Ištar ana pa[n şalmi] šahû la iq-ru-ub amēlu šû kišpū işbatu[šu] if the pig approaches (the figurine, it means) "Hand-of-Ištar," (if) the pig does not approach the figurine, sorcery has affected that man KAR 70:9f., see Biggs Šaziga 46; [if a snake?] iq-ru-bašum-ma išhit comes close to him and strikes (at him) Dream-book 330:67, [šumma ...]-ma i-qer-ru-ub if [a god appears? in the dream] and approaches ibid. 336 Fragm. V 8; [in]a tamhāri amēlu nar(?)-ka(?)-ba-tilaiq-ru-ba-a[\S - \S]uchariots did not come near any man in battle ZA 43 18:65; šumma sabītu ana pan abulli iq-ri-ba-am-ma if a gazelle approaches the city gate Izbu Comm. 560, also CT 40 43 r. 4f.; alka nāru ger-ba nāru come, river, come near, river KAR 134 r. 8 (NA rit.); harbūt dūri ina mūšišu la taqer-ru-ub (see mūšu usage a-3') BRM 4 12:60 (SB ext.); see also Maglu VI 66, KAR 252 iii 35, cited mng. 3c; note the personal name *Ì-li-iq-ri-ba* My-God-Drew-Near-to-Me VAS 7 22:19 and seal (OB).

2' said of celestial bodies: ana Sin iq-ti-ri-ib (Saturn) approached the moon Thompson Rep. 176 r. 3, also ibid. 188 r. 3 (NA); 1 ktis ana muhhi Dilbat ul iq-ru-ub (Saturn) did not come closer than one cubit to Venus ibid. 67:6 (NB), cf. (if Jupiter) ana MUL Dilbat 1 SU.SI NU TE iq-rub

qerēbu 2b qerēbu 2c

K.15241:7ff. and dupl. LBAT 1557:4ff.; rūţu laššu rēhi ana ga-ra-bi there is less than half a cubit left to close up (the distance between the planet and the moon) ABL 565 r. 12, see Parpola LAS No. 14; enna itti MUL.ZI.BA.AN.NA 2,30 ūtu iq-te-ru-ub ašša ittehûšu BÚR(text: PAP+TUM)-šú ana šarri bēlija ašappara by now, (Mars) has come within $2\frac{1}{2}$ (?) half-cubits of Libra, when it comes close to it, I will write its interpretation to the king, my lord ABL 1113:8 (NB); udīna ina libbi la i-qar-rib kīma ig-ti-ri-ib la itahhi ipatti ittig«rib» (Venus) so far has not approached (Antares), when it does approach, it will not come close, it will pass by at some distance Thompson Rep. 112 r. 5ff. (NA); ana Sin i-gar-rub-ma (this means that Venus) approaches the moon ACh Supp. 36:19, also (with the sun and Jupiter) ibid. 20f., for ABL 744 r. 11 see karāmu A usage b.

3' said of parts of the exta: naplastum ana padānim iq-ri-ib the "spy-hole" came close to the "path" YOS 10 7:23 (OB ext. report); šumma naplastum ana padānim [i]q-ri-ib RA 44 24:12, also YOS 10 24:8, iq-te-er-ba-am ibid. 11 ii 14; šumma naplastum ana šu.BAR iq-te-ri-ib YOS 10 17:38 (all OB ext.); šumma INIM.DùG.GA ana danāni iq-rib KAR 423 ii 23, Boissier Choix 99 K.6244:4 (SB ext.).

b) to come to (a locality): ištu GN at: tumuš ana GN₂ aq-ti-rib I departed from GN and came to GN, Scheil Tn. II 69, also ibid. 76, r. 3, and passim in this text, also AKA 293 i 113, 305 ii 31, 306 ii 34, and passim in Asn.; ana ālāni ša PN ig-tí-rib (the king) came to PN's cities WO 2 230:177, 228:161; ina šanê palėja ana GN aq-ti-rib in my second regnal year I came to GN ibid. 28:31; issu GN attumuš ana GN₂ aq-ti-rib WO 1 458:50, 464:25, 470:51, and passim in Shalm. III; ultu GN attumuš ana nagî ša RN aq-ţi-rib I departed from GN and came to the realm of RN TCL 3 306 (Sar.), and passim in this text; ana GN aq-rib-ma I came to GN (and killed the rebels there) OIP 2 32 iii 8, 70:25 (Senn.); ina ulşi rīšāti ina kār Bābili iq-rib-ma rejoicing he came to the quay of Babylon Streck Asb. 266:15.

c) to arrive at -1' in NA (rarely NB) letters: UD.18.KAM ina GN aq-ti-rib I arrived in Assur on the 18th ABL 1360:6; ina GN aq-tí-rib Iraq 20 200 No. 48:4, ABL 123 r. 11, also ina Aššur iq-ţar-ba ABL 562:11; PN iq-ti-ri-ib ABL 685 r. 6; ina libbi KA. GAL.MEŠ ni-iq-ti-[r]i-ib dīktu niduak we have reached the city gates, we are defeating (the enemy) Iraq 25 71 No. 65:8; panāssunu taq-ţar-ba ātamar EGIR-su-nu udīni la ta-ga-ri-ba the first part of their (delivery) has arrived, I have seen (it), the rear has not yet arrived ABL 813 r. 11 and 13: madaktušu udīni la ta-ga-ri-ba (see madaktu mng. 1b) ABL 197 r. 15; kî udīni ungi šarri ina muhhija la ta-qar-ri-ba-ni ABL 486 r. 14; naptunu . . . iq-ţi-ri-ib the meal arrived ABL 889 r. 5; ina GN iq-ta-rabu-u-ni (horses) arrived in GN ABL 192:8, also ABL 973:12, cf. adi i-qar- $\langle ri \rangle$ -bu-u-nini ABL 192 r. 2; $\bar{u}mu$ ša i-qa-rib-u-ni-niKAV 112:8; uncert.: annūrig anāku aq-ṭarba-ku-nu Iraq 21 163 No. 54:15 (all NA); kî emūqu . . . adi GN iq-ter-ba when the troops reached GN (they did not stay overnight) ABL 460:13 (NB); [it]ti PN ana [GN] a-gar-ru-bu I will arrive in GN with PN YOS 3 46:12; $akk\bar{a}$ 'i $k\hat{i}$ ta-qar-ru-bu as soon as (the barley) arrives ibid. 137:18, also ibid. 68:18 (all NB).

2' other occs.: awīlum šēpšu ana Ālim li-iq-ru-ba-am let the principal come to the City CCT 3 25:20; harrānī liq-ru-ba-am let my caravan arrive CCT 2 7:33 (both OA); A.ŠĀ-um epēšī u ana GN qé-re-bi ana PN ul ṭāb PN does not like my cultivating a field and coming to GN TLB 4 2:37 (OB let.); ina bābāt āli ina qé-re-bi-šu uṭar=ridušu kalbī (see bābu A mng. ld-l') Lambert BWL 216:23; illi ina Bābili i-pa-ad (= ibât) ina Esagil iq-te-ru-ub... iktatam panūšu KAR 43:27, dupl. 63:25; rūqu ana bīt amēli i-qer-ru-ba someone from far away will arrive at the man's house

qerëbu 3a qerëbu 3c

BiOr 11 89i, cf. amēlu šû rūgu i-ger-rub-šu ibid. 88g; ālik panīšunu ... imat mūte sahpuma iq-ru-bu şēruššun their leaders reached them covered with the foam of TCL 3 175 (Sar.); lām anāku ina GN e-qè-er-ri-bu before I arrive in GN MRS 9 54 RS 17.334:6, cf. te-qè-er-riba-ma u attunu taqabbâma HSS 15 1:39; i-qa-ru-ub ina erseti (troops from the king) will arrive in the land EA 155:56 (let. of Abi-milki of Tyre); nāmurtu ša RN... [i]-qa-ri-ba-am-ma the gift from RN having arrived OIP 2 138:50, see von Soden, ZA 61 191.

- to approach with a request, to 3. approach sexually, have sexual relations with a woman, to attack, affect (said of evil), to approach for other purposes, ana ahāmeš gerēbu to conclude an alliance a) to approach with a request, a petition - 1' gods: almattu ina zì.⟨MAD⟩.GÁ $\delta \bar{a}r\hat{u}$ ina udu.nitá i-qar-ru- $\langle bu \rangle$ -kunu-ši the widow approaches you with flour, the rich man with a sheep KAR 25 ii 20; [...] ilūtikunu rabīti ana gé-re-biim-ma BBR No. 100:48 (= Craig ABRT 1 62), cf. ina mahar DN u DN, [...] ana qa-ra-bibīru ana bīri (in broken context) BBR No. 101:7; ana sullesa ana qé-frebl-x-x STT 66:17.
- officials: ù qa-ar-bu ana lú.meš MAŠKIM // ma-lik.meš lugal they approached the emissaries of the king EA 131:21 (let. of Rib-Addi); ana muhhi PN mār šarri iq-tar-bu they approached PN, the king's son (and declared) KAV 159:4 (MA); ina IGI PN hazannu LÚ šanû ša GN iqtar-bu they approached PN, the deputy mayor (?) of Nineveh (with a lawsuit) ADD 160:9, also ADD 163 edge 2, cf. ina IGI PN LÚ.SANGA šanî iq-ţar-bu Assur 2 103 MAH 16154:6; note dīni ša PN issi PN, ina muḥhi x kaspi ina igi dim iq-tar-bu lawsuit of PN against PN2, they approached DN about x silver Tell Halaf 107:4 (all NA); PN itti DUMU. MEŠ GN ana dīni ig-ri-bu PN and the

people of GN came (before the Hittite king) for a verdict MRS 9 106 RS 17.229:7.

- b) to approach sexually, have sexual relations with a woman: *§umma erītu* marsatma šumma ša ITI.3.KAM irtubunišši // iq-ru-bu-niš-ši if a pregnant woman is sick and if one continues with her, variant: has relations with her during (her) third month Labat TDP 212:1, cf. (if a woman is pregnant and) ša 5 ITI 3 ūmī iq-ri-buniš-šú ibid. 210:106; sinniltu ša ekallim ša la qa-ra-ab-ša-ni a woman of the palace (harem) who is under sexual taboo (must not enter into the presence of the king at the time of sacrifices) AfO 17 276:47 (MA); ē tāhuz . . . kulmašītu ša qe-reb-šá ma'da do not marry a kulmašītu woman who is approached often (by men) Lambert BWL 102:74; ana sinništi la i-qer-ri-ib ina bīti parsi . . . lināl he must not approach a woman, he should sleep in a secluded house ABL 1405 r. 7 (hemer.), cf. [ana SAL] la i-qar-rib Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen 42 VAT 7816 r. 20; uncert.: ana sinništim géru-ub AfO 18 64:25 (OB physiogn.).
- c) to attack, affect (said of evil): kīma qaqqad kukri ana ahāmeš la i-qar-ri-bu kišpūša . . . la i-gar-ri-bu-ni jāši just as the heads of (this) kukru plant will not approach each other, let her sorceries not approach me Maqlu VI 68, see AfO 21 77, cf. kî nakkap šēpē ana asīdi la i-qar-ri-bu lumun šutti . . . la i-qar-ri-ba jāši (see asīdu mng. 1) KAR 252 iii 36; kišpīki . . . la i-qar-ri-bu-u-ni jâši your sorceries are not to affect me Maqlu III 157; šipatki aj ig-ri-ba let your incantation not affect me Maqlu V 9, and passim in similar phrases in Maqlu; la itehhâ la i-qéer-ri-ba la isanniqa jâši (the portended evil) shall not draw near, approach, (or) reach me Or. NS 39 125:21, also, wr. la i-gar-ru-bu ibid. 135:24, NU i-gar-ri-ba CT 23 17 i 34, aj ithâ aj iq-ri-ba aj isniqa Or. NS 36 25 r. 10, 28 r. 12, LKU 34:9, also, Wr. KU.NU-ba KAR 267 r. 17, LKA 112:28,

qerēbu 3d qerēbu 5a

114 r. 6, 123 obv. (!) 2, Wr. KU.NU KAR 64 r. 11, and passim in namburbi rits.; $up\bar{s}\bar{a}\bar{s}\hat{u}$... aj~iq-ru-bu-ni~ let evil schemes not affect me BMS 7:57; $lumnu~\hat{s}\hat{u}$... aj KU.NU let this evil not affect me PBS 1/1 12:22, and passim in similar phrases in prayers, see Mullo Weir Lexicon 165, cf. $[lumun~par]\bar{s}\bar{i}~u~kidud\hat{e}$ [... ana] $la~teh\hat{e}~la~q\hat{e}$ -re-bi RA 18 28:10, see Or. NS 39 125:21 var., Wr. NU KU.NU-b[i] 4R 60:12; uncert.: [...] ana~muhhi~la~i-qar-ru-ub Köcher BAM 240:15.

- d) to approach for other purposes: ana hiāriš iq-ra-ab (Sin) drew near to marry her (Ningal) CT 15 5 ii 8, cf. (in broken context) VAS 10 214 iii 19 (both OB lit.); ahhūšunu ana panini ul i-qar-rub-ú-ni their brothers will not approach us (to submit to us) ABL 258:13 (NB); uncert.: šumma naplastum ana padānim iq-te-er-ba-am tu-ru-ku-tum ana šarrim i-qé-er-ri-bu-nimma awīlšu ekallam ibêl if the "spy-hole" comes close to the "path," the Turukkû people (?) will approach the king and its (?) chief (?) will take over the palace YOS 10 11 ii 14 and 16 (OB ext.).
- e) ana aḥāmeš qerēbu to conclude an alliance: kî ana aḥāmeš qé-re-bi-ni ana aḥūzati tašpura (see aḥūzatu mng. 2a) EA 4:16 (MB royal), also ibid. 18; (the enemies) adi PN šar Bābili ana aḥāmeš iq-ru-bu-ma puḥuršunu innendu concluded an alliance with PN, the king of Babylon, and joined forces (delete this ref. sub karābu mng. 2c) OIP 2 43 v 55 (Senn.), also, wr. iq-ri-bu-ma ibid. 88:46.
- 4. to go up as offering: $m\hat{u}$ šamn \bar{u} i-qar-ri-bu water and oil are offered ZA 45 44:45; $takb\bar{a}ru$ i-qa-rib a fattened sheep is offered van Driel Cult of Aššur 88 vi 27, cf. ibid. viii 19 (both NA rituals); naptan $rab\hat{u}$ ša š $\bar{e}ri$ ana Ani Antu u $il\bar{a}ni$ kalama i-qar-rub the main meal of the morning is offered to Anu, Antu, and all the gods RAcc. 93:20, cf. naptan $rab\hat{u}$ ša š $\bar{e}ri$ i-qar-ru-ub ibid. 92:12; $rab\hat{u}$ ippattarma tardennu i-qar-ru-ub the main (meal) is removed

and the second one is offered RAcc. 121:30, and passim in this text, also LKU 51:6, 25, r. 9; šīr immeri ana Šakkan ul i-gar-ru-ub . . . šīr alpi ana Ningublaga ul i-qar-ru-ub šīr işşūri ana Bēlet-şēri ul i-qar-rub šīr alpi u šīr işşūri ana Ereškigal ul i-gar-rub mutton is not offered to DN, beef is not offered to DN2, fowl is not offered to DN3, beef and fowl are not offered to DN4 RAcc. 79 r. 40; lurindu . . . kūm be'ēšu la iq-ru-bu (see $k\bar{u}m$ conj.) YOS 6 222:13, also ibid. 6; tuhhu paššūri ša Madānu i-qarru-ub-šu-nu-tú bran from DN's table is offered to them (the seven figurines) RAcc. 133:211; (offerings) ana Urukajīti i-qarru-bu go to DN BIN 1 170:20, also TCL 13 233:5, AnOr 9 20:56, 21 r. 6, 22:7, 25:14, 29 r. 2, UCP 9 110 No. 56:9 and 12; PN akalu šikarī u šīrī ša ana papāhānu i-gar-ru-ub ittaši PN took the food, beer, and meat which is to be offered to the cellas of the gods TCL 9 87:21, cf. §a UD.x.KAM . . . ana Ninurta u bīt hilşu i(text ú)-qar-rub PN u PN, ittašú PN and PN, took (the barley and beer) which are to be offered on the xth day to DN and the hilsu house GCCI 1 190:4; karānu ša akanna i-gar-ru-bu jānu there is no wine that could be offered here TCL 9 133:12; uttatu mali iq-ru-bu barley which was offered CT 22 12:16 (all NB).

to claim -a) in Bogh., RS, EA: mimmûšunu la ta-kar-ri-ib you must not lay claim to their (the king's subjects') property KBo 1 14:16 (MA let. of Hattušili III); atta RN [u GN] ina āl nakri la takar-r[i-ba...] KUB 3 21:10, see BoSt 9 140; nāgiru ana bītišu la [i-q]ar-ru-ub nāgiru mng. 1b-2') MRS 6 108 RS 16.238:15; (the people of GN and the merchants) ana É.HI.A ana A.ŠÀ.MEŠ ša šar Ugarit la i-qaru-bu-nim may not lay claim to the houses and fields of the king of Ugarit MRS 9 105 RS 17.130:34; (sons from another marriage) [an] a bītāti eqlāti ana gabbi [mimmû ša] PN la summuhu la i-qar-ru-bu have no part in and may not claim the house, qerēbu 5b qerēbu 6

field, or any property of fPN Ugaritica 5 2:11, also 3:5, 16; mannumma ana muhhišu la i-qar-ru-ub nobody may claim him (the manumitted slave) ibid. 10 r. 13, cf. (referring to a house) mamma ana muh: hišu la i-gar-rib MRS 6 86 RS 16.250:19; urra šēra PN la i-qar-ri-ib ana [PN2] Syria 18 254:25; [LÚ-lum] eli LÚ-lum la i-qar-riib [ad] i dārīti forever, one may not enter claims against the other MRS 9 105 RS 17.137 r. 2; LÚ.DAM.GAR-ia GIŠ.MÁ-ia LÚ pagārika ul ia-gá-ar-ri-ib ittišunu he who enters claims for you must not enter claims against my merchants and my ships EA 39:19, also, wr. i-ge-ri-ib EA 40:26 (both letters from Alašia).

- b) in Nuzi: ina mānahāti rēhti ša PN PN₂ la i-qé-er-ri-ib PN₂ will not lay claim to PN's remaining property JEN 8:16; mārū PN rēhūtu ina É.HI.A GAL itti PN2 ul izuzzu ul i-qé-ri-bu the remaining sons of PN will not have a claim on dividing the main buildings with PN₂ (their brother) HSS 5 71:14, also HSS 19 7:39; ina mimma ša PN la i-qè-er-ru-ub HSS 19 41:27; ana $muhhi suh\bar{a}r\bar{i} \dots la i-q\hat{e}-er-ri-ib-ni$ he may not claim the servants ibid. 83:28; ana eqlēti annâti PN u PN₂ la i(text ú)-qé-[ri]-bu JEN 221:17; mārū rēhūtu ša PN ina eglēti bītāti ša PN, la i-qar-ri-ib-šu the remaining sons of PN will not enter a claim on PN2's fields and houses HSS 5 67:54, and passim in Nuzi.
- c) in MA: ana terhete ša ubluni la i-qar-rib he will have no claim on the terhatu which he brought KAV 1 v 24 (Ass. Code § 38); ana ša bīt abiša la i-qa-ar-ri-ib (the husband) will have no claim on the property of her (his wife's) father's house ibid. iii 108 (§ 27); ana ša akāli la i-qar-ri-ib he may not claim the food (that he gave as a present) ibid. iv 39 (§ 30); mussa ina alāki la i-qar-ri-ba-še her husband has no right to her (the wife) when he comes back ibid. iv 101 (§ 36); ana mārē ša ana mutiša urkê uldutuni la i-qar-rib (the former husband) has no claim to children whom

- she (the wife) has borne to her later husband ibid. vi 77 (§ 45); ana mutiša mārēša mārēša la i-qar-ri-i-bu no one has any claim against her (the woman to be punished's) husband, her sons, (or) her daughters ibid. i 22 (§ 2); ana aššitišu la i-qar-ri-i-bu they have no claim against his (the man to be punished's) wife ibid. viii 45 (§ 55); note without object: mārū emeša la i-qar-ri-bu her father-in-law's sons have no claim ibid. iv 17 (§ 20); mārū PN . . . la i-qa-ri-bu KAJ 8:10; ana idri girri zaruqqi la i-qa-ri-ib (see zuruqqu usage b) KAJ 151:5, 152:3, 153:3, wr. i-qar-rib ibid. 154:4.
- d) in NA, NB: egirtu ša tuppi sarrāte ina muhhišu išattar i-qa-ri-ba idēšu ina muhhi bītišu išakkan (after someone dies) he writes a forged document (recording a debt) against him, he makes a claim, and (thereby) lays hands on his (the dead person's) house KAV 197:29, see Postgate Taxation 364; ana muhhi šipāti ša išpari la ta-gar-ru-ub make no claim on the wool belonging to the weaver BIN 1 26:17; eglēti ša Bēlti ša Uruk ul a-gar-ru-ub I will not claim DN's fields YOS 3 132:16: su= $lupp\bar{u}$. . . mamma ana muhhi la i-qer-ru-bunobody may claim the dates ibid. 9:46, cf. YOS 6 145:14; mamma ana muhhi ul iqru-ub nobody touched (the fine oil) TCL 13 124:6.
- 6. to start work: sābē kî assuḥa ana mihri batāqi eq-te-ri-ib when I had transferred the workmen I started to cut through the dike BE 17 12:16; adi [UD. 30.KAMl ana kālê ša GN e-qé-er-ri-ib by the 30th I will start working on the GN dike PBS 1/2 63:7; UD.2.KAM ana šabāši e- $q\acute{e}$ -ri-ib BE 17 26:16; $ig\bar{a}ra$. . . e- $q\acute{e}$ -riim-ma atabbak (see $natb\bar{a}ku$ mng. 2) ibid. 23:10; la te-[qe]r-ri-ib do not start work ibid. 27:40; adi nam[gar ...] ul $i-q\acute{e}-ri-[ib]$ PBS 1/2 85:9; §a i-qer-ri-burittīšu . . . unakkas ibid. 47:19 (all MB letters); PN u 2 mārūšu i-qé-ri-bu-ú-ma itti epinni [an] a PN2 ittallaku PN and his two sons

qerēbu 7 qerēbu 10a

will start work and will go to PN₂ with a plow TCL 948:9 (MB leg.); [MU...] É.DÙ.A... [an]a epēši iq-ri-bu year when [the king] started work on the tomb(?) DAFI 6 108 No. 9 edge (MB Elam); UD.6.KAM ina muḥḥi elippi epāše iq-tar-bu on the sixth they started building the boat ABL 483:15; ina muḥḥi ušše ḥarāṣi ni-iq-ti-rib we started to dig up the foundation (of the collapsed wall) ABL 329:8; memēni ina muḥḥi la iq-ri-ib nobody has begun it (referring to building a temple) ABL 476 r. 16, also ABL 117:2, see Parpola LAS No. 224 (all NA).

- 7. qitrubu to approach each other (reciprocal): šašmiš itlupu qit-ru-bu tāḥaziš they are locked in combat, joined in battle En. el. IV 94.
- 8. qitrubu to approach: qit-ru-u[b] ana Eanna šubat Ištar approach Eanna, the dwelling of Istar Gilg. I i 14, cf. qit-ru-ub (in broken context) Gilg. IX v 43, KAR 170:10 (Etana); they fled to the capital which was situated on the river bank ana gitru-ub ummānātija la tābu disadvantageously for the approach of my troops 1R 31 iv 25 (Šamši-Adad V); I conquered that city ina...qit-ru-ub $sup\hat{e}$ (for parallel qurrubsee mng. 10a-4') OIP 2 33 iii 22 (Senn.); attalû qít-ru-ub (var. qur-ru-ub) an eclipse is close AfO 17 85:9, cf. sapāhša qit-ru-ub ibid. 12; šumma nipqūšu qit-ru-bu (see nipqu) Labat TDP 84:34; obscure: šumma napištašu itarrakma qit-ru-bat [. . .] ibid. 31.
- 9. I/3 to approach repeatedly: summa sah api ida āli iq-te-né-ru-ba if a marsh boar repeatedly approaches the edge of a city Leichty Izbu XXII 19; kāpāni ša nāri [q]i-tar-ru-ba-ni come near me, cliffs of the river bank KAR 134 r. 9 (rit.), see TuL p. 99.
- 10. qurrubu to bring near, bring, to present, deliver (gifts, tribute), to present offerings, prayers, to serve meals (to the gods, rarely the king or governor), to lead,

- escort, let approach, to produce someone (in leg.), to take (pieces of information) as a whole -a) to bring near, bring -1' in OA: kaspam 10 ma.na lu-qá-ri-ba-kum I will have ten minas of silver brought to you KT Hahn 17:23, cf. 10 MA.NA kaspam ana PN lu- $q\acute{a}$ -ri-ib ibid. 15; $a[mmala] \dots$ $\bar{u}m\bar{e}a \ m[\bar{a}d]\bar{u}tim \ uq-ta-ri-ba-ni \ RA 51 7:9;$ KÙ.BABBAR 1 GÍN . . . jâti ša qá-ru-bi₄-im $[\hat{u}]$ - $q\hat{a}$ -ru-bu-nim they will deliver to me every shekel of silver that can be delivered BIN 4 32:25f., cf. ašar KÙ.BABBAR 1 GÍN $q\acute{a}$ -ru- bi_4 -im CCT 2 45:20; šumma libbika mā ana ir-tí-kà gá-ru-bi tātau if you wish - and you said to bring me close to you(?) (lit. your chest?) VAT 9301:29.
- 2' in OB: hišihtam mala tu(!)-qè-erri-bu appalka I will repay you for whatever necessities you brought YOS 2 119:17;
 10 šiqil kaspam anniam lu-qé-ri-ib-šu-nuši-im-ma I will bring them these ten
 shekels of silver TLB 4 88:10; ana libittim qú-ur-ru-bi-im qātam aškun ARM 14
 24 r. 9'; še'um . . . ana maḥriki qù-ru-ub
 CT 52 60:10.
- 3' in MB, Bogh.: ana šūri nakāsi uq-te-er-ri-ib I brought (axes) to cut the reeds BE 17 23:13; PN ana É DINGIR-šu(?) lu-qé-rib-šu-ma līrubma qāti amīlūti ... liṣbat Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 13:12; kî ú-qá-ri-bu (in broken context) BE 17 3:25; lu mār šiprika līm narkabāti ú-qa-ar-ri-ba-aš-šum-ma ina GN ukaššidaššu should I have sent out a thousand chariots to meet your messenger in GN? KBo 1 10:42 (letter of Hattušili III).
- 4' in SB: şimdēti li-qer-ri-bu let them bring bandages AMT 9,1 ii 28; MUN AL. ÚS.SA A.GEŠTIN.NA la tu-qar-rab AMT 78,1 iii 17 + 28,7:14; ana šaḥî tu-q[ar-rab] you offer (the figurines) to a pig KAR 70:8, see Biggs Šaziga 46; ṣāpītu ana dūri uq-tar-rib (see ṣāpītu) Wiseman Chron. p. 58:36; ina qur-ru-ub šupê nimgalli dūri u kalbannāte (see ašibu) OIP 2 62 iv 79 (Senn.), also ibid. 63 v 10; šinnāšu ana mākālê la

qerēbu 10a qerēbu 10b

ú-qar-ra-ba-ma (if) he does not (want to?) set his teeth to food BRM 4 32:4 (med. comm.); note in transferred mng.: amat lemutti mannu ú-qar-rib who has brought an evil word close? Maqlu V 14; imhur-ešrā ša la ú-qar-ra-bu ruhê ana zu-ru — imhur-ešrā plant, which does not allow witchcraft to approach the body RA 18 165:22 (Lamaštu); šammū u napšaltu . . . aj ú-qar-ri-bu-ni uzzu nuggat ili may the plants and the ointment allow no divine wrath to approach me BMS 12:77, see Ebeling Handerhebung 80; tu-qar-ra-ba (in broken context) Lambert BWL 180:12 (fable).

in NA: šumma hadiāta ana issēt (see buţnānu qāti buţnānu tu-qar-rab usage a) AMT 41,1 iv 40; UD.17.KAM aladlammû muhhi nāri uq-ţa-ri-ib on the 17th I brought the bull colossi to the river ABL 579 r. 6; elippāti annâte 2 issu lib: $bišina \ u'(copy \ ni)-qar-rab$ from among these boats he will bring two ABL 985:7; memēni libnāti[šu] la ú-qa-ra-ba Postgate Palace Archive 205:20; arhiš . . . lu-qar-ri-bi I will bring (stones) promptly Iraq 23 pl. 19 ND 2606:5, cf. qar-ri-ba ibid. pl. 22 ND 2651:6; $gu\check{s}\bar{u}r\bar{e}\;uq$ -ta-ri-bi ABL 581:7; GIŠ me-li-ia-a-ni ú-gar-ra-ab I will bring wooden ladders ABL 1094:8; kīma dullu gamir...ina panīkunu lu-qar-ri-bu when the work is finished let them bring (it) before you ABL 185:10, see Postgate Taxation 261.

6' in NB: agrūtu ša agurru ú-qar-rabu-nu the hired workmen who bring the baked bricks GCCI 1 306:2, cf. SIG4. HI.A šá LÚ.HUN.GÁ.MEŠ ú-qar-ru-bu-nu 82-7-14,165:2; silver for qur-ru-ub-bu ša 4000 agurru ultu GN bringing four thousand baked bricks from GN BIN 1 126:3, cf. ultu GN ú-qar-rub(u)-nim-ma ibid. 7; silver ana q[u]-ru-bu ša gušūrē 82-7-14,1510:3, also Anor 8 20:7; tumbū... iḥeppû u ana muḥḥi kāda ú-qar-ra-bu they will hew beams and bring them to the outpost 82-7-14,803:6; elippātu ša uṭṭata ana GN ú-qar-ru-bu-ni boats which bring

barley to GN Nbn. 862:3; x uttatu ana quur-ru-bu Moldenke 2 48 r. 12; emmer wheat $\delta a \dots \acute{u}$ -qar-ri-bu- \acute{u} -nu TCL 13 232:5; PN, PN2, and PN3 ša uttata u suluppī ša Bēlti ša Uruk ultu şēri ana Eanna ú-qar-ra-buwho bring barley and dates belonging to the Lady of Uruk from the countryside to Eanna YOS 6 167:5 and 18, cf. ša suluppī... ana Eanna ú-gar-rabbu-ú-nu TCL 13 157:6; nēsep ša himēti ša a nēsepu container of ú-ger-ri-ba-áš clarified butter which I brought to him CT 22 63:13: $k\hat{i}$... $n\bar{u}n\bar{e}$ $b\bar{i}$ $b\bar{i}$ u ina man= zaltišunu uq-tar-ri-bi if they bring bad quality fish during their time of service YOS 7 90:15; kussūa kî ú-qar-ri-bu when they brought my chair ABL 755:20+1393:11.

b) to present, deliver (gifts, tribute): anāku ul akrubakkamma ša qur-ru-bi-ia uq-tar-ri-bak-kam-ma did I not greet(?) you and bring you what I had to offer? AfO 102:1 (MB let.), see Landsberger, ibid. p. 142; oxen and sheep nāmurtu ša PN ana RN \acute{u} -qar-ri-bu-ni an audience gift which PN presented to RN KAJ 282:6, also KAJ 264:3, 278:6, 280:9, also AfO 10 34 No. 52:5, 53:4, Donbaz Ninurta-Tukulti-Aššur pl. 16 A 2622:5, and passim in this archive from the time of Ninurtatukulti-Aššur (MA), also Iraq 32 pl. 33:19, ADD 930 iii 18 (NA); šulmānāte [ana] šarri ug-ţana-ru-bu (the officials) all bring presents to the king MVAG 41/3 14 iii 5 (MA rit.); ša ana šarri gar-ru-bu-ú-ni (textiles) which were presented to the king KAV 108:13 (MA let.), cf. (a chariot) ša... ana šarri qar-ru-bat-ni KAJ 223:4; nāmurtu ša RN \acute{u} -qar-ri-ba-an-ni the present which RN brought me RA 54 155:5 (inser. on a small stone cylinder); annūrig GUD.MEŠ UDU.MEŠ qur-ru-bu now oxen and sheep have been delivered ABL 241 r. 10 (NA); GUD.MEŠ . . . ana šakin māti lu-qar-rib I will deliver the oxen to the governor YOS 3 179:14 (NB let.): note without object: ša mātātu dannāti ana šarri bēlija ana qar-ru-bi that mighty states may deliver (tribute) to the king, my lord ABL 9 r. 2.

qerēbu 10c qerēbu 10d

to present offerings, prayers, to serve meals to the gods, rarely to the king or governor: $\bar{a}li\bar{s}am \ mihrum \ q\dot{u}$ -[r]u-[ub] (see ālišam) ARM 3 41:12; $m\hat{e}$ ana Samaš ú-qar-rab he offers water to DN BBR No. 60:24, cf. utahhākunūši ú-garrab-ku-nu-ši BBR No. 101:1, ú-taḥ-ḥa-ka \acute{u} -qar-ra-bak-ka K.8139:11 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); mê qātē ša ú-qar-rab-u-ni the water for washing the hands which he presents ZA 51 138:52 (NA rit.), also ZA 52 226:11, cf. (x wine) UD.8.KAM ša MN ša mê qar-ru-bi KAV 79 r. 5; mīs pî uq-ţar-ri-ib I offered a mouth-washing ritual ABL 970 r. 7; ana amēli Nabû u Tašmētu suppēšu sullesu ana qur-ru-bi Köcher BAM 321:27, dupl. ibid. 322:17, STT 230 obv. (!) 37, cf. Köcher BAM 322:45; šumē tu-qar-rab you offer roast meat BBR No. 60:17; mê šamnē tuqa-rab ibid. 66 r. 19, and passim in these texts; mê šamnē ninda humbişūtu ú-gar-ru-bu (see *hubbişu) ZA 45 44:17 (NA rit.); nap= tunu ... ina igi Aššur uq-ţa-ar-ri-bu I presented a meal to DN ABL 1384 r. 13 (NA); for other refs. see naptanu mng. 1a-9', 1b, 1c; iddāti ana pan ilāni gar-ri-ba ABL 945 r. 4 (NA); simeni gar-ru-bi ša nigê the time to offer the sacrifices van Driel Cult of Aššur 102 x 42; [. . .] šarru ana Aššur uq-tar-rib ibid. 124 i 18, and passim in this text: ina pan parakki ginû lu-qar-rib let him offer the regular offerings before the dais ABL 437 r. 16 (NA); suluppī u lurindu ultu Eanna ana Bēlti ša Uruk ú-gar-ri-bu they offered the dates and pomegranates from Eanna to the Lady of Uruk YOS 6 222:10; $sulupp\bar{i} \ \acute{u}$ -qar-ra-ab ibid. 170:18; $p\bar{u}t \ qu$ ru-bu naptanu . . . naši he is responsible for serving the meal VAS 6 182:10, also TuM 2-3 208:4; ebūru ša MU.31.KAM akkû qurru-bu naptanu ša DN . . . ittadin he gave the crop from the 31st year in lieu of offering the meal to DN VAS 5 104:11; note served to the king: naptunu garru-ub the meal is served MVAG 41/3 66 iii 49, ef. kīma naptunu ma'da gar-ru-ub ibid. 64 iii 43 (MA rit.); rehet naptanu . . . ana šarri ú-qa-ra-bu they offer the leftovers from the meal (of the gods) to the king LKA 68:10; UZU ginû ša ana LÚ pāhat Bābili qur-ru-ub CT 49 156:12 (LB).

d) to lead, to escort, to let approach: NU.SAR.MEŠ ana mahar bēlija li-qé-ri-bunim-ma let them bring the gardeners before my lord CT 4 19a:27 (OB let.); LÚ. MEŠ ana GN li-qé-ri-bu-šu LÚ.MEŠ taklū: tum ana GN ú-ga-ar-ri-bu-šu(?) (my lord said) "Some men should escort him to GN," reliable men have escorted him to GN ARM 10 5:29 and 31; PN šuāti ana mah: rika [l]i-qé-er-ri-bu-nim let them lead that PN before you TCL 18 102:32, cf. PN ana mahrika li-qé-er-ri-bu-nim CT 52 86:34; $sir\bar{a}$ sê sa GN $q\acute{u}$ -ri-ib- $s\acute{u}$ -nu-ti-i-ma . . . nam[h]arta šumhiršunūti bring the brewers from GN here and see that they receive what they are entitled to receive BE 17 83:9 (MB let.); §a . . . narâ annâ la nāţila sakla sakka samâ ú-qar-ra-bu-ma ušaššûma whoever leads a blind or stupid or deaf or simple man to this boundary stone and has him remove it BE 1 149 ii 10 (NB kudurru); PN NIM.MA.KI munnabittu ina GN ana šarri ú-gar-ri-bu-šu-ma they led the Elamite PN, a runaway, before the king in Babylon Iraq 11 143 No. 2:3 (MB); LÚ.MEŠ ša ana muhhi kūri tu-qar-ra-bu the men whom you allow to come near the kiln (must be ritually clean) Oppenheim Glass 32 A 8, cf. $a \hat{s} \hat{a} lka \ldots k \hat{i} a m \bar{e} lu \ldots$ RN ú-qar-ra-ba-šum-ma ina [panīšu ušaz: $zizu\check{s}$] Knudtzon Gebete 114 r. 9; [ina] $ab\bar{u}$ = sātija işbatannima ana mahrišu ú-gar-[riba]-ni (see $ab\bar{u}s\bar{a}tu$) ZA 43 17:53 (SB lit.); ana pani Anunnaki tu-qar-rab-šú-ma you lead him before the Anunnaku gods LKA 90 r. 11; memēni adi pan šarri la úqar-rab-an-ni nobody lets me into the presence of the king ABL 916:15 (NA); ana şilli u şulūli qar-ri-ib bring (your sons) under your protection ABL 595 r. 1, see Deller, AOAT 1 57; itti emūqu qur-ri-ba-šu have him join forces with the troops ABL 542 r. 12 (NB); [ERÍN.MEŠ]... ana aḥāmeš qur-rib AnSt 7 130:29 (let. of Gilg.); muqerēbu 10e qerēbu 15

qar-ri-ib ri-q[a(?)] (DN) who brings near the one who is far STT 71:9, see RA 53 134; [...] $\acute{u}-q\acute{a}-ra-bu$ Gilg. Y. vi 245.

- e) to produce someone (in leg.): PN $u \text{ PN}_2 \dots ana \ mahar \ daj\bar{a}n\bar{i} \ \acute{u}$ -qé-er-ri-buni-iš-šu-nu-ti they produced PN and PN, before the judges Meissner BAP 42:12; šībī $mud\bar{e}$ $aw\hat{a}ti\check{s}u[nu]$ $li-q\acute{e}-er-ri-[bu]-ni-ik$ ku[m] let them produce witnesses who know about their case PBS 1/2 9:30; PN li-qé-er-ri-bu-ni-ik-ku-ma šaptīšu šemēma let them bring PN before you, hear his statement VAS 7 202:27, cf. PBS 7 90:31 (all OB); the king of Ugarit ina dīnāti . . . \acute{u} -qar-ri-ib- $\acute{s}u$ brought him to trial MRS 9 138 RS 18.06+ r. 19; ina pan sukkalli uqtar-ri-ib-šú he (the owner) brought him (the thief) before the sukkallu ADD 161:4 ana panīja ... kî ú-qa-rib-áš-šú when you brought him before me YOS 3 59:13 (NB let.).
- f) to take (pieces of information) as a whole: issahēiš nu-qar-rab dunqu šû we take (the aforementioned signs) together, it is favorable ABL 1383 r. 16, see Parpola LAS No. 70.
- 11. awatam qarrubu to address, to speak to someone (OA only): ana abini awatam ištêt qá-ri-ib put in a word to our principal TCL 20 107:50, cf. TCL 19 52:24, BIN 4 39:26, KT Hahn 5:12, Hecker Giessen 32:8, cf. ana aḥhī awatam qá-ri-ib-ma CCT 6 7b:16; ana awīlī awatam kuzzubtam ištêt qá-ri-ib say a nice word to the gentlemen Or. NS 36 410 Kültepe b/k 95:15.
- 12. qurrubu (in the stative) to be near, close, imminent, available: ummānātuka . . . ana pani abullim qú-ur-ru-ba-a-ma your troops are close to the city gate Bagh. Mitt. 2 58 iii 17; kunuk PN ula qú-ur-ru-ub-ma ina kunuk PN₂ barim PN's seal was not available, so (the document) was sealed with PN₂'s seal YOS 8 71:13, cf. PBS 7 94:9; kīma tīdû elūlu qú-ur-ru-bu as you know, the elūlu festival is at hand PBS 7 120:2, cf. CT 29 20:9; ṣābum wudi

- qú-ru-ub Laessee Shemshāra Tablets 81 SH 812:70; šakān awīlē abi ṣābi qú-ur-ru-ub (see abi ṣābi usage a) VAS 7 195:12; alākī qù-ru-ub CT 52 64:9; šiprum qú-ur-ru-ub TIM 2 96:17 (all OB); halāqšu qur-ru-ub its (Babylon's) destruction is imminent Afo 17 85:12 (eclipse omens); bīssa ana bītija qú-ru-ub her household is near and dear to my household TLB 4 18:17 (OB); PN . . . ana aḥhūti ana PN2 ul qu-ur-ru-ub PN was not in a brotherhood relation to PN2 BBSt. No. 3 iv 26 (MB).
- 13. qurrubu to approach: kīma ana GN ú-qé-ri-ba-am when I approached GN ARM 4 26:29; bēlī sābam tagrībatam ša adi GN ú-qa-ar-ra-bu iţarradam bēlī liţrudam: ma my lord should send me escort troops who will (mistake for illakam or the like?) until I arrive in Emar ARM 2 134:15: [šumma pī] ru . . . ana nammaššê āli ú-garri-ba if an elephant approaches the outskirts of a city CT 40 41 79-7-8,128:11, dupl. ibid. 42 K.2259+ :9, cf. (a bird) ana pan amēli ú-qar-rib-ma CT 41 1 K.6791:3 (all SB Alu); *šumma sippi imitti bāb ekalli ana* ubāni ú-qar-rim-ma Hunger Uruk 80:76, also ibid. 75, dupls. Boissier DA 219 r. 17f. and KAR 442:13 f. (SB ext.); ina MN \acute{u} -qar-rib-ma asarŠamaš uštappā izziz (Jupiter) approached in MN and became visible in the presence (?) of the Sun and remained (in the sky) Borger Esarh. 17 ii 36, also Thompson Rep. 185:3, 196:1, ACh Ištar 17:10, cf. (Mars) ina šumēl Dilbat ú-qer-rim-ma DU K.1522+:13'.
- 14. II/3 to bring repeatedly (?): liq-tar-ri-bu-šú-nu-ti lisniqušu[nūti] may they (the magic knots?) bring them (the sorcerers) again and again, may they keep them in check LKA 159:17 (inc.); uq-ta-na-ar-ra-ba (in broken context) Streck Asb. 174 No. 3:5; see also mng. 10b.
- 15. III to submit a petition: ana Sin abi ālidika šu-uq-ri-ba damiqtī ask Sin, your father, for favor for me (addressing Annunītu) VAB 4 228 iii 42 (Nbn.); difficult: kīma bēlī atta tuballiṭanni šūbilamma kila

qerētu qerītu

kīma ittika kalû lu-ša-aq-ri-ba-ak-kum just as you, my lord, have kept me alive (in the past), send me (food) or hold (it) back, even if it is held back by(?) you, I will submit a petition to you (possibly to karābu) CT 2 19:13 (OB let.).

- 16. III to fasten: iduš sapāra uštaq-ri-ba qīšti abišu Anim he (Marduk) fastened at his side the net, a present from his father Anu En. el. IV 44.
- 17. III/2 to approach closely: $\bar{u}m$ [bubbu]lu ana harrān Šamaš šu-taq-rim(var. -rib)-ma on the day of disappearance, approach closely the path of the sun (addressing the moon) En. el. V 21, also (in broken context) ibid. 24; šumma Adad rigimšu iddīma birqu uš-taq-rib if it thunders and lightning follows immediately ACh Adad 19:48.
- 18. III/3 to petition repeatedly (iterative to mng. 15): ili awīlim šu-te-eq-ru-ba-am irriš the man's personal god demands repeated petitions YOS 10 52 iii 3 (OB ext.); ana ilimma suppê šu-taq-rib Lambert BWL 108:11.
- 19. IV to raise a claim: if there is a creditor ina muḥḥiša la iq-qa-rib mannu ša ina muḥḥiša iq-qa-ri-bu-u-ni šarru mār šarri bēl dīnišu he must not raise a claim against her (the debtor's wife), whoever raises a claim against her will be sued by the king and the king's son Iraq 16 56 ND 2316:10 and 12 (NA); ana mimmūšunu la iq-qá-ar-ri-ib KBo 1 14:18; both occs. may be irregular writings for iqarrib, see mng. 5.

In TIM 4 50:16 read \acute{u} -ga-la-bu- $\acute{s}u$ -nu-ti. Ad mng. 1f and 1g: G. Meier, Or. NS 8 303 ff.

qerētu see qerītu.

qerītu (qerētu, qerrētu, qarītu, qarētu) s.; banquet, festival; OA(?), OB, SB, NA; pl. qeriātu, qa-ri-ia-ti ADD 680:8; wr. syll. and KAŠ.DÉ.A; cf. qerû. kaš.dé.a = $q\acute{e}$ -re-e-tum Hh. I 35; kaš.dé.a = $q\grave{i}$ -ri-tum Proto-Kagal Bil. Section E 5; [x-x]-x-ga Ki.kaš.d \grave{v} = $q\acute{e}$ -ri-t[um] Diri V 200, cf. ki.kaš.d \grave{v} = $q\acute{e}$ -ri-tum Proto-Diri 322; ki.kaš.d \grave{v} = $q\acute{e}$ -ri-tu Erimhuš IV 143; [udu.ki.kaš.d \grave{v}] = [Min (= im-me-ri) $q\acute{e}$ -re]-e-tum Hh. XIII 115.

^{-zi-in}ezen siskur(AMAR׊E.AMAR׊E) ul.dù. a.ta ní.tur.tur.ra kir4.dù mu.pàd.da.bi. da.aš: ina isinnu niqî qé-re-e-tum utnin labān appi u zakār šumu at festivals, offerings, q.-s, prayer, prostration, and invoking the name (of the god) RA 12 74:27 f.; [mu.l]u.me.en $\delta ud_x(KA \times \delta U).d\dot{e}$ mu.un.na.re7.en.na ul.le.eš:[...] nīnu ina ikribi i nillik ina qé-re-e-tú [. . .] nīnu ina ikribi i nillik «ina su» ulsiš ina rīšātu let us go with prayer in (or: with) q., (alternate translation:) let us go with prayer joyfully, (variant:?) amid rejoicing SBH p. 14 No. 6 r. 19ff., cf. me.en.dè é.a.šè a.ra.zu.a mu.un.na.re7.en [ul.le.eš] : $n\bar{\imath}nu$ ana $b\bar{\imath}ti$ ina $tesl\bar{\imath}ti$ nillik ina $q[\acute{e}]$ -re-e-t[i](see ikribu lex. section) SBH p. 124 No. 73:6f., dupl. (Sum. only) Bab. 3 pl. 16:6f.; [...] x ul. la.ta [na. ... r] e.en [...] : ana $q[\acute{e}-r]e-et$ aštamme la tahâšma šummanna la tenne'il do not hasten to a banquet in the tavern lest you be tied up with a lead-rope Lambert BWL 256 K.9050+:9.

a) in gen.: inūma ilū iškunu gé-e-ree-ta when the gods prepared a festive meal EA 357:1 (Nergal and Ereškigal); for (the citizens of) Babylon and Borsippa qére-ti iškun he prepared a festive meal WO 4 32 vi 4 (Shalm. III); ūšibuma ilū rabûti zarbabu iškunu ina qé-re-e-ti ušbu the great gods took their seats, they set out the drinking vessels, (as they) sat at the banquet En. el. VI 75, cf. lišānu iškunu ina qé-re-e-ti [ušbu] they had a conversation (and then) they sat down for a banquet En. el. III 133, lišāna liškunu ina $q\acute{e}$ -re-e-ti $li\breve{s}bu$ ibid. 8; $\lceil il \rceil \bar{i}$ $abb\bar{e}\breve{s}u$ $q\acute{e}$ re-ta-šú(var. -šu) uštēšib he had the gods, his fathers, sit down for a banquet (prepared) by him En. el. VI 71; rabûti u nišē mātija kališunu ina paššūr tašīlāti tākulti u qé-re-e(var. omits -e)-ti ina qerbiša ušēšibšunūtima ušālişa nupāršun karānu u kurunnu amkira şurrağun I gladdened the hearts of the officials and all the people of my country by having them sit down in it at festive tables, ceremonial meals, and banquets, I drenched their insides with qerītu qerītu

wine and kurunnu wine Borger Esarh. 63 vi 50; the gods and officials ina qé-re-ti ušēšibšunūtima aštakan nigûtu Winckler Sar. pl. 38:44; this lamb la ana qa-ri-ti $\delta \bar{e}lua \dots ana ad\hat{e} \delta a RN \delta ar mat [A \delta \delta ur]$ itti RN, šakāni šē[lua] is not presented for a banquet, it is presented for the ceremony of establishing the treaty between Aššur-nīrārī, king of Assyria, and Mati'ilu AfO 8 24 i 12; [...] nišīšu igri [...] ana gé-re-ti he (Atrahasis) invited his townsmen, [he had them sit down] to a banquet Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 92 III ii 41; uncert.: kassār PN ša ina gé-ri-tim tazzanakkarani VAT 9301:31 (unpub. OA); (barley) ana qé-ri-it ERÍN.HI.A YOS 13 535:2 (OB); boats ša šūram ana qé-ri-a-tim izbilānim Greengus Ishchali 128:6; ina qéri-tim bārtum (there will be) a rebellion during a banquet YOS 10 35:32 (OB ext.); [šumma] ina bīt amēli ilu ana KAŠ.DÉ.A *īrub* if a god comes to a banquet in a man's house Or. NS 40 135 K.9456:9 (SB Alu), cf. [šumma] <ana> bīt amēli ilu ana gére-e-ti īrub CT 40 1:14, parallel ibid. 5:38 (SB Alu); qa-ri-ia-ti e-ta-ap-še ADD 680:8, for other refs. see $ep\bar{e}\tilde{s}u$ mng. 2c $(qar\hat{e}tu)$; ta-ru-ru and $q\acute{e}$ -re-[e]-[ti...] (obscure) CT 39 40:39 (SB Alu), cf. qé-re-e-ti [...] ibid. 42 and 43: [qé]-re-e-ti mār Bābili mu-x-[...] bīt qebērišu ēpušu ina qére-e-t[i...] the banquet of the Babylonians [...], his grave I had made [...] Lambert BWL 58:27f. in the banquet (Ludlul IV).

b) referring to an offering: šumma ana £.DINGIR ana qé-re-e-ti sadir if he regularly goes to the temple for q. CT 40 11:86 (SB Alu); SISKUR qé-re-e-ti ana Ani Antu u ilāni kalama inaqqû (the people) will make q. offerings to Anu, Antu, and all the gods RAcc. 120:23; sirqu tasarraq şurārī tuşarrar EN qa-ri-te [...] qātāšu işşabat you scatter dry offerings, you pour out libation offerings, the person who offers the q., [after(?)] he has taken his (the god's?) hands [...] Ebeling

Parfimrez. pl. 22 VAT 10183:16, cf. EN qa-ri-te EN parṣī ibid. 3, also (in broken context) ibid. 6 and 20, VAT 12398:8, pl. 21:2 and 16 (NA rit.), cf. also [a-k]a-li ša qa-ri-ti Craig ABRT 1 25:25 (NA oracles for Esarh.).

c) as name of a festival: six gur of malt ana gé-re-et Ištar u gilāsātim ša Itūr $m\bar{e}r$ for the q. of Istar and for the qi= lāsātu festival of DN ARM 7 263 i 6; šipir qé-re-et DN ina qātišu ibaššīma he is in charge of preparations for the q. of Kitītum IM 67234:9 (OB let., courtesy H. al-Adhami), cf. KAŠ.DÉ.A DN YOS 5 178:6, 202:35, 207:57, KAŠ.DÉ.A DINGIR.RE.E.NE ibid. 217 iii 25, cf. also UD KAŠ.DÉ.A DN MDP 10 p. 38 ff. No. 27:3, 29:3, 31:2, 37:2, cf. also ibid. 23 No. 5:3, MDP 18 115:8; ūmu ša ga-ri-te ša GN the day of the q. of Arbela Iraq 25 95 BT 117:2 and 10; kî Ištar GN dannatuni qa-ri-tu ina GN tētalia (the king knows) that Istar of Arbela is powerful, there is a q, in Arbela, she has gone there ABL 876:10; iššiāri qa-rit Nabû(?) Tašmētu dattu tuşşâ ina libbi bīt akīti tuššab nigê ina panīša inneppaša tomorrow is the q.-festival of Nabû, Tašmētu will leave (her temple) (and) stay in the akītu house, offerings will be made in her presence ABL 858:8 (all NA); I laid the foundation bīt akīti isinni qé-re-ti Aššur House of the New Year's festival, the q.festival of Aššur OIP 2 143:9 (Senn.), cf. isinni qé-re-ti ša šar ilāni Aššur ibid. 136:25; qa-ri-it ili (the 15th) is the q. of the god KAR 178 vi 39, also (24th day) ibid. v 66, also K.4068+ r. i 9 and (the 25th) 13, (the 30th) qa-ri-it Nisaba KAR 178 vi 5; [q]erre-e-tú Igigī u Anunnakī i-[. . .] SBH p. 146 No. VIII r. ii 22, cf. ibid. 10; [...].RA ITI gé-ri-it Nisaba [the month . . .] is the month of the q. of DN Craig AAT 90 K.2892 r. 10 (comm., coll. W. G. Lambert).

The mng. "banquet" does not seem to fit in the SBH refs. Connect perhaps with girru A in the mng. "pilgrimage" or with kerru s. (a type of song).

qerîtu qerû

For YOS 1 53, etc. (Ea I 218), see kirrētu. In ABL 1078 r. 3 read [d]i-qa-ra-a-te.meš or [k]a-qa-ra-a-te.meš, for similar refs. see kakkaru mng. 1.

qerītu in bīt qerīti s.; inn; RS; cf. qerû.

 $\lceil e(?) \rceil$ te-e $\lceil r-d \rceil$ \grave{i} māru ina £ qe-re-ti Ugaritica 5 163 i 17 (counsels of wisdom); for parallels see Lambert BWL 256, cited qerītu lex. section.

See also qarītu in bīt qarīti.

qerqīsum (AHw. 918a) In kīsam ina qéer-qí-zum ilqeam VAS 8 71:13, probably a geographic name occurs.

qerrētu see qerītu.

qerû (qarû, qarā'u) v.; 1. to invite, 2. to take away, along, to lead away; from OA, OB on; I iqri (iqra) — iqerri (iqarri); cf. *qarû, qerītu, qerītu in bīt qerīti.

1. to invite -a) gods to offerings -1' in hist.: ša . . . ina isinnāt ālišunu Aššur bēlī u ilāni [rabûti] ana libbišina (palaces) i-qa-ru-u-ma $niq\hat{e}$ [i] $naqq\hat{u}$ where they (the former kings) used to invite Aššur and the great gods on the occasion of the festivals of their cities and make offerings (to the gods) AfO 18 353:82 (Tigl. I), cf. $[\ldots iq]$ -ta-ru-u $niq\hat{e} \ldots i$ -[ta-qu]- \acute{u} ibid. 88; $il\bar{a}ni\ rab\hat{u}ti\ \bar{a}\check{s}ib\bar{u}ti\ A\check{s}\check{s}ur$ ina qerbišin iq-ri-ma niqê ellūti maḥaršun iqqi Winckler Sar. pl. 39:125, cf. ibid. pl. 38:35, ZDMG 98 37:5 (Sar.), OIP 2 98:92, 116 viii 68, 125:49 (Senn.), Borger Esarh. 69 § 30:7, 116 iii 18; Nergal Adad u ilāni āšibūt Kalha ana libbi aq-ri-ma gumahhī rabûti immerī marûti... maḥaršun aqqi Winckler Sar. pl. 48:19; ilāni \dots aq-re-e(var. omits -e) -matašīl\langleta\langlesina a\langle kun Lyon Sar. 18:99, also (followed by katrê şāriri ruššê kaspi ebbi $igis\hat{e}$. . . $u\check{s}am\dot{p}ir\check{s}un\bar{u}ti$) Winckler Sar. pl. 36:167, cf. ibid. pl. 25 No. 53:56; ina ūmē RN . . . Aššur bēlu rabû u ilāni ša māti gabbiša ina libbi iq-ra-a-ni when RN invited thither (to the palace) Aššur, the great lord, and the gods of the whole land Iraq 14 34:105 (Asn.); see also qerītu usage a.

- 2' in lit.: qutrinnu li-iq-ri-a-am ilī rabūtim let the incense offering invite the great gods JCS 22 26:16 (OB ext. prayer), cf. erēnu lišbūma liq-ra-a ilī rabūti BBR No. 75-78:59, also No. 70:2; alsīka DN aq-ri-ka DN I hereby call to you, DN, I invite you, DN AfO 14 142:40, but eq-ri ittiša ilī ša libbiša along with it (the evening watch) I call the gods in it ibid. 45 and 46 (būt mēsiri); ila ana qé-re-e ilta ana qé-re-e to invite a god, to invite a goddess BRM 4 20:36, parallel ibid. 19:29, see AfO 14 259:36, also STT 300:21.
- b) people: one garment inūmi ana $b\bar{\imath}t \, m\bar{\imath}s\hat{\imath}m \, ig - ru - \acute{\imath}u - su - ni$ when they invited him to the house of the mūşû official TCL 21 161:5 (OA); and GN as $ar tagb \hat{i}$ qé(text -DI)-er-ri-ki he will invite you to GN as you ordered YOS 2 51:28 (OB let.); ana dīšim i-na UH-te-en-zi-im a-qa-ar-riki I will invite you before spring at the Hutizzi (?) (festival) OBT Tell Rimah 123:14; [...] $ni\check{s}i\check{s}u$ iq-ri [...] and $q\acute{e}-re-ti$ (see qerītu usage a) Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 92 III ii 40 (OB), cf. (in broken context) iq-ru- \acute{u} EA 357:12 (Nergal and Ereškigal); RN . . . DUMU narām libbi[ja] ina qer[bišu] aqre-e-[ma] ašta[kan ...] I (Esarhaddon's mother) invited thither Esarhaddon, my beloved son, and made [festivities] Borger Esarh. 116 iv 17; uncert.: lu qá-ra-tám iq-ra TCL 14 10:8 (OA).
- c) a woman to have sexual relations: ana utūl sūni li-iq-ri-a-ni šībūt ālim u rabiānam lu ušeddi (I will not agree to marital relations with him, and) if he invites me to have sexual intercourse I will notify the elders of the city and the city prefect RA 69 121 No. 8:10 (OB leg.).
- 2. to take away, along, to lead away a) in gen.: alki Šamhat qi-ri-en(var. -in)-ni jäši ana bīti elli qudduši mūšab Anim Ištar come, Šamhatu, take me along to the pure, holy temple, the seat of Anu and Ištar Gilg. I iv 43.
- b) in a euphemism for dying (OB only): adi PN balţu PN₂ ha-da-šu [u] dikûssu illak

qerû qiāšu

[iš] tu PN ilūšu iq-te-ru PN2 ana ha-di-im u dikûtim ul awassu as long as PN lives, PN₂ (his son) will do the $ad\hat{u}(?)$ and $dik\hat{u}tu$ services for him, after PN dies (lit. after his gods take PN away), PN2 has no concern with the adû(?) and dikûtu services CT 45 16 r. 5, cf. PN₂ adi PN abušu baltu ittanaš $ar{s}$ ī $ar{s}u$ $ar{u}m$ PN $ilar{u}[ar{s}u]$ iq-te-ru- $ar{s}u$ $ar{s}a$ [ramanišu šu]- \hat{u} ibid. obv. 5, cf. PN . . . ana PN2 itaššîm iddinu . . . PN [adi] bal[tat] inaddišši ištu PN2 ilūša iq-te-ru-ši PN ša ramanišu CT 8 12c:18; adi PN u PN, baltā PN₃ ittanaššūšināti warki PN u PN₂ ilūšina iq-te-ru-ši-na-ti mamman mimma eli PN, ... ul išu as long as PN and PN₂ (the owners of the manumitted slave PN₃) live, PN₃ will support them, after PN and PN₂ have died, no one has any claim on PN, Mendelsohn Slavery 79:13, cf. (in other manumission texts) ūm PN ilūša iq-te-ru- \acute{u} - $\acute{s}i$ TCL 1 69:12, BE 6/1 96:13, also UD PN $il\bar{u}\check{s}a$ $iq-[t]i-ru-\acute{u}-\check{s}i-ma$ a[na] $\check{s}\bar{\imath}mtim$ ittalku eli ¹PN₂ (the adopted slave girl) . . . mimma eliša ula išû TIM 5 5:8; adi PN . . . baltat mimmaša gāssama ukâl ištu $ilar{u}$ ša iq-te-ru-ši PN $_2$ ana mimma ša PN \dots PN₂ u mārū PN₃ ul iraggamu as long as PN lives she herself keeps possession of all of her (share of the division), after she dies, PN, and the sons of PN, (her brothers) will have no claim on any of PN's assets CT 47 47:21, cf. CT 2 24:27, CT 8 5a:17, CT 45 79:32, cf. also (with warki) BE 6/1 101:29, (with inūma) Szlechter Tablettes 12 MAH 15.913:34, (with istu) CT 8 4a r. 11, VAS 9 145:18 (all Sippar), $warki PN il\bar{u} \dot{s}u iq - ru - \dot{s}[u]$ Wiseman Alalakh 57:6.

The lit. meaning of the verb in the phrase "to die," "when his/her gods have-ed him/her," seems to be "to take away," compare $\bar{u}m$ š $\bar{i}m\bar{a}tu$ ša $itarr\bar{a}$ ši UCP 10 173 No. 105:7f.

In KAH 2 84:50, Lie Sar. 19, and Bauer Asb. 2 87:28, see Borger, AfO 17 346, read igrânni (ana qabli), for parallels see gerû. The ref. anāku lu-ug-ri-šum-ma I (Enkidu) will challenge him (Gilgāmeš) Gilg.

I iv 47, as well as the OA refs. cited Matouš, BiOr 16 181 ad CCT 5 22c, and CCT 4 25b:16, should have been cited sub gerû. The personal name Ki-i-ig/q-ru-ú Kraus AbB 1 67:6 and 8 is obscure.

For AGH 14:20 (= KAR 25 ii 20), see the emendation i-qar-ru- $\langle bu \rangle$ -ku-nu- δi cited almattu usage c.

Ad mng. 2: David Adoption 77 n. 32a; Harris, Studies Oppenheim 120.

qerubtu s.; purview; OB*; cf. qerēbu.

abušu šapāram lidanninaššumma jarram rūqam ana alpī la išakkan ina qé-ru-ubti-ni alpū ša bēlini šammī līkulu let his father write to him in strong terms so that he will not assign the cattle a distant watering place, the cattle of our lord should graze within our purview TCL 17 40:29; eqlum ma-aḥ-ri-im-ma ana qé-ru-ub-ti-ki imqutamma a field previously fell to your share TCL 18 86:8; send me ten head of cattle ina GN ina qé-ru-ub-ti-ka UD.2.[K]AM lidīšu they should do the threshing for two days in GN within your purview Kraus AbB 1 40:9 (all OB letters).

qēşu s.; summer; EA; WSem. word.

šumma šê qè-e-şí la jušširu šarru if the king does not send summer grain EA 131:15 (let. of Rib-Addi).

 $q\bar{e}\check{s}u$ see $q\bar{\imath}\check{s}u$ s.

gettā'u s.; cane cutter; NB*; Aram. lw.

PN ša muhhi qé-et-ta-u PN, the foreman of the cane cutters YOS 6 32:65.

von Soden, Or. NS 37 264.

qiādu see qâdu.

qiālu see qâlu B.

qiāpu see qâpu A.

qiāšu see qâšu.

qibītu qibītu

qibītu s. fem.; 1. speech, word, report, 2. order, command, 3. promise, 4. prayer, 5. divine pronouncement creating and maintaining the proper functioning of the world; from OA, OB on; pl. qibâti (qí-bí-a-tim VAB 4 60 i 23, 148 iv 28); wr. syll. and DUG₄.GA, in personal names also E, see mng. 5b; cf. qabû v.

 $dug_4.ga = q\hat{\imath}-bi-tum$ Proto-Diri 554; $dug_4.$ $ga = q\hat{\imath}-bi-tum$, $dug_4.ga.x = \S U-ma$ Sag Bil. B 332 f.; an. dul = zi-ik-ru-um (vars. zi-ik-ru, qi-bi-tu) Silbenvokabular A 78.

 $dug_4.ga.zi = min (= san\bar{a}qu)$ šá qi-bi-tim Nabnitu N 107; $[z]_I$ # šá-nu-ú šá qi-bi-ti A III/1 Comm. A 11a; $gi_4 = min (= en\hat{u})$ šá qi-bi-ti Nabnitu K 112.

dInnin dug₄.ga.a.ni dA.nun.na 1.àm sag nu.un.gá.da : Ištar ša ana qí-bit(var. -bi-ti)-šá Anunnaki ištānu la i'irru Ištar, against whose command not one of the Anunnaki dares to proceed CT 16 13 ii 33ff.; dug4du.dug4.ga dUtu en.gal an.ki.a: ina qí-ba-a-ti šá Šamaš bēli rabî ša šamê u erșeti at the command of Samaš, the great lord of heaven and earth 5R 51 iii 50, see Borger, JCS 21 11:31a; dug₄.ga ^dEn.ki.ke_x(KID) dingir [...]: ina qí-bit Ea il \bar{u} [...] PBS 12/17:3f. and 22f., cf. ibid. 6 r. 4f.; dNin.urta dug₄.ga.zu nu.kúr.ra: dmin qí-bit-ka ul uttakkar (see nakāru Lugale I 25; dug₄.ga.zu an. lex. section) gin, (GIM) nu.kúr.ru.da: qí-bit-ka kīma šamê ul uttakkar 4R 20 No. 3:18f., cf. SBH p. 71 No. 39 r. 11f.; èm.dug₄.ga.na nu.gi₄.gi₄.dè: ana qíbi-ti-šú la iturra (Enlil) who does not go back on his word SBH p. 9 No. 4:98f., also ibid. 130 No. I 8f.; dug₄.ga.bi.ta ka.è.a.zu.ta dìm.me. ir šà.dib.ba.mu ki.tuš nam.mu.un.an.gur. ru : ina qí-bit-ka ilū zenûtu ana šubtišunu iturru (see zenû adj. lex. section) RAcc. 109:17f.; dug4. ga.zu.ta šul.a.lum.bi hé.dug.dug nam.tag. ga.bi hé.zi.zi: ina qí-bi-ti-ka ennessu lippațir aranšu linnasih (see ennittu lex. section) 17:57f.; dug₄.ga.bi si.sá ... li.li.èš ud.ka. BAR dug₄.ga.bi [si.sá]: qí-bi-ta šuātu šutēšir ... lilissu qí-bit-su šu[tēšir] make this word be right, make the word of the lilissu drum be right 4R 23 No. 1 iii 19ff., see RAcc. 30; inim.mah.bi dug₄.ga.a.ni ki.in.gi ab.kin.kin.ke_x: a-mat qí-bi-ti-šú şīrtu ašriš ište'ēma he devoutly paid attention to the word of his (Ea's) supreme command BIN 2 22:84 f.; e.ne.èm.maḥ dug₄.ga. mu ki.bal.a l.gul.[gul] : a-mat qí-bi-ti-ia ṣīrtu KUR nu-kúr-tum gātum u'abbat (see nukurtu) ASKT p. 127:33f.; ka.bi $dug_4.ga$ še. $ga: \delta a$ qibit(var. -bi-it) pi-i-šu magratu (Gibil) whose utterance is favorable CT 16 44:112f.; ka.ta dug₄.ga.mu hé.en.silim.ma.ab : qí-bit pīja

sullim make my word propitious CT 16 7:272 f.; for other bil. refs. see mngs. 2b-2', 3', 2c, 5.

èm ù.èn nu.ša₄ // nu.sá: ša qí-bit-su la išzšannanu ZA 10 pl. 2 (after p. 276) K.69:28f., parallel (Sum. only) CT 42 37:8, cf. èm u₆ ù [...]: ša la iš[šannanu...] SBH p. 64 No. 34:13. an-na: qí-bi-ti JNES 33 332:31 (med. comm.); [x k]A // qí-bi-tú // kA // a-mat Hunger Uruk 32 r. 4.

1. speech, word, report — a) with verba dicendi: DN $\bar{\imath}pula$ qi-bi-ta Šara answered (Anu) CT 15 40 iii 17 (SB Epic of Zu), cf. ibid. ii 43; for other refs. see $ap\bar{a}lu$ A mng. 2a-2'; amat $aqabbûkun\bar{u}[ši$ lu amatkunu] qi-bi-it $aqabbûkun\bar{u}š[i$ lu qi-bi-it-ku-nu] KAR 38 r. 2, see Caplice, Or. NS 39 126; $k\hat{\imath}$ qi-bit PN ina puhur . . . $iqb\hat{\imath}$ according to the declaration PN made in the assembly TCL 13 182:15 (NB).

b) other occs.: the sorcerers qi-bit KA.MU işbatu egirrēja ulamminu seized the speech of my mouth, gave me a bad reputation KAR 80 r. 31, dupl. RA 26 41:6; qí-bit pi-i-šu erhu la amgur I did not agree with the speech of his (Teumman's) insolent mouth AAA 20 98:149, also Streck Asb. 110 v 3, for other refs. see magāru mng. 4a; the priests said to me, "The temple has collapsed" qí-bi-it-su-nu la agīpma I did not believe their report OECT 1 pl. 24 i 53 (Nbn.); note addressed by gods to gods: uṣṣiri qí-bi-ti šimē siqrīja heed my command, pay attention to my words VAS 10 214 vi 18 (OB Agušaja); kėm qí-bi-ti el qí-bi-ti-ka lu (h)abrat (just as heaven is more important than earth) so be my word more important than your word RA 36 11:12, also ibid. 10:7 and 10 (Akk.-Hurr. bil.); obscure: ša rag-ga u me- $\delta a-ri \quad qi-bit-su \quad e \quad x \quad [x \quad x]$ Lambert BWL 200:13 (fable).

2. order, command – a) of a superior – 1' in OA, OB: x MA.NA kaspam gamarša x MA.NA kaspam qi-bi₄-sà (or: ki-bi₄-sà) ana PN maḥātini addin x minas of silver, her expenses, x minas of silver (at) her order (or: her allowance, see kibsu A mng. 3), I gave PN, our RA 60 130 AO 11217:17 (OA); [qi]-bi-tam ana PN idinma

qibītu qibītu

ESIR lizbilu give the order to PN, let them carry the bitumen IM 54690:7, cf. annītam qí-bí-tam ša aqbīšunūšim 67187:11; ana annītim ša aštaprakku [qí]bi-ti šime listen to my words concerning this (matter) I am writing to you about IM 67220:23 (all courtesy H. al-Adhami), cf. Sumer 14 42 No. 19:13 (Harmal let.); *§umma qí-bi-it* ekallim šupramma . . . šumma la gí-bi-it ekallim ana PN qibīma litrûši if it is the palace's order write to me, if it is not the palace's order, tell PN that they should bring her (the slave girl) along Boyer Contribution 119:35 ff.; ina qí-bi-it awīlim bēlija ... iššiakkātum illikunim at the order of the gentleman, my master, the iššakku farmers came PBS 7 99:13, cf. OECT 3 35:10, 53:15, cf. ina qí-bi-ti-ia-ma illikam TIM 2 102:10; qí-bi-tam ušamrissunūšim I gave them a strongly worded order Greengus Ishchali 23:11, cf. qí-bi-tam dunninšunūšim ibid. 35 (all OB letters); PN ana qí-bi-it PN₂ ŠEŠ.A.NI x kaspam ana PN3 išaggal CT 33 47a:5 (OB); $m\bar{a}r\bar{e}$ GN . . . ina qí-bi-it PN iktasû they have arrested the Jamutbalians on the order of PN ARM 2 130:17.

2' in NB: (a field) akî šaţāri ša ina qí-bi-tum PN . . . ittika išturu in accordance with the contract which they made out to you on the order of PN (governor of Babylon) BRM 1 101:4; PN ina qí-bit šangî ekalli ašbi VAS 6 276:6, also ibid. 23; ina qí-ba-a-ta PN YOS 7 70:5, ina qí-ba-a-tum PN . . . u šangê Eanna şēnī a ana ri'ītum ana PN2 iddinu on orders of Belshazzar, (the šatammu of Eanna), and the administrators of Eanna they gave those flocks to PN2 for pasturing YOS 6 155:6, note akî DUG4-tu ša PN BE 9 32a:2; ša narā annā ubbat . . . ina gíbit pi-i uhallaqu he who smashes this stela (or) causes it to be destroyed by (his) order (may the gods curse him) RA 16 129 iii 26 (NB kudurru).

b) of the king - 1' in gen.: ina qíbi-it šarri mušēpišūta ēpuš (see mušēpišūtu mng. 1) PBS 7 83:23 (OB let.); tuppi arki šūdūti ešši kīmē qí-bi-i-ti ša LUGAL ša MN ... ina GN sa-te-er the tablet was written in Nuzi after the new proclamation, following the decree of the king of MN SMN 2684:35 (Nuzi), also JEN 116:12.

in royal insers.: concerning the Urartians who fled ša... RN šar Urarți ina muhhi išpuruma la išmû qí-bit-su about whom Ursa, the king of Urartu, gave orders without his orders being obeyed Borger Esarh. 106 iii 29, cf. šarrašu la šēmû a-mat qí-bit-ia ibid. 86 § 57:6, cf. also anāku RN šarru dannu ša qí-bit-su la innennû la uštamsaku amat rubûtišu ibid. 103 i 25; (the enemy who) $[q]i-bit-su\ u$ zikir šumišu la išhutuma did not stand in awe of his order or the mention of his name Borger Esarh. 32:11: (if the Assyrian army) ina qí-bit RN . . . ana nakrišu il= liku[ni] marches against his enemy at Aššur-nīrārī's command AfO 8 25 iv 1 (Aššurnīrārī V treaty); an.ub.da limmú.[ba] dug₄.ga.na m[i.ni.in.tuš] : kibrāt erbettim ana qí-bí-ti-šu ušēšib he made the entire world live under his command RA 63 36:127, cf. RA 61 41:53 (both Samsuiluna); the people of Akkad and Hatti ušallamu qi-bi-ti executed what I ordered AnSt 8 60 ii 9 (Nbn.); ana qí-bit-šu-nu la egâku (see $eg\hat{u}$ usage a-2') VAB 4 276 v 21 (Nbn.), cf. šar ummān-manda. . . ušakniš qí-bi-tu $u - \delta u$ ibid. 272 ii 6.

3' in lit.: [dug4.ga.a.ni nu sá.sá ka.t]a.è.a.ni šu nu.bal.e : qí-bi-is-su ul iššannan sīt pīšu [ul uttakkar] his (the king's) command cannot be rivaled, his order cannot be changed Lambert BWL 233:3; [é.gal dug4.ga.a.n]i an.na. ginx(GIM) nu.GAM.da : ekallu qí-bi-is-sa kīma qí-[bi-it Anim] ul nadât the word of the palace is like the word of Anu, it cannot be set aside ibid. 1, cf. [é.gal an.na.ginx d]ug4.ga.a.ni zi.da : ekallu kīma Anim qí-bi-is-s[a kīnat] ibid. 4; ištēt narkabta ina qí-bi-ti-ka liddinunimma have them give me a chariot on your order (addressing the king) STT 38:76 (Poor Man

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of Nippur), see AnSt 6 154; ina puḥri lu šemât qi-bi-ti may my word be listened to in the assembly BMS 19:28.

- 4' qibīt pî: šarru ša ina qí-bit KA-šú ušharmatu šadê u tâmāte (see naharmutu mng. 2d) AKA 196 iii 12, 218:13 (Asn.), cf. ina qí-bit pi-i-ka (in broken context) STT 43:30, see AnSt 11 150.
- c) of gods -1' given to kings: qi-bi-itŠamaš u Marduk ana ašrim aškun (corr. to Sum. níg.dug₄.ga ^dUtu ^dAMAR.UD. bi.da.ka ki.bi.šè im.mi.gar YOS 9 36:95) I executed the commands of DN and DN₂ RA 61 42:99 (Samsuiluna); in qibi-it Samaš u Marduk (corr. to Sum. du g₄. ga dug₄.ga ^dUtu ^dAMAR.UD.bi.da.ka YOS 9 36:69) RA 61 41:72, also, wr. qibí-it CH xl 84; dug₄.mah An. dEn.líl. bi.da.ke, CT 8 1c:13, and passim in OB year dates, see B. Morgan, MCS 4 35f.; Šamšimuštemqi mātim ... ina qí-bi-it Aššur rā'imišu AOB 1 22 i 9, ina qí-bit Marduk (in broken context) ibid. 40 r. 12 (Aššur-uballit I), cf. ADD 650:22 (Aššur-etel-ilāni); ina qí-bit Aššur bēli rabê bēlija narkabāte ummānāte adki at the command of Aššur, the great lord, my lord, I moved the chariotry and the army (and reached the town) MAOG 6/1-2 12:19 (Asn.), $k\hat{\imath}$ $q\hat{\imath}$ -bitAššur bēlija Borger Esarh. 112 r. 1; ina qíbit DN . . . kīma ţīb mehê šamri ana nakri azīq at the command of Aššur I blew over the enemy like the onrush of a raging OIP 2 45 v 76 (Senn.); ana gereb GN ina qí-bi-ti DN . . . ušēšib I resettled (the gods) in Babylon on the order of Marduk 5R 35:33 (Cyr.).
- 2' other occs.: ajû ša ana dāriš iṣṣura qi-bi-tu who is there who has heeded the (god's) command forever? KAR 39+45 r. i 4, see JNES 33 282:133; (Šamaš) mušallim qí-bit Nannari abi bānīšu AnSt 8 60 ii 5 (Nbn.); Šamaš ana qí-bi-tuk-ka (var. [q]í-bi-ti-ka) ūtaqqû ilū Igigi OECT 6 pl. 30 K.2824:6, var. from PBS 1/1 12:7, cf. Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 476:43; qí-bi-tu-uš-ša mi[gruš] etel

at her (Nanâ's) command her favorite is lord VAS 10 215 r. 25 (OB lit.), see von Soden, ZA 44 34:53, cf. qi-bi-tuk-ka (in broken context) ZA 61 52:82, 84, also AfO 19 60:178 (SB hymn); (Samaš) ina qí-bi-ti- $\langle ka \rangle$ ubburat napištī Lambert BWL 200:16 (fable); ina qí-bit Ištar šumsukat alti kabti at Ištar's command the noble's wife got a bad name Lambert BWL 218:7 (proverbs); ina qí-bit Bau ušarbi šumša at the command of Bau I extolled her (Gula's) name KAR 73:27; anāku ina gí-bit Marduk ... mimmû eppušu lu kušīru as for me, at the command of Marduk may whatever I do succeed Maqlu VII 19, ina qí-bit DN DN₂ DN₃ ibid. V 59, 138, AMT 59,1 i 10, and passim; arna puţra šimā taslītī ina qíbit de lugal di[ngir.meš] absolve (my) sin, listen to my prayer at the command of DN, lord of the gods Or. NS 34 116:17; ina qí-bit Ea . . . ana nīš qātija linūh libbaka BMS 12:87, see Ebeling Handerhebung 80, cf. ina qí-bit iqbû Girra rašubbu Maqlu III 182.

- 3. promise: qí-bit KA-šú inandin (with explanation) ša ina murşišu mimma mala iqabbû inandinu RA 13 137:7 (med. comm.); ana ikrib qí-bít KA-šú iballut (for another interpretation see ikribu mng. la) Labat TDP 80:7, 88:19; uncert.: ina qí-bit pīšu imât CT 28 25:35, for coll. see Kraus Texte p. 15 No. 70.
- 4. prayer a) in gen.: LUGAL ša qú-bi(var. -bi)-sú itti DN u DN2 magrat (corr. to Sum. lugal dug4.ga.ni ki dUtu dŠè.ri5.da.taše.ga YOS 9 36 ii 65) the king whose prayer finds favor with Šamaš and Aja RA 61 41:69 (Samsuiluna); inūma Šamaš teslīssu imgurušu u qú-bú-sú išmû Syria 32 13 i 30 (Jahdunlim); ana DN DN2... qātī aššīma imguru qú-bi-ti I prayed to Aššur, Sin (etc.) and they were favorable to my prayer Borger Esarh. 43 i 60, also, wr. qú-bi-e-ti ibid. 42 i 37, qú-bi-tú Anst 8 46 i 36 (Nbn.); for other refs. see magāru mngs. 2a, 3b, 4a, 10c; tušašmî

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qí-bit-su-un you (Tašmētu) make their (men's) prayer heard BMS 33:17.

- b) qibīt pî: niqû qí-bit pi-i simat qutrinni sacrifices (and accompanying) prayer are proper for an incense offering Lambert BWL 104:136; qí-bít KA ana Sin TUK-ši there will be a prayer to Sin Labat TDP 222:48, cf. ik-ri-bi-a ana še-me-e qí-bit pi-a ana ma-ga-ri Akk.-Aram. bil. from Tell Fakhariya 14 (courtesy D. Kennedy), cf. qi-bit KA-šú eli ilī u nišē ţu-ub-bi ibid. 22.
- 5. divine pronouncement creating and maintaining the proper functioning of the world - ain lit. and hist.: ki.nam. GÎR.BAR^{šèr} tar.ra.na nam.bí.in. tuku.a dug4.ga.mu.ginx dug4.ga.zu hé.en.gu.la : ašar šīmātum kišda ē tarši kīma qí-bi-ti-i qí-bit-ki limşi have no restrictions at the place where destinies are decided, may your pronouncement be equal to my pronouncement RA 12 74:25f.; An dug₄.ga.mah.zu sag ba.gin : Anu q´ı-bit-ka ş̄rtu ina mahri illak TCL 6 51:7f., see RA 11 141:4, cf. Marduk . . . šá qí-bit-su ina ma-har illaku Binning 29:28 (courtesy C. B. F. Walker); (Nusku) namru ša qí-bit-su şīrat Maqlu II 4, cf. Or. NS 34 117 r. 13; ša qí-bit-su rūqat BA 5 652:19, ef. (with kinat) ibid. 653:22, also VAS 17 [nap]lussa tašmû qí-bit-sa Gula $\delta ul[mu]$ BMS 4:26, see Ebeling Handerhebung 30:4, cf. (Ištar) [nap]luski tašmû qí-bit-ki *nūra* BMS 8:2, see ZA 42 222:21; **Tašmētu** ša qi-bi-sa gašr[at] BMS 33:10, see Ebeling Handerhebung 124; ša qí-bí-sà ina É.KUR kabtat CH xlii 83; kīnat amassu la enât qí-bit-su En. el. VII 151; Enlil ša qí-bí-sú la uštepellu (corr. to Sum. [dug₄.ga.n]i šu nu.bal.e.dam) whose pronouncement is unchangeable RA 63 33:17 (Samsuiluna); (Sin) ša qí-bi-is-sú [l]a uttakkaru KBo 1 12 obv. (!) 11, see Or. NS 23 213, cf., wr. qi-bi-si CH xlii 55; amat DN DN₂ . . . ša qí-bi-it-su-nu la innennû ana qí-bi-ti- $\delta \hat{u}$ -nu $\delta \hat{v}$ ti aplah VAB 4 220 i 35 (Nbn.); Enlil dajānu şīru ša qí-bit-su la uttakkaru BMS 60:7, cf. qí-bit-ka ul immašši ibid. 10,

see Laessøe Bit Rimki 57:55 and 58; (Samaš) la enû qí-bi-tuš-šú Köcher BAM 323:20, dupl. Gray Šamaš pl. 12 K.2132:4; ina qi-bi-ti-ka liššakin kitta Šurpu II 132; ina gí-bi-ti-ka şīrti Samaš . . . bītu šuāti maḥarka lulabbir (see labāru mng. 3) VAB 4 242 iii 39 (Nbn.), cf., wr. qi-bi-it-ti-ka ibid. 190 No. 23 ii 1 (Nbk.); note the pl.: ina qí-bí-a-tim Nabû u Marduk VAB 4 60 i 23 (Nabopolassar), also ibid. 148 iv 28 (Nbk.); qí-bi-tuš-šú malku bānûšun šībūtu lillik through his (Aššur's) pronouncement may the king who built them reach old age Winckler Sar. pl. 25 No. 52:448 and parallels; ina qí-bi-ti-ka kitti ša la uštamsaku līriku ūmija (see nasāku mng. 7) 5R 66 ii 10 (Antiochus I), cf. ibid. i 23; ina DUG₄.GA-ka kabitti (var. qí-biti-ka kit-ti) lubluţ lušlimma 4R 21* 1 C 8, var. from KAR 59:11, cf. ina DUG4.GA-ka (var. qí-bi-ti-ka) şīrti ša la uttakkaru Šaziga 42:8, see also nakāru mng. 13b; ina amatika kitti ina sigrika kabti ina qí-bit ilūtika rabīti at your (Nabû's) just utterance, your important word, the pronouncement of your divine majesty BMS 22:10 and 66, see Ebeling Handerhebung 106; $ina \quad qi-bi-tuk-ka \quad (var. \quad ina \quad qa-bi-ka-ma)$ ūtallada tenēšēti at your (Marduk's) command men are born KAR 68:17, see Ebeling Handerhebung 20, var. from BMS 19:13; DN ina qí-[bit]-ka (var. qí-bi-ti-ka) ušešširi apâti (see ešēru mng. 9) PBS 1/1 13:8, var. from Gray Šamaš pl. 8 Sm. 1612:8, see Schollmeyer No. 25 and p. 133; ina qí-bi-ti-ka rabīti milikšina taprus AfO 23 43:27 (SB fire inc.); ina qí-bit ilī ša mūši Craig ABRT 2 8 i 13, cf. ina qí-bit DN DN₂ Biggs Šaziga 22:12; ina qí-bit mašmaš ilī apkal ilī Marduk bēl balāti Šurpu VIII 88.

b) in personal names: Ina-qí-bit-Anu BRM 2 2:22, TCL 13 234:10, etc., also TCL 6 2 r. 31, and passim in colophons, see Hunger Kolophone p. 150 s.v., wr. Ina-E-Anu BRM 2 36:1, 43:11, BIN 2 136:2, cf. Ina-E-dNa-na-a BIN 2 135:6 and passim in this text, also Bab. 15 188:4 (all NB), Ina-qí-bit-Aššur TCL 9 57 r. 26 (NA); Qi-bit-Adad ADD 159 tablet 2,

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Qi-bit-Ištar ADD 173:1, Qi-bit-Aššur ADD 363 r. 4, also (as name of a city) KAV 94:5; note ${}^{m}Dug_{4}.ga.mah.{}^{d}\check{S}\grave{a}.zu={}^{m}Si$ -rat-qi-bit-Marduk 5R 44 ii 22.

- c) in other texts: $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$ atta ina qi-bi-it Marduk $b\bar{a}[n]\bar{i}ka$ ašar taqabbû tammaggar may you, my lord, find obedience wherever you give orders at the command of Marduk, your creator CT 2 48:14 (OB let.).
- qibīt pî: kî qereb šamê šibgi ilī [. . .] qí-bít pi-i ilti ul išša[ddad ana libbi] like the middle of heaven, the plans of the gods [...], the decrees of the goddess are not taken seriously (?) Lambert BWL 76:83 (Theodicy), restored from BM 47745 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); ina qí-bit pi-i-ka aj ithâ mimma lemnu at your (Marduk's) decree, "anything evil" shall not approach me BMS 12:62, see Ebeling Handerhebung 78; lišmi sigrī ina qí-bit pi-ki lilqe unnīnīja let (Nabû) listen to my word, at your command (O Tašmētu) let him accept my prayer BMS 1:43 and dupl. 33:25, see Ebeling Handerhebung 124:25; $(\hat{S}ama\hat{s})$ $[\hat{s}]a$ lainnennû qí-bit pi-šú whose decree cannot be changed Lambert BWL 138:199 (hymn to Šamaš), Enlil ša qí-bit pi-i-šu la innennû MDP 2 pl. 23 vii 45, cf. RA 68 94:1 (Esarh.); ša la enû qí-bit KA-šú AKA (Ninurta) 256 i 4 (Asn.).
- e) amat qibīti: the gods ša a-mat qí-bi-ti-šu-nu la uttakkaru MDP 2 pl. 23 vi 21 (MB kudurru), cf. AMT 93,3:5; Anu . . . ša a-mat qí-bi-ti-šú la uštapīlu ilu ajūmma Borger Esarh. 79:2; ina amat qí-bi-ti-ki ṣīrti ša ina Ekur . . . šurbāt BMS 4:43, see Ebeling Handerhebung 46:85, cf. BMS 7:23, cf. šurbāt amatka qí-bit-ka [ul immašši] Or. NS 34 117 r. 11; for other refs. see amatu A mng. 4a-1'.

In ABL 1219 r. 2 read probably KÁ KIN É pi-riš-te(?).

qibû see qibu.

qību $(qib\hat{u})$ s.; 1. command, order, instructions, authorization, 2. declaration, 3. injunction, 4. prognosis, prognostication; from MB, MA on; wr. syll. (qi-ba-a KAR 151:59 and ABL 576 r. 13) and ME with phon. complement -a, rarely DUG₄ (DUG₄-a ZA 19 377:8), DUG₄.GA (for E see mng. 1b-2'); cf. $qab\hat{u}$ v.

 $me^{ik-ri-bu}$ (var. qi-bu-lu') Proto-Izi II 140; me. gal.zu = šuttu pašāru, qi-bu šá-ka-nu CT 18 30 r. ii 13f. (Group Voc. A 170f.).

- 1. command, order, instructions, authorization -a) divine command, order: qibītukka liššemû zikrūa ina qí-bi-ka ana damiqti lukšud at your order may my words be listened to, at your command may I gain good luck KAR 59 r. 8, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 444; ina qí-bi Sin u Šamaš CT 34 27 i 49 (Nbn.); qí-bu-uk-ki at your command (in broken context, parallel: annukki) AfO 19 52:141; [DN...]-la ana qí-bi-šu liškun (in broken KAV 94 r. 5, see Postgate Royal context) Grants No. 27; in personal names: I-na-qibi-bēlti-ablut By-Order-of-the-Lady-I-Became-Well BE 15 178:8 (MB), cf. Ina-qí-bi-^dEN-ablut VAS 1 37 v 5, AnOr 9 1:100, abbr. Ina-qí-bi-den ibid. 94, also ABL 475:6, TuM 2-3 254:5, VAS 4 15:10, VAS 6 273:10, and passim in NB, see Tallqvist NBN 78; Ina-qi-bi-Nabû Speleers Recueil 278:16, also Qi-bi-^dEN BIN 1 126:19, VAS 3 12:5; Qi-bi-DINGIR KAJ 145:13, Qí-bi-Šamaš KAJ 73:21, Qí-bi-^dA-šur Iraq 30 179 TR. 3005:11, and passim in MA, see Saporetti Onomastica 1 375.
- b) (oral) instructions, authorization (NB) 1' in routine transactions: concerning that silver PN . . . ina qí-bi sarztennu u dajānī eṭi[r] PN was paid in full upon an order of the chief judge and the (other) judges VAS 4 87:10, ina qí-bi ša šangê PN . . . maḥir Dar. 46:1, ina qí-bi ša PN šākin ṭēmi Bābili BRM 1 81:5, Dar. 577:3, ina qí-bi ša PN bēl piqit ša Esagil Nbn. 558:7, barley for feed for birds ina qí-bi ša PN u PN2 ina qāt PN3 maḥir Camb. 7:3, cf. Nbn. 86:6, and passim in adm. with officials

qību qīdātu

or otherwise unidentified persons, note ina qi-bi ša PN (at end of text) Nbn. 1036:8; oil received from PN by several persons ina qi-bi ša PN₂ upon the authorization of PN₂ BE 10 60:1; x silver PN ina qi-bi ša PN₂ ina našpartu ša PN₃ . . . maḥir PN received on orders from PN₂ as proxy for PN₃ VAS 4 193:2, cf. the silver ina našpartu PN . . . ina qi-bi ša PN₂ maḥir Dar. 338:10; dates ša ina qi-bi ša PN₂ maḥir Dar. 338:10; cf. 702:3, 1100:3, (with nadānu) Cyr. 71:4, VAS 3 77:8; PN ina qi-bi ša PN₂ zēra imaššaḥma . . . inandin BRM 1 64:29.

- 2' atypical occs.: the renter will pay compensation for any ox that dies ina MU.AN.NA ša qi-bi PN im-mid BE 9 26:13, cf. GUD.HI.A ša ina libbi imuttu izaqqap MU.AN.NA ša qí-bi PN im-mid CBS 12892 r. 4 (courtesy M. Stolper); x barley, the estimated yield (to be collected by PN) ša ina libbi uttati x gur ša ina qí-bi PN2 of which barley x gur are in PN_2 's q. VAS 3 13:3; I bought the slave girl ana E PN on the verbal authority of PN (PN₂, the claimant, must bring a written document of PN's) Coll. de Clercq 2 160 (pl. 26 Tableau C) No. 3:7; É-a ina qí-bi ša PN id-di-ra-as (for iddaras?) niše bītija ina bīt [kī]li my house is being ruined at PN's order, and my family is in prison YOS 3 116:13 (NB ina qí-bi-ia (in broken context) VAS 6 165:8; kî ana panīja la tātelânu qíba-a la taqabbâ allakamma mātkunu . . . aheppu if you do not come up to me, (and?) do not give your word, I will go and destroy your land ABL 576 r. 13.
- 2. declaration: nikkassu...akî qí-bi ša PN īpušuma they made the accounting according to the declaration (in court) of PN RA 12 6:22 (NB); note as var. to qabû (see qabû As. mng. 3a): qá-ta-at PNPN2 ana ITI.l.KAM ana šu-zu-iz ana PN, qí-ba-am iškun Andrews University Museum 3192:5, also ibid. 10 and 16 (OB).
- 3. injunction: ina muhhi qí-ba-a-ni ... qí-ba-a-ni šarru lişşur regarding the

injunctions (of the hemerology), let the king heed the injunctions ABL 553:14 and r. 1 (NA).

4. prognosis, prognostication: [enūma] bārû ana šarri bīra barê ME-a šakāni pa: nūšu šaknušu when the diviner is about to perform a divination (and) to make a prognostication for the king BBR No. 11 r. 2, 75-78:13, ef. mār bārê me-a la išakkan PRT 106:6, mār bārî DUG. GA la išakkan KAR 176 r. i 22, dupl. KAR 178 ii 67 (hemer.), and passim in this text; ašar puzri bārû DUG4 la išakkan 4R 32 i 33, and passim in hemer., wr. DUG₄-a ZA 19 377:8, cf., wr. qi-ba AMT 51,2:6; āšipu ana bulluţišu ME-a la išakkan the diagnostic expert must not make a prognosis for his recovery Labat TDP 176:3, cf. ibid. 154:8, 188:13, wr. qi-ba STT 89:136, AMT 27,6:2f.; [ina balika] šā'ilu ana šarri ме-a la išakkan (Šamaš) without you the dream interpreter cannot give a prognostication for the king AMT 71,1:40, see ZA 51 172; šumma ana qaqqar mahīr še'im ME-a tašakkan . . . ana šattika ME-a tašak= kanma išallim if you want to make a prognosis concerning the market price for barley, you can make an exact prognosis for the coming year Hunger Uruk 94:1 and 4, cf. ME-a tašakkan TCL 6 19:15 (both astrol.), CT 20 20 K.6936: 4, 46 iii 29, CT 30 20 iv 3, ME-a la tašakkan CT 20 46 iii 30, CT 30 41:8, CT 31 32 r. 12, wr. qi-ba KAR 151:63, qi-batašakkan ibid. r. 30 (SB ext.), CT 23 12 iii 50 (SB med.), ana GIG qí-ba-a tašakkan KAR 151:59, cf. ibid. 6, wr. ME-a ibid. r. 51, cf. CT 39 30:51, qi-ba tašakkan AMT 19,8:2, 27,6:4, 44,1 ii 10; note in astron.: ME-a- $\delta \hat{u}$ E Neugebauer ACT 200g ii 1.

In ABL 512:1 read kap-pu (coll. S. Parpola).

qidadāniš see qadadāniš.

qīdātu (or *qittu) s.; lit fires (or: lighting); SB*; cf. qâdu.

They saw qi-da-at abri ša šēp nakri ul-lu-[x-x]-ti-ma dipār šēri līlāte the lit fires (or: lighting) of the brush piles (an-

qiddatam qiddatu

nouncing) the approach of the enemy and the torch signals (lit) morning and evening TCL 3 250 (Sar.).

qiddatam adv.; bending over; SB; cf. qadādu.

šumma amēlu ana sinništi qí-id-da-tam TUK if a man, bending over, approaches a woman (sexually) CT 39 45:37, cf. [šumma amēlu] ana [SAL qid-dam-ta] ana [GU.DU] DU AMT 65,3:1 (Alu Tablet CIII, courtesy A. Guinan), with comm. [qid]-dam-ta: qí-id-da-tum CT 41 34 K.103:1.

qiddatu s.; 1. downstream, downward direction, 2. dejection(?), 3. qiddat $\bar{u}mi$ late afternoon, toward evening, 4. (part of a pomegranate); OB, MB, SB; wr. syll. and GAM (in mng. 3 UD.GAM.MA); cf. $qad\bar{a}du$.

[ú-ru] [HAR] = qi-id-da-tum A V/2:171; HARqi-da-tum (var. qi-id-da-tum) Proto-Izi I 97; [mu-ur] [HAR] = qid-da-tum, qid-da-tum UD-mu A V/2:269f.; u_4 . g am. m a = qid-da-at u_4 -mu Hh. I 210.

bu-ru U = qi-id-da-tum A II/4:99; $g\acute{u} = qi-id-da-a-tum$ Izi F 40.

sag.ki ur₅.ra im.ma.ni.in.sì.ke.ne: ina panīja qid-da-a-ti išakkanuni they inflict dejection on me SBH p. 84 No. 47 r. 23 f.; x ur.ur.ra a.še.er x.a du₉.du₉: [x] x ina qid-da-a-tum u tānīḥi išāb he wanders around in dejection and misery SBH p. 49 No. 24 r. 18 f.; šà.mu ur₅. ra.ba a.še.er si.a.ba: libbī ša qi-da-a-tim tānīḥa umalli my heart is dejected, he filled it with misery 4R 21* No. 2:22 f., see OECT 6 p. 2; šà.bi ur₅.ur₅.ra gù àm.dé.dé: ina libbi ša qid-da-a-ti išassi she cries out with a dejected heart SBH p. 83 No. 47:23 f.; su. GAM.ma su.mu nu.kud.da: şurri qid-da-a-ti ina zumrija la ipparsuma dejectedness of heart does not leave my body 4R 20 No. 1:7 f.

HAR.RA / qid-da-te RA 13 29:19 (Alu Comm., to Tablet LIV).

1. downstream, downward direction—
a) downstream—1' opposed to māḥirtu: kīma mê qid-da-tim ana māḥirti NU GUR-ru just as the water (flowing) downstream will not turn upstream KAR 25 iii 7, see Ebeling Handerhebung 18, cf. [kīma qid-d]atum ana māḥirti la illaku UET 6 410:11,

see Iraq 22 222; [šumma ana] nāri imqutma ana DA qid-da-ti (parallel: ana māhirti) [...] if he falls into the river and [drifts] downstream Dream-book 330:36; ana nāri turradma panīšu ana qid-da-te (parallel: ana māhirte) tašakkan [...] you go down to the river and have him face downstream AMT 74 ii 28; ana qid-da-at nāri sud you immerse yourself (facing) downstream STT 64 r. 6 (SB namburbi), see Or. NS 36 1:5, ef. lumnūa lu ana qid-da-tim-ma lu ana [...] Or. NS 42 509 r. 19, for other refs. see māhiru adj. mng. 2b; dingir.meš ša qid-da-ti u māhirti the gods of downstream and upstream JNES 15 144:18 (lipšur lit.).

- 2' other occs.: you put the figurines in a (model) sailboat ana qid-da-ti panīšunu tašakkan you place them facing downstream Köcher BAM 323:86, see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 211; GIŠ.MÁ.MEŠ ṣīrāti epišti mātišun ibnû nakliš LÚ.MÁ.LAH4.MEŠ . . . ana qid-da-ti adi URU Ü-pi-a ušqelpû they skillfully built superb ships according to the practice of their lands, (and) sailors (from Tyre, Sidon, and Cyprus) sailed (them) downstream to Opis OIP 2 73:61 (Senn.); i-na qi-da-at nārim (in obscure context) RA 62 18:21 (OB let.); PN . . . ana qi(text di)-id-da-a-ti ītetiq PBS 1/2 17:9 (MB let.).
- b) downward: šammu šuātu ana qidda-ti tesêr you apply this medication rubbing downward AMT 74 ii 27, cf. šēpēšu ina qid-da-ti tesêr ibid. 29.
- 2. dejection(?): see bil. refs. in lex. section.
- 3. qiddat ūmi late afternoon, toward evening: lu ina ši-mi-tan lu-ū ina qid-da-at ud-mi STT 69:23, but ina qid-da-āt u[d-me] ina qe[r-bet] u[d-me] (in broken context) Köcher BAM 151:57, also ina ud. GAM.MA ina qer-bit ud-me LKA 133:3; ina šalši ūmi ina ud.GAM.MA riksa . . . tarakzkas on the third day late in the afternoon you prepare the ritual arrangements

qiddu

qilpu

Köcher BAM 323:17, cf. ina UD.ŠE.GA ina UD.GAM.MA 4 GI.DU₈.MEŠ...tarakkas Or. NS 39 118:3, also (in broken context) ina UD.GAM.MA Or. NS 39 141:4 (SB namburbi); ina qid-[d]a-at UD-me qaqqara tašabbit KAR 234 r. 3, cf. Köcher BAM 468:12; ina šalši ūmi ina UD.GAM.MA tušessīši you take her (the figurine of Lamaštu) away (from the sick man) on the afternoon of the third day 4R 56 ii 25, also 4R 55 No. 1 r. 25, 36, wr. ina qid-da-at ūme KAR 239 iii 10 (all Lamaštu).

4. (part of a pomegranate): qid-da-tu ša nurmî (among materia medica) RA 53 12 r. 5.

Ad mng. 2: compare the use of qadādu with appu or lētu to express dejection.

qiddu (qindu) s.; celestial vault(?); lex.*; cf. qadādu.

an. $\text{HI.}^{\text{gu-rum}}$ GAM, an. zi. sukud, šu. gam = qi-id(var. in)-du (preceded by $qad\bar{a}du$) Nabnitu XXII 100 ff.

qidhu (qudhu) s.; (mng. uncert.); SB.

If a man KID-ha iptenerru keeps vomiting q. Köcher BAM 75:6, cf. šumma amīlu marta KID-ha lu-ba-[ṭa(?)...] if a man [vomits?] gall, q., Küchler Beitr. pl. 16 ii 10 (coll.); hahhu u KID-hu māta işabbat CT 39 19:122 (SB Alu); Ú NA ša qid-ha GIG Köcher BAM 1 ii 41; SAG.KI. DIB.BA qud-hu u ra'ībi LBAT 1597 r. 2.

The reading of the occs. wr. KID-hu/ha may also be sahhu, and thus these refs. which refer to the symptom of a disease may have no connection with qud-hu (or the other possible readings of the LBAT ref.), which designates a disease.

qilāsātu (qilūsātu) s.; (a festival); Mari; WSem. word.

6 GUR MUNU₄ ana qerīt Ištar u qí-lasa-tim ša DN six gur of malt for the meal of Ištar and for the q.-festival of Itūr-Mēr ARM 7 263 i 7, cf. inūma qí-lu-sa-t[im] ARMT 11 68:8, inūma qí-la-sa-tim ARM 18 42:7.

For a WSem. etymology see Bottéro, ARMT 7 343.

qilītu s.; (a plant); plant list.*

Ú qi-li-tu, Ú qul-li-tu : Ú MIN (= epitatu) ina Šúba-ri Uruanna II 349 f.

qillu see $q\bar{\imath}lu$ s.

- qilpu s.; 1. skin, peel (of a fruit), 2. peeled-off piece (of plating), 3. peeled-off skin, 4. napless (?) cloth; OB, MB, SB, NB; wr. syll. and BAR; cf. qalāpu. qi-il(var. -li)-pu = min (= şu-ba-tu) Malku VI 37, also An VII 137.
- skin, peel (of a fruit) -a) skin: qí-líp suluppī tasâk you crush date skins (and make him drink it in beer) Küchler Beitr. pl. 13 iv 46; qí-líp suluppī tasâk ina lipî tuballal Köcher BAM 159 i 25, cf. ina lipî u qí-líp suluppī tuballal you mix (the other ingredients) with tallow and date skins ibid. 152 iii 5, also ibid. 96 iii 9, 104:72, 240:7, AMT 47,1:4, 80,7:4, 55,1:9, ina mê nāri u qí-líp ZÚ.LUM.MA tuballal Köcher BAM 381 iv 27; 10 GÍN BAR suluppī CT 23 33 iii 11, dupl., wr. qí-líp Köcher BAM 9:28, cf. AMT 64,3:7; $\frac{1}{2}$ SÌLA qi-lip $sulupp\bar{i}$ AMT 49,6 r. 1, cf. AMT 17,8:4, wr. qí-líp suluppī Köcher BAM 394:20 (MB), and passim in med.; note: KU BAR ZÚ.LUM.MA powdered(?) date skin Köcher BAM 10:24.
- b) other occs.: qí-lip še-el-li-bi-nu ina mê kasî talâš CT 23 32 iii 5 (= Köcher BAM 480); ZÍD.DA qí(?)-il(?)-pu BE 14 47:5.
- 2. peeled-off piece (of plating): qi-il-pi (in broken context) UET 4 143:16 (NB list of gold and silver objects), see Oppenheim, JCS 4 191.
- 3. peeled-off skin: kurkâ bu'ura taṭabbaḥ . . . lipāšu u qí-il-pa ša pisurrišu teleqqe ina išāti turrar you slaughter a caged goose, you take its fat and the skin of its gizzard(?) and char them (corr. to ḥaṣab

qiltu qimmatu

pisurri u lipūšu LKA 85:19) AMT 102 i 4 (= CT 23 49 i 4), dupl. Köcher BAM 9:43, Jastrow, Transactions of the College of Physicians in Philadelphia 35 (1913) 400:32; for qalāpu said of the pisurru see qalāpu mng. 1b.

4. napless(?) cloth: see Malku, in lex. section.

Holma Körperteile 146; Köcher, AfO 20 158f.

qiltu see qistu A.

qīltu s.; (a lye plant), lye; NA.

a) a plant from which lye is extracted: Ú NAGA(ŠE+SUM+IR): Ú qi(var. qi)-iltu[m], Ú NAGA.SI, Ú SA.AD.GAL: Ú MIN qar-ni Uruanna II 271-273.

b) lye: kāsu ša mallū qi-il-te (the king is) a cup which is filled with lye 4R 61 iv 52 (NA oracles for Esarh.).

Compare possibly with bagiltu, q.v.

qīltu see qīštu.

qālu adj.; prone(?); OA*; cf. qâlu B v. qābi watartim . . . kīma GI qí-li-\langle im\rangle i-qí-a-al (see qâlu B) Belleten 14 226 r. 7 (Irišum).

qīlu (or qillu) s.; (mng. uncert.); NA.

The takkussu pipe of the divine emblem ramanša tadde'ip... la hippu la qi-lum u la hipsu ina libbiša kî qi-lum ēpašuni iddalhu ētapšu broke by itself, there was no break, no defect(?), and no blister(?) in it, when they made the q., they made it hastily ABL 997 r. 6f., cf. la hippu la qi-lum u la hipsu ina libbiša ABL 1194 r. 13.

qilūsātu see qilāsātu.

qilûtu s.; firewood, burnt material; MB, SB, NA; cf. qalû v.

gi-bil KI.NE = qí-lu-tú Diri IV 280; gi-bi-il gibíl = qí-lu-tum S^b II 40, cf. A I/8:183; gi-bíl gibíl =

qi-lu-tum(var. -ti) Ea I 351; gibil = qi-lu-t[um] (in group with qali) Antagal F 54.

giš.gibíl = qi-lu-tu Hh. III 523; [giš].gibíl, [giš.gibí]l.ak.a = qi-lu-[tum] Nabnitu XXIII 102f.; [g]i-bíl giš.gibíl = qi-lu-tu Diri III 4; giš. gi - $^$

qi-lu-tú ina mê tun $\hat{a}[h]$ you quench the firewood(?) with water LKA 20:32, cf. [INIM.INIM].MA §a qi-lu-t[u' . . .] ibid. 26; qí-lu-tam ana hurbāti tanaddīma iballut you throw the burnt ritual material(?) into the desert area and he will get well KAR 267:11, dupl. LKA 85 r. 32, see TuL p. 138:11; uncert.: x flour $\lceil \delta a \rceil$ 2 q i-lu-ti (parallel: [s]a na[pt]an line 3) PBS 2/2 67:2 (MB); house and garden KI qi-lu-tu ina pan $b\bar{a}bi$ TCL 9 58:34 (NA); [ina q]i(?)lu-te aBIL.GI gurrunu kurunna Bauer Asb. 2 72 K.5272+8466:8; rutibtu KI-lu-tum (as name of a disease) AMT 74,1 ii 32, cf. GIG rutibte K[1-...] ibid. 34.

For CT 12 22a iii 17 (= A IV/4:210) see $k\bar{\imath}l\bar{u}tu$ in $b\bar{\imath}t$ $k\bar{\imath}l\bar{u}ti$; in JCS 16 75 (= 63 K.8177) r. 2 the occ. of $\kappa[I(?)]$ -lu-ti is not certain.

qimitu s.; conflagration; SB; cf. qamû A v.

bītu ... ina qi-mì-it (var. q[i-m]i-it) girri lu uštalpit the temple was destroyed in a conflagration AOB 1 126:12, cf. ibid. 130:11 (both Shalm. I), also Borger Esarh. 3 iii 28; KI.IZI.ŠUB qi-mi-tú TCL 6 12 r. iv 1, see kimītu disc. section.

qimmatu s.; 1. hair of the head, 2. crown, top of a tree, a plant, 3. (in figurative use) top of a building, of an architectural element, part of the disk of the moon; Bogh., MA, SB; pl. qimmātu; wr. syll. and SUHUR; cf. qamāmu.

suhur = qim-ma-a-t[u] Hh. II 282, su-hur suhur = qim-ma-tu (var. qi-ma-a-tu) S^b II 357, sú-h[u-u]r suhur = qi-im-ma-tum Proto-Aa 809:1,

qimmatu qimmatu qimmatu

in MSL 14 102; su-hu-ur SUHUR = [qi-im-ma-tu] Ea VIII 222; su-hur SU[HUR] = [qim-ma-tu] Ea VIII Excerpt A r. 2'.

 $[na_4.gú.bar.za.gìn] = [gu-p]a-ru = qim-ma-tum Hg. B IV line n, in MSL 10 36.$

giš.suhur.lá.gišimmar = qim-mat iş-şi Hh. III 355, giš.suhur = qi-ma-tu ibid. 517; gi. suhur.pa.úr = qim-mat qa-ni-e Hh. VIII 161.

suḥur edin.na pa nu.sig₇.ga.mu: ša... qim-mat-su ina ṣēri arta la ibnû (tamarisk) whose crown has not grown foliage out in the steppe (said of Tammuz) 4R 27 No. 1:6f.

hur-da-ti // qim-ma-ti JNES 33 332:42 (NB med. comm.).

- 1. hair of the head -a) in gen.: *işbat* qim-ma-ti (vars. [qim-ma]-ti-iá, qí-im- $\int ma(\text{text }-ta)-ti\exists -ia)$ he seized me by the hair Gilg. VII iv 20, see Landsberger, RA 62 129 f., cf. qi-im-ma-[ti-ia...] RA 62 131 r. 1 (Gilg. Megiddo); unassis qim-mat-su elu sērišu he tossed his locks back over his shoulder Gilg. VI 2, cf. [l] inassisa qim-matsu Gilg. VII iv 4; ša tunassisani qim-matku-nu jāši Maqlu VI 97; šumma kišāssu SUHUR $x x x a \dots$ ša suhur qaqqadišu adi kišādišu ištētma if his neck [is . . .] with hair, that (means that) the hair of his head as far as his neck is one Kraus Texte 23 r. 9 (catch line) = 24:1, cf. ša SUHUR ina muhhi kišādišu la išû that (means that) he has no hair on his neck ibid. 24:6; I placed a substitute figurine of myself before you, Šamaš aššum lumnī šušhuţi qi-m[at]-su ušašhiţ in order to cause the evil afflicting me to be removed I had its hair removed Sweet, TSTS 17 r. 9.
- b) representations: 13 heads of burhis animals qi-im-ma-tu-šu-nu ša NA₄.ZA.GÌN their manes of lapis lazuli AfO 18 304 ii 6, also ibid. 302 i 18 (MA inv.); [dN] isaba qim-mat-su GIŠ.ŠUR.MÌN lān[šu] LKA 72 r. 10 (symbolic representations of gods), cf. [dN] isaba qim-mat-su KAR 307:1, cf. panūka dŠam-šu qim-mat-ka d[...] KAR 102:10; see also (locks represented in lapis lazuli) Hg. BIV, in lex. section.
- 2. crown, top of a tree, a plant -a) in gen.: see Hh. III, Hh. VIII, in lex. section; $\S umma$ GIŠ.GIŠIMMAR 5 SUḤUR.BI

- I[GI] if a date palm with five tops is seen CT 40 44 80-7-19,92+:11, dupl. ibid. 45 Sm. 1120:7, see Landsberger Date Palm 11 n. 19; šumma GIŠ.GIŠIMMAR SUHUR.LÁL GAR CT 40 45 K. 14159:3 (all SB Alu); ul šamhat qim-mat-ka your top is not luxuriant (addressing the ash tree) Lambert BWL 165:13; bīnu lil: lilanni ša qim-ma-tú šarû may the tamarisk cleanse me, whose crown is luxuriant Maqlu I 21; ša . . . išissu ikšudu šupul aral[le] qim-mat-su ina elâti emdetu šamê $\delta a [Anim]$ (the $m\bar{e}su$ tree) whose root is firmly planted in the depth of the nether world and whose crown above touches Anu's heaven Cagni Erra I 153; ina gimma-te GI (in broken context) KAR 25 iii 2.
- b) in magic: išissu u SUHUR-su ZI-ma you pull out the root and top (of the thornbush) Köcher BAM 248 iv 36, dupl. AMT 67,1 iv 29; [lu GIŠ.Ú].GÍR lu GIŠ.KU NÍG. NAM.MA qim-mat-su-nu [...] [you...] the top either of an ašāgu bush or of a box tree Or. NS 24 243 K.2415:7; šurša teleqqe qí-im-ma-ta tutârma eperī tukattam you take the root, you cover the crown again with earth KBo 9 44 r. ii 16.
- c) representations: qi-im-ma-te ša larê inbē u pir'ē the crowns (of the trees) with branches, fruit, and foliage AfO 18 302 i 9; [ina] qi-im-ma-te ša SAG.MEŠ alamūte in the crown of the top(s) of the alamūte palm ibid. 11 (MA inv.).
- 3. (in figurative use) top of a building, of an architectural element, part of the disk of the moon a) top of a building, of an architectural element: Babylon ša kīma GIŠ.GIŠIMMAR qim-ma-tú(var. -ti) ušašrihušuma ubbilušu šā[ru] whose top I made as luxuriant as (that of) a date palm and which the wind has dried out Cagni Erra IV 40; (Borsippa) qim-mat-su urpa kaššid šuršūšu šuršudu hesû aralli its top reaches the clouds, its base is firmly grounded, covering (?) the nether world ZA 53 238:5; 4 qumāšātu ša [8].TA.AM qi-im-ma-a-te [x ki].MIN ša 7.TA.AM q[i]-ma-

qimmu qinnatu

a-te [x KI].MIN §a 6.TA.AM qi-ma-[a-te] four (column) capitals with eight q.-s each, [x] ditto with seven q.-s each, [x] ditto with six q.-s each AfO 17 146:13 ff. (= VAS 19 14, MA).

b) part of the disk of the moon: šumma Sin ina IGI.LA-šú qim-mat-su [šamê dalhat] Bab. 6 120:5, restored from šumma Sin adirma qim-mat-su AN-e dal-hat BM 47447 r. 9 (courtesy F. Rochberg-Halton), parallels K.5908:8 and 9, K.7029:8, also STT 339 r. 18, (with šannat) ibid. r. 17.

In Dream-book 324 b 12, SUḤUR ANŠE is to be read mekkû imēri, see mekkû C.

qimmu s.; (mng. uncert.); NA.*

4-tú KÙ.GI issu É x-x ana tamlīt ša pūte ša qi-im-me ša nēmedi one-fourth (mina) of gold from the house for the inlay on the front of the q. of the couch(?) Postgate Palace Archive 149:3; ina MN UD.16.KAM ša šarru [ana] qim-[m]i illiku LKA 73:1.

qinburu s.; (mng. uncert.); lex.*

uzu.bar.kun = qin-[b]u-rum (between uzu.bar.[šáḥ] = $p\bar{a}ru$ and uzu.bar.sig = kunšillu) Hh. XV 288, also, with explanation karšu Hg. B IV 64 and Hg. D 69, in MSL 9 35 and 38; kuš. [p]a.an.kun.x.da = qin-bu-ri (var. pa[r-r]i]qi[n-x-x]) (preceded by uzu.bar.šáḥ = $p\bar{a}ru$) Hh. XI 274.

Probably a bristle, used also as a tool, see kunšillu, and correct there mng. 3.

qindu see qiddu.

qinītu A s.; acquisition, property; NA; cf. qanû v.

(you swear that) qi-ni-tu ša šunu iqnûni tanaššâni you will not take away the property they have acquired Wiseman Treaties 274; this lamb la ana qarīti šēlua la ana qi-ni-ti šē[lua] is not brought for a banquet, not brought for acquisition (but is brought for the ceremony of establishing the treaty between Aššur-

nīrārī, king of Assyria, and Mati'ilu) AfO 8 24 i 11; qi-ni-tú ša [PN] ana mārtišu i[ddinuni] property that PN gave to his daughter ADD 619:1; kirû...PN...adi qi-ni-ti-šú... ana šaparti šakin the orchard, PN (his wife, sons, and daughters) along with his (other) property is given as pledge ADD 66 r. 3, cf. (in broken context) adi [qi]-ni-ti-šú gabbu ADD 652 r. 5, see Postgate Royal Grants No. 6, also annītu qi-ni-tú ABL 1287 r. 12.

See also kīnajātu.

qinītu B s.; concubine, second-ranking wife; lex.*

dam.tab.ba = [\$er]-re-tum = qi-ni-tum Hg. A I 10, in MSL 5 44; sal.[...] = [q]i-ni-tum Lu Excerpt II 24.

Possibly to be connected with qenû, q.v.

qinnanzu see qinnazu.

qinnatu s.; 1. anus, buttock, 2. rear; from OA, OB on; wr. syll. and GU.DU, GU.DI, GÚ.DU.

uzu.murub_x(SAL.LAGAB) = qin-na-tum Hh. XV 24b; [mu-r]u-u[b] SAL.LAGAB = δu -uh-hu, qin-na-tum Diri IV 183 f.; SAL.LAGAR $q^{i-in-na-tum}$ OB Proto-Lu 238; gu-du $\Delta \times \hat{u} = qin$ -na-tum S^b II 54; [gu.du.mu] = [$q^{i-in-na-ti}$], [x.gu.du.mu] = [x x] $q^{i-na-ti-ia}$ Ugumu Bil. E 10 f.; bu-ru u = $q^{i-in-na-tum}$ A II/4:100.

[x].íb.igi.sá mušen = bal-lu-şi-tú = tu-bal-la-aş qin-na-sa (see balāşu mng. 3b) Hg. B IV 297, also Hg. C I 15, in MSL 8/2 170 and 172.

gu.du dúr.dúr.ru KA.gi KA.diri.ga ba.ab. tùm: [qin-na]-tum şurrutam pû babbanūtam ublam the anus emitted much flatus, the mouth chattering Lambert BWL 251 K.5688:3.

GU.[DU] qin-na-tum Hunger Uruk 36:7f. (comm. on Labat TDP p. 130f., see mng. 1b); [MA.St]L: qin-na-tum Leichty Izbu 233:11 (Izbu Comm.).

1. anus, buttock — a) in gen. — 1' of humans: $q\bar{a}bi$ watartim... $p\bar{u}$ šu u qi-nasù işabbat he who tells an untrue word (the demon?) will seize his mouth and his anus Belleten 14 226:41 (Irišum); tasnip appaka aq-qi-na-ti-ka you tied your nose to your buttocks RA 36 11:13 (Akk.-Hurr. bil.); imittašu «ina» KA-šú šumēlšu qin-na-

qinnatu qinnatu

as-su tu-šá-aṣ-bat-su you have (the figurine) hold its nose (or: mouth) with its right hand, its buttocks with its left VAT 35:8 (unpub. inc., courtesy F. Köcher), also imittašu KA-šú šumēlšu GU.DU-[su] DIB-su Köcher BAM 323:42; šumma zuqaqīpu GU.DI imittišu KI.MIN (= izqut) if a scorpion stings him on the right buttock CT 38 38:39, cf. (on the left) ibid. 40 (SB Alu); [...] AN.BAR bilāni labtuqu ina qí-in-né-te [ša LÚ.E]N.NAM laškun (in broken context) CT 53 46:24 (NA).

- 2' of animals: šumma alpu zibbassu iššīma GU.DU-su ana panīšu ibtalliş (var. ibtanalliş) (see balāşu mng. 2) CT 40 32:21, var. from ibid. 31 K.9014+:16, cf. (obscure) šumma alpu še-bi-in qí-in-na-tú [...] ibid. 30 K.4073+:10; šumma kalbu ana muḥḥi amēli GU.DU-su ú-šá-kil CT 38 50:60, cf. šumma šaḥītu ina askuppati bīt amēli GU.DU [...] ibid. 46:100 (all SB Alu); [šumma] qí-in-na-tum iš-ta-na-da-ad YOS 10 47:48, cf. ibid. 49 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb).
- in Izbu, diagn., and physiogn.: šumma qí-na-tum imittam parsat if the buttocks (of a baby) are divided on the right YOS 10 12:4 (OB); šumma izbu GU.DU la išu if a malformed animal has no buttocks Leichty Izbu XVII 46, also ibid. XII 62, III 76, II 16, cf. šumma gí-in-na-as-sú la bašāt Labat Suse 10 r. 33; if a woman gives birth and 4 GU.DU.MEŠ-šú (the child) has four buttocks Leichty Izbu II 28, cf. ibid. 29, also 2 GU.DU-šú ibid. VIII 71; šumma izbu gu.du-su pehiat if a malformed animal's buttocks are closed Leichty Izbu XVII 45, also III 75, cf. šumma izbum qí $na-as-s\acute{u} \ pe-f(!)-a(!)-at \ \ YOS \ 10 \ 56 \ i \ 21$ (OB); [šumma] izbu īnāšu ina gu.du-šú šakna if a malformed animal's eyes are on its buttocks Leichty Izbu X 57, cf. ibid. XII 7, XVII 72, also, wr. gú.du XI 85; šumma izbu irrūšu ina gu.du-šú è.meš if a malformed animal's intestines protrude from its buttocks ibid. XVI 105; šumma sinništu ulidma [GÙB][...] NIGIN-

ma GÚ.DU-su IGI if a woman gives birth and (the child's) left [...] is turned around and faces its buttocks ibid. II 17; šumma GU.DU imittišu sāmat if his right buttock is red Labat TDP 130 i 32, cf. (with various colors) ibid. 33 ff., also (with naphat) ibid. 48, but GU.DU.MEŠ-šú nuppuhu ibid. 49, (with šuhhuta) ibid. 132:55, with comm. GU.DU imittišu šuhhu[tat] ša mašku ina muhhi iššahtu his right buttock is (explained as) the skin over (it) is peeled off Hunger Uruk 36:8f., cf. GU.DU.MEŠ-šú šalma ša pitir[šu(?)] la $ibš\hat{u}$ ibid. 9, also gu. DU-su NU È-a ša manzaltu la uš $\bar{e}[s\hat{u}]$ (see manzaltu B) ibid. 10, cf. also Labat TDP 132 i 59f. and 236:51; šumma šerru ummašu mitharma tukulti qin-na-ti-šú u uznēšu kaşâ if the baby has a constant fever but the of its buttocks and of its ears are cold Labat TDP 224:57, cf. ZAG GU.DU-šú u uznēšu kaşâ ibid. 244 D 10, cf. also ibid. 246:20f.; šumma šer'ān GU.DU x [...] (in broken context) Kraus Texte 22 i 2 and 3.

- c) in med.: Ú azupīru SIG7: Ú qi[n]-na-ti: sāku ina šamni pašāšu the green (of the) azupīru plant is a medication for the buttocks: to crush and to rub on with oil Köcher BAM 1 i 47; ina ubānika rabīti ša šumēli 14-šú GU.DU-su talappat 14-šú qaqqassu talappat with your left thumb you touch his buttocks 14 times, his head 14 times Küchler Beitr. pl. 1 i 16; TA GU. DI-šú (in broken context) AMT 52,8:8.
- d) referring to intercourse per anum: summa amēlu ana GU.DU mehrišu ițhe if a man makes sexual contact with the rectum of another man CT 39 44:13, cf. summa amēlu ana SAL purqidam ana GU.DU illik AMT 65,3:7, also (with qiddatam, q. v.) ibid. 1; summa amēlu ana assatišu GU.DU-ki bili iqtanabbi if a man often says to his wife: Present your buttocks CT 39 44:14 (all SB Alu); entu assu la erêsa Iqinl-na-as-sa ušnāk the entu priestess in order to avoid pregnancy will have intercourse per anum CT 31 44 iv 11, also

qinnazu qinnazu

BRM 4 12:32, dupl. Boissier DA 220:10 (SB ext.).

- e) in the name of a plant and a bird: qin-na-at an-di sar "buttock of the slave girl" plant CT 14 50:50 (NB list of plants in Merodachbaladan's garden); see also Hg., in lex. section.
- 2. rear -a) of an object: 1 is patum ašar qí-in-as-sú kaspa uhhuzu one quiver, the rear part of which is inlaid with silver JEN 527:29.
- b) in topographical indications: a field ina qí-in-na-at dimti ša PN behind the tower of PN JEN 112:5, 144:8, 199:6, HSS 19 63:7, and passim in Nuzi, note ša qí-in-naa[t] dimti ša PN JEN 338:5, also JEN 354:9, wr. qi-en-na-at JEN 210:6, 263:4, etc., cf. ina qí-in-na-at kirî ša PN JEN 346:7, ina qí-in-na-at magratti ša PN JEN 259:6, ina qí-na-at tīli JEN 176:9, also ina qí-in-naat $t\bar{\imath}li$ JEN 281:14, 524:12, HSS 194:17, [...] qi-in-na-at qa-at-ti [...] TCL 9 36:2; obscure: a-na qí-in-na-at KUR.HI.A dUTU it-ta-zi-iz the Sun stood behind(?) the mountains (corr. to SA.KUR.KUR.MES in the Hitt. version) KBo 10 1:25 (Hattušili bil.).

For MSL 9 14 (Hh. XV) 288, etc., see qinburu.

qinnazu (qinnanzu) s. masc. and fem.; 1. whip, 2. labor unit; from OB on; pl. qinnazātu; wr. syll. (qinnanzu Unger Reliefstele 5, Iraq 24 93:3) and KUŠ.USAN; cf. qinnazu in ša qinnazi.

kuš. ^{ú-zu-un}usan = [qin-na-zu] Hh. XI 223, restored from kuš.[usan] = qin-na-zu = il-tuh-hu Hg. A II 179, in MSL 7 151; $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ -sa-an \mathbf{u} san = qin-na $zu \, S^b \, II \, 297$; ú-sa-an u[san](n[unuz+kisim₅×sa]), [MIN (?)] [NUNUZ+KISIM $_5 \times x$] = [qin-na-zu] A VIII/ 4:137 f.; $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ -sag nunuz+ $\dot{\mathbf{A}}\mathbf{B}\times\mathbf{x}$, nunuz+ $\dot{\mathbf{A}}\mathbf{B}\times\mathbf{L}\mathbf{A}$ (?) = [qin-na-zu] Ea VIII Excerpt A r. 9'f.

la-ártar = ta-ra-ku, du-ub DÚB = MIN šá qin-na-zi,

sig.ga = ma-ha-şu Antagal III 212 ff.

 $[...] = [mi-hi-is\ qi]n-na-zu\ MSL\ 9\ 97:226\ (list$ of diseases).

kuš.usan.ta anše.kar.ra.gin_x(GIM) su.zu bí.in.dúb.dúb.[x.(x)] : ina qin-na-zi kima imēri munnarbi zumurka ú-şar-ri-[ip] I made your body burn with the whip like (that of) a runaway

donkey CT 16 29:76f., cf. usan dúb [...] (bil. proverb, Akk. broken) Lambert BWL 252 iii 9; ner.da.íl bar giš tag.ga bar kuš.usan.ta tag.ga: enda šērta ša ina GIŠ.TUKUL mahşu(?) ina [qi](var. qi(?))-na-zi laptu BiOr 30 165 i 31 f.; ^dUtu níg.erím kuš.usàn.gin, im.ma.ra.an. gurud (NUN.KI).ta: Šamaš raggu kīma qin-na-zi ittarrakk[a] O Šamaš, the evil man will be flogged as if with a whip on your behalf 4R 28 No. 1:15f., see OECT 6 53; [u]san.sar.sar.ra: qin-na-az zaq-tum a barbed whip (has beaten me) BA 5 639 No. 8:17f.; kušusan gibil.zu giškak.a(var. .ta) ha.ra.ab.sur₅ kušusan sumun.zu giš. mud lá.lá.a.bi dumu.gašam.e.ne (var. dumu.engar.kex(KID).ne) dùg ha.ra.ab. ak.e: qi-in-na-az-ka $e\check{s}\check{s}et[um...]$ qi-in-na-az-ka $lab\bar{i}[rtu \dots m\bar{a}r \ ik-ka]-ri-im \ lu-u \ [\dots]$ let your new whip hang (ready) on a peg, let the artisans repair your old whip and the bindings of its handle Bil. Farmer's Instructions 16f.; [ur.sa]g kuš. ùsan. bi zi. zi: qarrādu ša qi-na-as-su x-[...] 4R 24 No. 1:45 f., see Böllenrücher Nergal 25.

1. whip -a) in gen.: I sent a messenger to the king, my lord u attadin 5 bilat siparri giš ma-bu-ma 1 giš.usàn (?) # qi-na-zu presenting five talents of bronze, a ..., (and) one whip(?) 151:48; MUL.A.EDIN . . . $\lceil qin-na \rceil - \lceil zu \mid ina \rceil$ §]U imittišu naši dirrat gin-na-zi-šú ina muhhi zibbat MUL.UR.GU.LA [x-a]t the star Erua holds a whip in its right hand, the lash of its whip [...]-s over the tail of the constellation Lion AfO 4 75 r. 2; for "lash" see also tamšāru; (Adad) nāši qí-na-an-zi kừ who carries the holy whip Iraq 24 93:3 (Shalm. III), cf. $[na-a-\delta]i$ qina-an-zi kù-te Unger Reliefstele 5, see Borger, Iraq 26 125; āšipu qin-na-za [imahhaş] [É]N HUL.GÁL HÉ.ME.EN imannu the exorcist cracks the whip and recites the (named) incantation LKA 108:6 (SB inc.), cf. the exorcist [... ina qi]-na-zi imah: [has] [ÉN HUL.G]ÁL HÉ.ME.EN imannu ABL 24 r. 3 (NA), cf. also Túg.sa, Kuš. USAN DUG.SILA.GAZ (in purification rit.) AAA 22 58:57; in transferred mng.: qiin-na-az-ka tarik eli mātim šâti your whip is cracking over that (enemy) country Laessøe Babylon 42 SH 859+ :7 (Shemshara let.).

b) referring to flogging or whipping: šumma awīlum lēt awīlim ša elišu rabû qinnazu qinnu A

imtaḥaş ina puḥrim ina KUŠ.USAN GUD 1 šu-ši immaḥhaş if a man strikes the cheek of a man of higher status, he will be flogged in public with sixty strokes of an ox whip CH § 202:80; qin-na-zu(var. -zi) iṭṭanni malât ṣillâtu the whip that struck me was full of thorns Lambert BWL 44:100 (Ludlul II), cf. [z] iqtu u qin-na-zu (for the donkey, in broken context) ibid. 210 r. 3; (a bull) ina ḥaṭṭi maḥiṣ ina qin-na-zi lapit hit with a stick, struck with a whip RAcc. 10:6.

2. labor unit: awīlē wušširma ana qi-in-na-zi-šu-nu panītim lilliku release the men so that they can go to their former work unit Kraus, AbB 5 32:4; 2 KUŠ.USĀN šuḥmiṭam GUD.ḤI.A ina māk KUŠ.USĀN rīqu send me promptly two work teams, the oxen are idle for lack of work teams YOS 2 116:7 and 9, cf. (in broken context) KUŠ qi-na-za-tim VAS 1650:29, KUŠ.USĀN. MEŠ ibid. 84:14 (all OB letters); PA.TE.SI ERĪN KUŠ.USĀN the farmers, the men belonging to the work units OECT 3 4:4, see Kraus, AbB 4 82; see also qinnazu in ša qinnazi.

qinnazu in ša qinnazi s.; member of a work team; OB lex.*; cf. qinnazu.

 $[lú].[usàn] = \delta a qi-in-na-zi OB Lu A 312.$

See qinnazu mng. 2.

qinniš adv.; backward; NA.*

ahhēkunu mārēkunu mārātekunu kî allutti ana qí(var. qi)-in-niš (var. qí-niš-ši) lu-šá-di-lu-ku-nu (for lušdīlukunu) may (the gods) make you, your brothers, your sons, and your daughters wander about backward like a crab Wiseman Treaties 619, cf. narkabātekunu ana q[i]-niš (var. qiin-niš) lu-šá-di-lu ibid. 575; nārātekunu īnēkunu PÚ.MEŠ-ši-na ana gi-in-niš lu: sahhiru may (the gods) make your rivers, your springs, (and) their wells flow backward ibid. 566; dilpē ibašši ana qí-ni-iš illakuni do (our) efforts indeed go backward? ABL 740 r. 8, see Parpola LAS No. 258; referring to the retrograde motion of a

planet: *šumma issu libbi* GABA *ša* MUL. UR.GU.LA *ana qí-in-niš issuhur* if it (Mars) turns backward from the chest of Leo ABL 519 r. 14.

The fact that in one case the word is written with the qi-sign, though elsewhere it is written with the KI sign, establishes the reading qinnis; this reading would fit an etymological connection with qinnatu.

qinnu A s. masc. and fem.; 1. nest (of a bird, a snake), lair, 2. family, clan, kinsman; from OB on; fem. in mng. 2, pl. qinnū and (in mng. 2) qinnātu; wr. syll. and Ú.KI.Sì.GA(.MUŠEN); cf. qanānu.

[...] = [qin-n]u ša mušen Nabnitu XXII 77-80. $\dot{\mathbf{U}}.\mathbf{KI.Sl.} \ll \mathbf{IR} \gg . \lceil \mathbf{GA.US}(?) \rceil = qin-nu \ qa-an-nu \ ibid. 85;$ Ú.KI.SÌ.GA.MUŠEN.gar.ra = qi-in-nu $q\dot{a}$ -an-n[u] OBGT XVII 10; Ú.KI.SÌ.GA = qi-in(var. -i)-nu, hi-i-šu, ku-ma-a-şu Izi E 331ff.; gu-u[d] [Ú.KI. $st.\dot{g}A$] = qin-n[u], $hi-[\check{s}u]$, $ku-ma-[\check{s}u]$ Diri IV 25 ff.; [gi] .Ú.KI.Sì.GA = qin-nu, $h\bar{i}\delta u$ Hh. VIII 115f.; gi..Ú.KI.Sì.GA = $h\bar{i}\delta u$ = qin-nu δa Mušen.Meš, gi. u^{r} ur = adattu = MIN, gi.kid.m δ . δ u.a = $a\delta a[\delta u]$ = [MIN], gi.uš.gilim = u-šá-áš-tum = MIN Hg. BII 19 ff., in MSL 7 68; & gu-ud k1.sl.ga = qin-nu, ab-lalLAGAB×U+A = MIN 8á MU[ŠEN] Antagal D 72 f.; $[\psi]$.KI.Sì.GA = qin-nu Antagal F 230; èm.[ur.r]e = nig.ur = qin-nu Emesal Voc. III 123; muš. gù d = MIN (= se-er) qin-nu (var. Muš q[in]-ni) Hh. XIV 42; ab-lal LAGABXA+LAL = qin-nu 8á MUŠEN A I/2:287; ab-lal LAGAB×A+LAL = [qin-nu šá MUŠEN] Ea I 99, cf. [...] [LAGAB×KIN] = [qin]-nu šá MUŠEN A I/2:336; $^{ab-lal}$ LAGAB×A+LAL = qin-nu šá MUŠEN Antagal E a 23.

gù d dIM.DUGUD.MUŠEN.da ba.ra.zi: ultu qin-ni Anzî itbīma he rose from the nest of the Anzû bird CT 15 42 r. 5 f., cf. ibid. 43 K.5187+16 f., see Wilcke Lugalbanda 96 ff.: 60 and 70; sim. mušen gù d. bi.ta ba.an.ra.an.dal.dal.e.ne: sinuntu ina qin-ni-šá ušaprašu they make the swallow fly from its nest CT 16 9 i 36 f.; mušen. bi gù d ús.sa bí.in.šub.ba.a: iṣṣūrātušu qin-ni-ši-na iddâma he dashed the nests of its (the temple's) birds to the ground SBH p. 102 No. 54:26 f., dupl. Rm. 400:6 f., cf. é.a gù d.bi.ta ba.da.an.ir: [...] ina qin-ni-šú «śú» ištalal he despoiled the house of its nest ibid.p. 73 No. 41:17 f. qanīnu, kumāşu = qin-nu Malku I 246 f.

1. nest – a) of a bird – 1' in gen.: kīma qin-ni udīni Mušen ina qereb šadê dannassunu šitkun (wr. GAR-un, var. [šit]-

qinnu A qinnu A

ku-nutheir fortress lay deep in the mountains like the nest of an udinu bird AKA 270 i 49 (Asn.), cf. ihpi qi(var. adds -in)-na-šú-nu he wrecked their nest AKA 271 i 51; (villages) ša kīma qin-ni erî şēr ubānāt GN šadî šitkunat šubassun OIP 2 64:16, cf. ibid. 71:38 and 36 iii 77 (Senn.); ašar umām şēri la ibbaššû u işşūr šamê la išak: kanu qin-nu (the desert) where no wild animals live and the winged birds do not build nests Streck Asb. 72 viii 110, parallel ibid. cf. [iş-ş]u-ur ina qì-en-ni-šu 204 vi 32, [...] (Hitt. parallel fragm.) KBo 12 72:3, see Laroche, RA 58 72; išātu kīma(?) [...] aj <i>-tur ina qí-in-ni-šú may the fire like [a -bird] not return to its nest Ugaritica 5 17 r. 27 (inc.); see also lex. section; for qinna qanānu "to build a nest" see qanānu v.; šumma surdû ina apti bīt amēli qin-nam erû ušēşâmma if, in the window of a man's house, an eagle drives a falcon away from its nest CT 39 23:10 (SB Alu), cf. Ú.KI.Sì.GA (in broken context) RA 17 141 r. 5 (Alu Comm.); āribu qin-na-šu ispuh CT 41 1 80-7-19,167+ :14; pilû Ú.KI. sì.ga.mušen *ša ina qaqqari tabku* an egg from a nest that has spilled on the ground AMT 17,5:2.

- 2' edible bird's nest (lit. swallow's nest): qin-na ša sinunti . . . taqallu (as a medication) AMT 90,1 iii 8 (= Köcher BAM 449 iii 8); qin-ni SIM.MAH.MUŠEN tasāk (for an ointment) Köcher BAM 248 iv 18.
- b) of a snake: śû qí-in-na-šu šalimma sapih qí-in-ni qí-in-ni ṣērim damāmiš īwi as for him (the eagle), his nest is left intact, but my nest is scattered, the serpent's nest has become an object of pity Bab. 12 pl. 14:15f. (OB Etana), cf. ibid. pl. 4:5f.; ina bāb qin-ni i[ttadi ippalis ṣ]ēruma qin-na-šú laššu at the opening of the nest it (the serpent) threw (the meat) down, the serpent looked, but its nest was no longer there AfO 14 305:9f., cf. (in broken context) ibid. 12 (all SB Etana); Ú.SIKIL: AŠ Ì.UDU MUŠ qin-ni Uruanna III 4, cf. Ì.UDU MUŠ.Ú. KII. Sì.GA.MUŠEN:

 $ilde{ t U}. extbf{SIKIL}$ ibid. 569 (from Köcher Pflanzenkunde 22 iii 23); dam MUŠ qin-ni Köcher BAM 385 i 20.

- c) of foxes and hyenas: see qanānu mng. 1b.
- d) in transferred mng.: $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $iṣṣ\bar{\imath}u$ qin-ni (var. qi-in-ni) and $k\bar{a}pi$ ša šadê šub(var. adds .šub).Meš-ni like birds to their nests they fled (?) to the mountain cliffs AKA 276 i 65 (Asn.), see also AKA 271 i 51, cited mng. 1a; amm $\bar{\imath}nim$ ina qi-in-ni ša la inneppišu u eqlim kabittim ina GN $wašb\bar{a}t$ (see $ep\bar{e}šu$ mng. 2c (qinnu)) ARM 1 18:19; for other refs. see $qan\bar{a}nu$ mng. 1a.
- 2. family, clan, kinsman -a) family, family of gods: Aššur adu gin-ni-šú DN2 u DN3 adu gin-ni-šú-nu ilāni rabûti . . . adu qin-ni-šú-nu šumu zēru . . . ša šarri . . . lūpahhiru may Aššur and his family, Bel and Nabû and their families, the great gods and their families gather the sons and descendants of the king ABL 358 r. 17f., see Parpola LAS No. 122; may all the great gods ina qin-ni-šú-nu introduce (the king's deslušēribu cendants) to their (the gods') families ABL $Bar{e}let$ -i $lar{\iota}$. . . gin-na iškun aššum kin-na-a-a-ti kīma dug₄-u "DN established a family," this has reference to the rites (?) as they say (see $k\bar{i}naj\bar{a}tu$ usage b) CT 13 32 r. 13 (En. el. Comm., catch line).
- 2' human family: qí-in-ni şeher rabi amur aššumišunu rīmanni consider my whole family, show me mercy because of them YOS 2 141:14 (OB let. to a god), see van Dijk La Sagesse 14; in personal names: Itti-Enlil-qí-in-ni CT 52 3:6, for other refs. see Stamm Namengebung 231; qí-in-ni la issappah (he said) my family shall not be scattered TCL 1 29:32, cf. qin-na puhurta usappihu Surpu II 53; bīssu la i-sap-pu-hu qin-na-šú la ip-pa-ra-ar-ru may his family not be scattered, his clan not be dispersed IM 67692:340 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); ina qin-ni-šu mītu imât someone in his

qinnu A qinnu A

family will die KAR 177 r. iii 17, parallel Iraq 21 48:9; LUGAL ga-du qin-ni-šú [imât] BM 46239:21 (courtesy F. Rochberg-Halton); lu ina qin-ni PN ajûmma ša illâmma ina muhhi egli šuātu idabbubu or someone in PN's family who comes forth with a legal claim concerning this field MDP 6 pl. 10 iv 9 (MB kudurru), cf. (rations) qin-ni PN PBS 2/2 95:2, 54, BE 14 91a:6, 14, Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 50:11, 17, r. 9, and passim in MB ration lists, (in difficult context) Iraq 11 146f. No. 8:1, 8, r. 19, and passim in this text (MB), note: §E.BA DUMU.MEŠ qin-na-a-ti Petschow MB Rechtsurkunden 17:15; x gur barley PN imhurma ana qin-na-a-ti iddin PN accepted and gave to (members of) the clan BE 14 111:7, cf. PN adi qin-ni-šú assuḥamma ina gereb GN ušēšib I deported PN with his clan and settled them in GN Winckler Sar. pl. 32 No. 67:56, also Lie Sar. 90, cf. šâšu qadu qin-ni-šu ka[mûss]unu ušēṣâšunūti ibid. 73, cf. ga-du qin-ni-šú (in broken context) K.9952 r. 3, cited Lambert BWL 297; ahhēšu qin-nu-šú zēr bīt abīšu ušamqitu ina kakkē I struck down his brothers, his kinsmen, (all) the members of his family Streck Asb. 24 iii 10, cf. 28 iii 61, 34 iv 23, 130:56, 174 No. 2:5 (= Bauer Asb. 2 51), cf. Wiseman Treaties 77, 115, 215, 337, also issi mārēšu ahhēšu qin-ni-šu zēr bīt abišu ibid. 4 var. (from No. 43:5), cf. (in broken context) Borger Esarh. 102:24; ilānišu ummašu ahātišu aš: šassu qin-nu-šu nišē GN kalamu his gods, his mother, his sisters, his wife, his family, all the people of GN Streck Asb. 72 ix 4, parallel ibid. 198 iii 6; mārāt šarrāni ahāt šarrāni adi qi-in-ni maḥrīti u arkīti ša šarrāni Elamti the female members of the royal family, together with all the Elamite royal family (lit. the ascending and descending lines) Streck Asb. 56 vi 82, also Aynard Asb. 56 v 57; ina pî ša abija assem[e] $k\hat{i}$ qin-nu këntu attununi u anāku ūmâ ūda ātamar I heard my father say that you are a loyal family, and now I know it from my own experience ABL 6:16, cf. anīnu adu gin-ni-ni šumu ša ilāni rabûti ... nuşalla we, including our family, will

pray to the name of the great gods (for the life of the king) ibid. r. 3; naphar 27 napšāti adi eglētišunu adi bītātišunu adi kirâtišunu adi alpēšunu adi emmerēšunu adi qin-ni-šú-nu in all, 27 people with their fields, houses, orchards, with their oxen (and) sheep, with their clan (members) ADD 59:10; PN s[AL].ME-šú u qiin-nu-šu issu libbi ša LÚ Puguddi ittasah PN has taken his wives and his family out of the Puqudu tribe ABL 896:15 (all mindēma ana muhhi LÚ qin-ni-šú inehhis[u] perhaps he will return to his family ABL 559 r. 4, cf. ibid. r. 8 (NB), cf. şābē ina libbišunu ibaššû ša ana muhhi LÚ qin-na-ti-šú-nu imqutūni ABL 920:14; PN u lú qin-ni-šú . . . ana panīka ihtalquni PN and his kinsmen have fled to you BM 99020 r. 8 (= CT 54 580), cited Dietrich Aramäer 164; memēni issu libbi qi-in-na-te ša Ninua labīrūte laššu none of them is from an old Ninevite family ABL 1103:7, see Landsberger Brief n. 114; PN u PN₂ u 12 ERÍN.MEŠ LÚ qin-nu ša RN PN and PN2 and twelve people of the clan of RN (the king of Elam) ABL 478 r. 5; PN adi LÚ qin-ni-šu u LÚ aramišu ina libbi ušeššib he settles PN with his clan and his (other) Arameans there ABL 542 r. 7; šalamtu ša qin-ni-iá kalbāni la ikkalu (see kalbu mng. 1a) UET 4 190:13; PN u LÚ qin-nišú nišē bītija PN and her family, my retainers BE 8 2:5, cf. TCL 12 32:9 and 28 (all NB); PN qin-ni ša bīt PN2 PN, a kinsman of the PN₂ clan ADD 889:4 (= ABL 877), and passim in this text, also ADD 891:10, r. 3; ummašu aššassu mārēšu u LÚ qinna-áš-šú gabbi kî ikmesu when he had gathered his mother, his wife, his sons, and all (the rest of) his family ABL 281:8 (NB); LÚ qin-nu annû ša bīt abīšu ša PN šunu ahhēšunu mārēšunu [x].meš ahāti: *šunu* this family is PN's ancestral family, they, their brothers, their sons, the [...] of (?) their sisters ABL 1074:8 (NB); 2(!)-tašina lú qin-na-a-te ša uru GN issêt lú qin-nu panēša ana pan šarri bēlija issêtma LÚ qin-nu la panēša ABL 685:21 ff., cf. LÚ

qinnu B qiptu

qin-nu annītu ša la tamagguruni isseni la tallakanni nidu[ak] ibid. 24 (NA).

- 3' pack of animals: qin-na-a-ti-šú-nu uparrir [...]-nu baltūti uṣabbita ina qā[tija] I broke up their (the lions') prides and personally caught their [cubs] alive Bauer Asb. 2 88 K.2267+ r. 12, cf. ina qí-ni-ka barbar ibbani [...] in your pack, wolf, was born [...] Lambert BWL 198 r. 13.
- b) kinsman: 7 qi-in-nu ša PN seven kinsmen of PN (after a list of persons) PBS 13 64:8, cf. naphar 4 qin-ni PN (adding up PN₂, his mother, his brother, and a kallatu) BE 14 126:7, cf. AfK 2 63 r. 1 and 6; (after a list of names) naphar 30 qi-in-nu pihat GN in all thirty members of the GN district PBS 2/2 100:18 (MB); 300 qiin-na-a-te(var. adds .meš) bēlē hīti ša libbišu ša ana DN la kanšu issuha amhuršu he deported three hundred clansmen of the rebels from there who had not submitted to Aššur, (and) I received them from him AKA 81 vi 31 (Tigl. I), cf. [. . . LÚ $qi]n-na-a-[ti \ \delta a \ Tammar \bar{\imath} tu]$ AfO 8 198 r. 17 (Asb.), cf. also Tammarīti . . . LÚ qin-na-šú ABL 284:11 (NB), also ibid. 8; PN . . . itti 17 qin-ni-šú zēr bīt abišu PN with 17 of his kinsmen, members of his family Streck Asb. 206 No. 9:7; PN . . . u qin-ni-šu $5-\dot{s}u-\dot{u}$ RA 16 125 i 18 (NB kudurru); LÚ qinnu ša PN ABL 906 r. 12, 5 LÚ qin-na-šú ABL 913 r. 8; 2-ta LÚ qin-na-a-ta ša LÚ Temaja ultu Eridu ihtelgu two clansmen of the Tema tribe fled from Eridu UET 4 167:5, cf. 2 LÚ qin-na-a-ti u napulti . . . ihtabtu u ihtelqu ABL 1000 r. 3, 30-šú-nu LÚ qin-na-a-ta kî ihliqu ABL 258:8 (all NB).

For VAT 9541 ii 18f. (= Ea VII Excerpt 28f.) see kīnu. In WZKM 55 59:5 (= Iraq 31 9:5) read ukinnu libnas[su]. In LKA 144:10, dupl. KAR 92 r. 21, etc., read e-mat zi-tim, see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 229:15'.

qinnu B (or kinnu) s.; (mng. unkn.); Ur III (Akk. lw. in Sum.).

29 shekels SID túg.guz.za 3.ús ub. bi 8 qin.nu.um.bi 2 TuM NF 1-2 222:3. Waetzold Textilindustrie 125f. qin'u see qi'u.

**q/kipānu (AHw. 922b) is a geographical name, see Fales, RSO 45 21 ff.

qīptu s.; 1. belief, trust, 2. office, position, 3. an amount of silver entrusted to an agent for buying goods to be sold on consignment, or the consigned goods themselves, on which interest is not charged until a particular (usually unspecified) period has elapsed; from OA, OB on; OA pl. qí-pá-a-tim (CCT 4 22b:48); cf. qâpu A.

HAR.ra = hu-bul-lu, eš.še.dé.a = hu-bu-ut-tatum, šu.lá = qí-ip-tum Hh. I lff.; še. HAR.ra = še-im hu-bul-lum, še.eš.dé.a = min hu-bu-ut-tatum, še.šu.lá = MIN qip-tum Hh. II 108ff.; šu.lá =qi-[ip-tu], máš.nu.tuk = si-ib-t[auli-si], šu.lá m & &. nu. tuk = qip-tu [&i-ib-ta ul i-&i] (preceded by [qa-a-pu]) Ai. II i 76ff.; HAR.ra [nu.me.a] $\S u.l[\&a.\S\grave{e}] = ul \text{ min } (= a-na \ hu-bu-ul-li) \ a-na \ qi$ ip-ti Ai. II i 64; šu.lá, šu.pi.el.lá, še.bal, gáb.gi.na = qi-ip-tum (vars. qip-tu/tum) Nabnitu J 82 ff.; gizkim.ti = MIN (= qa-pu) ša qí-ip-tim (var. a-wa-ti) Nabnitu J 76; gizkim.t[i.la.šė] a-na qip-ti Ai. II i 66; giz-ki-im IGI.DUB = ittum, qí-ip-tum, tu-kul-tum Diri II 100ff., cf. 1GI. DUB = it-tum, tu-kúl-tum, [qí-ip]-tum Proto-Diri 107-108a; $IGI^{i-iz-ki-im}DUB = it-tum$, qip-t[um], tu-itku[l-tum] Izi XV ii 21ff.; [sila.gál].la = ba-abtu, qí-ip-tu Ai. III i 48f., [sila.gál.la.ni] = $[b]a-ab-ta-\delta u$, $[qi]-ip-ta-\delta u$ ibid. 52 f.; [...]=qiptú (in group with húb-bu-ul-lu, hu-ub-ta-tú, šupil(text -šim) -tú) VAT 10426 i 35 (Erimhuš a).

[GAR] // MIN (= nasāḥu) šá ter-ti // ter-ti // qip-ti UET 4 208:1 (comm. to Nabnitu XVIII).

- 1. belief, trust: šumma ša bušul ša siparri šāšu ana qip-ti la tašakkan if you do not believe (the story of) the casting of this bronze OIP 2 141 r. 5 (Senn., coll. W. G. Lambert).
- 2. office, position: ša DN DN₂ u DN₃ u DN₄ qú-ip-ti dumqi u mešrê išrukūšu (the addressee) upon whom Anu, Enlil, Ea, and Bēlet-ilī have bestowed an office (which will bring him) good fortune and wealth BE 17 24:7 (MB let.); the man who sacrifices to his god is happy qip-tu eli qip-tu (var. qú-ip-tu ana muḥḥi qú-ip-tu) ippuš he will hold office upon office

qīptu qīptu

Lambert BWL 146:57 (Dialogue), ef. qip-tam ippuš Kraus Texte 24:21 and r. 10; qip-ta-šú atammah I will seize his office Lambert BWL 32:61 (Ludlul I); LÚ ina qí-ip-ti-šú nasāhi to expel the man from his office (parallel: Lú ina manzāzišu nasāhi line 49) BRM 4 20:50, see AfO 14 259, and see UET 4 208:1, in lex. section; qi-ip-ti ina GN lu taddinani you (pl.) should have given me a confidential position in Elam ABL 1380 r. 14; 1-en rubû šarru lušenni la qipti-šú lupettūšu let the king again remove a prince from his office ABL 1006 r. 2 (NB, = Thompson Rep. 268); note as Akkadogram in Hitt.: LÚ QÍ-IP-TÙ Friedrich Staatsverträge 2 192.

3. an amount of silver entrusted to an agent for buying goods to be sold on consignment, or the consigned goods themselves, on which interest is not charged until a particular (usually unspecified) period has elapsed -a) in OA - 1' silver: 20 mana kaspam lu ša qíip-tí-a lu (ša) narugqija lu ina lu-qú-tí-a PN naš'akkum PN is on the way to you with twenty minas of silver belonging partly to my q., partly to my business capital, and partly to (the proceeds from selling) my merchandise RT 31 55:4, see Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 80; kaspum ša qíip-tí-šu annānum u allānu[m] eqlam ana šumi[š]u ettiq the silver belongs to his q., from here (Kaniš) and from there (Assur) it will travel overland in his name TCL 19 54:9; i-ša qí-ip-tí-kà kaspam 30 MA.NA šēbilamma šīmam laš'amakkum send me thirty minas from (the silver) of your q. and I will make the purchase for you TCL 4 29:35; $[x \&]a qi-ip-ti-im 2^{\&i-ni-[\&u]}$ [...] (in broken context) RA 59 162 MAH 19601:14, see also kaspam ša qí-ip-tí-a CCT 3 8b:34, cited qīptu in bēl qīpti; kaspam u hurāsam mala ištu GN ušebbulunikkunū: tini ana ša qí-ip-tí-a šuknama deposit (pl.) all the silver and the gold that they will send to you from GN to (the silver) of my q. BIN 4 52:7; collect all this silver and enclose in a case your contract made out for twelve hamuštu periods ina tuppim qi-ip-tum lu waddu in the contract it should be indicated that it is a q.-transaction BIN 6 55:14; ištēniš 30 mana k[as]=pum qi-ip-ti PN [i]-kaspim qātī šaknat in all thirty minas of silver is PN's q., I have first claim on the silver ibid. 31:12, cf. kaspum annûm ša qi-ip-ti PN ina kaspim qātī šaknat TCL 19 69:11; x kaspam kunukkīja ša qi-ip-ti-šu ša PN x silver under my seals, belonging to PN's q. RA 59 22 MAH 16207:2, cf. ibid. 25 MAH 16204:3.

2' merchandise: ša qí-ip-tí-ni PN ana Hattim ubil . . . ša luqūtim annītim x kaspam. . . išaggal PNtook to GN (x tin and x kutānu textiles) of a q. entrusted to us, for these goods he will pay x silver ICK 1 162:3; ina lugūtim annītim šalšā: tum tadmigtum ša abini šittum gí-ipof this merchandise one third is our principal's tadmiqtu loan, the rest is my q. RA 60 111 MAH 19615:13, cf. 7 MA.NA AN.NA 4 TÚG šu-ru-tum 1 emārum şalāmum 🖁 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR u wardum ina ša qi-ip-ti-a BIN 6 80:46, cf. ibid. 27; umma šūtma la ana qí-ip-tim addiššina aššumi ana qí-ip-tim taddinušinani ú x GÍN taddiššina he (said): I did not give them (the textiles) on consignment. Because you gave them on consignment, you gave them for(?) x shekels (of silver) BIN 6 26:17f.; ša KÙ.BABBAR 10 MA.NA qí-ip-tám qí-pá ana ūmē qí-ip-tim tamkāram ta-qí-pu ša KÙ.BABBAR 10 MA.NA u jâti dinamma ina rēš qí-ip-tim ša taddananni 10 gứ URUDU masiam ina GN ana ša kīma kuāti laddinma URUDU ana GN2 lērubma [kù. BABBAR l mala imagguru ana Ālim šēbilma šīmam a[na] qí-ip-tí-a i-na bi-tí-kà li-iš- $\langle \acute{u} \rangle$ -mu-[nim] ezib ana awitim annītim mugrannima KÙ.BABBAR 1 GÍN ša i na eglim) ammuru adi atta sahrātini nabrītam annītam ina GN3 ana qí-ip-tí-a labrīma give ten minas of silver's (worth) of merchandise on consignment and give me likewise ten minas of silver on the same

qīptu qīptu

terms on which you gave the consignment to the tamkāru. Immediately after you give me the consignment, I will give your representatives in GN ten talents of refined copper, and the copper should enter GN₂, and send however much silver they agree on to the City (i.e., Assur), (with it) they should make purchases for me in your firm to be my q. Never mind! Give me your cooperation in this matter and for every shekel of silver that I realize abroad, as long as you stay there, I will use only my q. for my food expenses in GN₃ 9301:33-47; ula šīmam addinakkum ula qīp: tam a-qí-ip-kà kaspam şarrupam addinak: kum I did not give you merchandise nor did I give you a q., I gave you refined silver (on loan) BIN 638:11; XM [A.NA KÙ.BABBAR ... δa qí-ip-tí- δu δa and $\delta 0$ h[a] $m\delta \bar{a}tim$ [q]i-pu-šu tuppum ina [şi]liānimma ibašši twenty minas of silver from the consignment that he gave him (payable in) sixty hamuštu periods, there is a document (concerning it) in the chest BIN 6 80:27, for other refs. with $q\hat{a}pu$ see $q\hat{a}pu$ A v. mng. 3.

b) in OB: q'i-ip-ta-am [b] abtam um: miānum ul ilammad i-qí-pa-am izzibamma ana šâšimma illak u iturramma KÙ [ì.LÁ].E the creditor will not recognize losses arising from a q. or an outstanding debt if he (the debtor) entrusts (the silver) for trade or lends it (to a third party), it is at his own risk, and at the end of his business trip (lit. he will go and return) he will repay the silver TIM 3 124:7, cf. ba-ab-ta-am ù qí-ip-tám um-mi-nu-um ula [ilammad] Tell Asmar 1930,498:7 (courtesy X KÙ.BABBAR KÙ.BABBAR R. Whiting); NAM.TAB.[BA(!)].NI.ŠÈ . . . PN . . . ŠU.BA. AN.TI . . . ana qí-ip-ti-im PN₂ [u] la awassu PN received x silver, silver for a partnership, PN₂ (the creditor) is not involved in (a loss caused by) the entrusting (of the silver) (by PN to a third party) PSBA 33 pl. 36 No. 11:10 (all partnership contracts); 1 MA. NA kaspam qí-ip-tam inannama taddinam now you have given me one mina of silver as a q. CT 29 39:8 (let.); ana şuḥārija kīam taqbi umma attama harpiš ul tublanimma ana qì-ip-tim ul addimma ana ūmim annîm ul ušabši you said thus to my employee: You (pl.) did not bring (the dates) to me early (enough) for me to give (them) on consignment (in time), so I could not produce (the profit) until today VAS 16 90:10 (let.); šumma sābītum ištēn pīham ana qí-ip-tim iddin ina ebūrim 50 sìla še'am ilegge if a woman tavern keeper gives one pitcher of beer as a q-loan she receives fifty silas of grain at the time of harvest CH § 111:47; aššum 60 še.gur ša PN şuhārum ša PN $_2$ <ša> ana $qabar{e}$ PN $_3$ PN₄ ana qí-ip-tim ilqû concerning the sixty gur of barley belonging to PN, the employee of PN_2 , which PN_4 received as q. on orders from PN₃ BE 6/1 103:6, cf. še'am taddina...ana qí-ip-tim addimma ibid. 17; x GUR ZÍZ.AN.NA qi-ip-tum x GUR ZÍZ.AN. NA qi-ip-tum NIM.KI.MA (adding up items of a list) CT 6 39a:25f., cf. ibid. 2f., 6f., 12, 19f., see Leemans The Old Babylonian Merchant p. 33.

In OB loan contracts formulated in Sumerian, the short-term loan called §u. lá normally bears no interest, e.g., x gín kù.babbar x še šu.lá ki PN.ta PN2 šu ba.an.ti ki.iti.šè sig7.lam.šè ... še ì.ág.e Kienast Kisurra 11:2, also 14:2, 16:2, also x kù.babbar x še šu. lá.šè ki PN PN2 šu ba.an.ti mu.túm u₄.buru_x.šè še.bi ù kù.bi ì.lá.e BIN 2 74:2, UET 5 381:2, Kienast Kisurra 58:1, cf. (without repayment clause) PBS 8/2 263:3, Frank Strassburger Keilschrifttexte 30:2, also x kù. babbar šu.lá TCL 10 53:2, x še.gur UET 5 376:2, etc., wr. šu.lá.a Kienast Kisurra 27:2, YOS 14 183:2, (to be repaid in še.giš.i) YOS 5 147:2; exceptionally in Elam: 5 gín kaspam sag šu.lá KI PN PN₂ ilqe MDP 23 190:4. It is often specified as šu.lá máš nu.tuk "it is a šu.lá, it bears no interest," e.g., OECT 8 12:3, YOS 5 128:2, 136:2, YOS 8 21:2, 135:2, qīptu qīpu

155:2, 171:2, TCL 11 227:2, VAS 9 51:1, Jean Sumer et Akkad 186:2, Grant Smith College 255:2, PSBA 39 pl. 5:2, UET 5 369:2, 370:2, etc., (with máš nu.ub.tuk) PBS 8/2 30:2, PBS 8/1 118:2, 122:13, 2 gín kù.babbar máš.nu.tuk šu.lá.šè RA 54 22 No. 28:2, and (with interest accruing if payment is delayed) UET 5 364:2, 365:2. Interest is, however, stipulated in [X] GÍN [KÙ.BABBAR] ŠU.[LÁ] ... $\bar{u}m$ kaspam irrišušu kù.bi ù máš.bi ì.lá.e YOS 824:2; barley šu.lá.šè (referred to as hubuttatu line 7) VAS 9 120:1. Note the writings (error?): SU.LÁ PSBA 33 pl. 47 No. 29:2, SU.LÁ.ŠÈ YOS 14 94:2, 132:3, 143:2, ZU.LÁ.ŠÈ TCL 1 113:2.

In [q]i(?)-ip-ti māti irappiš mašrû ina māti [ibašši] the ... of the country will grow, wealth will be in the country ACh Šamaš 11:71, the reading of the first sign is uncertain.

In BRM 4 13:46 (SB ext.), LAL.MEŠ-šu LAL. MEŠ-šú-nu LAL.MEŠ is to be read kamūtu «šu» kāmīšunu ikammū, see kamū B adj. usage b. In VAS 16 157:21 (coll. R. Frankena, AbB 6 157) a personal name occurs.

Landsberger, MSL 1 115. Ad mng. 3: Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 73 f.

qīptu in bēl qīpti s.; owner of merchandise given on consignment; OA*; cf. qâpu A.

šumma kuā'am la <tù>-šé-ba-lam5 kas= pam ša qí-ip-tí-a u nakram ša PN ušēbi: lakkunni luqūtam zakkiamma abkamma annakam liššemēma bāb harrānija be-el gíip-tí-a la ikallēma la ahalliq if you do not send your (goods) to me, clear both the silver from the goods consigned to me and that (from) outside (sources) which PN sent you, (invested in) merchandise, and dispatch it so that it will be "heard" here, and at my departure my creditor will not hold me back and I will not perish CCT 3 8b:40f., see Larsen Old Assyrian Caravan Procedures 163 ff., cf. luqutum . . . ina har: rānim lamhuršima annakam liššemēma beel qí-ip-tí-a bāb harrānija ša qātātim la errišīma la abâš let me receive the goods during the trip so that it can be "heard" here and the owner of the merchandise consigned to me will not demand a guarantor from me at my departure and I will not be humiliated ibid. 12f.

qīptu in bīt qīpti s.; (mng. unkn.); NB*; cf. qâpu A.

isirtu ša ina muḥḥi gišri u kāri erēdu u elû £ qip-tum ša PN šākin ṭēmi GN ša ina pan PN₂ collection (of the toll from boats) at the bridge and the harbor, going downstream and upstream, (payable) at the $b\bar{\imath}t$ $q\bar{\imath}ptu$ belonging to PN, the governor of Babylon, which is at the disposal of PN₂ Pinches Peek 18:2, dupl. TCL 13 196:2.

qīpu (fem. $q\bar{\imath}ptu$) adj.; 1. trustworthy, trusted (person), 2. in la $q\bar{\imath}pu$ unbelievable (occ. in personal names only); from OAkk. on; cf. $q\hat{\alpha}pu$ A.

šà.tam = el-[lu], eb-[bu], qi-[i-pu] Lu I 135k-m; [lú.šà.tam (or lú.tam.ma)] = [q]i-i-pu, ebbum OB Lu B v 31f.; šà-tam LUL = el-lum, eb-bu, qi-pu-um A VII/4:131ff.; [ta-am] UD = el-lum, eb-bu, nam-rum, qi-i-pu, ki-i-nu A III/3:42ff.; šà.tam = qi-pu, šà.tam.nu.gub, ki.gizkim.ti.la = la-a qi-pu Nabnitu J 79ff.

 $\tilde{S}A$. $^{ta-am}TAM = qi-[i]-pu$ Izbu Comm. 422.

trustworthy, trusted (person, in subst. use): qí-pu-um ša mātim nakartim $x \times ma(?)$ -ti-i-ka ta-ri-du-ta-am illak a trusted man of an enemy country will go into exile YOS 10 40:25 (OB ext.), cf. (in broken context) LUGAL SAG-šú qí-pu- $[\mathring{s}\mathring{u}]$ [...] BRM 4 22 r. 22 (SB physiogn.); [šarru ina ekallišu ū] tassar qí-pu-tú ina ekalli MAN.MEŠ KAR 384(!) (p. 342) r. 26 (SB Alu), also qí-pu-tu ina ekal šarri išannû ACh Supp. Sin 30:36, note LÚ.MÁ.TIL.LA KI LÚ.MÁ.TIL.LA KU BE.MEŠ (with comm.) $L\dot{U}.M\dot{A}.TIL.LA = kabtu$, $L\dot{U}.M\dot{A}.TIL.LA =$ rubû 2R 47 i 16f.; PN šaknu rabû ša GN qí-pu šēmū pirišti ša RN DAFI 6 102 No. 6 seal (MB Elam), cf. lú.šu.kin.gá.lugal. a.na = šēmī pirišti bēlišu OB Lu B v 26; qí-ip kabtūti rāš banûti (see banûtu) BE 17 24:4 (MB let.); see also lex. section.

qīpu qīpu

in la q\(\bar{v}\)pu unbelievable (occ. in personal names only): La-qì-pu-um RTC 249 ii 9 (OAkk.), also *La-qi₄-ip* UET 3 No. 969 seal, for other refs. see MAD 3 222; La-qipu-um CCT 6 35a:8, ICK 1 191:15, and passim in OA, also La-qi-ip BIN 4 168:4, and passim in OA, see Stephens PNC 54; La-qi-pu-um TCL 18 119:10, UET 5 306:9, cf. La-qi-ipibid. 168:9, and passim in OB; La-qi-pu BE 15 188 iii 21, and passim in MB, also fem. $^{\rm f}La$ qi-ip-tum, La-qip-tum CBS 9803 and 3459:5, cited Clay PN 102; for MA see Saporetti Onomastica 1 299, also ADD 160 r. 3, and passim in NA; La-qi-i-pi Camb. 225:21, and passim in NB, wr. La-a-qi-pi YOS 6 151:7, La-qipBIN 1 99:17, PBS 2/1 53:17, and passim, Wr. La-qip-pi Dar. 231:11, fem. La-qip-tumVAS 6 171:7, VAS 5 20:5, Nbn. 648:2.

Stamm Namengebung 252.

qīpu (qēpu) s.; 1. official, 2. administrator of a region, a city, a temple (as specific title); from MB on; Ass. qēpu, pl. (MA, MB, early NA, early NB) qīpūtu, (later NA, NB) qīpāni; wr. syll. and LÚ.TIL.(LA.)GÍD.DA (LÚ.TIL.LA.AN.GÍD. DA VAS 6 155:4), LÚ.MÁ.TIL.LA (A 3658 r. 8, NB); cf. qāpu A.

lú.ti.la.gíd.da = qi-i-pu Antagal A 152; giskim.ti.la = qi-i-pu 5R 16 iii 40 (group voc.), and dupl. Sm. 1519 r. 6'; Lú qe-e-pu, Lú.TIL.GÍD. DA Bab. 7 pl. 5 iii 1 f., see MSL 12 238, also ibid. 235 v 3 f.

1. official -a) in MB letters: when will they redig (the canal)? qí-ip-ka ajûmma ul īmur none of your q.-s checked (on it) BE 17 46:17; bell and GÚ.EN.NAki liqbīma ana qí-pu-ti lišpurunimma . . . erēšu la imaţţi my lord should give orders to the governor that they instruct the q.-s (to provide water) so that the cultivation will not suffer ibid. 40:25; qi-pu-ti ardīka lu ša Nippur Dūr-Kurigalzu u URU. ARAD.GAŠAN ina muh dulli karinšunūti he (the LÚ.SAG.LUGAL) hinders the q.-s, your servants, in their work, whether from GN, GN₂, or GN₃ ibid. 13:6; qi-pu-tu &a L&u. GAL.MEŠ arki bēli[ja] kî illikū ultu 5 ūmī kî iḥḥisūni because the q.-s of the high officials went (on the journey) after my lord, because they returned after five days Iraq 11 149 No. 14:7; hirgalā ana qí-pu-ti lit-bu-uk(?)-ma [ZÍD].DA lišēlā Aro, WZJ 8 565:26; ša anāku qí-i-pu ša [...] (in broken context) PBS 1/2 18:13.

b) in MA, early NA: šumma qi-pu-tu. меў annûtu la iqtibiu hīta inaššiu if these officials (i.e., the sa muhhi ekalli, the herald of the palace, the rab zāriqī, and the physician for the inner quarters) do not report (an uncastrated court attendant), they are held responsible AfO 17 276:51, cf. (in similar context) ibid. 278:55, 286:101 (MA harem edicts); · šumma ša [rab ek] alli qi-putu-šu.meš ana šiddi ekalli la ittulu if the officials of the chief palace overseer do not carefully inspect the entire extent of the palace ibid. 288:109; PN šakin māti URU. šà.uru PN2 ša muhhi āli qí-pu-tu ša kisirte PN, the governor of Assur, (and) PN₂, in charge of the city, are the officials responsible for the quay embankment KAH 2 83 r. 21, and dupl. KAH 1 24 r. 17 (Adn. II); all those who have a right or claim to the property tuppātešunu lušēlianimma ana pani qí-pu-ú-te liškunu should bring their tablets and present them to the officials KAV 2 iii 17 (Ass. Code B § 6), cf. ibid. 24 and 43, note 1 ina sukkalli ša pani šarri tupšar āli nāgiru u qí-pu-tu ša šarri one of the sukkallu's, royal izzazzuofficials, city scribes, heralds, or (any other) officials of the king will be present (at the sale of land) ibid. 32; (total of 999 men) ša qi-pu-tu ina URU ŠA-bi URU ēšurūni whom the officials have checked in the Inner City (i.e., Assur) 80:29; LÚ qi-pu-tum (receive fowl for the šākultu) KAJ 247:8; PN LÚ qi-pu ša šarri (selling and distributing barley) 113:25, cf. ibid. 8, 16, 33, also KAJ 109:13, 116 r. 10, also LÚ qi-pu-tu ša šarri JCS 7 124 No. 6:14; LÚ qi-pu-te-ia altaprakkunu I sent to you (four men) my deputies KAV 200:7, cf. KAV 98:7, 99:6, 100:7, 109:7, and

qīpu qīpu

203:8 (all letters of Baba-aha-iddina); PN LÚ qi-pu &a PN₂ u PN₃ tup&ar $\bar{a}li$ (overseeing? a division of inheritance) AfO 20 121:18.

c) in MB, NB kudurrus -1' in sing.: matima arkāt ūmī lu qí-pu lu LÚ hazan (nu) ... ša illâm<ma> at any time in the future either a q. or a mayor who comes (and violates this royal grant) RA 66 166:29 (Nazi-Maruttaš), cf. lu . . . qí-pu LÚ hazan (nu) ša illa[mma] ibid. 172:61 (Kudur-Enlil); errēšī ša ālišu lu gattinī lu āšib āli lu LÚ.MES ša ţēmišu qí-pu ajûmma ša GN the tenant farmers of his city, whether they live outside the town or are town dwellers, or (other) persons under his command, (or) any other official (of GN) MDP 2 pl. 21 ii 39 (MB), cf. [lu šak] in māti ... lu hazan[nu] lu lú qí-i-pu ajûmma UET 1 165 ii 5, lu šarru lu mār šarri lu LÚ qí-i-pu lu šaknu lu šatammu lu hazannu VAS 1 37 v 19 (Merodachbaladan II), lu šarru arkû lu mār šarri lu ša rēš šarri lu kartappu lu bēl pīḥati lu aklu lu laputtû lu gí-i-pi lu ummânu lu ţupšarru lu šatammu lu šākin ţēmi lu ajûmma mala šuma nabû RA 16 125 ii 26 (Marduk-zākir-šumi I); lu aklu lu laputtû lu hazannu lu mušērišu lu gugallu lu ajûmma qí-pu BBSt. No. 7 i 33 (NB).

2' in pl.: lu bēl bīti ša GN arkû lu bēl pīhati ša GN lu hazanni ša GN lu šākin ţēmi ša GN lu gu-ta-ku ša GN lu luputtû lu aklu lu qí-pu-tu ša GN arkûtu either a future head of the GN tribe or a governor of GN or a mayor of GN or a commander of GN or a of GN or a laputtû officer or an aklu officer or any future official of GN BBSt. No. 8 iii 14, but cf. the sequence: šakin māti, bēl pīhati, qí-pu-tu, šākin ţēmi, hazannu ibid. Add. 3 (p. 50) 8 and (between bēl pīhati and hazannu) line 13; lu šākin tēmu lu hazannu lu bēl pīhati lu zazakku lu qípu-ut māt tâmti mala bašû BBSt. No. 11 ii 4 (all NB); lu ina šakin mātāti EN.NAM.MEŠ hazannāti u qí-pu-ú-tim MDP 2 pl. 17 iii 8 (MB); note lu mamma šanûmma ša ana šakin-mātūti ša GN iššakkinu lu qí-pu-ut GN (possibly error for ša ana šakin-mātūti ša GN lu qí-pu-ut GN iššakkinu) BBSt. No. 6 ii 29 (Nbk. I).

d) in later NA - 1' as official of the Assyrian king abroad (including Babylonia): Lú qe-e-pu ina muhhiša aškun I set an official over her (the Arabian queen) Rost Tigl. III p. 82:26; šaknūti LÚ.TIL.GfD. DA(var. omits .DA).MEŠ šikin gātēja aštakkana elišun I installed hand-picked governors (and) officials over them Streck Asb. 40 iv 104, for var. see 5R 4:104; ana šalām mātišun Lú qe-e-pu elišunu apqidma to keep their land safe I appointed an official over them and (assigned them to one of my officers (šūt rēšija), the governor of Parsumaš) TCL 3 73 (Sar.); ina muhhi māt Muşur kališu šarrāni pāhāti šaknūti rab karê Lû qi-pa-a-ni šāpirī ana eššūti apgid in all of Egypt I appointed anew kinglets, nomarchs, governors, customs officers, officials, (and) commanders Borger Esarh. 99 r. 47; trusting in his own strength eli šarrāni Lú qí-e-pa-a-ni (var. qí-pa-ani) ša gereb Muşur upaggidu abu bānūa ... illika şēruššun he went against the kings (and) the q.-s whom my own father had appointed throughout Egypt Streck Asb. 6 i 58, cf. 8 i 75, also šarrāni annûti LÚ.NAM.MEŠ LÚ qi-pa-a-ni ibid. 10 i 110, 16 ii 32; LÚ Akkadūa iptalhu . . . LÚ ŠA. TAM.MEŠ LÚ qe-pa-a-ni ša māt Akkadê iptalhuthe inhabitants of Babylonia became terrified, (also) the šatammu officials (and) the q.-officials of Babylonia became terrified ABL 437 r. 9; note egirtu ša ašapparkanni balat LÚ qe-e-pu(?) la tapatt[i] šumma LU qe-e-pu la qurbu ina panīšu tadaggal tapatti you will not open the letter that I send you unless the q. is present, if the q is not on hand, you will wait for him (and) open (the letter only then) Borger Esarh. 108 r. iii 13f. (treaty with Tyre).

2' other occs.: mārāt šarrāni aḥāt šarrāni ... Lú qí-pa-a-ni ḥazannāti ša ālāni šâtunu mala akšudu the daughters (and) sisters of the kings (of Elam), the

qīpu qīpu

officials and the mayors of all those cities that I conquered Streck Asb. 56 vi 84; eqla ina ārišūti erraš eṣṣida la LÚ.TIL.GÍD.DA la GAR-ka-šú mu-tú-u-tu KÚ issu libbi eqli habullišu ú-sa-at-a-lam he will cultivate and harvest the field in errēšūtu tenancy, without a q.-official or a šaknu he will have the use of one half and will pay his debt from the field ADD 88 r. 1 (case), also, wr. qe-e-pu ADD 87:6 (tablet), cf. PN LÚ qe-e-pi ADD 17:2, 1023:7, also PAP-šú mār abišu LÚ qe-e-pu (in broken context) ADD 461 r. 1 (coll. S. Parpola).

- e) in NB: ša ultu ūmi pa-ni ultu ullānūa šākin ṭēmi LÚ qí-pi B[AD.SI.AB.BA] la īpušu (the construction of the building) which no governor (or) official of Borsippa from time immemorial from before my era had done Lambert, JAOS 88 126 ib 9, cf. LÚ.TIL.LA.GÍD.DA.MEŠ ša URU Bīt-Dakzkūri ABL 542:8, cf. LÚ qí-pa-nu kî iplaḥū ibid. 17; the message sent to the king—it is not PN who is writing it, but LÚ qí-pa-ni-šú išaṭṭaruši his q.-officials are writing it ABL 524:10; PN u LÚ qí-pa-ni-šú (in list of persons) Cyr. 379:4.
- 2. administrator of a region, a city, a temple (as specific title) a) of a region or city 1' in hist.: ina mēteq girrija ša Lú qí-pi GN mandattašu kabittu amhur in the course of my campaign (against Babylonia) I received the heavy tribute of the q. of Hararāti OIP 2 67:8, also ibid. 26 i 55, 54:57, 57:17.
- 2' other occs.: one linen karballatu ša PN LÚ qé-e-pu ša URU Bēri ADD 992:6; PN LÚ qe-pu URU Kar-dutu (first witness) ADD 363 r. 7; LÚ qe-pi ša URU Sib-te ABL 95 r. 7; LÚ qe-e-pu ša URU De-e-ri ABL 868:5, (ša URU Birāti) ABL 88:7; PN LÚ qe-e-pi ša māt A-ra-mu ABL 1115:9; LÚ qe-e-pi ša [KUR] A(?)-ra-ši ABL 169:8, see Parpola Neo-Assyrian Toponyms 24, PN LÚ qe-e-pu URU La-ti-bar-ta ADD 865:4 (all NA); PN ša rēši LÚ qí-i-pi ša URU BAD-dEN.LÍL ABL 963:5 (NB); PN LÚ qí-i-pi ša URU Ḥa-mu

ABL 214 r. 14; note Imbappi Lú qe-e-pu ša (var. rab qašti) Bīt-Imbî hatan RN šar GN PN, the q. (var. the chief of the archers) of Bīt-Imbî, the son-in-law of RN, king of Elam Streck Asb. 42 v 1; in later texts: (barley) ša qalla ša PN u qalla ša LÚ qíi-pi šá uru Bi-ra-a-ti ana Šamaš iddinu VAS 6 248:20, ef. ibid. 21; PN LÚ qí-i-pi ša māt tâmti Nbk. 109:16, PN LÚ qí-i-pi ša $ahull\bar{a}$ ibid. 22; LÚ qi-i-pi ša URU Šala-mu RA 23 15:4; LÚ qí-i-pi ša A-kadki (beside the LÚ si-pir) 82-7-14,918:5, cf. LÚ.TIL.LA.GÍD.DA $A - k[ad^{ki}]$ 82-7-14,570:3; PN LÚ qí-i-pi ša [GN] Unger Babylon 286 No. 26 v 17-18, 21-22, also (name left blank) ibid. v 13; PN LÚ qí-i-pi šá UD.UNUG.KI BIN 1 169:1; exceptionally with added temple name: ina ušuzzu ša PN [LÚ].MÁ. TIL.LA UNUG.KI u Eanna A 3658 r. 8 (NB leg., from Kandalānu, year 8).

b) of a temple -1' as chief secular with the administrator (in sing.) -a'temple specified: PN ana mahar PN2 LÚ qí-i-pi É.BABBAR.RA u PN, tupšar Sippar iqbû umma PN made a statement before PN_2 , the q.-official of the Ebabbar and PN₃, the scribe of Sippar PSBA 9 272:2, cf. ibid. 275:1 (= line 8), ana mahar rabûti u dajānī ikšudunim[ma] ana PN LÚ qí-pi Esagil iqbû TCL 12 120:18; ina pan PN LÚ qí-pi ša Esagila apteqid I entrusted (the matter) to PN, the q.-official of Esagil ABL 516 r. 1; LÚ qí-i-pi kî illi[ka] umma amat šarri šî the q.-official (of Esagil) came and said: It is a royal order ABL 968:15, see Landsberger Brief 63, cf. 2 ša rēši ultu māt Aššur kî ihliqūni LU qí-i-pi ina bītišu iptesiššunūti the q. hid in his house two ša rēši officials who had fled from Assyria Landsberger Brief 8:35; two officials and PN and PN₂ kizû ša LÚ qí-i-pi amat šarri kî iqbû ana pan šarri altapraššunūti the grooms of the q., I sent to the king as soon as he (Mār-Ištar) had appealed to the king (the king should question them) ibid. 29, cf. (also referring to the kizû) Nbn. 469:7f., YOS 17 341:5; PN LÚ qí-i-pi ša

qīpu qīpu

Esagil (witness) BBSt. No. 10 r. 44, cf. TCL 12 62:2, wr. Lú.TIL.LA.GÍD.DA ša Esagil ZA 2 168:12; the document was written ina $\lceil mahar(?) \rceil$ PN [Lt] qi-i-piÉ.BABBAR.RA u PN $_2$ LÚ.SANGA SipparVAS 6 99:14, cf. LÚ qí-i-pi ša É.BABBAR. Nbk. 175:5, cf. LÚ. (TIL). GÍD. DA É. BABBAR.RA BRM 1 101:6, and passim; (PN will deliver dates) and PN LÚ qí-i-pi u PN₂ LÚ.SANGA Sippar Nbk. 436:5, cf. (barley received) ina qāt PN LÚ qí-i-pi É.BABBAR. RA PN₂ LÚ.SANGA Sippar Cyr. 364:28, ef. also Nbn. 373:10; (barley and dates for rations delivered to) LÚ qí-i-pi É.BABBAR. RA u LÚ.GAL.10.MEŠ 82-7-14,63:6; ušuzzu ša PN LÚ qí-i-pi ša Eanna in the presence of PN, the q.-official of Eanna (followed by names of witnesses) AnOr 8 15 r. 9, (followed by the šatammu) ibid. 27:20, (omitting ša Eanna) AnOr 9 4 vi 34, and passim, and note ina ušuzzu ša PN LÚ qí-i-pi ša Eanna PN2 šatammi Eanna PN3 rēš šarri bēl piqittu Eanna PN4 rēš šarri ša ina muhhi quppu AnOr 8 51 r. 20, cf. YOS 6 204:10, (mentioned in second place after the šatammu) BIN 1 114:11, (mentioned after the bel piqitti) YOS 6 159:14, 238:19, cf. TCL 13 182 seal, (after the šākin tēmi) YOS 7 7 i 7; note ina šemē dīni šuātu PN LÚ qí-i-pi Eanna (followed by the judges) RA 12 7 r. 10; LÚ qí-i-pi ša Eanna (beside the šangû's of Eanna) BIN 2 134:31, Wr. LÚ.TIL.LA.GÍD.DA TCL 13 222:1, and passim in Uruk; note: LÚ qí-pa-anu maḥrûtu ša Eanna BIN 2 134:9, LÚ qípa-a-nu ša Eanna mahrûtu ibid. 26 (all NB); note šatammu LÚ qe-e-pu u tupšar bīt ili ša Uruk pan šarri . . . šunu the šatammu official, the q., and the scribe of the temple of Uruk are (now) in the presence of the king ABL 476:28 (NA); LÚ qí-i-pi ša Ezida (in Borsippa) YOS 3 83:9, VAS 6 155:8, wr. LÚ.TIL.LA.AN.GÍD.DA ibid. 4, LÚ qí-i-pi É-imbi-Anu (in Dilbat) VAS 6 63:11, also ibid. 171:21, 331:3 and 19; PN LÚ qí-pi É.KI. TUŠ.GI.NA VAS 6 155:20, LÚ qi-pi ša É.ZU. AB BIN 1 47:2; PN LÚ qi-i-pi ša $\langle E \rangle$ dEN. SA.NA.AS.RU YOS 6 145:20; PN [LÚ qi]-i-pi $\delta a \in MES(?)$ Moldenke 2 No. 5:4 (all NB);

note in Calah: [LÚ] qe-pu £ Nabû £ Ninurta (witness in a land grant to the temple) Iraq 19 pl. 33 ND 5550:36 (NA).

b' without specifying the temple: letter addressed to Lú qí-i-pi šatammi u tupšar $b\bar{i}ti$ BIN 1 41:2, cf. TCL 9 105:2, and passim, but ana šatammi u LÚ qí-i-pi BIN 1 59:2; ina MN PN ibbakunimma ana LÚ qí-i-pi u šatammi inandinuš in Ajaru they will produce PN and hand him over to the q. and to the *§atammu* UCP 9 81 No. 2:5; ţēme ša LÚ qí-i-pi u šatammi ul taqbânnâši you did not report to us the order of the q. and the šatammu YOS 3 61:10, cf. ibid. 24, and passim, normally with q. in the first but note: barley šatammu LÚ qí-i-pi u PN inandinšunūtu YOS 7 156:16; LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ *halqūtu u mītūtu ša ina* amirtu ša lú qí-i-pi la amar the missing or dead workmen who were not present (lit. seen) at the inspection by the q. Cyr. 292:2; a<na> muḥḥi amirtu LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ ša qāt lú qí-i-pi bēlu išpurru amur akî a-mir-<ti> ša PN LÚ.ŠID É.GAL īmurru [...] (see amirtu A mng. 1c) CT 22 242:5; uttatu ša ultu bīt makkūri . . . ana sābē ēpiš dullu ša Lú qí-i-pi nadnu barley that was given from the storehouse to the men doing work for the q. Nbn. 1037:2, cf. Nbn. 906:3, 976:3, Cyr. 74:2, Wr. TIL.GÍD.DA Camb. 9:3. CT 4 27c:3 and 8. also ana sābī ša LÚ qi-i-pi Nbn. 548:4, Dar. 72:16, cf. (barley) ina kurummāti ša LÚ qí-i-pi Nbn. 899:2, kurummātu ša musahhirē ša LÚ qí-i-pi TCL 12 102:1, and passim, see musabhiru usage a, Lú se-pi-ri ša Lú.TIL.GÍD.DA CT 4 27c:5, $m\bar{a}r$ šipri ša LÚ qi-i-pi Nbk. 257:4, and see şābē ša dullu u 6 tašlīšāni ša LÚ qi-i-pi UCP 9 90 No. 24:22, cited $m\bar{a}r$ šipri usage l, and passim in distributions of rations, (for offerings) Dar. 94:8; (silver) ša LÚ qíi-pi ina pan PN belonging to the q. is at the disposal of PN VAS 4 192:2; x flour É LÚ.TIL.GÍD.DA 82-7-14,427:11, also, wr. É LÚ qí-i-pi 82-7-14,1629:4.

2' temple administrator (in pl.): LÚ qe-pa-a-ni ša bīt ilāni . . . uptattiu šaniūte

qīpu qirmu

iptaqdu they dismissed the q.-officials of the temples (of Sippar, Cutha, Hursagkalama, and Dilbat) and appointed others ABL 1214 r. 6 (NA); $dibb[\bar{\imath}\delta u] itti PN \dots ina$ pan LÚ.TIL.LA.MEŠ ša Esagil idabbub he will plead his case against 'PN before the proper authorities of Esagil Nbn. 102:4, cf. purussû itti LÚ.TIL.LA.GÍD.DA.ME ša Eanna išakkan TCL 13 222:17, also itti LÚ qí-pa-a-nu ša Eanna purussâni šukun BIN 2 134:11; PN ibbakamma ina pani LÚ qí-pa-nu ušazzaz YOS 7 118:12, ef. adi tēme ša LÚ qí-i-pa-ni ašemmû RA 11 167:20 (let. from Uruk); tuppi LÚ qí-pa-a-ni ša Esagil ana šatammi u PN ahhēnu letter from the q-officials of Esagil to the šatammu official and to PN, our colleagues YOS 3 15:1; PN, the shepherd of the Lady of Uruk ša 10 šanāti itti sēnišu ana Eanna la īrubu ša Lt qí-pa-a-nu u tupšarrū ša Eanna PN2 ana muhhi PN išpurūma who for ten years did not enter Eanna with his sheep and goats, concerning whose case the proper authorities and scribes of Eanna sent PN₂ to PN YOS 7 7 iii 119, cf. ibid. i 36, ii 53, iv 141, cf. (in broken context) LÚ qi-i-pi.MEŠ u DUB.SAR.MEŠ ša Ean[na]AnOr 8 76:17; puḥru Lú qí-pa-a-nu u mārbanûti ša ina ušuzzišunu PN PN2 u PN3 iqbû the assembly of the officials and free persons (summing up officials and other persons, among them the šākin tēmi of Uruk, the šatammu of Eanna, the rēš šarri bēl piqittu of Eanna, and the Lú qí-i-pi of URU Salamu) in whose presence PN, PN₂, and PN₃ said RA 23 15:13, cf. (in similar context) YOS 7 198:9 and 16, also ibid. 30:9, 107:1, TCL 13 124:1 (all NB), see also $m\bar{a}r$ banî usage b-2'.

In MA and early NA (up to Adn. II) the $q\bar{\imath}pu$ is a court official often high in the hierarchy, while in MB letters the title seems to refer more generally to any administrative official. In later NA $q\bar{\imath}pu$ refers almost exclusively to officials in Babylonia; he is identified by the city or region for which he is responsible, or

by the temple for the secular administration of which he is responsible. In later NB, the pl. $q\bar{v}p\bar{a}nu$ often refers to administrators as forming a collegium.

Note that the areas that are said to have a $q\bar{\imath}pu$ lie in a long and relatively narrow border region along what had been the eastern frontier of Babylonia, although at the time these titles are actually attested — from the late 8th and 7th centuries on — some of the towns (e.g., Sibtu, B $\bar{\imath}$ t-Imb $\hat{\imath}$) had passed under the political jurisdiction of Assyria or Elam.

Finkelstein, JCS 7 124 f.; Petschow, ZA 53 245 f.; Brinkman, WO 5 46; Postgate Taxation p. 194 f.; Landsberger Brief 36 f., 59 ff.; San Nicolò Prosopographie passim; Kümmel Familie 140 ff.

qīpūtu s.; 1. trust, 2. position of qīpu official; OB, SB, NB; cf. qâpu A.

[si-i] [SIG₇] = $qi-pu-tu \, \delta a \, [...] \, A \, V/3:199.$

- 1. trust: kaspam ša awīlim ana qí-puti-ka aškun I deposited the gentleman's silver, trusting in you ABIM 23:31; qípu-ti bēlī lilq[e] may my lord have trust in me ARM 2 141:20.
- 2. position of $q\bar{t}pu$ official: PN ana Lú qi-[pu-u]-ti eli GN apqid I appointed PN over GN, to the office of $q\bar{t}pu$ Rost Tigl. III p. 38:226; provisions ana 8 Lú Mi-sir-a-a Lú EN.NUN É qi-pu-tu for the eight Egyptians, guards of the governor's residence VAT 16378 i 18 (unpub. NB text from Babylon, cited Weidner, Mélanges Dussaud 930).

qirimu see qirmu.

qirīru s.; oil(?); NA.*

qi-ri-ru (var. adds DÙG.GA) ana nūriz šunu libbiši (var. libši) let there be fine q. for their lamps KAR 214 iv 19, vars. from 3R 66 x 32, see Frankena Tākultu p. 8.

girītu see qarītu.

qirmu (qirimu) s.; (a garment); NA, NB; ef. qarāmu.

TUG qir-mu Practical Vocabulary Assur 270.

qirqišu qirsu B

a) in NA: $2\frac{1}{2}$ MA.NA SÍG.HÉ.MID(?) $2\frac{1}{2}$ MA.NA SÍG.MI ana TÚG qir-mu two and a half minas of red wool, two and a half minas of black wool for a q.-garment ADD 954:9; 1 TÚG qir-mu ADD 959 r. 3, cf. ADD 974:7, Iraq 15 150 ND 3407:4, and passim in NA, TÚG qir-me ZAG DIRI ADD 682:9, 1 qir-mu GIBIL LÁ-e Postgate Palace Archive 152:8, 2 qir-me GIBIL LÁ-e ibid. 7 and 10, cf. Iraq 12 192 ND 245, wr. TÚG qi-ri-mu (as part of a dowry) Iraq 16 37 ND 2307:24, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 14.

b) in NB: síg ta-ab-tum $q\acute{i}$ -ir-mu u bi-ir-ri sal. $\S U^{II}$.ME \S Nbn. 258:10, cf. [...] $q\acute{i}$ -ir-mu 3 Túg qu-[le-nu(?)] 82-7-14,2294:7.

The NB refs. may belong to another word *qirmu* or *kirmu*.

Deller, Or. NS 31 18f. and 33 102.

qirqišu s.; (a tree); SB; pl. qirqišāti.

ana qir-qi \check{s} zaqpi . . . lird \bar{i} ma should he (the king) go to the planted q.? K.3467+:13 (tam \bar{i} tu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), cf. ana d \bar{u} r-KI.KAL \check{s} a qir-qi- \check{s} á-a-ti ibid. 19, ana qir-qi- \check{s} á-a-ti rabbâti ibid. 21.

Probably variant of girgiššu "strawberry tree," q.v.

qirsu A s.; (a sacred area); NA.

a) in gen.: [LÚ.ENG]AR ana qí-ir-s[i ill]ak ana libbi kikkisi [err]ab uššab [issu qi]-ir-si [is] ahhura the (king as) "farmer" goes to the q., enters the reed hut, sits down, he returns from the q. ABL 4:7 and 10, cf. kīma ana qí-ir-si ittalku ina libbi kikkisi ētarbu (see kikkišu) ABL 183:6; we will perform the rites tonight ina qi-ir-si nillak we will go to the q. ABL 361 r. 3 (all three letters addressed to the king as Lú. ENGAR), cf. (the king) [an] a qir-si errab naptunu išakkan K.10209:23 (rit.); dul= lini ina libbi qi-ir-si ibašši we have to perform a rite in the q. ABL 181:9; gul= gullāte šina ša ina libbi dulli qabûni nušēribā ina qir-si kuzippī nu-šá-al_x(URU) bi-iš ina libbi niškun shall we bring the two skulls as prescribed in the ritual into the q. (and) wrap (them) in cloaks (and) install (them) there? (let them write me what the king orders) ABL 21:10, see Parpola LAS No. 178.

b) with det. giš: they used to receive (and) introduce all astrological reports in the presence of the father of the king urkēt ina muhhi nāri LÚ.ERÍN.MEŠ (rebuswriting for ummânu?) ša abušu ša šarri bēlija uddaššunni ina GIŠ qir-si ina pan afterward, on the river šarri isassi bank, a scholar whom the father of the king, my lord, knew used to read (them) to the king in the q. ABL 1096 r. 5; $[k\hat{\imath}]$ na]špertu issu hūl[i] a-na muhhi Aššur tallakanni našpertu ina GIŠ gir-si ušerrab ušeššab as soon as the message from the campaign reaches Assur, he (the messenger) will bring the message to the q. (and) deposit (it there) Or. NS 22 33 i 3 (rit.); MUN ina muhhi takmīsāni ša ina libbi giš qir-si uqtarrib he strewed salt on the sheep that were in the q. van Driel Cult of Aššur 128 v 12.

qirsu B s.; (a wooden object); NA.

issu ma-şi-en anše.nitá.meš-ia ibaš= šûni giš qir-si-ia-ma ana harrāni lamtuh as soon as I have donkeys, I will take my q.-s on the road Iraq 18 41 No. 25:22 (NA let.); 120 ANŠE.ME ša qir-si ina libbi 1 qabutti 356 ma'assu naphar 476 ANŠE. MEŠ ina libbi 2 qabuttu 120 draft asses in one corral, 356 (in) stalls (?), in all 476 asses in two corrals Iraq 23 28 ND 2451:4, see Postgate Taxation 376ff., cf. 18 BE.MEŠ ša qir-si ibid. 13, cf. 2 ANŠE. NITÁ GIŠ qir-si ADD 1036 ii 11; GIŠ qir-siia paniūte ibašši la damqu šaniūte eššūte ú-has-si (for uhašši?) la gammuru former q.-s of mine are available but not good, I have chopped(?) other, new ones, but they are not (yet) finished ABL 784 r. 6, cf. (in broken context) giš qir-si damqūte ša mi-[... T]ÚG.GADA ša KI.TA KUŠ.X. NIM.ME ibid. 10 (coll. K. Deller); [...GI]Š

qirsû qiru

qi-ir-si KAL.MEŠ issu bīt šakin māti naşûni van Driel Cult of Aššur 200:7, cf. l TÚG pa-x-[x] É ra-x-di 4 qi-ir-si 3 TÚG sa-su-pat ADD 1039 iii (!) 3 (coll. E. Sollberger); GIŠ qir-si ša GIŠ du-un-x-x-x Iraq 18 43 No. 27:7; in obscure context: annaka [NUMUN(?)] su bi [x x] GIŠ qir-si attalak ātamar SIG5 adanniš ABL 100 r. 5 (coll. K. Deller).

The mention of donkeys suggests that the q. was a vehicle drawn by draft animals.

(Postgate Taxation 378f.)

qirsû s.; (mng. unkn.); Mari.*

 $\bar{u}m$ gi-im-ki-im qi-ir-su-u iššakkanu 1 ANŠE $idd\hat{a}k$ on the day when q.(-s) are performed(?), one donkey will be killed CRRA 26 142 ii 8.

qiršu A s.; (a piece of trimmed meat or dough); NA, NB; cf. qarāšu.

ninda.im.kíd = NINDA (var. a-kal) qí-ir-ši Nabnitu J 296; gàr.ús, ús = qí-ir-šu ibid. 299 f.

2 kappi kù.GI ša qir-še two gold bowls of q. Iraq 23 33 ND 2490+:7, cf. 2 kappi kù.BABBAR ša qi-[ir-še] ibid.28; DUG kallu ša qi-ir-ši BBR No. 66:17; 3 sìLA qir-š[i(?)] Postgate Royal Grants No. 46:9, cf. x x ana qir-še [...] ibid. 12 (all NA); UZU alpi UZU immeri UZU qir-šum (as part of the temple offering) BBSt. No. 35 r. 9 (Merodachbaladan II); muttāqu qir-šú (replacing muttāqu šēr alpi šēr immeri) Anor 12 305 ii 3 (NB kudurru); pūt nuḥatimmūtu ... pēntu u qir-šú naši he bears the responsibility for the cooking, the charcoal, and the q. VAS 6 104:10 (NB).

Meaning based on the Sum. equivalents (kíd, šu.búr.búr) of qiršu and qarāšu. The only certain ref. to bread (perhaps a loaf) is Nabnitu J 296. In the refs. with context, it is mostly meat that is referred to, although the NA refs. may refer to a type of bread.

qiršu B s.; 1. (a strip of leather), 2. (a fabric); MB.*

kuš.murub₄.lál = qir-šu Antagal III 149; kuš.har.[lá.lá] = qí-ir-šu Hh. XI 116, see MSL 9 198.

- 1. (a strip of leather): see lex. section.
- 2. (a fabric): [x] TÚG qir-ši BABBAR tak[ilt]a uppus x white q.-garments, with dark blue wool PBS 2/2 135 i 25, cf. 2 TÚG qir-ši síg.za.gìn BE 14 46:3; l TÚG kizzu . . . qir-šú síg.sag ibid. 157:42; 5 MA síg.dz ana qí-ir-[ši] ibid. 150:5; l45 TÚG KI.MIN (= nahlaptu) qir-ši takiltu PBS 2/2 135 ii 11; [x] TÚG KI.MIN (= nahlaptu) qir-šu tabarru [x TÚG K]I.MIN qir-šu takiltu [x TÚG KI.MI]N qir-šu síg.sag ibid. i 10-12; [x TÚG . . .] . . . ina libbiša qir-šu [. . .] ša l ajari ibid. i 20.

qiršu C 's.; (a type of payment?); OB Elam.*

dullašunu ú-ba-al qí-ri-iš-sú ippalma ahirti kaspišunu ileqqû (see ahirtu usage b) MDP 22 125:7; kaspa ša mašûti qí-ir-šà...ana hamdagar išaqqal (see mašûtu) MDP 23 234:29, cf. (in broken context) [qí-ri]-iš-sú ul iššarrapu ibid. 284:17.

qiršu D s.; (a container); Ur III (Akk. lw. in Sum.).

1 qir-&uum kù.babbar (among containers) UET 3 730 ii 6, cf. 1 qir-&uum zabar ibid. 738:3.

qīru s.; hot bitumen; MA, NA, SB; pl. qīrāti.

ESIR. kúm = qí-ra-ti (followed by ittů, kupru) Practical Vocabulary Assur 143.

qi-ra ana qaqqidiša itabbuku they will pour hot bitumen on her head (as punishment) KAV 1 v 76 (Ass. Code § 40); eperū ana akālišunu qi-ru ana pašāšišunu šīnāt imēri ana šatīšunu . . . liššakin may dust be allotted as their food, bitumen as their ointment, sheep's urine as their drink AfO 8 25 iv 14 (Aššur-nīrārī V treaty), cf. qi-i-ru kupru lu mākalkunu Wiseman Treaties 490;

qīšam qiššû

GIŠ.MEŠ... qi-ru paššu the beams are smeared with bitumen (beside kupru kapru lines 11f. and 18) Iraq 25 74 No. 67:7, cf. qi-ru hamar the bitumen is dried up ibid. 30; 3 ANŠE qi-ru... LÚ.EN.NUN.IGI. MEŠ... [iddunu?] AfO 21 pl. 3 r. 10, see Postgate Royal Grants Nos. 42-44 r. 30; uncert.: [...] šurmēni u qi-ra tašakkan (in preparations for a rit., translit. only) ArOr 17/1 185 VAT 12963:7 (SB rit.).

qīšam see $k\bar{\imath}šam$.

qišīru (or kišīru) s.; (mng. unkn.); OB.*

2 athû qí-ši-ir-šu šina qí-ši-ri-ia sebe x-ra-ti ša ištēn qí-ši-ri two partners, his q. (is equal to) two of my q.-s, seven for one q. Sumer 10 57 IM 31210 ii § 3:2f. (coll. H. Hunger), cf. aššum qí-ši-ir-šu šina qí-ši-ri-ka sebe x-ra-tu ibid. 6 (OB math. from Tell Harmal).

Possibly a by-form of kušīru, "profit."

qiššû s.; melon, gourd, cucumber (a member of the genus Cucurbitaceae); from OB on; pl. qiššû and qiššāte; wr. syll. and ukúš.

ú-ku-uš ukúš = $qi\dot{s}$ - $\dot{s}u$ -ú S^b II 44, ú-ku-uš ukúš $= qi\delta(var. qi) - \delta u - u(var. - u)$ Ea I 353, also A I/8:192; ukúš = $qi\dot{s}-\dot{s}\dot{u}(var. -\dot{s}u)-u$ Nabnitu J 166; ukúš [SAR] = qiš-šu-u Hh. XVII 360, followed by the varieties ubānu, ebūrātu, kussâtu, nūbu, tigilû, liligû, šarūru, and the qualifications (la) bašlu, [emşu], [matqu], ma[rru] ibid. 361-377, cf. ukúš sar = qi-šu-ú RS Recension 227, parallel Hh. XXIV 305-311; [ukúš] sar = qiš-šu-u 2R 44 No. 3:4 (Practical Vocabulary Nineveh), see AfO 18 340; ukúš.[sar]: qiš-šu-u (followed by ubānu, šarūru, nūbu, muṣrītu, tigilû) Uruanna I 245; τ υκτί. LI.LI.GA: tam-šil a-ru-ni, t qiš-šu-u šá şu-ma-me-ti Uruanna I 252 f.; ukúš.ti.gi.lum sar = šu-u = q[iš]-šu-u me-iş-ru-u Hg. D 249, ukúš.šir.gud SAR = $i\dot{s}$ -ki al-pi = $qi\dot{s}$ - $\dot{s}\acute{u}$ -u tuk-pi- $t\acute{u}$ ibid. 253, in MSL 10 105 f.; Ú.UKÚŠ.MEŠ = qi-šá-te, Ú.UKÚŠ. AL.ŠE₆.GÁ.MEŠ = MIN $ba-\acute{a}\acute{s}-la-te$, $\acute{\mathbf{U}}$.UKÚŠ.ŠEŠ.MEŠ = MIN ma-[r]a-te, Ú.UKÚŠ.TUR.TUR = šu-ha-ni Practical Vocabulary Assur 47 ff.; [nu] mun ukúš sar = ze-er qiš-še-e (var. ú qi-ši-e) Hh. XVII 378, var. from RS Recension 233, also Hh. XXIV 312; NUMUN.[UKÚŠ SAR]: NUMUN qiš-še-e Uruanna I 249.

šu.zil = min (= qa-ta-pu) ša uktiš Nabnitu J 315.

gír.ukúš.zabar = MIN (= patar) [qi-iš-ši-i] Hh. XII 67, in MSL 9 205.

tilla₂.a.ni ir.si.im ukúš al.d[u.du]: ribit-su i-riš qiš-še-e[...] the scent of melons wafted (through) its square K.5321:7f.

- the fruit -1' in econ. context: saḥlî qí-[iš]-še-i ḥallūrī urqītam u šūmī šūbilam send me cress, cucumbers, chick peas, green vegetables, and garlic YOS 2 152:25, cf. 5 qi-iš-šu-e š $\bar{u}bilim$ VAS 16 2:18; 2 Sìla ana ukúš.sar two silas (of barley) for (buying) cucumbers Tablettes 12:10 (all OB); A.ŠÀ qí-ší-i ša DN the melon field of DN MDP 23 289:4; qis- $\dot{s}u$ - \dot{u} SAR CT 14 50:66 (list of plants in Merodachbaladan's garden); ka-si-ia u ukúš ša MU.6.KAM ina karīšunu – kasû and cucumbers for the sixth year are on their account BRM 1 101:20 (NB); for varieties see Hh. XVII, XXIV, Hg., etc., in lex. section, see also iški alpi cited išku lex. section, banbillu, damšillu, kurdillu, nassabu B, $peqq\hat{u}$.
- 2' in lit.: see K.5321, in lex. section; šumma KI.MIN (= eriš bīti) kīma UKÚŠ.SAR CT 38 18:111 (SB Alu); šumma ālu tubqinnašu Ú.UKÚŠ.MEŠ ušēsâ if the corner of a city's (wall) grows cucumbers CT 383:46; šumma ina itti eqli ukúš ša magal rabû innamir if an abnormally large melon is found in the field at the normal time CT 39 5:59, cf. šumma ina libbi eqli ukúš.sar īpuš if he plants melons in the field ibid. 4:47; UKÚŠ.MEŠ *ihalliqu* (apod., protasis refers to $UK\dot{U}\dot{S}.\dot{S}E.IR.ZI = \delta ar\bar{u}ru$) CT 39 5:58 (all SB Alu); naḥpî kīma KUŠ.A.EDIN. <LÁ> $n[a-par(?)-\vec{s}]id(?)-di$ $k\bar{i}ma$ $qi\vec{s}-\vec{s}e-e$ (addressing a sorceress) Sm. 310:12 (SB inc.); *šumma x-šum kīma qí-ši-im* (possibly to $k\bar{i}su$ A) YOS 10 9:24 (OB ext.), also GIM qiš-še-[...] (in broken context) Borger Esarh. 111 § 75 r. 2.
- b) the seed: NUMUN(?) qí-iš-še-e šūbilanniāši TIM 2 93:22, 1 (BÁN) kisibirrītam u ze-ri qí-še-im 2 sìla šūbilam

*qištiš qištu A

VAS 16 11:8 (both OB letters), cf. also, wr. NUMUN qi-iš-še-e OBT Tell Rimah 328:1; if the right "weapon-mark" kīma NUMUN UKÚŠ peṣi is white like a q. seed RA 68 63 ii 9 (SB ext.), cf. kīma ŠĀ U[KÚŠ . . .] ibid. 10; NA4-ŠE.TIR ša kīma zēr qiš-še-e šikinšu nussuqu the-stone whose texture is as fine-grained as cucumber seed (var. kīma še'e ṣaḥḥari) OIP 2 132:72, var. from ibid. 127 d 3 (Senn.); note as jewelry: NUMUN UKÚŠ BIN 1 132:3, YOS 6 216:14 (NB).

- c) the vine: if the oil $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $irr\bar{\imath}$ $qi-i\check{s}-\check{s}e-e-im$ $i\check{s}dud$ spreads like a cucumber vine CT 3 3:33, cf. CT 5 5 r. 48 (OB oil omens); I cut off their beards $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $b\bar{\imath}ni$ $qi\check{s}-\check{s}e-e$ $sim\bar{a}ni$ unakkis $q\bar{a}t\bar{\imath}\check{s}un$ I cut off their hands like of ripe cucumbers OIP 2 46 vi 12, also AfO 20 94:93 (Senn.).
- d) representations: 1 NA₄ qí-iš-še-e ša šamna ṭāba mali a gourd- (or melon-) shaped glass container full of perfumed oil EA 14 iii 38; 29 qí-iš-šu-ú ša bīt šamni ša šinni pīri pašlu 29 gourd-shaped oil containers, (decorated?) with stained ivory ibid. iv 5 (list of gifts from Egypt).

*qištiš see qištu A usage b.

qištu A (qiltu) s.; forest, grove; from OAkk. on; pl. $qi\check{s}\bar{a}tu$; wr. syll. (qi-is-ti CT 48 42:3) and GIŠ.TIR (GIŠ.TIR.RA ARM 14 25 r. 11); cf. $q\bar{i}\check{s}u$ s.

giš.tir = qiš-tum, giš.tir.tir = qi-ša-a-tum Hh. III 176f., giš.tir.kù.ga = qiš-tum kù-tum, giš.tir.šin.šin.na = min eb-be-tum ibid. 178f., also (consisting of various species of trees, see ašūhu, erēnu, e'ru, hašuru, sarbatu, šurmēnu) ibid. 180-85; [tir] = qi-iš-[tum], [tir.ti]r = qi-ša-a-[tum], [tir.ha.šu.úr.ra] = qi-iš-ti ha-šu-u[r-ri], [tir.kù] = [qi]-iš-tum e-[le]-[tum] Proto-Izi I Bil. Section Di 24'ff.; giš.tir, giš.sar.a = qiš-tum Nabnitu J 153f.; ti-ir tir = qiš-ti Sb I 192; [ti-ir] [tir] = [qi]-el-du = (Hitt.) giš.tir.šar Sa Voc. AG 2; qi-šá-at tir = tir.uru.ki, te-er tir = qiš-tum, qa-aš-tum A VII/4:82 ff.; [te-er] [tir] = qi-iš-tum Ea VII iv 12'; giš.tir.sù.sù = min (= ú-ru-u) šá giš.tir. Nabnitu L 83.

hul. SAR zag giš. tir. ra. ke_x(KID) dù. a : şaddu ša ina pāṭ qiš-ti re-tu-ú the sign which is

posted at the edge of the forest SBH p. 15 No. 7:8, dupl. 4R 26 No. 2:7f.; giš.tir.ku.ga giš gíd. da.bi è : [ina] qiš-ti elleti ša işşūša šīḥū in the holy forest, whose trees are tall 4R 18 No. 3 i 42; é.kù.ga.a.ni.ta giš.tir giš.mi lá.e šà.bi lú nu.mu.un.du.ku4.ku4.dè: ina bīti ellu ša kīma qiš-ti(var. -tum) şillašu tarşu ana libbišu mamma la irrubu in the holy house whose shadow is cast (as densely) as that of a forest, and into which no one may enter CT 16 46:193f., cf. [igi.b]i giš.tir Giš.mi ì.lá.e : [pa] nūšu șilli qiš-te(var. ha-as-bu(var. -bi) (corrupt for tarsu?) (Akk.) its (the disease's) face is (like) the shadow cast by a forest CT 17 25:12f., cf. BIN 2 22:13f., see AAA 22 76: šum.gam.me kù. babbar giš.tir.kù.ga an.dùl dagal.la.bi u. me.[ni.te.gá]: šaššaru ša sarpi ana qiš-ti elleti ša [şulūlša rapšu luṭaḥhi] may he bring to the wide-shadowing forest a silver saw CT 16 38 iii 10ff., dupl. BIN 2 22 iii 150f., see AAA 22 88; giš.tir giš.mes.gal.gal.la mu.un.bu.re.e. [ne]: ina qiš-ti mēsī rabbûti urabba [...] in the forest they shake the big mēsu trees JRAS 1932 557:12f., cf. giš.tir giš.mes gal.gal.la.na: qiš-ta šá me-e-si rab-bu-ti K.4823:2f.; giš.tir. giš. šim. erin. na. ka e. ne. dug₄. dug₄. g[a]: ša ina qiš-ti rīqi erēni immellu ina Ḥaš[ur . . .] (see erenu A usage a-1'b') BA 10/1 75 K.5160:4f.; giš.tir.mu sù.a.bi(!): qí-šá-tu-ú-a urrâ SBH p. 9 No. 4:104, cf. ibid. 108f., cited arû D; GIŠ. SAR.GIŠ.SAR.a giš.tir.bi na.nam: ki-ra-tu u qí-šá-tu-ma there were orchards and forests CT 13 37:29, restored from unpub. dupl., courtesy W. G. Lambert.

[a-ba]-bu, halbu, ma-am-lu, [...]-ru, şarşaru = qí-iš-tum Malku II 158 ff.; ababa, a-ar, qīšu, qí-šá-tum, babaru, halbu, amagallu, GIŠ ú-šal-lu-ú, GIŠ altalû, kidinētu, şarşartu, ebūbatu, qallu, tir-rum = qí-iš-tum, sa-ar-me = min (= qí-iš-tum) su.ki CT 18 4 K.4375 r. i 7 ff.

a) referring to the cedar forests of the Lebanon — 1' in lit.: lukšudamma ina qí-iš-ti erēni let me reach the cedar forest Gilg. Y. v 183 (OB), cf. adi ikaššadu ana Giš.Tir erēni Gilg. III ii 16, kî ni[l]lak i[brī] ana qí-iš-ti [erēni] how, my friend, can we go to the cedar forest? Gilg. Y. iii 130; aššu šullumu [Giš.T]ir erēni . . . išīmšu DN Enlil has appointed him (Humbaba) to preserve the cedar forest Gilg. II v 1, cf. nāṣir ša Giš.Ti[R] ZA 62 226:21 (Gilg.); išemmēma ana 1 šu bēri talmat Giš.Tir mannu ša urradu ana Giš.Tir-šú . . u ārid Giš.Tir-šú iṣabbassu lu'tu one

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hears that the forest is surrounded (by moats) for sixty "double miles." Who would (dare to) go down into his (Humbaba's) forest? and he who does go down into his forest, debility will overcome him Gilg. II v 4ff., cf. ana 1 šu-ši KASKAL.GÍD. TA.AM til-ma-at qí-iš-tum Gilg. Y. iii 107, Wr. TIR ibid. v 194, see Landsberger, RA 62 113; izzizuma i-nap-pa-at-tu giš.tir ša erēni ittanaplasu mīlāšu ša giš. Tir ittanaplasu nērebšu they stood still and looked(?) at the forest, they beheld the height of the cedar(s), they beheld the entrance to the forest Gilg. V i 1, also IV vi 42 (catch line); idi harrāna ša giš. Tir erēni he knows the way to the cedar forest Gilg. III i 7, cf. (in difficult context) KASKAL.MEŠ dEnkidu [ina] GIŠ.TIR erēni Gilg. VIII i 7, restored from JCS 892:4; nušalpitu Humbaba šar (var. ša ina) GIŠ.TIR GIŠ.[ERIN] we defeated Humbaba in the cedar forest Gilg. VIII ii 12, dupl. JCS 8 93 r. 10, cf. Gilg. X v 10, pl. 42 Sp. 299:5, iner harharam [ma-şa]-ru qí-ištim Gilg. O.I. r. 12 (coll. A. Westenholz); ša qiš-ti GIŠ.HA.ŠUR uktappira gupnīša he cut down the trees of the forest of hašurru cedars Cagni Erra IV 144; [HUR.SA] G gapšu līpuš apu qí-il-da (see qallu B s.) VAS 12 193 r. 5 and 18 (šartamhāri), see Rainey EA No. 359.

2' in hist.: GN GN₂ GN₃ tir.giš.erin hur.sag.kù.ga.šè: GN GN₂ GN₃ adima GIŠ.TIR GIŠ.ERIN UKUR.KUR.KÙ (Enlil gave Sargon) Mari, Jarmüti, (and) Ebla as far as the Cedar Forest and the Silver Mountains AfO 20 38 v 25 and vi 31 (Sargon of Akkad); I transported huge cedar logs ultu Labnānim qí-iš-tim elletim from the Lebanon, the holy forest VAB 4 94 iii 36, cf., wr. GIŠ.TIR ibid. 126 iii 23, 200 No. 37:3, cf. erēnī dannūtim ša ina kur Labnā[nu] qí-iš-ti-šu-nu ina qātēja ellēti akkisa mighty cedars that I cut with my pure hands in the Lebanon, their (native) forest ibid. 152 iv 6, also, wr. GIŠ.TIR-šú-nu ibid. 158 vi 17; KUR Labnānu šaddû qí-ša-tim $Marduk \, \check{s}ummuhti \, (ext{for context see} \, erar{e}nu \, \mathbf{A})$ usage a-1') ibid. 174 ix 14 (all Nbk.).

- b) referring to the forests of the eastern mountains: ētazbu ālānišunu ina [šad] ê u GIŠ.TIR.MEŠ ērubu they left their towns and went into the mountains and forests STT 43:44 (Shalm. III), see Lambert, AnSt 11 150; ina UD.3.KAM ina la-a şa-bit pani la mudē girri libbi GIŠ.TIR artedi on the third day I marched on through the forest without a guide, without anyone who knew the way Scheil Tn. II 51, and delete this ref. sub aşappu; ihtallupu giš.tir.meš ša sulūlšina rapšu birīt issī rabûti . . . ētettigu they made their way through forests with broad shade, they passed between tall trees Streck Asb. 70 viii 83, cf. ibid. 204:5, cf. also ihlup qereb GIŠ.TIR AfO 8 178 i 20, also 180 i 26 (Asb.); GIŠ.TIR.MEŠ-šú-nu pazrāti ša mamma ahû la ušarru ina libbi . . . ṣābē tāhazija gerebšin ērubu my combat troops entered their (the Elamites') secret groves where no stranger had ever entered Streck Asb. 54 vi 65, cf. (in broken context) e-mu-u GIŠ.TIR GIŠ Bauer Asb. 1 54 iv 6 (= 2 p. 37); kirâtišu akšiţma GIŠ. TIR.MEŠ-šu akkis I cut down his orchards, I felled (his) forests TCL 3 303, cf. ibid. 276 and 296; GIŠ,TIR,MEŠ-šu rabbāti ša kīma api edlūti hitlupu işşūšin akkis I cut down his great forests whose trees are interlocked like impenetrable reed thickets TCL 3 266; ina qiš-ti DN itta[kis Bauer Asb. 2 78 K.7673:9; 15 nēšē dannūti ištu šadê u GIŠ.TIR.MEŠ ina gāte asbat I caught 15 large lions from the mountainous forests with (my own) hands AKA 202 iv 26 (Asn.).
- c) referring to wooded estates (in Syria): a territory including its olive groves, its vineyards qadu GIŠ.TIR. MEŠ-šu MRS 6 133 RS 15.132:6, also 158 RS 16.255D:7.
- d) with ref. to timber: aššum GIŠ.TIR. HI.A šarrum kīam iqbīšunūšim umma ana GIŠ.TIR.HI.A-ku-nu la teggia GIŠ.TIR.HI.Aku-nu lu naṣra concerning the woods, the king said to them (the overseers of the

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woods): Do not neglect your woods, your woods should be (well) guarded OECT 3 33:9f., see Kraus, AbB 4 111; ta'ittam ša GIŠ.TIR.HI.A teštenem (me) tuppi GIŠ.TIR. HI.A ul nadnanniāšimma ana pī tuppim šuāti ina GIŠ.TIR.HI.A massārīni ul nušēšib you constantly hear reports about the woods, (but) the tablet concerning the woods was not given to us and so we did not station our guards in the woods according to that tablet ibid. 17ff.; GIŠ.TIR. HI.A mala ibaššia u terkētišina ana sītim la tušeșși . . . GIŠ.TIR u teriktam la tez: zimma you must not lease the woods, whatever there is of them, or their clearings, you must not exempt a (single) woodland or a (single) clearing (that is on the list) ibid. 25 and 28; GIŠ.TIR.HI.A ša ana PN u PN2 paqda āmurma [ina] GI[š]. T[I]R.HI.A šināti GIŠ.HI.A nukkusu I have inspected the woods entrusted to PN and PN₂ (the overseers of the woods) and (found that) trees have been felled in these woods TCL 7 20:7ff.; ina GIŠ.AB.BA. HI.A ša inakkisū giš ša ina giš. tir-šu mī: tu la inakkisu giš warqamma likkisu among the kušabku trees that they are going to cut, they should not cut a tree that is already dead in the (lit. its) grove, they should cut only a green tree LIH 72:20; mamman ana GIŠ.TI[R] la iţehhi nobody shall trespass in the woods ARM 1 94:14, cf. ibid. 5; ana šūpuš elippāti gereb GIŠ. TIR.MEŠ işşē rabûti uqqiru (see aqāru mng. 2a) OIP 2 118:10, also 104 v 68, Sumer 9 154 vi 5 (Senn.); ibni GIŠ.GI u GIŠ.TIR ana \check{sipir} nabn $\bar{i}ti[ki]$ (see nabn $\bar{i}tu$ mng. 4b) RAcc. 46:28; note mummu qašti ana qí-šáti-ki . . . tūra return, frame of the bow, to your forests RA 46 36:42, also ibid. 34:26, dupl. STT 19:79 (SB Epic of Zu); referring to fragrant wood: I laid its (first) brick ina hurāşi kaspi abnī nisigti šūgurūtu hibišti GIŠ.TIR riqqē erēni upon (beads of) gold, silver, costly precious stones, cuttings of fragrant resins from the forest, aromatic plants, (and) cedar wood VAB 4 220 ii 1 and 226 ii 62 (Nbn.).

e) other occs. -1' in letters and adm.: 5 ÁB.HI.A nēšum ina GIŠ.TIR [...] a lion [killed?] five cows in the woods ARM 1 118:14; şābum . . . ana giš.tir.ra i[lliku: nim] ARM 14 25 r. 11'; in description of a field: A.ŠA pani GIŠ.TIR a field at the edge of the forest CT 45 121:4, cf. A.ŠÀ ... ugar pani GIŠ.TIR BE 6/1 83:7, 9, and 11, also A.ŠÀ ša pani qí-iš-tim CT 4 22c:7, wr. qi-is-ti CT 48 42:3 (all OB), cf. a.šà giš.tir.ma.nu Pettinato Untersuchungen 2 198 No. 779; PN u PN, ištu dimti ša ekalli ša ah GIŠ.TIR ilqû they took PN and PN2 from the palace district at the edge of the woods JEN 525:58, cf. ša pī GIŠ.TIR ibid. 70, ištu GIŠ.TIR ibid. 39; one thousand (tracts of land) ša kasal 1000 ša giš. TIR [...] TCL 13 230:10, cf. TIR (ša) É É.SAG.ÍL VAS 3 24:3 and 19 (both NB); 6 ūmāte a-di a-si-e ina giš.tir ūtammid šipra ēpušu I imposed (work? of) six days in the forest until, they did the work JCS 7 167 No. 62:5 (MA Tell Billa let.).

2' in lit. and omens: you broke his (the allallu bird's) wing izzaz (var. ašib) ina qí-šá-tim (var. GIŠ.TIR) išessi kappī (and now) he lives in the woods crying: My wing! Gilg. VI 50; sīsû etellu muttallû GIŠ.TIR.MEŠ [...] (incipit of šaziga inc.) Hunger Uruk 10:11; IGI.MEŠ-šu rīta qerbeta iše' i \na\rama ina namê qí-ša-ta (see qer: betu mng. 2e) LKA 15:4; kulpāšum šāmiţu qí-iš-tim dBIL.GI ezzum ša qabalšu nēret (you are a) $kulp\bar{a}su$ ax that cuts down the forest, Gibil, fierce (god), whose attack is deadly JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 8 v 19 (OB lit.); tūša gerêma qí-iš-tum igrēšu as if the forest itself had become hostile toward him RA 45 174:59 (OB lit.); $\bar{a}rid$ GIŠ.TIR-ia ul utarra ana arkišu him who goes down to my (the fox's) woods I do not let go back again Lambert BWL 200 r. iv 1; see also arādu A mng. 1a-12'; ultu dunni qí-šá(var. adds -a)-ti uṣâmma (the fire) came out of the depth of the forests (?) AfO 23 41:20 (inc.), also LKU 59:9, cf. ana giš.tir [giš].erin ridīma AfO 23

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41:25; $mannu \dots k\hat{\imath}$ DUMU DN $q\hat{\imath}$ - $\delta\hat{a}$ - $t\hat{\imath}$ ka uşarrip who like the son of Gubaba has burnt your forests? Biggs Saziga 18 r. 2; [am]mīni ana ki-rim api ugguli tazarru nablī [in]a giš.tir ša šābulat tugattar qutra (see qatāru v. mng. 3a) Lambert BWL 194:16; namāra / KASKAL^{II} šá GIŠ.GI u GIŠ.TIR (see namāru s.) JNES 33 332:38 (comm.); šumma GIŠ.TIR IGI.IGI-mar if (the patient fancies that) he sees a forest (followed by giš.gi canebrake and kirû date grove) Labat TDP 196:76; [Adad (GI)]. AMBAR.MEŠ u GIŠ.TIR.MEŠ irahhisamma ACh Adad 19:35, cf. GIŠ.GI GIŠ.TIR MÁŠ. ANŠE Adad irahhiş Labat Calendrier § 93:10, also ibid. p. 230 r. 12, GIŠ.GI.MEŠ GIŠ. Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 527 r. 11, cf. [lu ina gi]š.gi lu ina qí-šá-a-ti K.8037+:15 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert), for other occs. beside apu see apu A usage a; Adad GIŠ.TIR.MEŠ irahhis Adad will beat down the woods ACh Samas 8:4; nakru hurrī PÚ.MEŠ GIŠ.TIR.MEŠ u mah x [...] CT 20 7 K.5151:7 and dupl. 49:8 (SB ext.); dulbu šurathu balti ekalli[šu ...] kīma giš.tir eli tamirtišu tarānu ušašši he had plane trees and *šurathu* trees, the pride of his palace, [...] shade its environs like a grove TCL 3 206 (Sar.); kīma giš.tir erēni eli tamirti<šu>nu şillu tarşuma (in the high mountains everywhere covered with trees) a shadow lies over the region as if it were in a cedar grove TCL 3 16 (Sar.); kīma GIŠ.TIR hašūri irissu uštībšu I made its (the temple's) fragrance as sweet as a cedar grove (by roofing it with various woods) VAB 4 256 ii 5 (Nbn.), cf. mašdaļu bēli rabî Marduk kīma giš.tir erēni [...] 156 A v 51 (Nbk.); kî narkabti ubbuhat eperī tāhazi kî epinni ubbuhat eperī giš.tir. MEŠ like a chariot, she (the woman in childbirth) is enveloped in the dust of battle, like a plow she is enveloped in the dust of the woods Iraq 31 31:39 (MA inc.).

f) in descriptive names of insects, animals, and plants: buru₅.gán.na =

zi-za-nu, buru₅.gán.tir.ra = MIN qištum (vars. qiš-ti and qil-te) Hh. XIV 235 f.; see şarşaru A and zumbu lex. sections, cf. also Muš GIŠ.TIR forest snake CBS 7005 r. 12 (OB snake inc., courtesy I. L. Finkel); for plants see labubittu.

g) guards: [ma]-ṣa-ar GIŠ.TIR [...] utammi I made the guard of the forest take an oath Kraus, AbB 5 79:2; maṣṣar qí-iš-ti A XII/55:4 (Susa let., courtesy J. Bottéro), EN.NU.UN TIR UET 773 iii 33; [ann] ûtu iškarū [š] a URU Nuzi u LÚ.MEŠ [m] a-aṣṣa-ar ša GIŠ.TIR.MEŠ ina MN ūbiluni these (implements and baskets of food) are the delivery from Nuzi, and the forest guards brought it in MN HSS 13 315:28 (= RA 36 156); for other refs. see maṣṣaru mng. 1b-3'; note: PN u PN2 UGULA GIŠ.TIR.ḤI.A OECT 3 33:6 (OB let.); see also enungāllu.

qištu B s.; (a part of the head or of the body); lex.*

uzu.sag.du.e.fb, uzu.bar.sag, uzu.u₄.šú. uš, uzu.a.za.ad = $qi\delta$ -tum min (= qaq-qa-du) Hh. XV 6-8a; [...], uzu.bar.sag, kuš.tum (or $\langle E \rangle$.fb?), gur₅.ru, gur₅.uš, sú.uš.gur₅.gur₅. ru = min (= $qi\delta$ -tum) δa qaq-qa-di Nabnitu J 154a-159; tu-[u]m tum = qi- $i\delta$ -[tum] A VII/2:153.

qīštu (qīltu) s.; 1. gift presented to gods, votive offering, 2. gift, gratuity, baksheesh, 3. honorarium, fee, compensation; from OAkk. on; pl. qīšātu, stat. const. qīšti and qīšat (ARM 7 14:10 and passim in Mari and in OB and MB personal names, note Níg.BA-su-nu YOS 7 156:15, NB); wr. syll. and Níg.BA; cf. qāšu.

níg.ba = qi-i δ (var. -i ℓ)-tum Hh. I 5; níg.ba = $qi\delta$ -tu(var. -tum) Nabnitu J 68; níg.ba = qi-i δ -tum Erimhu δ III 173, also Nigga Bil. B 98; δ m.ba = níg.ba = qi-i δ -tu Emesal Voc. III 47; gi δ .gi δ immar.níg.ba = δ a $qi\delta$ -te Hh. III 321; δ e.níg.ba = min (= δ e-im) $qi\delta$ -tum Hh. II 112; gi δ .gu.za.níg.ba = δ a $qi\delta$ -ti Hh. IV 83.

ú U = bi-ib-lu, qi-iš-tum A II/4:22f.; [ti-il(?)] TI = qi-iš-tum A II/3 Section D 8; a.ri.a = qi-iš-tum (in group with piqittu, puquddû, nudunnû) Erimhuš V 36.

a.a.zu á.nam.ur.sag.gá.zu.šè níg.ba ha. ra.an.ba.è : abaka ana idi qarrādūtika qiš-tā liqīštu qīštu

 $qi\delta$ -ka (see $qarr\bar{a}d\bar{u}tu$) Angim II 31 (= 90), also 32 (= 91).

qiš-tum, šum-man-nu = bil-tum Malku IV 176f.; pu-us-su-u = šum-[man-nu], qí-iš-tu = bil-[tu] Malku VIII 158f.

1. gift presented to gods, votive offering $-\mathbf{a}$) in royal insers.: *šu* . . . qí-iš-tá-su iţṭiru he who takes away his (Inšušinak's) (votive) gift MDP 4 pl. 2 iv 11 (Puzur-Inšušinak); šar GN u GN₂ itti $irb\bar{i}$ uqí-ša-a-ti(var. -tim) mahar Šamaš . . . lu ušērib I brought the kings of Anšan and Serihum before Samaš with (other) gifts and presents RA 7 180 ii 14, var. from CT 32 1 ii 24 (NB Cruc. Mon. Maništušu), see JEOL 20 55:55, cf. ša. . . irba u qí-šá-a-ti šuhmu= tu mahar bēl bēlē (the king) who promptly brings (tribute, etc.) gifts and presents to the lord of lords VAS 1 37 ii 17 (Merodachbaladan II kudurru), cf. also AAA 20 pl. 90:16 qí-šá-a-ti ša kaspi u hurāşi ana ilāni Esagila lu addin I presented gifts of silver and gold to the gods of Esagila 5R 33 vi 10 (Agum-kakrime), cf. ibid. v 46; (the ša . . . qí-ša-a-tim mārī ummâni šunūti . . . ana Marduk u Sarpānītu uzak: kīšunūti who has released (and dedicated) these craftsmen to Marduk and Sarpānītu as presents ibid. vii 4; with $q\hat{a}su$: NÍG.BA-šu ana Ištar [... ana bal]āţišu i-qis AOB 1 52:7, see Grayson Chronicles 185; I offered holy sacrifices to the great gods \acute{u} -qa-i- $\mathring{s}a$ $q\acute{t}$ - $\mathring{s}a$ -a-tipresented (them) with gifts Rost Tigl. III pl. 21 (p. 56 n. 4) D.T. 3:10, cf. Winckler Sar. pl. 35:144, parallel Iraq 16 191:19, VAS 1 71 ii 22, cf. \acute{u} -qa-a-a- $i\acute{s}$ $q\acute{t}$ *ša-a-ti* OIP 2 81:29 (Senn.), cf. NfG.BA.MEŠ ana ilāni rabûti aq-qiš WO 2 150:83 (Shalm. III); mimma agru nişirte ekalliğu ina GN mahar DN ušēribuma i-qi-šu qi-šá-as-su they brought all kinds of precious things from the treasury of his palace to Haldia in GN and presented them to him as gifts TCL 3 + KAH 2 141:340 (Sar.); a-qiš ana qiš-ti Borger Esarh. 94:38 and r. 1.

b) in rit.: ina balu Níg.BA u kadrê mār bārî ašar dīni la iţeḥḥi the diviner must not approach the place of the oracular decision without a gift or offering BBR No. 1-20:117; abnē annûte ana Níg.ba.meš iddan these stones he gives as presents (to the gods enumerated) MVAG 41/3 10 ii 13 (MA rit.), cf. van Driel Cult of Aššur 130 vi 9, cf. also šarru šigû išassi nfg.ba ana ili *šuāti* BA RAcc. 38 r. 24, also (in connection with the šigû rit.) 4R Add. p. 10 to pl. 54 No. 2 obv.(!) 21, 36; ana DN NÍG.BA likrub he should offer a present to Adad Bab. 4 104:15, and passim in this text, cf. NÍG.BA lišrik CT 4 5:19, also (at the end of the rit.) NÍG.BA(var. adds .MEŠ) ana ilī šâšunu išakkan RA 21 132 r. 9, cf. also CT 23 7 ii 35; $[k\hat{\imath} \ \&ar]ru \ qi-\&a-a-te \ [a]nn\hat{a}[t]e \ it-ta-an$ n[u-...] as soon as the king gave (?) all these presents (to the god) ZA 50 194:9, cf. ibid. 8, also mimma anniu qe-el-t[u]ibid. 7 (MA rit.); qiš-tú-[š] ú iqabbi lumunšu [ipattar] he announces his gift (to the god), (and then) the evil will depart BBR No. 66 r. 19 (NA); DN bullitima Níg.BA-ki lege Gula, keep me in good health, accept your gift AMT 10,1 iii 5, also AMT 9,1 ii 47, 38,2 ii 6 + 42,4 ii $10 (= K\"{o}cher BAM 508 ii 10),$ dupl. Köcher BAM 509 i 9, AMT 45,5 r. 9, wr. qi-šat-ki Köcher BAM 533:47, qi-š- $t\acute{u}$ ibid. 577:5, qi-iš-t \acute{u} AMT 93,3:11; Nfg.BA-kamaḥrāta šamma ša balāţi idnamma you have received your gift, (now) give me the plant of life Köcher BAM 248 iv 34, and dupl. AMT 67 iv 27, cf. AAA 22 48 iii 19; izba itti şudûšu u qí-šá-ti-šú ana nāri tanaddi you throw the malformed animal together with travel provisions and gifts for it into the river Or. NS 34 127 r. 15 (namburbi), cf. KI.GAR tuqaddaš níg.ba tanaddinši Or. NS 39 143:19 (namburbi); with qâšu: ana ețemmē kimti kispa takassip Nfg.ba.meš ta-qa-su-nu-[ti] you present a funerary offering to the spirits of the dead of the family and give them gifts BBR No. 52:14, cf. ibid. 17; aq-ti-šak-ki Nfg.BA-ki $rab\overline{i}ti$ I present you with a great gift for you Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 134:117, cf. aq-qišak-ki ibid. 130:60, cf. also Nfg.ba ana Dumuzi BA-aš ibid. 185:12.

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c) other occs.: I recovered from my serious sickness and the god Apšukka of Irhanda asked me to enter into an association with him u mannummê ana ili šâšu niqê ša tapputti eppaš u NÍG.BA.HI.A ma'diš ubbal u uqnâtu ubbal and whoever makes the tappûtu offering to that god has to bring many gifts and also blue wool MRS 9 223 RS 17.383:40; (prisoners of war) NÍG. BA šarrim ana DN Speelers Recueil 250:5. cf. YOS 5 207:48, 57 (both OB); šumma ina MN šar māti . . . Níg.ba ana ili iddin if in MN the king of the country (builds a temple, etc., or) gives a present to a god Labat Calendrier § 32:1, cf. šumma parakku ana ilāni níg.ba.meš sa-[dir] if the king regularly brings gifts to the gods CT 40 8 K.2192:7 (SB Alu); the king nišėšu ana NÍG.BA i-qa-ás-su Hunger Uruk 3 r. 5 and 14; kaspu níg.ba ša PN PN2 mār šipri ša LÚ ša muhhi bītāni etir PN2, the deputy of the official in charge of the inner quarters, has received the silver, the gift of PN (to the temple?) VAS 4 85:1 (NB); PN . . . ana muhhi níg.ba.meš ša šarru iddin aptaqid . . . Níg.ba ša PN akanna $mah[r\bar{a}k]$ YOS 3 90:12 and 17 (NB let.).

2. gift, gratuity, baksheesh - a) in gen.: allānī erbī tiamti u qí-iš-tám šēbilam send me (with the fuller) acorns, shellfish, and a gift (?) OIP 27 6:6, cf. qi-iš-tám u šā $hir\bar{e}[n]$... šēbilim BIN 6 20:30 (both OA); when the brothers divide (the estate) qí-iš-ti abum iddinušum ileqqēma he (the preferred son) will take (first) the gift his father gave him, and (afterward they will divide the rest of the paternal estate equally) CH § 165:44; NÍG.BA [šà URU]-[šu] u şērišu... ana PN mārišu iddiššu he made a present (of his property) in the city and outside to PN, his (adopted) son MDP 22 1:6, cf. NÍG.BA $\delta \hat{a}$ URU- $\delta \hat{a}$ u EDIN- $\delta \hat{a}$ (in broken context) ibid. 133:6; a male slave Níg.ba PN ezib nudunnêša the gift for PN apart from her dowry YOS 8 71:3 (OB), cf. abī wardam šuāti kīma qí-iš-ti ana jāši liddina PBS 7 60:30, cf. [ana qi]-

i - t - i - i [...] luddin i [mma] ibid. 109:31; kaspam anniam ... ul šīmam anaddin ēriškama ana qí-iš-tim taddinaššu I will not pay this silver as a purchase price, I asked you (for it) and you gave it to me as a present ibid. 16:18; beli ana qíiš-ti-ia iddinaššu my lord gave it (the ass) to me as a present for me ARM 2 136:22; (various implements) ša ana qíiš-ti-[ka] nadnukum YOS 2 105:22; ammī= nim qí-siði-ta-ka la ikšudanni why has your gift not yet come to me? ABIM 15:26; zēram u ukullâm ša erēši šūbilam iniātum ša erēši lu gí-iš-ta-a-ka (see inītu A mng. 2b) YOS 2 126:15; inūma tallakam qí-išta-ka tammar when you come you will find a gift for you ibid. 66:13 (all OB letters); qí-ša-tim mādātimma lu-qí-si-im I want to give her (my daughter) many gifts ARM 2 51:21; PN has grown up in this palace from childhood ina qaran ši-ba(?)-ti-šu ana PN, ana NÍG.BA tanaddiššu (see garnu mng. 6a) ARM 10 57:9, cf. ibid. 97:11, 18, and 25; PN $k\bar{\imath}[ma]$ NÍG.BA- $\tilde{s}u$ $\tilde{s}a$ PN₂ 1 ANŠE. NITA . . . ana PN2 iddin PN gave a he-ass (etc.) as the gift due to PN₂ (his fatherin-law who gave him a mulūgu) HSS 19 79:14, also HSS 5 76:9, cited mulūgu; iddin= šumma ana qiš-ti-šú 2 ma.na ruššâ hurāşa (the mayor) gave him two minas of red gold as a gift STT 38:107, see AnSt 6 154 (Poor Man of Nippur), cf. i-qis-su-ma ana qiš $t[i-\check{s}\acute{u}\ en-z]a-a$ ibid. 143; and dumqi qí- $\check{s}\acute{a}$ a-ti u taşbâti ana mahrisunu ē tettiq do not approach them to get favors, presents, and gratification(?) AnSt 5 108:171 (Cuthean legend).

b) for services performed or expected: §a ṭaʾta Níg.BA.MEŠ u §ulmāna ina qāt mušadbibi u pāqirān eqli imaḥḥaruma idabbubu he who accepts any type of gratuity from someone who induces (him) to make a claim (on the field) or from a claimant to the field, and contests (the grant) BBSt. No. 11 ii 6, also RA 16 126 iii 18 (NB kudurrus); ina GN ana dummuqikunu minû qí-iš-ta-ku-nu what is your reward for your good deeds

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(done for the king) in Babylon? CT 4 2 r. 7. cf. dummiqma qí-iš-ta-ka eršanni VAS 16 131:27 (both OB letters); ješmi šarru bēlnu awâte ardūt kittišu u jadina Nfg.BA ana ardišu u tidaggalu ajābunu u tikkalu epra may the king, our lord, listen to the words of his faithful servants and give them a reward so that our enemies will see this and eat dust (i.e., be defeated) EA 100:33 (let. from the city of Irqata); qí-iš-ti šarrum [a]na rēdîm iddinu (if an officer takes away) the gift the king gave to a soldier CH § 34:59, cf. rēdâm udammaguma ... [ukt]annuma qí-iš-tam mattam ileggû ARM 1 27:23, see von Soden, Or. NS 21 78, cf. also (oil distributed) inūma qí-ša-at (UKU).UŠ $\bar{u}m$ Nfg.DU GAL at the occasion of the (giving of) gifts to the soldiers on the day of the banquet ARM 7 14:10, also 49:12 and 84:11', cf. the Elamites assum naptanem aššum qí-ša-«te»-ti-šu-nu nazqu (see naptanu mng. 1a) ARMT 13 32:15, also ibid. 20; [ašš]um qí-ša-at [LÚ].MEŠ GAL.KUD.MEŠ u laputtė ARM 5 3:6, cf. ibid. 13, ARM 4 74:17, 32, and 34; RN... and $abb\bar{e}$ Idamaraş qí-ša-tim i-qé-eš-ma RN used to give presents to the sheikhs of Idamaras Syria 19 109:28 (Mari let.); TÚG.HI.A ana qíša-tim ina qātim ul ibaššû there are no garments available for gifts (for the sheikh) OBT Tell Rimah 82:9, cf. ibid. 15; (garments) Níg.BA.MEŠ suhārē as gifts to the servants YOS 5 224:18, cf. ibid. 31: (oxen) Nfg.BA ekallim gift from the palace Riftin 56:7; houses given to PN NIG.BA LUGAL YOS 8 153:15; x silver NÍG.BA PN Riftin 52:2 and 6 (OB); silver qí-ša-at mārī šiprī ARM 7 117:8, (a silver cup) ša qí-iš-ti PN ibid. 9; 20 MA.NA annakum $\delta a \ qi-i\delta-ti$ PN $u \ PN_2$ RA 64 99:6 (Mari); note, given to insure a favorable decision by the king: qí-iš₇-ti mahar bēlija aškun I have presented my gift to my lord ARM 2 32:19; qi-iš-[tam . . .] idi[n] give baksheesh (to the spies, parallel: subātam lubbis) ARM 1 10:15; ½ MA.NA URUDU ana qí-iš-ti-šu idnašu give (pl.) him (the messenger) x copper as baksheesh ARM 10

175:24; hēpû ša nagbim lillikunimma gí-išta-šu-nu luddinšunūšim . . . šattum dannat aššum qí-iš-tim ana Mari nillakamma annānum alpūni . . . imaggutu let the hewers (?) of the come and I will give them the salary due them, (they said) The weather is severe, if we go to Mari for our salary, our herds will die here ARM 14 26:25 and 29; x silver for PN inuma qíiš-ti ša šarri ušēli when he brought the king's gift (in list of gifts on the occasion of a wedding) Wiseman Alalakh 409:10 (OB), cf. (uncert.): total: x silver for DUG. GAL.HI.A qi(?)-iš-ti (on the occasion of a wedding) ibid. 378:19 (OB); anumma sīsî ... ana Níg.ba ša ahija ultēbil now I am sending horses as a gift for my brother MRS 12 7B:7; IGI PN ah abi ša PN, 10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR NÍG.BA-su ilteqe (first) witness: PN, uncle of PN2 (the seller), he took ten shekels of silver as his gratuity (for renouncing his claims) PSBA 14 pl. after p. 146:35, cf. (first) witness PN (neighbor of the date grove sold) 3 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR qí-iš-tum ilteqe Dar. 37:32; qí-šá-a-tú i-qissu-nu-ti-ma ussiq isqetu (the king) gave them (the citizens of Babylon and Borsippa) grants and apportioned lots (to them) VAS 1 37 iii 34 (Merodachbaladan II kudurru); amat šarri šî mamma Níg.BA ul işabbat it is an order from the king; no one will accept baksheesh BIN 1 73:20 (NB let.).

c) in ceremonial exchanges between kings: qí-i-ša-a-ti.meš ša ahija ultēbi: lamma the gifts that my brother (Amenophis III) used to send me EA 29:83 (let. of Tušratta); annûti NÍG.BA.MEŠ MÍ. UŠ.MEŠ gabbašunuma all these bridal gifts (given to the groom) EA 22 iv 43 (list of gifts of Tušratta); I honored the messengers and the dragoman of my brother as I would a god Nfg.ba.meš ma-'-ta attatad: din[sunu] (and) always gave them many gifts (for you) EA 21:27 (let. of Tušratta); X SAL.TUR.SAL.MEŠ X LÚ.MEŠ asīrī nad: nati [a]na gāti PN NÍG.BA šarri bēlīja x girls (and) x prisoners I gave to PN as

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gifts for the king, my lord EA 288:22 (let. from Abdi-Hepa); minummê NÍG.BA.MEŠ-šunu liqbi u littinunim whatever gifts (the officer of my lord) asks for, let them give (them to him) EA 53:51 (let. from Qatna); minummê mārat RN šar Amurri lu kaspa lu $hurar{a}$ şa . . . lu igi.du $_8$.A lu níg.bA lu $tar{a}tu$... ša ina libbi māt Ugarit mārat RN ... ēpušu [g]abba ana RN2 šar Ugarit irtēļu whatever property of the daughter of RN, the king of Amurru, there is, be it silver or gold, or tribute(?), or gift or present that the daughter of RN has acquired (while) in Ugarit, all remains with RN₂, the king of Ugarit MRS 9 127 RS 17.396:8 (divorce); if a royal prince or a noble comes from the land of Hatti as a messenger to Ugarit u ša hadi libbi ša šar māt Ugarit ana maganni nadānšu liddin u ša la lib: bišu ana nadāni NÍG.BA-šu lu la inandin la rikiltu šūtu (see magannu A mng. 1) ibid. 83 RS 17.382+ :58 (edict of Muršili); ana Aššuraji ... mašrīssu ana Níg.ba-šu (Šuttarna) gave the Assyrian ittadin(king) his (Tušratta's) treasures as a gift KBo 1 3:7 (treaty); $halsi GN \dots ana PN ša$ māt GN₂ ana Níg. BA-šu attadin I gave the fortress of GN to PN (the ruler) of GN2 as a gift ibid. 1:26.

d) given among gods: Anu, Enlil, and Ea \acute{u} -qa-i- $\acute{s}u$ -u \acute{s} q \acute{t} - $\acute{s}\acute{a}$ -a-ti presented gifts to him (Marduk) En. el. V 80, cf. (the net) qí-iš-ti abišu Ani the gift of his father Anu ibid. IV 44; ilū mahrišu lišēribu ka: drāšun may the gods bring their gifts before him (Marduk) ibid. VII 110, with comm.: qí-šá-a-tú ša ina MN ištu UD.6. KAM adi UD.12.KAM nadna the gifts that are given in the month of Nisannu from the sixth to the twelfth day CT 13 32 r. 6; qiš-tú Ea ana Qingu i-qiš (in broken context) LKA 73 r. 9; mār-šipriki lillikamma paššūra liptur giš-ta-a-ka limhur may your messenger come to me, may he remove (the dish) from the table, receive the gift (of food) for you STT 28 i 36 (Nergal and Ereškigal), see AnSt 10 110.

- e) bestowed by gods on men -1' in royal insers.: ana šuāti DN u DN2 ana RN ... šulmam u balāṭam ... ana qí-i[š]-tim li-qí-šu-šum ana šeriktim lišrukušum therefore may Zababa and Ištar bestow on Samsuiluna as a gift, give him as a present well-being and life RA 63 37:151 (Samsuiluna), cf. (Samaš) ana qí-iš-ti-šu iddissum gave him (scepter and mace) as a gift RA 61 42:122, corr. to Sum. níg.ba.ni.šè mu.na.an.sum YOS 9 36:117, dupl. 37:119f., cf. [ana širikti liš]= rukšu u ana qiš-ti [liqīssu] JAOS 88 127 ii b 10 (NB votive); Ištar, the Lady of Battle qaštu dannatu šiltahu šamru i-qi-šá-an-ni ana qiš-ti presented me a strong bow (and) a fierce javelin as a gift (parallel: išruka širiktī) Borger Esarh. 46 ii 39; DN tupšar gimri ihzī nēmeqišu i-qí-šá-an-ni ana qiš-ti Nabû, the scribe of the universe, presented me the precepts of his wisdom as a gift (parallel: išruka širikte) Streck Asb. 254 i 11.
- 2' in personal names: Qi-iš-ti-Nabium YOS 13 138:3, Qí-ša-at-Sin UET 5 114:23 (OB), cf. Qi-šat-Sin BE 14 19:8 (MB), Qiiš-ti-Irra UET 5 706:4, cf. TCL 1 238:52, ARM 10 9:5, and passim in OB; Qí-iš-ta-mur-ri JENu 799:13, also, wr. Qí-il-ta-mu-li HSS 9 75:4, HSS 16 333:19, etc., see Cassin Anthroponymie 184 sub Qīšt-Amurri; NÍG.BA-dMarduk KAJ 95:19, cf. 235:5 (MA), BE 14 7:37, BE 15 157:4 and 21 (MB), ABL 1016:1 (NB); Qi-ištum UET 5 252:3, BIN 7 3:4, YOS 13 135:2, 4, TLB 4 42:12, and passim in OB, Qi- $i\dot{s}$ -tiMDP 23 218:6, and passim in Elam; Qi-ša-tum BE 17 56:4 (MB); Nfg.BA-ia VAS 1 70 ii 13 and v 14 (NB), Qi-iš-te-ia HSS 14 619:19, etc., see Cassin Anthroponymie 1 84 sub Qišteia.
- 3. honorarium, fee, compensation a) in gen.: šumma itinnum bītam ana awīlim īpušma ušaklilšum ana 1 sar bītim 2 gín kù.Babbar ana qí-iš-ti-šu inaddiššum (see itinnu A usage b-1') CH § 228:62, cf. (referring to the fee of a boatwright) ibid. § 234:8; x silver Nfg.Ba ša asumitti as fee for a stela VAS 4 39:1 (NB); Nfg.Ba-su

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PN ana PN₂ inandin PN will give (x silver) to PN, as his fee (in other contracts called idu) (for teaching the apprentice carpentry) Zeitschrift für die Kunde des Morgenlandes 2 pl. after p. 324:9, see Oelsner, WO 8 316f.; 50 GUR ŠE.BAR NÍG.BA-su-nu u 6 GUR PAD.HI.A-šu-nu šatammu qīpu u PN inandinšunūti uttata a 50 gur ina MN inandinu' u PAD.HI.A ina MN2 inan= the *šatammu* official, the *qīpu* official, and PN will give them fifty gur of barley as their salary and six gur as their food portion, the fifty gur they will give in the month of Ajaru, the food portion they will give in Sabāţu YOS 7 156:15, cf. ibid. 6; $k\bar{u}m$ isqi atûtu PN NfG. BA ana PN₂ iq-ti-iš PN gave PN₂ (x silver) as compensation for the income of the doorkeeper's office VAS 5 37:16; (concerning) my field that you received as security from PN Nfg.ba qí-ša-an-ni-ma ummāt eglēti luddakkamma zēra šuāti panīka lidgul PN2 10 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR NÍG. BA ana 'PN, i-qi-iš give me compensation and I will give you the documents concerning the fields so that this field may belong to you, PN2 gave ten shekels of silver to 'PN3 (and 'PN3 handed over the documents to PN₂) Cyr. 337:11 and 14 (all NB).

b) (in Nuzi) given in lieu of purchase price to the person who adopts the buyer of inalienable property to make possible its acquisition by the buyer: PN gave a field to PN₂ as his inheritance share uPN₂ ina ūmi annî x annaka kīma NIG.BA-šu ana PN iddin and the same day PN2 gave x tin to PN as his compensation HSS 5 56:15, HSS 19 39:26, and passim in adoption contracts, wr. $k\bar{\imath}ma$ qi-il-ti- δu JEN 530:5, also 86:9, 411:11, cf. $[k\bar{i}ma]$ qi-il-ti-i-ni JEN 591:17, ana qí-iš-ti-i-šu JEN 439:8, kīma NÍG.BA-ti HSS 9 19:26, $k\bar{\imath}ma$ Nfg.ba.meš- $\check{s}u$ JEN 402:13, note $k\bar{i}ma$ Nfg.PA- $\delta\acute{u}$ JEN 29:14; note in an exchange transaction: (x land) PN kīma nfg.ba-ti ana Tehiptilla iddin u Tehiptilla x še.meš kīma níg.ba-šu ana PN iddin JEN 556:3 and 6, cf. RA 23 152 No. 44:8; note also (not styled as adoption) PN gave a field to PN₂ i-na bi-ta e- $p\acute{e}$ - $\acute{s}i$... u PN₂ $q\acute{s}$ (text $d\acute{s}$)-il-ta 1 alpa ittadin ana PN HSS 13 20:6, (as purchase price? for a slave) HSS 19 42:5, cf. also JEN 555:5.

For ki-mil-tu misinterpreted as qí-iš-tu and wr. Nfg.BA, see kimiltu, and add possibly Labat Calendrier § 41':22, cited bâru B usage a. In ACh Adad 8:7 and 36:10 read Nfg.NA.ME.

qīšu adj.; granted, given as a present, as a votive gift; from OAkk., OB on; cf. qâšu.

- a) in gen.: ilānišunu kî qi(var. qiš)šu-te ana Aššur... lu aqīš their gods I presented as votive gifts to DN KAH 2 83:17 (Adn. II), var. from AfO 3 158 r. 13 (Aššurdān II).
- b) in personal names: Qì-šum MAD 1 p. 198f. s.v. Gi-šum (OAkk.); Qi-iš-Nu-nu Granted-by-DN YOS 13 418:17, Qi-iš-dBa-ú UET 5 707:28, and passim in OB, cf. YOS 13 102:6, 374:10; Qi-iš-DN BE 14 43:16, BE 15 131:8 (MB); Qi-iš-dMAR.TU KAJ 161:4, 8, 65:4, 13 (MA), cf. Qi-iš-A-mu-ur-ri JEN 456:4, Qi-iš-Ku-bi AASOR 16 28:16, 57:30 (Nuzi).

qīšu $(q\bar{e}\tilde{s}u)$ s.; thicket; OB, SB; cf. $qi\tilde{s}tu$ A.

gi. úš gi. henbúr (še.kak) ambar giš. gi giš. tir. su_x(BU). gá ba. dím ú. šim. edin. na ba. dù [kur. ku]r. ra ambar giš. gi. na. [nam]: uššu ditta appāri qanā u qí-šú ibtani urqīt ṣēri ibtani ma-ta-a-tum appāri apumma he created the mature and the tender reed, the reed marsh, the reeds and the thicket, he created the vegetation of the open country, all lands were indeed reed marsh CT 13 37:25 ff.

qi-šum = MIN (= qi-iš-tum) CT 18 4 iv 9.

ina qí-ši [u api] išīhu šammī in thicket and reed marsh vegetation grew profusely Lambert BWL 177:18, also (in broken context) ibid. 165:4; apu u qí-šá ušahrarma kî ^dGIŠ. BAR aqa[mmu] I will devastate caneqišubbû qitmu

brake and reed thicket, burning them like the Fire god Cagni Erra IIc 28, cf. api $u \neq i-i-ši \text{ (var. } \neq e-su) \neq i-sah-rib\text{ (var. } -ra)$ ma kî dGIŠ.BAR iqmi ibid. IV 149; ina api girrāku ina qí-ši magšarāk in the reeds I am the fire, in the thicket I am the magšaru ax ibid. I 113, cf. (in broken context) ibid. IIIc 61; [in]a [q]i-i-ši (var. <math>qi(?)-še) danni liktappiru gupn[ūšu] apu ša nēreba $[l]a i \check{s} \hat{u} li[h] tassisu qan \bar{u}[\check{s}u]$ in the strong thicket may the trees be cut down, may the reeds of the impenetrable reed thicket be broken ibid. I 71; ēmi qí-i-šum-ma (var. $ki \, {}^{d}I$ - $\S um$ -ma) ibid. IV 145, see Cagni Erra p. 244 f.; ID.MEŠ TUR.MEŠ apu qí-šu iku palgu quppu kappu namkaru šiqīnu (see apu A usage a) JNES 15 134:63 (lipšur lit.); melemmū iḥalliqu ina qí-ši-im the radiance will disappear from the forest Gilg. O. I. 11, see Greengus Ishchali 277:15.

For alap $qi\bar{s}i$ (or $ki\bar{s}i$) "buffalo(?)," see alap $ki\bar{s}i$.

qišubbû see kišubbû.

qītājû adj.; final; SB; wr. syll. and BE with phon. complement; cf. qatû v.

nishu qí-ta-a-a-ú final excerpt KAR 63 r. 22, wr. nishu BE-a-a-u ACh Supp. 2 72 r. 9, see Hunger Kolophone No. 199 and 508.

qitajulu s.; daze(?); SB; cf. qâlu A.

qi-ta-a-a-u-lu = bi-ki-tu Izbu Comm. 157; gir-ra-a-ni = bi-[ki-tum], qi-ta-a-a-u-lu = qu-u-[lu] Lambert BWL 36 comm. to line 106 (Ludlul Comm.).

ūmu šutānuhu mūšu girrāni arhu qí-ta-a-a-ú(var. -u)-lu idirtu šattu by day there is sighing, by night lamentation, (all) month daze, gloom (all) year Lambert BWL 36:106 (Ludlul II), for comm., see lex. section; ina mūši pulhu ina kal ūmi qí-ta-a-a-ú-lu GAR-šu KAR 42:13 and dupls., see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 56:9, cf. qí-ta-a-a-ú-lum GAR-šú Labat Calendrier § 37:8, 38:8, p. 220:19f., p. 222:15f.

**qitbulu (AHw. 924a) see qubbulu disc. section. In Winckler Sar. 168 (= pl. 48:6) read BU.BU.LU = šite'u, and delete this ref. sub kitpulu.

qitimu see qitmu.

qitītu s.; (a garment); syn. list.* qi-ti-tu = lu-bu-uš-tu Malku VI 85, from STT 393.

Variant to kitītu, q.v.

qitmu (qitimu) s.; 1. (a black dye), 2. black discoloration; OB, Mari, SB; wr. syll. and IM.SAHAR.GI₆.KUR.RA.

im.sahar.gi₆.kur.ra = qit(var. qi-ti)-mu (between annuharu and aban $gab\hat{u}$) Hh. XI 312; im.sahar.g[i₆.kur.ra] = [q]it-mu = $[NA_4 ga-bi-i]$ Hg. B III 134a, in MSL 7 113.

- 1. (a black dye) -a) in gen.: hisihtiaškāpim ina gātim ul ibašši hūratam gíit-ma-am u annuhara liqtam ša mahriki ibaššû šūbilim there are no materials available for the leather worker, send $h\bar{u}ratu$ dye, q., and choice(?) annuharu from what is available to you OBT Tell Rimah 128:16; qi-it-ma-am u annuharam ana miţīt ekallim kaspam nittanaddinma ništana'am (see miţītu mng. 1e) ARMT 13 ef. annuharam q[i-i]t-ma-a[m] ukiprêm ana hišihtim ša ekallim liššûnim ibid. 16, cf. also $qi-it-\lceil ma-am \rceil$ (in broken context) ARM 5 72:16; 1 (BÁN) qí-it-mu CT 51 25:1 (OB); x is the coefficient of qi-it-mu-um MCT 136:27, see Or. NS 29 305; x gold ša qí-it-mi-im (parallel: ša și*ir-pi-im* line 6) Riftin 50:12.
- b) in med. and pharm.: Ú NUMUN qit-mi: Ú NUMUN.NÍG.GÁN.GÁN A 3476:4 (Uruanna App.); Ú qit-ma: Ú NA4 ga-bi-i Uruanna III 507; IM.SAḤAR.GI6.KUR.RA ina mê išattīma ine'eš he drinks q. in water and gets well Köcher BAM 396 i l; annuḥara qit-<ma> ina KUŠ (you wear) alluḥaru mineral and q. in a phylactery Köcher BAM 311:24, also, wr. [IM.SAḤA]R.BABBAR. KUR.RA IM.SAḤAR.GI6.KUR.RA ibid. 245:7, IM.SAḤAR.BABBAR.KUR.RA IM.SAḤAR.GI6.

qitpu qitrubu

KUR.RA IM.SAḤAR.NA4.KUR.RA (among ingredients for a lotion) ibid. 168:8, IM. SAḤAR.NA4.KUR.RA IM.SAḤAR.GI6.KUR. RA (for a salve) ibid. 3 i 7, Küchler Beitr. pl. 20 iv 38, also IM.SAḤAR.GI6.KUR.R[A . . .] AMT 5,5:3 (= Köcher BAM 494 iii 22); IM.SAḤAR.⟨NA4⟩.KUR.RA IM.SAḤAR. GI6.KUR.RA (followed by various colored earths) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 iii 24 (pharm. inv.).

- c) in comparisons: *šumma awīlum šārassu kīma qi-it-mi ṣalmat* if a man's hair is as black as q. AfO 18 66 ii 37 (OB physiogn.), parallel Kraus Texte 3b ii 51, dupl. 4c ii 25, cf. (a star) *kīma qit-mi iš-*[...] LKU 108:16.
- 2. black discoloration: aššum nubal hurāṣim qi-it-mi nussuḥi[m] bēlī uwa': eranni ina qi-it-mi-im iltukuma ul innasiḥ concerning the removal of the black discoloration on the golden chariot, my lord has given me orders, they tried (to work) on the black discoloration but it could not be removed ARMT 13 18:6 and 8, cf. aššum . . . qi-it-mi-im nasāḥim . . . qi-ti-im-šu lissuḥu ibid. 21:3 and 6; note the play on words: kīma qit-mi liktumuši kišpūša (see katāmu mng. 1d) Maqlu V 36. Meissner, MAOG 13/2 25f.
- qitpu s.; 1. picking (of grapes), 2. plucked dates; OA, NB; cf. qatāpu. [zú.lum.pa.kud].da = qit-pu Hh. XXIV 250.
- 1. picking (of grapes): i-qi-ti-ip karrānim išaqqulu they will repay (the loan) at (the time of) the grape picking BIN 4 186A:6 and B:8, cf. ina qi-ti-ip kirānim I 697:12, cited Matouš, Studies Landsberger 181 n. 44, also Kienast ATHE 67:14, Jankowska KTK 80:19.
- 2. plucked dates: see Hh. XXIV, in lex. section; 13 GUR qi-it-pu Nbn. 708:9. In ICK 2 116:9 read [a-n]a ši-mì-im [lá t]a-da-ši (coll. M. T. Larsen).

Landsberger, JNES 8 294; von Soden, Or. NS 37 270.

qitrubiš adv.; close, in a close battle; OB, SB; cf. qerēbu.

- a) close: [mu]ttiš Anšar qit-ru-bi-iš (var. qit-ru-biš) tehēma advance close in front of Anšar En. el. II 100.
- b) in a close battle: nakram qí-it-ru-bi-iš tekkim (for parallel see qerbiš) you will capture the enemy in a close battle YOS 10 36 i 47 (OB ext.), cf. qí-it-ru-bi-iš nakrum ikkimka ibid. 45, qit-ru-biš nakru ikkimka KAR 428:51, qit-ru-biš nakra adâk ibid. 35 (SB ext.).

qitrubu s.; attack, melee; SB; cf. qerēbu.

The king ša ina qi-it-ru-ub bēlūtišu šarrāni ekdūte la pādûte . . . pâ ištēn ušaš: kin who by his lordly attack has forced fierce and merciless kings to accept one supremacy AKA 196 iii 13, cf. AKA 219:14 (Asn.), also (in broken context) qi-it-ru-ub KAH 2 70:5 (Tigl. I); 390 rīmāni ina nar: kabātija pattûte ina qi-it-ru-ub bēlūtija adūk I killed 390 wild bulls from my hunting chariot in my lordly attack Iraq 14 34 ii 88, AKA 205 iv 76 (Asn.), ina qi-itru-ub meţlūtija adūk (in same context) WO 1 472 iv 43, cf. KAH 2 112 r. 10 (Shalm. III), Scheil Tn. II r. 53, AKA 139 iv 10 (Tigl. I), for other refs. see metlūtu mng 2a; chariots, horses, wagons, (and) mules ina qit-ru-ub tāḥazi umašširu ikšuda qātāja which he left behind during the melee I myself seized OIP 2 24 i 26, also 56:7, cf. narkabāti adi sīsēšina ša ina git-ru-ub tāhazi danni rākibūšin dīkūma u šina muš: šurama the horse-drawn chariots, whose riders had been slain during the violent melee, and which themselves were running free ibid. 46 vi 20, also AfO 20 94:105; rabûteja qit-ru-ub tāḥazi nakri elišun idninma ul ile'û mahāršu (see danānu mng. 1b-2') OIP 2 50:22 (all Senn.); qit-ru-ub tāḥazišu dannu nablu muštahmitu the attack of his fierce battle is a blazing flame Borger Esarh. 97 r. 13; I, Assurbanipal ša ina qibītiša rabīti ina qit-ru-ub tāḥazi ikkisu qitrudu qitu

qaqqad PN sar GN who at her (Ninlil's) great command cut off the head of Teumman, the king of Elam, in close combat Streek Asb. 274:4.

qitrudu adj.; valiant, brave; OB, SB; ef. qardu.

taq-ri-du, šá-ka-du = qit-ru-du Malku I 31 f.; qí-it-ru-du = qít-ma-lu Explicit Malku I 152.

- a) as epithet of gods: zikir ummišu išmiam qurādum qì-it-ru-ud tāḥazim igda: puš šadîš[(šu) igguš?] the hero (Ningirsu) heard the word of his mother, the one valiant in battle took heart (and) [turned toward?] (his) mountain RA 46 92:74, cf. ibid. 94:73 (OB Epic of Zu); (Nergal) dan: dannu q[i]t-ru-du bēl abāri BMS 46:16, see Ebeling Handerhebung 114.
- b) as epithet of kings: (Sargon) qitru-du la ādir tuqmāte the brave one, fearless in battle Lyon Sar. 4:25; mār PN šakkanakku qit-ru-du pālih ilī u ištarāti anāku I (Nabonidus) am the son of Nabūbalāssu-iqbi, the brave governor, who reveres the gods and goddesses VAB 4 252 No. 6 i 9 (Nbn.).
- *qitrunu see gitrunu.
- *qittu see qīdātu.

qītu s.; 1. end, termination, 2. putting an end to; RS, MA, SB, NB, LB; wr. syll. and TIL; cf. qatû v.

til.la = qí-i-tum Izi J iii 13. EN aḥ-ra-a-ti a-di qí-it K.148 obv. 17.

1. end, termination — a) in temporal use — 1' in gen.: qi-it palēšu lišīmašu may (Aššur) decree for him termination of his dynasty Weidner Tn. 26 No. 15:65, cf. ana qi-it palē šar GN halāq mātišu Piepkorn Asb. 63 v 7, also qi-i-it palê (in broken context) AfO 18 42:24 (Tn.-Epic), for refs. wr. TIL palê see taqtītu; TIL ūmē end of the days (of life) (apodosis) Kraus

Texte No. 3b r. iii 51, CT 28 29:3, CT 38 28:24, 47:42, CT 40 34:15 and 19, parallel TCL 6 8 r. 10 and 14, and passim in apod., also, wr. qi-it Labat Calendrier 226 KAR 471:8 and 12; i-sur-ti qi-it ūmīšu lemni ša ittanamdaru . . la ikaššadaššumma the fate (?) of a bad end to his days that he fears should not befall him IM 67692:329 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); [...]-zi qi-it bu-ḤA-ri-šu (in broken context) Ugaritica 5 168:10; note qi-ti niqî Labat Suse 11 iii 20.

2' in time indications: *§umma ina* MN Šamaš ina til $\bar{u}mi$ i-na-'-dir if in MN the sun becomes eclipsed at the end of the day ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 70:30, cf. a-di qí-ti UD-mi ^dUTU a-kim ibid. 27; šumma A dad ina qí-it $\bar{u}mi$ [...] ibid. 96:9; Sin ultu UD.14.KAM adi qí-it arhi [. . .] ACh Ištar 7:75; the king of Elam ina til MN ana Sippar īrub entered Sippar at the end of Tašrītu CT 34 48 ii 39 (Bab. Chron.), cf. adi TIL arhi tukšū ša kur Gu-ti-um bābāni ša Esagil ilmû until the end of the month the shield (-bearers) of GN kept the gates of Esagil surrounded BHT pl. 14 iii 16 (Nbn. Chron.); ITI BI KI.LAM še-im ina SAG ITI 3 PI ina MURUB₄ ITI 3 PI 4 BÁN ina TIL IT[I . . .] in that month at the beginning of the month 3 PI, in the middle of the month 3 PI 4 BÁN, at the end of the month [x] barley could be bought (for one shekel of silver) LBAT 339 r. 6, also (referring to the price of dates) LBAT 304:10; naṣār ša ginê ša ultu MN EN TIL MN, MU.X.KAM observations from MN of year x to the end of MN₂ of year x LBAT 256 r. 16', and passim in diaries; ina TIL šatti šE ša māt Akkadi Adad irahhiş at the end of the year Adad will beat down the barley (crop) of Akkad K.2282:3, cf. ACh Ištar 20:87, 90; bel niqî TA qi-ti MU.1.KAM imat Labat Suse 6 i 19 (ext.), cf. ina mu bi ina til mu šarru imât K.3780(+)6227 i 9 (astrol.); adi TIL ša MN kurummata atta bēlu ittannaššunūti u anāku adi qí-it MN, kurummata attannaš: šunūti up to the end of MN you, (my) lord, used to provide them with food, and

qītu qītu

I used to provide them with food up to the end of MN, YOS 3 190:10 and 12 (NB let.); ina rēš šatti u qí-it šatti attatṭal mirītī from the beginning to the end of the year I (the ox) find pasture for myself Lambert BWL 178:26 (SB fable); ištu Nisanni ša re-eš šatti adi Addari ša qí-it šatti IM 67692:237 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert); [...] ša ul[tu...] adi TIL MN ša MU.2.KAM Hunger Kolophone No. 180:3; ultu rēš adi qí-it aḥḥū aḥāmeš nīni from the beginning to the end we are partners CT 22 155:17 (NB let.).

3' in contractual stipulations: ahi kaspi ina rēš šatti ahi kaspi ina qí-it <šatti> inandin he will pay part of the silver at the beginning of the year, part of the silver at the end of the year BRM 178:7, cf. Nbn. 1030:16, rēšu šatti x GÍN kaspa ša mīnišu mahhar inandin qí-it šatti ša x gín kaspi . . . inandin VAS 5 16:9, cf. ahi kaspi ina mišil šatti u rīhti kaspi ina gí-it šatti inaddin Nbn. 299:7; x kaspa adi qi(!)-it šá MN inandin u x kaspa adi gí-it šatti inandin UCP 9 70 No. 62:4 and 6; adi qi-it šanātišu kurummāti u TÚG muşiptu PN ana PN₂ inandin up to the end of his (PN₂'s) apprenticeship years PN will provide food and clothing to PN₂ Zeitschrift für die Kunde des Morgenlandes 2 p. 324:14 (apprenticeship contract), also Camb. 245:10, adi qi-it šanātišu urabbi up to the end of the years of his (lease) he will raise (plants in the date grove) VAS 5 49:12, cf. ibid. 110:16, Camb. 43:8 and 13, adi qi-it šatti . . . ana makkūr Eanna ittir by the end of the year he will pay (the barley and dates) to the exchequer of Eanna TCL 13 182:24, cf. Dar. 247:2, 280:15, cf. ina qi-it mu.an.na.meš a₄ 2-ta VAS 5 121:13, also 115:14; adannu adi qi-it ša MN . . . iškunuma they set a term until the end of MN Moldenke 2 No. 53:5, also AJSL 27 219:5; share of a prebend adi qi-it arhi Bagh. Mitt. 5 204 No. 4:3; ultu qí-it MN bītu ina panīšu the (rented) house is at his disposal from the end of MN on BRM 1 85:26, cf. bītu ša PN adi qí-it ša MN ina pani PN₂ YOS 6 172:7; x kaspu idi

bīti . . . ša ultu MN MU.14.KAM adi qí-it MN₂ MU.16.KAM RN . . . PN ina qat PN₂ mahir PN has received from PN, x silver, the rent for a house from the month of Sabāţu, 14th year, to the end of the month of Tašrītu, 16th year, of Nabonidus Nbn. 967:4, cf. Dar. 154:6, PBS 2/1 130:3, TCL 13 197:2, and passim, mostly for a period month I to month XII; (payment for) urāšu service ša ultu ud.1.kam ša mn adi qí-it mn, Tum 2-3 220:5, VAS 6 160:4, also (omitting UD.1.KAM) TuM 2-3 222:7, cf. ultu sag MN . . . adi qiit MN₂ Dar. 206:3; x kaspu qaqqadu ša PN ina muhhi PN2 adi qí-it arhi ša MN kaspu ina muhhišu ul irabbi kî ina qí-it arhi ša MN PN2 PN3 ītabkamma ana PN ittannu PN2 zaki kî PN, la ītabka la ittannu ultu gí-it arhi ša MN ina 1 šigli rebūt kaspi ina muhhišu irabbi x silver, the principal belonging to PN, is owed by PN₂, until the end of MN (the amount of) silver that he owes will not increase. If at the end of MNPN₂ hands over PN₃ to PN, PN₂ is cleared. If PN₂ does not hand over PN₃, (then) from the end of MN on, the silver that he owes will accumulate interest (at a rate of) one quarter per shekel VAS 4 5:1ff., cf. kî adi qí-it arhi ša MN PN la ittalkima RA 1 3:2; ina qí-it ša MN utarrima ana PN inandin Nbk. 3:5, Camb. 93:5, AnOr 8 24:5, YOS 7 160:10, Nbk. 436:1, Nbn. 772:14, and passim in similar clauses in NB; hubullu(UR5.RA) kaspišu ša adi qí-it ša MN . . . PN ina qāt PN2 ețir PN has been paid the interest on his silver up to the end of MN by PN2 VAS 4 53:1, cf. ibid. 123:2, Camb. 96:16, and passim; adi qi-it ša MN PN illakam dibbīšu itti PN, ugatta by the end of MN PN will have settled his litigation with PN₂ TuM 2-3 213:1, cf. ina qí-ti arhi ša MN PN amīlutti ibbakamma BRM 1 30:1, also TuM 2-3 1:19; note rarely wr. TIL, e.g., ina TIL MN inandin VAS 4 12:4, ina TIL ša MN ibid. 117:6, cf. Nbk. 45:5, adi TIL MN VAS 4 129:3, 106:1, TCL 12 104:4 and 12, TCL 13 198:3, adi TIL ša MN RA 14 155 D.17:3 and 7, Dar. 368:18, 577:7, CT 4 41c:18, Nbk. 16:10, etc., wr. qí-TIL VAS 6 150:2, Dar. 61:6.

qû A

b) in spatial use: rēš mihilti u qí-it mihilti ana šinīšu išassû they read the beginning and the end of (each) line twice (i.e., as acrostic) JAOS 88 130:13, parallel ibid. 132:11; [...] ultu rēšišu adi TIL-šú [Aries?] from its beginning to its end JCS 6 66:9, cf. TCL 6 19 r. 20, see Hunger, ZA 66 249; ultu qí-ti MÚL.UR.GU.LA Hunger Uruk 94:31, cf. ibid. 39; on the 24th Venus ina NIM ina TIL RÍN ŠÚ set in the east in the end of (the zodiacal sign) Libra LBAT 236 r. 17, and passim in astron. diaries.

- c) other occs.: naphar 60 MU.BI adi qí-ti-šu-nu in all, sixty omens, up to the end Labat Suse 9:43 (Izbu); Enūma eliš [ištu rēš]išu adi TIL-šu . . . [i]našši he recites Enūma eliš from its beginning to its end RAcc. 136:281, cf. ZAG.TIL.LA.BI.ŠÈ (Akk. reading uncert.) LKU 10 r. 16, see Hunger Kolophone 83, for other refs. see ibid. p. 181 index s.v. zA.TIL.LA.BI.ŠÈ.
- 2. putting an end to: bajāru ana imērī ikappuda qabl[a] ana qi-it napištišunu usaḥḥana pataršu the hunter was planning an attack on the (wild) donkeys, to put an end to their life he his knife LKA 62:6, see Ebeling, Or. NS 18 35 (MA lit.).

For ki-i-tu UCP 9 p. 58 No. 2:10 see kittu A mng. 1b-1'. In UET 4 36:13 read maltītu, q.v.

qi'u (or qin'u) s.; envious, jealous person; NA*; of. $qen\hat{u}$.

EN qi-'i sa $t\bar{e}mu$ i-sá-kan-u-ka-nu-u-ni \acute{u} -sá-an-za-ru-ka-nu-ni an envious man who gives you orders and makes you detested (?) Wiseman Treaties 328; qi-'- \acute{u} sa LUGAL [. . .] (in broken context) K.8779:11 (NA lit.).

von Soden, Or. NS 46 193.

qû A $(g\hat{u})$ s.; 1. flax, 2. thread, string, 3. filament, capillary (on the exta and the body), 4. net, web; from OB on; wr. syll. and GU (SìLA Labat Suse 4 r. 43ff.); cf. $g\bar{u}i\check{s}$.

 $[gu.NU], [...].gu = qu-\dot{u}, [...].a(?) = MIN$ $u\dot{s}(?)-\dot{s}u-ru-tum$ (followed by $qalp\bar{u}tu$ and other, fragmentarily preserved, varieties) Hh. XIX 313 ff.; [gu . . .] = [x]-x qé-e ibid. 324 f.; gu (var. gú) = qu-ú (var. $q\dot{u}$ -ú-um) Erimhuš IV 56; [gu-ú] GU = [qu-ú] Sb I 347; [gu-u] [GU] = [qu]-ú Recip. Ea A 20; [. . .] $_{\rm GU}^{\rm GU}\times=qu$ -u x [. . .] A V/4 Section B 10'ff.

[mu-u]g MUG = su-b[a-tum(?)], $q\hat{u}-u$ VIII/2:102f.; giš.GAM.sa.dù = kan-nu = qu kiplum, giš. éš. sa. dù = na-ah-ba-lu = min na-ah-balim, giš.ka.mar, giš.par.ru = ka-ma-ru = MIN (= qu na-ah-ba-lim) Hg. B I 42-45, in MSL 6 79; [... g]áb, [...].gáb, [...].x, [...].x = e-de-pu šá qé-e Nabnitu F ii 16ff.; [gi] š.bal.tur.ra = (pilaq-qu) šá qu qá-tim Hh. VI 24; nundun.gu. bar.ra = ša-ap-ta-an ša ina qá-e bi-e-[ra(or -ša)] Kagal D Section 9:8; [gul.šakán(text.gu) = $[q]\hat{u}-u^{d}GiR = (Hitt.)^{d}GiR-aš ha-an-za-na-aš, [gul.z]$ $= q\hat{u} - u \ et - t[\hat{u} - t\hat{i}] = (Hitt.) a - u - wa - wa - aš ha - an - za - na - i$ aš Erimhuš Bogh. A i 49ff.; [giš].á.kár.túg. ba, [giš]. \acute{a} . \acute{k} \acute{a} r. \acute{t} \acute{u} g. \acute{t} \acute{u} g. \acute{b} a = MIN (= \acute{u} -nu-tum) qé-e Hh. VI 33f.; [ni-ir] [NIR] = [ni-rum] šá ašlu(text -tu), [MIN (?)] šá $q\acute{e}$ -e A V/3:57 f.

g[u dUttu šu.n]a ba.ni.in.[gar] dInnin. kex(KID) g[u dUttu.da s]i ba.ni.in.sá: ana qé-[e dmin qāt]-su ištak[an] Iš[tar qé-e dmin] ušteššir Uttu took the thread into her hand, Ištar made Uttu's thread run straight Šurpu V-VI 144ff., cf. gu dUttu šu.na ba. ši. [x.x] dInnin gu. dUttu. da si ba.an.[x.x]: dmin gu-ú ana qātišu umal[li] Ištar qé-e dmin uštēte[ššir] BiOr 30 167 ii 41 ff.; síg.babbar síg.gi6 gu min(!).[tab.ba giš]. bal šur. šur. re gu. mah gu. gal gu. gùn. a gu [nam.e]rím.ma ba.e : šipāte peşāte šipāte şal: [māte] qa-a eşpa ina pilakki iţme qa-a şīra qa-a rabâ qa-a bitru[ma qa]-a munaššir māmīt she spun white wool, black wool, a double-stranded thread with a spindle, a mighty thread, a great thread, a multicolored thread, a thread that cuts the "oath" Šurpu V-VI 150ff., cf. gu nam.erím.ma ba.e : qa-a munaššir māmīt ibid. 158f.; gu.min.a.tab. ba ù.me.ni.nu : qé-e espi tațammima you spin a double-stranded thread RA 17 178 ii 8f., see Lackenbacher, RA 65 134 iii 8'f., cf. CT 16 21:177f.; nam.erím gu.bi edin.na ki.kù.ga. šè ha.ba.ni.íb. $e_x(DU_6+DU)$.dè : $m\bar{a}m\bar{u}t$ qa-a-šá ana sēri ašri elli lišēsi may he (Marduk) remove the thread (representing) the "oath" to the field, the pure place Šurpu V-VI 164f.; mè.a gu mu. dun.dun: ina tāḥazi qé-e ašatti in the battle I (Ištar) spin the thread SBH p. 108 No. 56:41f., restored from Rm. 218; [... $u_x(GI\S GAL).1]u$ (var. $[im].u_x$) gu.gin_x(GIM) ši.in.sil [...]: ritta kīma qé-e mehê iparra' it (the head disease) cuts off a hand (as easily) as a thread (in) a mehû storm CT 17 25:28f.; gu da.an.ši.sil ù.mu. un.gìr.ra.šè: qa-a lu-up-ru-'-šu ana bēli gašri I will cut the thread for (i.e., I will explain to) the strong lord Lugale IX 8; na₄.mar.huš.a

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ki.mu.uš gu mu.u[n.lá(?)] : NA_4 MIN GU- \hat{u} [...] ibid. XIII 39; GIŠ.MEŠ gu.ni gùn.nu.a mi.ni.íb.sar.sar.re.en : keppå gu-šá bitrumu em-ma-li-lu₄ I play with my skipping rope, its strands are multicolored SBH p. 108 No. 56:47f. and dupl., see Landsberger, WZKM 57 23; ki bahar(DUG.SìLA.BUR) gu ság.ge.dè : ašar pahhāru qa-a imhaşu / Enlil etlūti ušebbû where with a string the potter cuts the clay, variant: where Enlil smites the men RA 33 104:29f.; gu hé.me.da.sikil.la ... sig7.sig7.igi.a.ni.šè á.zi.da.a.ni.šè a.ba.ni.kešda : qé-e nab[āsi] ellūti . . . ana amurriqāni ša īnīšu ina imnišu ru: kussuma on his right hand tie pure threads of red wool for the jaundice in his eyes ASKT p. 88-89:47, see Borger, AOAT 1 8:118; gu.bi na.mú.mú na.bu.re [...] (with gloss) $q\dot{a}$ -a- δu ša uş-şu-ú in-na-sà- $\lceil hu(?) \rceil$ BE 31 46 ii 12 f. (coll. F. W. Geers); [gidim.hul] lú.ra gu.gin, mu. un. ši. in. lá. e: eţemmu lemnu ša kīma gé-e ana amēli tarņu the evil ghost who is spread out awaiting the man like a net Iraq 21 56:52 f.; lú.bi nam.lú.ux.lu gu sùh sa.a lá.e: amēlu šû ina nišī qa-a ešâ ana šēti tarşu that man is stretched like a tangled net among the people as a snare CT 16 23:335f.; [gùl in.dé.dé.e gugù.bi ${}^{\mathrm{gu}}\mathrm{g}\mathrm{\grave{u}}$. kúr. ra. àm: [q]a-a-š $\mathrm{\acute{u}}$ itrușma gu-u š $\mathrm{\acute{u}}$ gu-e nakrimma he pronounced the word, this word is a hostile word (Akk. he stretched his net, this net is a hostile net) KAR 375 ii 11 f.

ru RÚ: ba-nu-u, SAR: še-im, SAR: $qu-\acute{u}$ (comm. on En. el. VII 2, see mng. 1b) STC 2 pl. 51:8; ka-an-nu // kan-nu ša $q\acute{e}-e$ A VIII/1 Comm. 18; qu-u // tur-ri W 22643:49, cited AHw. 1397a.

- 1. flax (the plant) a) in gen.: gu mú.sar.ra a nu.nag.a.mu : qu-u ša ina musarê mê la ištu the flax that has not been watered in the garden 4R 27 No. 1:12f.
- b) beside še'u (the food crop par excellence), as the textile crop par excellence: (Marduk) bānū še-am u qé-e who creates barley and flax BMS 12:30, see Ebeling Handerhebung 76, also En. el. VII 2, wr. ba-nu-ú še-im u GU-e (with comm.) [qù]-um <:> ṣi-ḥir-t[u] STC 2 pl. 63:9; ŠE GU-ú TUR-ir the barley and the flax (crop) will be small ACh Adad 7:1, Bab. 3 282 K.7019:16, Bab. 6 253 K.2816+ r. 6', cf. ŠE GU-um TUR ACh Sin 35:1, 2, ŠE u GU-um ina KISLAH.MEŠ TUR ibid. 10; ŠE GU ina māti ibāšši ACh Šamaš 11:53; kunāšu u GU-ú la išširu emmer wheat and flax will

not thrive Thompson Rep. 181 r. 3; ŠE GU ša Akkadi Adad irahhis Adad will beat down the barley and the flax (crops) of Akkad ACh Ištar 20:90.

- c) the seed: x numun.gu gur Reisner Telloh 121 v 18 (Ur III); uncert.: GU ina šamni tasâk LKU 32 r. 3.
- thread, string -a) with ref. to spinning and weaving: [išp]arākma qé amahhaş ulabbaş ummānamma I am a weaver, I spin thread, I clothe men Lambert BWL 156.IM 53975 r. 5 (OB Tamarisk and Date Palm), cf., wr. qe-e ibid. 158:24 (SB), and 162:35 (MA); $q\acute{u}-\acute{u}$ ul iššatt \acute{u} $q\acute{u}-\acute{u}$ ul ipparra'u (on the nth day) threads are not spun, threads are not cut ZA 19 383 K.3597:12f. (hemer.), and see CT 17 25:28f., SBH p. 108 No. 56, in lex. section; ana subbut qe-e . . . damiq (see şabātu mng. 10i-3') KAR 177 iv 33, cf. *§umma* GU uṣabbit (preceded by pilaqqa naši) Dreambook 332 K.12641 ii 3; 30 SAL.MEŠ ušparātu ša gi-e thirty spinners of thread JEN 507:16; $q\acute{e}$ -e (in obscure context, parallel šipāti wool) Lambert Love Lyrics 110 ii 21; qá ši-it-tim talaqqat you pick off the thread of the lining(?) Iraq 25 183:6 (OB lit.); see also (designating part of a loom) Hh. VI 33f., in lex. section.
- b) with ref. to tying, cutting, stringing, etc. 1' in gen.: (various beads) ina GU GADA tašakkak you string on a linen thread BMS 12:13, also Or. NS 36 35:18; [...] šādid qu-u-ki (in broken context) AfO 19 50 i 12 (prayer to Ištar); šumma ša qé-e karkūti fL IGI if (in a dream) he sees someone who is carrying coiled ropes AfO 18 76 Tablet Funck 3:7; ushi sikkātiki qubbiri qé-e-ki (see qebēru mng. 5b) 4R 56 iii 47 (Lamaštu I).
- 2' in transferred mng.: lišānki ša lemutti ina qé-e likkaṣir may your evil tongue be bound with strings Maqlu VII 117, cf. ibid. 110; addi qa-a ana pī[ki] I have laid a string across your mouth VAT 35:2

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(inc., courtesy F. Köcher); ibli ina qé-e šibqi ana parā'a lēmu (or: parā'i alēmu) he perished in a web of falsehood, impossible (?) to cut ZA 61 52:51 (hymn to Nabū); musallitu qé-e lumni (you are the ones, Ea, Šamaš, and Asalluhi) who cut the thread of evil 4R 17 r. 17, also Iraq 18 62:18 (namburbi), LKA 109:16, see Or. NS 40 157; ina dīnika ittarraṣu qé-e mūti šamri ArOr 17/1 183:11 (inc.); uncert.: balāssu šalāmšu u balāṭ napšātišu qé-e napšātišu ina pī... ilūtikunu rabīti qabî kūn (see napištu mng. la-l') IM 67692:310 (tamītu, courtesy W. G. Lambert).

in comparisons: huršānī bērūti ša GN kīma qe-e lusellit I cut through the distant mountains of Nairi like a string Weidner Tn. 30 No. 17:31, cf. ašrī $b\bar{e}r\bar{u}ti$ lusellit $k\bar{i}ma$ $q\acute{e}$ -e ibid. 31 No. 17:48 and 28 No. 16:100; $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $q\acute{e}$ -e $kas\^{a}ta$ $k\bar{\imath}ma$ imbari [ka]tmāta (Šamaš) you bind like a cord, you envelop like a fog Lambert BWL 128:39; kīma qé-e šaddūti uram: (you who) have loosened mû kannîja my belts(?) as if they were taut cords ef. [tu]ramminni kî Biggs Šaziga 20:12, GU.MEŠ $\delta add[\bar{u}ti]$ ibid. 21:16; ... urammēka kî qé-e šaddūti ibid. 17:9, mannu u[rammēk] a kīma qi-i ramûti ibid. 19:20; šumma tīrānu kīma GU.MEŠ SIG.MEŠ if the intestinal convolutions are as thin as threads BRM 4 13:21 (SB ext.); šarru ša . . . mātāti napharšina kīma qé-e uš-ta-tien-kám-ma (see mekû mng. 3) STT 40:6 (let. of Gilg.), cf. (uncert.) ša kīma qé-e [...] ... mātāti napharšina ibēlu (Gilgāmeš) who ruled all the countries like ibid. 4, see AnSt 7 128; $k\bar{\imath}ma~qi$ -isu-u-ti Ugaritica 5 17:40 is an error for kīma gišûti (see gišûtu), see von Soden, UF 1 190.

c) other occs.: $\bar{u}m$ $q\acute{a}$ -am ša DN ana $q\bar{a}ti\check{s}a$ $a\check{s}kunu$ on the day when I put the thread of Šamaš on her hand (as symbolic act in the consecration of a $nad\bar{u}tu$) CT 4 18b:1, see Harris, Studies Oppenheim 114; (it is in your power, Nabû) $\check{s}a$ ina $\acute{a}r$ - $\check{s}\acute{a}$ -a-ti

ubburu kīma qé-e KÙ.GI nummuru to make as resplendent as gold thread those who are tied with (possibly to be emended to ina up-ša-a-ši(!) with witch-craft) STT 71:33, see Lambert, RA 53 135, cf. nummirannima kīma GU (var. qé-e) KÙ.GI 4R 59 No. 2 r. 17, var. from dupl. LKA 29k r. 14; 1 NA₄ qé-e sāmtim one carnelian SLB 1/1 1:7 (OB).

3. filament, capillary (on the exta and the body) -a) in ext.: §umma GIŠ.TUKUL imittim muhhašu qú-u-um sabit if the top of the right "weapon-mark" is held by a filament YOS 10 46 iii 54; šumma bāb ekallim 2-ma birišunu qú-ú-um şabit if there are two "gates of the palace" and a filament links them ibid. 22:2, cf., wr. GU-um ibid. 24:3 and 5, summa GU-um rēš ubānim sabit ibid. 36 iii 37, cf. 35; šumma ubān hašî qablītum rēssa qú-um şabit ibid. 40:17; šumma ši-pa-am GU-ú-um şabit ibid. 50:14 (all OB ext.), cf. GU-um şa-a-bi-it KUB 37 169:10; šumma bāb ekalli 4-ma muhhašunu gu sabit KAR 423 ii 45, wr. gu DIB CT 31 49:26, dupl. 18 K.7588 obv. (!) 19; rēš dikšišu gu sabit a filament holds the top of its (the gall bladder's) severed parts TCL 62:18f., [šumma ina šumēl] marti šēpu ana appiša UZU kīma GU şabit KAR 454:9; for other refs. see şabātu mng. 6a-1'; šumma bāb ekallim . . . gu-e [s]ubbut YOS 10 24:25; šumma qerbū qé-e sāmūti şubbutu RA 65 73:28, cf. ibid. 27; for other refs. see şabātu mng. 10i-2', and note šumma tallū qú-ú erbet elišu nadû YOS 10 42 iii 23 (OB ext.); šumma ina rēš manzāzi U.MEŠ u GU. MEŠ nadû JNES 33 354:14 (SB ext.); šumma padānu 2-ma padān imitti/šumēli gu.meš šuppuş if there are two "paths" and the right/left "path" is surrounded (?) with filaments CT 20 8:10f., cf. ibid. 10:18 (SB ext.); šumma ina bāb ekallim gú-ú-um rapaš if on the "gate of the palace" a filament is wide YOS 10 26:33; šumma GU-ú-um it-ru-u, -m[a] ibid. 31 viii 38, also ibid. 33 ii 1, cf. sìla (i.e., qû) kīma šašalli itruşama Labat Suse 4 r. 47, cf. ibid. 43f., SILA AN.TA

ti-ri-ih ibid. 46; šumma rēš marti šaplānu ina gu kamu if the top of the gall bladder is attached at the lower part by a filament CT 30 15 K.3841:12, cf. martum . . . šumēlša GU- $\lceil \hat{u}$ - $um \rceil \lceil ka(?) \rceil$ -a-mi YOS 10 7:14 (OB) ext. report), ina GU rak-su (var. GU.MEŠ LAL.MEŠ) TCL 6 2:53, var. from CT 30 6 K.3814 obv. (!) 21, cf. also rēssa ina GU rakis KAR 151:53; šumma ina pani bāb ekallim gu-um parik if a filament lies crosswise in front of the "gate of the palace" YOS 10 24:41f., wr. $q\dot{u}-\dot{u}-um$ ibid. 26 iv 16 (both OB), wr. GU PRT 128:2, 132:1; *šumma* ŠID imitti u šumēli itlupuma talla nadû . . . 2 GU.MEŠ eli ahāmeš itlupūti ša ahīti ip: parrikuma muhhašunu gu sabitma damig if the right and the left SID are grown together and linked by a crosspiece (with comm.) two filaments grown together one upon the other are for an unfavorable (omen), if they lie crosswise and their top is held by a filament it is favorable (correct elēpu mng. 2a) CT 31 49:25 f., dupl. ibid. 18 K.7588 obv. (!) 18f., cf. 2 GU.MEŠ ina muhhi rēš manzāzi iparrikuma Boissier DA 16 iv 24 (all SB ext.); šumma šēpum gá-a-am parkat YOS 10 44:48 (OB ext.); *šumma šulmu* GU sadid if the sulmu is provided with a filament CT 20 25 K.12648 ii 3, also TCL 6 3:8 (SB ext.); šumma ina libbi bāb ekallim GU- \acute{u} -um šakinma iš- $q\acute{a}$ - $\langle la \rangle$ -al YOS 10 11 iv 13, also, wr. $q\acute{u}$ - \acute{u} -um ibid. 25:63 ff., wr. KU GU-ú-um ibid. 26 iv 13 (all OB ext.); šumma ina imitti marti gu marta ittul if on the right side of the gall bladder a filament faces the gall bladder TCL 6 3 r. 14, cf. qú-ú-um šu.si iţţul YOS 10 25:72; šumma rēš libbi qú-ú-sum] haniq if a filament constricts the epigastrium YOS 10 42 ii 36, [šumma e] liat libbi qú-um haniq ibid. i 38 (OB ext.); šumma amūtu . . . GU.MEŠ put= tulūti malāt if the liver is full of coiled filaments TCL 6 1:56; $q\acute{u}$ - \acute{u} -um pe- $<math>\cancel{s}\acute{u}$ - \acute{u} -umšakimma YOS 10 33 iv 35 and 38, cf. $[q]\acute{e}$ -e also [qe]-e şa-al-mu-tim ibid. OB ext.), r. 13, GU.MEŠ SA5.MEŠ CT 20 25 K.9667+ ii 30, dupl. ibid. 29:12, cf. GU.MEŠ BABBAR.MEŠ

malât TCL 6 1:62, also GU.MEŠ SA₅.MEŠ ibid. 63 (all SB ext.); note [šumma šuba]t imitti kīma NA₄.X.GUG l qí TIR (= sāmi) itaddât Labat Suse 7 r. 13, cf. ibid. 14.

- b) on the body: if the veins(?) on a pregnant woman's breast GU.MEŠ DIB. DIB are linked by capillaries Labat TDP 204:50; šumma ina nakkaptišu appišu lib: $bi\check{s}u$ GU.MEŠ $ar[q\bar{u}ti...]$ if [he has] yellow filaments on his temple, his nose, (or) his belly Labat TDP 38:50, cf. ibid. 36:49; šumma ... $\bar{i}n\bar{a}\hat{s}u$ GU.MEŠ SIG7.MEŠ $mal\hat{a}$ if his eyes are full of yellow filaments ibid. 120:29, with GU.MEŠ SA5.MEŠ ibid. 164:77, cf. šumma ina īn amēli gu.meš sig7.meš ŠUB.MEŠ CT 28 29:11 (SB physiogn.), šumma ... ina īnīšu GU.MEŠ SIG7.MEŠ ipriku Labat TDP 120:34, also libbi īnīšu GU.MEŠ $SIG_7.MEŠ$ udduhu (see edēhu usage b-2') Küchler Beitr. pl. 18 iii 4, also ibid. pl. 20 iv 43.
- **4.** net, web a) net: see Iraq 21, etc., in lex. section.
- b) qê ettūti cobweb: ina muḥḥi tillê ṣērini šá-ta-[a] qé-e et-[t]u-tu our armor is woven over with cobwebs Cagni Erra I 88, cf. tāmerātušu . . . šatā qé-e et-tu-ti (see ettūtu usage b) OIP 2 79:7, parallel Iraq 7 89 fig. 4 No. 3 col. A 8 (Senn.), cf. also šatāt qé-e et-tu-ti Iraq 16 192:65 (Sar.).
- c) as a meteorological phenomenon: šumma šamšu ina GU peṣî innamir if the sun is seen in a white web(?) ACh Šamaš 14:8, also (with red, black, green, multicolored) ibid. 9-12, cf. šumma šamšu ina GU BABBAR DU-iz // IGI (with comm.) qu-ú: DUR na-[...] RA 17 193 Ki.1902-5-10,9:4f.
- qû B s.; 1. (a measuring vessel of standard capacity), 2. (a measure of capacity), 3. (a measure of area based on the amount of seed required for seeding), 4. (a measure of thickness); from OAkk. on; pl. $qu\bar{a}tu$; wr. syll. and sìla. [si-la] sìla = qvu-u Sb I 111; si-la sìla = qvu-u (var. qvu-u-u-u MSL 2 130 iv 13 (Proto-Ea); qa-a sìla, si-la sìla = qu-u (vars. u and u-u Ea I

qû B

266f.; qa-a sìlA = qa-a, $qu-\dot{u}$, mim-ma A I/6:17ff., [s]i-la sìlA = qu-u ibid. 20.

giš.sìla = $qu-\acute{u}$, giš.sìla.bar.ra = zu-uz min, giš.sìla. $\frac{3u-u\dot{s}-5\dot{a}-an}{3}$ = $qu-\acute{u}$ š $u-u\dot{s}-5\dot{a}-an$, giš. sìla. $\frac{3\dot{a}-na-ba_3^2}{3}$ = min $\dot{s}i-ni-pi$ Hh. VIIA 237 ff.; dug.sìla = $qu-\acute{u}$ (followed by large and small q.) Hh. X 239; dug.sìla.gaz = $a\dot{q}$ qe(?)-[e(?)] Hh. X 240a; dug.za.hum.l.sìla = $(\dot{s}i-\dot{i}-\dot{p}u)$ šá qa-a, dug.za.hum.2(etc.).sìla = šá 2 (etc.) $q\acute{e}-e$ Hh. X 261 ff., in MSL 9 191; giš. $\frac{1}{3}$.sìla = $q\acute{e}-e$ š $\acute{u}-u\acute{s}-\acute{s}[\acute{u}-an]$ = sar-ki qu | $\acute{s}ul-\acute{s}u$ [qu], giš. $\frac{2}{3}$.sìla = min $\acute{s}i-ni-pa-at$ = $qu-\acute{u}$ na-ah-b[a-lim] Hg. B II 112 f., in MSL 6 111; sìla.zabar = qa-a UD.KA. BAR = (Hitt.) pár-ku-ia-aš ha-zi-la-aš Erimhuš Bogh. A i 52.

[ú]-bu // BÁN 3 SÌLA // ú-bu // 15 one ubû equals one $s\bar{u}tu$ and three q.-s, one $ub\hat{u}$ equals 0;15 ($p\bar{a}nu$, i.e., nine silas) Hunger Uruk 27 r. 26 (comm. on diagn. omens); $gU^{qu-u}-\hat{u}=sap-pu$ (probably comm. on i sumun šá šà gu Köcher BAM 311:65) CT 41 43 BM 54595:5.

(a measuring vessel of standard capacity) - a) in gen.: 1 gu-um K[A]+UD. [BAR] 1 assammu[m] KA+UD.BAR Owen Lewis Coll. 97 iii 3 (OAkk.); $1 q\acute{u}$ -um ša [...] Iraq 42 70 iv 5 (OB dowry list), cf. [x] $q\acute{u}$ - \acute{u} (in list of household utensils) MDP 22 151:5; ina sūti u GIŠ.SÌLA ša'il he has asked (for a sign) by means of the seah vessel and the q-vessel Šurpu II 113; [šumma] ina GIŠ.SILA MIN if (a man) ditto (= sits?) on a q.-vessel (preceded by GIŠ. BÁN) CT 39 39:14 (SB Alu); for refs. wr. GIŠ 1 Sìla see Veenhof, BiOr 27 35; qú-ú-e-en annītēn kīma 1 dug uma[ll]iušina they filled these two q-vessels as if they held one karpatu measure Anatolian Studies Güterbock 96:9, cf. $[q]\acute{u}-\acute{u}-um$ annitum (probably mistake for dual) ibid. 1, see Gelb, ibid. p. 102 f.; muzzizū ša ahika qú-a-tim iptanattiuma šamnam uštenebbulu (see muzzizū) Böhl Leiden Coll. 2 42 LB 1201:20 (both OA), see J. Lewy, Or. NS 15 400 n. 7.

b) qualifications and varieties: ina qé-e kittim idiššum give him (good quality oil) by the correct measure Kraus AbB 1 64:9, cf. (flour and beer) ina 1 sìla kitti ša Šūši AfO 24 88:7 (MB Elam); x sìla oil ina 1 sìla Ma-ri-i ARM 7 49:10, also ibid. 7:4, cf. (in similar context) ina 1 sìla gal

ibid. 14:7; five homers of wine ina 1 sìla ša šarri according to the royal q.-measure ADD 124:2, also TCL 9 61:2 (NA); ina GIŠ.BÁN ša 8 ina 1 sìla Aššuraja Iraq 16 pl. 9 ND 2335:11, also ibid. pl. 8 ND 2334:14, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. Nos. 29 and 33, cf. ša KÙ.BABBAR ND 5475/8, cited ibid. p. 68; 1 zūz qu-ú YOS 17 351:3 (NB).

2. (a measure of capacity, both liquid and dry) — a) in gen.: 5 šappī hurāṣi ša l sìla.ta.àm five golden bowls holding one q. each RAcc. 75:9, cf. hubūnī ša ½ (also 1) sìla.ta.a VAS 16 4:30f. (OB); ldāli kaspi ša 2 sìla 2 dāli kaspi ša l sìla-a-a one silver bucket holding two q.-s, two silver buckets holding one q. each Iraq 23 pl. 17 ND 2490+:18f.(NA); maḥīr l sìla. Àm ana 1 gur innaddin (see maḥīru mng. 3e) Thompson Rep. 185:11, also 196:8, 271:14, ACh Ištar 17:13, cf. maḥīr ½ sìla ana 1 gin gur BM 46236:21 (astrol. omens), for other refs. see maḥīru mng. 3e.

b) in idiomatic usage: assurri še'um 1 Sìla ihalliqma under no circumstances may even one q, of barley be lost TCL 17 9:15; še'um šû kīma 1 sìla še'im ana našpakim lu šapik let this barley be deposited in the storehouse as if it were (only) one q. Kraus AbB 1 135:19 (= CT 44 59); şibûtum ša ana abija ašpuram itti abija 1 SÌLA ŠE ul ubbal (see şibûtu A mng. 1b-1') CT 29 20:22; 1 sìla suluppī ana mamman la tanaddina do not give even one q. of dates to anyone VAS 16 118:15, cf. TCL 1 34 r. 32; 1 sìla uhinnu la ipparakku not even a single q, of dates may stay behind TCL 1 30:23; 1 słla še ina zumrika la tuštalappat (see lapātu mng. 7) ibid. 35:18, cf. šēšunu 1 sìla la illappat TCL 7 63:10, cf. PBS 7 32:22, but SE ½ SÌLA la illappat TCL 1 27:17 (all OB letters); 1 SILA NINDA.MEŠ lūkul let me have (at least) one q, of bread to eat ABL 587 r. 11 (NB); ša 1 síla aklišu ušellá ina bēt Nabû ekkal ABL 65 r. 8 (NA); 1 SÌLA mê ana mamma šanâmma la tanaddin do not give even one q, of water (for irrigation) to anyone

qû B

else YOS 3 30:23; ZÍD.DA 1 SÌLA ul išpuru ibid. 164:10; 1 SÌLA ŠE.BAR ana bīt makkūri ušērib ibid. 53:13 (all NB letters).

c) in measurements: ana 1 še.gur.e 5 Sìla še idī našpakim inaddin he will pay five q.-s of barley for each gur as rent for the storehouse CH § 121:28; 13 ANŠE 1 BÁN 3 SÌLA ŠE KAJ 122:1, 1 PI 1 $s\bar{u}t$ 2 sìla karānu ša isinnāte one pi one seah two q.-s of wine for the festivals KAV 79 r. 12, and passim in MA; 1 GUR 1 PI 3 (BÁN) 3 SÌLA $sulupp\bar{u}$ Nbn. 34:1, and passim in NB; $rac{1}{3}$ sìla kukru . . . $rac{1}{3}$ sìla qilip $suluppar{\imath}$ (beside other aromatics measured in GIN, i.e., by weight) AMT 17,8:3, cf. (measuring beer, milk) AMT 40,1 i 63, 65, $\frac{1}{3}$ SÌLA Ì halşa CT 23 46 iv 4, and passim in med., note ina 1 BÁN KAŠ.SAG tušabšal adi ana 2 Sìla GUR you boil (various aromatics) in one seah of fine beer until it is reduced to two q.-s AMT 94,2 i 5 (= Köcher BAM 471); note $\frac{1}{6}$ (wr. $\S\acute{\mathbf{u}}$) sìla AMT 18,7:7; note the distributives: [1]0 sìla. Am šikarum 5 sìla. Am akalum ten q.-s of beer each, five q-s of bread each ARM 1 57:13; note the writing ana 2 sìla še.ta.àm ù 1 sìla ZÚ.LUM.TA.À[M] VAS 16 179:32 f. (OB); women receiving ana x sìla.ta.àm ipru RA 23 161 No. 82:27 (Nuzi), cf. 3 SÌLA.TA.ÀM pirşaduhha Ebeling Parfümrez. p. 39 r. 2, and passim, also ½ SìLA.TA.ÀM Köcher BAM 168:47, Küchler Beitr. pl. 8 ii 21, etc., \(\frac{1}{3}\) SILA. TA.ÀM Köcher BAM 11:29, 1 SÌLA.TA.A ZI.DA Labat Suse 11 vi 22; 10 huhurāte ša 1 sìlaa-a ša unâte AJSL 42 263 No. 1245:4 (= Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 35); akli 1 sìla-a-a ADD 1077 i 30 and passim, see Postgate Royal Grants No. 54; note: ŠE.PAD.MEŠ . . . ana 1 emāri 5 (BÁN) SÌLA-a-a tarabbi for each homer of barley five seahs will accrue as interest ADD 132 r. 1, wr. 5 (BÁN)-a-a ADD 149:5, etc., but 5 (BÁN)- $\delta \acute{a}$ ADD 129:6, 5 (BÁN)- $\delta \acute{u}$ nu ADD 147:6; note in NB: ana 1 sìla, àm u 1 (BÁN). AM ABL 281 r. 23, see Stolper, ZA 68 262.

3. (a measure of area based on the amount of seed required for seeding):

A.ŠÀ 1 (BÁN) 4 SÌLA $z\bar{e}r\check{s}u$ MDP 28 421:1, cf. 4 (BÁN) GIŠ.SAR GAL 1 (BÁN) 3 SÌLA NUMUN $6\frac{1}{2}$ SÌLA NUMUN GIŠ.SAR 5 SÌLA É.DÙ X TAG ibid. 418:1ff., and passim, see zēru mng. 2a; bīt 9 sìla adru a nine-q. threshing floor plot ADD 412:7; bīt 35 ANŠE ... ina sūti ša 9 sìla a lot of 35 homers, measured by the nine-q. seah ADD 383:4, also 621:14, and passim in NA, see imēru mng. 2d; 50 mu.sar ú-buubu sūt 3 sìla fifty mušaru's equal ubu, i.e., one sūtu three q.-s TCL 6 32 r. 9; tuppu ša 1 (BÁN) 4 sìla zēri tablet concerning a ten-q. field VAS 6 105:1, also ibid. 9:1, TuM 2-3 15:10, and passim in NB; PN $k\hat{i}$ 1 SìLA zēru ana 1 šigil kaspi mahīri imbêma PN named one shekel of silver as the purchase price per q. of field Nbn. 477:15.

4. (a measure of thickness): $er\bar{e}nu$... 1,4 sìla ina išdišu ikbir 8 sìla ina appišu ikbir (see $kab\bar{a}ru$ mng. 1d) MKT 1 368 i 2f., cf. 2 sìla kubur giš MCT 57 Ec 5f., cited kubru mng. 2a; ištu $\frac{1}{3}$ sìla $\frac{1}{2}$ sìla adi 1 sìla gura... likkisunikkumma let them cut (trees) for you from one-third or one-half q. to one q. thick LIH 72:10, cf. VAS 16 52:7 (both OB letters), cited $kab\bar{a}ru$ mng. 1d, 10 musukkannu ša 2 sìla-a-a kabbaruni ten musukkannu trees that were each two q.-s thick ABL 566:12, also 14 (NA).

One $q\hat{u}$ in Babylonia corresponds to ca. 0.84 liter. For the size of a $q\hat{u}$ in NA as 0.823 liter, see Postgate, Iraq 40 72f. In OB math. texts, a relation of one $q\hat{u} = 0.55$, i.e., $\frac{1}{12}$, cubic NINDA is implied, which corresponds to ca. one liter.

For areas measured in $q\hat{u}$, see Weissbach, WVDOG 59 53. For a list of measures of capacity, including the $q\hat{u}$, see MKT 1 p. 514, A. Draffkorn Kilmer, Or. NS 29 294. For GAR as one tenth of a $q\hat{u}$ see akalu discussion section.

Thureau-Dangin, RA 34 80 ff., JA 1909 102; Salonen Hausgeräte 2 270 ff., 293 ff.; D. Oates, Iraq 21 103. For varying sizes of qû in Mari see qû C qubbû

Bottéro, ARMT 7 351. Ad mng. 4: Neugebauer and Sachs, MCT 58f.

qû C $(g\hat{u})$ s.; copper, bronze; OB, Elam, SB.

za-bar ud.Ka.bar = si-par-ru, qu-u, sap-pu, kak-ku Diri I 124 ff., cf. ud.Ka.bar = si-pa-ar-ru, ka-ak-kum, gu-um Proto-Diri 227 ff.; za-bar ud. Ka.bar = si-par-rum, gu-u, sa-ap-pu, kak-ku A III/3:193 ff.; za-bar = nam-[ru], qu-[u], mu-[sa-lu] (third col. broken) Hg. II 225 ff., in MSL 7 171, cf. Hh. XII Gap A a 1'f., in MSL 9 203; [gu.z] a bar = qu-u Hh. XII 93; [x].[x]

lú.ux(GIŠGAL).lu pap.hal.la siskur.arhuš. sù silim.ma.bi.ta zabar.ginx(GIM) šu su.ub. bi: amēlu muttalliku ina nīq rēme u šulme kīma qé-e mašši limmašiš may the suffering man be wiped clean (of his sins) like polished bronze through a sacrifice effecting mercy and well-being ASKT p. 98-99 iv 54, see Borger, AOAT 1 15:272, cf. zabar.ginx ní.su.ub.ta hé.en.ta.su.ub: kīma qé-e mašši limmašiš CT 17 23:184f., also 4R 28 No. 1 r. 16f., cf. Hunger Uruk 137:13 and parallel K.5194 ii 19f.; [zabar](var. GAL).kù.babbar. ra.ginx šu ù.me.ni.su.ub.su.ub: kīma qé-e kaspi šu-kil-šu-ma 81-2-4,196 r. 8f. (bīt rimki), var. from W 23273 iv 19f., cited ZA 70 210 and n. 7.

[eb]-bu, [el]-lu, [nam]-rum, [q]u-ú, [sa]p-pu, (etc.) = si-par-rum An. VII 47 ff.

[im] šuš kīma qé-e rūšašu uš-[...] he wiped (my mouth) as if (polishing) copper, [...] its sore Lambert BWL 52 r. 25 (Ludlul III); kî qé-e mašši limmašiš like polished copper let him be polished bright (parallel: kīma kaspi u hurāṣi idirt[u aj irši]) Schollmeyer No. 24:8; see also ASKT, etc., in lex. section; amur dūršu ša kīma qé-e NI-IB-[...] look at its (Uruk's) walls which....like q. Gilg. I i 11 (from CT 46 17); 11 unūt qé-e eleven copper implements (in list of objects) UCP 10 142 No. 70:28, also, wr. qè-e YOS 13 91:22 (OB), [x] mana qú-um (in list of objects) MDP 18 81:8.

It is possible that $q\hat{u}$ B "vessel" is metonymically derived from $q\hat{u}$ C "copper, bronze."

K. Deller and K. Watanabe, ZA 70 213f.

qubbātu s.; (mng. unkn.); MB, NA.*

[...a] bika qu-ub-ba-tum EA 11:5, cf., wr. qu-ub-ba-a-tum ibid. 11 (MB royal); [...]-x-te(?).MEŠ(?) ibtarqušunu qu-ba-te-šú-nu illakuni ABL 988 r. 3 (NA); [q]u-ub-ba-tú (in broken context) LKA 73:20 (NA cultic comm.).

von Soden, Or. NS 21 432.

qubbu see kubbu.

qubbû s.; lamentation; OB, MB, SB, NB; cf. qubbû v.

èm.i.lu.gig.ga šà.sìg.ga: ina qu-ub-bé-e marsūti şurup libbi (he sits) with bitter cries of woe, (and in) distress of heart 4R 26 No. 8:3f., see OECT 6 p. 35; An.na i.lu balag. di> ir. ra [...]: Anum qu-bé-e șirhi u bikīt[i...] SBH p. 128 No. 83 r. 21f., cf. i.lu.balag.di: ina qubé-e şirhi ibid. 23 f. (coll. F. Köcher); [...] i.lu.a u₄ mi.ni.íb.zal.zal.e : [ina nu]bê u qu-bé-e *ūmešam uštabarri* day after day I spend my time in wailing and moaning OECT 6 pl. 4 K.4926:11f.; i.lu mu.un.na.ab.bé níg.nam na.an.mu.uš. tuk.ma.ab: qu-bé-e a-qab-bi mamman ul išem: mânni I utter bitter cries but nobody listens to me 4R 10 r. 1f., also [dim.ma].ni šir mu.na.an. ra i.lu mu.na.ab.bé : [x x] x işşarrahšu qu-bé-e i-qab-bi-šú 4R 11 r. 29f.; dam.da.ná.a.ra(var. .ar) i.lu mu.un.na.ab.bé dumu.da.ná.a. ra(var. .ar) i.lu mu.un.na.ab.bé : ša itti mutu şallu qu-ba-a (var. qu-bé-e) iqabbi ša itti māri şallu qu-ba-a iqabbi BRM 49:50f., vars. from BA 10/1 108 No. 26 r. 11ff. and SBH p. 37 No. 18 r. 4ff.; íb.bé i.lu ha.ma.an.tuk.a en.me.en lugal. me.en : qu-bu-ú ag-giš liq-qa-bu-ú [bē] lēku šarrāku Studies Albright 345:19; [gaba.a].ni gi.gid i.lu.zé.eb.bi.da.gin_x(GIM) ír.[...]: ina irtišu ša kīma malīli qú-bi-i iḥallulu (see malīlu) ASKT p. 122:10f.; i.lu.ni zé.ba.àm ad mu.ši.ib.ša4 (with gloss:) qú-sbé-e-šal tābūtim inassas she sings sweet songs (for me) TuM NF 3 25:17, see Wilcke, AfO 23 85; i.lu: qu-bé-[e] (in broken context) LKU 13:2f.

a) in gen.: ina pīšu ittaškunu qu-ubbé-e marsūte TCL 3 413 (Sar.); bēliššu qúqubbû qubirtu

ba-am ubbala šaptāš his lips carry (his) bitter wail to his lord RB 59 242 str. 1:9 (OB lit.); may Marduk bestow on him nissat [q]u-bi-e kīma zimir (for context see zimru usage a) ABL 1169 r. 10 (NB leg.); di-ma-tum qaq-qa-ri qu-bu-ú (in broken context) Bauer Asb. 1 pl. 24 K.2634:8 (SB lit.).

b) with verbs for wailing and uttering laments: $q\hat{u}$ - $b\hat{e}$ -e $li\hat{s}a\hat{s}rip$ may he utter bitter cries MDP 10 pl. 12 iv 19 (MB kudurru), $k\hat{i}$ lallari qu- $b\hat{e}$ -e $u\hat{s}a\hat{s}rap$ like a professional mourner he utters bitter cries AfO 19 58:133 (SB lit.), cf. $zamm\bar{a}ri\hat{s}$ (var. $zamm\bar{a}ru$) qu-ub-bi-ia $u\hat{s}a\hat{s}rap$ Lambert BWL 36:108, for var. see Or. NS 38 536; etlu $\hat{s}a$ ina u'a $n\bar{l}lu$ qu-ba-a la i-qab-bi (Sum. differs) SBH p. 122 No. 70:21; see also (with $qab\hat{u}$) 4R 10, etc., in lex. section.

qubbû v.; to lament; OB; II; cf. mu= qabbû, qubbû s.

tu-qab-ba 5R 45 K.253 viii 32 (gramm.).

[...] $x \ x \ ni$ -dan-ni ta-nu-hi-iš u-qa-ab-ba-[$x \ x$ -x]-[ka(?)]-at ka-bat-ta-šu ina $t\bar{a}n\bar{e}hi$ [...] exhaustedly (?) he laments, his spirit [...] in sighing PBS 1/1 2 iii 46 (OB hymn to Ištar).

qubbuhu see gubbuhu.

qubbulu A v.; to accept; NB; Aram. lw.; II.

giṭṭu ša maḥīri [PN(?)] qu-ub-bal PN₂ šuātu māḥirānu [PN(?)] has accepted the parchment of sale, the aforementioned PN₂ is the purchaser VAS 15 34:22; PN ana PN₂ u ṣābišu GIŠ.ŠUB.BA umarraq PN₂ ana PN u ṣābišu u mala šiššu ina libbišunu šá ŠAM qu-ub-bu-lu u la e-en šaṭ-ṭar PN will clear of claims the prebend for PN₂ and his men, PN₂ ⟨will . . .> for PN and his men, and any sixth (share?) among them who have accepted the purchase price, and (the document) was written not to be changed Ashmolean 1923.68:17, cf. PN PN₂ u qu-ub-bu-lu ina qātē PN₃ Ashmolean 1923.723:2, also

ana ūmu ṣâtu IGI(?)-ia ù qu-ub-bu-ul Ashmolean 1923.741:24; [ku]-um rīmūt šuāti 1 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR 「PN . . . [ina qāt] PN₂ qu-ub-ul-la-at (parallel: maḥrat) in lieu of that gift, 「PN received from PN₂ one mina of silver FuB 16 32 No. 13:24.

von Soden, Or. NS 37 264.

qubbulu B v.; to fight; EA; II; cf. qablu B s.

kî namlū tumhaşu la ti-ka-bi-lu u tans šuku qāti amēli ša jimahhašši when an ant is swatted, does it not fight back and bite the hand of the man who swats it? EA 252:18, see Lambert BWL 282.

Perhaps ša uq-ta-ab-bi-lu-nim RA 33 51:17 (Jahdunlim), cited kapālu mng. 4b, is also derived from qbl; ni-iš-ka ú-GA-ab-bi-il Kraus, AbB 5 229:16 is obscure.

The ref. mala malki lu emūqaka itti bēl A.GAL (emūqi or abāri) la ták-ta-pil though you may be as powerful as a ruler (?), do not engage in wrestling with a strong man Ugaritica 5 163 ii 10 contains the Akk. verb kitpulu (see kapālu, and add this ref. there); for the meaning see kitpulu mng. 2.

Moran, RA 69 148.

qubburu (or quppuru) v.; (mng. uncert.); SB; II.

šumma naṣraptu ana šumēl marti qu-bu-rat CT 20 32:79, cf. [šumma] naṣraptu imitta qu-bu-rat ibid. 37 iv 15, also (with śumēla) ibid. 16; šumma ubān hašî qablītu qu-bu-rat KAR 151:54, also ana IM.x.x qu-bu-rat ibid. 55; ana šumēli qu-bu-rat(!) KAR 437 r. 15 (all ext.).

For TCL 61:33, see kubburu adj.

qubbutu v.; (mng. unkn.); gramm.*; II.
tu-qab-bat 5R 45 K.253 viii 36.

For *iqabbatu*, *iqṭabit* see *abātu* A disc. section.

qubirtu (quburtu) s.; lair(?); SB; pl. qubi/urātu, qubirētu; cf. qebēru.

quburtu qudāšu

LUGAL NIM.MA^{ki} GIM MUŠ <ina> qu-bu-ra-ti-šú (vars. ina qu-bi-ra-ti, ina qu-bi-re-ti-šú, ina qu-bi-re-ti) GAZ.MEŠ-šú they will kill the king of Elam like a snake in its lair(?) BM 47461 r. 7, vars. from K.8900 r. 10, K.7223:10′, K.10672:9 (all astrol.).

quburtu see qubirtu.

qubūru (qabūru) s.; grave; from OB on; pl. (Ass.) qabūrāni; cf. qebēru.

[ki].maḥ, [x].šứR, [k]i.KA×MI, ſÉl.KUR = qú-bu-rum Nabnitu XXIII 206 ff.; [ki].maḥ = qu-bu-ru Sa Voc. AA 26'; ki.maḥ = [qu-bu-ru] Antagal A 188; [é]-ùr-ri É.KI.sì.GA = qú-bu-rum, šu-ut-ta-tum Diri V 301 f.

[é].sa.bad = £ $p\bar{e}t\hat{a}t$ uzni = $b\bar{t}t$ Gula, [£ be]-etu // sA // na-sa-ru BAD // qu-bu-ru = $b\bar{t}t$ $n\bar{a}sir$ qu-bu-[ru] KAV 42 r. 14 (temple list), see Frankena Tākultu 126:170; [karasu] = qu-bu-ri Šurpu p. 50 Comm. B 21 (comm. to Šurpu IV 44).

- a) in letters, leg., and adm.: qú-bu-ri līpušušunūšimma l[im]ūtu u ina qú-bu-ri liqa[bbiru] let them prepare the graves for them and then let them be put to death and let them bury them in the graves ARM 18:16f.; ina muhhi qa-bu-ri ša PN idukkušu they will kill him on top of PN's grave (in lieu of compensation for the blood shed) ADD 321:7; (an estate) $f_{\bar{t}} = h_{\bar{t}} + h_{\bar{t}}$ ginning of the cemetery Iraq 25 91 (pl. 20) BT.106:5 (both NA); $[\S a]$ x- $\S i$ u $\S a$ qu-bu-ri illaku (in broken context) ABL 1455 r. 14 (NB); uncert.: x GÍN KÙ.BABBAR irtu ša šarri itti šarri ana qú-bu-ri (or: kuppuri) iddinu the king's pectoral (weighing) x shekels of silver: they interred (it) in the grave with the king Wiseman Alalakh 366:15 (OB), cf. adi šarru imtūt ana qú-bu-ri when the king died: for the grave ibid. 6.
- b) in lit. and omen texts: $[b\bar{a}b \dots]$ §a tallakuni $b\bar{a}b$ qa-bu-re(text-rat) §û [the ... gate] she passes is the opening of the grave KAR 143:11, see ZA 51 134:11 and dupl. 154:33; rubû ina ekalli§u qu-bur-§û ippetti as for the prince, his grave will be dug in his own palace CT 20 3:10 (SB

ext.); NAM.BAD (var. BAD.MEŠ) qú-bu-ri ina māti ibaššû there will be pestilence (requiring) graves in the country ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 57:19, var. from 78 i 16 and K.5889:7; (if the patient eats food and drinks water) kurummat qu-bu-ri-šú ilqe imât he has taken his last meal (lit. the meal of his grave), he will die Labat TDP 158:24.

In £-tum # ku-bu-ri ša PN MRS 6 51f. RS 15.86:8 and 18 the second word, preceded by a Glossenkeil, is probably a WSem. word.

The occ. kuppuru in ašar ku-pu-ri izizmi giš. MEŠ ampanni . . . i-ta-din-mi (see ampannu) HSS 15 289:15 belongs to kapāru B.

qudādu A (or kudādu, gudādu) s.; small child; lex.*

It is uncert. whether the OAkk. personal names Gu-da-ti YOS 4 300:8, Gu-da-dum UET 3 283:10, cited MAD 3 225, are to be connected with this word. For NB personal names see $gud\bar{a}du$.

qudādu B s.; (an ornament); MB.*

1 qú-da-du pappardilî one q. made of pappardilî stone PBS 2/2 105:19 (list of jewelry).

qudāssu see qudāšu.

qudāštu see qudāšu.

qudāšu (qudāštu, qudāssu) s.; ring (worn by women); OAkk., SB, NA, NB; NA qudāssu, pl. qudāšāte.

a) in gen.: sinnišāti eḥhuzu qu-[d]a-[ša]-a-te išakkunu they marry women (and) put rings (on them) ABL 2:19, coll. Parpola LAS No. 121; 20 qu-da-a-si kÙ. BABBAR (beside silver earrings and other quddadu quddušu

precious objects as part of a dowry) Iraq 16 37 ND 2307:12, cf. ša 5 GÍN qu-da-si KÙ.GI (in similar context) Postgate Palace Archive 1:15, 2 qu-da-si KÙ.GI Iraq 32 156 No. 25:9, $[\ldots qu-d]a-si$ URUDU ibid. 152 No. 18:7 (all NA), 2 HAR KÙ.GI.ME 2 qu-daše-e 3 anşabāta BIN 2 126:3 (NB); ša akî ildi ša qu-da-a-si ka-bi-di ugur adanniš (the plant) which looks like the base of a ring is important and very expensive ABL 1370+ r. 13 (NA), see Parpola LAS No. 247 r. 18; qu-da-si erî «še» har.meš erî tašakkanši you put copper rings and copper bracelets on it (the female kid) KAR 141:18 (NA ef. qu-da-si ud.ka.bar qu-da-siAN.[NA] [...] K.5881:9 (SB rit., coll. W. G. Lambert).

b) as personal name: $Gu-d[a]-\check{s}um$ HSS 10 118:x+2, $Q\acute{u}-da-\check{s}um$ Genava NS 2 (1954) p. 241 No. 5:4 (both OAkk.), cited MAD 3 225; ${}^fQu-da-\check{s}\acute{u}$ VAS 6 61:1, 82-7-14,74:1, for other refs. see Tallqvist NBN 173.

Cf. Arabic $qud\bar{a}s$, Syr. $q^ed\bar{a}s\bar{a}$ "earring," see Zimmern Fremdw. 38.

quddadu see quddu adj.

quddu (quddadu) adj.; (mng. unkn.); lex.* giš.šinig.[kud].da = qud-du, giš.šinig.k[ud].da = qud-da-du Hh. III 72 f.

See also the references with Sum. correspondence kud.da cited kuddu s.

quddu s.; (an adze); OB, SB, NB; pl. quddātu.

giš.tùn = $pa-a-\delta u$, qud-du Hh. VI 231f.; [urudu].tùn = qud-[du] Hh. XI 376; [mu].tùn = $giš.tùn = q\acute{u}-ud-d[u]$ Emesal Voc. II 146; tu-un Từn = $pa-a-\delta \acute{u}$, qu-du S^b I 94f.; tu-un Từn = qud-du A VIII/1:116.

URUDU qú-ud-da-tim ù URUDU pa-aš-<tam> pādima fasten (fem.) the adzes and the pāštu ax (to their hafts) CT 52 112:12, see Kraus, AbB 7 p. 89 note d; ina qud-di e'ri katarra taḥallaš you scrape off the katarru fungus with a (model) adze of ashwood K.157+ r. 3 and dupls. KAR 20 r. (!) ii 16 and LKA 116:6, see Or. NS 40 142; 2 qud-di.ME parzilli Nbk. 223:2; qud-du u GIŠ.ḤAŠ.A $\langle /\!/ \rangle la$ magi-ri Craig AAT 90 K.2892:19 (coll. W. G. Lambert).

quddû v.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*; II.

[igi.du₈ = MIN (= na-sa-hu) šá IGI] $/\!\!/$ IGI [du₈.du₈] = qu-ud-du-u šá IGI UET 4 208:5 (comm. to Nabnitu XVIII).

quddušu adj.; holy; Bogh., SB; ef. qadāšu.

[ta-am] UD = [qud]-du- δu A III/3:54.

ra-am-ku, ebbu, ba-nu-ú, qud-du-šú, ḫalpû, ku-uş = el-lum Malku VI 214 ff.

- a) said of temples: bēlet É.AN.NA quddu-šú šutummu ellu (var. [GAŠAN-a]t dA-a-ak-ki qú-ud-du-š[i...]) (Ištar) Lady of the holy abode, the pure treasury STC 2 pl. 77:28, var. from KUB 37 36:25, see JCS 21 260, also Gilg. I i 10; ana bīti elli qud-du-ši mūšab Ani Ištar to the holy temple, the sacred dwelling of Anu (and) Ištar Gilg. I iv 44.
- said of offerings and ritual apb) purtenances: puḥāda ella qud-du-šá šā $min\hat{a}tu\check{s}u\ \check{s}alm[a\ldots]$ [you sacrifice] a pure, consecrated lamb, of perfect body BBR No. 98:7, cf. atbuhakki immer niqê ella qud-du-šá ša būl Šakkan KAR 57:24 and dupls., see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 130:57; li-i pulluqu aslī tubbuhu armannu qud-du-šu surruqu kišukki bulls were slaughtered, lambs slain, holy armannu wood was scattered on the censer KAR 360:15, see Borger Esarh. 92 § 61:14; atta eşemti ilūti bīnu gud-du-ši işu ellu ana bunnannē şalmē you, the bone of the gods, holy tamarisk, sacred wood (fit) for the features of figurines AAA 22 44 ii 10 (= BBR No. 45), cf. ištēn kukkubu dimti ša bīni qu-ud-du-uš BRM 4 6:46; figurines of the apkallu's [ša GIŠ.MA.NU qud-du-ši AMT 71,4:3 and dupls. K.3622+ iii 16', etc. (bīt mēsiri, courtesy R. Borger); ina GIŠ x x qud-du-ši šumka az[kur] Combe Sin 124 No. 6 Sippar 18:6, see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 493; kibrītu elletu kukru šammu qud-du-šu anāku I am holy

qudhu qudmu

sulphur, kukru plant, sacred plant Maqlu VI 85, also cited IX 111, cf. kukru ina šadė ellūti qud-du-šu-ti ibid. VI 38; dfD ellu namru qud-du-šu anāku ibid. III 62, also cited IX 44.

c) other occs.: ākil elleti kamān tumri šātû mê nādi qud-du-šu-ti (Dumuzi) who eats pure kamānu cakes baked in ashes, who drinks holy water from a waterskin KAR 57 "r. i" 13, see Farber Ištar und Dumuzi 134:126; aššu la ellu ītamû . . . aššu la qud-d[u]-šú ītamû because an impure person spoke, because an unconsecrated person spoke BiOr 30 168 iii 7; ellu qud-du-šú [. . .] (in broken context) AfO 11 366:22 (SB rit.), also Sm. 70+1301:19; obscure: šumma amēlu ana sinništi šūqur u ginâ qú-ud-du-šú CT 39 44:12 (SB Alu).

qudhu see qidhu.

qudini (until now) see udīni.

qudmīnītu (or kud/tmīnītu) s.(?); (mng. unkn.); SB.*

limmaṣra ušarka munīḥ e tar-[ši] Gìš-ka ku-ud-mi-ni-tu-[ma] līkula purīdīja let your penis , let there be no one to quiet you, let your penis be and enjoy my lap LKA 102:11, see Biggs Šaziga 22.

An emendation such as lu(!) UD-MI-NI TU-ba (= $l\bar{\imath}ruba$) may be required.

qudmiš see qudmu mng. 2.

qudmu (qudumu, qadmu) s.; 1. early times, early existence, 2. front (in prepositional use); OB, SB; cf. qadma, qadmiš, qudmū.

sag = re-šu, dub.sag = qud-mu, dub.sag.gá = mu-ut-tum, gú = mah-ru Antagal VIII 69 ff.; qu-ud-mu tar = dkud A III/5:184.

bára i.bí kù.ga ba.an.ku₄.a: ina šubat guud-mi ina šubti el-let tu(?)-ur VAS 17 58:13f.

qu-ud-mu = maḥ-[ru] Malku III 68; qu-du(var. -ud)-mu = re-e-śi (var. maḥ-ru) LTBA 2 1 vi 30 and dupl. 2:366; ana qu-ud-mu: maḥ-ri Lambert BWL 72 comm. to line 39 (Theodicy Comm.).

- 1. early time, early existence a) in gen.: āl kidinni šubat palê qu-du-um dadmē (Assur) the privileged city, the seat of the dynasty, the oldest inhabited settlement Winckler Sammlung 2 1:12 (Sar., Charter of Assur); liblibbi ša RN šarri panî ālik maḥri qu-ud-mu šarrūti ša RN₂ (Adad-nīrārī III) offspring of Enlil-kabkabu, an earlier king, a predecessor from before the kingship of Sulili (whom Aššur appointed in days of old) 1R 35 No. 3:25; É qu-ud-mi DINGIR.ḤI.A BiOr 30 180:74, cf. ina KUR qu(var. gu)-ud-mi-ši-in (obscure) ibid. 78 (inc.).
- b) in adverbial use: lu atrat lamassašu eli ša qa-a[d-mi] let his physical appearance be better than before Afo 1960:176; note with -iša/u ending: atmana rašubba ša el maḥrî qud-me-šu šūturu the magnificent cella which was larger than ever before (lit. before, earlier) AOB 1 122:15 (Shalm. I), also, with qud-me-ša Weidner Tn. 16 No. 7:47, 20 No. 10:24, cf. ša eli maḥrî qa-ad-mi-šu nēpešušu rabû Borger Einleitung 9 ii 4 (Šamši-Adad I).
- c) as name of a god: see A III/5, in lex. section; ${}^{d}Qu$ -du-mu (one of seven DINGIR.GUB.BA.MEŠ) KAR 142 ii 21.
- 2. front (in prepositional use) a) with ana: bila epīta ana qú-ud-mi-šu bring (pl.) a pastry into his presence (as offering) Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 68 I 381, also ibid. 396, 70 I 408 (OB), (in broken context) [an]a qud-me-šá ibid. 108 iv 34 (SB), cf. ibid. 74 II ii 12 and 26, cited as bili up[untu] ana qu-du-mi-šú Thompson Rep. 243 r. 2.
- b) qudmiš: hattum meānum kubšum u šibirru qú-ud-mi-iš Anim ina šamā'ī šaknu (at first) the scepter, the crown, the (royal) headdress, and the staff were deposited before Anu in the heavens Bab. 12 pl. 12 i 11 (OB Etana), cf. (in broken context) Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 80 II iv 20 and 23 (OB); illikuma qu-ud-mi-iš (var. qud-miš) Tiāmat ūšibu (var. sakpu) they came and sat down before Tiāmat En. el. I 33.

qudmû quliptu

c) other occ.: i'ir alik DN qud-mì-šú-nu (var. qu-ud-mi-šu-nu) izizma go ahead, Kaka, stand before them En. el. III 11.

In AKA 125 n. 3 a 5 read [ša p]u-qu-du tuppi šīmāte, see Borger Einleitung 114.

qudmû adj.; fore, former; MB, SB; cf. qudmu.

- sa. di = qud-mu-u[m] Nabnitu XXXII i 1.
- a) referring to a harp string: see lex. section; SA qud-mu-ú fore string (as name of the first string of a harp) Studies Landsberger 266 CBS 10996 i 11, 14, 18.
- b) other occs.: pillūdê qu-ud-mu-ú-tim ša DN . . . utīr ašruššun I restored the former rites of Nanā of Uruk VAB 4 92 ii 51 (Nbk.).

Ad usage a: Wulstan, Iraq 30 216ff.

qudumu see qudmu.

qū'iš see gūiš.

qulālū s. pl.; discredit; OA, SB, NA, NB; ef. qalālu.

miššum kīamma libbiki išnīma qú-lá-li tēpušinī why has your mind so changed that you brought discredit on me? Jankowska KTK 18 r. 8; if you do not come here tuppam ša kārim alaggēma ušassahak: kama [qú-la]-li-kà ašakkan I will obtain a tablet from the $k\bar{a}ru$ to have you transferred and discredit you KTS 42a:16 (both OA), cf. qu-la-le-e-a issakan ABL 84:15 (coll. S. Parpola), qu-la-a-li ša išakkanuni mannu išamme ABL 633:19 (= CT 53 46 r. 23, both NA), also $qu - \langle la \rangle - li - ia \ iltaknu$ ABL 238 r. 15, qu-la-li-ia ina āli ša mātija il-tak- $\langle kan \rangle$ -ni ABL 328 r. 17 (both NB); $q\acute{u}$ -la-lu- $\acute{s}u$ GAR-nu (apod.) AfO 11 223:32 and 36 (SB physiogn.), also JCS 29 66:21, cf. qu-la-lu- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ [...] CT 38 31:19 (SB Alu); obscure: [u4]-um nešbê šá qu-la-li a-na dinān šar-ri(?)-ia ana tu(var. tub)-ba-ti lullik K.9471 r. 10, dupl. STT 120 r. 46' (SB $q\acute{u}$ -la-l[u] (var. ha-at-ta) [p] irittulit.);

a-šá-a ri-šu-<tu> lu tušmīta STT 136 i 16 and dupls., see von Soden, JNES 33 341.

For STT 403:10 see ašqulālu.

qulāptu s.; (mng. uncert.); MA*; cf. qalāpu.

6 KUŠ gu-sa-na-te BABBAR.MEŠ 5 KUŠ gu-sa-na-te [ša] qu-la-ap-te six white gusānu bags, five gusānu bags (made) of q. KAV 104:9 (MA let.).

Possibly referring to a specially treated hide or textile, cf. *qalpu*.

quliptu s.; 1. scale, scaly skin (of a snake, a fish), tortoise shell, flake of skin, 2. husk, rind, bark, peel, 3. (a part of the eye); OB, MB, Bogh., SB, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. and BAR; cf. qalāpu.

ba-ár bar = qa-la-p[u], qu-lip-tum A I/6:167 f. še.zil.zil.la (text: še.gá.gá.la), še.「bir. ak.a = qu-lip-tum Hh. XXIV 163a-163b; gi. bar.gi = qu-lip-tum Min (= qa-ni-e) Hh. VIII 156, gi.bar, gi.bar.ra, gi.ba.dar.ra, gi.ka.kéš = qu-lip-tú Hh. VIII 163 ff.

ši-ši-tú = i-pu, hi-il-lu, i-ba-hu, qu-lip-tú, šír-a-nu Izbu Comm. 274 ff.

- scale, scaly skin (of a snake, a fish), tortoise shell, flake of skin - a) scale, scaly skin of a snake: ina târišu ittadi qu-lip-tum(var. -ti) (the serpent) shed its skin on its return (from the rejuvenating well) Gilg. XI 289; BAR MUŠ turrar Köcher BAM 488 ii 8, cf. BAR MUŠ (used in magic and med.) CT 40 13:40 (namburbi), AMT 99,3 r. 2, K.3628+:15 (courtesy I. L. Finkel), (as fumigant) 4R 58 i 32 (Lamaštu), Köcher BAM 183:16; ištu mesirriša adi kantappiša qúli-ip-tu kīma sēri atāt she (Nintu) appears (?) with scales like a snake from her waist down to the stand she is on MIO 1 72 iii 49 (description of a representation of a demon); if the gall bladder is kima qulip-[ti mu\$] (between $k\bar{i}ma \text{ sag.du mu}[\$]$ and kīma KUN [MUŠ]) CT 30 3 K.11422:5 (SB ext.).
- b) fish scale: [šumma K]U6 salpi unas: sisma BAR-šú ippuş if a-fish wriggles

quliptu qulliu

and sheds its scales CT 41 14:10, dupl. 13:2 (SB Alu); 7 şalmē apkallī ša ţīdi gaşşa labšu bar nūni ša im.mi tuşşar you draw fish scales with black paste on figurines of the seven Wise Ones made of clay (and) coated with gypsum KAR 298:15, cf. BAR nūni [ša im.mi] elišunu tuşşar AAA 22 52 iii 40, cf. also BAR nūni ezhu (figurines) girt with fish skins ibid. iii 44, 46, 54 iii 56, dupl. KAR 298:17, 19, and r. 4, BAR purādi BAR arsuppi KAR 298 r. 28, see AAA 22 p. 72; qú-lip-ta kīma purādi labša[t] MIO 174 iv 19; ina UD.NÁ.ÀM qú-lip-ti arsuppi iqallu irammukma ēl on the day of the neomenia he burns carp(?) scales, washes (with it), and is pure (again) Köcher BAM 318 iii 9, parallel: BAR KU6 ina UD.NÁ.ÀM $ina \text{ A.KÚM } [\ldots -ma \ \bar{e}l] \text{ CT } 39\ 36:106; \text{ BAR}$ arsuppi ina 121 turrar you char scales of a carp (?) KAR 90 r. 16, see TuL p. 119, also AMT 81,5 i 10, $q\hat{u}$ -li-ip-t[i . . .] turrar (for toothache) Köcher BAM 393 r. 9 (OB); qú $lip-ti \ K[U_6...]$ AMT 85,1 iv(!) 5, BAR GUD. UD.KU6 ina KUŠ Köcher BAM 30:43; note referring to the constellation Fish: §umma MUL Nūnu qú-lip-tu umtaššir (Southern) Fish sheds scales (possibly referring to shooting stars) ACh Supp. 2 Ištar 71:8, also ACh Ištar 28:29, and passim, wr. $q\acute{u}$ - $l\acute{i}p$ -[tu] K.1872 ii 15, etc.; MUL.KU₆ ... BAR $q\acute{u}$ -lip-ti- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ AN.TA E.DA.LA BAR $q\acute{u}$ -[lip-ti- $\acute{s}\acute{u}$ KI.TA . . .] half of the scales of the Fish upward, half of its scales downward BM 47799 r. 10.

- c) tortoise shell: BAR BAL.GI.KU₆ BAR NÍG.BÚN.NA KAR 91 r. 11 f.
- d) flake of skin: if the patient's skin [is...] u qu-lip-ta nadi and sheds flakes Köcher BAM 35 i 39'; see also Izbu Comm., in lex. section.
- 2. husk, rind, bark, peel -a) husk of barley: see Hh. XXIV, in lex. section.
- b) peel of reed: see Hh. VIII, in lex. section.
- e) bark of a tree: nikiptu zikaru kīma qu-líp-tú bīni ka-şar u sām nikiptu SAL

kīma qu-líp-tú bīni raqqaqu u arruqu (see nikiptu A usage c) BRM 4 32:11; qú-lip-ti bīni (among materia medica) KUB 37 56:5, also AMT 29,9:2, wr. BAR GIŠ.ŠINIG RA 53 11:31, note, as Akkadogram in Hitt.: QÛ-LI-IP-DU [...] (in broken context, among other materia medica) KBo 14 102 left col. 6'; qú-li-ip-ti GIŠ hašhūri OBT Tell Rimah 328:3; BAR GIŠ.KÍN MI BAR haluppi CT 40 13:40, for BAR GIŠ.KÍN see sihpu; BAR allāni bark of an oak tree ibid. 237 iv 18; Ú BAR GIŠ šu-ši Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 i 23, AMT 68,1:4 (coll.).

- d) rind of a pomegranate: BAR GIŠ. NU.ÚR.MA Hunger Uruk 54:9, Köcher BAM 237 iv 18, AMT 12,6:7, and see nurmû mng. 2d.
- e) onion or garlic peel: BAR SUM. SIKIL.SAR (as fumigant, beside BAR MUŠ) Köcher BAM 183:16, 4R 58 i 32 (Lamaštu); BAR SUM.SAR AMT 14,3:14, 47,3 iii 10.
- 3. (a part of the eye): [šumma] še ina qú-lip-ti IGI^{II} ša imitti u šumēli šakin if there is an ergot(?) on the q. of the right or left eye Kraus Texte 47:17', cf. šumma še ina tubqi IGI imittišu lu ina qú-lip-ti lu ina kibri šakin if there is an ergot(?) at the socket of his right eye, either on the q. or on the rim Kraus Texte 44:20, parallel şú-lip(or -lul)-ti ibid. p. 14 No. 63:17'f.

Since syllabic spellings are attested for only some of the occs. cited mng. 2, it is uncertain whether BAR is to be read quliptu in all occs.

Holma Körperteile 146; Köcher, AfO 20 158f.

quliptu in ša qulipti s.; man who hulls barley; OB lex.*; cf. qalāpu.

[lú]. še. bir. ak = ša $q\dot{u}$ -li-ip-ti OB Lu C_1 3, in MSL 12 193.

qullitu s.; (a plant); plant list.*

qulliu s.; (a bowl); MA, NA; pl. qulliātu. utúl «u» min (= ud.ka.bar) = di-qa-ru, qu-li-u min = (blank) Practical Vocabulary Assur 435 f. qullu qullû

šumma DUG qu-ul-li-i memēni [ussap:p]ih šāliptu ušerraba ila[qqa]t if (the contents of) someone's bowl is spilled, he (the servant) brings in a rag and picks up (the spilled food) MVAG 41/3 62 ii 23 (NA rit.); asallāte urudu diqārāte urudu qu-li-a-te urudu (among booty) TCL 3 362 (Sar.), parallel ibid. 395; 1 asallu [urudu] 1 qu-li-u [urud] u Iraq 23 44 (pl. 23) ND 2691:3, cf. 2 dug qu[l-li-a-te] KAJ 277:2 (both NA); 1 qu-li-ú ša zfd.ta VAS 19 29:11 (MA).

In KBo 10 34:27f., gul-li-ša and ku-ul-li-ša are spellings of a Hitt. word. For NB refs. see *gullu*.

qullu $(q\bar{u}lu)$ s.; (a metal fastening device); from OB on; pl. (EA) $qull\bar{a}nu$, (NB) qul: $l\bar{a}tu$.

- a) metal loop as jewelry -1' in MA, NA: each animal has around its neck 31 glass (beads), three pomegranate(-shaped ornaments) ina qu-ul-li šakku strung on a q. AfO 18 302 i 29 (MA inv.), cf. (in broken context) ibid. 32 and 304 i 39; 1-en qu-lu NA₄.MEŠ $k\bar{u}ru$ one q. with glass beads ADD 1040 r. 3; naphar 34 BAN.DA.MEŠ 15 qu-li šá šA.IGI.DU₈.MEŠ ADD 939 r. 11, cf. 1 qu-lu giš šallussu (of gold) ibid. r. 3, 1 qu-li tu-di KÙ.BABBAR ibid. r. 10, cf. (in similar context) 1 qu-li im.meš kù.gi ADD 933:10, also (in broken context) r. 1 and 3, [...].MEŠ GIŠ qu-li ADD 693:1; qu-u-luKÙ.BABBAR (in dowry list) Iraq 16 37 ND 2307:11, see Postgate NA Leg. Docs. No. 14.
- 2' in NB: $\frac{1}{3}$ MA.NA kaspu qu-ul-lu u simerē x silver, (in) torques and rings (as dowry) VAS 6 61:6, cf. 5 MA.NA KÙ. BABBAR qu-lu u simerī BOR 2 3:8; kaspu rašūtu ša ina muḥḥi KÙ.GI qu-ul-lu u ḤAR KÙ.GI.MEŠ PN i-na-aš-ú-ma ana PN₂ inaddinma qu-ul-lu u ḤAR.MEŠ inašši when PN hands over the silver, a claim secured by gold q.-s and gold rings, to PN₂, he may take back the q.-s and the rings Camb. 45:7 and 10.

- b) as part of a lock: our forefathers irtû [sik]kata ukinnu qú-la ţidda ip[h]û NA₄.KIŠIB qú-li ritīma si[kk] ūra limi qú-la bītka uşur drove home the peg, fastened the q., sealed the cotter pin(?) of the q. with clay - (now) drive home (the peg into) the lock, surround (it) with a $q_{.}$, protect your house! Ugaritica 5 163 ii 23-25 (Counsels of Wisdom), see von Soden, UF 1 194; qú-ul-la-am ša awīlim teptēma ì.sag(text .KA) tapšušini you opened the gentleman's storehouse (lit. lock, possibly var. to gullu, q.v.) and anointed me with fine oil OECT 3 64:9, see Kraus, AbB 4 142; uncert.: 5 UD annâ šikin qú-ul-li-'(-) i a x [...] AfO 24 89:35 (MB Elam).
- c) other occs.: (concluding a list of bronze objects) qu-ul-li urudu nasrī urudu £ buṣinni urudu bronze q.-s, bronze hooks(?), bronze lamps (among booty from Urartu) TCL 3 363, parallel ibid. p. 78:43 (Sar.); ištēnūtu sariam ša kuš ša sīsê [qu-la]-a-na ša siparri muḥhuṣu one set of leather armor for a horse, studded with bronze q.-s EA 22 iii 40 (list of gifts of Tuṣratta); 2 qu-ul-li [urudu] (as part of the decoration on the chariot of Šamaš at Sippar) JTVI 60 132:9 (NB); 3-ta qu-la-a-ta ša paḥāri (among containers) Tum 2-3 249:4 (NB).

Possibly the Nuzi refs. cited $k\bar{u}lu$ s. are to be connected with this word. For TCL 12 43:20 see $qulm\hat{u}$.

Oppenheim, JCS 4 193 n. 20; Köcher, AfO 18 310 ad line 29.

qullû (fem. $qull\bar{\iota}tu$) adj.; parched, roasted; NB; cf. $qal\hat{u}$ v.

[§E qa]-lu-u = qul-li- $t\acute{u}$ Practical Vocabulary Assur 20.

- a) parched (barley): see lex. section.
- b) browned(?): barley, silver, and ištēn nēsep ša himētu qu-li-tum one container of browned(?) ghee (borrowed) Dar. 541:2, 10, and 13.

qullulu qulmû

qullulu (qallulu) adj.; despised; OB, NA; ef. qalālu v.

É kubbutam u É qú-lu-[lam f]apâd you want to put into fetters the honored and the despised household alike TLB 4 11:12 (OB let.); [ša a]na šarri bēlija išpuranni . . . [LÚ] qal-lu-lu LÚ sakkuku [L]Ú parriṣu he who wrote to the king my lord (that Venus is visible) is a vile man, a fool, (and) a liar ABL 1132:7, see Parpola LAS No. 65:9, cf. ABL 1285:15, see Deller, Or. NS 30 252.

qullulu (or gullulu) v.; (mng. uncert.); OB, SB, NA; II, II/2; ef. mugallilu.

- a) q/gullulu 1' with eyes as object: $\S umma \ aw \overline{\imath} lum \ ina \ naplus i \S u \ \overline{\imath} n \overline{\imath} \S u \ zaq \overline{a} = pam \ u-gal-la-al-ma \ la \ ile'i$ if a man when he looks is unable to focus his eyes (even though?) he -s AfO 18 65 ii 16 (OB physiogn.); $k \widetilde{\imath} \ \S a \ . . . \ kappi \ \S a \ id \overline{\imath} \S unu \ \S \overline{e} \overline{p} \overline{e} \S unu \ ubattiquni \ IGI^{II}.ME \S \S u-nu \ u-ga-lil-u-ni \ (vars. \ u-gal-lil-u-ni, \ u-ga-lil-u-ni) \ just as they cut off the hands and feet, their eyes (of those who blaspheme) Wiseman Treaties 628.$
- 2' other occs.: $nahlum \ mimma \ll ul \gg ul \ \acute{u}-ga-al-li-il$ the wadi did not do any damage RA 61 103 A. 2:18 (Mari let.); if a pig enters a man's house $mimma \ \acute{u}-qal-\lceil lil \rceil$ and-s something CT 38 47:37, dupl. CT 30 30 K.3:3, cf. $\acute{s}ah\acute{u}$. . . $[mu-qal]-lil \ arki \ mubahhi\acute{s} \ s\bar{u}q\bar{a}ni$ Lambert BWL 215 iii 13.
- b) II/2 (passive): IGI-šú ug-dal-lal his eye will be CT 28 25:11 (SB physiogn.). Borger, ZA 54 195.

*qullupu (qallupu) adj.; peeled; NA; ef. qalāpu.

l MIN (= GIŠ *šuganû*) GIŠ.MA.MEŠ *qàl-lu-pa-a-ti* one *šuganû* container of peeled figs (as offering for Ninlil) van Driel Cult of Aššur 88 vi 16.

qullupu s.; (a sweet cake); NB.

(x linseed oil) ša 11 ud. žš. žš. me ša MN ša qu-ul-lu-piPN . . . ša 9 UD.ÈŠ.ÈŠ.ME ša muttāgu for eleven eššešu festivals in MN for (making) q. (received by) PN, (x oil) for nine eššešu festivals for making muttāqu cakes TCL 13 233:2; (asnû dates and raisins) ša 1 ud. Èš. Èš ša qu-ul-lu-pi for one eššešu festival for (making) q. YOS 6 39:29, also BIN 1 170:24; X NINDA. HI.A LÀL.HI.A *ina* UD.ÈŠ.ÈŠ.MEŠ *ša* MN *ša* qu-lu-pu PN išši GCCI 1 289:3, cf. x NINDA. HI.A LÀL ša qu-lu-pu ibid. 83:2, also ibid. 40:3; x emmer wheat ša NINDA qu-lu-pu GCCI 2 91:9, cf. ša NINDA qu-ul-lu-bi BIN 1 152:7, also x (PI) NINDA qu-ul-lu-pu(beside honey and nāšu beer) Knopf, Hewett Anniversary Vol. pl. 25:5.

qullutu v.; (mng. unkn.); gramm.*; II. tu-qa-al-lat 5R 45 K.253 vii 44.

qulmû s.; (an ax); OAkk., OB, MB, SB, NB; pl. qulmû, qulmâtu (NB also qulz lumāta, qulmuāta); wr. syll. and GUL.ME.

giš.tukul.za.ha.da (var. giš.za.ha.tu) = zahatû, qul-mu-ú, kalmakru, magšaru Hh. VIIA 20 ff., cf. giš.tukul.za.ha.da = [zahatû, magšaru] = [qulmû] Hg. B II 56 f., in MSL 6 109; gul.me zabar = [qul-mu-u], za.ha.da.zabar = [zahatû], [qul-mu-u], [kalmakru], m[agšaru] Hh. XII 124 ff. zahatû, magšaru, ul-mu = qul-mu-u Malku III 25 ff.

- a) used for hewing stone: dūršu dannu... ina qul-mi-i [parzilli u marri] parzilli hasbattiš udaqqiq with iron axes and iron spades I smashed its strong wall (built of quarried stones) like a pot TCL 3 + KAH 2 141:217 (Sar.); sābē huršāni... qul-me-e u akkullāti parzilli ušaššīšunūti I had (the captured) mountaineers wield iron axes and pickaxes (and they rough-hewed aladlammû figures for the gates of my palace) OIP 2 126 I 10:5, dupl. RT 15 149.
- b) for cutting down trees: $i \not s \not e u qan$ appārāte ina qul-mé-e ikšiţu they cut down the trees and the marsh reeds with q-s

qulmû qulpu A

Borger Esarh. 19 Ep. 18:14, cf. [...]-i-šá ina qul-mì-i nakis JCS 12 81:15 (Sar.); you touch the ash tree with a golden ax and a silver saw [ina qu]l-mì-i siparri tanakkis and cut it down with a bronze q. BBR No. 47 i 14, wr. ina qul-mi-i No. 46 i 13, No. 45 ii 16, see AAA 22 44.

- c) for making cuts: GfR.AN.BAR qulma-a ina qablišu tasannip... sippī... ina GfR.AN.BAR u qul-me iḥarrip you tie an iron dagger (and) an ax around his waist, he makes incisions(?) on the doorposts (and locks of the man's house) with the iron dagger and the ax LKA 120:10 and 12 (SB namburbi), see Or. NS 39 143.
- d) used in warfare: GIŠ.TUKUL.MEŠ URUDU qul-mi-i (in broken context) AfO 20 161 K.13228:5 (šar tamḥāri); qúl-ma-a qúl-ma-[...] (in broken context, note šukurra, mulmul[la] lines 6 and 8) KAR 299:7 (SB lit.); ušardā qul-mu (in broken context) AnSt 5 104:118 (Cuthean Legend).
- e) for digging: AN.BAR marri AN.BAR nashiptu an.bar qul-mu-ú an.bar in: gurēnu ana 2 gín an iron hoe, an iron shovel, an iron ax, an iron angurinnu implement, for two shekels (of silver) Moldenke 14:13, cf. (in similar context) YOS 6 146:13, 218:21, 38, Camb. 18:8, 1-en qul-mu-ú UD.KA.BAR JTVI 60 132:20; 3 qul-lu-ú (emend to $qul-lu-\langle mu\rangle-\acute{u}$ or to $qul-mu-\acute{u}$) (between marru and nashiptu) TCL 12 43:20; note the pl. 4 qul-ma-a-tum (beside zabbilānu) YOS 6 218:29, cf. ibid. 45; iron for GIŠ.MAR.MEŠ qul-mu-a-ta nashipēti u $h\bar{a}lil\bar{a}nu$ 82-7-14,1473:2; 8 qul-lu-ma-a-taAN.BAR ina panīšu eight iron q-s are at his (the ironsmith's) disposal GCCI 2 53:7, wr. qul-mu-ú.MEŠ Camb. 18:3 and 15, wr. qul-mu.MEŠ Moore Michigan Coll. 23:4.
- f) as divine insigne: namsaru petû [...] qul-mu-ú zaqtu simat ilū[tiša] the naked sword, the sharp ax, her divine insignia BA 5 626 No. 4 (= Craig ABRT 1 55) i 3 (hymn to Nanâ); [ina] qātē ša Marduk ana qul-mi-i ba-n[a-ta...] you (Assur-

banipal) have been created to be the ax in Marduk's hand ABL 1455:4 (NB oracles), cf. GUL.ME UD.KA.BAR (parallels: ZA.HA. DA, NfG.GUL UD.KA.BAR) CT 4 8b:3 (OB).

- g) with ref. to a model used in magic: ina qul-mi(var. -mi)-i ša ṣarbati katarra taḥallaš you scrape off the katarru fungus with a (model) ax of ṣarbatu wood KAR 20 r.(!) ii 4, dupl. K.157+ r. 4 (namburbi), see Or. NS 40 141:42; 7 ṣalmē šūt patrāti u qulma-a-ti ina qātišunu našû seven figurines that carry daggers and axes in their hands AAA 22 62:46, cf. ina qāt imittišunu qulmu-ú (text qul-tum) erî ina qāt šumēlišunu patar erî našû KAR 298:22, parallel, wr. qul-ma AAA 22 44 ii 20; [ina šumēliš]u qul-mu-u [naši] MIO 1 68:47 (descriptions of representations of demons).
- h) other occs.: 1 URUDU [GUL].ME [...] MAD 1 231 ii 4 (OAkk.); [X] GUL.ME UD.KA.BAR Field Museum, Chicago 156008:12 (OB inv.); 10 qul-mu-'u UD.KA.BAR $20\frac{1}{2}$ MA.NA KI.LÁ.BI Ni. 6740:1 (MB, courtesy J. A. Brinkman); qul-mu-u parzilli u nig= galla ina qāt PN bēlu lušēbila let (my) lord send me an iron ax and a sickle by the hand of PN CT 22 157:9, cf. 1 $qul-mu-\acute{u}$. . . $b\bar{e}lu$ $lu\check{s}\bar{e}bila$ TCL 9 78:12 (both NB letters); 2 qul-mu-ú AN.BAR (given to Ebabbar) Evetts Ner. 37:1, (among household utensils) Nbn. 258:36, also Camb. 330:5, 331:13; ina birīt kalbē lisūru kulūlūša ina birīt kulūlūša lisūru kalbū eliša gulmu-ú lisūru may her (the sorceress') headbands whirl around the dogs, may the dogs whirl around her headbands. may the axes whirl over her V 49.

qulpu A s.; bark(?); SB; cf. qalāpu.

[...] GIŠ qú-ul-pi-ia-ma ša-nu-ti [...] GIŠ qú-ul-pi-šu-ma (date palm speaking) Lambert BWL 162:37f. (fable).

In Hg. A II 130, cited *imšukku*, read *zir-pu*; the word is read *zi-ir-pu* ZA 4 157 K.4159:3 (Izbu Comm.), cited AHw. 1520b s.v. *zerpu*.

qulqullu qulqullu

qulpu B s.; (a type of barley); lex.*; cf. $qal\bar{a}pu$.

 $\Se.Dlm.Bar(?) = qul-pu$ Hh. XXIV 144.

Possibly referring to hulled barley.

qulpu C s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.*

qu-lup-ka (in broken context) ZA 61 60:225 (hymn to Nabû).

von Soden, ZA 61 71.

qulqullānu (qulqulliānu) s.; (a plant); MB, SB, NA.

- a) in gen.: U qul-qul-la-nu $k\bar{l}ma$ kirs: $kirr\bar{a}nu$ u i-si [(x)] the q-plant is like the $kikkir\bar{a}nu$ plant but Hunger Uruk 51 r. 9 (med. comm.); 1 KI.MIN (= naruqqu) NUMUN qu-ul-qu-la-ni (in list of spices, etc.) PBS 2/2 107:48 (MB).
- in pharm.: Ú qúl-qúl-la-nu : Ú GURUN ka-si MUŠ, Ú NUMUN qul-qul-la-nu : Ú ki-sa-at Muš, Ú šá-mi ra-pa-di (vars. $\psi \quad qul-qul-la-nu, \quad \psi \quad qul-qul-l[a-nu], \quad [qul]$ qu-la-a-nu): \circlearrowleft ka-si (var. ki-sat) MUŠ, \circlearrowleft $qul-qu-la-a-nu: \circ ki-sa-at \text{ MUŠ}, \circ a-a-\acute{a}r$ SI PEŠ: Ú a-a-ár ka-sat muš, Ú NUMUN qúl-qúl-la-a-nu: Ú NUMUN ki-sa-at MUŠ (see kisâtu) Uruanna I 672ff.; Ú qúl-qúli-a-nu: 0 dug-du-[mu?] (var. du-ug-[...]) Uruanna II 454; $\acute{\mathbf{U}}$ (var. GIŠ) $q\acute{u}l$ $q\acute{u}l$ -la-a-nu: Aš hal(!)-la-mi-su Uruanna III 138; $[\circlearrowleft qu]l-qu-la-nu : \circlearrowleft \check{s}\acute{a}-mi \ miqit$ lib-bi, [\circlearrowleft qul-qu]l-la-nu: \circlearrowleft δ [$\acute{a}-mi$ x]- \acute{u} $par\bar{a}si$ CT 14 45 81-2-4,472:2 and 5 + ibid. 36 81-2-4,267 r. 11 and 14 (= Köcher BAM 422); $\acute{\mathbf{U}}$ qul-qul-la-nu SIG7: Ú ZÚ.GIG.GA.KAM: ana UGU ZÚ GAR-nu fresh q, is a plant for toothache: to place on the tooth CT 14 23 K.259:3, dupl. Köcher BAM 1 i 3, cf. Ú qul $qul-a-[nu: U \dots]$ STT 92 iv 7; U qul-qul-qul-qulla-nu Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 vi 14 (pharm. inv.).
- c) in med.: zēr karaši NUMUN Ú qulqul-a-ni ištēniš tasāk (against gray hair) you crush leek seed (and) q.-seed Köcher BAM 499 iii 24 (= AMT 4,1); Ú qul-qul-la-<nu>ana libbi tanaddi AMT 31,7 ii 6, cf. [G]IŠ

qul-qul-a-nu (among medications for miqtu) Köcher BAM 184 i 6; Ú qul-qul-la-nu CT 54 363:5; SUḤUŠ Ú qúl-qúl-li-a-ni (for a disease of women) Köcher BAM 237 iv 31.

d) in rit.: ina t apruša qul-qú-la-ni qātēšu u šēpēšu LUH-si kurbāni tābti šīm qul-qú-la-ni burāši kurbān bābi kamê ina sissiktišu tarakkas you wash his hands and feet with aprušu and q., you bind into the hem of his garment a lump of salt, q., juniper, and a lump of earth from the outer gate ABL 450:8 and 11, see Parpola LAS No. 219.

Thompson DAB 188ff.

qulqulliānu see qulqullânu.

quiquilu s.; 1. (a wrapping used to package textiles), 2. (a textile); OA, OB(?), MB.

1. (a wrapping used to package textiles) - a) in OA: subātam damqam illi: wītim la talawwia riksam ša annikim ina qú-ul-qú-li la tašakkana do not wrap a fine quality textile in a wrapping (used for packaging tin), do not put a package of tin in q.-s I 718:23, cited Matouš, ArOr 42 171; šaniam qú-ul-qú-lam işşēr emārī la tanaddia . . . 13 naruqq[ātim š] a qú-ulqú-l[i-ku-nu] așșēr eliāti[a] turaddianim: ma emārī tugallalanimma do not load another bolt (?) on the donkeys, you added 13 sacks with your bolts(?) to my top packs, and you thus maltreat the donkeys (and make me angry) TCL 4 16:11 and 16; 2 naruqqīn ša qú-ul-qú-li Hecker Giessen 7:32, also 2 TÚG ša narugqātim ša qúul- $q\acute{u}$ -li-a TCL 20 113:12, ef. $q\acute{u}$ -ul- $q\acute{u}$ -lu-aillibbikunu la uşşiu my q.-s must not leave your custody ibid. 25; [kaspam] išaggal la išaggal u qú-ul-qú-li uššar la uššar išti panîmma têrtaknu lillika[m] whether or not he (the local ruler) pays the silver and whether or not he releases the q.-s, send me your report with the first caravan TCL 4 40 r. 2; uncert.: ku-ul-kuqültu qültu

li-am ina panīka abukma atta qá-a-ni send the q. ahead and wait for me Matouš 24a:19 (unpub., courtesy L. Matouš).

- b) other occ.: šumma izbum kīma qúul-qú-ul-lu ša [x]-šu e-li-ha (obscure, see elēhu mng. 1) YOS 10 56 iii 14 (OB Izbu).
- 2. (a textile): [x] TÚG qul-qul-lum BABBAR BE 14 157:11 and 58 (list of garments), cf. ibid. 27 and 28; 3(?) TÚG qul-qul-[i] Aro Kleidertexte No. 5 HS 175 r. 4, cf. 1 [TÚG] qul-[q]ul-[i] ibid. obv. 5 (all MB).

In 1718:23, q. is contrasted with liwitum and hence refers to a packaging used for textiles, as it does also in TCL 4 16:11; however, in ibid. 16 and other texts q.-s are mentioned together with naruqqu's, and thus refer either to packages put inside a naruqqu or to packaging material, or possibly to narugqu's used for packaging (cf. 2 naruqqīn ša liwītim Hecker Giessen 6:18, cited naruqqu mng. 1a). Since q.-s are never counted, it is unlikely that the word refers to a specific fabric. It is possible that in the refs. mentioning naruqqātim (or naruqqī) ša qulqullī, q. is a bulk commodity such as spices or the like, compare similar phrases with dul: bātum.

The MB refs. to TÓG qulqullu, which obviously denotes a particular textile, counted by the piece, cannot help to determine the OA usage, and may even represent another, homonymous, word.

For AfO 18 66:42 see kullumu mng. 1d. Veenhof Old Assyrian Trade 39 f.

qultu s.; 1. dead of night, 2. silence; OB, SB; pl. qulātu; cf. qalu A.

li-ib LUL = δu -har-ru-ri, δa -qu-um-ma-tum, δa -hur-ra-tum, qu-la-a-tum A VII/4:121 ff.; níg.me. gar $^{q\dot{u}$ -la-tum Nigga 74.

GIŠ.LÁ ki.ná.da.na ge₆.a.bi.šè dug₄.bi giš bí.in.tuk.a: ina qul-ti majāl mūši amat šuāti išmēma he (Ea) heard this word in bed in the dead of night CT 16 45:116f.; [...] níg.me.gar Eš.àm: [...i]d-di qu-ul-tú (in broken context) 4R 23 No. 4:3f.

- 1. dead of night a) $q\bar{u}lti\ m\bar{u}\tilde{s}i$: ina qul-ti mūši arammu [šu]ātu napṭu isluhuma iddû išātu in the dead of night they (the besieged troops of Uppumme) sprinkled that ramp with naphtha and set fire to it Borger Esarh. 104 ii 4; šumma MUŠEN kilili ina qu'il-ti mi ina tarbaş amēli lu ina muhhi işi lu ina muhhi [...] if an owl [hoots?] in the dead of night in a man's yard either atop a tree or on a [...] CT 40 49:39 (SB Alu); DIŠ UD.6.KAM ina qul(var. quul)-ti mi ana Ereškigal mê [liqqi] on the sixth day (of the ninth month) he may libate water for DN in the dead of night Bab. 4 105:27, var. from STT 302 r. 2 (hemer.); [ina] qu-ul-ti mūši ina ribēti [. . .] tazzazma (and an egirrû omen will come) LKA 93 r. 5, cf. (in broken context) ina qul-ti (var. $q\acute{u}$ -ul-ti) mu- $\acute{s}i$ BA 5 670:4, var. from dupl. LKA 139:34 (SB rit.), also Labat Suse 11 iv 19; "everything evil" ina qul-ti ša mūši iltanakkana šēpēšu STT 215 ii 44 (inc.).
- b) in the pl.: izizzanimma DINGIR.MEŠ mušīti ṣīt pīja utaqqâ DINGIR.MEŠ EN qú-la-a-tim... alsīki DN bēlet qú-la-a-ti alsīki mušīti stand by me, gods of the night, heed my utterances, gods, lords of the silence of night, I hereby call on you, Ištar, lady of the silence of the night, I call on you, Night Or. NS 39 127:19 and 22 (namburbi).
- 2. silence a) in gen.: Šamši-Adad bāni £.KI.SI.GA £ qú-ul-ti-šu £ Dagan qereb Terqa builder of £.KI.SI.GA, the temple of his (Dagan's) silence, the temple of Dagan inside Terqa (translating KI SI.GA "place of silence" by bīt qūltišu, cf. [si-ig] [SI] = piriš[tu], šaḥurra[tu], šaqummatu AIII/4:215ff., si = šiššu, si.dug4.ga = šuḥarruru Antagal III 275f., cited qūlu lex. section) AOB 1 26 No. 5:7; Aruru created Enkidu, the hero ilitti qūl-ti kiṣir Ninurta Gilg. I ii 35, cf. dmùš(!).ERIN = dNin-urta šā qu-ul-ti Inšušinak is Ninurta of the silence CT 24 41 xi 65 (An-Anum VII); obscure: ina ukulti: ina qū-ul-ti mahis he was

qulû

qülu

affected (by the illness) in , variant: in q. Labat TDP 74:35.

b) silence of consternation, of death: ikammâ eţlūti i-šag-gi-šú ardāti ištanak: kana qu-lat they (the witches) ensnare the young men, they kill the young women, they produce deathly silence RA 18 165:19 (Lamaštu); UD.22.KÁM qu-la-te KAR 178 iv 27 (hemer.); GIŠ.TUKUL qu-ul-ti (for parallels see $q\bar{u}lu$ usage b-2') CT 30 24 K.8178 r. 18 (SB ext.); uncert.: wail over Nippur jáši ášibtu gu-ul-tum an-ú dimti-mu-in-ni I who am sitting in the silence of death, PSBA 23 pl. after p. 192:20; *šumma* MIN *qu-la-ti* GAR.MEŠ-ma (preceded by salati K.3014:4, cf. [...]-x-daa-ti u qu-la-a-ti GAR.MEŠ-ma ibid. 2 (courtesy E. Leichty).

(Finkelstein, JCS 20 116; Grayson ARI 1 24f.)

qulû in bīt qulê (or equlû) s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.*

ana É qu-le-e (var. a-qu-le-e-a) tebâku allak I will get up and go to the bīt qulê (incipit of a composition to be recited) Lambert Love Lyrics 104 ii 24, also 102 i 4; ina É qu-le-e kî āmuruka when I saw you in the bīt qulê (incipit) ibid. 104 iii 2, ultu bīt sipittê adi É qu-le-e ina pan dNinajātu izzazzama from the House of Lament to the bīt qulê he (or: she) will stand in front of DN ibid. 104 iii 1, cf. ultu maldi É qu-le-e adi É.KÁ.GU.LA ... ultu É.KÁ.GU.LA adi bīt ilāni ša Eḥursagtila ibid. 3, also 102 ii 6.

The variant a-qu-le-e-a, from Si 861:13 (not collated), unless a scribal error, suggests a reading equiû.

qulu s.; calm, silence, stupor; OB, RS, SB; wr. syll. and Nfg.ME.GAR; cf. qalu A.

[me] = qu-lum, qa-lum Izi E 5 f.; me-e ME = qu-lu, qa-a-lu S^b II 134 f.; me ME = $[q\hat{u}]$ - \hat{u} -lum MSL 2 p. 129 iii 21 (Proto-Ea); [níg.m]e.gar = $q\hat{u}$ - \hat{u} -[lum] Nigga Bil. B 60.

a-si-il-la $\S IM = ri-\$\acute{a}-a-tum$, e-bi-rum, $qu-f\acute{u}$]-[lu] A V/1:180ff.; [m]u-ud $\S IM = ri-\$\acute{a}-a-tum$, qu-lu Recip. Ea F 10'f.; $\S 1g. \S 1g = qa-a-[lu]$, [. . .] = qu-

u-l[u] (for context see $q\hat{a}lu$ A) Antagal III 277 f.; gi-iz-za-al giš.ni = ha-si-su, ni- $i\hat{s}$ -mu-u, qu-u-lu, qa-a-lu Diri III 65 ff.; u = qu-lum A II/4:29; $k\bar{u}ru$, qu-u-lu, δi -it-tu (Sum. column broken) CT 19 15 K.8662 r. 13 ff. (group voc.).

me.e ba.an.mar mu.lu nu.mu.ni.dib.ba: qu-lu šukunma mamman la iba'a inflict silence (Sum.: silence is inflicted) (upon the enemy country) so that nobody passes through ASKT p. 121:8f., cf. SBH p. 66 No. 36:11f.; uru.a me.gin,(GIM) mu.un.gá.gá.e.d[è]: ina āli kīma qu-li ittanaški[nu] CT 169 ii 18f.

e.ne.ne.ne ù.sá níg.me.gar(var. .gál) egir.bi lú.ra ús.sa : šunu qu(var. adds $-\acute{u}$)-lukūru ša arki amēli raksu šunu they (the demons) are the daze and depression which are attached to man CT 16 12 i 42f.; níg.me.gar lib.ba. ke_x(KID) ugu.na gar.ra níg.me.gar nu.dùg. ga ugu.na gar.ra : qu-lu kūru elišu ittaškan qulu la tābu elišu ittaškan daze and depression were placed upon him, evil daze was placed upon him Šurpu V-VI 3ff., cf. ù.sá níg.me.gar gá.gá. da.na: qu-lu kūru iššakinšumma ibid. VII 33 f.; níg.me.gar.ra túg.gin, (GIM) ba.an.dul: qulu kūru kīma şubāti iktumšuma daze and depression have enveloped him like a garment Šurpu V-VI 15f.; níg.me.gar sag.gig hu.luh.ha.bi : quu-lu muruş qaqqa[di] šuglitma scare away stupor and headache CT 17 22:127f.; nig.sag.il.la šà.húl.la [u₄.1].kam u₄.ní.ba.kam mu.10. šár ù.in.na.ak (var. [níg.sag.íl.l]a u4 šà. húl.la 1.àm [(x) n]íg.me.gar mu.šár.àm in.ak): ana dinān hūd libbi [ša(?)] ūmakkal ūm qu-li 10 šár [x] MU.MEŠ lillika for every day of rejoicing there will be a time of silence for 36,000 years (?) Ugaritica 5 164:15f., var. from (Sum. only) CT 44 18 r. ii 15 f.

zé.er.zé.er (var. ní.zé.er.zé.er [...]) [ŠIM. me.garl.ra še₉.še₉.fdèl: ašuštum qu-lu (var. qu-ú-[lu]) hurbāšu RA 28 138:39f., vars. from K.12919:3f.; ki.šà.dib.badingir.re.e.ne.ke_xe.ne.ne.ne sag.sum.mu silig.silig.g[a.a. meš]: ašar kimilti ili šunu ihiššuma qu-la ina[ndû] they (the demons) rush to the place where the god's wrath (has turned) and cast the silence (of dejection) Šurpu VII 17f., cf. [sila.ùr].ra kur. ku.gar.ra me.[meš]: [ina ri-be]-e-ti qu-la inandû šunu CT 16 42:7.

ši-iš-šú, il-ta-at ni-tú = qu-ú-lu Malku IV 98 f.; [. . .]- $\lceil x \rceil$ -tum = qu-lu CT 18 2 K.4214:5; [il-ta-a]t ni-tum = qu-lu ibid. 47 K.4150:10.

qi-ta-a-a-u-lu = qu-u-[lu] Lambert BWL 36 comm. to line 106 (Ludlul Comm.).

a) in gen.: qu-u(var. omits -u)-lu liššakinma i niṣlal nīni may silence be restored so that we can rest En. el. I 40, cf. enūma nišū ṣallama qu-[lu] šaknu STT

qūlu qumāru

73:82, see JNES 19 34; appalsamma ūma (var. appalsa tâmata) šakin qu-lu I looked at the weather (var. sea) and it was calm Gilg. XI 132; ina qu-li-im-ma [...] (in broken context) Lambert BWL 184 K.9834:7 (fable).

b) as a calamity -1' in parallelism with words for daze, worry, etc.: (after Anzû usurped the powers of Enlil) tatbak namurratum šakin qú-lum terror was spread, stupor prevailed (among the gods) RA 46 88:3 (OB Epic of Zu), cf. ittatbak šahurratu šakin qu-[lu] CT 15 39 ii 23 (SB recension); qu-lu hurbāšu limqut eliki may silence and shivering fall upon you Maqlu VIII 86, cf. ittabak hurbāša . . . šakinšu qu-lu Šarrat-Nippuri hymn ii 21 (courtesy W. G. Lambert); tēšā dilipta qú-la(var. -lu) kūra . . . iškuna STT 76:28, dupls. 77:28, Laessøe Bit Rimki 39:27, also Schollmeyer No. 19:27, cf. murşu [di]'u dilipta qu-lu kū[ru nis]satu niziqtu (etc.) Maqlu VII 130, also ummu qú-lum u šiššu ina māti iššakkanu ACh Supp. 2 Sin 2 K.8145:7; \acute{u} -qu u qu-u-[lu] (in enumeration of diseases) KAR 233 r. 9, replaced by \acute{u} -gu $\check{s}i$ - $i[\acute{s}$ - $\check{s}\acute{u}(?)]$ in the parallel STT 138 r. 23, for context and dupls. see Walker, BiOr 26 76; qu-ú-lu u dimmatu ēmida nišē nakrāti I inflicted consternation and moaning upon the enemy people TCL 3 158 (Sar.); qu-lu (var. $q\acute{u}$ -lum) ta- $n\acute{i}$ hu (in broken context) LKA 42:22, var. from PBS 1/1 18:20, see Ebeling Handerhebung 110:22; $ina \dots qu$ - \acute{u} -li ku- \acute{u} - $ri nissati \dots$ lištabrûšu ZA 65 58:83 (kudurru); lu.ul.bi $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$. [sá...] : $nissat\bar{\imath}\,m\bar{\imath}\check{s}\,q\acute{u}$ - $la\,ti$ -[...] (see nissatu mng. 1b) Ugaritica 5 165:7; see also Lambert BWL 146:48, 102:18f., Maqlu VII 41, cited $k\bar{u}ru$ A usage b.

2' other occs.: šumma awīlum itti ramanišuma qú-lum i[m] qussu if silence falls upon a man without any reason AfO 18 64 i 29 (OB omens); qu-lu(vars. -la, -lam) iṣbatu šaqummeš ušbu they (the gods) became dazed (and) sat down in silence En. el. I 58; qú-lum ina bīt amēli ibašši there will be a dazed silence in

the man's house CT 39 35:47, cf. Níg. ME.GAR AL.GAR CT 40 16:38, 18:80 (all SB Alu), cf. Níg.ME.GAR AL.KUD Boissier DA 2:27, dupl. KAR 376 r. 27; GIŠ.TUKUL qú-li-im it is a "weapon-mark" (predicting) silence YOS 10 46 v 31, also ibid. 9:14 (OB kakku omens), cf. GIŠ.TUKUL qú-lim KAR 148:26, 423 v 61, CT 20 42 r. 33 (SB kakku omens), cf. qú-lum eli ummānija imaqqut KAR 150 r. 2 (SB ext.), also Labat Suse 6 ii 37, iii 3; UD. 18.KAM ša qu-li DUG₄.GA-ú LKA 73:3, cf. ibid. 5.

The var. qu-lu to qu-u Maqlu I 9, see Meier, Maqlu p. 66, seems to be a scribal error.

The references BoSt 8 60:19, 62:23 (= KBo 1 4 ii 19, 23, cited maḥāṣu mng. 5a) and VAB 2 (EA) 29:29 and 81 should be interpreted as ina kul libbiĕu "wholeheartedly."

Reiner, Studies Landsberger 247ff.

qulu see qullu.

qumahhu (qummālu) s.; cattle; SB.*

Nfg.ÚR.LIMMÚ.EDIN.NA, qu-ma-hi, Ug.MA, KU bu -laNU, $zirqatu = [b\bar{u}lu]$ 2R 47 ii 5 ff. (astrol. comm.); qu-um-ma-lam $/\!\!/$ -lu = bu-lum CT 41 27:21 (Alu Comm.).

ŠUB-tim qu-ma-aḥ-ḥi ibašši there will be an epidemic among cattle (followed by ŠUB-tim KUR.GI.[MUŠEN(?) ibašši], ŠUBtim Subarti [ibašši]) ACh Adad 8:13.

In the Alu Comm., the scribe may have reinterpreted a spelling qu-um-ma-hum as qu-um-ma-lum, and presented the two variants -lam and -lu for this word which seems no longer to have been understood.

qumāru s.; (a part of the arm?); MB, SB.

qu-ma-ar-sú(var. -su) sa imitti sa [amē] = li (the lahmu monster's head is a kissugu head) its right arm(?) is human (followed by rittu) MIO 1 74 iv 35, also ibid. 76 iv 53 (SB description of representations of demons), dupl. CT 51 209: "62"; TÚG hullān qú-ma-ri

*qumāštu qunātu

liqtu BE 14 157:7, 62, and 78, cf. TÚG hullān ahi liqtu ibid. 22 (MB).

Köcher, MIO 193.

*qumāštu see *qumāšu.

*qumāšu (or *qumāštu) s.; capital of a column(?); MA, NA; only pl. qumāšātu attested.

[... timmē] ša erēni ša i-na qu-ma-a-ša-te-šu-nu ... šaţruni columns made of cedar wood on the capitals of which (the following inscription) is written AfO 17 146:19 (= VAS 19 14), cf. 4 qu-ma-ša-a-tu ša [8].TA.ÀM qi-im-ma-a-te [x KI].MIN ša 7.TA.ÀM qi]-ma-a-te [x KI].MIN ša 6.TA.ÀM qi-ma-[a-te] ibid. 12-15 (MA); ina ūmē-šuma DUG qu-maš-a-tu DUG sa-ak-ki ēpušu ina rēš abulli ālija ú-si(?)-me (var. aškun) at that time I affixed on top of the gate (s) of my city the clay q.-s (and) sakku ornaments I had made Andrae Festungswerke 166:13 (NA).

Freydank, OLZ 1971 533f.

qummālu (or kummālu) s.; (mng. uncert.); OB.*

ištu ūm tēzibanni qú-um-ma-li amtala ever since you (my father) left me, I have been despondent(?) (lit. filled with q.-s) (send me the sheep and oil you promised) Kraus AbB 1 99:6.

von Soden, BiOr 23 54.

qummālu see qumahhu.

qummānu A s.; (a fungus); SB.

zi-il nun = [šá x].nun e-riš-tum, [šá x.nun] qu-ma(text-ba)-nu, [šá] Lul.nun min A V/3:14 ff.; pa-aḥ Lul = šá Lul.nun ár-ḥa-nu-u, qu-ma(text-ba)-nu A VII/4:127.

arḥānû = qu-um-ma-nu Malku IV 70; kib-šá = qu-um-ma-nu Hunger Uruk 51:4.

AB.SÍN *u* GURUN KI.MIN ŠE *qu-ma-nu* [*iṣabbat*] the *q*.-mold will affect the furrow and the fruit, variant: barley Labat Calendrier § 77':3, cf. § 77:3, cf. [GURUN] GIŠ. SAR *qu-ma-nu iṣabbat* ACh Supp. 2 Adad 95:13, also ŠE.GIŠ.Ì *tal'ašu u qu-ma-nu*

[DIB] Labat Calendrier § 77':4, cf. § 77:4, wr. qu-man-nu § 78:5, (with GIŠ.GIŠIMMAR) ibid. § 77':5; BA-e (= nušurrê?) ŠE.GIŠ.ì qu-ma-nu DIB ACh Supp. Sin 23 i 5.

It is uncertain whether the refs. cited qummānu B are to be connected with this word. For etymology see von Soden, BiOr 23 54.

qummānu B s.(?); (mng. unkn.); lex.*
[udu.i]m.kur.ra = qu-um-ma-nu Hh. XIII 34;
lú.x.x = qu-um-ma-nu MSL 12 232:8.

qummaru see qummarû.

qummarû (qummaru) adj.; naked; lex.*

[(x)].NUN = qu-ma-ru-[ú] (vars. qu-um-[ma-ru],
qu-ma-ru-tu), šā.sud = me-re-nu Erimhuš III 18f.

mi-[e-re-nu]-ú, qu-um-ma-ru-ú = ereššānu An IX
98f.; me-e-ri-in-nu, [q]ú-um-ma-ru (var. [qú-u]mma-rum) = [e-r]i-iš-šum An VIII 13f.

*qummārûtu see qummarû.

qummu see kummu B.

*qummû see qu'û.

qummušu v.; (mng. unkn.); gramm.*; II. tu-qa-am-maš 5R 45 K.253 vii 43.

qumqummatu s.; (mng. uncert.); SB.

ēpišta qu-um-qu-um-ma-tum kaššāptu kuttimmatu the witch is a q., my sorceress a charcoal burner (?) Maqlu VI 19, also cited, wr. qu-um-qu-um-ma-ta IX 100, cf. ēpišti qum-qum-ma-tú kaššāptu narsšindati Speleers Recueil 312:5.

For other expressions characterizing sorceresses see kaššāptu usage b.

qunātu s.; (a dye or a mordant); NB*; Aram. lw.(?).

1 PI \circlearrowleft qu-na-a-ta (beside $h\bar{u}ratu$, given to the laundryman) YOS 6 74:3.

Compare Syr. $q^e n \bar{a} \, \bar{a} \, \text{``woad''}$ (Isatis tinctria), see Landsberger, JCS 21 164 and 167.

(von Soden, Or. NS 37 264.)

qundu qunnupu

qundu s.; 1. (a plant), 2. (an implement or container); NA, NB.

- 1. (a plant): $[\circlearrowleft q]u$ -un-di: $\circlearrowleft qur$ -[nu-u] Uruanna I 300.
- 2. (an implement or container): 1 quun-di urudu ADD 978 ii 9; 1-en GIŠ quun-du (among household utensils) BE 8/1 123:2 (NB).

qunduḥu (qunnabru) s.; (a settlement); syn. list.*

qu-un-du-hu (var. qu-un-nab-ru) = a-lum Malku I 202, from Rm. 349 r. i 7, in 5R 41 No. 1 and copy of Delitzsch, var. from STT 392.

qunnabru s.; fetters; SB.*
qu-un-nab-ru = kur-şu-u Malku I 95.

puțur qu-un-nab-ra-šu hipi illu[rtašu] (see illurtu) ZA 61 58:173.

qunnabru see qunduhu.

qunnabu (qunnubu) s.; (an aromatic); NA, NB.

- a) in gen.: ½ MA.NA ŠIM qu-un-na-bu a-na 2¾ GÍN kaspi BIN 1 162:5, cf. 110 minas ŠIM qu-un-\(\lambda na \rangle -bu ki-i 26¾ GÍN kaspi RA 23 46:11; (various aromatics and) [x] MA.NA ŠIM qu-un-na-bi ana Ú.HI.A ra-am-ku(?) [ina] pan PN GCCI 2 258:4 (all NB); ŠIM qu-nu-bu tulabbak ina muḥhi tazarriq Postgate Palace Archive 215:16 (NA recipe for the preparation of perfume, = Iraq 13 112 ND 460); ŠIM.ŠEŠ ŠIM qu-nu-bu (among items for a rit.) ABL 368:13 (NA), cf. x MA.NA ŠIM.ŠEŠ 1 MA.NA ŠIM qu-un-na-bi 82-7-14,1081:5 (NB); 10 GÍN ŠIM qu-an-na-bu RAcc. 18 iv 5, qu-un-nab áp-ru-[šá] (among medications) 82-7-14,2261:4 (NB).
- b) as feminine personal name: ^fQu-un-na-bi Dar. 452:5, 8, 12; ^fQu-fun-na-bu GCCI 2 395:16; hypocoristic: ^fQu-un-na-ba-tum VAS 5 23:9, ^fQu-un-na-<ba>-tum Dar. 400:8.

Possibly the seed or flower of hemp (Cannabis).

In TuL 47:10 (= LKA 72 r. 11) read [GIŠ] bi-nu bu-za-x-šu, possibly to be emended to bu-da-su. It is unlikely that the OAkk. inc. Westenholz OSP 1 7 i 7 contains this word, as suggested by von Soden, ZA 66 136.

qunnubu see qunnabu and qunnupu.

qunnunu (qannunu, fem. qunnuntu, qanznuntu) adj.; curled, coiled, convoluted; OAkk., MB, MA, SB; cf. kanānu.

nir.mú.mú.ir = qu-un-nu-[nu] (followed by $ziqn\bar{a}nu$) Lu Excerpt II 33; Lum = qa-an-nu-nu = (Hurr.) hé-iš-la-e = (Ugar.) qu-u[n(?)]-n[u(?)-x] Ugaritica 5 130 ii 2.

šà.sig, šà. $^{\text{si-ir}}$ BU = qu-un-nu-n[u] Nabnitu XXII 87 f.

- a) said of hair or beard: kīma nēšti ša šuddāt (var. kīma ur.mah ina šuttate) merā[niša] ittanashur ana panīšu u arkišu ibaqqam u itabbak (var. abaqqam atabbaka) qu-un-[nu-un-tu pī]-ir-tum as a lioness who is bereft of her cubs (var. a lion in the pit) turns hither and yon, tears out and ·s (her) curled hair (var. I tear out and (my) curled hair) Gilg. VIII ii 21, vars. from STT 15 r. 15, see von Soden, ZA 53 229, cf. qu-un-nu-na (explanation to a particular type of beard) Kraus Texte 12c iii 19; see also Lu, in lex. section.
- b) said of the intestines: see Nabnitu, in lex. section.
- c) said of the lines on the forehead: §umma qu-un-nu-nu if (the lines on a man's forehead) are convoluted Kraus Texte 2a:12.
- d) as personal name (uncert. mng.): $gu-nu-n\acute{u}m$ MAD 5 45 i 6 (OAkk.); Qu-un-nu-ni BE 14 168:34, Qu-un-nu-nu ibid. 118:27, 132:33, AfO 10 2:3, see Landsberger, ibid. 141 n. 5 (all MB), ${}^fQa-nu-un-tu$ AfO 10 43 No. 100:8 and 20 (MA).

qunnupu (or qunnubu) v.; (mng. unkn.); gramm.*; II.

tu-qa-an-nap 5R 45 vii 42.

qunû quppu A

qunû (lapis lazuli-colored) see $uqn\hat{u}$.

qununnitu adj. fem.; (qualifying sheep and wool); NB.*

124-ta U₈.UDU.ḤI.A qu-nu-un-ni-tum 2-ta ½ GÚ.UN SÍG.ḤI.A qu-nu-un-ni-tum ša PN ina muḥḥi PN₂ BE 9 53:1f., also ibid. 6-8; [x] qu-un-<nu>-[un]-e-ti šá síg šundu [x]+2 gammidāti šá síg šundu (see gam: midu) GCCI 2 361:4.

The form is either fem. sing. or to be read qununnētu as fem. pl.

qupāšu s.; (an occupation); NA.*

PN LÚ qu-pa-a-ši URU Di-maš-qa-a-aABL 193:6.

qupātu s.; (a type of grain or a quality of flour); MA.*

x NINDA midru zfd qu-pa-tu x (silas of) midru bread (made of?) q. (followed by NINDA qaduātu) VAT 10550 i 8, also ii 2, iv 6 (MA list of offerings, courtesy F. Köcher); NINDA harše x sìla zfd qu-pa-tu (followed by oil) ibid. ii 21, also iv 25, i 13; x NINDA naptunu KI.MIN qu-pa-tu VAS 19 29:2; x sìla zfd.da qu-pa-tu [. . .] x sìla arsānu KAJ 277 r. 12.

quppatu s.; box, basket; OB*; cf. quppu A.

1 kuruppum 1 qú-up-pa-tu-um YOS 2 148:14; 1 qú-up-pa-tum pu-ut-tu-ùh-tum CT 4 30a:7.

quppatu see quppu B.

quppu adj.; buckled (said of a wall); SB; cf. qapu B v.

[é.gar₈.diri].ga = i-ga-ru qu-lupl-pu Igituh App. A i 8'; [é.gar₈.diri.ga] = min (= i-ga-rum) qu-up-pu Lu Excerpt II 164d.

bītu šuāti igārūšu qu-up-pu-ma of that temple the walls had buckled OECT 1 pl. 24 i 59 (Nbn.); igārūša qu-up-pu-tu adkēma I removed its buckled walls VAB

4 212 ii 23 (Ner.), also, wr. qu-up-pu-tim PBS 15 80 i 21 (Nbn.).

In Sumer 3 8 ii 29 (Nbk.) read šu-pu-uk.

quppu A s.; 1. (a wicker basket or wooden chest), 2. cage, 3. (a box for silver and precious objects); from OB on; pl. quppū and quppātu (qu-up-pi.meš CT 49 153:2); cf. quppatu, quppu in rabi quppi ša šarri, quppu in ša (ina) muḥhi quppu.

[gi.gur.húb x x] = qu-pp Hh. IX Gap A b 3; kin.gur₄ = ka-an-nu-um, qup-pu-um UET 6 390:11 f.

makkannu = qu-[up-pu] Malku IV 150. GI.GUR = pa-nu, pa-nu = qu-pu 2R 47 K.4387 r. v 50 f. (Izbu comm.).

1. (a wicker basket or wooden chest) a) for produce: GI.GU[R].DA ša suluppī u GI qú-pa-am ša sahlê ša tušābilam i [tt] ab: lunim they just brought me the large basket of dates and the basket of cress that you sent me CT 6 27a:27; [ana G]I $q\acute{u}$ -up- $p\acute{i}$ ša ha.za.nu.[u]m.sar 10 gi. HI.A lidd[i] nunim let them give me ten (bundles of) reeds for (making) baskets for bitter garlic Kraus AbB 1 5:18, cf. 1 GI $q\acute{u}$ -up-pa-am [ša . . .] 1 GI $q\acute{u}$ -up-pa-am $[\delta a \ldots] \ldots \delta \bar{u}bilim$ ibid. 73:6f., cf. [5] GI qu-up-pu (in broken context) TIM 2 48:16; sankutti šamaššammī ina qú-up-pí $im kun[kam]ma \tilde{sub}[ila]m$ send me the rest of the linseed in a basket under seal VAS 16 57:39, cf. 2 $q\acute{u}$ -up-pa- $\lceil tim \rceil$ ša še'imuštābilakki I am sending you two q.-containers of barley ibid. 65:10 (all OB letters); 1 GI qú-up-pa-am ša BURU5.AB.[BA] uštā: bilakkim I am sending you a basket of shrimp OBT Tell Rimah 134:35, cf. arwānê ... ina 1 GI qú-up-pí aknukam ina šanîm GI $q\acute{u}$ -up- $p\acute{i}$ -im $all\bar{a}n\bar{u}$. . . aknukamma . . . ušābilakkim I put in a basket under seal, in another basket I put acorns (etc., from Kaniš) under seal and sent (them) to you ibid. 33:10 and 13; 1 GI $q\acute{u}$ up-pa-am ša kam'ātim u 1 tuppam ša PN ušābilam uţahhêm anumma 131 qú-up-paam u tuppam ša ublūnim qadu kunu[k: kī | šunu ana şēr bēlija uštābilašš [un] ū[ti]

quppu A quppu A

he (PN's servant) presented to me the one basket of truffles and the one tablet which PN sent me, and now I have sent on to my lord under seal the basket and the tablet that they brought to me ARM 2 104:9, also ARM 14 35:16; whoever the mother of the king, my lord, may designate qu-up-pu liptēma dullu lēpuš should open the basket (of aromatics) and perform the ritual ABL 368 r. 11 (NA).

- b) for tablets: naphar 25 qu-pa-tu ša tuppāte (summing up q.-s containing various documents, as well as marsattu, mešlu, tallu, and hupau containers) KAJ 310:38, cf. l KI.MIN (= qu-pu) ša tuppāte pa'ugāte ibid. 14, also l qu-pu ša muhhi PN ibid. 11, 13, 15ff. (MA).
- c) other occs.: bēlet qup-pi zēri epinni harbu kakki u redî (Nanše) mistress of the basket, seed grain, plow, harbu plow, tool, and Or. NS 36 118:40 (hymn to Gula), cf. [d] Dilbat bēlet qu-up-pi u še.numun K.3384 r. 4 (astrol. comm.), cited Lambert, Or. NS 36 131; 2 GI $q\acute{u}$ -up-pu- $[\acute{u}]$ ša š $\bar{i}ri$ Iraq 7 pl. 4 A. 994 r. 25 (OB Chagar Bazar); 5 GI qúup-pu ša GI.MEŠ five baskets of arrows ARM 18 9:13 and 15, ARMT 13 56:11; 3 GI $q\dot{u}$ pu uš 2 gi gursipū uš šu.ti.a PN ARM 7 255:1; 8 GI $q\acute{u}$ -up-pu x x (between nushumand PISAN $nasha \langle pu \rangle$) TCL 1 199:2, cf. 8 GI qu-ub-ba UŠ(?) ibid. 4; 3 GI.PISAN. MEŠ 3 GI $q\acute{u}$ -up-pu-um.MEŠ TCL 11 223:2 (both OB); UD.KA.BAR.MEŠ hušā'ū la hītu ana qu-pi ta'uru the copper scraps, unweighed, were returned to the box KAJ 310:63 (MA); [x] GIŠ $q\acute{u}$ -up-pu- \acute{u} CT 51 15:10 (Nuzi); 1 GIŠ qu-pu ša 4 kirru'āte (in list of tribute) Iraq 32 pl. 33:7, 9, and 14 (NA), cf. ibid. 4; 8 qu-up-pa-ti &a di-[...] ina libbi x [KÙ.BABBAR] ... tamkārē la uda ADD 812 lower edge 1; [1?] qu-u[p-pa?]ša kuddili KAV 200 r. 1; one sheep sacrificed ana pi-i qup-pat KA ša pi nāmeri ipteuni KAJ 199:3 (both MA); 1-en qu-up-pu 1-en GI šaddu RA 14 158:10 (NB); note iškunanni ina qup-pi (var. qu-up-pu) ša

 \check{suri} ina iṭṭṭ bābija ipḥi she set me in a reed basket, made its (lit. my) opening watertight with bitumen CT 13 43 K.4470 i 6, var. from ibid. BM 47449:14 (SB legend of Sargon); obscure: one lamb's hide $s\acute{a}$ $q\acute{u}$ - $p\acute{a}$ -e-en $s\acute{a}$ £ $t\acute{a}$ -ir- tim_x (DIN?) for two q.-s for the ARM 19 103:3.

- 2. cage: iptēma bāb qup-pi šuātu [...] šamāme he unfastened the opening of that basket (and) [the birds flew] heavenward STT 38:97 (Poor Man of Nippur), see AnSt 6 154, cf. (claiming that the q. contained gold) ibid. 99: 370 nēšē dannūti kīma MUŠEN.MEŠ qu-up-pi ina GIŠ puašhi adūk with a spear(?) I killed 370 big lions like caged birds AKA 205 iv 76, cf. Iraq 14 34:89 (both Asn.), cf. $k\bar{\imath}ma$ işş $\bar{\imath}ur$ qu-up-pi ēsiršu (see işşūru mng. 1b) Rost Tigl. III p. 34:203, OIP 2 70:28, parallel ibid. 33 iii 27 (Senn.); uncert.: ina [x].meš dannūti 5 ūmē u mūšī kīma qú-up-pi-e šurbusa gimir ba'ulātija all my soldiers were obliged to cower for five days and nights in strong [...]-s as (if they were in) cages (or: like eels, see kuppû B) OIP 2 74:76 (Senn.).
- 3. (a box for silver and precious objects) a) in gen.: 5 qup-pu-ú ša hurāsi sag.du-šu-nu lu-ri-mi-du five gold boxes(?), their lids(?) (ornamented with) pomegranates EA 14 ii 7 (list of gifts from Egypt); qu-up-pa ša šinni giš ašê . . . šēbilani send (pl.) me the box of ivory (and) ebony KAV 109:25, cf. qu-up-pa ša šinni u giš ašê pitia KAV 99:25 (MA letters).
- b) cash box at the temple gate for receiving offerings (NB) 1' in gen.: x GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ultu qu-up-pu irbi NÍG.GA dAŠAN.A.GA.DÈ.KI ša ina Sippari x silver from the cash box for offerings, property of (the temple of) Bēlet-Akkade in Sippar 82-7-14,231:1; 3 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ultu qu-up-pu ša Gula ana Ebabbar ana dullu ša ziqqurratu x silver from the cash box of (the temple of) Gula (used) for Ebabbar for work on the temple tower Evetts Ner. 40:2; GI qu-up-pu ša šarri ša ina Eanna adi

quppu A quppu A

GI qu-up-pu ša šatammūtu . . . naphar isgēti ša šarri u ša šatammi mala bašû the royal cash box in Eanna together with the cash box of the šatammu office, all the shares of the king and of the šatammu official, as much as there is (object of a sale) TCL 12 57:3, also ibid. 12; ½ MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR irbi ša gi qu-up-pi šarri ša bābi ša ultu ud.9.kam ša mn adi ud.24. KAM ša MN 11 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana KÙ.GI nad[nu] PN 12 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana pitqa ša udė ša būti nadin (see irbu mng. 3b-1') YOS 6 13:2, cf. ultu qu-up-pu ša šarri inašši Moore Michigan Coll. 52:23; x kaspu irbi ša bābi ultu qu-up-pu Nbn. 1058:2 and 6, cf. PN ša itti qu-up-pu ana Bābili illiku ibid. 10, cf. also irbi ša qu-up-pi-e ša bābi GCCI 1 360:2, 384:5; x silver irbi ša PN LÚ.SAG ša ina GN PN, mār šiprišu ana GIŠ gu-up-pu ittasuk income administered by PN, the ša $r\bar{e}$ ši, who is in GN, PN₂, his messenger, deposited (it) in the cash box GCCI 2 86:5; X GÍN KÙ.BABBAR irbi ša ultu UD.9.KAM ša MN adi UD.19.KAM ša MN anaqu-up-pu ša bābi īrubu GCCI 1 356:4, also, wr. qu-up-pi-e YOS 6 220:30, cf. x silver adi 19 gín mahrû ša . . . ana qu-up-pu ša bābi īrubu GCCI 1 338:4; x silver irbi ša GIŠ qu-up-pi u panāt GIŠ qu-up-pi ša NÍG. GA Zababa u Ninlil CT 49 156:2 (= ZA 3 145 No. 5), also BRM 1 99:1f., CT 49 143:2, 155:2f., 160:10, 164:2, wr. panât qu-up-pi.meš ibid. ša giš qu-up-pu ša Ninlil ibid. 150:46; qup-pu ša šarri ina panīka u atta immeru ana ekurrāti tanandin the king's cash box is at your disposal and you provide the sheep (offering) to the temples BIN 1 69:6 (let.); PN said to me kaspa terrima ana qu-up-pu usuk kaspa kî uterru ana gu-up-pu attasuk "Return the silver and put (it) back into the box!" - I returned the silver (and) put (it) back into the box YOS 6 235:10 and 11; u kaspa mala ina qu-up-pu pitq[a]nimma melt down (the crown prince's silver, PN's silver) and all the (other) silver that is in the cash box CT 22 131:10 (let.); x KÙ. BABBAR peşû irbi ša qu-up-pu ana petēq

šakin x white silver, offerings from the cash box, has been turned over for melting down 82-7-14,1402:2; kî maḥīri ša 'PN 'PN, la tētetir akî KI.[LAM ša GIŠ(!)] GU-up-pí ina 1 GÍN 1 (PI) suluppī inandin if 'PN, does not pay according to the rate (set by?) PN. he (the debtor) will deliver according to the exchange rate of the (office of the) cash box, (namely) one shekel of silver to one PI of dates Nbn. 807:12; 35 MA.NA SfG. HI.A ana 7 GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ana PN nadin KÙ.BABBAR ina qu-up-pu 35 minas of wool valued at seven shekels of silver given to PN, the silver (for the wool) is in the cash box 82-7-14,474:4, and passim; x GÍN KÙ.BABBAR ultu qu-[up-pu] ša bābi ana PN ša É.GUD nadin ina libbi 1-en GUD ... ittadi[n] x silver from the cash box at the gate, given to PN from the cattle shed, in exchange he delivered one ox 82-7-14,72:1; x kaspu peşû nuhhutu . . . adi 1 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR qu-up-pu Peiser Verträge 101:2, cf. (in similar, broken context) Nbn. 347:4; exceptionally: [x] gold ša ul-[tu GIŠ] qu-up-pu 82-7-14,300:1, KÙ.GI qu-uppu ina bīt dulli Nbn. 84:11: ina mašīhu ša 1 PI ša PN ina haṣāri ina muhhi qup-pi inandinu according to the one-PI measure of PN he will deliver (the tax in dates) at the cash box in the enclosure VAS 3 12:9, cf. ina muhhi qup-pu [ina m] ašīhi ša PN [inandin] ibid. 60:7, also ina MN suluppī ina haṣāri ina muhhi qup-pi(!) ana PN inandin ibid. 25:7; pūt qu-up-pu naptanu pūt batlu u massātu PN naši TuM 2-3 208:4; exceptionally not referring to silver: irta ša immeri rabî ša šēri ana qu-up-pi ša šarri usuk throw the breast cut of the sheep from the main morning (meal of the god) into the king's cash box YOS 6 10:13, cf. kurummāti ša mārat šarri ana qu-up-pi ša šarri usuk ibid. 22; ana muhhi KÙ.BABBAR irbi ša ana qu-up-pu ša KÁ GAL-i ša Eanna īrubamma ina muhhi par: zilli ša itti kaspi ana qu-up-pu innaskuma Studies Jones 165:24f.; note: two gur (of barley) PN ina GIŠ(text É) GU-up-pu YOS 7 191:25.

quppu A quppu A

2' personnel: ša qu-up-pu inaṣṣari (PN) who guards the cash box CT 22 165:9 (let.), also Nbn. 574:9, 82-7-14,2575:9, for maṣṣār quppi see maṣṣāru mng. 1b-4'; one gur of dates for food allowance ana muḥḥi Lū.ERÍN.MEŠ ša qu-up-pu debited against the men in charge of the cash box 82-7-14,126:5; x barley ina qībi ša PN ana PN₂ ša qu-up (perhaps to be emended to ša ⟨muḥḥi⟩ qu-up-⟨pi⟩) nadin given on PN's order to PN₂ of the cash box Nbn. 1099:19.

c) cash box holding a woman's peculium (NB): PN has made over a field to his wife $[k\bar{u}m \times kaspi \dots]$ ša ultu GU-up-pu ša PN, iššû in exchange for the silver he took from the strongbox of ^fPN₂ (his wife) VAS 6 90 (= 91):8, also, wr. qu-up-pi VAS 5 43 (= 44):5; elat xkaspi ša GU-up-pu ša ^fPN ša zēru maškanu sabtatu in addition to x silver from fpn's strongbox for which she has taken a grain field as pledge (from her husband) VAS 4 46:13; ^fPN sold a slave girl to ^fPN₂, her daughter, for four minas of silver kaspu ša ultu mu.1.KAM RN . . . fPN2 ultu qu-uppi-šú ana PN ummišu iddinu the silver is that which PN2 had given from her own strongbox to ^fPN, her mother, since the first year of Darius VAS 5 127:8; ūmu ^fPN 1GI ana bīt mār banî taltakan 1 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR ina qu-up-pu ana ¹PN₂ ummišu tuštallim ana mār banî tallak whenever fPN wishes to enter (in marriage) the house of a mār banî, she will pay in full to ^fPN₂, her (adoptive) mother, one mina of silver from her q, and she may go to a mār banî BM 61737:7 (courtesy M. T. Roth); 3 MA.NA KÙ.BABBAR ša ina qu-up-pu itti fPN (as part of a dowry) Nbk. 265:5.

For the use of quppu as a cash box where silver for the temple was deposited and eventually melted down and made into ingots of standard size and fineness, see Oppenheim, JNES 6116ff. See also kuppu, qupātu.

For CT 12 25 ii 33 (= A I/2:172) see uppu.

Landsberger Date Palm p. 53. Ad mng. 3a: Ungnad Glossar p. 127; San Nicolò, ArOr 7 367 f. n. 2. Ad mng. 3b: Oppenheim, JNES 6 117 f.

quppu A in rabi quppi ša šarri s.; (an official); NB*; cf. quppu A.

LÚ GAL qu-up-pu ša LUGAL 82-9-18,4015:3.

quppu A in ša (ina) muḥḥi quppu s.; official in charge of the cash box; NB; cf. quppu A s.

- a) in adm. texts: PN LÚ ša muhhi qup-pu TCL 13 232:19, PN LÚ.SAG.LUGAL LÚ ša muhhi qu-up-pu BIN 2 115:16, BIN 1 169:2, (with ša Eanna, all referring to the same person) YOS 7 19:19, 59:17, 140:25, 190:17, 198:2, AnOr 8 41:1, JCS 28 25 No. 4:3, (with NIG.GA Eanna) YOS 77 i 11, TCL 12 117:8, also, wr. Lú ša ina muhhi qu-up-pu AnOr 8 51:24, BIN 1 7:20, LÚ.SAG.LUGAL LÚ Ša muhhi qu-up-pu ša šarri AnOr 8 63:16, TCL 13 164:18, YOS 6 224:2, YOS 7 70:19, 130:13, GCCI 2 102:13, cf. BIN 1 150:3, cf. PN ša ina muhhi qu-up-pu Dar. 216:3, wr. qup-pu Nbn. 551:3, LÚ ša muhhi qu-up-pu ša Ebabbar Cyr. 271:14, wr. šá Lú muh-hi qu-up-pu GCCI 2 130:8, exceptionally Lt. SAG.LUGAL ša muhhi qú-up-pu YOS 6 67:19.
- b) other occs.: if he removes even one sila of barley or one sila of straw (from the bīt alpi) ša la PN LÚ ša UGU qu-up-pu ša šarri without the permission of PN, the royal official in charge of the cash box (he is liable to punishment) TCL 12 80:8; barley ša ultu bīti LÚ ša muḥḥi qu-up-pu našâta TCL 13 225:3; 4 puḥāl . . . LÚ ša muḥḥi qu-up-pi ina qāt PN . . . kî ībuku YOS 3 41:24; isqēti ša ṣābī gabbi ša muḥḥi qu-up-pu ik-te-[l]u the official in charge of the cash box refused to pay the shares for all the men Thompson A Catalogue of the Late Babylonian Tablets pl. 2 C 4:9 (let.), cf. ša muḥḥi «šú» qu-up-pu ibid. 13 f.

As the same person bears the titles ša muhhi quppu, ša muhhi quppu ša šarri, ša muhhi quppu (ša šarri) ša Eanna, it seems that these titles are equivalent.

quppu B quppû

quppu B (or kuppu, q/kuppatu) s.; (a building); Nuzi; pl. quppātu.

- a) quppu: minummê A.ŠA.MEŠ u É ku-up-pu ša PN epšu ša ana PN2 iddinu u anāku aššum A.ŠA.MEŠ šāšunu u É ku-up-pí ina arkišunu... ul ašassīmi whatever fields and built-up q.-building of PN's that he gave to PN2, I will not enter a claim for those fields and the q.-building JEN 473:6 and 8, cf. ibid. 11, eqlāti u l É ku-up-pu ša AN. ZA.GAR GN ibid. 18.
- b) quppatu 1' in sing.: a threehomer field u 1 ku-up-pa-tù ina qinna[t] dimti Šinašgilli JEN 352:33, also ibid. 24, cf. aššum x eqli u 1 ku-ba-tù annīti ibid. 36.
- 2' in pl.: 1 ANŠE A.ŠÀ ... 5 É.MEŠ ku-up-pa-ti tarbaşu u qaqqaru paihu ša pani abullāti RA 23 155 No. 50:10, cf. [2] É ku-up-pa- $tum 1 kutlu 1 kir<math>\hat{u}$ JEN 474:11, 2 £ ku-up-pa-tum 1 £ ekallu 1 kutlu HSS 19 98:2; 3 É.HI.A.MEŠ ku-pa-ti rēhūti 1 awihar eqlu halahwu JEN 206:6; 2 É.MEŠ ku-uppa-tu.MEŠ $ina\ dimti\ GN\ (sold)\ RA\ 23\ 153$ No. 46:6; É.HI.A.MEŠ gu-up-pa-ti.MEŠ 64 ina ammati mūrakšunu u 37 ina ammati rupussunu u magrattu . . . ina sērīti ina $arsigma upar{a}l$ É.НІ.А.МЕЎ $gu ext{-}up ext{-}pa ext{-}ti$.МЕЎ Р $ext{N}$. . . ana PN2 kīma ḤA.LA.MEŠ-šú iddin PN has given to PN₂ as his share q.-buildings 64 cubits in length and 37 cubits in width and a threshing floor (with a well) in the open country, west of the q-buildings JEN 213:5 and 15, šumma É.HI.A.MEŠ kuup-pa-[ti.meš] šumma magra[ttu...] ibid. 23, also É.HI.A.MEŠ ku-up-pa-tum šu-[ši ina ammati mūrakšunu] [x]+4 rupussunu ina EDIN.NA Artihe JEN 400:6, also JENu 628:5 and 9; É.HI.A.MEŠ ku-up-pá-ti ina Nuzi ina ṣērīti ina lēt ku-up-pá-ti ša PN HSS 5 72:17f., also ibid. 30 and 32; a field elēn É.HI.A.MEŠ ku-up-pa-ti ina šapat atappi ša Killi JEN 585:5, a field ina lēt É.ÍMEŠ l ku-up- $p\acute{a}$ -tum ša PN JEN 262:12; note without det. É: É.MEŠ epšūtu ina lēt PN 50 ina ammati mūrakšunu 35 ina ammati rupussunu . . . šumma ku-up-pátim annûtum . . . pirqa iraššû (PN and PN,

gave PN3) the built-on plots at the side of (the plot of) PN - fifty cubits in length, 35 cubits in width - if a claim should arise against these q.-s SMN 3491:13, cf. [šumma ku]-up-pa-ti u eqlu paihu annû [pirqa irtaši] JENu 363:11; bītāti ina ṣērīti ina Nuzi ina lēt ku-up-pa-ti ša PN ina harrāni ša Anzugalli JEN 194:7, ina lēt ku-up $p\acute{a}$ -[$ti \ \acute{s}a$] PN JENu 523:10, IM 73291:8 (courtesy A. Fadhil); mala kumāni egla paiha ina harrān Anzugalli ina lēt ku-up-pa-ti ša PN JEN 242:6, also, wr. ku-pa-ti JEN 146:10, note (in the same locality) ina tiriş kuup-pa-ti ša PN JEN 232:12; fields [ina i] ltān ku-up-pá-ti ša PN [ina bi] rīt ḥarrāni ša Anzugalli [ina dim]ti ša PN2 JEN 438:6; houses, orchards ha[lahwu] ina šupāl kupa-ti [...] JENu 941:5; x eqlu ina harrān $Anzugalli \dots u \times eqlu$ ašar ku-pa-ti JEN 156:11; x eqlu šīqu u ku-up-pá-tum [ina] harrān Ulamme ina lēt [. . . m] eš ša ekalli u ša PN JEN 484:5.

Except for JEN 352, q/kuppatu occurs in the plural. It is mostly qualified as £.HI.A(.MEŠ) or preceded by the det. £. It is possible that in those refs. where £ is not used the word refers to the land on which such buildings stand. The word may be connected with huppāti, q.v., attested in RS.

quppû s.; (a knife); SB.

[urudu.š]um.gam.me.tur.tur = nap-te-e-tu, [urudu].x.t[ur].tur = qup-pu-u Hh. XI 428f.; [...] = [...] = pat-rum b^{i-pi} $e^{\delta-\delta u}$, [...] = [...] = b^{i-pi} $e^{\delta-\delta u}$, [gír.ba.da.ra.zabar] = patarru = [q]up-pu-u, [...] = [...] = [M]IN A.ZU, [...] = [...] = [MIN \$e]-her-tum, [...] = [...] = [qup]-p[u]-u Hg. B III lines h-m, in MSL 7 172, see MSL 9 207 sub d; igi.gín(?).LAGAB(?).dù.a (gloss?) i-g[i_4 -x-d]u(?)-a = i-nu δa i-na qup-pi-i na-ad(?)]-nu Sag Bil. A v 30.

a) as tool of the physician and barber: $ezh\bar{e}ku$ tukkannu naglabu qup-[pu]-ú (var. qup-pa-a) x-rak I (Gula as physician) am girt with the leather bag, I the scalpel and knife Or. NS 36 128:180 (SB hymn); see also MIN (= quppû) A.ZU Hg. B III line k, in lex. section.

quppuru qurādu

b) used for inflicting wounds on one-self: kurgarrû... nāš patri nāš naglabi qup-pe-e u şurti the kurgarrû men who wear daggers, who wield scalpels, knives, and flint blades Cagni Erra IV 57; I caused mourning in Urartu anaRN šarrišunu şurti naglabi qu-pé-e [...] [I made] their king Ursa [use] flint knives, scalpels, and knives (to slash himself in desperation) Lie Sar. 162, see TCL 3 p. 74:136.

c) other occ.: patru ina kišādišu u quppu-ú ina īnišu a dagger at his neck and a knife at his eye (curse) BBSt. No. 6 ii 54 (Nbk. I).

quppuru see qubburu.

qūqānu ($g\bar{u}q\bar{a}nu$, $guqq\bar{a}nu$) s.; 1. (an insect), 2. (a disease); SB; wr. syll. and IGI.GU.LÁ.

nim.bar.uš = gu-qa-nu, igi.gu.lá = min ša i-ni Antagal VIII 134f.; lú.igi.nim.bar.hu.uz, lú.igi.gu.lá = i-in gu-qá-nim OB Lu B iv 45f.

šu.gur hu.luh.ha ... igi.gu.lá.e igi.a. ni.šè šu.sì.tur.á.gùb.bu.a.ni.ta u.me.ni. gar : unqi lu-lu(!)-ti... ana qu-qa-ni ša īnišu ina ubānišu siḥirti ina šumēlišu šukun put a ring of lulūtu stone on his left little finger to (ward off) q.-disease of his eyes ASKT p. 90-91 ii 51, see Borger, AOAT 1 8:124.

išqippu = qu-qa-ni(var. -nu) qaq-qa-ri, mubattir eqli = qu-qa-ni A.SA (vars. add det. Ú) Uruanna III 213f., in MSL 8/2 60.

- 1. (an insect): see Uruanna, in lex. section.
- 2. (a disease) a) of the eye: if a man's eyes gu-qa-na ašâ u dīmta SUB. SUB-a are affected with q., ašû disease, and tearing CT 23 23 i 2, dupl. Köcher BAM 3 i 3, cf. [šumma amēlu īnā]šu gu-qa-ni malâ AMT 16,1:27; see also ASKT, in lex. section; he must not eat leek root qu-qa-nu irašši (or else) he will get q. KAR 178 r. iv 57, also, wr. gu-qá-nu LKU 53 r. ii 11, wr. IGI.GU.LÁ AN.GIG 5R 49 vii 10, see RA 38 34 (all hemer.); IGI^{II} amēli qu-qa-nu D[IB] (apod.) JNES 33 354:10 (SB ext.).

b) of the intestines: šumma amēlu lib: bašu urnatu qu-qa-nu u pi-lu-u şabit Köcher BAM 159 ii 43.

Landsberger Fauna 129.

quqittu see kukittu.

quqqubānu see kukkubānu.

ququbinnu s.; (a medicinal plant); plant list.*

quqqubātu see kukkubātu.

qurādu s.; hero, warrior; OAkk., OB, Bogh., SB; wr. syll. (UR.SAG KAH 2 84:66); cf. qardu.

ki.ná. g^{u-ud} SAG \times UR = ma-a-a-al qu-ra-di Antagal VIII 2.

du₁₀.bi du₁₀.nam.ur.sag.e.ne šu hé.ni. íb.dab.dab.bé: lik-mi bir-ki-šú u bir-ki qu-ra-di-šu may he (the god) bind his knees and the knees of his warriors 4R 12 r. 41f.; a.má.ru (text a.e.má) ur₄.ur₄.ra aš.ni é ur.sag: a-bu-bu a-ši-ši šá(?) [e-diš]-ši-šá(?) qu-ra-du TCL 15 pl. 47 No. 16:15.

a) said of gods - 1' alone: ana qura-du Irra amâte izakkar gu-ra(var. adds -a)-du qūlamma šime qabāja (Išum) said these words to the hero Irra: Hero, hearken to me and hear my words Cagni Erra V 16f., cf. (also referring to Irra) ibid. IV 141; zikir ummišu išmiam gú-ra-du-um the hero (Ningirsu) listened to the words of his mother RA 46 92:73 (OB Epic of Zu); $Enlil [mali]k il\bar{i} q\acute{u}$ -ra-dam Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 46 I 57 and 59 (OB), and passim; tanitti Anšar bēl bēlē qu-ra-du dabbat the praise of DN, lord of lords, the hero, is proclaimed BA 5 654 r. 15; in personal names: $\hat{I}r$ -ra- $q\acute{u}$ -ra-ad YOS 14 184 r. 4 (OB); for OAkk. names see MAD 3 227, also Qúrra-ti-li Grégoire Archives administratives sumériennes 175:10; abarak Tiāmtim qú-radum (referring to Tišpak) AfO 25 102 No. 13:3 (= MAD 1 192); Ninurta ašarid ilī qura-du atta BMS 2:25 and dupl. LKA 41:15,

qurādu qurādu

cf. qu-ra-du atta (referring to Šamaš) Tn.-Epic "v" 17, cf. ibid. "iv" 33; (Enlil) gešru mensū ilī qu-ra-du KAR 128 r. 23 (bil. prayer of Tn. I, Sum. broken), cf. (Adad) BMS 21:77; (Nergal) [...] edin.na dib.ba: qú-ra-du ša ina ṣēri ib-ta-<'> OECT 6 pl. 29 K.5158 r. 11; note referring to Ištar: ibašši išta-ta qú-ra-du there is one woman, a hero VAS 10 214 iii 4 (OB Agušaja).

2' followed by the divine name: qura-du Irra Cagni Erra I 76, and passim in this epic; qú-ra-du-um Irra ZA 43 306:16 (OB prayer to the Gods of the Night), also BiOr 30 361:36 (OB lit.); qu-ra-di(var. -du) IrraStreck Asb. 30 iii 113, ABL 1372 r. 1 (NA); issaqar ana qú-ra-di Enlil Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 48 I 112, and passim in this epic; [m] alikšunu $q\acute{u}$ -ra-d[u] Enlil ibid. 42 I 8, also Gilg. XI 16 and 174; tanīd qu-ra-di Adad lussaqqar KAR 158 i 28; issaq[ar ana q]ú-ra-di Anim Lambert-Millard Atra-hasīs 52 I 169; qú-ra-du Ning[irsu] RA 46 94:7 (OB Epic of Zu); (Ištar) tūamat . . . qu-ra-di(var. -du) Šamši BMS 1:32 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 60:4; rē ûssina iddinam qú-ra-dam dutu-šum VAB 4 146 ii 16 (Nbk.), cf. also Gilg. M. i 9 (OB).

3' preceded by the divine name: (Hammurapi) munēh libbi Adad qú-ra-di-im CH iii 60; Adad qú-ra-du BBR No. 100:16; ūtal= lil ^dBIL.GI qu-ra-du K.3471:8 + BBR No. 97:8, cf. $n\bar{u}h$ Girru qu-ra-du Šurpu V-VI 187, cf. Maqlu III 59 and 60; Ea qu-ra-du AfK 1 22 ii 14 (Šarrat-Nippuri hymn); [ut] am= mīka Šamaš qú-ra-da JCS 9 11 B 28 (OB inc.), cf. JCS 22 26:21 and 27:58 (OB ext. prayer); liptur Samaš qu-ra-du may Samaš, the valiant, release Surpu IV 60, cf. Lambert BWL 218 iv 10, SBH 145 No. VIII ii 14, Bab. 12 pl. 14:11 (OB Etana), and passim in this epic, Gilg. VII iii 49, X ii 23, AnSt 5 98:13, 102:77 (Cuthean Legend), also AKA 110:5, KAH 2 73:5, AKA 63 iv 45, AfO 18 349:5 (all Tigl. I), TCL 3 319 (Sar.); kīma Šamaš qu-ra-du dīnī dīni Maglu II 129; the seventh month ša dUTU qu-ra-du kalama Labat Calendrier 218 r. 5, also ibid. § 105:7; let him not plunder $\bar{a}l$ Šamaš qú-ra-a-ti KBo 19 98B 20 (šar tamhāri);

note referring to a human: ^dEn-ki-du ibtani qu-ra-du she (Aruru) created Eňkidu, the hero Gilg. I ii 35.

b) referring to soldiers -1' in lit.: ālilū qu-rad [Aššur] sarijamāti ul ittahlipu the brave ones, the warriors of Aššur, were not clad in armor Tn.-Epic "iii" 38, cf. ibid. 42, "ii" 35, qu-ra-du- ξu (also referring to the Assyrian troops) ibid. 2, cf. also (referring to the Kassite troops) ša qu-ra-di-šu-nu ušešni tēma she (Ištar) confused the judgment of their troops ibid. "ii" 32, cf. also ibid. "iii" 34, 47, [. . .] ERÍN. MEŠ qu-ra-di-ka $k\bar{i}ma$ [. . .] AfO 7 281 r. 3, cf. ibid. 6 and 12, \dot{u} qu-ra-di-šu uršānu [...] AfO 18 48 C r. 12, cf. ibid. 14 (all Tn.-Epic); šamrūte qu-ra-du-ú-a ina zik-ri [liqe]'û my fierce warriors must wait for the command AnSt 11 150:18 (Shalm. III); en qura-di kīma ūm şūmi išeppu mūtu the eyes of the warriors, as on a day of thirst, are brimming(?) with death Tn.-Epic "ii" 44; ana kalla qu-ra-di-e-šu ušahmit magrītu (see magrītu) MVAG 21 84:12 (Kedorlaomer text), cf. ana qu-ra-di-e šá e-li [x] abutu izaggar LKA 62:18 (MA lit.); qu-rad nakrišu nāš kakkī ašaridu (in broken context) Craig ABRT 1 81:19 (tamītu); ul umaššar Gilgāmeš batūlta ana [. . .] mārat qu-ra-di hīrat et[li...] Gilgāmeš does not release the nubile girl to [her lover], the daughter of the warrior, the spouse of the young man [. . .] Gilg. I ii 28; ibrū uṣṣira qú-ra-du šimea hearken, fellows, listen, warriors! CT 15 1 i 2 (OB lit.), see Römer, WO 4 21; as personal name: Qú-ra-dum CT 50 74 edge (OAkk.), Edzard Tell ed-Der 185:1 (OB).

2' in royal insers.: ina tukulti Aššur narkabāti u ummānāteja (var. qu-ra-di-ia.MEŠ) luptehhir with the help of Aššur I gathered (my) chariots and my troops (var. warriors) AKA 36 i 71, cf. narkabāti u qu-ra-di-ia.MEŠ lu alqe AKA 38 ii 6, parallel 73 v 45, 80 vi 23; ina 30 narkabātija ālikāt idi ga-mar-ri-ia erhūte qu-ra-di-ia(var. adds .MEŠ) ša mithus dabdē litamdū lu alqe in (?) my thirty chariots accom-

qurādu qurādu

panying my shock troops (?) I took my warriors experienced in close fighting (and marched against GN) AKA 45 ii 66; in the mountain of GN narkabāti lu ēzib pan qu-ra-di-ia.meš aşbat I left the chariots behind and took the leadership of my warriors ibid. ii 75 (all Tigl. I); itti ištėt narkabti šepeja edenīti u 1000 pithal= lija šitmurti ṣāb qašti kabābi azmarî Lt qu-ra-di-ia ekdūti mudūt tāhazi uzakkīma with my unaccompanied personal chariot, and (only) one thousand high-mettled men of the cavalry, (with) archers, shieldbearers, lance-carriers, my brave warriors experienced in battle, I made ready (and took the road to GN) TCL 3 321, cf. LÚ qu-ra-di-ia adi sīsê ālikūt idīja ibid. 332, LÚ qu-ra-di-šu ašarittu ummānišu ibid. 289 (Sar.); itti LÚ qu-ra-di-ia ša ašar salme idāja la ipparkû ana GN allikma together with my warriors who never leave my side in peace (or war) I marched to Asdod Winckler Sar. pl. 33:99; ana Uqnê... LÚ qu-ra-di-ia uma'irma I sent my warriors to the Uqnû river (and they defeated the enemy) Lie Sar. 338, cf. TCL 3 130 (Sar.); itti LÚ qu-ra-di-ia la gāmelūti ṣēriš RN ana GN aštakan panīja together with my warriors who give no quarter I set out toward Kish against RN OIP 2 51:25 (Senn.); ina $\delta \bar{a}h\bar{a}te \dots qu$ -ra-di-ia ek $d\bar{u}te$ $k\bar{i}ma$ $bibb\bar{i}$ ušbī'ma I ĥad my fierce warriors pass over the mountain slopes like wild sheep TCL 3 255 (Sar.), cf. LÚ qu-ra-di-ia ekdūti TCL 3 + KAH 2 141:224 (Sar.); qu-ra-du-ú-a ina elippāti iqqelpû Purattu my warriors descended the Euphrates in boats (while I traveled on dry land) OIP 2 74:69, cf. elippāt qu-ra-di-ia ibid. 76 and 75:84; qura-du-ú-a ana kāri makallê ikšudu my warriors reached the quay of the harbor (and swarmed out of the ships) ibid. 75:91 qu-ra-di-ia kīma işşūrī elišunu išē'u like birds my warriors flew against them (the enemy) AKA 378 iii 105, also 276 i 63 (both Asn.); āl dannūtišu assibi qu-ra-diia [uš] almēšu I besieged (GN) his stronghold (and) had it surrounded by my

warriors 3R 8 ii 67 (Shalm. III); dūra ina muhhi hirīşi UR.SAG.MEŠ-ia kīma nabli hirīşašu ušalbi as for the wall on the moat, I had my warriors surround its moat as with flame KAH 2 84:66 (Adn. II); gimir Lú qú-ra-di-šú-un ṣīrūti . . . uša'alu kakkēšun all their fine warriors were sharpening their weapons Borger Esarh. 44 i 70; qu-ra-di-šu-nu ušemqit I overcame their (the enemy's) warriors AKA 75 v 71 (Tigl. I); LÚ qu-ra-di-šu ina pan abullišu kīma aslī unappis I massacred his warriors at his (fortress's) gate like sheep TCL 3 302 (Sar.); ina la mīni adūk qu-radi-e(var. omits -e)-šú I slew his innumerable warriors Streek Asb. 26 iii 38; his wife, his sons, (and) his daughters itti 5 līm šallat Lú qu-ra-di-šu with five thousand captured warriors (I brought to Assur) Lie Sar. 213, cf. šallat qu-ra-di-šu . . . ana ummānāti mātija lu ipādu 1R 31 iv 34 (Šamši-Adad V); his messengers who carried the good news 1 līm zīm panī lú [qura]-di-šu ana GN . . . ublamma ušāliş libbī brought to GN one thousand zīm panī's (taken) from his (the enemy's) warriors and thus made me jubilant Lie Sar. 451, cf. ibid. 112; aššu... ina sēri la aggû damē qu-ra-di-e-šú because I had not shed the blood of his warriors on the (battle)field TCL 3 123 (Sar.); pagar qu-ra-di-šú-un(var. -nu) ina la qebēri ušākil zībū I let the jackals eat the corpses of their (the enemy king's) warriors, leaving (them) unburied Borger Esarh. 58 v 6, cf. kīma buqli aštati $pagar \, \text{L\'u} \, qu(\text{var. } q\dot{u}) - ra - di - \dot{s}\dot{u} - un \text{ ibid. } 56$ iv 70, also TCL 3 134 (Sar.); pagri qu-ra-dišú-nu kīma urqīti umallā ṣēra with the corpses of their (the enemy's) warriors I filled the plain as with grass OIP 2 46 vi 9 (Senn.), cf. šalmāt qu-ra-di-šú-nu ṣēra rapša umalli Iraq 25 54:33 (Shalm. III), AOB 1 120 iii 23 (Shalm. I), $dam\bar{e} qu$ -ra-di-š \acute{u} ș \bar{e} ra rapša umalli WO 2 414 iii 1 (Shalm. III), cf. also CT 34 43 Sm. 2106 r. 9, AfO 22 75:10; $pagr\bar{i}$ qu-ra-di nišē ša Elamti in Ulaj askir with the corpses of the warriors, the people of Elam, I blocked the Ulai river AfO 8

qurādūtu qurbūtu

184:48 (Asb.); šalmāt qu-ra-di-šu-nu ina gisallāt šadî kīma rāḥişi lukemmir I heaped up the corpses of their warriors on the ledges of the mountain as the devasting (Adad would have done) AKA 51 iii 24, cf. AKA 61 iv 20, 77 v 93; šalmāt qu-ra-dišu-nu ina bamât šadî ana gurunnāte lu \acute{u} -ke-ri-in damē qu-ra-di- $\acute{s}u$ -nu $\underleftarrow{h}urr\bar{\iota}$ u bamâte ša šadî lušardi the corpses of their warriors I piled up in heaps on the heights of the mountains, I made the blood of their warriors flow over the lowland and the level ground in the mountains AKA 54 iii 53 and 55, $\delta alm\bar{a}t qu$ -ra-a-di- δu -nu fd Nāme ana Idiglat lušēşi I let the river Nāme carry off the corpses of their warriors toward the Tigris AKA 40 ii 23, cf. $\delta alm\bar{a}t \ qu$ -ra-di- δu - $nu \dots lume$ ş $\delta i \ AfO 18$ 349:19 (all Tigl. I), cf. also AfO 6 84 Pt. III 9 (Aššur-bēl-kala); $dam\bar{e} qu$ -ra-di.MEŠ-š \acute{u} $\S\bar{e}ra$ lu aşrup I colored the plain red with the blood of his warriors KAH 2 84:43 (Adn. II), cf. 1R 30 iii 12 (Šamši-Adad V), Winckler Sar. pl. 34 No. 73:130.

3' in omen texts: majāl qu-ra-du(var. -di) irappiš the burial ground of the warriors (fallen in battle) will grow larger Thompson Rep. 216 r. 3, 231:2, 232:2, 244D r. 4, also K.2899+ r. 14 and dupls. K.3575:9, etc., Sm. 442:2.

qurādūtu s.; heroism; OB*; cf. qardu.

[l]ibbum išdum tībum qú-ra-du-tum courage, discipline, élan, (and) heroism RA 45 171:4 (OB lit.), see von Soden, Or. NS 26 320.

quraštu s.; (meat prepared in a certain way); lex.*; cf. qarāšu.

uzu tùn.pad, uzu tùn.pad.tur.ra = qu-ra-áš-tum (followed by roast meat) Hh. XV 258 f.; tùn.pad = qu-ra-áš-tum Antagal G 30.

qurbu see qerbu adj., qurbūtu in ša qur: būti, and qurubtu.

qurbūtu in ša qurbūti (qarbūti, qurrubūti) s.; (an official); NA, NB; wr. syll. (LÚ qar-bu-tú Tell Halaf No. 115:8, in NB also LÚ (ša) qur-ru-bu-ti) and LÚ qur-ZAG; cf. qerēbu.

LÜ qur-zag LÜ qur-bu-u-te Bab. 7 pl. 6 v 7 (NA list of professions), see MSL 12 239.

a) in NA letters: PN [LÚ] qur-bu-tú issi šanî ša lú uru Lahiraja ittalka abat šarri izzakru qēpāni ša É.DINGIR.MEŠ ša GN GN₂ GN₃ GN₄ uptattiu šaniūte iptagdu PN, the q., came with the deputy of the man of GN (and), announcing a royal order, dismissed the $q\bar{\imath}pu$ officials of the temples of Sippar, Cutha, Hursagkalama, (and) Dilbat, (and) appointed others ABL 1214 r. 5, cf. hubtu ša PN LÚ qur-bu-te issišunu pagiduni the prisoners of war with whom PN, the q., is entrusted ABL 552:5, cf. (also in charge of prisoners) ABL 306:3, 12; LÚ qurbu-ti pan Lú.A.BA pan Lú mušarkis.MEŠ lipqidu şābēšunu liššia liddinašunu let them appoint a q. (to be) at the disposal of the scribe and of the mušarkisu's to take their men and deliver (them) to them ABL 127:4, see Postgate Taxation p. 256; 1430 men adiša Lú qur-bu-te naşanni including those the q. brought Iraq 28 186 No. 89:25, see Postgate Taxation p. 384, cf. ABL 760:4, one ša PN LÚ qur-bu-tú naşanni Iraq 27 16 No. 6:1, see Postgate Taxation p. 21, cf. also ABL 340:13; LÚ qur-bu-te uptahhir ina muhhija na-şa(text -ha) ussallimšunu the q. has now assembled (the towns that have not submitted) and (brought) all of them here to me (to deliver services to the king) ABL 246:14, see Postgate Taxation 270; atâ LÚ qur-bu- $te . . . la <math>\bar{e}tiqa$ Iraq 20 195 No. 44:15, see Postgate Taxation p. 390; there are 190 men to do the king's work summu Lú qur-bu-te šummu lú ša en.nun [lill]ika şābē annûte [...] laddinaššu let either a q. or a guard come so that I can assign him these men (to do the king's work) ABL 99 r. 17, see Postgate Taxation p. 254; PN ina muhhi šazbussi ša dulli annî LÚ qur-ZAG ina muhhi bēl pāhiti URU GN bēl pāhiti qurbūtu qurbūtu

URU GN₂ issapra PN has sent a q, to the governor of Lahiru (and) to the governor of Dur-Sarrukin about the transportation of that work ABL 558 r. 3; PN [LÚ qu]r-bute ša še nusāhi issuhuni PN, the q., who collected the barley tax ABL 1012 r. 10, see Postgate Taxation 294; if it suits the king, my lord lú qur-bu-tú u lú etinnu aššuraju lillikuni ina libbi le-fe-lk[u]-flu-l dullu ša[É.DINGIR.MEŠ] $[l]\bar{e}pu\check{s}[u \ldots]$ let a q. and an Assyrian architect go there (to Der), stay (lit. eat) there and carry out the work of the temple ABL 476 r. 23, coll. Parpola LAS No. 277; ina UD.6.KAM ša MN LÚ qur-bu-tú ina muhhija ittalka ina UD.7.KAM ša MN sīsê uttammišuni on the sixth day of the month of Ajaru the q. came to me, on the seventh day of the month of Ajaru the horses were dispatched ABL 226:9; [qur]-bu-te-ia ina muhhi GN assapar I sent my q. to (the king of) GN ABL 198 r. 15 (let. of Senn. to Sargon); ina qātē PN LÚ qur-bu-ti ana šarri bēlija ussēbila I have sent (bundles of reeds) to the king, my lord, by the hand of PN, the q. Iraq 18 47 No. 31:12; the thieves were brought ina IGI PN qur-zag ina igi PN, Lú qur-zag ina IGI PN, 2-e Iraq 32 132:5f.; šarru bēlī LÚ qur-bu-tú taklu lišpura liš'al luşşişi let the king, my lord, send a trustworthy q. to make inquiries (and) investigate (the matter of an alleged theft of temple and palace property) ABL 339 r. 11, cf. LÚ qurbu-tú ša šarru bēlī išpuranni Iraq 36 216 No. 103:6, also PN [L] Ú qur-bu-tú LÚ taklu ummuru \hat{su} PN, the q., is a trustworthy (and) reliable man ABL 956 r. 13, see Parpola LAS No. 190; anāku PN LÚ qur-bu-tú dibbī ammar illibbini [ni]ddubbaššunu unqu . . . nussašmēšunu I (and) PN, the q., told them what was in it (the king's sealed order), we read them the sealed order ABL 544:6; LÚ gur-bu-tú ina muhhi bēt urdišu lipqid dēnāni ša bēti lēpuš let (the king) appoint a q, over the house of his servant so that he may settle the cases concerning the house ABL 415 r. 14; 3 LÚ. ERÍN.MEŠ dannūtišunu ša LÚ GN ittalkuni

ina panīja ina pan PN LÚ qur-bu-ti ittitissu kî annie iqtibû three important men from the GN tribe came to me, they appeared before PN, the q., and spoke thus ABL 206:7; LÚ qur-bu-te [is]sija [liš]puru ABL 667 r. 3, see Parpola LAS No. 272; PN ša issi LÚ qur-ZAG.MEŠ šarru bēlī ušēlûni PN, whom the king, my lord, has promoted to the rank of q. ABL 85 r. 2.

b) in NA leg. and adm.: iron arrowheads ša Lú qur-bu-ti ša urad ekalli Postgate Royal Grants No. 51:14; naphar 1 LÚ qur-bu-[ti] 1 LÚ ka-sir 3 [...] ADD 906 i 4; PN LÚ qur-bu-te PN₂ $q\bar{e}pu$ ADD 865:2; x copper pithal ša LÚ qur-bu-ti ADD 1036 iv 10, see Postgate Taxation 331; PN LÚ qur-ZAG ADD 860 ii 4 and passim, 857 ii 9 and passim, 1076 ii 6, and passim in ADD, see ADD volume 4 p. 359 glossary s.v. mutîr pūti; as witness: IGI PN šá qur-bu-ti Postgate Palace Archive No. 9:15; IGI PN LÚ qur-ZAG ADD 627:18 and 19, 472 r. 9, 318 r. 16; IGI PN LÚ *qur-bu-tú* ADD 414 r. 30ff., 113 r. 4, 168 r. 4, wr. Lú qur-bu-ti ADD 428 r. 11, 19:6, LÚ qur-bu-u-ti ADD 177 r. 7, LÚ *qur-bu-\langleti\rangle* ADD 11 r. 5, 34 r. 4; note the writings: IGI PN LÚ qar-bu-tú Tell Halaf No. 115:8; without det. LÚ: IGI PN qur-ZAG ADD 349 r. 12, 993 iii 3.

c) in NB letters from the time of the Sargonids: Lú ša qur-ru-bu-ti ša šarri ana panija ittalka the king's q. came before me ABL 721 r. 1; ša la unqu šarri u ša la Lú qur-bu-te ul anandanka without a sealed order of the king or without a q. I will not give you (the fugitives) ABL 336:13; PN LÚ qur-ru-bu-tu ša unqu ana muhhi Di-ri šarru bēlija ina gātēšu ušē: bila ina harrān Nippuri šû PN, the q., by whose hand the king, my lord, forwarded a sealed document regarding GN, is on the way to Nippur ABL 866:6; 1-en LÚ qur-ru-bu-tu lišpuramma akalē ina harrāni ana hubti liddin may (the king) send one q, to provide food for the prisoners on the journey ABL 792 r. 13, cf. (also in charge of prisoners) ABL 794 r. 17, cf. (beside the rab kişir) ABL 462 r. 28; LÚ qurqurbūtu qurdu A

ru-\langle bu\rangle -tu \bar{i}buku\rangle un\bar{u}ti \quad ABL 752 r. 19; \quad ina qātē PN LÚ qur-ru-[bu-ti] altapraššu ABL 964:16, cf. (in broken context) ABL 1459:5, note, Wr. LÚ qu-ru-bu-ti ABL 968 r. 3f., see Landsberger Brief n. 119; LÚ qur-bu-[te] ittija liš: purma lullikma ahūa lušēsā u nikkassīja luttašš \hat{a} let (the king) send a q. with me and I will go and evict my brother and take my (own) property ABL 228 r. 4, cf. PN LÚ qur-bu-tu u LÚ.A.KIN.MEŠ-šú kul: lunâši CT 54 508 r. 8; PN LÚ qur-ru-bu-tu šarru bēlā liš'al may the king, my lord, question PN, the q. (about the content of a letter brought previously by him) ABL 266 r. 20; ana muḥḥi PN LÚ qur-rubu-tu ittebû they have made an attack on PN, the q. ABL 275:14 and 18; pīšunu itti LU qur-bu-tu kî iškunu (the ša muhhi āli and the hazannu) conspired with the q. ABL 1034:12, cf. ibid. 7, cf. also (in broken context) ABL 267:20, 1123 r. 11.

- d) in other NB: šipirtu ša LÚ qur[bu-ti] ana LÚ GAL kāri TCL 9 96:14; PN
 LÚ qur-ru-bu-ú-tu ša muḥḥi karrānu PN,
 LÚ qur-ru-bu-ú-tú ša muḥḥi biranāti (see birtu A mng. 3) VAS 5 2:9 and 11, cf. PN
 LÚ qur-ru-bu-tu (second witness after the šākin ṭēmi of Uruk) BM 113929:35 (time of Asb.); 5000 lubūšu LÚ qur-ru-bu-tú (preceded by ša rēši) BSOAS 30 496 iii 17 (NB tribute list); five shekels of silver ilki ša mišil LÚ qur-zag (for context see ilku A mng. 3f) Nbn. 962:2.
- e) organization: itti Lứ qur-bu-ti šēpēja nasqūti u ṣābē tāḥazija la gāmelūti anāku ... panuššun aṣbat with my select personal q.-s and my merciless warriors I marched in front of them OIP 2 36 iii 81, cf. Lứ qur-bu-tu.MEŠ šēpēja gitmālūti ṣābē tāḥazija qardūti ... ina qereb elippāti ušarkibšunūtima ibid. 74:66 (Senn.); PN Lứ qur-bu-u-ti ša šēpē (buyer in a sales contract) ADD 177:7, also qur-zag šēpē ADD 837:4, IGI PN Lứ qur-zag ša gìr ADD 50:11 (coll.); lu Lứ qur-bu-ti lu ša šēpi (among officials) PRT 44:6; [IGI PN Lứ]. GAL KA.KÉŠ Lứ qur-zag ADD 116 r. 10,

wr. (same person) LÚ.GAL ki-şir qur-ZAG ADD 115 r. 7, cf. LÚ.GAL ki-şir šá qur-ZAG ADD 211 r. 12, 235 r. 9, 444 r. 10; PN LÚ.GAL ki-şir qur-zag ša mār šarri (buyer) ADD 207:6, see kişru in rab kişri mng. la; PN LÚ qur-zag dumu lugal ADD 857 ii 17, iii 2, ADD 860 iv 10 and 16, see Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists p. 102 f., also LÚ qur-bu-te ša *mār šarri* Iraq 23 56 ND 2803 ii 26, r. i 8; 53 napšāte PN uṣṣabbita ana PN, LÚ qurbu-tu ša mār šarri ittidin PN has seized 53 persons and given (them) to PN₂, the q. of the crown prince ABL 600:10; PN LÚ qur-ZAG ummi šarri (among palace officials) ADD 857 iii 42, also 860 iii 19, see Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists p. 104; note: LÚ MU qur-bu-te AJSL 42 233 No. 1186:4, but LÚ qur-bu-te ibid. No. 1187:1 (case).

For Smith Idrimi 83 see $tapp\bar{u}tu$; for Tell Halaf No. 24:9 see $qab\bar{u}tu$ B.

Postgate Palace Archive 38.

qurdammu see qardammu.

qurdu A s.; 1. heroism, bravery, 2. (in pl.) heroic deeds, 3. (a song); OAkk., OB, SB, NA, NB; cf. qardu.

en.ti = qur-du Lu Excerpt II 74.

zà.mí.mu zà.mí.zé.en nam.gal.mu [x]
[...] an.kur.ku.zé.en [...]: kunnáninni nu'i:
daninni narbī[...] qur-di-ia šit-ma-a-r[a...] KAR
100 ii 6-9; z[à].mí an.ti: tanittu qur-di 4R 20
r. 36f.; dNin.in.te.na = be-let qur-[di] An =
Anum IV 23, cf. dNin.in.ti.na TCL 15 pl. 27
No. 10:212 (list of gods).

1. heroism, bravery — a) of gods — 1' in sing.: [šarru ša ultu] seķērišu adi rabîšu bēlūssunu puqquma qur-us-su-nu dallu the king who from his youth to his maturity was submissive to their (the gods') rule and has proclaimed their valor Borger Esarh. 80:32, cf. bēlūssunu putuqquma qur-us-su-nu dallu ibid. 12:16, see BiOr 21 143, cf. also qur-ud-ki dalla LKA 48:11 and dupl. BMS 9:44, see Ebeling Handerhebung 68:17, qur-ru-ud-ka lud-l[ul] CT 44 22 r. 7; for other refs. see dalālu A usage a; ušaššīši malemmī rašubbatam u qú-ur-dam šî iḥsus qú-ur-da-am illibbiša ikrar ananta he

qurdu A qurdu A

provided her (Ištar) with awe-inspiring sheen, fearsome radiance, and heroism, she thought of nothing but heroism, set(?) her heart on battle VAS 10 214 iv 9f. (OB Agušaja, coll. B. Groneberg), cf. \(\int q'\tilde i - \dir da-am \) dunnam ina nēmeqi uşşib lāniški in (my) wisdom I enhanced your stature with heroism (and) strength ibid. vi 31, cf. also viii 16, also idāt qú-ur-di-ki the characteristics of your valor RA 15 180 vii 24; qur-di Aššur bēlija u tanitti qar-ra-du-ti-iá iqtanabbâ ahulap (see qarrādūtu) Borger Esarh. 103 i 7; qu-ur-di ilī u [ištarāti . . .] Studies Landsberger 286 r. 30 (MA inc.); in personal names: Qúr-ti-lum Sauren, MVN 2 371 r. 7, and passim in OAkk., Qúr-di-Ištar Birot Tablettes 72 ii 29, YOS 13 41:2, and passim in OB, abbr. Qú-ur-di-ia JCS 9 104 No. 107:2, Edzard Tell ed-Dēr 113:6, 145:3, also MDP 22 14:5, 21:8 and r. 5, Qúr-du-ša TCL 17 27:3, 28:3, $Q\acute{u}$ -ru-ud- $s\grave{a}$ PBS 11/3 77 iii 4, $Q\acute{u}$ -ru-s \acute{u} YOS 14 107:25 and case 10' (all OB); [Qu]r-di-Istar-lāmur Postgate Palace Archive 32 r. 2, for other NA names see Tallqvist APN 184 f.

2' in pl.: [ilūtki] lušarbā luna'[id qur]di-[ki] LKA 17:2, see Ebeling, Or. NS 23 346; ilī luštammar gur-di-ka ištarī narbīka ligbi may my (personal) god praise your valor, may my goddess speak of your greatness BMS 12:92, see Ebeling Handerhebung 82; ilūtki $u \quad qur-di-ki \quad luš\bar{a}pi \quad STC \quad 2 \quad pl. \quad 83:102, \quad see$ Ebeling Handerhebung 134, cf. adlul narbût ilī rabûti ša Aššur u Šamaš gur-di-šú-nu ušāpā ana sāte (at that time) I praised the greatness of the great gods, I proclaimed the valor of Aššur and Šamaš forever 3R 7 i 49 (Shalm. III); mušarbû qurdi-šú-un AnOr 12 304 i 17, see Reiner, JNES 17 207 ad p. 86, cf. lidlulu qur-di-ka JAOS 88 130 r. 10, also i-dal-la-lu qur-de-e-ka K.2625:1, qur-di ilūtika . . . ludlul KAR 74 r. 23, cf. ibid. 19; for other refs. see dalālu A usage a, apû A mng. 4a; liqbû tanīdku lušarbû bēlūtku lidbubu qur-di-ku lišāpû zikrīku may they (the people) speak of your (Şarpanītu's) praise, may they extol

your lordship, talk of your valor, proclaim your fame RAcc. 135:267, cf. ibid. 130:25, 27, 136:272.

- b) of the king: asumittu ša qur-di-\langle ia\rangle ēpuš ina libbi ašqup I made a monument (telling) of my valor and erected it there (in the Amanus) AKA 373 iii 89 (Asn.); lītāt qur-di-ia irnintu tamhārija . . . ina narīja u temennija altur I inscribed on my stela and my foundation document my heroic victories (and) my triumphs in battle AKA 104 viii 39 (Tigl. I), ef. $l\bar{\imath}t\bar{a}[t\;qur]$ -di- $ia\;epš\bar{e}t$ qātija ina qerbišu altur Unger Reliefstele 21, epšēt gur-di-ia . . . tanatti lē'ûtija AOB 1 124 left edge 1 (Shalm. I), ilkakāt qur-diia(var. -a) AKA 297 ii 6 (Asn.), cf. 3R 7 i 50, 8 ii 60, WO 1 468:37, WO 2 148:72, BA 6/1 148:104 (all Shalm. III); note adi ušabra qur*ru-ud-ka* Tn.-Epic "iv" 17.
- c) of warriors: emqam birkim šutātû qú-ur-da-am RA 45 173:54 (OB lit.), cf. qú-ur-du-um (in broken context) ibid. 171:6.
- 2. (in pl.) heroic deeds: qa-rit-ti Istar rabû qur-di-ki STC 2 pl. 78:34, see Ebeling Handerhebung 132; qur-di tanitti ša Aššur bēlija Rost Tigl. III p. 64:39; šimâ dannūssu ša Marduk [ša Şarpanītu] a-mu-ra qur-de $e-\check{s}\check{a}\;\check{s}\bar{i}r\bar{u}t[\;i\;\ldots]$ ABL 926:7 (NB); $m\bar{a}t\bar{a}ti$ napharšina lišmāma lināda gur-di-ia may all countries hear of and praise my heroic deeds Cagni Erra V 60, cf. ilū abbūka lī: muruma linādu qur-di-k[a] ibid. I 75, ef. also bullit aradk[a litta]'id qur-di-ka Afo 19 59:157 (prayer to Marduk); šaplātu idallala da[līlīka] ilâtu itammâ qur-di-[ka] nether world praises you (Lugalgirra), the upper world speaks of your heroic deeds AfO 14 144:67 (bīt mēsiri); lušarrih qur-di-ki (Ištar) Craig ABRT 1 31 r. 18.
- 3. (a song): 2 šumerū 3 akkadû naphar 5 qu-ur-du two Sumerian, 3 Akkadian (songs), a total of five heroic songs KAR 158 viii 42.

qurdu B qurrudu

qurdu B (or gurdu) s.; (mng. unkn.); SB.

bušû makkūru simat tanādāti ugarrin qerbušša gu-ur-du tašrihti nişirti šarrūti unakkimu libbušša I heaped up in it (the palace) all kinds of possessions worthy of admiration, I stored in it acclaimed q., royal treasures VAB 4 116 ii 21, parallel 136 viii 16 (both Nbk.).

qurnātu s.; (a foodstuff); Mari.*

2 BÁN 1 SÌLA qur-na-a-tum ARM 19 365 r. 6; $5\frac{1}{2}$ SÌLA qur-na-a-tum jbid. r. 10.

qurnû s.; (a plant); SB.

[\circ q]u-un-di: \circ qur-[nu-u] Uruanna I 300, \circ qur-nu-u sA₅, \circ qur-nu-u ta-ba-li, \circ x x x: \circ qur-nu-u (preceded by equivalents of urn \circ) ibid. 310 ff.

qur-ni-e SAR CT 14 50:12 (list of plants in Merodachbaladan's garden).

qurpisu see gurpisu.

qurqurratu (gurgurratu) s.; female metalworker; OB; cf. gurgurru A.

 d Šå.zu.mah = URUDU.NAGAR.KALAM.MA. $KE_x(KID)$ (var. [... gu]r-fgur)-rat $m\bar{u}ti$) CT 24 50 K.4349x+ i 3 and dupls. (= An = Anum II 112), var. from CT 24 13 ii 2 (coll. W. G. Lambert).

sagkallat Igigī bāniat kalima qú-ur-qú-ra-at Anunnakī ili u šarri (Mama) first of the Igigi, creatrix of all, q. of the Anunnaki, of god and king HS 1884 iii 23 (OB lit., courtesy W. von Soden); obscure: inūma DN [...] qú-ur-qú-ur-ra-at [...] ištu qú-ur-qú-u[r...] CT 15 1 ii 4f. (OB hymn to Mami).

See also gurgurratu.

qurqurru see gurgurru A.

qurqurû s.; blood soup; lex.*

tu₇.mud.gar.[ra] = [qur-qu-ru-u] Hh. XXIII Fragm. c 2, restored from Hg. B VI 100, in MSL 11 89. qurru adj.; (mng. uncert.); SB.

I cut down [trees] in the sacred grove of DN (in Susa) $il\bar{u}\bar{s}u$ qur-ru-tu $\bar{s}u$ -lu-k[u...] its q. gods became (?) [...] (I cut down the horns of the temple tower) Bauer Asb. 1 pl. 45 K.7673 ii 10.

qurrubītu s.(?); (mng. unkn.); NB; cf. qerēbu.

šitta enzātu u 1-ta immertu ītabakku qu-ru-bi-e-tum immertum u DUMU-šú ſul iml-ma-an-gur ul inandinu they brought two goats and one ewe, he is not willing to deliver the q., the ewe, and its lamb CT 22 82:25.

Possibly fem. of an adj. qurrubu.

qurrubtu see qurubtu.

qurrubu see qurbūtu in ša qurbūti and qurrubītu.

qurrubūtu see qurbūtu in ša qurbūti.

qurrudu adj.; with hair falling out in tufts; OB, SB; cf. qarādu B v.

[... z]i = qur-ru-du Lu Excerpt II 170; [x.(x)].zi, [x.(x)].x = qu-ru-du (preceded by qubbuhu) Igituh App. A i 14f.

- a) said of hair or the head: *šumma šārat qabal qaqqadišu qur-ru-da-at* if the hair on the middle of his head is falling out in tufts Kraus Texte 2b r. 22, and dupls. 3b iii 20, 4c iii 11, see Kraus, MVAG 40/2 84:106; *šumma amēlu qaqqassu qur-ru-ud* Köcher BAM 3 ii 32, parallel 34:12.
- b) as personal name: Qur-ru-du-um BIN 7 182:8, also YOS 8 118:3, UET 5 834 seal 1, Birot Tablettes 70C r. i 23, wr. Gu-ru-du-um ibid. 72 iv 13, v 5", UET 5 693:3, wr. Gu-ur-ru-du-um UET 5 834:6, YOS 8 31:1, and passim in OB, see Holma Quttulu p. 42f.; Qú-ru-di-im (gen.) ARM 9 276:6; Qur-ru-du MDP 22 160:34.

See also gurrudu.

qurrudu quššudu

qurrudu v.; to make into a hero; SB; II; cf. qardu.

tu-qar-rad 5R 45 K.253 v 54 (gramm.).

enša tu-qar-r[a]d la išānā tušašra you (Šamaš) make a brave man of him who is weak, a rich man of him who is poor LKA 49:16, see Ebeling Handerhebung p. 50; \acute{u} -qar-rad lilla akā \acute{u} -[...] I can make the fool into a hero, the weak [into ...] Lambert BWL 166 K.8413:5.

qurruru see gurruru.

qurû s.; cutting (of wood); SB.

şarbatu kabbar[ta] qaliptu qu-ru-u ša kişra la nadû poplar wood, thick, peeled, a cutting that has no knots Oppenheim Glass 32 Introduction A 11, B 17.

The ref. \hat{u} qu-r[u] (describing the constellation Leo) AfO 4 74:18 occurs in broken context, and thus cannot be taken as belonging to this word. In ADD 680 r. 2, a gentilic (possibly Qu-u-'-a-a) probably occurs.

qurubtu (or qurrubtu) s.; (a group of officials); NA; cf. qerēbu.

x silas (of bread) qur-ub-tú (preceded by mukīl appāti and LÚ EN GIŠ.GIGIR. MEŠ) Kinnier Wilson Wine Lists 155 No. 35 i 8 (= Iraq 23 32 ND 2489), cf. (bread rations for) ša qur-ru-ub-tú, EN GIGIR.MEŠ qur-ru-ub-tú ibid. No. 34:7f. (= Iraq 23 21 ND 2371); 14 mušarkisu ša pithal qur-u[b(?)-te] Iraq 23 22 (pl. 11) ND 2386+ ii 17, see Postgate Taxation p. 372, cf. LÚ.GIŠ.GIGIR qur-ub-te LÚ pithal qur-ub-te Borger Esarh. 106:16, also šá GIŠ.GIGIR qur-[ub-te] ABL 1009:7.

The syntax indicates that the word is a collective like, e.g., *şuḥurtu*.

qurunnu (fem. qurunnatu) adj.; (mng. unkn.); SB.

išpalurtu qu-ru-un-[na-tum] ACh Ištar 28:37, restored from K.8725:20.

qurunnu see gurunnu.

qušartu s.; (mng. unkn.); MA*; pl. qušarātu.

[papan libbi(?)]-šu-nu adi qu-ša-ra-te-šu-nu šapātušunu . . . ša ṣarpi their (the stags') [bellies?] up to their q.-s, their lips (etc.) are of silver AfO 18 302 i 34 (inv.), cf. [qu-š]a-ra-tu ibid. 33.

quššudu adj.; holy, sacred; MA royal, SB; cf. qašdu.

- a) said of persons: elil qu-šu-ud rubû pāliḥki clean and holy is the prince who worships you (Ištar) KAR 107:38, dupls. KAR 358:25, KAH 2 139:5b.
- b) said of sanctuaries: bīta ella [at]: māna qu-šu-da...ēpuš I built (for Anu and Adad) a holy temple, a sacred abode AKA 97 vii 90 (Tigl. I), cf. AfO 18 353:83 and 89, cited quššudu v.; bīta šanā ša el maḥrî ajak: kiša qu-šu-du īrišannima she (Ištar) requested from me another temple, one which would be more sacred than her former abode Weidner Tn. 17 No. 7:84.
- c) other occs.: ina zībē ellūti nindabê qu-uš-šu-du-t[i] with pure food offerings and holy cereal offerings KAR 128 r. 18; [...] qu-uš-šu-da (var. qu-šu-[...]) hišihtaki (in broken context, parallel: ellu) KAR 358:16, var. from dupl. KAR 107:29 (hymn of Asn. I).

quššudu v.; to purify; MA royal; II; cf. qašdu.

kî pī ekallātema mādāte [šarrā]ni... la ú-qa-ši-du-ši-na-ma ana šubat ilūti la iškunu as the kings did not purify the numerous palaces and did not make (them) into a divine abode AfO 18 353:86, cf. [...]-ú ekallāti šinātina la qa-šu-da-ma ana šubat ilūti [la] šakna ibid. 83, cf. ekallu šî [la qa-š]u-da-at ibid. 89 (Tigl. I).

The form quššudu is denominative from the adj. qašdu, as uššušu is from eššu. See also quššudu adj.

qušū qutāru

qušû s.; (a garment); syn. list.*

qu-šu-u = MIN (= $lub\bar{u}$ šu DINGIR.MEŠ) (erroneously read CAD 5 (G) 144 sub gus \hat{u}) Malku VI 83b (from STT 393).

qutāntu (qutāndu) s.; (mng. uncert.); NB; cf. qatānu.

KUŠ qu-tan-du UZU ḤAB-su-ru-ku (share of the temple personnel from the sacrificial animal) OECT 1 pl. 20:21 and 42. (Holma, Or. NS 13 230.)

qutānu A s.; (a plot of land); NA, NB; ef. qatānu.

zēru zagpu qu-ta-nu ša pahhāri kišād nār GN . . . zēru PN a-<na> nukaribbūti ana PN₂ iddin a planted field, the qutānu land of the potter, on the bank of the GN canal, (this) field PN gave to PN2 under the terms of a gardening contract PBS 2/1 215:1, also BE 10 116:2, cf. Camb. 142:4, cf. also (land) ša ina x qu-ta-nu ina hanšē ša bīt PN TuM 2-3 6:2, also ultu fo GN qu-ta-nu ana ⟨e⟩lānu adi fD GN₂ ibid. 7:14; 7 sìlA zēru ša ina qu-ta-nu Nbn. 1111:11; x sìla šá qu-ta-nu (parallel: ša ZAB-da-tú) TuM 2-3 246:15, cf. Nbn. 351:15f., note qu-ta-nu AN. TA, qu-ta-nu qablû, qu-ta-nu šalšu Non. 644:6ff. (all NB); 1-en qu-ta-nu (in list of field parcels) KAV 186:4, cf. ibid. 5, 7, 10, r. 7, 10, and 12 (NA).

For other refs. see *kutānu*; for OAkk. personal names see *kūdanu*.

D. Cocquerillat, WO 7 121 n. 25.

qutānu B s.; thin piece (of lumber); OB*; cf. qatānu.

ana işşī aqbīkum umma anākuma elippam [...] işṣī damqūtim šūb[ilam] atta qúta-ni ša a-[na...l] a ireddû [...] I spoke to you about lumber, I told you, "Have a boat bring me only good lumber," but you [have sent] thin lumber which is unsuitable for [...] VAS 16 182:7.

Frankena, AbB 6 p. 123.

qutānu see kutānu.

qutāru s.; fumigant; SB, NA; pl. $qut\bar{a}r\bar{u}$; wr. syll., also qut-PA (i.e., qut- $\bar{a}ru$) and $K\dot{U}$.GI, $K\dot{U}$.GUR (both qu_x - $t\hat{a}ru$), (SAR Köcher BAM 183:19); cf. $qat\bar{a}ru$ v.

 $[\ldots]$ = KU-ta-ru = (Hitt.) x $[\ldots]$ Izi Bogh. B 18.

in purification rituals: SIM.EN.DI qu-ta-ri [u]-ba-lu ninda karāri official in charge of suādu aromatics) is responsible for bringing the suādu (and?) the fumigants, for putting the bread (offering) in place Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 37 ii 5, see Ebeling Stiftungen 24; bīta šuātu MÁŠ. H[UL.D]ÚB.BA URUDU.NÍG.KALA.GA KUŠ. GU₄.GAL ŠE.NUMUN.MEŠ qu-ta-ri tuhâbma you purify that house with the scapegoat, the great copper bell, the (drum made of the) hide of the great bull, seeds, (and) fumigants Or. NS 39 135:28 (namburbi); quta-ri tušba'šunūti mê . . . tullalšunūti you move the fumigants past them (and) purify them with water KAR 91 r. 23, cf. qu-tar nummir light the incense KAR 65 r. 4.

b) in med. and magic use: qu-ta-ri ina har[amme] ussēbila afterward (i.e., after visiting the sick crown prince) I sent fumigants ABL 570:11, cf. napšalāti qut-PA mêlī mašqiāti šalšīšu ana šarri bēlija ussē: bila three times I have sent salves, fumigants, phylacteries, (and) potions to the king, my lord ABL 740:8, cf. CT 53 290 r. 3 (= Parpola LAS No. 265), 870:8 (= Parpola LAS No. 193, all NA); you recite the incantation over a lump of salt ina muhhi nignakki ša qu-ta-ri ša ina rēš erši tašakkan and put it in the censer for fumigants that is at the head of the (patient's) bed Maqlu IX 120; KÙ.GI ebbūti [ina] muhhi [erši] tašakkan you place pure fumigants over the (sick man's) bed AfO 21 17:33, cf. [q]u-ta-ri $ebb\bar{u}te$ (in broken context) BBR No. 26 i 8, cf. KÙ.GI UD.UD.MEŠ TCL 6 34 i 7, note qu-ta-ri UD.[UD].MEŠ = $^{\mathrm{d}}Li_{9}$ - si_{4} BBR No. 27 ii 6, dupl. PBS 10/4 12 ii 12; qu-ta-ri ša EN DN qaqqadī mala ana (var. ina) KA.KÉŠ.MEŠ šatru ištēniš tubal: lal tuqattaršu you mix the fumigants for

qutāru qutnu

the incantation "Enlil is my head," as much as are prescribed for (var. in) the ritual(?), and fumigate him (with them) Maqlu IX 134, var. from STT 83:64, cf. you crush these 14 drugs kù.gur ša én dup: pir lemnu En . . . ana muhhi tamannūma tuqattaršu Köcher BAM 3 iii 5, [q]u-ta-riša ÉN dup-[pir lemnu] CT 53 290 r. 5, cf. also qu-ta-ri tuqattar AfO 21 17:32; [šipt] a annīta ana qu-ta-ri u rimkī ša SA.GAL u [IZI] kāsisti tamannu you recite this incantation over the fumigants and lotions for (treating) the sagallu disease and consuming fever CT 23 3 K.2473+2551:15; 2 šipāti ana muhhi napšalti qu-ta-ru [...] two incantations [to be recited] over the salve, the fumigant, [and . . .] Köcher BAM 216:4, cf. 4R 55 No. 1 r. 13; after list of 66 plants: [annû] tu šammū ša sēri [k] Ù.GUR u napšaltu AO 17621 r. v 2, cited Labat, RA 54 170, cf. (you mix various aromatics into tallow) ina ne ašāgi qu-ta-r[u] smoke(?) of asagu thorn they are fumigants (cf. you mix into ghee: napšaltu line 14) Köcher BAM 104:24, x qut-PA (beside ADD 1089:1ff.; (various subnapšaltu) annû qu-ta-ri 4R 55 No. 1:37 stances) (Lamaštu), cf. (after similar enumeration) $naphar 9 \text{ SAR.MEŠ } (qutaral) \text{ }^{d}D[lm.me]$ Köcher BAM 183:19; 8 Ú.HI.A KÙ.GUR δa (followed by tugattar(šu)) 33,1:32, also, wr. KÙ.GI RA 53 18 r. 30, 4 Ú.HI.A qu-ta-ri Köcher BAM 3 iv 34; *šimmati* (sulphur, etc.) four ingredients as fumigants (to treat) paralysis AMT 91,1 r. 3, 4 Ú.HI.A KÙ.GI šimmati ina dam erēni tuballal tuqat[taršu] AMT 92,9 ii 2 + 92,4 r. 1, also 4 Ú.HI.A napšalti u quta-ri šimmati AMT 92,9 ii 4 + 92,4 r. 3; naphar 10 qu-ta- $\lceil ru \rceil \lceil \delta a \rceil$ δU .GIDIM.[MA] AMT 95,2 iii 2, also 33,3:12, 99,3:9, 15, r. 7, Köcher BAM 216:49, 220 iii 5, 7 Ú.MEŠ qu-ta-ru ša ŠU. GIDIM.MA ibid. 472:9, and, wr. KÙ.GUR TCL 6 34 ii 3; KÙ.GI ša hīpi libbi Köcher BAM 388 i 7, (ša mišitti) ibid. 2, (ša DÚR.GIG) STT 281 i 14, (SAL.NU.SI.SÁ = la muštēširti) ibid. 11, cf. also i 16, 24, 26; KÙ.GUR Ša AN.TA.ŠUB. BA (also ša máš.zu, ša hīp libbi, ša ummi)

(inscribed on clay vessels) Iraq 42 84; IM.1.KÁM KÙ.GI first tablet: fumigation TCL 6 34 r. ii 16, see Hunger Kolophone No. 100, cf. [DUB.X.KÁM K]Ù.GI.MEŠ K.8696 r. 14; other writings KÙ.GI and KÙ.GUR are cited hurāşu mng. 5a and b, and are to be deleted there; uncert.: NA4 DÙ.A.BI annâti KÙ.GI tu-tar ina pūtišu tarakkassu AMT 102 i 37, cf. 24 NA4.MEŠ SAG.KI.DIB.BA KÙ.GI tu-tar ina SAG.KI-šú tarakkassu K.9288 ii 4; obscure: (various seeds) GIM qu-ta-ri īnēšu u SAG.KI-[šú . . .] AMT 12,4:8.

c) other occs.: 1 NfG.NA hurāṣi ša qu-ta-ri one gold censer for fumigation Iraq 23 33 ND 2490+2609:4 (list of objects); 2 šēḥāti ša DN 1 šēḥtu dannutu 1 MIN [qu]ta-ri van Driel Cult of Aššur 94 viii 24 (NA).

The Izi Bogh. ref. in lex. section may not be connected with this word.

Reiner, AfO 18 394 and 19 150 n. 1; Labat, RA 55 152 f.

qutnu s.; 1. (a thin fabric), 2. thin part of an object; OAkk., OB, SB; wr. syll. and sig; cf. qatānu.

- 1. (a thin fabric): [2] GI UŠ 4 KČŠ ŠU.BAD DAGAL ana urkim 3 KČŠ 3 KČŠ ana rāsim qù-ut-nu-um two GI long, four cubits (one) ŠU.BAD wide toward the back, three cubits (long), three cubits (wide) toward the front, a thin cloth(?) Gelb OAIC 11:13 (OAkk.); qú-ut-ni ana lubušti awīlim lišēpiš let him produce thin (fabrics) for the wardrobe of the boss VAS 16 189:26, cf. (x wool) ana qú-ut-ni lubušti [awīlim] epēšim ibid. 11.
- 2. thin part of an object -a) of the exta -1' qutun marti neck of the gall bladder: summa AS $[q\hat{u}]$ -tu-un martim kasdat if the "foot" reaches the neck of the gall bladder YOS 10 44:21 (OB), cf. summa mehret $q\hat{u}$ -tu-un marti pair if the front part of the neck of the gall bladder is split KAR 150:14, wr. SIG CT 20 46 ii 60 (both SB); martum imittam kīnat $q\hat{u}$ -tu-un martim ikbir the gall bladder was firm on

qutnu qutrinu

the right side, the neck of the gall bladder was thick Bab. 2 pl. 6 (opp. p. 257):6 (OB ext. report), cf. šumma sig marti kabar if the neck of the gall bladder is thick CT 20 39:8 (SB); šumma Eš ištu šumēlim ana imittim ilwīma rēssa ina qú-tu-un <mar: tim> ištakan if the gall bladder surrounds <the . . .> from left to right and lays its tip on the neck of the gall bladder RA 27 149:26 (OB), see Riemschneider, ZA 57 130; šumma sig marti šāra mali if the neck of the gall bladder is full of "wind" CT 30 15 K.3841:21; šumma SIG marti qû şabitma mê marti la uşû if the neck of the gall bladder is held with a filament and the liquid of the gall bladder does not come out ibid. 13 (SB), cf. qûm qú-tu-un martim işbat YOS 10 25:75 (OB); [šumma ina] kubur sig marti 2 kakkū āridūt[u ša]knu if there are two perpendicular(?) "weapon-marks" on the thick part of the neck of the gall bladder KAR 446:1; note the sequences SAG $(r\bar{e}su)$ - MURUB₄ (qablu) - SIG (qut)nu) of the gall bladder CT 30 2 K.6905:6-8, 16 r. 11-13, 14-16, $SIG - MURUB_4 - SAG TCL$ 62:24-26, and passim in SB ext.

- 2' qutun nīri: šumma ina qú-tu-un nīri kakkabu sāmum šakin if at the thin part of the "yoke" there is a red star(-shaped spot) (parallel to rēšu and qablu iv 31 and 33) YOS 10 42 iv 35, cf. ibid. 45; šumma ina rēš nīri kakku šakimma qú-tu-un nīri iṭṭul ibid. 7, cf. ibid. 28 (OB), also, wr. SIG ni-ra IGI Boissier DA 46 r. 2, and passim in SB ext., wr. SIG AL.TE (between rēš AL.TE and qabal AL.TE) CT 28 47 83-1-18,448:6 and 10, cf. KAR 434 obv. (!) 18.
- 3' of other parts: ina qú-tu-un naplastim (preceded by rēš naplastim) YOS 10 17:75; šumma qerbū ina qú-ut-ni-šu-nu dakšu if the intestines are severed in their thin part (parallel: ina abunnatišunu) RA 65 71:9, cf. qú-tu-un qerbī ibid. 74:72 ff., qú-tu-un girginnē qerbī (parallel: ina SAG, ina MURUB₄ girginnē qerbī) ibid. 79 (both OB); qú-tu-un šulmi (in broken context) CT 30 33 K.4081+ r. 5 (SB).

- b) of the tail: [šumma zibbatum] qútu-un-ša tarik if the thin part of the tail is dark (parallel kuburša) YOS 10 47:43 (OB behavior of sacrificial lamb); ištu išid zibbati adi SIG zibbati (in broken context) KAR 434:2 (SB).
- c) of the false rib: šumma zī qú-tu-un-ša tarik if the thin part of the false rib is long (between libbaša and qablāša) YOS 10 45:2 (OB); šumma SīG sikkat ṣēli ša imitti kunnušat CT 31 25 82-5-22,500 r. 15, also (the left) ibid. 16 (SB).
- d) of oil poured into water: *šumma* 1.GIŠ *kīma aškuttim qú-tu-un-šu ana ṣī[t šamši] kuburšu ana ereb šamši ittaška[n]* if the oil is like a wedge(?) (and) its thin end is directed toward the east, its thick end toward the west BM 87635:13′, also (with reverse directions) ibid. 18′ (OB oil omen, courtesy A. Sachs).

Ad mng. 2a: Biggs, RA 63 161 ff.

qutratu s.; (a plant); SB; cf. qutru B.

Ú KI. dim.nim = qut-[ra-tu] Hh. XVII 125; Ú KI.

^dIM, Ú I.Bf = qut-r[a-t]u Practical Vocabulary Assur 101 f.

- a) the plant: Ú qut-ra-tum (in pharm. inv.) Köcher Pflanzenkunde 36 i 30; Ú qut-ra-tú (among other materia medica) Köcher BAM 3 ii 40, also AMT 55,4:10.
- b) the seeds: NUMUN \circ qut-ra-te AMT 39,1 i 3, 5,5:11, wr. \circ qut-ra-ti Küchler Beitr. pl. 14 i 4.

qutrinnu see qutrīnu.

qutrīnu (qutrinnu, qatrēnu) s.; 1. censer, 2. incense; OB, MB, SB; qatrēnu Lambert BWL 160 r. 7, pl. qutrinnū, OB qutrīnātu (BIN 7 41:9, Boyer Contribution 104:4); wr. syll. and NA.NE (NA UCP 9 373 passim); cf. qatāru v.

qutrīnu qutrīnu

níg.na.ri.g[a.i]gi.bar.ra = ba-ru-ú šá qut-rin-ni Lu II iii 22; du DU_8 = se-lu-u šá qut-rin-nu A VIII/1:145; $^{ma-a}$ SAR = min (- se-lu-u) šá qut-rin-ni Nabnitu B 139.

dingir.gal.gal.e.ne na.NE ir.si.im i.gub. bé: ilū rabūti iṣṣinu qut-rin-nu the great gods smell the incense 4R 19 No. 2:57f.; ka nu tuh.u.da na.NE nu.ur₅: ina la pīt pî qut-ri-in-ni ul iṣṣin (this crescent) cannot smell incense without the "opening of the mouth" ceremony PBS 12/1 6:2, restored from 4R 25 iii 64f.; na.NE hur.sag.gá. ta túm.a: qut-ri-in-nu ša ultu šadī ibbabla the incense that was brought from the mountains CT 16 37:39f.; na.NE bí.in.si.si: ṣe-e-ni qut-rin-na incense is heaped up 4R 20 No. 1:26f.; níg. n[a] mu.un.dadag.ga i.bí.e.ne.ne: [qut]-rin-nu el-lim muḥra Or. NS 47 433:19f.

i.bí níg.na zag giš.ná.da.na [...]: qut-ri-in-na nignakka i[dāt eršišu...] [you set up] incense (and) a censer by his bed CT 16 35:18f., see AAA 22 84.

zi-i-bu = qut-rin-nu, qut-rin-nu, hi-ŝil-tú = gis. SIM.MES (var. ri-qu-u) LTBA 2 1 vi 22 f., dupl. 2:358 f., also ibid 14:6 f., and dupl. CT 18 21 Rm. 354:8 f.

na. NE = qut-rin-nu Hunger Uruk 72:22 (comm. to behavior of sacrificial lamb).

1. censer: [šu]mma qú-ut-ri-nam taš: kunma qēmam ina şērišu tattagi if you put in place a censer (or: the incense) and pour flour on it PBS 1/2 99 i 1 (OB incense omens), cf. šumma qú-ut-ri-nam aškunma muhhašu sap[ih] ibid. ii 9; šumma qú-utri-nu-um alākšu şalim if the burning of the censer is black ibid, i 16, and passim in this text, see Biggs, RA 63 73f., with subscript $[x \ q] \acute{u}$ -ut-ri-nu-um ibid. iv 9; Šamaš aš[ak]kan ana pi-i qú-ut-ri-nim ša [maah]-ri-i-ka erēnam ellam li-ši-ib qú-utri-nu ligriam ilī rabûtim O Šamaš, I put in the opening of the censer that is before you pure cedar (resin or shavings), let the incense burn high(?, lišpu expected), let it summon the great gods JCS 22 26:14 f. (OB ext. prayer); ina ŠE.NUMUN u hir-şa-ti qut-ri-nam ušaqtir (see qatāru mng. 7) JAOS 88 193:24 (MB votive); [ana mahar] Šamaš gut-rin-na iškun iškun sur[qīna ana m]ahar Šamaš idīšu išši (Ninsun went up on the roof) and placed a censer before Samas, she placed the scatter offering and raised her hands to

Samaš (in prayer) Gilg. III ii 8, cf. ukabbit qut-\(\frac{rin}{\text{-nam-ma}} \) she extinguished the censer ibid. iv 15: NA.NE burāši ana ištarišu NA.NE šamaššammī ana Išum NA.NE ZÍD. KUM ana DN GAR-an Ebeling KMI 55:12 (coll. F. W. Geers); $\bar{u}mi\check{s}am$. . . NA.NE ŠE. GIŠ.ì ana Išum [u Hendursagga] išakkanma [iballut] daily he should place a censer with linseed(?) before DN and DN2 and he will get well (parallel: ūmišam uqtattar line 15, see qatāru mng. 5) CT 37 46:12; hişib šadî tanaqqīma ana qú-ut-ri-ni hişib šadî te-şî-i-in you offer (a sheep and) "the product of the mountain," you heap the "product of the mountain" on the censer Labat Suse 11 iii 13, cf. ibid. 19, also enza warqa u zēr midirti tanaggi ana gúut-ri-ni zēr midirti tesêmma ibid. 16, note: 7 $q\acute{u}$ -ut-ri- $\langle ni \rangle$ SAR-ma ibid. 22; nummuraqut-rin-ni (in broken context) Craig ABRT 2 17 r. 10, also ina qut-rin-ni ni-qú UZU. UDU ibid. r. 16 (copy: 14).

- 2. incense a) for divination: šumma NA ina sarāqika šumēlšu illak imittašu la illak if, when you scatter the incense, its left side burns but its right does not UCP 9 p. 373:7, and passim in this text, cf., abbr. qú Or. NS 32 382 ff. passim (both OB), wr. qú NA DA (or qú ina UD.DA) CT 39 36:80 and (subject omitted) ibid. 81-92, parallel RA 61 36:25 ff. (both SB); see also PBS 1/2 99, cited mng. 1.
- b) incense offering: nādin qut-ri-in-ni ana ilī rabûti (Samaš) who provides the great gods with incense offerings KAR 55: 10, see Ebeling Handerhebung 54, cf. (Nabû) muqattiru qut-rin-ni STT 71:5, see also qatāru mng. 3b-1'; ana ili ša panīka ukallamanni ina qù-ut-ri-na-\tim\ q\bar{a}t\bar{a}ja pulluša I would lavishly provide incense offerings to the god who would let me see you BIN 7 41:9 (OB let.); Enlil ithia ana $q\acute{u}$ -ut-ri-ni has Enlil come to (enjoy) the incense offering? Lambert-Millard Atra-hasis 98 III v 41; qut-rin-na(var. -ni) ţābūti maharšunu ušasli I burned fragrant incense before them (the gods) Lambert

qutrīnu qutrīnu

BWL 60:92 (Ludlul IV); ūmišamma ilka kitrab niqû qibīt pî simat qut-rin-ni worship your god every day with offerings, prayers, (and) the proper (accompaniment of) incense offering Lambert BWL 104:136; as: ruqka qut-rin-nu(var. -na) irišu tāba I scattered incense (of) a sweet fragrance for you BMS 2:28 and dupls., see Ebeling Handerhebung 26, also BMS 30:4 and dupls., see Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen p. 458:9; naparkû qúut-ri-nu the incense offerings had ceased RA 22 57 ii 7 (Nbn.); liššakin nin-\da>-buši-na qut-ri-ni-ši-na lu sa-d[a-ru] let the food offering for them (the temples) be established, let their incense offerings be regular Ebeling Parfümrez. pl. 49:18; sudduru guqqanê qut-ri-ni nignakkī the guqqanû offerings (and) the incense (for?) the censer are set out Craig ABRT 1 30:28 (SB mu-kil zi-bí qut-rin-ni acrostic hymn); Mayer Gebetsbeschwörungen 476:45; qut-re-nu ukīnaššunūti I established scatter offerings and incense offerings for them Iraq 14 34:75 (Asn.); isqa nin= dabê qut-rin-ni ana ilāni šunūti ukīn dāriš he (the governor of Dūr-Bēl-Harrānbēl-uşur) established for these gods income, food offerings, and incense offerings forever Unger Bel-Harran-beli-ussur gumāhī bitrūti . . . itti nīq šagikarê ebbūti zībī ellūti qut-rin-ni šurruhi tamqīti la narbâti maharšun aggi I offered before them (the gods) choice bulls (fat sheep, various birds and fishes, wine, and honey), together with pure animal sacrifices offered voluntarily, pure food offerings, abundant incense offering (and) unsurpassed (?) libations Winckler Sar. pl. 36 No. 77:172, cf. pl. 24 No. 51:434 (= Lie Sar. p. 80:11); şeli qut-rin-nu ereš za'i ţābi kīma imbari kabti pan šamê rapšūte sahip the burning of incense, a fragrance of sweet resin, covered the wide heavens like heavy fog Borger Esarh. 5 vii 4, also ibid. 92 § 61:16 (= KAR 360); [ina bal]ika . . . [i $l\bar{u}$ rabûtu ša šamēl u erşeti ul işşinu qut-rinnu without you (Šamaš) the great gods of heaven and earth do not smell the

incense offerings RA 65 162:3 (SB inc.), also LKA 155:9, cf. (at your, the sun's, rising the gods) [is] sinnu qut-rin-nu imaḥḥaru nindabê ellūti KAR 105:11 and dupl. 361:11; for other refs. see eṣēnu mngs. 1b and 3a.

- c) as fumigant: qut-rin-na ina nignakki tanaddīma ina muhhi šappi tušbā['] ikrib qut-rin-na ina nignakki nadîma ina muhhi šappi šub \bar{u} 'i tadabbu[b] you scatter incense on a censer and move it past the šappu bowl while you recite the prayer (to be said when) scattering incense on the censer and moving it past the šappu bowl BBR No. 75-78 K.2363+2787:43f., restored from join K.8166; [...] qut-rin-na akarrab ina pūt udu. NITÁ šurbî BBR No. 100:28, cf. ibid. 95:27; Ú susimtu Ú a-nu-nu-tú ina gut-rini tuqattaršu you fumigate him with aşuşimtu and anunūtu plants Küchler Beitr. pl.. 19 iv 32, also, wr. qut-rin-ni pl. 18 iii 17 (coll. F. W. Geers); for ina NE tugattar(šu), possibly to be read ina qutrinni, see qatāru mng. 3c.
- d) other occs.: 20 MA.NA GIŠ.ERIN 1 (BÁN) 1.SAG 1 (BÁN) 1.GIŠ.ERIN ana qú-ut-ri-na-tim Boyer Contribution 104:4 (OB); la malâ qàt-ri-ni (in obscure context) Lambert BWL 160 r. 7.

In the incense omens UCP 9 373f. the first eight omens (lines 1-16) deal with the behavior of the incense itself, while the later omens deal with the configuration of the smoke; the log. NA (possibly abbreviated from NA.NE) is used throughout. In the similar incense omens PBS 1/2 99, the syll. spelling qutrinnum is used throughout.

In AMT 74 ii 35, KU qut ri ni ina muḥḥi lubārē tašakkan you place on the rags, the interpretation of the first four signs is uncertain.

qutrīnu in ša qutrīni s.; censer; RS, Nuzi; cf. qatāru v.

4 ša qú-ut-r[i-ni] siparri KI.LÁ-šu-nu 1 li-im 2 me-at four bronze censers qutru A qutru A

weighing twelve hundred (shekels) MRS 6 185 RS 16.146+:31; 1 ša qú-ut-ri-ni siparri HSS 14 247:70 (= RA 36 132).

qutru A (quturu) s.; 1. smoke, fume, 2. fog, 3. (unkn. mng.); from OA, OB on, Akkadogram in Hitt.; wr. syll. (quturu LKA 62 r. 5) and NE; cf. qatāru v.

ib-bi-i NE = $q\acute{u}$ -ut-ru-u[m] Proto-Izi I Bil. Section A 10; izi = i-šá-tú, [i]. bí = qut-ru Igituh I 435 f.; i. bi_{NE} = qu-ut-ru, i. bí. du g_4 . ga.àm = min ma-hi-iş Izi V 15 f.; [i]. [bí]. du g_4 . ga = min (= ma-ha-su) šá $q\acute{u}$ -ut-ri Nabnitu XXI 30; [du-ug?] [kA] = min (= ma-ha-su) šá qut-r[i] A III/2:144.

sag.gig i.bí im.gub.ba.gin $_x$ (GIM) an.na ha.ba.e $_x$ (DU $_6$ +DU).dè: murus qaqqadi kīma qut-ri māniti nēhti ana šamê lītellā (see mānitu) CT 17 21 ii 88 f., see Borger, AfO 18 116; i.bí.gin $_x$ (var. i.bí.dugud.gin $_x$) ma.an.dù.ù.na: ki-ma qut-ri kab-ti [...]-ri Lugale XI 5; en.na.bi.šè mu. ùr ut.bi i.bí in u.dù du [x] [...]: a-di-in-na gu-šu-ru-šú qu-ut-ru la i-maḥ-ḥa-r[u ...] A II/2 Comm. r. 10 f.

1. smoke -a) of a conflagration (in mātī ištarap u qú-ut-ra-am ubta'is he set fire to my land, making it smell of smoke Balkan Letter 7:29 (OA); ina bītātišunu naklāte girra ušasbitma gutur-šu-nu ušatbīma pan šamê kīma imbari ú-ša-aş-bit (probably error for ušaship or I set fire to their elaborate ušaktim) houses and caused the smoke from them to rise and cover the heavens like mist TCL 3 261 (Sar.), cf. 115 ālāni . . . kīma abri agūdma gu-tur-šu-un kīma ašamšāti pan šamê ušaktim ibid. 182 and 268, 34 ālāni dannūti . . . ina girri aqmu qu-tur nagmûtišunu kīma imbari kabti ušaktim OIP 2 40 iv 79 (Senn.); RN... išātam ul ittadi $[q\acute{u}-u]t$ -ra ana DN \acute{u} -li-ka-al-li- $\langle im \rangle$ RN, . . . kî išātam ittadi u qú-ut-ra ana DN2 u DN ukallim Sargon did not set fire to GN, he did not let the Storm god see the smoke (of the burning city), but Labarna, when he set GN afire, let the Sun god of heaven and the Storm god see the smoke KBo 10 1 r. 22 f. (Hattušili bil.); qu-tu-ru māti: šunu sābēšunu i-stel-di-il the smoke of their (burning) country-ed their people LKA 62 r. 5, see Ebeling, Or. NS 18 35.

- of burning figurines (in magic): şalmēkunu aqallu . . . qu-tur-ku-nu lītelli šamê. I set fire to the figurines representing you, may your smoke rise to heaven Maqlu I 141 (dupl. STT 78), also Maqlu V 153, Wr. qú-tur-ku-nu KAR 80 r. 23; kīma tinūri qu-tur-šú-nu līrimu [šamê] let their smoke (that of the figurines of sorcerer and sorceress, etc.) cover the sky as (does that from) an oven AfO 18 294:75; mūkunūši . . . algut gu-tur-ku-nu ikkib šamê I herewith burn you (and) I (even) gather your smoke, (which is) an abomination to the sky Maqlu V 80, cf. qut-ri (var. qu-tur) Girra līrima panīkunu may the smoke of the Fire god cover your faces Maqlu III 170.
- c) in med.: ana pan NE tanaddi SAR-ši qut-ru ina pīšu u naḥīrišu irrub you throw (various aromatics) on the fire and cause it to fume (or: light it), the smoke will enter his mouth and his nostrils Köcher BAM 3 i 38, parallel ibid. 497 ii 15, also Iraq 31 29:16.
- d) in comparisons: šumma ūmu múš. MEŠ-š $\dot{u}^{zi-mu-\dot{s}\dot{u}}$ $k\bar{\imath}ma$ $qut-ri^{qu-ut-ri}$ if the glow of the day is misty (lit. like smoke) ABL 405:10 (NA let., quoting astrol. omens), see Parpola LAS No. 64; šitti la tābtu . . . kīma quut-ru $immal\hat{u}$ šam \hat{e} uštar $[\bar{i}q]$ he removed the evil sleep (with which) heaven was filled as (with) smoke Lambert BWL 52:12 (Ludlul IV); mārat Anim kīma qut-ri ana [bīti] la inahhis like the smoke, the daughter of Anu shall not return to [the house?] 4R 58 iii 26, dupls. PBS 1/2 113 iii 14 (Lamaštu II); nēnu DUMU.MEŠ Hurri qadu mimmūni kî qú-ut-ri ana šamê i nilli may we Hurrians together with our property ascend to heaven like smoke (if we break the treaty) KBo 1 3 r. 32, see BoSt 8 54:49; (disease) $k\bar{\imath}ma\ q\hat{\imath}u-ut-ri-i[m]\ eli\ \delta am\bar{a}m[i\delta]$ JCS 9 11 C 8 (OB inc.), cf. kīma qut-ri etelli ana šamê ša Anim AfO 23 40:15 and 41:33 (SB inc.); lemuttakunu kīma gut-ri lītelli šamê may your evil rise to the sky like smoke Maqlu V 169, cf. Or. NS 36 28 r. 13, 35

qutru B quttunu

r. 3', 273:12, Or. NS 39 135:15, 148:13, JAOS 59 12:20 (all namburbis), STT 231 r. (!) 24, JNES 15 136:98 (*lipšur* lit.), Or. NS 34 116:8, KAR 246 r. 10 and dupl., KAR 267 r. 19, AAA 22 60 r. ii 57 (all SB inc.).

- e) other occs.: IDIŠ IZI l.GAR . . . ŠE. IR.ZI.BI $/\!\!/ qu$ -tur-šú [...] if the light, variant: smoke, of a lamp is [...] CT 39 36 K.10423+: 3f., also 35 K.12077:58f., cf. [. . . q u-tur-šú salim Sm. 1644:8 (SB Alu); am= mēni ina bītiki iqattur qut-ru why does smoke rise from your house? Maglu VI 46, for other refs. see $qat\bar{a}ru$ mng. 3a; [u]lqut-ra-ki inneşen ul išātaki iššahun (fever) is your smoke not sniffed, does your flame not get hot? AfO 23 40:8 (inc. against fever); kīma pigan şabīti qu-tur-šá libli may her (the witch's) smoke dissipate as (does this burning) gazelle dung Maqlu V 50; QÚ-UT-RU (as Akkadogram in Hitt.) Kümmel, StBoT 3 8:16 var. C, see ibid. p. 23ff.
- 2. fog: šumma ina ITI.ZÍZ mû kajāz mānūtu ina libbišunu qut-r[u...] iriš qut-ri kīma dfD.LÚ.RU.GÚ[...] if in the month of Šabāţu the water is normal (but) fog [rises] from it and the smell of the fog is like that of the river of the ordeal CT 39 16:51, cf. ibid. 52.
- 3. (unkn. mng.): muḥḥašu takâr qut-ra ša rēš utūni(?) ana muḥḥi ta-zir-rù you rub his skull, you over it q. from the top part of the oven(?) RA 53 8:40; [. . .] tašarrap qut-ra šá šid ti you burn [. . .], you take(?) the q. of the AMT 92,8:4.

qutru B s.; (a plant); Bogh., SB; wr. syll. and (\(\delta\).)ki. dim; cf. qutratu.

Ú.KI. d IM = q[u-ut-ru], Ú.KI. d IM NIM = qut-[ra-tu], Ú numun.KI. d IM = NUMUN [qu-ut-ri] Hh. XVII 124 ff.; qu-ut-ra Ú.KI. d IM = qu-ut-ru Diri IV 9.

a) the plant: \circlearrowleft .KI.^dIM: A.DAR: rihis Adad ina māti ibašši Köcher BAM 1 iii 43; \circlearrowleft qut-ri AMT 25,4:6, \circlearrowleft .KI.^dIM: KUB 37 1:25, see AfO 16 48, also CT 23 41:14, Köcher BAM 216:23, 253:25, and passim, note $\frac{1}{2}$ SìLA \circlearrowleft .KI.^dIM: Küchler Beitr. pl. $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 iv 38; \circlearrowleft .KI.

^dIM Ú.EBUR.SAR (associated with the zodiacal sign Cancer) TCL 6 12 r. xi, see Weidner Gestirn-Darstellungen p. 31.

- b) the seeds: NUMUN \circ qut-ri (among materia medica) RA 69 44 r.(!) i 38, AMT 2,7:5,22,2 r. 11,61,2 ii 6,68,2:2,72,2:15,82,1:11, Köcher BAM 3 ii 30, LKU 62:14, Wr. NUMUN \circ qú-ut-ri CT 23 45 i 20, NUMUN \circ Küchler Beitr. pl. 9 ii 49, 12 iv 12 and 25, Köcher BAM 32:2, 237 iv 20, AMT 16,1:5, and passim in med., NUMUN KI. dIM KUB 4 62:5, \circ NUMUN KI. Köcher BAM 1 ii 7.
- c) the leaves: PA \circ qut-ri AMT 69,3:9 + 26,5:5, PA \circ .KI. dIM Küchler Beitr. pl. 10 iii 14.

quttadirtu s.; (mng. unkn.); lex.*

[ú] $[U_5] = qu - ut - ta - dir - t[u]$ A II/6 iii Source B 7'.

quttû adj.; finished, painted; Bogh., SB; ef. qatû v.

My mother is an alabaster statuette dim.ma. zú.til.la (var. dim.ma.ti.la) hi.li šu.gir gùr. ru.a: [m]akût šinni qú-ut-tù-tù [š]a ulşa malât a painted(?) ivory doll that is full of delight Ugaritica 5 169:28 (from Bogh.), Sum. restoration and var. from JNES 23 2:31.

Ea painted the chair white, blue, and yellow (see miḥirtu A mng. 4a-3') epšēti qu-ut-ta-ti (var. qut-ta-a-tum) GIŠ.GU. [ZA] kalam[u] the finished jobs — the entire chair STT 28 ii 35 (Nergal and Ereškigal), see Gurney, AnSt 10 112, var. from Hunger Uruk 1 ii 10; guḥšā la qu-ut-ta-a tukān you set up an unpainted (?) altar Or. NS 40 140:10 (namburbi).

quttunu (qattunu) adj.; very thin; OB, MB, SB; cf. qatānu.

lú. al. sig. sig = $q\hat{u}$ -tu-nu-ú (followed by qatnu, q.v.) OB Lu A 85.

a) as personal name: $Q\acute{u}$ -tu-ni UET 5 519:9, 661:1 and 20; $Q\acute{u}$ -tu-nu-um VAS 8 119:5 (= 120:6); $Q\acute{u}$ -ut-tu-nu VAS 7 183 i 10 and passim, 186 ii 20, 187 ii 14, YOS 12 322:1, $Q\acute{u}$ -ut-tu-ni TCL 1 170:5, 16 (all OB), Qu-ut-tu-nu UET 7 25 r. 19 (MB).

qutturu qu'û

b) other occ.: lubārē qa-tu-nu-ti (Assyrianism) thin rags (for rubbing) AMT 25,6 ii 7.

qutturu adj.; smoke-blackened, smoky; OB, SB; ef. qatāru v.

§e. NE. si, §e. dug_4 . ga = [izi ...] = qu-tu-ruEmesal Voc. III 102 f. + CT 19 35 K.13690:1 ff.

[...] bābu qut-tu-ru sippūšu [torn out] is the gateway, smoke-blackened are its jambs MIO 12 54 r. 18 (OB lit.); šumma nūru MIN qú-ut-tur if a lamp ditto (= in a man's house) is smoky CT 39 35:36 (SB Alu); [...lu q]ut-tu-rat...inammir K[I. NE-šu(?)] [...lu i]š(?)-tap-pu...uktap=paru [...] be the [...] ever so smoky, [his?] brazier will burn brightly, be the [...] always covered in smoke, [its...] will become clean (?) RA 68 150:9.

The Emesal Voc. ref. may belong to qatāru as II inf.

qutû (gutû, fem. qutītu, gutītu) adj.; Gutian, of Gutian make or style; OB, SB.

- a) as designation of persons -1' in gen.: δa PN LÚ Gu-tu-u PN₂ PA.MAR.TU $uterr\bar{u}ni\delta\delta un\bar{u}ti$ (several men) whom PN the Gutian and PN₂ the PA.MAR.TU have captured RA 55 69 No. 13:5', cf. ummami LÚ Qu-tu-u-ma (referring to $m\bar{a}r$ $\delta ipri$ δa Qu-ti-i line 4) Laessøe Shemshāra Tablets 32 SH 920:8; for other refs. and literature see Hallo, RLA 3 716 f.
- 2' as invective: usappih nišē māt Mannaja Qu-tu-u(var. -ú) la sanqu I routed the people of Mannea, disobedient barbarians Borger Esarh. 52 iii 59, cf. musappih nišê Mannaja Gu-tu-ú la sanqu ibid. 34:30; uncert.: [...] qu-ti-i ušeškin [...] ušekniš

gim[ra] MAOG 12/2 p. 6 "i" 13 (Tn.-Epic); mārat Nippuri tabku ana qu-ti-i gamāri šá-me-ri PSBA 23 pl. after p. 192:13, cf. Dērānītu (tabku) ana qu-ti-i gamāri ibid. 15 (SB lament.), cf. (in broken context) ina Dēri . . . Manzât x x zu qu-te-e [. . .] JNES 33 227:40 (SB hymn).

b) qualifying products and artifacts: see (figs, wool, wagon) lex. section; [N]A₄ zib-tú Gu-ti-tú a Gutian zibtu stone (used as a charm) AMT 3,2:17.

Note that in Hh. V 79 qutītu translates gú. du₈^{ki}, i.e., "from Cutha."

quturtu s.; smoke; Mari*; cf. qatāru v.

assurri qú-tu-ur-tum šî la innaḥḥazma la ištêt u ana ḥalaṣ GN la imarraṣ under no circumstances may this smoke flare into flame (probably quoting a proverb), not even an isolated one, and become dangerous for the district of Mari ARM 488:14.

quturu see qutru A.

qu'û s.; vomit; lex.*

gu (var. gú) = qu-ú (var. $q\dot{u}$ -ú-um), [a]. \dot{h} a. an = nu-šu-ú, gú.a. \dot{h} a. an = ga-'-ú Erimhuš IV 56 f.

See $g\hat{a}$ 'u v. discussion section.

qu'û (*quwwû, *qummû) v.; 1. to wait, 2. to trust in someone, to entrust someone with, (with $r\bar{e}\check{s}u$) to wait on, be in the service of, 3. $r\bar{e}\check{s}a$ qu'û to take care of, to be available, in readiness, to call to account; from OAkk. on; II uqa'i - uqa'a (EA, NB, SB also wr. u-qa-ma, in personal names also wr. u-qa/qa, pl. $uqa'\hat{u}$ (wr. u-qa-wu-ka Kraus AbB 1 36:9), imp. (Ass.) qa'i.

gu-ub GUB = qu-'-ú Lu Excerpt II 69.

šud_x(KA׊U).dė gìr gub.bu.dė.en kir₄ šu [... ma.al]: *ikribī* ú-qa-a-ka appa a[lbinakka] standing in attendance before you with prayer, I humble myself before you BA 10/194 No. 16:12 f.; ⁴Nin.urta á.zág.e kur.ra gìr mu.e.ši.ni.

qu'û qu'û

gub.gub (later recension: mu.e.ši.ib.gub): [dmin asakku ina šad]î ú-qa-a-ka O Ninurta, the asakku lies in wait for you in the mountains Lugale IV 4; [za.e] a.ba.a [bí].gub.bé.en: atta mannam tu-qá-a (DN gave you lordship) whom do you trust (or: serve)? LIH 60 i 5, also i 10, 15, and passim in this text; di.da.zu i.gub.bé.eš: ú-qí(!)-ia-ú de-en-ka KAR 128:12 (bil. prayer of Tn.).

tu-qa-a-' 5R 45 K.253 vii 39 (gramm.).

1. to wait -a) for a person (with acc.): adi tuwār PN sikkī ukallu PN ú-qá-a they are holding me until the return of PN, I am waiting for PN Kienast ATHE 60:6; PN i-GN ú-qá-a adi 5 ūmē imaggutam I am waiting for PN in Purushattum, he will arrive here in five days ICK 1 183:11; arhiš atalkam . . . kuāti ú-qá-a-kà come quickly, I am waiting for you Kienast ATHE 42:20, cf. lu- $q\acute{a}$ -i- $k\grave{a}$ (in broken context) CCT 4 39a r. 18; PN umakkal la ibiad . . . PN \acute{u} - $q\acute{a}$ -a PN must not stay over one night, I am waiting for PN CCT 4 28a:23, cf. wardum u PN la ibiddu turdaniššunu šunūti ú-qá-a CCT 4 6d:11, PN u PN, turdam šunūti \dot{u} - $q\dot{a}$ -a TCL 19 53:39, turdaššu šu \bar{a} ti \dot{u} $q\acute{a}$ -a- $\acute{s}u$ BIN 4 20:17, cf. also TCL 20 108:11; $harranī šunūti \acute{u}-q\acute{a}-a I$ am about to leave, I am waiting for them CCT 3 38:16 (all OA); ina GN \acute{u} - $q\acute{a}$ -a-ka he is waiting for you in Larsa VAS 16 137:10, also TCL 7 74:15; $aw\bar{\imath}l\bar{u}$ kâtama \acute{v} -qa-wu-ka the(se) gentlemen wait (just) for you Kraus AbB 1 36:9; ana [GUD.HI.A] u UDU.HI.A [m]ahārim līşâmma ú-qá-a-šu let him come to receive the oxen and the sheep, I will wait for him UET 5 19:17; atta ta-am-qúta-am la tu-qá-a you have arrived, you must not wait ABIM 20:67; uncert.: man= nam tu-KA-a-ma Walters Water for Larsa 49:5 (all OB letters); ištēn ūme ina GN lu tu-qéi-an-ni you would have had to wait in GN (only) one day for me AfO 10 2:2, cf. ibid. 6 (MB let.); mār šiprīja la tu-qá-a do not wait for my messengers CT 43 94:26 (MB let.); ina GN qa-ia-ni wait for me in GN JCS 7 135 No. 63:20 (MA let.); sinniltu mussa tu-ú-qa-a ana mute la tuššab the wife shall wait for her husband (who disappeared in war) and not remarry KAV 1 iv 95, cf. 5 MU.MEŠ mussa tu-qa-'-a ibid. 98, aššassu tu-qa-a-šu ibid. v 7 (Ass. Code § 36); the (statues of the) gods were placed on the river bank and ú-qa-'-ú šar ilāni waited for the (arrival of the) king of the gods (i.e., the statue of Marduk) Streck Asb. 266 iii 13; iṣâ dBēl šarru ú-qa-a-a(for -ka) iṣî dBēletni šarru ú-qa-a-ki leave, Bēl, the king is waiting for you, leave, our Lady, the king is waiting for you Pallis Akîtu pl. viii 5f., see Zimmern Neujahrsfest 141.

- b) for troops, etc.: ištu UD.5.KAM ina hadannim Hanê ú-qa-a u ṣābum ul ipahhuzram for five days I have been waiting for the Haneans at the appointed place but the men do not assemble ARM 2 48:6; urra u mūša ú-qa-mu ṣābē piṭāt šarri day and night I wait for the king's archers EA 136:38 (let. of Rib-Addi); ina tagmirti libbi ša epēš ardūti ina GN birtišu ú-qa-'a girrī with his heart fully disposed to perform vassal duties he waited for my expedition in his fortress in GN TCL 3 52 (Sar.); arkâ ul ú-qa-'i Iraq 25 56:43 (Shalm. III), for refs. wr. ul ú-qi, la uq-qi see waqû.
- c) for deliveries, records, instructions: $sub\bar{a}t\bar{i}$ ú- $q\acute{a}$ -i-ú they were expecting the garments KT Hahn 3:9, cf. erāb şubātēšu la tù-qá-a TCL 19 20:40, adi erāb kaspim $la t \hat{u} - q \hat{a} - i - a$ OLZ 1970 357:16; $t \hat{e}rtaka \hat{u} - i - a$ gá-a têrtaka lillikam I wait for your instructions, let your decision reach me CCT 5 3b:17, cf. tērtakunu ú-qá-a 1 753:22, cited Matouš, ArOr 42 172; note té-er-ta(text -tám)-kà ša Wahšušana ú-qá-ì Giessen 41:19 (all OA); tēm bēlini nu-qá-a we are waiting for the decision of our lord ABIM 26 r. 38 (OB let.); [a] nāku tuppi bēlijama \acute{u} -qa-a I am waiting for a message from my lord ARM 6 30:24; PN (and) PN₂ ša ina mahrija aklû ú-qa-'u pan šikin ţēmija whom I detained in my presence and who awaited my decision Piepkorn Asb. 74 vi 61.

qu'û qu'û

- for a point in time: rimkam u d) essesam ú-qa-a u şābum pahirma rēšam $u[k] \hat{a}l$ I am waiting for the lustration and the essesu festival, and the army is assembled and in readiness ARM 1 10 r. 11'; nēreb kissi ša ittattalu ú-ga-a-a rēši ūmi he (Anzû) waited for daybreak at the entrance to the sanctuary over which he kept a watch CT 15 39 ii 17 (SB Epic of Zu); kīma riksū annûti rak[sū] nipiḥ Samaš u-qa-a as soon as these offering appurtenances are set up, he waits until sunrise BBR No. 26 iv 34, cf. adi tappuha ú-qa-a-ka bēlī Šamaš Maqlu VIII 1; ana nūrika namru ba'ulāt nišē ú-ga-ka mankind awaits you (Samaš), for your bright light LKA 49:9, see Ebeling Handerhebung 50; ú-qá-a-am šašši ašši qātī usappâ šašši I waited for the sun (to rise), (then) I lifted my hand(s) to pray to the sun VAB 4 100 No. 12 ii 11 (Nbk.); nannaram ^dSin úqa-a-a-ú they wait for the luminary Sin KAR 19 obv. (!) 10, see Or. NS 23 210; nakru \dots adanni ili ú-qa-a-a (see adannu mng. 1a) CT 20 7 K.5151:2 (SB ext.), dupl. ibid. 49:2; aššum riksa la tu-qa-i-ú-ni u tan= nahizuni because she had not waited out (the period of) the contract but was taken in marriage (by another man) KAV 1 v 12 (Ass. Code § 36).
- e) other occs. -1' with direct object: KAS. x u - q a - e he waited for the battle PBS 5 36 iv 16 (Narām-Sin); harrānam [ana] GN uššuram \hat{u} -q \hat{a} -a I wait for the release of (my) caravan to (proceed to) GN TCL 14 26 r. 9; ul annakamma ITI.1.KAM ištēn gá-i-e-ma laddinakkum or wait one month right here and then I will give you (the debt note) ICK 1 184:20, cf. 5 ūmē qá-i-ma 40 ma.na kaspam lá-ak-nu-[kà-kum] BIN ūmē mādūtim tù-qá-i-ni-a-tíma u 20 ūmē tattahdar you used to wait for our (payment) on long-term (loans), but now you have become impatient over (just) twenty days ICK 1 65:12 (all OA); ana ajî ūmi tanaşşar ša mit[huşi . . .] u \dot{u} -qa-iu- \dot{u} kakkūka ūma ajā [...] how

- long will you be careful about fighting? how long will your attack wait? Tn.-Epic "iii" 16; kīma aşāi šamši ištu šamê kīnanna tu-qa-ú-na ardū aṣāi awâte ištu uzu.ka // pī bēlišunu like the rise of the sun from heaven, so the servants await (eagerly) the rise of the words from the mouth of their lord. EA 195:20; idakkuku būrūnima \acute{u} -qa-a-a- \acute{u} [...] our calves gambol and await [...] Lambert BWL 178:34 (SB lit.); note with the connotation "to lie in wait": kalbum salmum ittillim rabis ú-gá-a ella: tam paristam a black dog lies on the hill waiting for the cut-off caravan Hirsch Untersuchungen 82 ad p. 71:5 (OA inc.); ina mētegi nakru ummānī ú-qa-a-am enemy will lie in wait for my army en route CT 20 49:24 (SB ext.).
- 2' with ana or indirect object: URUDU lammunum ibašši ana SIG5 ú-qá-a (only) copper of a bad quality is available (and) I am waiting for good quality Jankowska KTK 21:22; a-ú-a-am ūmam tù-qá-a how long will you wait? BIN 4 18:12, cf. an: niam ūmam ana tuppim tù-qá-a ibid. 21 (both OA); [ana(?) šar]ri EN-i-ni ú-qa-a-' (in broken context) KAV 217:16 (MA).
- 3' without object a' alone: 5 šanat ula ú-qá-a I do not want to wait five years (referring to terms of a loan) BIN 4 32:14; qerbiš qa-'-i wait inside KAR 1:22 (Descent of Ištar); note with adverbial accusative: $b\bar{e}l\bar{i}$ $m\bar{a}r$ Nippuri [ú-qa-al-a $b\bar{a}bka$ my lord, a citizen of Nippur is waiting at your door STT 38:28 (Poor Man of Nippur), see AnSt 6 150; ana x $b\bar{e}r$ qaqqar lišhitunimma ina(?) x x la An li-qa-mu-nu let (the troops) make a raid over x double miles and wait in(?) GN(?) BSOAS 30 495 ii 19 (NB lit.).
- b' in hendiadys: $ikrib\bar{\imath}$ la $t\hat{\imath}$ - $q\acute{a}$ -i-a ekmašina (the god answered) Take the votive offerings away from them (the sick girls) without delay KTS 25a:10 (OA).
- 2. to trust in someone, to entrust someone with, (with $r\bar{e}\tilde{s}u$) to wait on, be in the

qu'û qu'û

service of - a) as man's attitude toward the god - 1' in gen.: see LIH 60, in lex. section; ša šulhā u miqti ezhu ú-qa-a-ú kā[ša] he who is surrounded (lit. girt) with and miqtu disease trusts in you PSBA 17 138:3 (SB lit.); in personal names: \hat{U} -qa-Adad Birot Tablettes 24:6, \hat{U} -qá-dutu ibid. 72 v 16, YOS 14 24:10, \hat{U} -qa-DINGIR ibid. 1:3, and passim, DINGIR-lam-ú-qá-a CT 6 37b:16 (all OB), Adad-ú-qa-i KAJ 83:11 (MA), see Stamm Namengebung 195; \hat{U} -qa-dēn-ili KAJ 119:18, 310:29 (MA); \hat{U} -qá-a-KA-Ištar YOS 13 421:4, \hat{U} -qá-KA-dEn-líl UET 5 522:13, \hat{U} -qa-pí-Ištar VAS 9 172:2 (all OB).

- 2' with rēšu: puḥru ilī šūt šamê erṣeti ú-qa-mu-ú ri-eš-šu palḥiš izzizzu the assembled gods of heaven and earth wait on him, stand there in fear PSBA 20 156 r. 8, cf. (Šamaš) ina mūši ú-qa-a-a rēška JRAS Cent. Supp. pl. 3 r. 4; note (with confusion between qu'û and waqû): ú-qí-' (var. uq-qu) rēški (Ištar) BMS 8 r. 8, var. from Loretz-Mayer Šu-ila No. 14:28, see Ebeling Handerhebung 62:27; [mārū] šipri ša re-eš Anim ú-ka-mu-[û] (the diseases) messengers who serve Anu Ugaritica 5 17:24; in personal names: Ú-qa-a-sag-ili BE 15 92:11 (MB).
- b) as the god's trust in a person -1'in gen.: Marduk bēlī jâti ú-qá-'-an-ni-ma uteddušu mēsī ili ušaškin gātūa Marduk, my lord, trusted in me and commissioned me with the renewal of the rituals of the god(s) VAB 4 284 x 5; aššum bīti šuāti epēšu bēlu rabû Marduk ú-gá-a-an-ni because the great lord Marduk had trusted in me to rebuild this temple VAB 4 264 i 28 (Nbn.), cf. epēssu Šamaš... ú-qáan-ni-ma RA 11 110 i 35, dupl. CT 36 22 i 36; ana jâti RN . . . Ebabbar ana ašrišu turru kīma ša ūmē ullûtim šubat ţūb libbišu epēšu \dot{u} -ga-a-ma-an-ni he (Samaš) entrusted me, Nabonidus, with restoring Ebabbar and rebuilding the abode of his delight as it had been in former days VAB 4 236 ii 9, cf. Šamaš bēlī şīri ultu ūmē rūqūtu

jāši ú-qa-ma-an-ni ibid. 254 i 27 (all Nbn.); jāši PN . . . šipri šāši ú-qa-a-a-an-ni-mi ušadgil panīja he charged me, PN, with this work and entrusted (it) to me JAOS 88 126 ib 14 (NB votive).

- 2' with rēšu: Šamaš... epēš £.BABBAR. RA ú-qa-a re-eš-ka OECT 1 pl. 25 ii 14 (Nbn.).
- 3. rēša qu'û to take care of, to be available, in readiness, to call to account a) to take care of: x sheep ana PN nukaribbi re-ša ana qa-'u-e paqdu are entrusted to the gardener PN for (him) to take care of AfO 10 35 No. 60:8, also KAJ 187:14, 264:7, cf. x immerū <ana> PN ana kirî re-ša ana qa-ú-e paqdu AfO 10 34 No. 53:7, also No. 52:7, cf. (sheep) KAJ 120:3; x alum ana PN LÚ a-su-e ana Ú.MEŠ-ni re-ša ana qa-ú-e tadin KAJ 223:11 (all MA).
- b) to be available, in readiness: (the medication) SAG-ka \acute{u} -qa- 2 AMT 49,6:6, dupl., wr. \acute{u} -qa-a Köcher BAM 42:9, cf. SAG-ka \acute{u} -qa-a-a ibid. 3 i 4 (= KAR 202), but \acute{u} -kal in dupl. 480 i 4.
- to call to account: ša ākil karşi qābū lemutti ina ribbâti ša Šamaš ú-qa-'-ú res-su one who utters slander and speaks evil, they will call him to account for his debt to Šamaš Lambert BWL 104:130, cf. ša ana šarri ina libbišu ikappudu lemutta Irra ina šipti šaggašti ú-qa-'-a res-su him who plots evil in his heart against the king, Irra will call to reckoning during deadly plague LKA 31 r. 12 (Asb.), see AfO 13 213, but note ana arkât ūmē DN ana lemutti inašša re-su-un ana aggi libbi DN ú-qaa(var. omits -a)-'-u re-e-u in days tocome Enlil will summon them to (mete out) evil, they can expect the anger of Enlil AnSt 5 106:132 (Cuthean legend); [ša ina panīšunu illaku] ú-qa-a-ú (var. ú-qaú) res-su STT 215 r. v 53, restoration and var. from K.255+ r. vi 5 (courtesy I. L. Finkel).

In mng. 3, rēša qu'û has the same meanings as rēša kullu, see kullu mng. 5 f.

The coexistence in the same contexts of such forms as \hat{u} -qa-' and \hat{u} -qi or uq-qi in NA historical and in literary texts shows that the two verbs qu' \hat{u} and $waq\hat{u}$, with similar ranges of meaning, were confused with each other. Refs. with pret. and optative forms wr. \hat{u} -qi, lu-qi or the like and imperatives of the form qi-i, qi-ia-nim, etc., are derived from the verb $waq\hat{u}$, q.v.

In AOTU 1 117 (= 4R 61 i) 7, read a-a-'u (coll. S. Parpola). In TCL 20 115:6 read ni-ik-nu-kà-

kum, see Matouš, ArOr 42 172; in VAS 16 15:18 collation shows \acute{u} -ga-la-lu, see Frankena, AbB 6 15, and see $qal\bar{a}lu$ discussion section.

*quwwû see qu'û.

- *quzippu (z/sippu or sippatu) s.; (a type of thread); OAkk., Akk. lw. in Sum.; only (gu) z/sippātu attested.
- a) in lit.: gu zi.ip.pa.tum mu. un.na.sur.ru.ne they spin....-thread Alster Dumuzi's Dream 158.
- b) in econ.: x ma.na gu zí.ba. tum Reisner Telloh 121 xii 6; note qualifying another term for thread: x ma.na Níg. U+NU.A zi.ba.tum (beside Níg.U+NU.A Síg.Ùz) BIN 9 142:4, 143:1, and passim, also, wr. zí.ba.tum ibid. 197:6, zí.ba 194:1, etc.

Either the material or a quality of $q\hat{u}$ (Sum. gu) "thread." Possibly the same word as *sippatu*.